# Smonotaro 

## Quarter 2, FY2020 (Jan. to Jun. 2020)

MonotaRO Co., Ltd. www.monotaro.com

## 1. Company Profile

| MonotaRO means | - Maintenance, Repair, and Operation <br> - "The sufficient number of products" in Japanese <br> - Like "Momotaro," fight against unfair-old distribution system |
| :---: | :---: |
| MonotaRO Business | - Providing MRO products through Internet and catalogs, targeting small to mid-sized domestic manufacturers which are not treated well by conventional retailers. |
| MRO products | - Cutting tools/Safety products/Bearings/Fasteners/Industrial equipment (number of product SKU 18 million as of Jun. 2020) |
| Number of Customers | - More than 4.8 million |
| Capital Stock | - 1.99 billion JPY or 18.4 million USD (USD1=JPY107.74) |
| Number of Employees | - 2,415 including 645 regular employees (as of Jun. 30, 2020 consolidated) |
| Head Office | - Amagasaki-city, Hyogo Prefecture |
| Major Distribution Centers | - Amagasaki-city, Hyogo Prefecture <br> - Kasama-city, Ibaraki Prefecture <br> - Sapporo-city, Hokkaido Prefecture |

## 2．Product Category

■ Office Supplies，OA／PC，Battery
－Cutting Tools，Abrasives
－Piping，Pumps，Pneumatic／ Hydraulic Equipment，Hose
－Automobile／Truck Supplies
－Construction Hardware／Material， Interior Painting
－Laboratory／Clean Room Supplies
－Safety Protection，Working Clothes， Safety Shoes
－Hand Tools，Power Tools，Pneumatics Tools
－Screws，Bolts，Nails，Materials
－Logistics，Storage／Packing Supplies／Tapes
－Motorcycle／Bicycle Supplies
－Control Equipment／Solder／ Anti－static Goods
－Spray，Oil，Grease／Paint／Adhesion， Repair／Welding
－Air Conditioning，Electric Facilities，Piping， Plumbing
－Kitchen Equipment，Store Supplies
－Agricultural Materials，Gardening Supplies
－Bearings，Mechanical Parts，Casters
－Medical and Nursing Products
－Measuring and Surveying Products
－Office Furniture，Lighting，Cleaning Supplies
－Safety Supplies，Safety Signs


Emonotero

## 3. Strength

## After (MonotaRO)

## One-price poljey

- Same price to all customers on web site.
- Customers trust in open, fair, and proper prices and are free from bothers in asking quotes every time.


## Efficient Sales through Jnternet

- Sales through internet, realizing economies of scale.
- Efficient promotions leveraging IT.


## Database yarketing

- Replace sales representatives by utilizing huge data and with advanced database marketing.


## Before (Conventional Suppliers)

Different and unclear price to each customer

Labor oriented, small and localized markets

Sales based on experience of sales representatives

## Product Alyejabljay

- Selling more than 18 million items; 590 thousand items are available for same day shipment.
- 461 thousand items out of "same day shipment products" are in inventory.


## Private Brand and Disect Inport Producis

- Importing competitive products directly from overseas.
- Providing optimal selection of products including private brand, so that customers can choose the best one out of huge variety to meet their needs.


## 4. Marketing

## 1. Customer Acquisition

- Search engine marketing (SEO and paid search)
- Sending direct e-mail, flyers, and faxes to prospects
- Broadcasting CM

2. Website

- Recommendations and personalized contents

3. Direct e-mail, Flyers, and Faxes

- Semi-personalized contents

4. Direct Mail Flyers

- Small batches of on-demand printed flyers with DTP

5. Catalog

- 21 separate volumes for better targeting

6. Data Mining and Campaign Management

- Promotions optimized by industry categories for more effectiveness and efficiency


■ Enhancement of Product Sources

- Developing new suppliers and new products through various channels
- Direct Import and Private Brand Product Development
- Higher margin with national brand quality maintained
- Unique-competitive advantage


## 6-1. Growth - Development Cycle

- More keywords for internet search
- Possibility of one-stop shopping increases (offering 18 million items)


## Product Lineup Expand

- Expand lineup to peripheral products and categories


## Customers <br> Increase

## Scale $\uparrow=$ Convenience $\uparrow$

## Sales \& <br> Profit Grow

- Acquire new customers
- 725 thousand added
- 4.8 million in total (2020/Q2 result)
- Sales frequency of long-tail items increases


## Inventory Increase

- More inventories shorten lead-time, and customer convenience improves
- Development of new private brand products improves profit margin


## 6-2. Growth - Industrial Beachhead Expansion

2002
2008
2009
2010
2011
2013
2014
2015
2016

2017

2018

2019

- Started with small-to-mid sized manufacturing companies, iron works, metal works, and machine assembly companies
- Entered automotive aftermarket
- Entered independent contractor market
- Introduced laboratory products
- Started US business with providing consulting service to Zoro Tools
- Business with large corporations started to grow
- Established Tagajyo Distribution Center in Miyagi Prefecture
- Started South Korean business by establishing subsidiary NAVIMRO
- Established Amagasaki Distribution Center in Hyogo Prefecture
- Expanded product lineup: agricultural equipment and kitchen equipment
- Introduced "MonotaRO One Source" procurement system for large corporations
- Introduced medical \& nursing care equipment category
- Started Indonesian business by acquiring majority ( $51 \%$ ) of PT MONOTARO INDONESIA and consolidated to MonotaRO's in Q4
- Established Kasama Distribution Center in Ibaraki Prefecture
- Introduced simplified and easy-installation system "MonotaRO One Source Lite" for large corporations
- Closed Tagajyo Distribution Center
- Established Hokkaido Distribution Center
- Established real shop in Saga Prefecture for demonstration experiment
- Launched business in China by establishing subsidiary ZORO SHANGHAI
- Number of Accounts exceeded 3.3 million
- Product lineup SKU exceeded 17 million
- Product lineup SKU exceeded 18 million
- Completed 2nd phase expansion of facilities at Kasama Distribution Center


## 7-1. (Non-consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result P/L Outline

■ Sales: 72,651 million JPY (YonY +20.0\%, A/F +1.2\%)

- Number of accounts acquired increased (725 thou.) due to success of new customer acquisition measures (listing advertisement, search engine optimization/SEO, etc.) and to increase in general individual customers searching for COVID-19 related products. Amount per order of three main industries (manufacturing, construction, automotive maintenance) slowed down; however, sales of COVID-19 related products purchased mainly by general individual customers increased. This resulted in increase in monotaro.com sales from last year.
- COVID-19 negatively affected business activities and caused sales of large corporate customers to go below plan; however, number and usage of large corporation customers increased, and hence sales exceeded last year.

| Jan. - Jun. 2019 Result |  |  | Jan. Jun. 2020 Plan |  |  | Jan. Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No.Corp. | Million JPY | YonY | /Total Sales | Million JPY | YonY | /Total Sales | No.Corp. | Million JPY | YonY | vs Plan |
| 708 | 9,200 | $+53 \%$ | $15.3 \%$ | 12,800 | $+38 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ | 958 | 12,100 | $+31 \%$ | $\Delta 5 \%$ |

■ Gross Profit: 20,661 million JPY (Sales Ratio 28.4\%, YonY +18.8\%, A/F +0.1\%)

- Sales ratio (GP\%) decreased from last year by 0.3 pt. Though sales ratio of large corporation business increased, product GP\% increased due to product mix and strong JPY (+0.4 pt.). However, higher delivery cost ratio ( $\Delta 0.7 \mathrm{pt}$.) caused by delivery charge hike in July last year, etc., resulted in lower GP\% than last year.
■ SG\&A Expense: 11,089 million JPY (Sales Ratio 15.3\%, YonY +17.0\%, A/F $\Delta 2.3 \%$ )
- Sales ratio (SG\&A\%) decreased from last year by 0.4 pt. Despite increase in Outsourcing Expense ratio (+0.4 pt.) due to projects of Order Management System (OMS) and of Product Information Management System (PIM) and to increase in temp-staff related cost ratio for handling increased number of items per order, decrease in Advertising Expense ratio ( $\Delta 0.6$ pt.) due mainly to suspension of broadcasting of TV ad., etc. resulted in lower SG\&A\% from last year.
■ Operating Income: 9,572 million JPY (Sales Ratio 13.2\%, YonY +21.0\%, A/F +3.1\%)
■ Net Income: 6,662 million JPY (Sales Ratio 9.2\%, YonY +21.4\%, A/F +3.6\%)
- Sales ratio ( $\mathrm{Nl} \%$ ) increased from last year by 0.1 pt. due mainly to increase in sales ratio of Operating Income (+0.1 pt.).


## 7-2. (Non-consolidated) Half Yr. Sales Growth \% (by Sales Channel)



## 7-3. (Non-consolidated) 2020Q2 Effect of COVID-19 and Other

|  | 2020Q2/FH |  | Effect of COVID-19 | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Plan (Sales Ratio) | Actual (Sales Ratio) |  |  |
| Sales | 71,819 | 72,651 | - Refer to Page 10. |  |
| Gross Profit | $\begin{array}{r} 20,632 \\ (28.7 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20,661 \\ (28.4 \%) \end{array}$ | Order change after emergency declaration <br> - $\Delta 0.3 p t$. : Delivery cost ratio increased due to decrease in sales per order. <br> - $\Delta 0.1$ pt. : Change in ratio of product category sales (Increase in Office supply \& furniture, decrease in Material handling \& tool). <br> - $\Delta 0.1 \mathrm{pt}$. Increase in Credit card payment charge Large corp. sales below plan - +0.1 pt . : GP\% increased due to decrease in ratio of large corporate sales. | - Increase in royalty received, etc. |
| SG\&A Expense | $\begin{array}{r} 11,349 \\ (15.8 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,089 \\ (15.3 \%) \end{array}$ | Delay of OMS and PIM launch <br> - $\Delta 0.1$ pt. : Decrease in software depreciation (Depreciation Expense). <br> - $\triangle 0.1 \mathrm{pt}$. : Decrease in system usage cost. (Other Expense) <br> - Avoidance of " 3 Cs (Closed spaces, Crowded places, and Close-contact settings)" <br> - $\triangle 0.1 \mathrm{pt}$. : Decreases in Travel \& Training Expenses (Other Expense). <br> - +0.1 pt : Teleworking expense incurred (Mailing Exp., Equipment and System Usage Exp.). <br> Employee support incurred. <br> - +0.1 pt. : Special support and meal allowance (Labor Exp.) FH forecast 93 mil. $\Rightarrow$ Actual 77 mil. Increase in general individual customers usage (COVID-19 related products). <br> - +0.1 pt. : Increase in DC temp-staff cost due to increase in number of item per order (Outsourcing Expense) | Recruitment behind plan <br> - $\Delta 0.1$ pt. : Decrease in salary (Labor Expense). <br> - Delay in DC maintenance contract <br> - $\triangle 0.1 \mathrm{pt}$. : Delay of DC maintenance (Other Expense). <br> - Other <br> - $\triangle 0.3 p t$. |
| Op. Income | $\begin{array}{r} 9,282 \\ (12.9 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,572 \\ (13.2 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross Profit \%: } \triangle 0.4 \mathrm{pt.} \\ & \text { SG\&A Expense \%:0.0pt. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gross Profit \%: }+0.1 \mathrm{pt} \text {. } \\ & \text { SG\&A Expense \%: } \triangle 0.5 \mathrm{pt} \text {. } \\ & \text { (Contribution to profit: }+0.5 \mathrm{pt} \text {.) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Net Income | $\begin{array}{r} 6,430 \\ (9.0 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,662 \\ (9.2 \%) \end{array}$ | - Profit ratio improved due mainly to improvement of Operat | ging Income ratio ( +0.3 pt .). |

GP and SG\&A \% does not match plan/actual diference in Operating income.

## 7-4. (Non-consolidated) Operating Income Change Factors

```
Op. Income
(Jan.-Jun.2019)
```

Sales Increase

Decrease of GP\%

Improvement of SG\&A
Expense Sales Ratio

- Increase of Outsourcing Exp. Sales Ratio
- Improvement of Ad. \& Prom. Exp. Sales Ratio
- Improvement of Mailing Exp. Sales Ratio
- Improvement of Labor Exp. Sales Ratio
- Other


## 7,911 mil.JPY

| +1,578mil.JPY | Sales of monotaro.com increased due mainly to increase in orders of COVID-19 related products from general individual customers. <br> Business activities slowed down in Q2, but due to increases in number of customers and in usage, sales of large corporation business increased from last year. |
| :---: | :---: |
| -200mil.JPY | - Despite sales ratio of large corporation business increased, Product GP\% increased due to product mix and strong JPY. Hike in July last year, etc., resulted in lower GP\% than last year. |
| +283mil.JPY | - SG\&A ratio improved due to following reasons |
| $\Delta 305 \mathrm{mil}$.JPY | - Projects of Order Management System and of Product Information Management System and increase in temp-staff related cost ratio for handling increased number of items per order resulted in increase in Outsourcing Expense ratio. |
| +449mil.JPY | - Suspension of TVCM and decrease in catalog expense ratio resulted in decrease in Ad. \& Promotion Expense ratio. |
| +59mil.JPY | - Decrease in catalog shipping expense ratio resulted in decrease in Mailing Expense ratio. |
| +32mil.JPY | - Due to sales increase. |
| +47mil.JPY | - Decrease in travel expenses for domestic and international business trips due to effects of COVID-19, etc. and to increase in sales. |

## 9,572 mil.JPY (YonY:+1,661 mil.JPY, +21.0\%)

[^0]
## 7-5. (Non-consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result P/L Outline

|  | Jan. - Jun. 2019 Result |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jan. - Jun. } 2020 \\ \text { Plan } \end{gathered}$ |  | Jan. - Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (million JPY) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { to Sales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (million JPY) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ratio } \\ \text { to Sales } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (million JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { to Sales } \end{aligned}$ | YonY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { vs } \\ & \text { Plan } \end{aligned}$ |
| Sales | 60,564 |  | 71,819 |  | 72,651 |  | +20.0\% | +1.2\% |
| Gross Profit | 17,391 | 28.7\% | 20,632 | 28.7\% | 20,661 | 28.4\% | +18.8\% | +0.1\% |
| SG\&A Exp. | 9,480 | 15.7\% | 11,349 | 15.8\% | 11,089 | 15.3\% | +17.0\% | $\Delta 2.3 \%$ |
| Operating Income | 7,911 | 13.1\% | 9,282 | 12.9\% | 9,572 | 13.2\% | +21.0\% | +3.1\% |
| Current Income | 7,907 | 13.1\% | 9,265 | 12.9\% | 9,586 | 13.2\% | +21.2\% | +3.5\% |
| Net Income (Tax Rate) | $\begin{array}{r} 5,490 \\ (30.6 \%) \end{array}$ | 9.1\% | $\begin{gathered} 6,430 \\ (30.6 \%) \end{gathered}$ | 9.0\% | $\begin{array}{r} 6,662 \\ (30.5 \%) \end{array}$ | 9.2\% | +21.4\% | +3.6\% |

## 7-6. (Non-consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result B/S Outline

|  | Jun. | Dec. | Jun. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 2019 | 2020 |  |  |
|  | Million JPY | Million JPY | Million JPY | Ratio |

## Assets

| Cash | 8,890 | 9,958 | 10,027 | 15.0\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accounts Receivable | 13,143 | 14,376 | 17,314 | 26.0\% |
| Inventory | 10,573 | 11,094 | 11,734 | 17.6\% |
| Other | 4,201 | 4,485 | 4,405 | 6.6\% |
| Total Current Asset | 36,808 | 39,914 | 43,481 | 65.2\% |
| Tangible Fixed Asset | 11,917 | 12,023 | 13,873 | 20.8\% |
| Intangible Fixed Assets | 1,863 | 2,919 | 3,536 | 5.3\% |
| Other | 4,165 | 5,748 | 5,764 | 8.6\% |
| Total Fixed Asset | 17,946 | 20,691 | 23,174 | 34.8\% |
| Total Assets | 54,754 | 60,605 | 66,656 |  |


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jun. } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ju } \\ & 202 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million JPY | Million JPY | Million JPY | Ratio |
| Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts Payable | 8,532 | 9,446 | 11,142 | 16.7\% |
| Short-term Debt \& etc. | 2,000 | 2,498 | 1,498 | 2.2\% |
| Others | 6,517 | 7,479 | 8,595 | 12.9\% |
| Total Current Liabilities | 17,050 | 19,424 | 21,236 | 31.9\% |
| Total Long term Liabilities | 2,672 | 2,180 | 1,671 | 2.5\% |
| Total Liabilities | 19,722 | 21,604 | 22,907 | 34.4\% |
| Net Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholder's Equity | 34,986 | 38,955 | 43,695 | 65.6\% |
| Others | 46 | 44 | 53 | 0.1\% |
| Total Net Assets | 35,032 | 39,000 | 43,749 | 65.6\% |
| Total Liabilities \& Net Assets | 54,754 | 60,605 | 66,656 |  |

Short-term Debt \& etc. includes short-term debt \& current portion of longterm debt.

## 7-7. (Non-consolidated) Progress - Sales \& Customer



## 7-8. (Non-consolidated) Progress - Gross Profit



## 7-9. (Non-consolidated) Progress - SG\&A Expense



## 8-1. (Consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result P/L Outline 1/2

|  | Jan. - Jun. 2019 Result |  | Jan. - Jun. 2020 Plan |  | Jan. - Jun. 2020 <br> Result |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (million JPY) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ratio } \\ & \text { to Sales } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (million JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Ratio } \\ \text { to Sales } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (million JPY) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Ratio } \\ \text { to Sales } \end{array}$ | YonY | $\begin{aligned} & \text { vs } \\ & \text { Plan } \end{aligned}$ |
| Sales | 62,970 |  | 74,744 |  | 75,281 |  | +19.6\% | +0.7\% |
| Gross Profit | 17,867 | 28.4\% | 21,310 | 28.5\% | 21,241 | 28.2\% | +18.9\% | $\triangle 0.3 \%$ |
| SG\&A Exp. | 10,270 | 16.3\% | 12,384 | 16.6\% | 11,922 | 15.8\% | +16.1\% | $\triangle 3.7 \%$ |
| Operating Income | 7,597 | 12.1\% | 8,925 | 11.9\% | 9,318 | 12.4\% | +22.7\% | +4.4\% |
| Current Income | 7,607 | 12.1\% | 8,934 | 12.0\% | 9,342 | 12.4\% | +22.8\% | +4.6\% |
| Net Income (Tax Rate) | $\begin{array}{r} 5,191 \\ (31.8 \%) \end{array}$ | 8.2\% | $\begin{array}{r} 6,099 \\ (31.7 \%) \end{array}$ | 8.2\% | $\begin{array}{r} 6,419 \\ (31.3 \%) \end{array}$ | 8.5\% | +23.6\% | +5.2\% |
| Net Income attributable to owners of the parent | 5,302 | 8.4\% | 6,239 | 8.3\% | 6,540 | 8.7\% | +23.3\% | +4.8\% |

## 8-2. (Consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result P/L Outline 2/2

- NAVIMRO (South Korea)
- Sales was slightly below plan, but profit was far beyond plan by improving profit ratio with increase in PB sales and pricing.
- Total item was expanded about to 2.6 mil. and inventory item was expanded about to 40 thou.

|  | Jan.-Jun. 2019 Result |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Plan |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | vs Plan | YonY <br> (Local Currency) | $\begin{gathered} \text { vs Plan } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Sales | 2,250 | +19.7\% | +25.9\% | 2,530 | +12.4\% | +16.1\% | 2,410 | +7.1\% | $\triangle 4.7 \%$ | +14.7\% | $\triangle 1.2 \%$ |
| Op.Income | $\triangle 20$ | - | - | 10 | - | - | 40 | - | +370.5\% | - | +387.8\% |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | $\triangle 20$ | - | - | 10 | - | - | 40 | - | +211.7\% | - | +223.1\% |

- MONOTARO INDONESIA (Indonesia)
- Sales was over 30\% below plan due to COVID-19 lockdown, but Op. Loss was within level of plan by controlling marketing expense.
- Continuing to expand product lineup and to strengthen supply chain.

|  | Jan.-Jun. 2019 Result |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Plan |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{array}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | vs Plan | $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { vs Plan } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{array}$ |
| Sales | 150 | +31.7\% | +33.4\% | 310 | +99.1\% | +99.1\% | 190 | +23.9\% | $\triangle 37.8 \%$ | +28.9\% | $\triangle 35.3 \%$ |
| Op.Income | $\triangle 140$ | - | - | $\triangle 150$ | - | - | $\triangle 160$ | - | - | - | - |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | $\triangle 60$ | - | - | $\triangle 70$ | - | - | $\triangle 70$ | - | - | - | - |

■ ZORO SHANGHAI (China)

- Sales was over $40 \%$ below plan due to negative effects of COVID-19, Op. Loss was within plan.
- Effective customer acquisition method in China has not yet been established.

|  | Jan.-Jun. 2019 Result |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Plan |  |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | vs Plan | $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { vs Plan } \\ \text { (Local Currency) } \end{array}$ |
| Sales | 10 | (*2) - | (*2) - | 80 | +482.0\% | +505.2\% | 50 | 59.3\% | $\triangle 38.3 \%$ | +278.5\% | $\triangle 37.5 \%$ |
| Op.Income | $\triangle 150$ | - | - | $\triangle 210$ | - | - | $\triangle 140$ | - | - | - | - |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | $\triangle 90$ | - | - | $\triangle 130$ | - | - | $\triangle 90$ | - | - | - | - |

*1: Calculated by multiplying Net Income by Share Ratio at the end of each fiscal year for reference.
*2: Business launched in June 2018.
*3: Sales and profit/loss less than 10 million JPY are rounded down as shown in explanation material in Japanese language.

## 8-3. (Consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result B/S Outline

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jun. } \\ & 2019 \end{aligned}$ | Dec. $2019$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jun. } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million JPY | million JPY | Million JPY | Ratio |
| Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Cash | 9,834 | 11,155 | 10,804 | 16.5\% |
| Accounts Receivable | 13,247 | 14,472 | 17,443 | 26.7\% |
| Inventory | 11,000 | 11,563 | 12,202 | 18.7\% |
| Other | 4,266 | 4,581 | 4,533 | 6.9\% |
| Total Current Asset | 38,349 | 41,771 | 44,984 | 68.8\% |
| Tangible Fixed Asset | 11,944 | 12,048 | 13,922 | 21.3\% |
| Intangible Fixed Assets | 2,029 | 3,084 | 3,693 | 5.6\% |
| Other | 1,426 | 2,787 | 2,806 | 4.3\% |
| Total Fixed Asset | 15,401 | 17,920 | 20,422 | 31.2\% |
| Total Assets | 53,750 | 59,691 | 65,407 |  |


| Jun. | Dec. | Jun. <br> 2019 |  | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## Liabilities

| Accounts Payable | 8,827 | 9,829 | 11,479 | 17.6\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Short-term Debt \& etc | 2,000 | 2,498 | 1,498 | 2.3\% |
| Others | 6,627 | 7,644 | 8,756 | 13.4\% |
| Total Current Liabilities | 17,455 | 19,973 | 21,733 | 33.2\% |
| Total Long term Liabilities | 2,712 | 2,205 | 1,718 | 2.6\% |
| Total Liabilities | 20,168 | 22,179 | 23,451 | 35.9\% |
| Net Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Shareholder's Equity | 33,229 | 37,062 | 41,679 | 63.7\% |
| Others | 353 | 450 | 275 | 0.4\% |
| Total Net Assets | 33,582 | 37,512 | 41,955 | 64.1\% |
| Total Liabilities \& Net Assets | 53,750 | 59,691 | 65,407 |  |

Short-term Debt \& etc. includes short-term debt \& current portion of long-term debt.

## 8-4. (Consolidated) 2020Q2 Financial Result C/F Outline

|  | Jan. - Jun. 2019 <br> Result | Jan. - Jun. 2020 <br> Result |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million JPY | Million JPY |
| Cash Flow from Operating Activity |  |  |
| Net Income before Tax | 7,608 | 9,343 |
| Increase or Decrease in Accounts Receivable ( $\Delta=$ increase) | $\triangle 1,706$ | $\Delta 2,977$ |
| Increase or Decrease in Inventory ( $\Delta=$ increase) | $\triangle 1,038$ | $\triangle 662$ |
| Increase or Decrease in Accounts Payable ( $\Delta=$ decrease) | 526 | 1,668 |
| Tax payment | $\Delta 2,721$ | $\Delta 2,632$ |
| Others | 612 | 1,586 |
| Total | 3,280 | 6,325 |
| Cash Flow from Investing Activity |  |  |
| Acquisition of Tangible Assets | $\triangle 466$ | $\Delta 2,368$ |
| Acquisition of Intangible Assets | $\triangle 754$ | $\triangle 665$ |
| Others | 126 | 202 |
| Total | -1,094 | -2,831 |
| Cash Flow from Financing Activity |  |  |
| Repayments of Long-term Loans | $\triangle 1,000$ | $\triangle 1,000$ |
| Repayments of Lease Obligations | $\triangle 2,140$ | $\triangle 661$ |
| Cash Dividends Paid | $\triangle 1,613$ | $\triangle 1,864$ |
| Others | 200 | $\triangle 68$ |
| Total | $\triangle 4,553$ | $\triangle 3,594$ |
| Currency Exchange Adjustment | $\triangle 35$ | $\triangle 35$ |
| Net Increase or Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalent ( $\Delta=$ decrease) | -2,402 | $\triangle 135$ |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent at Beginning of Period | 12,040 | 10,746 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent at End of Period | 9,637 | 10,610 |

## 9-1. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: Domestic Business (1)

- BtoB Online E-commerce (monotaro.com)
- Expanding Customer Base and Improving Customer Lifetime Value
- Registration of general individuals seeking COVID-19 related products increased in Q2, and new customer acquisition is exceeding plan (918 thou.) this year.
- Usage trend of general individual customers is lower than that of corporate customers in amount per order and in repeat rate, and there is no difference in behaviors observed before and after spread of COVID-19 infection. General individual customer registration is expanding at present, but MonotaRO continues to focus on BtoB business to improve customer lifetime value.
- Optimizing marketing resource allocation based upon customer lifetime value inferred by product search/purchase behavior trends, etc., and acquisition target is placed on high lifetime value customers.
- Expanding Existing Customers' Sales
- Seeking "reducing time to find product" by optimizing product search function for each customer attribute and "shortening time to wait for arrival of product" by introducing system such as Order Management System and by developing logistic bases leads to increase in existing customers' usage.
System Connection with Large Corporations
- Contract Result

|  | Dec. 2019 End Result | Jun. 2020 End Result |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. Corp. | No. Corp. | vs Dec. 2019 End | Remarks |
| Total number of corporations | 817 | 958 | +141 |  |
| One Source | 14 | 14 | +0 | 2 considering |
| One Source Lite | 363 | 465 | +102 | 269 considering |

- Sales Base and Progress of Sales Target
- Large corporation business's 12.1 billion sales for 2020Q2/FH is below plan by $\Delta 5 \%$.
- Corporate sales activities that were conducted face-to-face are currently conducted by utilizing web conference service, which is gradually spreading.


## 9-2. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: Domestic Business (2)

■ Consulting/Royalty Business

- Grainger's Zoro business (US, UK, and Germany) is continuing to strengthen corporate customer acquisition by using SG\&A expenses with investment prospect for sustainable growth, but Zoro's profits improved in Q2 by implementing appropriate promotions.
- Amount of royalty in 2020Q2/FH increased from last year (impact of royalty on Sales and Gross Profit is becoming limited due to MonotaRO's higher Sales growth).
■ Strengthening Marketing and System Development Skills based on Data Science
- Recruiting of data-scientists and IT engineers at both Amagasaki/Hyogo and Tokyo offices is making progress almost as planned.
- Newly joined data-scientists and IT engineers are working on advanced digital marketing and system development (Web site and backbone system).
- New IT Platform for Advanced Supply Chain (installation project in progress)
- Introduction of Product Information Management System (PIM)
- System's initial function is answering to the diversification and enrichment of product info. by constructing and organizing master data base for products, suppliers, etc. for responding to expansion of product info. caused by increase in product lineup. In future, portal site for suppliers and workflows to improve efficiency of obtaining info. is developed, and this leads to reduction of costs and shortening of product introduction lead-time. In mid-term, product info. is prepared in multi-languages for international business.
- Due to spread of COVID-19 infection, development project, carried out with external team, was changed, and releasing initial version was postponed from mid Q2 to late Q3.
- Introduction of Order Management System (OMS)
- Selecting optimal shipment methods based upon various rules, thereby leveling shipment operations, reducing splits of shipments, optimizing shipment network further, and minimizing distribution related costs, and this leads to increase in sales with improved convenience realized through shortening delivery lead time.
- For same reason of PIM, releasing initial version was postponed from mid Q2 to late Q3.


## 9-3. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: (Non-consol.) 2020LH Affecting Factors

|  | 2020LH Plan |  |  | Current Status |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sales Ratio | YonY |  |
| Sales | 78,230 | - | 18.6\% | BtoB Online E-Commerce (monotaro.com) <br> - Amounts per order of 3 industry customers (manufacturing, construction, automotive maintenance) declined, but, after hitting bottom in Golden Week (holiday in late Apr. through early May in Japan), is on recovery trend. However, order amounts have not recoverd to last year end levels. <br> - Orders of COVID-19 related products from general individual customers continues. <br> However, ratio of general individuals to new registrations is on shrinking now (Apr. to Jun.). <br> System Connection with Large Corporation <br> - Plan was not attained in Q2, but business is on recovery trend after emergency declaration ended with diminishing gap between plan and actual sales. <br> Royalty Business <br> - Royalty amount in FH was higher than plan (impact on total Sales was limited). |
| Gross Profit | 22,535 | 28.8\% | 20.4\% | Product GP Ratio <br> - As activities declined due to COVID-19, replacement orders of high GP\% category decreased. <br> Delivery Cost Ratio <br> - Amounts per order in FH was lower than plan, but, as mentioned above, the ratio of general individual registration is currently shrinking. <br> Sales Ratio of Overseas Royalty <br> - Royalty sales ratio in FH was above plan (impact on Gross Profit was also limited). |
| SG\&A Exp. | 12,567 | 16.1\% | 23.2\% | Effect of COVID-19 <br> - Costs of delayed OMS/PIM (System Usage/Depreciation) are increased and incurred late Q3 onward. <br> - Equipment for teleworking was secured in FH, and additional expenses of avoiding "3 Cs" are limited. <br> - Ratio of costs related to staff at distribution operation is continuously increasing due to decrease in order unit price caused by increase in general individual customers. As mentioned above, share of new registrations of general individuals is also currently decreasing. <br> Other <br> - DC repair expenses were delayed from FH to LH (up to 53 mil. JPY). |
| Op. Income | 9,967 | 12.7\% | 17.0\% | There are both positive and negative factors in sales, GP, and SG\&A ratios, and it's difficult to project impact of each factor. |

There are factors, including those related to COVID-19, that cause actual sale and profit in LH to go up or down from plan; however, fiscal year plan is not revised at this point based upon FH results ${ }^{*}$ )
*Note: Consolidated profit and loss results for 2020FH are within scope of forecast revise and disclosure rule.
Revision disclosure is prepared when the latest consolidated earnings forecast exceeds any of fluctuation ranges below; Consol. Sales: $\pm 5 \%$, Consol. Op. Income: $\pm 10 \%$, Consol. Ord. Income: $\pm 10 \%$, NI attributable to Parent Company Shareholders: $\pm 10 \%$

## 9-4. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: (Non-consol.) P/L Plan Outline

|  | 2019 Result |  | 2020 Plan |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio <br> to Sales | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio <br> to Sales | YonY |
| Sales | 126,543 |  | 150,049 |  | $+18.6 \%$ |
| Gross Profit | 36,111 | $28.5 \%$ | 43,168 | $28.8 \%$ | $+19.5 \%$ |
| SG\&A Exp. | 19,681 | $15.6 \%$ | 23,917 | $15.9 \%$ | $+21.5 \%$ |
| Operating <br> Income | 16,430 | $13.0 \%$ | 19,250 | $12.8 \%$ | $+17.2 \%$ |
| Current <br> Income | 16,444 | $13.0 \%$ | 19,220 | $12.8 \%$ | $+16.9 \%$ |
| Net Income <br> (Tax Rate) | 11,309 <br> $(29.9 \%)$ | $8.9 \%$ | 13,339 | $8.9 \%$ | $+18.0 \%$ |

## 9-5. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: (Consolidated) P/L Plan Outline

|  | 2019 Result |  |  | 2020 Plan |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :--- |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio <br> to Sales | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio <br> to Sales | YonY |
| Sales | 131,463 |  | 156,468 |  | $+19.0 \%$ |
| Gross Profit | 37,095 | $28.2 \%$ | 44,653 | $28.5 \%$ | $+20.4 \%$ |
| SG\&A Exp. | 21,256 | $16.2 \%$ | 26,084 | $16.7 \%$ | $+22.7 \%$ |
| Operating <br> Income | 15,839 | $12.0 \%$ | 18,569 | $11.9 \%$ | $+17.2 \%$ |
| Current <br> Income | 15,887 | $12.1 \%$ | 18,584 | $11.9 \%$ | $+17.0 \%$ |
| Incom | 10,751 | $8.2 \%$ | 12,703 | $8.1 \%$ | $+18.2 \%$ |
| Net Income <br> (Tax Rate) | $(30.9 \%)$ |  | $21.6 \%)$ |  |  |
| Net Income <br> attributable to owners <br> of the parent | 10,984 | $8.4 \%$ | 12,997 | $8.3 \%$ | $+18.3 \%$ |

## 9-6. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: (Overseas Subsidiary) P/L Plan Outline

- NAVIMRO (South Korea)
- Increasing sales by expanding customer base, number of items sold, and inventory.
- Expanding profit, which was first attained in 2019.

|  | 2019 Result |  |  | 2020 Plan |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (mil.JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Sales | 4,510 | +13.5\% | +21.8\% | 5,400 | +19.7\% | +20.5\% |
| Op.Income | 10 | - | - | 80 | +412.6\% | +415.9\% |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | 20 | - | - | 90 | +285.3\% | +287.8\% |

- MONOTARO INDONESIA (Indonesia)
- Continuing to work on expanding business by increasing corporate customers, by increasing number of items sold and inventory, and by improving logistics.

|  | 2019 Result |  |  | 2020 Plan |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (mil.JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Amount (mil.JPY) | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Sales | 380 | +46.8\% | +48.7\% | 750 | +96.6\% | +94.1\% |
| Op.Income | $\triangle 290$ | - | - | $\triangle 310$ | - | - |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | $\triangle 130$ | - | - | $\triangle 140$ | - | - |

- ZORO SHANGHAI (China)
- Increasing sales by expanding and improving items sold and by establishing effective measures to expand customer base.

|  | 2019 Result |  |  | 2020 Plan |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (mil.JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Amount } \\ & \text { (mil.JPY) } \end{aligned}$ | YonY | $\begin{gathered} \text { YonY } \\ \text { (local Currency) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Sales | 60 | (*2) - | (*2) - | 250 | +317.5\% | +322.8\% |
| Op.Income | $\triangle 320$ | - | - | $\triangle 450$ | - | - |
| Net Income x Share (*1) | $\triangle 210$ | - | - | $\triangle 300$ | - | - |

*1: Calculated by multiplying Net Income by Share Ratio at the end of each fiscal year for reference.
*2: Business launched in June 2018.
*3: Sales and profit/loss less than 10 million JPY are rounded down as shown in explanation material in Japanese language.

## 9-7. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: Logistics (1)

■ Distribution-related Cost Ratio 2020Q2/FH Result: 6.1 \%

- As COVID-19 infection spread, number of general individual customers seeking COVID-19 related products has increased. This resulted in increase in number of items processed and hence in increase in work at distribution centers. Sales ratios of Personnel and Outsourcing Expenses related to distribution therefore increased from last year by 0.1 pt . and from plan by 0.2 pt .
■ Inventory
- As of Jun. 30, 2020: 461 thou. items.
- Plan at Dec. 31, 2020: 500 thou. items.
- Delivery Status
- Shipment ratio of Kasama DC with expanded facilities is increasing as planned.

|  | Jan.-Jun. 2019 Result |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Plan |  | Jan.-Jun. 2020 Result |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio to Sales | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio to Sales | Amount (mil.JPY) | Ratio to Sales | YonY | vs Plan |
| Sales (Non Consolidated) | 60,564 |  | 71,819 |  | 72,651 |  | +20.0\% | +1.2\% |
| Depreciation | 384 | 0.6\% | 458 | 0.6\% | 448 | 0.6\% | +16.7\% | $\triangle 2.3 \%$ |
| Labor \& Outsourcing | 1,982 | 3.3\% | 2,297 | 3.2\% | 2,438 | 3.4\% | +23.0\% | +6.1\% |
| Facility Rent | 712 | 1.2\% | 812 | 1.1\% | 821 | 1.1\% | +15.4\% | +1.2\% |
| Others | 572 | 0.9\% | 688 | 1.0\% | 702 | 1.0\% | +22.7\% | +1.9\% |
| Total | 3,651 | 6.0\% | 4,257 | 5.9\% | 4,410 | 6.1\% | +20.8\% | +3.6\% |

## 9-8. 2020 Strategy \& Plan: Logistics (2)



## Ref. 1. Customer Demographics



Ratio by sales amount in 2019
(Sales through Shopping website-excluding sales through API connection)

Ref. 2. Internet PO Ratio


## Ref. 3. Product Lineup \& Inventory

(Thousand)
(Thousand)


## Ref. 4. Registered Customers \& Sales Growth by Registered Year

(Growth Rate of Sales)
(Number of Registered Customers)
2.4
2.2

## Dividend \& Shareholder Benefit

$\square$ Dividend

- Dividend Policy: Distributing dividend consistent with stable and ongoing growth.
- 2019 Dividend (Actual): $15 \mathrm{JPY} /$ share (7.5 JPY/share interim, $7.5 \mathrm{JPY} /$ share fiscal year end).
- 2020 Dividend (Plan): 17 JPY/share.


■ Shareholders' Benefit

- Shareholders having held one or more unit (100 shares) of MonotaRO share for 6 months or longer on continuous basis as of Dec. 31 are eligible for benefit.
- Eligible shareholders can choose products from

| Holding Period | Amount Benefit |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 months or more | $3,000 \mathrm{JPY}$ (excl. tax) |
| 3 years or more | $5,000 \mathrm{JPY}$ (excl. tax) |
| 5 years or more | $7,000 \mathrm{JPY}$ (excl. tax) | MonotaRO's private brand as benefit, and amount of benefit varies in accordance with holding period (as in right chart).

## Other MRO Market Players

| Upper: Sales <br> Lower: Operating Income |  | Fiscal Year |  |  |  |  | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2007 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2007 to 2020 |
| Yuasa (8074)-(M) | Wholesaler | 468,476 | 461,749 | 493,627 | 491,348 | 450,000 | $\triangle 3.9 \%$ |
|  |  | 8,254 | 11,402 | 12,517 | 11,871 | 9,250 | +12.1\% |
| Yamazen (8051) - (M) | Wholesaler | 376,852 | 497,963 | 526,364 | 472,191 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
|  |  | 11,518 | 15,383 | 17,997 | 12,091 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
| Trusco (9830) - (D) | Wholesaler | 134,430 | 195,096 | 214,297 | 220,674 | 231,619 | +72.3\% |
|  |  | 9,120 | 14,276 | 14,364 | 13,797 | 13,007 | +42.6\% |
| Misumi (9962) - (M) | Retailer | 126,668 | 312,969 | 331,936 | 313,337 | 304,614 | +140.5\% |
|  |  | 16,317 | 34,848 | 31,874 | 23,640 | 21,000 | +28.7\% |
| Nichiden (9902) - (M) | Wholesaler | 92,745 | 119,712 | 124,604 | 112,334 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
|  |  | 5,533 | 6,051 | 6,595 | 5,154 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
| NaITO (7624) - (F) | Wholesaler | 51,479 | 46,587 | 50,014 | 46,467 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
|  |  | 1,343 | 728 | 928 | 836 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
| Sugimoto (9932) - (M) | Wholesaler Retailer | 41,461 | 44,315 | 45,417 | 43,890 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
|  |  | 2,292 | 2,461 | 2,870 | 2,528 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
| Toba (7472) - (M) | Retailer | 25,800 | 28,500 | 29,066 | 26,197 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
|  |  | 2,115 | 1,774 | 1,895 | 1,328 | (*2) - | (*2) - |
| Uematsu (9914) - (M) | Retailer | 7,647 | 7,125 | 7,157 | 6,477 | 6,000 | $\Delta 21.5 \%$ |
|  |  | 190 | 92 | 80 | 17 | -17 | $\triangle 108.9 \%$ |
| MonotaRO (3064) - (D) | Retailer | 10,897 | 88,347 | 109,553 | 131,463 | 156,468 | +1335.9\% |
|  |  | 480 | 11,837 | 13,790 | 15,839 | 18,569 | +3768.5\% |

*1: (M):Apr.[Year] to Mar.[Year+1], (F):Mar.[Year] to Feb.[Year+1], (D) Jan.[Year] to Dec.[Year]
*2: Forecasts are not disclosed because effects of COVID-19 on sales and profits can not be estimated.
*3: As of Jul. 30, 2020

## Cautionary Statement concerning Forward－looking Statements

This presentation may include forward－looking statements relating to our future plans，forecasts， objectives，expectations，and intentions．Actual results may differ materially for a wide range of possible reasons．In light of the many risks and uncertainties，you are advised not to put undue reliance on these statements．

## Contact Us

TEL：81－6－4869－7190
FAX：81－6－4869－7178
E－mail：pr＠monotaro．com
IR information：https：／／corp．monotaro．com／en／ir／index．html


[^0]:    ※ Amounts are effects on Operating Income by changes of rates, not actual amounts.

