

Financial Results Presentation for Q1, Fiscal Year Ending December 2021

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KIYO Learning Co.,Ltd.

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Financial Results Presentation for Q1, Fiscal Year Ending December 2021

FY2021 Q1 Performance Highlights

Net sales increased 73% year-on-year

Sales of 435 million yen (up 185 million yen year-on-year) showed continued high growth

 Each stage of profits settled at expected levels due to proactive investment in advertising expenses (TV commercials)

Operating income decreased 35 million yen year-on-year to -67 million

Studying Business drove company growth

Net cash-based sales for the Studying Business increased 75% year-on-year to 633 million yen

New paid members increased by 72% year-on-year to 12,976

Corporate Education Business also grew steadily

Net sales in the Corporate Education Business increased 12% year-on-year to 32 million yen

Contracted companies with AirCourse increased 22% versus the end of the previous fiscal year

FY2021 Q1 Performance

Net sales increased 73.8% year-on-year to 435 million yen

Operating income decreased 32 million yen year-on-year to -67 million due to investment in TV commercials

(Millions of yen)	FY2020 Q1 (Results)	FY2021 (Forecast)	FY2021 Q1 (Results)	Year-on- year change	Progress
Net sales	250	2282	435	+73.8%	19.1%
Gross profit	176	1900	363	+105.7%	19.1%
Operating income	(35)	173	(67)	-	-
Operating income margin	-	7.6%	-	-	-
Ordinary income	(36)	171	(67)	-	-
Ordinary income margin	-	7.5%	-	-	-
Net income	(36)	200	(57)	-	-
Net income margin	-	8.8%	-	-	-

Sales by Business

The Studying Business drove company growth, with sales growing by 81.6% year-on-year Sales of the Corporate Education Business also grew steadily¹

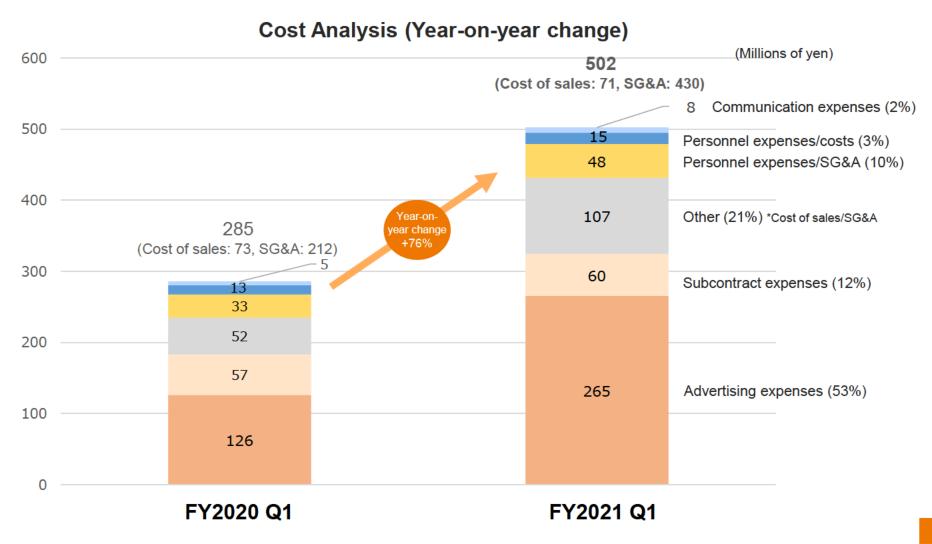
(Millions of yen)	FY2020 Q1 (Results)	FY2021 (Forecast)	FY2021 Q1 (Results)	Year-on- year change	Progress
Total revenues	250	2282	435	+73.8%	19.1%
Studying Business Net Sales	222	2130	403	+81.6%	18.9%
Corporate Business Net Sales	28	151	32	+12.5%	21.1%

¹ Corporate Business sales in FY2020 Q1 include extraordinary system development sales of 10 million yen. Net sales excluding this figure are 18 million yen. Net sales growth excluding these extraordinary sales is 78% year-on-year

Cost Structure (FY2021 Q1)

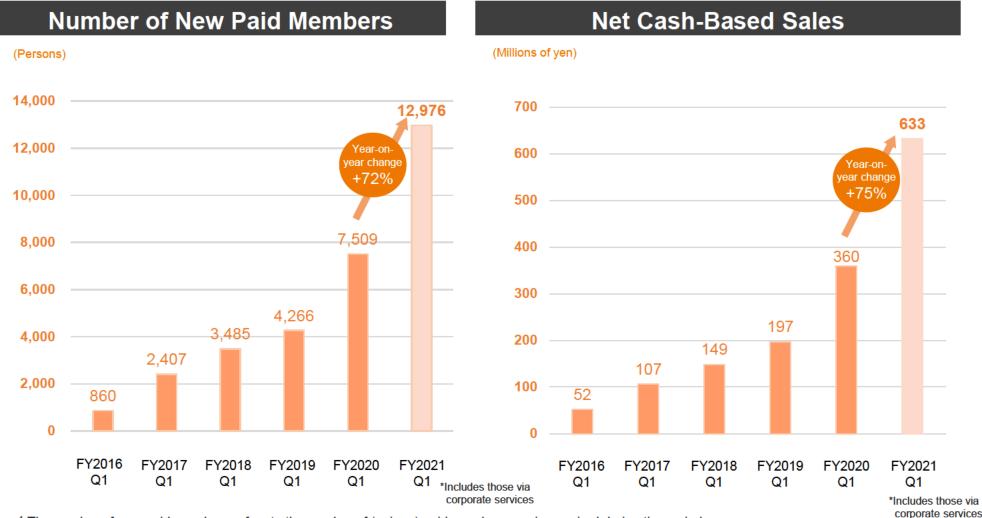
Proactively invested in advertising expenses and in hiring talented personnel in the interest of growth

Maximized cost effectiveness through cost controls



Studying Business: KPIs

New paid members¹ increased (up 72% year-on-year in FY2021 Q1) Net cash-based sales² also grew rapidly (up 75% year-on-year in FY2021 Q1)



¹ The number of new paid members refers to the number of (unique) paid members newly acquired during the period

² Net cash-based sales refers to the amount of orders received during the period (net sales are apportioned across periods over the periods of the corresponding courses taken)

Studying Business: Quarterly Net Cash-Based Sales Over Time

Cash-based sales in Q1 (Jan-Mar) increased 75% year-on-year to 633 million yen



¹ Percentage notations show growth rates compared to Q4 net sales for each fiscal year (including those via corporate services)

Studying Business: Quarterly Trends in Sales and Profit

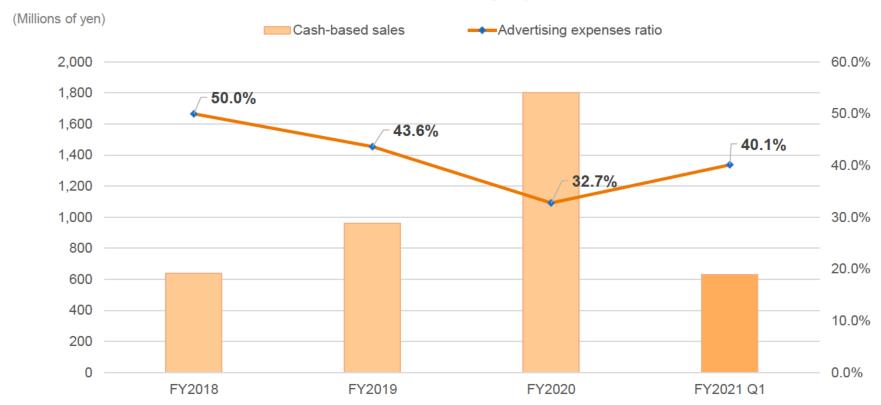
Demand trends in the qualifications industry, sales trends and net cash-based sales apportionment have led to the trends below for the Company over the past few years (however, trends may change due to COVID-19 impact)

	Q1 (Jan-Mar)	Q2 (Apr-Jun)	Q3 (Jul-Sep)	Q4 (Oct-Dec)	
Trends for Company courses	Many people start learning with aim of acquiring qualifications	Few test days	Most frequent test days for difficult qualifications	Somewhat frequent test days	
Cash-based sales	Sales high at the beginning of the year, trending slightly low after that	Trending slightly low due to being immediately before tests for difficult qualifications	Increase in new course purchases and renewal courses immediately post-test	High purchase demand for courses for the next year's tests	
Accrual-based sales	Since cash-based sales are apportioned over the long term, contributions from accrual-based sales tends to be small	Cash-based sales are on a downward trend, but prorated accrual-based sales are trending up	Due to concentrated deadlines for major courses, prorated accrual-based sales have growing contribution to the current period	Since most of cash-based sales are apportioned to the next period, the contribution of accrual-based sales to the current period is smaller	
Profit trend	Poor	Middling	Great	Good	

Studying Business: Advertising Expenses Ratio

Advertising expenses ratio¹ increased by 7.4 points versus the previous full year due to proactive investment in television commercials





¹ Advertising expenses ratio = (Advertising expenses incurred in the Studying Business) ÷ (Cash-based sales)

Studying Business: Other Topics

- TV commercials launch in Jan 2021 at key metropolitan Tokyo stations
 - Achieved a certain amount of customer attraction and increased sales impact in Q1
 - Targeting stronger awareness and brand in medium to long-term





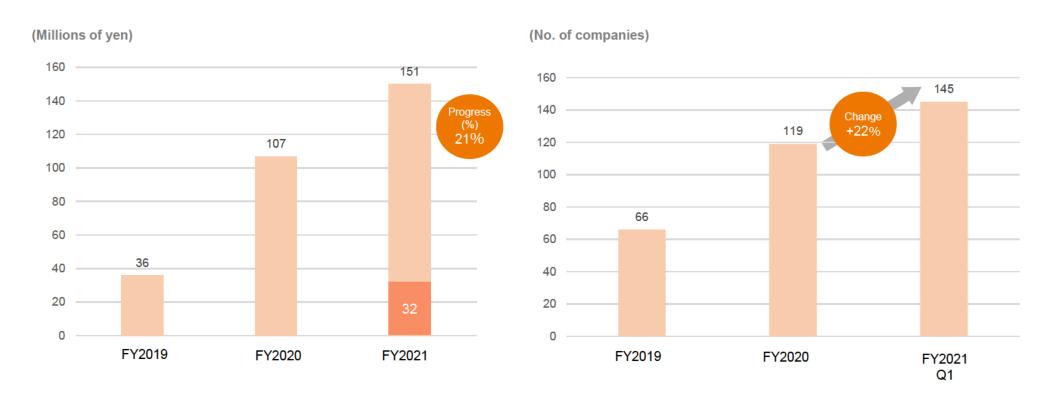
- Released Applied Information Technology Engineer course (Jan)
- Released TOEIC(R) Score 800 course (Feb)
- Released Registered Distributor course (Apr)

Corporate Education Business: KPIs

With Corporate Business sales growth, contracted companies with AirCourse also increased Average churn rate¹ for AirCourse in FY2021 Q1 was 1.38%, building a stock business model with high retention rate

Corporate Business Sales

AirCourse Contracted Companies



¹ The average churn rate is calculated by taking the monthly stock sales for AirCourse (monthly sales minus spot sales) and determining the rate of decrease from the previous month to the current month due to churn (= monthly termination rate), and averaging these numbers over a full year

² The average churn rate for the fiscal year ending December 2020 was 1.16%

³ Corporate Business sales in FY2020 Q1 include extraordinary system development sales of 10 million yen. Net sales excluding this figure are 18 million yen. Net sales growth excluding these extraordinary sales is 78% year-on-year

Corporate Education Business: Other Topics

MBA Series newly available in Content Plus, the all-you-can-learn plan for AirCourse content
More remote work has led to greater demand in e-learning for employees; this addresses the
increasing needs for self-development content

The number of courses increased from 151 at the end of December 2020 to 177 at the end of March 2021

 Large-scale orders for thousands of people grew alongside traditionally strong small to mediumsized projects (100 to 1000 employees)

AirCourse User Companies (Partial)



We have an in-house certification test system that has evolved into a movement, achieving a 15.2% increase in order unit price SHIFT Inc.



Achieved 50% reduction in training work time by introducing AirCourse

Renoveru,Inc.



Full utilization of e-learning promotes growth of each individual

NEO CAREER CO., LTD.



Achieved both organizational expansion and strengthening of the education system!

Matching Service Japan Co.,Ltd.

Impact of State of Emergency Declaration and COVID-19 on Performance

While upsides from COVID-19 created remarkable demand growth in Q2 of last year, the effect on increased demand has diminished from the second half of last year into Q1 of this year

Other, non-COVID-19 demand growth factors (e.g. sales promotion impact from TV commercials, greater sales impact from growth in passing test-takers for existing courses) were more influential on increasing sales in Q1

We must address factors like stronger web marketing among competitors

■ Studying Business

Positive Factors:

- Increased demand for online courses (avoidance of classroom courses)
- Growth in user visits via web/advertisements (remote work)
- Awareness of acquiring qualifications as a way to prepare for economic downturn

■ Corporate Education Business

Positive Factors:

- Increased demand for e-learning (alternative to group training)
- Changes in employee education methods due to remote work and DX (e-learning becomes essential)
- · OJT, video utilization for improving business skills

■ Company-Wide

- Relocation of head office (from April 26), expansion of business by adding studios (three studios), addressing increased employee count by expanding floor space
- Promotion of employee remote work support (ensuring safety)
- · Improving business efficiency by implementing online business negotiations and web conferencing

Negative (Risk) Factors:

- Stronger competing online courses, new entrants
- Increased competition for web advertising, increased advertising costs
- Decreased motivation to learn due to postponement of qualification exams, etc.

Negative (Risk) Factors:

- Cuts to education and training expenses due to deterioration of corporate performance
- Increased competition for web advertising, increased advertising costs
- Stronger competing e-learning courses, new entrants

Revision of Forecast for the First Half of the Fiscal Year Ending December 2021

Revision of Forecast for the First Half of the Fiscal Year Ending December 2021

Primary Reasons for Revision

- Increase in accrual-based sales (up 20 million yen) during the first half of FY2021 due to increase in cash-based sales in Q1
- Decrease in expenses due to personnel expenses and recruiting expenses postponed to Q3 and beyond because of delayed personnel hiring
- The full-year performance forecast remains unchanged based on proactive investment (advertising expenses and securing talented personnel) for sales expansion from the third quarter onward

	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income	Dividends per share*
Previous Forecast (A) (Announced February 12, 2021)	944	(105)	(106)	(106)	(48.53)
Forecast (B)	964	(73)	(74)	(64)	(29.15)
Increase/Decrease (B-A)	20	32	32	42	
Change (%)	2.1	30.5	30.2	39.6	
(Reference) Prior-Year Q2 Results (Q2, FY 2020)	601	(11)	(13)	(13)	(7.17)

Caution

This document makes forward-looking statements based on current plans, estimates, outlooks and/or forecasts regarding trends in the Company's industry and regarding its business lines.

A variety of risks and uncertainties is inherent in these forward-looking statements. Risks, uncertainties, and other factors that are already known or not yet known may lead to results differing from those found in these forward-looking statements.

The Company's actual business lines and performance may differ in the future versus content of forward-looking statements in this document.

Forward-looking statements in this document are made by the Company based on the information available at the time of this document's drafting, and no forward-looking statements shall be updated or changed to reflect future events or circumstances.