

# RAKUS Co., Ltd.

(Mothers:3923) Earnings Results for Q2 the fiscal year March 2021

Π

#### Key points

#### Earnings results for Q2 of March 2021

- We are on track to achieve CAGR 30%
- Operational efficiency was pursued and SG&A was contained.

#### Cloud Business

 Year-on-year sales growth expanded continuously due to an increase in the number of customers.

#### IT Outsourcing Business

- Losses were reported in Q2 due to lower engineers' utilization than Q1.
- There has been a delay in assigning engineers, but engineers' utilization has been gradually recovering since it hit the bottom in July.

#### Guidance for the Fiscal Year March 2021

- CAGR 30% will be achieved thanks to investments made up until the last fiscal year.
- The guidance for March 2021 was revised upward due to robust performance of the cloud business.
- Our policy is to resume investment for future growth in March 2022 despite compromising profits.

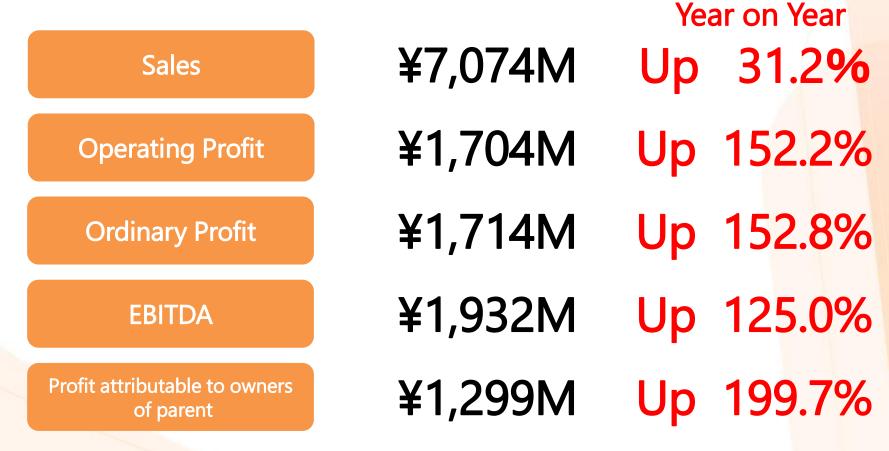


# Consolidated results for Q2 of the fiscal year March 2020



#### Summary of Consolidated Results for Q2 of March 2021

We are on track to achieve CAGR 30%



EBITDA = pretax net income + extraordinary profits/losses + depreciation + goodwill amortization + interest payment



3

#### Outline of the Consolidated Results for Q2 of March 2021

Operational efficiency was pursued and SG&A was contained.

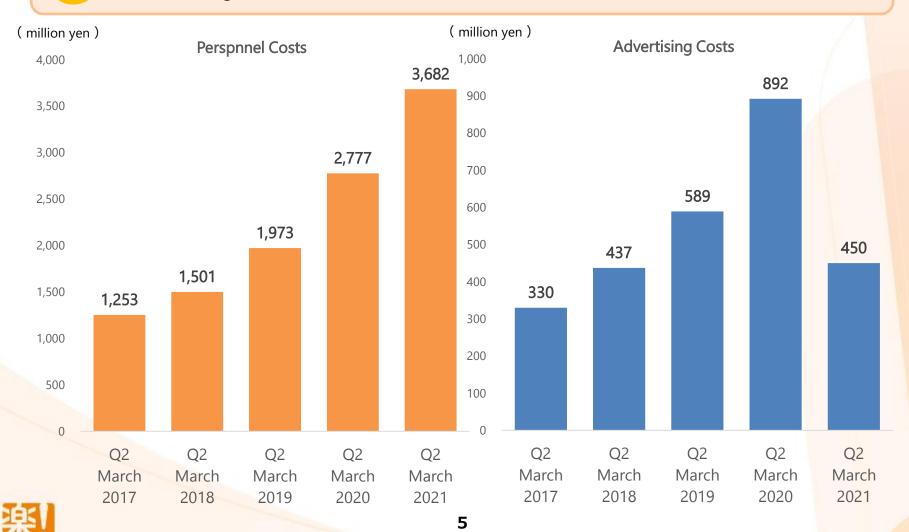
(million yen)

	Q2 of March 2020	Q2 of March 2021	Year on Year	
Sales	5,391	7,074	131.2%	
Cost of sales	1,831	2,404	131.3%	
Gross profit	3,559	4,670	131.2%	
(GP margin)	(66.0%)	(66.0%)		
SG&A	2,883	2,965	102.8%	
Operating profit	676	1,704	252.2 <b>%</b>	
(OP margin)	(12.5%)	(24.1%)		
Ordinary profit	678	1,714	252.8%	
(Ordinary profit margin)	(12.6%)	(24.2%)		
EBITDA	859	1,932	225.0%	
(EBITDA margin)	(15.9%)	(27.3%)		
Income tax	244	624		
(Tax rate)	(36.0%)	(32.5%)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	433	1,299	299. <b>7%</b>	

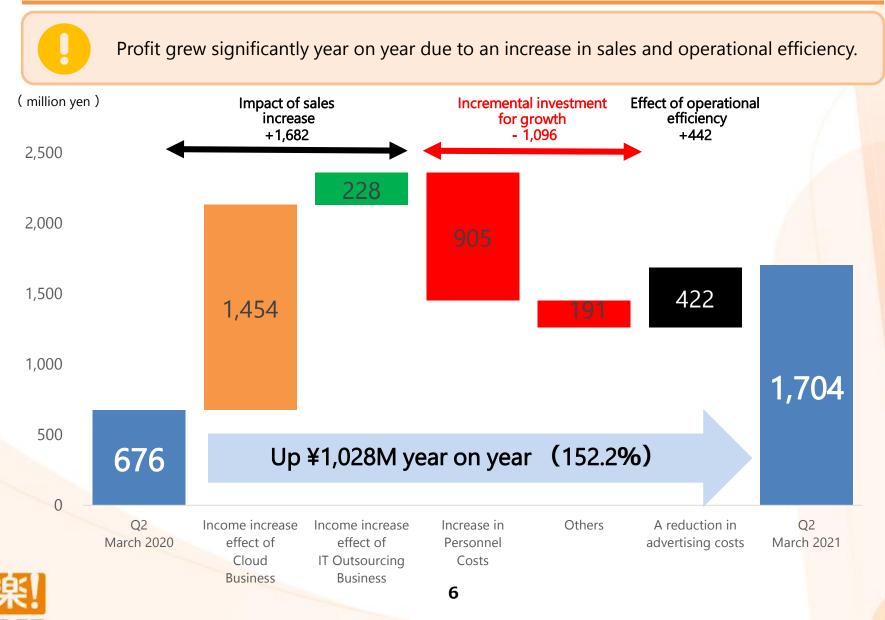


#### Trends for Personnel and Advertising Costs (actual)

Advertising costs were well controlled while increasing personnel necessary for sustainable growth.



#### Factors for Changes in Consolidated Operating Profits in Q2 of March 2021



#### **Consolidated Balance Sheet**

(million yen)

	End of March 2020	End of Q2 of March 2021	Difference	
Current assets	4,413	6,048	1,6 <mark>34</mark>	
Non-current assets	2,625	2,743	117	
Total assets	7,039	8,791	1,752	
Current liabilities	1,773	2,542	769	
Non-current liabilities	72	48	-25	
Total liabilities	1,846	2,591	744	
Shareholders' equity	5,196	6,206	1,009	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	-4	-6	-2	
Total equity	5,192	6,200	1,007	
Total liabilities and equities	7,039	8,791	1,752	
Equity ratio	73.8%	70.5		



#### Cash flow statement

( million yen )			
	Q2 of March 2020	Q2 of March 2021	Difference
Cash flow from operating activities	492	1,762	1,2 <mark>70</mark>
Cash flow from investing activities	-178	-40	138
Free cash flow	313	1,722	1,409
Chas flow from financing activities	-179	-293	-114
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the fiscal year	2,368	3,924	1,557
Depreciation	99	*1 137	*2 37
Amortization of goodwill	81	81	-

×1 ¥99 million depreciation costs include ¥36 million amortization of customer related assets acquired through M&A transactions.

×2 ¥137 million depreciation costs include ¥36 million amortization of customer related assets acquired through M&A transactions.



## **Cloud Business**



#### Trend for the cloud business



XThe criteria for overhead cost allocation were revised retroactive to the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 2019.



<sup>10</sup> 

#### Trends for Subscription Sales of the Cloud Business



<u>楽</u>

#### Quarterly sales of the cloud business by service

A high level of growth in major services was maintained.

(million yen)

	Sales from July to September in 2021	Quarter on Quarter	Year on Year	
Raku Raku Seisan	1,320	9.6%	38.2%	
Mail Dealer	487	3.7%	14.7%	
Email distribution services	467	4.9%	23.5%	
Raku Raku Hambai	300	9.2%	47.9%	
Raku Raku Meisai	258	21.3%	103.9%	
Others	82	1.7%	14.4%	
Total of the Cloud Business	2,916	8.4%	35.0%	

X The figure for email distribution services is the sum of Hai Hai Mail, Curumeru and blastmail.

※ On-premises sales are included in the chart above.



12

#### Trends for the Cumulative Number of Corporations Using Raku Raku Seisan

We were successful in acquiring new orders and made up for the delay in Q1.

- The number of user companies increased by 471 at the end of Q2 in March 2021
- The number of user companies increased by 445 at the end of Q2 in March 2020
- The number of user companies increased by 340 at the end of Q2 in March 2019
- The number of user companies increased by 262 at the end of Q2 in March 2018
- The number of user companies increased by 184 at the end of Q2 in March 2017

417

End of

March

2014

229

End of

March

2013

107

End of

March

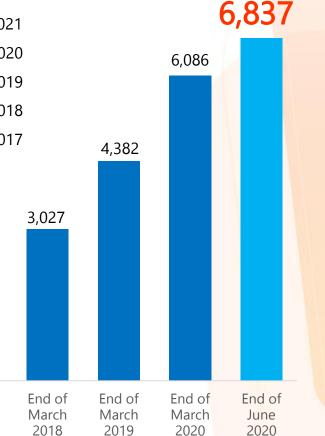
2012

44

End of

March

2011





17

End of

March

2010

760

End of

March

2015

1,236

End of

March

2016

Confidential All Rights Reserved.Copyright© 2020 RAKUS Co.,Ltd.

1,957

End of

March

2017

#### Sales Trends for Raku Raku Seisan



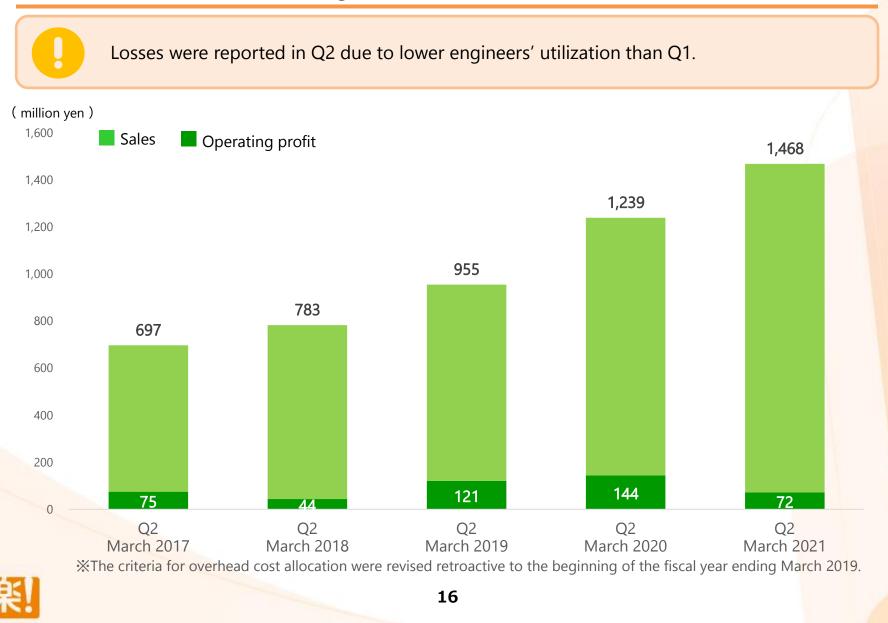


14

# **IT Outsourcing Business**

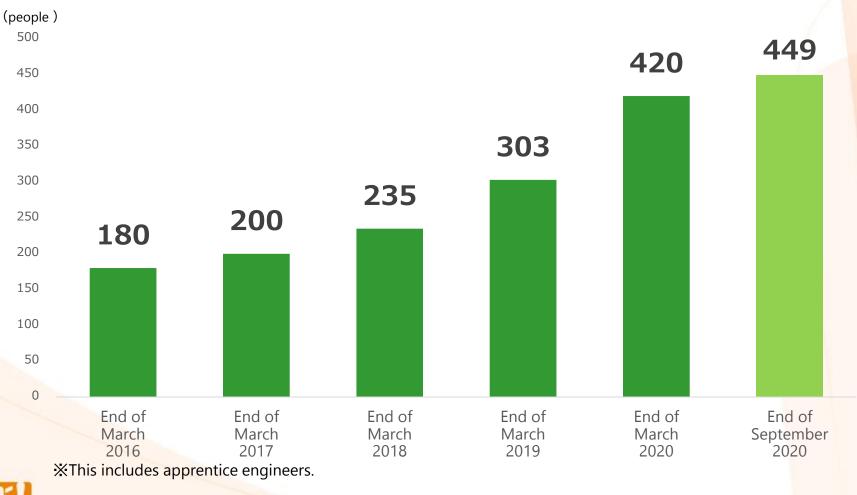


#### Trend for the IT Outsourcing Business



#### Trend for the number of engineers for the IT Outsourcing Business

The number of engineers slightly declined quarter over quarter because we have stopped hiring personnel.





J

17

## Consolidated Guidance for the Fiscal Year March 2021



#### Business policy and growth strategy

CAGR 30% will be achieved thanks to investments made up until the last fiscal year. Our policy is to resume investment for future growth in March 2022 despite compromising profits.

New cloud services were launched. (million yen) Investment in Raku Raku Meisai was strengthened. 35,000 Focus on Raku Raku Seisan to accelerate growth 30,000 36.4% Sales 32.8% 25,000 Operating profit 29.9% 30.2% Growth rate 20,000 21.0% 21.7% 15,119 19.4% 15,000 11,608 Challenge ourselves to achieve 30% CAGR 8,743 10,000 6,408 4,932 4,077 3,413 5,000 3,604 1.468 1.241 1.174 975 784 444 0 March 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2022 2023 2020 2021 2024 (quidance) Higher Strengthening Strengthening operational investment investment efficiencv



#### Progress toward achieving the mid-term target, CAGR 30%

Sales and all types of profit are expected to exceed the target.

(million yen)

	Full year of March 2018 (actual)	Figures under CAGR 30%	Full year of March 2021 (guidance)	Budget Variance	The average growth rate over the three years
Sales	6,408	14,080	15,119	1,038	33.1%
Gross profit	4,123	9,060	10,103	1,042	34.8%
Operating profit	1,241	2,726	3,604	877	42.7 <b>%</b>
Ordinary profit	1,247	2,741	3,617	875	42.6 <b>%</b>
EBITDA	1,357	2,982	4,070	1,087	44.2%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	874	1,922	2,720	797	45. <b>9%</b>



20

#### Consolidated Guidance for the Fiscal Year March 2021

The guidance for March 2021 was revised upward due to robust performance of the cloud business.

(	million	yen	)

	Full year of March 2020 (actual)	Full year of March 2021 (guidance)	Year on Year	
Sales	11,608	15,119	130.2%	
Cost of sales	3,945	5,016	127.1%	
Gross profit	7,662	10,103	131.9%	
(GP margin)	(66.0%)	(66.8%)		
SG&A	6,487	6,498	100.3%	
Operating profit	1,174	3,604	306.9%	
(OP margin)	(10.1%)	(23.8%)		
Ordinary profit	1,177	3,617	307.2%	
(Ordinary profit margin)	(10.1%)	(23.9%)		
EBITDA	1,561	4,070	260.7%	
(EBITDA margin)	(13.4%)	(26.9%)		
Income tax	369	1,100		
(Tax rate)	(31.6%)	(28.9%)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	799	2,720	340.2%	

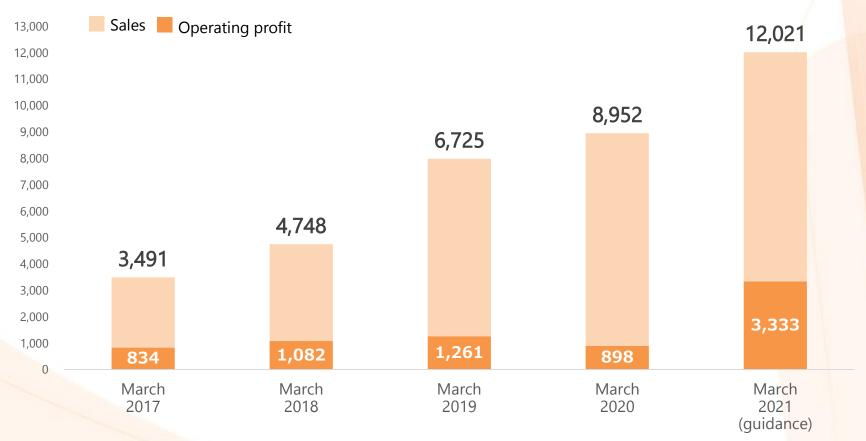


21

#### Trend for the cloud business

Actual performance was better than the guidance due to robust new orders after the emergency declaration was lifted.

#### (million yen)



**XThe criteria for overhead** cost allocation were revised retroactive to the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 2019.



22

#### Trend for the IT Outsourcing Business

Sales and operating profit were revised downward due to slower recovery of engineers' utilization than anticipated.



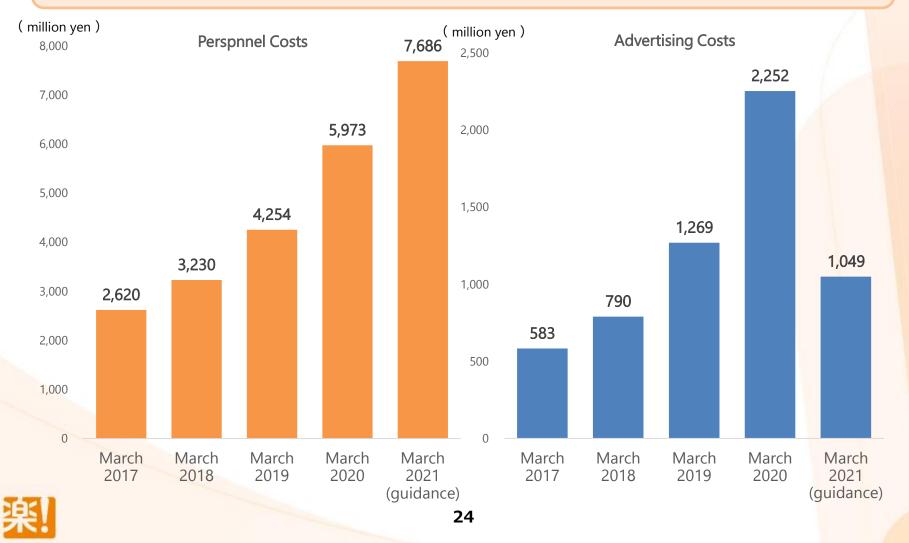
The criteria for overhead cost allocation were revised retroactive to the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 2019.



23

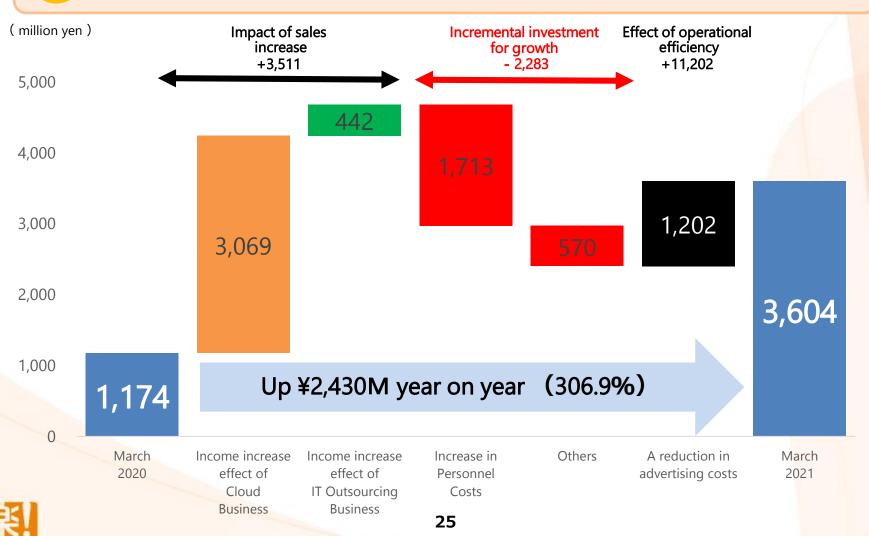
#### Trends for Personnel and Advertising Costs (guidance)

Our policy is to pursue operational efficiency this fiscal year and resume investment for future growth next fiscal year.



#### Factors for Changes in Consolidated Operating Profits in of March 2021

Our plan is to fully control advertising costs while increasing personnel necessary for sustainable growth.



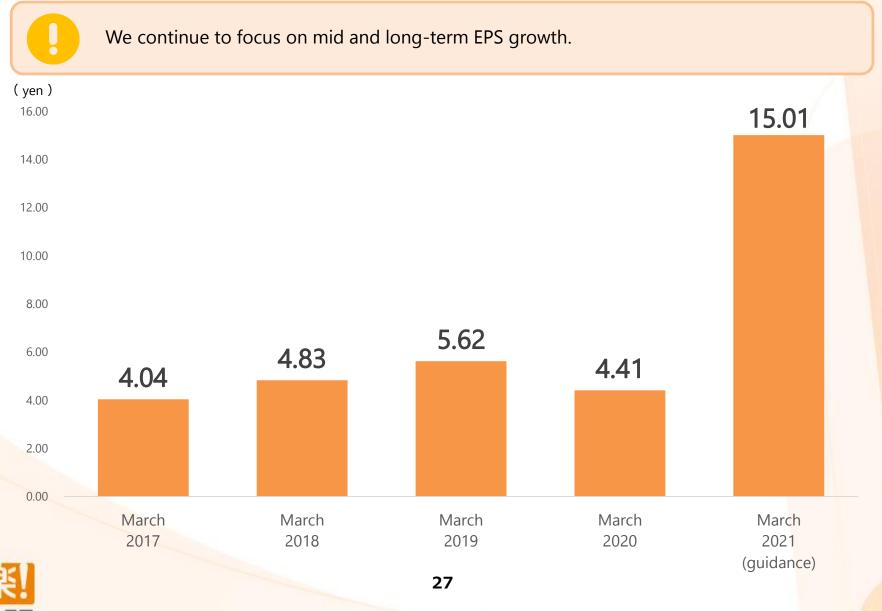
#### **[KPIs]** Trends for EBITDA Margins

U

A significant increase in profit is estimated due to well controlled SG&A. We exceeded the upper range of the target.

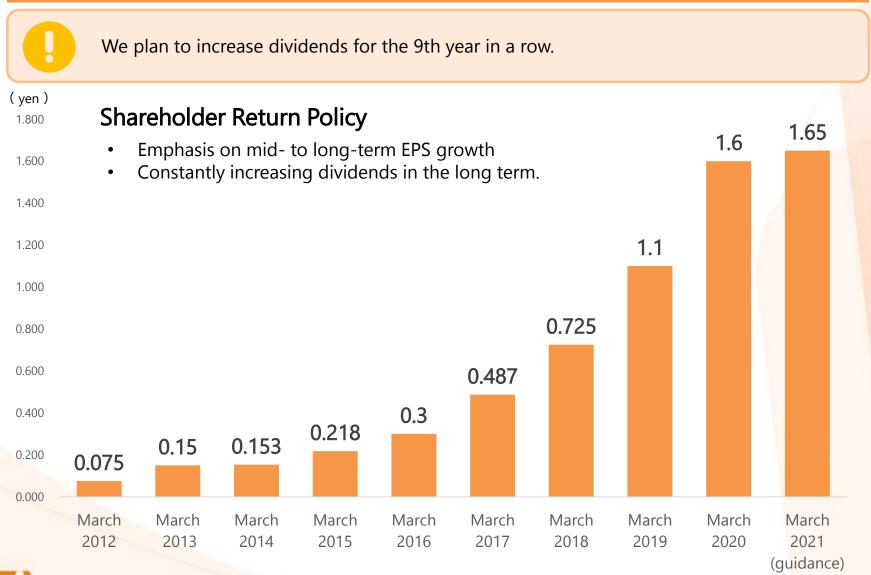


### **[KPIs]** Trends for EPS



#### **[KPIs]** Shareholder Return

\* Figures are after share split adjustment.



28



# Appendix



#### Sales of the Cloud Business by Service

Growth rates of email distribution services have been normalized after the M&A impact passed through.

( million yen )		March 2016	March 2017	March 2018	March 2019	March 2020
	Sales	577	978	1,601	2,579	3,935
Raku Raku Seisan	Year on Year	81.8%	69.9%	63.8%	61.1%	52.6%
	Sales	1,000	1,141	1,339	1,538	1,733
Mail Dealer	Year on Year	10.5%	14.1%	17.3%	14.9%	12.7%
	Sales	526	657	939	1,410	1,574
Email distribution services	Year on Year	22.1%	25.1%	42.8%	50.2%	11.6%
	Sales	267	343	445	598	867
Raku Raku Hambai	Year on Year	28.7%	28.5%	29.8%	34.4%	44.9%
	Sales	14	70	150	326	552
Raku Raku Meisai	Year on Year	397.2%	413.1%	114.6%	118.4%	68.8%
	Sales	333	302	274	273	292
Others	Year on Year	-11.5%	-9.7%	-9.2%	-0.4%	6.8 <mark>%</mark>
	Sales	2,714	3,491	4,748	6,725	8,952
Total of the Cloud Business	Year on Year	21.3%	28.5%	36.0%	41.7%	33.1%

\* The figure for email distribution services is the sum of Hai Hai Mail, Curumeru and blastmail. (The figure for March 18 includes 2 months of blastmail.)

\* On-premises sales are included in the chart above.



#### Trend for LTV by cloud services

The supporting team contributed to maximizing LTV.

( yen )	March 2016	March 2017	March 2018	March 2019	March 2020
Raku Raku Seisan	8,310,722	9,790,391	10,405,262	10,800,545	14,004,503
	0,510,722	9,790,591	10,403,202	10,000,545	14,004,505
Mail Dealer	2,625,492	4,112,810	3,823,875	4,156,660	3,7 <mark>8</mark> 9,798
Email distribution services					
	1,040,173	1,084,527	1,180,323	1,035,117	1,218,522
Raku Raku Hambai	5,246,983	5,054,024	5,210,540	8,282,573	8,120,258
Raku Raku Meisai	_	7,781,983	5,211,834	13,016,007	9,412,375

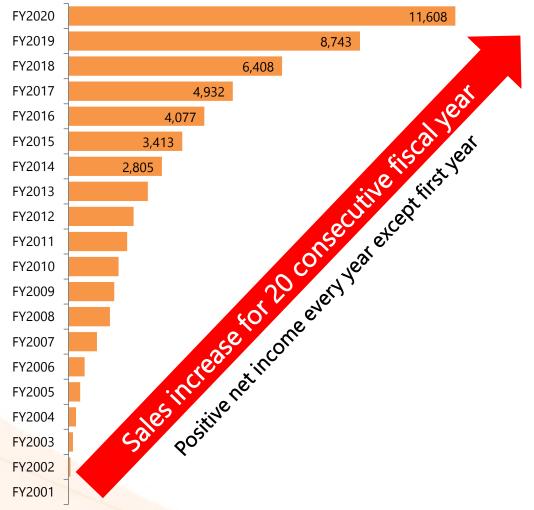
**XLTV**(Life Time Value) = revenue that a customer will generate during their lifetime (ARPU × estimated average usage years × gross profit margin) **XThe figure for email distribution services excludes 'blastmail'**.

**XLTV of Raku Raku Meisai in March 2016 is not described here because it is difficult to calculate accurately.** 



## History

(Unit : million yen)



Blaynmail consolidated as subsidiary

Listed on Mothers Sell US subsidiary Subsidiary established in Vietnam Rakuraku meisai launched

subsidiary established in the US

Raku Raku Seisan launched Corporate name changed Raku Raku Hambai

Shut down engineer school Hai-Hai mail launched

Merged Xbit Xbit consolidated as subsidiary

Cloud business started (Mail Dealer launched) IT engineering school business started IT Boost established (later known as RAKUS)

<u>来</u>

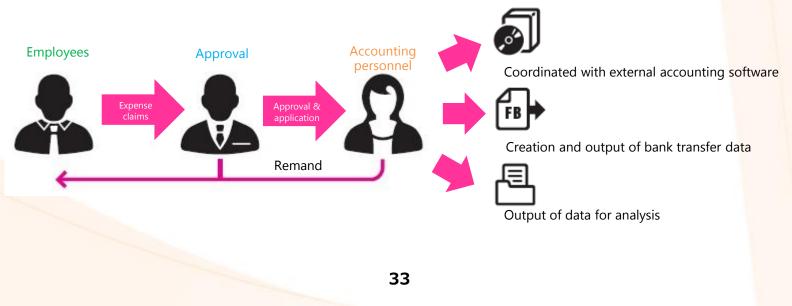
Consolidated results from FY 2014 The company was not audited from 2001 to 2013.

32

## Raku Raku Seisan



Product outline : A system for settlement of travel & other expenses
Main customers : Companies with 50 to 1,000 employees (all industries)
Addressed to : Accounting departments
Usage : To improve efficiency of settlement for travel & other expenses
Fee structure : Based on the number of users + option fees
Launched : July 2009



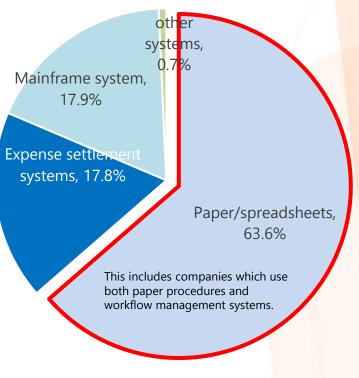
#### Target Market for the Cloud-based Expense Settlement Systems

The target market is 100,000 companies valued at 70 billion yen. We aim to acquire at least 20,000 corporate customers out of those 100,000.

There are 4 million SEMs in Japan. Of those, Raku Raku Seisan's target customers are 100,000 companies which have 50 to 1,000 employees.

Our target is to convert 63,600 companies which manage expense procedures on paper or spreadsheet to Raku Raku Seisan, which accounts for 63.6%.

There is still a high percentage of companies which use inefficient methods for expense management such as paper or Excel. (Those which use both paper and workflow management systems are included.) This means more corporations will introduce expense management systems in the future.



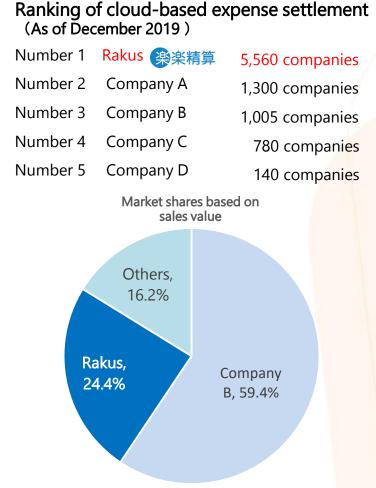
Source : Questionnaire filled out by accounting department staff in February, 2020.



#### The Market for Cloud-based Expense Settlement Systems

The market for cloud-based expense settlement in Japan (billion yen) 16.0 9.4 5.9 3.7 Fiscal year Fiscal year **Fiscal** year Fiscal year 2017 2020 2018 2019

Source : Our own survey based on various data



\* Company B has a large market share based on sales value because they target large companies selling services at a higher unit price.

35

## Raku Raku Meisai

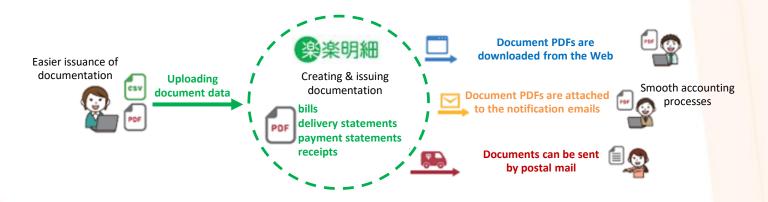


Product outline : A system to issue digital documentation

Main customers : All industries

- Addressed to : Accounting departments
- Usage : To improve efficiency of procedures to issue bills, receipts, delivery statements, payment statements, etc.
- Fee structure : Number of slips issued + option fees

Launched : August 2013





## Mail Dealer

## Mail Dealer

Product outline : A system to share and manage inquiry emails among staff within a company

Main customers : E commerce businesses, call centers, and other B to C businesses

Addressed to : Customer support divisions

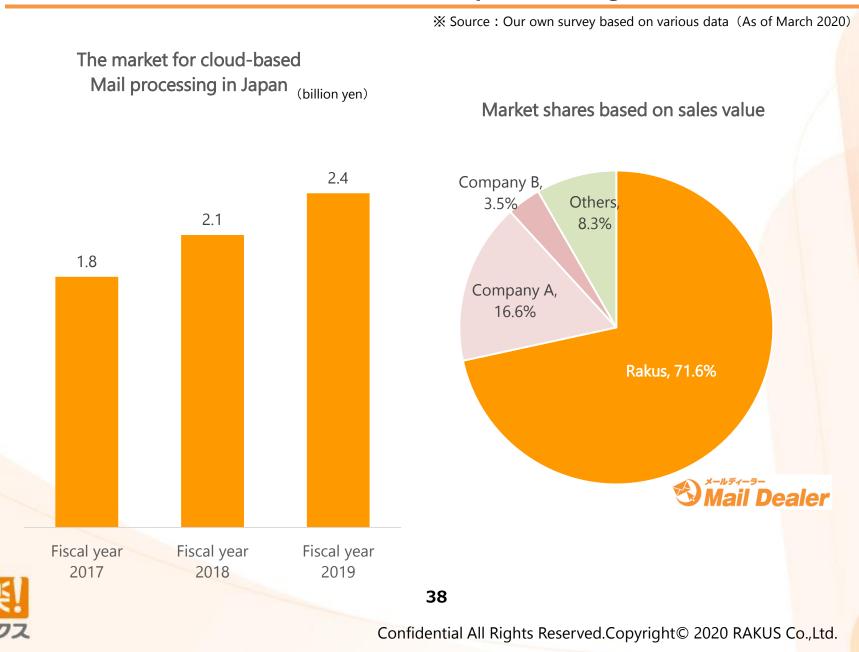
Usage : To improve quality and efficiency of response to inquiry emails

Fee structure : Based on the number of emails stored in the system + option fees

Launched : April 2001



### The market for cloud-based Mail processing



## Other services 1

#### **と習習 パール** Hai Hai Mail

Product outline : Email distribution system

Main customers : B to C & B to B businesses which distribute a massive amount of emails

Addressed to : Sales division and Marketing division

Usage : To improve efficiency for distribution of sale promotion emails and mail magazines Fee structure : Based on the number of registered addresses + option fees Launched : May 2007

#### Curumeru Curumeru

Product outline : A system to distribute emails in conjunction with the corporate customer's backbone system (email distribution engine)

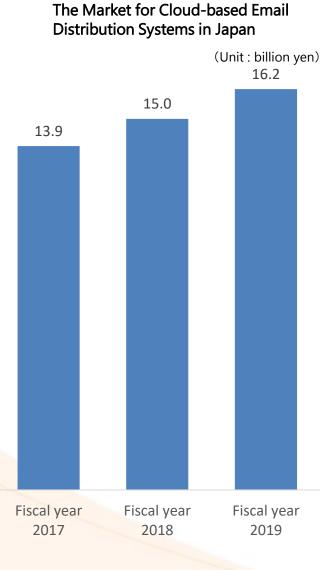
Main customers : Businesses which distribute a massive amount of emails in conjunction with their customer database.

Addressed to : Sales division and Marketing division

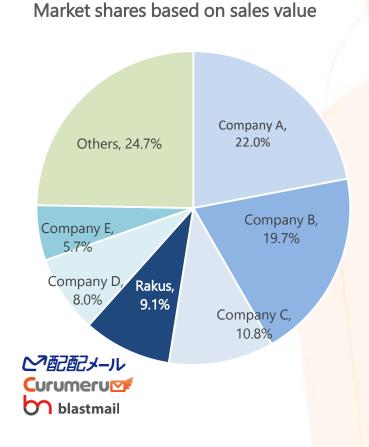
Usage : To improve efficiency for distribution of sale promotion emails and mail magazines Fee structure : Based on the number of emails distributed + option fees Launched : June 2011



#### The Market for Cloud-based Email Distribution Systems



X Source : Our own survey based on various data (As of March 2020)



\* RAKUS' market share consists of Hai Hai Mail, Curumeru and Blastmail combined



40

## Other services 2

梁楽販売/ 働くDB Raku Raku Hambai / Hataraku DB

Product outline : Web database system which can automate clerical procedures and data processing

Main customers : All industries

Addressed to : All divisions

Usage : To improve efficiency for management of sales, customers, processes and projects

Fee structure : Number of users and number of databases + option fees

Launched : October 2008



41

## [IT outsourcing business] business model



#### IT outsourcing business superiority

- Inexperienced person engineer appropriateness judgment know-how
- Expertise on education

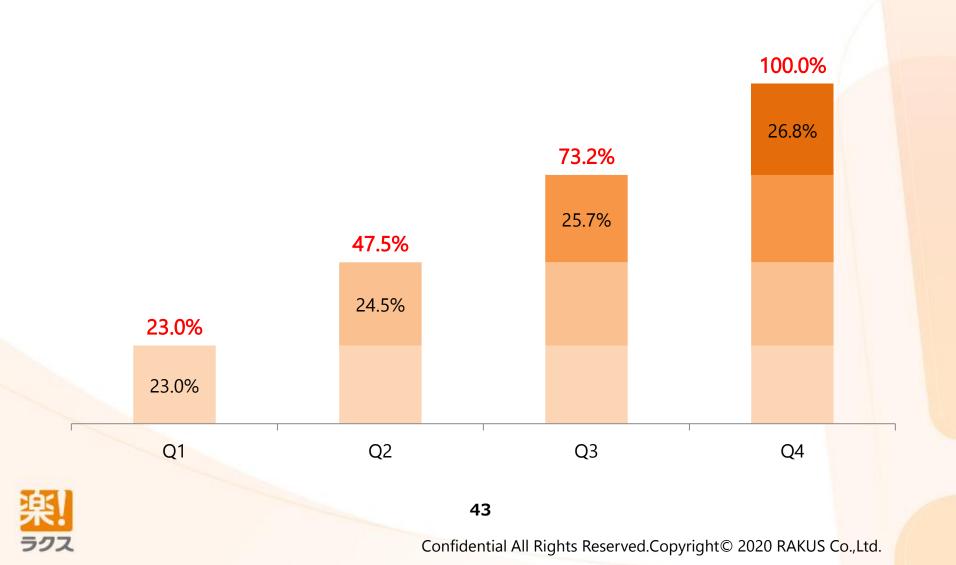
#### **Technological domains**

- ◆ Java programmers
- ◆ Infrastructure engineers



## **[Cloud business]** Concept Image of Sales Generated throughout a Year

The contribution in Q4 is the largest because the business is based on a subscription model.



This material is only for the purpose of providing information to investors. It is not to induce investors to buy or sell shares in the company.

Forward looking statements in the material are based on our goals and forecasts. They are not guarantees of future performance.

It needs to be clear that our future performances could be different from the currently estimated business performances.

Market information included in this material is based on reliable data, but the company cannot guarantee its accuracy or integrity.

This material is provided under the condition that investors use it at their own discretion and use it on their own judgement. The company shall not be liable under any circumstances.

