Business Strategy

Processed Foods Business

Nichirei Foods Inc. https://www.nichireifoods.co.jp/en/corporate/

President's Message



Masahiko Takenaga Director, Executive Officer, Nichirei Corporation President, Nichirei Foods Inc.

Progress of Medium-term Business Plan WeWill 2021

Medium-term Business Plan Main Measures

- Create new business opportunities
- Expand existing business areas

In the processed foods business in FY2021, householduse frozen foods performed strongly as the COVID-19 pandemic led people to eat at home more frequently to avoid going out. On the other hand, commercial-use sales decreased in an extremely severe environment due to the state of emergency and other restrictions in Japan, mainly in urban areas.

Operating profit increased due to factors including improved productivity at domestic factories resulting from the sales growth of household-use products, a decrease in general and administrative expenses, and rapid progress at our U.S. subsidiary InnovAsian Cuisine Enterprises Inc.

As a new lifestyle has become established, we have been able to capture brisk demand for eating at home by enhancing our mainstay products such as cooked rice and chicken, speedily launching products that meet rapidly changing food needs and increasing production capacity in Japan and overseas.

Net Sales and Operating Profit by Business Category

(Billions of yen)
(BIIIIONS OF yeri)

			FY2021		FY2022 Plan			
Processed Fo	Processed Foods Business		YoY			YoY		
		Result	Variance	% Change	Forecast*	Variance	% Change	
Net Sales		225.5	-9.3	-4%	243.0	17.5	8%	
Household-u	se Prepared Foods	70.3	5.5	8%	76.5	6.2	9%	
Commercial-	use Prepared Foods	86.8	-12.7	-13%	95.0	8.2	9%	
Processed Ag	gricultural Products	20.0	0.2	1%	20.5	0.5	3%	
Overseas		34.8	0.0	0%	37.0	2.2	6%	
Others		13.5	-2.3	-15%	14.0	0.5	4%	
Operating Pr	ofit	17.2	0.4	3%	17.6	0.4	3%	

* As of August 3, 2021

Business Scale

- Total assets: ¥138,592 million
- Group companies: 21 companies (6 in Japan, 15 overseas) and Nichirei Technology Development Center (R&D Department)
- Employees (consolidated): 9,588
- Food production factories: 19 facilities (15 in Japan, 4 overseas)

Main Production Facilities
 Mori Plant, Shiroishi Plant Yamagata
 Plant, Funabashi Plant, Kansai Plant,
 Kyurei Inc., CHUREI Co., Ltd., GFPT
 Nichirei (Thailand) Co., Ltd., Surapon
 Nichirei Foods Co., Ltd.





Use of frozen foods as ingredients for home cooking has increased, and the market for frozen vegetables grew a substantial 23% year on year in terms of sales. In addition, new needs have arisen as time spent cooking at home has increased. There is a stronger preference for products fried in oil such as minced meat cutlets and croquettes, and there is now greater demand for largersized products that can be stored longer now that people are shopping less frequently. For commercialuse products, the markets for delicatessens and for hospitals and senior care facilities are expected to grow, and a chronic labor shortage is expanding opportunities for greater use of frozen foods in meals. For example, expectations are high for the rollout of products that reduce the burden of food preparation, such as meal kits that combine vegetables, meat, fish and sauce.

As these changing needs break down the barriers between the conventional household-use and commercialuse business categories, our focus in FY2022 will be on creating new business opportunities and expanding existing business areas.

Advantages of Nichirei Foods Inc.

Our major advantage is our processing and production technologies, which are dedicated to reproducing the deliciousness of meals made by hand or by professional chefs. How we address consumer changes to create new business opportunities that utilize this advantage will be the key to further increasing the value of frozen foods in Japan's rapidly changing macro environment. In addition to efforts in our existing business areas, we will work hard to develop products and provide value in a wide variety of industries.

However, we are aware that we have not been fast enough in our response to change. That is why we established two new departments in spring 2021: Marketing, to integrate promotion and branding, which had been conducted separately for household-use and commercial-use products; and Product Development, to establish a structure for rapid response to diversifying needs. Going forward, we are acutely aware of the need to conduct product development that leads to new value for consumers, even when proposing commercial-use products in areas such as delicatessens, hospitals and senior facilities. Examples include products that are healthy, nutritious and offer consumers the quality of well-known restaurants.

Many companies have entered the frozen food industry during the COVID-19 pandemic and competition is intensifying. As a pioneer in frozen foods, we aim to improve our brand value by fully leveraging our drive to pursue deliciousness, product development capabilities, industry-leading production capacity and diverse customer base.

Overseas Strategy

Outside Japan, we intend to further expand our market share in the United States and to enhance our product development functions and increase product value in China and Brazil.

InnovAsian Cuisine Enterprises Inc. of the United States aims to expand its market share with the launch of new household-use products and effective sales promotion activities. It is also considering establishing in-house production functions.

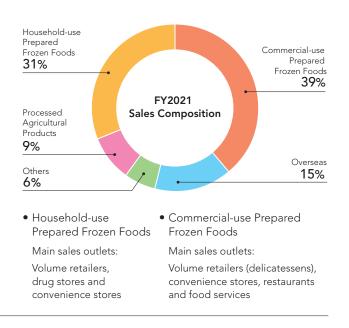
In China, we have established a new product development center as part of our growth strategy for internal sales, and aim to differentiate our products from the design stage through joint development with customers by industry category.

In addition, in Brazil we aim to increase sustainable value in our acerola business from the cultivation stage. Acerola has gained a positive reputation in the globally growing "clean label" market as a natural source of vitamin C with a strong antioxidant effect. We will work to expand this business, mainly in markets outside Japan.

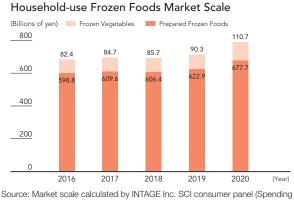
Processed Foods Business

Business Details

Nichirei Foods Inc. provides frozen foods (household-use and commercial-use), retort pouch foods and wellness foods that utilize the company's unique capabilities in product development and quality assurance. Our frozen foods business in Japan is characterized by high market share for chicken, processed rice products, frozen vegetables, and spring rolls in both the household-use and commercial-use categories, and the large number of commercial-use products handled for the home meal replacement (HMR) and delicatessen categories. Our overseas business is focusing on the development and sale of Asian food products in North America.



Market Environment



Source: Market scale calculated by INTAGE Inc. SCI consumer panel (Spending per 100 people (age 69 and under) at retail outlets only (all industry categories)

Sales Ranking of Frozen Food Manufacturers (Billions of yen)

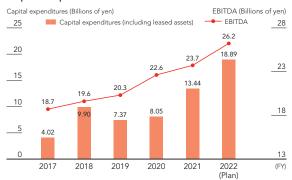
	FY2	020	FY2	2021	Household-
		YoY		YoY	use: Commercial- use ratio
Nichirei	229.6	2.3%	220.2	-4.1%	45 : 55
Company A	211.2	-0.8%	198.2	-6.1%	65 : 35
Company B	193.4	4.0%	193.9	1.3%	56 : 44
Company C	179.8	0.9%	174.5	-2.9%	36 : 64
Company D	108.0	-2.7%	99.1	-6.8%	63 : 37

Source: Reishoku Nippo, Shokuhin Sangyo Shimbunsha Co., Ltd

Capital Expenditures

- Expected 9% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) for EBITDA over three years
- Invested in labor saving to improve productivity, the environment and other areas in addition to investments for growth
- Between March 2017 and March 2021, production capacity increased more than 10% in Japan and more than 40% overseas

Capital Expenditures and EBITDA



Note: The plan for FY2022 reflects figures announced on May 11, 2021

Data

Nichirei do Brasil Agricola Ltda. Receives Gold Rating in EcoVadis Sustainability Assessment (2021)

Nichirei do Brasil Agricola Ltda. ("Niagro"), a Nichirei Foods subsidiary in Brazil, received a gold rating in the 2021 sustainability assessment by EcoVadis, placing in in the top 5% of all companies that underwent the assessment. For five consecutive years starting in 2016, EcoVadis, a leading global organization providing supply chain sustainability assessments, had given Niagro a silver rating for its ongoing initiatives in the areas of the



10×20×30

environment, labor and human rights, ethics, and sustainable procurement. Niagro's received its first gold rating in 2021 as a result of its high scores in the ethics category for its steady activities in line with its code of conduct, and in the sustainable procurement category for educating contract farmers about cultivation and conducting CSR training.

Participation in the Japan Project of the "10x20x30" Food Loss and Waste Initiative

Nichirei Foods is participating in the Japan Project of the "10x20x30" Food Loss and Waste Initiative, a movement by retailers and food manufacturers worldwide to reduce food

loss and waste. Advocated by the World Resources Institute (WRI), a U.S. think tank that conducts policy research and develops technologies at the intersection of the environment and human development, the 10x20x30 initiative brings together 10 of the world's biggest food retailers and providers to each engage with 20 of their priority suppliers with the aim of halving rates of food loss and waste by 2030.

Initiatives at Nichirei Foods' Factories in Japan

In joining the 10x20x30 Japan Project, Nichirei Foods set a target for FY2031 to reduce animal and plant residues per unit of production at domestic food factories by 50% compared with FY2020. We also aim to maintain a recycling rate of at least 99% for waste (including non-food items) at all business sites in Japan. To achieve these targets, we are working to reduce the amount of waste generated by revising production processes and product designs, to donate as food what we previously disposed of as waste, and to conduct recycling, including conversion to animal feed and industrial products.

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Business Strategy

Temperature-controlled Logistics Business

Nichirei Logistics Group Inc. https://www.nichirei-logi.co.jp/english/index.html

President's Message



Kazuhiko Umezawa Director, Executive Officer, Nichirei Corporation President, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc.

Net Sales and Operating Profit by Business Category

Progress of Medium-term Business Plan WeWill 2021

Medium-term Business Plan

- Main Main Measures
- Accelerate efforts for operational reforms and introducing a new personnel system
 - Develop innovative logistics solutions
 - Optimize collection of fees
 - Expand overseas business

In the logistics business, net sales increased in FY2021, and operating profit increased for the sixth consecutive year. In the overall market, although cargo handled for some business categories such as restaurants decreased, the quantity of household-use products handled increased both in Japan and overseas as people refrained from going out. We have been able to minimize the impact from the COVID-19 pandemic because of the balance we maintain between household-use and commercial-use cargo.

During the three-year period of our current Mediumterm Business Plan WeWill 2021, we are working to achieve four objectives: (1) implement work style reforms through business innovation and the introduction of a new personnel system; (2) establish a business model as a solutions company in the logistics field; (3) receive appropriate payment for the services we provide; and (4) expand overseas business.

(Billions of yen)

		-	• •				. ,
			FY2021			FY2022 Plan	
Lc	ogistics Business	Result	Y	YoY		YoY	
		Result	Variance	% Change	Forecast*	Variance	% Change
Vet sales		212.3	5.8	3%	224.0	11.7	6%
Jap	an	172.2	6.8	4%	180.0	7.8	5%
	Logistics network	102.8	1.9	2%	104.0	1.2	1%
	Regional storage	69.4	4.9	8%	76.0	6.6	10%
Ove	erseas	36.5	-1.0	-3%	39.5	3.0	8%
Otł	ners	3.6	0.0	1%	4.5	0.9	25%
Operating	profit	13.1	1.3	11%	14.3	1.2	9%
Jap	an	12.1	1.2	11%	13.1	1.0	9%
	Logistics network	5.1	1.0	23%	5.4	0.3	6%
	Regional storage	7.0	0.2	3%	7.7	0.7	11%
Overseas		1.4	0.2	14%	1.6	0.2	12%
Otł	ners	-0.4	-0.1	_	-0.4	0.0	_

* As of August 3, 2021

Business Scale

- Total assets: ¥181,136 million
- Group companies: 22 companies in Japan, 11 companies overseas (including 6 affiliates in Japan and 2 overseas)
- Employees (consolidated): 4,277
- Facilities: 114 in Japan, 26 overseas (16 in Europe, 6 in China, 1 each in Thailand and Malaysia)

Main Facilities

Distribution Centers: Funabashi DC, Higashi-ogishima DC, Heiwajima DC, Daikoku DC, Nagoya Minato DC, Osaka Futo DC, Osaka Shinnanko DC Cross-Docking Centers: Kawasaki FAZ XD, Kansai XD

- Main Businesses
- Storage
 - TransportationCross Docking (XD)
 - Overseas business
 - Third-party logistics (3PL)
 - Engineering services

For objective (1), regarding the business innovation we have targeted, we have been working for the past five years on introducing advanced technologies such as Al and robotics. Regarding our new personnel system, it is facilitating greater freedom in working styles, and the number of women seeking managerial positions, even at sites other than the head office, has increased. For (2), we aim to establish a business model for solving customer issues using our specialized know-how as an LLP.¹ Through this process we are also expanding our conventional 3PL² business and increasing the number of employees with specialized skills. To receive the appropriate payment set forth in (3), we have set company-wide targets for the three-year plan period to work systematically. For (4) expanding overseas business, we have been expanding our business base through ongoing investments for growth and have secured a solid business model. We will continue to concentrate on this area, stepping up our pace and focus with a view toward the post-COVID era.

Advantages of Nichirei Logistics Group Inc.

Nichirei Logistics Group's refrigerated warehouses have the largest total storage capacity in the industry in Japan, and together with its transportation and delivery network, its ability to provide universal service is its greatest advantage. We also have a diverse, exceptionally broad and deeprooted customer base, with companies ranging from those that operate in a wide area to local enterprises, products ranging from raw materials to finished items, and distribution ranging from upstream to downstream. The way we integrate our customers and cargo enables us to achieve high operation rates in our own network. We are also an industry leader in terms of solution provision and consulting capabilities in the field of logistics. Our current focus is on consulting, in which we visualize, analyze and evaluate data obtained on-site and elsewhere to co-create logistics systems that are the best fit for the customer's management strategy and sales policies. Human resources who can create valuable user experiences are crucial for strengthening our solution provision capabilities. With this in mind, we are working to enhance training by rank and function. We are also deploying cutting-edge technologies such as Al and robotics to automate operations and enable logistics sites to be operated by anyone, without relying on tacit knowledge.

Overseas Strategy

Overseas, we will continue to invest for growth and expand our business base. In FY2022, we will expand warehouse facilities in the Port of Rotterdam in the Netherlands to enhance one-stop services for customs clearance, storage and transport, and strengthen our business base at our two facilities in France. Capturing Brexit-related demand for customs clearance and storage will also lead to growth in our port business through coordination among facilities. In Asia, demand for logistics is increasing in China, where we will continue working to handle existing customers and capture new demand, mainly in the area around Shanghai.



Management Strategy

LLP (Lead Logistics Provider): A company that supports the formulation of supply chain management strategies, logistics strategies and business processes for customers, in addition to the logistics operations and management provided in 3PL.

^{2. 3}PL (Third-party Logistics): A logistics business format in which all or part of a company's logistics functions are outsourced to a third-party company with the relevant know-how. 3PL also involves planning, designing and operating logistics from the standpoint of the shipper.

Business Details

Nichirei Logistics Group is the largest logistics group in Japan, consisting of a logistics network business focused on transportation, XD, LLP and 3PL businesses; a regional storage business that operates refrigerated warehouses; an overseas business that has operations in Europe, China and the ASEAN region; and engineering services for all stages from planning and design to maintenance and management of logistics facilities.

We provide the value of universal, one-stop service through high-performance facilities that have the leading capacity in Japan and that offer meticulous services.

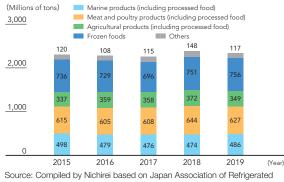
Domestic Refrigerated Warehouse Facility Capacity

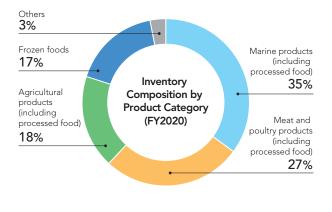
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Area	Number of Facilities	Capacity (thousands of tons)
Hokkaido	7	88
Tohoku	4	64
Kanto	18	563
Chubu	11	221
Kansai	12	274
Chugoku/Shikoku	12	130
Kyushu	12	175
Total	76	1,515

Note: As of March 31, 2021

Business Details

Quantity of Goods Stored by Product Category in the Domestic Refrigerated Warehousing Industry



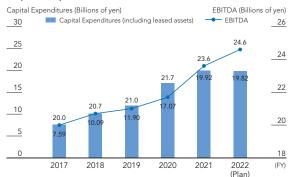


Capital Expenditures

Warehouses documents

- Expected 5% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) for EBITDA over three years
- Invested in shoring up infrastructure, including investments for long-term facility utilization and eco-friendliness, in addition to investments for growth
- Between March 2017 and March 2021, production capacity increased around 10% in Japan and around 20% overseas.

Capital Expenditures and EBITDA

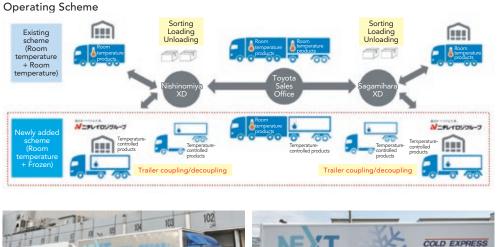


Note: The plan for FY2022 reflects figures announced on May 11, 2021

Data

Simultaneous Bulk Transport of Frozen and Room Temperature Products

Nichirei Logistics Group, together with NEXT Logistics Japan, Ltd. (NLJ), started Japan's first simultaneous bulk transport of frozen and room-temperature products using double-trailer trucks in March 2021. These 25-meter double-trailer trucks feature a room-temperature trailer coupled directly to the tractor, towing a refrigerated trailer. These trucks operate between relay points (XD centers) in the Kanto and Kansai regions.





Double-trailer truck

Logistics Network Inc. container

Enabling Transport of the Load of Two Conventional Trucks in a Single Trip

By improving transportation and delivery efficiency, double-trailer truck operation can also be used to cope with the problem of Japan's shortage of drivers, which has become serious. Combining frozen and room-temperature products for transport in a double-trailer truck enables one driver to transport the load carried by two conventional trucks. Moreover, simply coupling and decoupling the second trailer from the tractor enables simultaneous transportation of two different loads, leading to a reduction in cargo handling work and waiting time at each XD center and substantially reducing the burden on drivers.

Going forward, we will confirm the benefits of this type of operation in areas such as labor saving and reduction of environmental impact. We also plan to increase the types of cargo that can be bundled and carried to promote the evolution of the high-efficiency trunk-route transport scheme that NLJ is building into a system that can be used by a wider range of shippers and transport companies.

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Business Strategy

Marine, Meat and Poultry Products Business

Nichirei Fresh Inc. https://www.nichireifresh.co.jp/en

President's Message



VVATARU TANADE Director, Executive Officer, Nichirei Corporation President, Nichirei Fresh Inc.

Progress of Medium-term Business Plan WeWill 2021

Medium-term Business Plan Main Measures

- Conduct sustainable procurement of marine, meat and poultry products
- Expand sales of premium ingredients and other value-added products
- Develop and step up sales of processed products

In FY2021, net sales in the marine, meat and poultry products business decreased due to a decline in shipments to restaurants, but operating profit increased year on year due to growth in sales for home cooking and cutbacks in expenses, among other factors.

In the marine products business, while the market in Japan is shrinking as consumers eat less fish, demand remains high overseas, making procurement more difficult. We are aware of the continuing need to focus on profitability in procurement and sales and to control costs. In the meat and poultry products business, given the continuing firm demand for meat, we will continue to capture demand for products for home cooking and step up sales of processed products for the home meal replacement (HMR) category.

Under the keywords fresh, delicious, safe, secure, healthy and eco-friendly, Nichirei Fresh has been conducting business mainly through joint development

Net Sales and Operating Profit by Business Category

(Billions of yen)

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	Marine, Meat and Poultry Products Business		FY2021		FY2022 Plan			
			YoY		Forecast*	YoY		
		Result	Variance	% Change	Forecast	Variance	% Change	
Marine	Net sales	63.1	-2.7	-4%	60.0	-3.1	-5%	
Products	Operating profit	0.5	0.1	18%	0.7	0.2	34%	
Meat and	Net sales	84.1	-4.2	-5%	88.2	4.1	5%	
Poultry Products	Operating profit	1.3	0.4	43%	1.6	0.3	23%	

* As of August 3, 2021

Business Scale

- Total assets: Marine products: ¥26,005 million Meat and poultry products: ¥19,344 million
- Group companies:
- Marine products: 2 companies in Japan, 6 companies overseas Meat and poultry products: 5 companies in Japan
- Employees (consolidated): Marine products: 636 Meat and poultry products: 452
- Food production factories: 8 (7 in Japan, 1 overseas)

with suppliers, but going forward we will ramp up our shift to processed products. In the meat and poultry products business, we will work to develop products with health value, with a focus on sales of premium ingredients such as the Amani-no-Megumi meat series and Junwakei chicken. In October 2020, Junwakei chicken became the first poultry product in Japan to acquire Specific Japanese Agricultural Standards (JAS) certification for sustainability. We intend to continue to proactively advance this local livestock circulating model.

In the marine products business, since 2006 we have engaged in Inochi-no-Mori Project¹ nature conservation activities involving sustainable extensive farming of giant tiger prawns and planting of mangrove trees in Kalimantan, Indonesia. These activities, which were extended to whiteleg shrimp ponds in Sumatra, Indonesia, obtained Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC) certification² in 2018. In 2020, mangrove tree planting began in earnest, with plans to plant about 280,000. In addition, we are gradually increasing the handling of marine products certified³ by the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) and as of June 2021, 20 fish species we handle are certified marine products. In the years ahead, we plan to increase the variety of sustainable marine products we handle.

 Main Production Facilities Marine products: Fresh Maruichi Inc., Trans Pacific Seafood Co., Ltd. Meat and poultry products: Fresh Chicken Karumai Inc., Nichirei Fresh Process Inc.



Advantages of Nichirei Fresh Inc.

Our advantages are the network and partnerships we have built with suppliers worldwide since Nichirei was founded, and our functions as a manufacturer and as a trading company for both marine products and meat and poultry products. We also view our human resources with specialized knowledge and experience as another advantage, along with the technological and product development capabilities that enable us to handle various levels of processing using our own facilities.

Overseas Strategy

We consider our overseas business to be one of our growth fields. Demand for marine products remains high outside Japan, spurring competition in global procurement. We aim to ramp up our overseas sales organization to expand sales of sushi and other processed marine products and to conduct ongoing sales promotion with area partners in markets where there is room for expansion. In addition, we plan to increase the utilization rate of company-owned overseas production facilities to stabilize profits.

See page 67 for details on Amani-no-Megumi. See page 30 for details on Junwakei chicken.

1. Inochi-no-Mori Project: https://www.nichireifresh.co.jp/inochinomori/ (Japanese only)

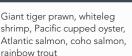
2. ASC certification requires that marine products have been farmed in a sustainable manner.

3. MSC certification requires that marine products are from wild-capture fisheries using methods that do not deplete the natural supply.

Nichirei Fresh Products That Have Obtained MSC/ASC Certification

MSC Certification Number ASC Certification Number MSC-C-52165 Chinook salmon, silver salmon, pink salmon, chum salmon, sockeye-red salmon, Pacific cod, northern rock sole, yellowfin sole, English sole, walleye pollock, arrowtooth flounder, great Atlantic scallop, silver smelt,

snow crab, herring, arctic surf clam, red king crab, longfin inshore squid, Pacific oyster



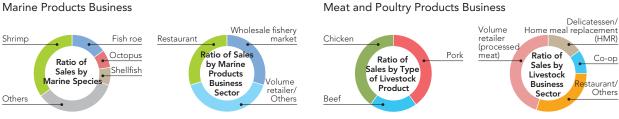
ASC-C-01632



Marine, Meat and Poultry Products Business

Business Details (FY2021)

Marine Products Business



Market Environment

Marine Products Business

Demand for marine products remains high worldwide, making procurement increasingly difficult. On the other hand, competition in the domestic industry is intensifying in Japan's shrinking market as consumers eat less fish.

Meat and Poultry Products Business

Rising prices for corn and other grains have driven up the supply price of compound feed, affecting procurement prices for meat and poultry. In addition, amid an increase in consumption spurred by rising demand for home cooking, the market price of domestic chicken has been trending upward, partly due to supply instability following an outbreak of avian flu in Japan.

Consumption of Meat and Poultry Products



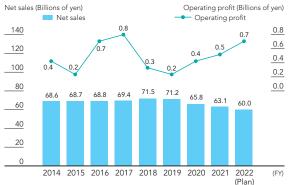
Source: Compiled by Nichirei Fresh based on Agriculture & Livestock Industries Corporation documents

Performance

Marine Products Business

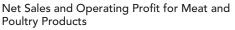
- Focused on selling highly processed products centered on the four major marine species, including shrimp, our mainstay
- Although handling of products for restaurants decreased in FY2021, growth in sales of octopus, fish roe and other products for home cooking contributed to increased profit.





Meat and Poultry Products Business

- Sales of fresh chicken and processed products for HMR remained strong, while increasing the profitability of imported product sales was a major focus.
- Sales of imported frozen foods were weak in FY2021 but profit increased due to firm sales for the meat market.





Data

Environmental Reclamation and Biodiversity Conservation Activities through the *Inochi-no-Mori Project*

For 15 years since December 2006, Nichirei Fresh has been involved in a project to restore a local mangrove forest in collaboration with Tarakan City in Kalimantan, Indonesia, and a local supplier. We sell shrimp raised with an eco-friendly method called extensive aquaculture that utilizes the tides and natural features of the sea, without electricity or feed. Part of the proceeds from sales are used to fund mangrove tree planting (conducted annually), restoration and conservation activities. At the start of the project, there were about 6,000 trees, and as of 2018 the mangrove forest we have been planting had grown to the size of about 65 Tokyo Dome stadiums (just over three square kilometers).

So far, planting has mainly been in and around ponds that had been depleted through use of intensive aquaculture,* a common shrimp farming method in Asia, and then abandoned. Ongoing mangrove planting has regenerated the coastal environment and restored the ecosystem of native flora and fauna.

We will continue working in collaboration with stakeholders in the supply chain to help resolve social issues through extensive aquaculture, a sustainable farming method with low environmental impact, and through mangrove planting for environmental reclamation.

https://www.nichireifresh.co.jp/inochinomori/ (Japanese only)

* Intensive aquaculture: A marine farming method characterized by cutting down seaside and waterside woodlands and mangrove forests to establish large-scale artificial ponds for breeding a large volume of shrimp. Shrimp feed contain antibiotics. These and other drugs administered in raising the shrimp negatively impact the ecosystem of soil, rivers and seas. This impact is one reason shrimp farming is unsustainable. Such farms are abandoned as wasteland, which has become a social issue. Another issue is CO₂ emissions due to the large amounts of electricity and oil consumed to operate paddle aerators that are employed to prevent shrimp in artificial ponds from dying due to lack of oxygen.



Large mangrove trees



Product from the Inochi-no-Mori Project



A large giant tiger prawn raised through extensive farming

Rollout of MIRAI MEAT

Supporting Young Athletes with Meat from the Amani-no-Megumi Series

Nichirei Fresh is rolling out *MIRAI MEAT*, a new project to provide meat to support young up-and-coming athletes as they train for the future. Top athletes engage in hard work-outs, so they also need a high-quality diet for physical fitness, fatigue recovery and weight control. Therefore, we launched *MIRAI MEAT* to support young athletes through food. Over the course of one year, the program provides each athlete with about 70 kg of beef, pork and chicken from the *Amani-no-Megumi* series of products, which are made from animals raised on a feed containing ingredients derived from omega-3 fatty acid-rich linseed meal. Initially, we selected five



athletes from a number of candidates and started the program in March 2020. The *Amani-no-Megumi* series of meats aims for a balance between nutrition and deliciousness. Ideal food for athletes, it has even been recognized by physicians on the AskDoctors medical advice website.

Business Strategy

Bioscience Business

Nichirei Biosciences Inc. https://www.nichirei.co.jp/bio/english/

President's Message



Hideo Yokoi Executive Officer, Nichirei Corporation President, Nichirei Biosciences Inc.

Transformation of the Bioscience Business

Nichirei launched its bioscience business in the 1980s as part of a drive to create new businesses. In addition to import and sale of fetal bovine serum required for cell culture, we expanded our business through manufacture and sale of cow placenta extract, which is a raw material for cosmetics.

Since the 1990s, we have also been conducting a biomedical materials business (involving the import and sale of growth media used for cell culture), a functional materials business* (involving the sale of powders and other products made from acerola), and molecular diagnostics and rapid diagnostics businesses (involving the development, manufacture and sale of diagnostic agents using antibodies produced from cultured cells).

Progress of Medium-term Business Plan WeWill 2021

- Develop and commercialize nextgeneration diagnostic drugs and devices
- Promote overseas business
- Create a business model that captures technological innovations and changing needs
- Create an environment where diverse talent can play active roles

Main Products

Medium-term

Business Plan

Main

Measures



Histofine ALK iAEP® Kit companion diagnostic



Histostainer-AT automated immunostaining device

About Companion Diagnostics

In-vitro diagnostics for testing one's biomarkers or genes, enabling patients to receive appropriate drugs or therapies. They are used to improve the efficacy and safety of certain drugs, and now several companion diagnostics are used to assess whether patients are eligible for molecular targeted cancer therapies.

Business Scale

- Total assets: ¥8,727 million
- Employees (non-consolidated): 110

Main Facilities

(production and R&D facilities)

Nichirei Biosciences Global Innovation Center

- Main Products
 - Molecular diagnostics
 - Rapid diagnostics Biomedical materials
- Pathcom Systems Corporation (California, U.S.A.)

In FY2021, because of the COVID-19 pandemic there were fewer hospital visits by patients and people refrained from going for check-ups at private clinics. This had the greatest impact on the rapid diagnostics business, where there was a decrease in sales volume of influenza antigen test kits, which account for about 80% of sales. The molecular diagnostics business also continued to face difficult conditions due to the decrease in the number of pathological examinations. As a result, net sales decreased. Operating profit also decreased due to tough sales conditions in Japan and a slump in performance at our U.S. subsidiary.

On the other hand, development of drugs in the new fields of regenerative medicine and cell therapy has been brisk at pharmaceutical companies, and since their manufacturing processes often use serum, demand has increased for the serum handled by our biomedical materials business. Sales of serum products have also increased partly due to the success of our early switchover to online sales. In FY2022, we aim to secure profit by expanding sales in Japan of our COVID-19 antigen test kit and improving the performance of our U.S. subsidiary.

Advantages of Nichirei Biosciences Inc.

We have three main advantages: possessing technologies for developing diagnostic agents for biomarkers using antibodies, such as the companion diagnostic *Histofine ALK iAEP* kit (a mainstay product of the molecular diagnostics business); a

system for stable supply of these products; and the technology to develop automated immunostaining devices used to perform immunohistochemical (IHC) staining with these diagnostic agents. In short, our business model is to sell and install medical devices at medical institutions that use our specialized reagents, and our IHC staining technology is difficult to replicate. We currently sell raw materials for these diagnostics directly and IHC staining devices as an OEM,* and have received numerous inquiries from all over the world.

We also have advantages in technologies for developing, producing and evaluating antibodies, as well as the knowhow for stable production and supply of high-quality products using the technologies we have cultivated over many years. Moreover, the number of cancer patients in Japan is rising as the population rapidly ages. Because pathological diagnoses are important in cancer treatment, we believe that the molecular diagnostics business will be a growth driver going forward.

Global Innovation Center (Sayama City, Saitama Prefecture)

Close Up

Launch of Rapid Diagnostic Kit for Detecting COVID-19 and Influenza Antigens

- A rapid diagnostic kit that simultaneously detects antigen for COVID-19 and influenza A and B went on sale in May 2021.
- Simple determination of positive or negative results in about 15 minutes without the need for special testing equipment



Social

Addressing Climate Change (TCFD)

Climate Change Scenario Establishment and Information Disclosure

The effects of climate change are becoming increasingly serious and climate change is considered to be a contributing factor in the frequent abnormal weather patterns and natural disasters currently occurring. Together, these events are impacting the supply chain for food, which is the foundation of the value provided by the Nichirei Group. We recognize the importance of appropriately responding to risks posed by shifts in the external environment caused by climate change. At the same time, we are considering and preparing multiple scenarios in which climate change could give rise to business opportunities. To this end, we are assessing climate change scenarios with respect to the four aspects of the recommended framework put forward by the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD): governance, strategy, risk management, and metrics and targets. By conducting appropriate disclosures of relevant information, we hope to continue building a constructive dialogue with our stakeholders. It is in line with these ideas and because we support its recommendations that, in June 2020, we announced our participation in the TCFD Consortium. The Group has positioned climate change initiatives as one of the material matters

for achieving its vision for long-term management goals toward 2030. As such, we are actively promoting initiatives to help resolve social issues related to climate change.



1 Governance

In October 2019, we began analyzing climate change scenarios as an interdepartmental Group project, headed by the president, and are reviewing the scenarios across the Nichirei Group. Following discussion and review by the Group Environmental Protection Committee in May 2020, the Board of Directors approved low-carbon policies as a long-term environmental goal in June and disclosed them in August of the same year.

In October 2020, the director, executive officer responsible for implementing climate change strategies was appointed as project head. The project reviewed and analyzed climate change scenarios in relation to water-related risks arising

from abnormal weather, which, out of the risks identified in FY2020, would have a particularly significant financial impact on the Group. Following discussion and review by the Group Environmental Protection Committee in May 2021, the Board of Directors approved goals (measures and KPIs) for water-related risks as one of the Nichirei Group material measures in June and disclosed those measures and KPIs in August of the same year.

The director, executive officer in charge reports at least once a year on the progress of the initiatives at Board of Directors meetings. Relevant strategies, goals and plans are revised as appropriate on the basis of these reports.

FY2021-2022 Project Organization

Project name	Project for the Analysis of Climate Change Scenarios
Project head	Director, Executive Officer
Project leader	General Manager, Technology Management
Department in charge	Technology Management
Departments participating in the project	Group Communication
Controlling committee	Group Environmental Protection Committee (meets twice annually)
Reports to Board of Directors	At least once a year

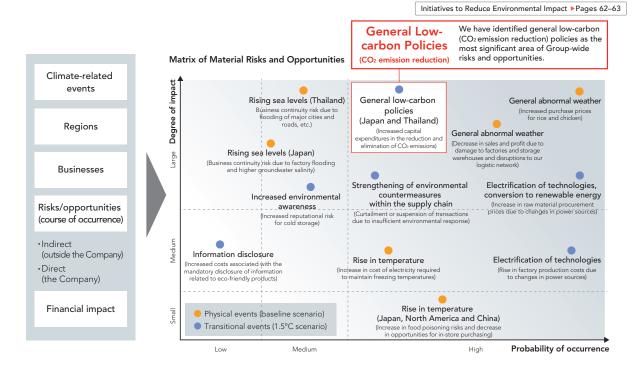
2 Strategy

Identification of Material Risks and Opportunities

Worldwide, the Nichirei Group is developing a range of food-centered businesses that it expects will be impacted by climate change in various ways. We are conducting scenario analyses of how climate change might affect our business activities. We hope to better quantify the risks and opportunities identified in order to incorporate appropriate responses in our management strategy. In this way, we aim to become a sustainable corporate group.

FY2021

We assessed the material risks and opportunities of the Nichirei Group based on two climate change scenarios, and identified general low-carbon policies (CO₂ emission reduction) as the most significant area of Group-wide risks and opportunities. We established long-term CO₂ reduction goals and launched initiatives.



Selection of water-related risks arising from abnormal weather, which is a risk common to both the foods and logistics businesses.

Material Risks and Opportunities by Business and Scenario

	Business			Risks	Business		Opportunities		
		Chicken		General	 Reduction of agricultural and dairy production, and steep rise in purchase prices due to deterioration in quality 		Baseline scenario	Changes in weather patterns	 Increased demand for frozen and processed foods
pu		Rice	Baseline scenario	abnormal weather	 Difficulty in obtaining raw materials and production delays due to logistic network disruptions 	Foods Business	0	Strengthening of environmental countermeasures	 Increased demand for ethical products that are compliant with the Sedex platform and are created using globally certified raw materials
Foods a	Business	Shrimp	Baseline	Flooding, rising sea	Reductions in production efficiency and volume and submerged aquafarms	Foods E	.5°C scenario	within the supply chain	 Increased demand for the curtailment of food loss within the supply chain through the development of eco-friendly products and technological development
Risks common to both the Foods and Logistics businesses	Foods B	Vegetables, marine products, and meat and poultry products		levels	 Submerged agriculture farms, aquafarms and processing factories Difficulty in obtaining raw materials and production delays due to supply chain disruptions 		- <u>-</u>	Increased environmental awareness	Development and expansion of demand for products created using sustainable raw materials
mon to ogistics		Common	scenario	Low-carbon policies	 Increased cost for measures for converting to renewable energy and equipment electrification, elimination of emissions 	ness	Baseline scenario	General abnormal weather	 Increase in sales resulting from customer base expansion achieved through strengthened disaster countermeasures and greater resilience
isks com L		Common	1.5°C so	Environmental countermeasures within the supply chain	Curtailment of transactions; higher cost of measures such as the maintenance of global certifications	Logistics Business	scenario	Modal shift	Cost reduction achieved through a modal shift that improves transportation efficiency
<u>۳</u>		ness	scenario	General abnormal	Damage to refrigerated warehouses and logistics centers	Logi	1.5°C so	Increased environmental awareness	 Increase in number of business partners due to higher evaluations as a company that actively discloses information related to environmental countermeasures
		Logistics Business	Base ine	weather	Difficulty securing human resources in disaster risk areas				
		Logi	1.5°C scenario	Low-carbon policies	 Opportunity loss caused by the slow increase of investment in natural refrigerants and the slow adoption of technological platforms such as electrical and low-carbon vehicles 				

Note: The bioscience business is characteristically resistant to impact from climate change-related events. Accordingly, we have not currently identified any material factors in our bioscience business based on the FY2021 Group climate change scenarios. FY2022

Climate Change Scenarios in Relation to Water-Related Risks Arising from Abnormal Weather

	(1) Risk of Futur	e River Flooding	(2) Risk of Future Rising S	ea Levels (Tidal Flooding)
	Description	Results	Description	Results
Assessment criteria	The location criterion is the scale of rainfall assumed to result in flooding according to the hazard maps of municipalities in the region where the facility is located. The assessment is conducted based on predicted rainfall amounts.	When creating hazard maps for regions where the facilities are located, three facilities in Japan were found in locations where	For facilities in areas with either no risk or unknown risk of flooding according to the municipal hazard map of the region where they are located, an assessment was conducted of the risk of flooding assuming the occurrence of a typhoon on the scale of the Ise Bay Typhoon, one of the most destructive typhoons in Japanese history, and future rising sea levels (set at 1 meter by the Japan Meteorological Agency in <i>Climate Change in Japan 2020</i>).	 <u>39 of the 145 facilities</u> were in flood areas according to municipal hazard maps. <u>No facilities overseas</u> Based on an Ise Bay Typhoon-scale typhoon and rising sea levels, a simple calculation was performed for
Facilities to be assessed	21 facilities in Japan (8 plants and 13 refrigerated warehouses)	the number of rainfall events exceeding the anticipated maximum rainfall amount was expected to be around the same as the current number of	145 facilities in Japan 1 facility overseas	the facilities outside of flood areas according to municipal hazard maps or in areas for which hazard maps had not been prepared (106 facilities).
Facility selection criteria	 Facilities located in regions where hazard maps have been prepared Food factories with large production volume Refrigerated warehouses (distribution centers) in areas with high base flood elevation according to current hazard maps Selected to avoid overrepresentation of certain regions 	rainfall events or potentially higher in the future.	 All facilities in Japan, and facilities where significant financial risk and distance from the coast were considered (Thailand: Chicken production facility) 	As a result, <u>27 facilities</u> were found to be in flood areas when rising sea levels were not considered, and <u>32</u> when rising sea levels associated with climate change were considered.

3 Risk Management

Nichirei is a global operator of food-related businesses. Accordingly, we ensure that appropriate divisions manage the impact of a variety of risks (including climate change-related risks encountered through business activities) on business management from a holistic perspective, employing both rational and optimal methods. The risks are also discussed and reviewed by the Group Risk Management Committee, which is chaired by the president.

We believe that risks associated with climate change scenarios are major and could impact the entire Group. Thus, the Group Environmental Protection Committee, chaired by the president, reviews both physical and transition risks twice a year, based on information gleaned from relevant reports and experts' advice. In addition, at least once a year the director, executive officer supervising environmental management reports to the Board of Directors.

We hope to better quantify the risks and opportunities identified in order to incorporate appropriate responses in our management strategy. In this way, we aim to become a sustainable corporate group.



(3) Risk of Future Shortages of Water Resources

Description

Based on actual rainfall amounts during past droughts, an assessment was conducted based on predicted rainfall amounts using annual rainfall of 700 millimeters as the criteria.

21 facilities in Japan 3 facilities overseas

• The 30 facilities in Japan with the largest water intake quantity and the facilities overseas with the highest financial risk were selected (Thailand: Chicken production facility)

Note: This review is a simple assessment based on expected rainfall amounts and does not include the impact of social conditions (such as water intake). It also does not take into account transfers of water between watersheds. Such factors are important in water resource assessments, and therefore must be included when conducting a detailed assessment.

Three facilities were found to

be in areas where the number

annual rainfall amount of 700

millimeters was expected to be

the same as the current number

of rainfall events below an

or potentially higher in the

future.

Financial Impact

- We regularly review the financial impact of water-related risks arising from abnormal weather and with respect to our business continuity plan. (BCP).
- The 2018 Japan floods caused some flooding and damage from storm surges at refrigerated warehouses in western Japan.
- In the future, we will work on climate change scenarios for each raw material.

Financial Strategy

Management Strategy

Value Creation Story

4 Indicators and Targets Nichirei Group Materiality > Pages 12–13

We have set forth climate change initiatives as one of our material matters and have established the indicators and targets below for our key initiatives.

Group Measures	: Promote reduction of CO_2 emissions per unit of production and utilization of
	renewable energy at food factories and logistics centers, and disclose
	information based on the TCFD recommendations.
Group KPI:	50% reduction in CO $_{2}$ emissions (compared with FY2016; Scope 1 and 2 in Japan)



Social

Initiatives to Reduce Environmental Impact

The Nichirei Group formulated the Nichirei Group Environmental Policy with a focus on three priority issues: prevention of global warming, promotion of sustainable recycling, and living in harmony with nature.

Since the Group's activities span the entire supply chain-food factories, logistics centers, and other worksites-it must play a part in the environmental initiatives and activities of both customers and business partners.

The Group is aware of the substantial impact that climate change is having on its business, as its support of food-related infrastructure depends on natural ecosystems for raw materials. Accordingly, the Group and its business partners undertake the following:

- Use energy efficiently in the production of food products
- Reduce greenhouse gas emissions by using more efficient temperature-controlled storage and transportation
- Reduce climate load throughout the supply chain by promoting the use of renewable energy

Nichirei Group Environmental Policy and Nichirei Group Bio-diversity Policy

Environmental management system

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/csr/environment/concept.html

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/csr/environment/system.html

Long-term Environmental Goals and Low-carbon Policies

Nichirei Group Materiality Pages 12–13 Addressing Climate Change (TCFD) Pages 58–61

We will implement low-carbon policies in response to one of our material matters and in pursuit of our long-term

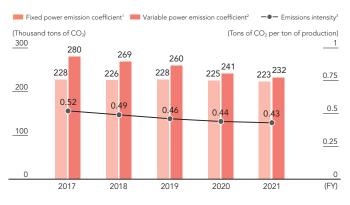
environmental goals. We will actively implement the following three measures during the 10 years from 2021 through 2030.

the Nichirei Group is promoting the following low-carbon policies: Pillar of low-carbon policy Overview Target scope The establishment of long-term 50%* reduction in CO₂ emissions (compared with FY2016) in Japan, Japan Scope 1 CO₂ reduction goals 1 and 2 Scope 1 and 2 in 2030 The promotion of CO2 reduction Overseas Scope Initiate data collection and other efforts at overseas worksites 2 countermeasures overseas • Review and promote CO2 reduction countermeasures at overseas worksites 1 and 2 The promotion of CO₂ reduction • Promote data collection and other efforts within Scope 3 3 Scope 3 countermeasures within Scope 3 • Review and promote CO₂ reduction countermeasures within Scope 3

Having endorsed the TCFD recommendations,

* In June 2021, the target was revised upward from 30% to 50%.

■Nichirei Group CO₂ Emissions



Notes:

- 1. Fixed power emission coefficient: The CO₂ emission intensity unit of 0.412 [t-CO₂/MWh] announced by the Federation of Electric Power Companies of Japan in FY2010, used nationwide
- 2. Variable power emission coefficient: Power conversion coefficient used by power companies in each fiscal year utilized at each worksite
- 3. Scope of power emission intensity: Nichirei Foods (Nichirei Foods-operated factories and affiliated factories in Japan) and Nichirei Fresh (affiliated factories in Japan). Excluding the following factories: Nichirei Foods: Nichirei Ice Inc.:

Nichirei Fresh: Nichirei Fresh Farm Inc., Fresh Chicken Karumai Inc., FRESH MEAT SAKUDAIRA Inc.

Renewable Energy

Purchase of Green Energy

Since 2007, the Nichirei Group has been purchasing and stockpiling Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs)* every year for the purpose of promoting the use of renewable energy. As a result, in FY2021, the head office building (Nichirei Higashi Ginza Bldg.; tenants that are part of the Nichirei Group) shifted to renewable energy, making use of RECs, for all of its power usage.

In addition, since March 2020, Nichirei Foods has purchased 10 GWh worth of RECs per year to cover all electricity used in production lines for Honkaku-Itame Cha-Han (fried rice). It is also making the shift to renewable energy.

* Green power is power generated from renewable energy sources, such as biomass, solar and wind. The CO2 emission reductions achieved through the use of power generated from renewable energy are traded in the form of RECs.

Utilizing Electricity Generated from Solar Power

The Nichirei Group is working to reduce CO₂ emissions by installing solar power generation equipment on the premises of food factories and on the rooftops of refrigerated logistics warehouses.

Chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) Initiatives Nichirei Group Materiality > Pages 12-13

Switching to Natural Refrigerants

The Nichirei Group is adopting natural refrigerants at newly constructed or expanded food factories and refrigerated warehouses. We are also systematically replacing equipment that uses CFC refrigerants with equipment that uses natural refrigerants.

By 2030, we will have switched to natural refrigerants for 75% of equipment used by Nichirei Logistics Group (based on tons of equipment excluding leased equipment),

including overseas facilities, and 100% of the freezers used at Nichirei Foods' domestic food factories and investee factories.

Initiatives to Prevent Refrigerant Leaks

In 2013, Nichirei Logistics Group introduced highly sensitive detectors (with more than 10 times the accuracy of previous devices) capable of 24-hour measurement at all domestic facilities in order to reduce refrigerant leakage from existing refrigerators. Regular inspections also lead to further leakage reductions.

In September 2019, we received the Special Review Committee Award at the 22nd Protect the Ozone Layer, Prevent Global Warming Awards organized by Nikkan Kogyo Shimbun, Ltd. (THE DAILY INDUSTRIAL NEWS). The award was in recognition of our total support service for reducing CO₂ emissions utilizing our proprietary refrigerant leak prediction and diagnostic system.

Change of Fuel Used in Manufacturing Equipment

Switching Boiler Fuels

Manufacturing at the food factories of Nichirei Foods entails a variety of processes, including frying and baking. We are systematically switching from kerosene and heavy oil to city gas and propane gas, which produce fewer CO₂ emissions, in the boilers that create the heat energy used in manufacturing.





CO₂ reduction

765 t

1,003 t

986 t

Solar Power Generation and CO₂ Reduction

Power generation

1,444 MWh

2,068 MWh

2,149 MWh

FY2019

FY2020

FY2021

グリーン電力派表







Business Strategy

Data

Financial Strategy

Social

Water Risk, Biodiversity, Using Less Plastic

Water Risk Assessment

https://nichirei.disclosure.site/en/themes/166

As one factor in achieving its goal of building sustainable supply chains, the Nichirei Group recognizes the importance of water resources in producing raw materials and conducting business, and strives to conserve them.

In FY2020, the Group conducted water risk assessments at all of its facilities (152 facilities in Japan and overseas) and identified those facilities where water risk was high as a result of internal and external factors. In FY2021, interviews were conducted at the three facilities identified as having high water risk, and the Group confirmed that at this time, there are no water risks falling under the categories of quantity, quality or regulatory and reputational risks. In FY2022, investigations were conducted at domestic facilities with respect to river flooding and storm surge risk due to typhoons and heavy rains.

Water Risk Assessment



Renewable Energy

Protecting Endangered Orchids

Since FY2004, the Nichirei Group has helped in the conservation and regeneration of the endangered orchid *Cypripedium macranthos* var. *macranthos* and other species through research on and the breeding of orchids and other plants in Fujimi-machi, Nagano Prefecture. In 2014, some artificially propagated orchids of this species flowered and, in FY2020, they produced 32 blooms. This led to Nichirei entering a biodiversity conservation partnership agreement with Fujimi-machi, Nagano Prefecture, and the Fujimi-machi Atsumorisou Regeneration Committee in February 2019. The Group will provide technologies necessary for the conservation and regeneration of *Cypripedium macranthos* orchids and cover a portion of the costs. In June 2021, the Committee began selling artificially propagated blooms and seedlings, which it hopes will help prevent excessive picking of wild indigenous species. In our artificial pollination efforts, we avoid mixing plants from the same lineage as much as possible in order to preserve genetic diversity.





Plastic Reduction Initiatives

Reducing Plastic Used in Frozen Food Containers and Packaging

Since 2006, Nichirei Foods has been striving to reduce the amount of plastic used for household-use frozen food product containers and packaging. Recently we achieved a reduction of over 200 tons for seven target items, compared with before these initiatives began. While continuing to reduce plastic use by reviewing product containers and packaging, we will also work toward reducing our CO_2 emissions.



Thinner Packaging

Fiscal year	Products	Measures
Since FY2007	<i>Imagawa-Yaki</i> (Japanese waffle)	Elimination of trays
Since FY2010	Yaki-Onigiri (grilled rice ball) 10-pack	Elimination of trays
Since FY2012	Honkaku-Itame Cha-Han (fried rice)	Thinner packaging
Since FY2015	Yaki-Onigiri (grilled rice ball) 10-pack	Thinner packaging
Since FY2016	Honkaku-Itame Cha-Han (fried rice)	Thinner packaging (second time)
Since FY2019	Ebi-Pilaf (shrimp pilaf) and Chicken-Rice (chicken rice)	Thinner packaging
Ebi-to-Cheese-no Gratin (shrimp gratin) and Ebi-to-Cheese-no Doria (shrimp rice gratin)		Thinner trays, reduced tray handle width

Switching to Biomass Film and Ink



We use biomass ink on some product packaging such as for our *Obento ni Good!* series. Biomass ink is made from renewable, plant-derived materials, and its use helps reduce environmental impact.

Food and Health: Creating New Value

Changes are occurring under the new normal, including diversification of consumer needs and personalization of food and medicine. Leveraging the accumulated strengths and functions of the Nichirei Group, we will continue to provide new value that addresses the changing market environment and helps resolve social issues.

Addressing Problems of Drug-resistant Bacteria

Antibiotic-free Chicken

https://www.nichireifresh.co.jp/product/livestock/detail/?id=376 (Japanese only)

Chemical agents, such as antibiotics and synthetic antibacterials, are used in general broiler chicken farming to treat diseases, prevent the spread of illnesses due to farming conducted in tight spaces, and promote growth.

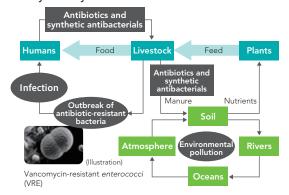
Nichirei Fresh has been selling antibiotic-free chicken since 2004. While vaccinated, our poultry is not exposed to chemical agents, including antibiotics and synthetic antibacterials, that could contribute to the emergence of antibiotic-resistant bacteria.* Instead, our poultry farming methods take full advantage of the innate immunocompetence of chickens.

Our farming technology takes into consideration the growing conditions and applies Nichirei Fresh's proprietary expertise to poultry farming, resulting in chickens with higher natural immunocompetence and greater natural resistance to diseases. This is achieved through the use of such feed ingredients as lactic acid, other probiotics, and plant-based herbal medicines that help maintain the health of chickens and boost their immunity. Since the manure of chickens exposed to antibiotics affects soil bacteria and groundwater, the poultry farming methods used to produce antibiotic-free chicken also contribute to the natural cycles intrinsic to ecosystems.



Marine and livestock products raised without the use of antibiotics and synthetic antibacterials throughout the entire production process

Antibiotic-resistant Bacteria That Threaten **Ecosystem Cycles**



* Drug-resistant bacteria: Protecting people from drug-resistant bacteria (on which antibacterial agents have little or no affect) is becoming an issue worldwide. Those with weakened immunocompetence who are exposed to such bacteria may not respond to treatment with antibiotics. Drug-resistant bacteria have been found in livestock continuously exposed to chemical agents such as antibiotics and synthetic antibacterials. As a result of growing consumer interest in the United States. meat from animals not exposed to antibiotics is becoming increasingly popular. We will continue to assess the issue of drug-resistant bacteria while producing chicken in a way that contributes to human health.

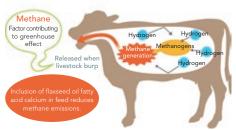
Reducing Methane Emissions in Beef Cattle Farming

Addition of Key Omega (Flaxseed Oil Fatty Acid Calcium) to Feed

Ruminants such as cattle and sheep have four stomach chambers. In the process of breaking down and digesting feed, microbes in the rumen (first chamber) produce hydrogen and carbon dioxide. Microorganisms called methanogens turn these gases into methane, which is released when the animal burps. Methane is said to have 21 times the greenhouse effect of CO₂, and around 16% of all methane produced around the world comes from ruminants. Cattle account for roughly 70% of this total and are considered a factor in the acceleration of global warming.

Research has shown that including a certain portion of flaxseed oil fatty acid calcium (feed raw material processed from flaxseed oil) in beef cattle

Mechanism of Cattle Methane Production (Illustration)



feed improves the efficiency of weight gain, reducing the fattening period, which in turn leads to a reduction of methane emissions. In 2009, with the aim of putting this technique to practical use, Nichirei Fresh conducted a series of fattening trials with the cooperation of domestic beef cattle farmers, JA (Japan Agricultural Cooperatives) and animal research centers in each region and established optimal fattening programs for each breed of beef cattle. Unsaturated fatty acids, which are abundant in flaxseed oil, combine with hydrogen in the rumen to suppress methane emissions. The process also prevents energy loss, which translates into a reduction of feed costs due to a reduced fattening period and increased shipping weights, bringing an economic benefit to livestock farmers.

New Value in Food and Health

Meat Production: Focus on Omega-3 Fatty Acids Amani-no-Megumi Meat

http://www.goodbalancemeat.jp/ (Japanese only)

Nichirei Fresh produces and sells meat, and has been focusing on omega-3 fatty acids, which are essential for human health. We have improved the balance of omega-3 and omega-6 fatty acids in our meat by giving chickens, pigs and cattle* a formula feed that uses ingredients derived from flax, which is rich in α -linolenic acid. This results in tender and juicy meat, which we have been selling since 2006.

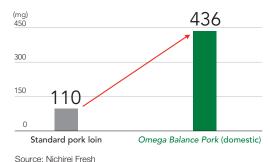
Omega-3 fatty acids, abundant in blue-backed fish, flaxseed oil and perilla oil, are converted into eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) and docosahexaenoic acid (DHA) in the body. However, the diet of people in Japan today is often lacking in essential fatty acids, which the body cannot synthesize, especially omega-3 fatty acids. By promoting everyday diets that include meat containing a balance of these fatty acids, Nichirei Fresh supports people's health.

* There are individual differences among cattle.



Flax flowers and seeds

Comparison of Amount of Omega-3 Fatty Acid (α-linolenic Acid) That Body Can Absorb from 100-Gram Pork Loin



Meat Analogue Containing No Animal Meat: Daiz Meat

Nichirei Foods is developing meat analogue products as a new undertaking in frozen foods that will contribute to a more sustainable society. We reproduce the flavor and characteristics of meat without using animal meat by combining various kinds of soy meat, including that from germinated soybeans grown using the proprietary technology of DAIZ, which is engaged in advanced research on soybeans. Moreover, through the application of our know-how and technology for reproducing delicious flavors, we have developed products that are both healthy and tasty.

■Possibilities of New Effects of Acerola

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/news/2021/382.html (Japanese only)

In research into the body's high rate of absorption of vitamin C from acerola, Nichirei Foods analyzed the effects of acerola powder and acerola juice on gut microbiota.

Our analysis showed that when human gut microbiota were supplied with acerola powder or acerola juice, there was an increase not only in beneficial enteric bacteria such as *Lactobacillus bifidus* but also metabolites such as acetic acid and butyric acid, which are known to be good for the body.

We will delve deeper into these results and conduct even more sophisticated research. With this, we expect to be able to further clarify mechanisms and utilize the results in new research and development and product development. Food enriches people's lives and by approaching food from a scientific perspective, we aim to realize a healthier society.



Management Strategy

Value Creation Story

Data

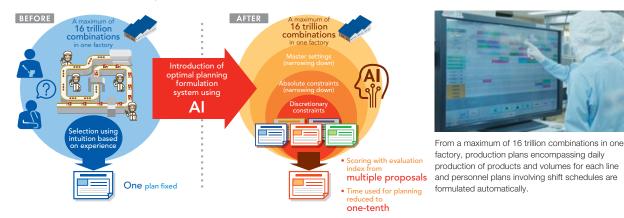
Development of New Technologies

Needs relating to good eating habits have been growing and diversifying among customers and within society at large. In the drive to further strengthen its core competencies and proactively resolve social issues, Nichirei will leverage its production technologies and expertise, while drawing on new developments including those in AI, IoT, autonomous driving, and robotics.

Harnessing AI to Automate and Optimize Production and Personnel Planning

https://www.nichireifoods.co.jp/news/2020/info_id8338/ (Japanese only)

Nichirei Foods has collaborated with Hitachi, Ltd. in creating a system that uses AI to automate and optimize production and personnel planning. In FY2021, the system was introduced at two model factories in Japan. It uses sophisticated AI technology to reproduce and refine plans previously formulated by experts based on complex constraints. In addition to legal and regulatory requirements involved in personnel planning, a variety of other conditions must also be considered, including individual ability, overtime, and paid leave. Until now, experts formulated plans based on such preconditions, often relying on experience-based intuition. The new system uses AI to automate planning and identify optimal solutions from among the various permutations, while also quantifying and incorporating intuition-based criteria. As a result, planning requires one-tenth of the time and can be conducted by non-expert employees. The system is expected to contribute to work style reforms such as by reducing the number of hours worked and encouraging more employees to use paid leave. Given that in recent years food manufacturers have been called upon to make and supply products while responding to fluctuations in demand, the system is contributing to improved customer satisfaction due to its application of advanced digital technologies and the creation of efficient production systems. Nichirei Foods will continue to harness digital technologies to promote further improvements in productivity, reductions in lead time and inventories, as well as work style reforms.

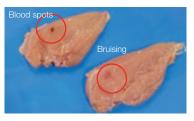


Production Planning Concept Diagram

Joint Development of AI-Based Foreign Matter Detection and Elimination Technologies with Kindai University

https://www.nichireifoods.co.jp/news/2018/info_id5715/ (Japanese only)

In the process of receiving ingredients for processed chicken products, we control and maintain the quality of those ingredients using sorting technologies that include metal detection and X-ray, near-infrared, optical, and color analysis. However, additional manual or visual inspection is often required, since the accuracy of these methods in distinguishing the quality of ingredients decreases depending on the regularity of the shape of the ingredient, and the position and angle of foreign matter or impurities.* In selecting ingredients for chicken products, three major impurities in particular must be eliminated: bones, feathers and blood spots. In February 2018, in partnership with Kindai University, Nichirei Foods developed sorting technologies powered by AI. With the ability to locate impurities with pinpoint accuracy, Al-powered technology prevents rejection of impurity-free meat, leading to reduced food waste.



* Impurities include parts of food normally considered to be inedible, such as bones and feathers in the case of chicken

Expiration Date Reader AI Solution for Tablet Inspections*

https://www.nichirei-logi.co.jp/news/2020/20200713.html (Japanese only)

Following field tests, Nichirei Logistics Group began introducing an Al solution for automatically reading expiration dates from image data at 50 bases nationwide in FY2021. As part of its efforts to fully digitize warehouse operations, the Group is adopting tablet devices and AI solutions to expand functionality. Previously performed manually, expiration date input can now be completed using AI, enabling highly accurate readings of 93% or higher and fast processing speeds of about two seconds. This has led to improved quality control enabling anyone to capture expiration date images, simplifying overall operations, and facilitating stress-free work.

Autonomous Driving Forklifts

Nichirei Logistics Group began conducting field tests of autonomous driving forklifts at refrigerated warehouses in January 2018. In 2021, they were introduced at the Daikoku Distribution Center of Group company Kyokurei.

A distinctive characteristic of autonomous driving forklifts is that they can be given instructions using a tablet device, thereby making safe use possible for employees who might otherwise lack the physical strength or operating skills to manually operate a forklift. Going forward, we will steadily increase the number of facilities with autonomous driving forklifts and tie that into reducing working hours, economizing on manpower for on-site work, and improving occupational health and safety at our warehouses.

Automated Guided Vehicles (AGVs)

In 2021, Nichirei Logistics Group introduced automated guided vehicles (AGVs) for transporting pallets supplied by Phoxter Corporation (Headquarters: Toyonaka City, Osaka; President & CEO: Junichi Sonoda), which develops image processing technology and automated guided vehicles, at the Sendai Distribution Center of Nichirei Logistics Tohoku. AGVs for transporting roll pallets have also been introduced at five transfer centers.

The Group is focused on process innovation to address labor shortages, reduce the load on workers, and change on-site work so that anyone can do it. We will continue to work on building an optimal labor environment and system leveraging the characteristics of both humans and machines.

Truck Loading Dock Reservation System

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/news/2017/298.html (Japanese only)

At distribution centers, truck deliveries are concentrated at certain times, and without knowing each truck's cargo, smooth loading and unloading can be difficult, which has led to long wait times for truck drivers becoming a social issue.

Aiming to alleviate and eliminate the problem of trucks having to wait, in October 2017 Nichirei Logistics Group began operating a truck reservation system. As of FY2021, the system has been introduced at 30 facilities nationwide. The system allows truck operators (the shipper or shipping company) to reserve a desired time for loading or unloading trucks, in line with the loading and unloading time slot

framework at each distribution center. It also improves efficiency with regard to post-arrival administrative procedures by enabling truck operators to inform distribution centers of cargo details ahead of time. The introduction of the system has led to reductions in the time required for unloading and loading, truck operations, and truck exhaust gas emissions (CO₂ reductions).



Automated expiration date reader AI solution: Preprocessing technologies that use AI-OCR (Optical Character Recognition/Reader) and image recognition to identify the characters of the expiration date from the image and cross-reference the recognized expiration date with information in the cloud, thereby achieving higher reading accuracy.



An autonomous driving forklift at the Daikoku DC



AGV for transporting pallets

AGV for transporting roll pallets

Management Strategy

Value Creation Story

Financial Strategy

Business Strategy

Building a Sustainable Supply Chain

We recognize that the sustainable procurement of resources is extremely important for the Nichirei Group to continue to provide value to society. In addition, we recognize that, when conducting global business activities, it is important to work with stakeholders in our supply chain to respect the environment and human rights. In the years to come, we will continue to contribute to the realization of a sustainable society through efforts to resolve social issues along our supply chain.

Nichirei Group Sustainable Supply Chain Policy (1) https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/csr/supplychain

The Nichirei Group is committed to building a sustainable supply chain. The Group procures products and services in accordance with the following policy and asks suppliers to agree and comply with this policy.

Legal compliance We comply with the laws and social norms of each country and region where we operate.					
Fair business practices We employ fair, transparent, and impartial business practices.					
Human rights We respect human rights and provide safe, healthy work environments.					
Environment	We strive to reduce environmental impact and consider the health of the global environment.				
Product quality and safety We work hard to deliver safe, high-quality products and services.					
Information management	We manage information properly and disclose information related to our business activities in a timely, appropriate manner.				
Local communities	We seek to build close cooperative relationships with local communities, as a good corporate citizen.				

Human Rights Policy () https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/corpo/humanrightspolicy.html

Recognizing that our business processes may have direct or indirect effects on human rights, we have established the Nichirei Group Human Rights Policy (hereafter referred to as the "policy"), based on the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. This policy guides us in our efforts to fulfill our responsibility to respect the human rights of all stakeholders of our business.

1. Scope	The policy is applicable to all employees and officers of the Nichirei Group. We will also require business partners to support the policy and work towards ensuring respect for human rights.		 The Nichirei Group will establish a system of human rights due diligence to identify, prevent and mitigate adverse impact on human rights generated by the Group in society. If any business activities of the Nichirei Group cause adverse impact on human rights or if it is discovered that the Nichirei Group is involved in a straight or the set of the prevention of the set of the
2. Basic Principles	 In addition to our efforts to promote respect for human rights based on the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, the Nichirei Group supports and upholds the following international standards: The United Nations International Bill of Human Rights (the Universal Declaration of Human Rights and the International Covenants on Human Rights); The International Labour Organization's Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work; and The United Nations General Assembly Resolution: The United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples. 	3. Identification of, Response to and Disclosure of Issues Related to Human Rights	 causing adverse impact on human rights through our business transactions with stakeholders and the like, we will take steps to provide a remedy based on internationally recognized processes. The Nichirei Group will utilize the expertise and knowledge of independent, external human rights experts in implementing this policy and engage in earnest dialogue and consultation with stakeholders who may be affected by our business. The Nichirei Group will specifically assign officers with responsibility in implementing the policy and monitor implementation of this policy. The Nichirei Group will appropriately conduct education and training to ensure that this policy is being effectively implemented across all business activities of the Nichirei Group. The Nichirei Group will regularly disclose results of, and progress made in, our efforts to promote respect for human rights based on this policy. The Nichirei Group will comply with all laws and regulations of countries and regions in which we conduct our business activities. Where there is a conflict between national laws/regulations and internationally recognized human rights to the maximum extent possible.

Promoting CSR Procurement: Sedex Membership and SMETA Sedex

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/corpo/management/responsibility.html

Since FY2020, we have been promoting understanding of the Nichirei Group Sustainable Supply Chain Policy and our CSR procurement activities among business partners. In FY2021, we launched our Group Supply Chain Meeting, where we discuss shared issues in addressing human rights due diligence. In FY2022, we launched the Group Supply Chain Committee.

In addition, Nichirei Foods joined Sedex¹ in July 2019. We established the Nichirei Foods Supplier CSR Guidelines in October 2020 and disclosed them in five languages. In FY2022, we began implementing SMETA² audits at our domestic food factories.

Notes[.]

^{1.} Supplier Ethical Data Exchange (Sedex): A non-profit organization established in the United Kingdom in 2004 to provide a platform for managing and sharing corporate ethical information with the aim of realizing responsible business practices in supply chains.

^{2.} Sedex Members Ethical Trade Audit (SMETA): An audit methodology developed by the Sedex Stakeholder Forum, whose members consist of brand-owners, companies, and audit firms, by consolidating best practices related to ethical audits.

Feed-use rice paddies

Sustainable Ingredient Procurement

Aquaculture Stewardship Council, Marine Stewardship **Council Certification**

Since 2006, Nichirei Fresh has engaged in Inochi-no-Mori Project¹ nature conservation activities involving sustainable giant tiger prawn farming and mangrove tree planting in Kalimantan, Indonesia. These activities were extended to whiteleg shrimp ponds in Sumatra, Indonesia, and obtained Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC) certification² in 2018. Since 2020, we have planted about 280,000 mangroves. In addition, we are gradually increasing the number of marine products we handle that have obtained Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) certification.³ As of June 2020, we had obtained MSC certification for products of 17 species. We will continue to expand our lineup of MSC-certified processed marine products. Notes:

1. Inochi-no-Mori Project: https://www.nichireifresh.co.jp/inochinomori/ (Japanese only)

2. ASC certification requires that marine products used have been cultivated in a sustainable manner.

3. MSC certification requires that wild seafood used has been caught using methods that do not deplete the natural supply.

Sustainable Regional Agricultural and Livestock Cycle through Junwakei Chicken

Over the 12 years since launching a feed rice project in collaboration with the JA cooperative in Iwate Prefecture and farmers from Karumai and Hirono in 2009, Nichirei Fresh has been implementing a sustainable regional agricultural and livestock cycle through the production of the Junwakei breed of chicken (a crossbreed of two native Japanese species). When the project was first launched, paddies for feed rice covered around 15 hectares. By FY2021, this area had expanded to around 200 hectares vielding a harvest of roughly 1,600 tons.

Manure from the poultry farm is made into organic fertilizer at an on-site high-speed chicken manure processing plant. This fertilizer is spread over the feed rice paddies, providing nutrients for the soil, where previously they were resting rice fields. Rice harvested from these paddies is fed to Junwakei chickens as formula feed. Moreover, waste heat energy from the manure processing plant is used to heat the chicken coops.

Certified Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO Oil Credits)

Palm oil from the fruit of the oil palm is used as a raw material in such products as cooking oil, soap and detergent. In recent years, the ongoing large-scale development of oil palm plantations has led to environmental issues, including deforestation of tropical rain forests and CO₂ emissions from peat areas, as well as forced labor and child labor among plantation workers, which are global issues.

In August 2018, the Group became a member of the non-profit organization Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO), which promotes the production and use of sustainable palm oil. We are advancing efforts to ensure that the palm oil used to make our products is sustainable. This includes calculating the total amount of palm oil used as frying oil at Nichirei Foods' factories (at consolidated subsidiaries in Japan and overseas), and purchasing a corresponding amount of RSPO oil credits (via the book and claim method).

Nichirei Fresh Products That Have Obtained MSC/ASC Certification



Giant tiger prawn, whiteleg shrimp, Pacific cupped oyster, Atlantic salmon, coho salmon, rainbow trout salmon, rainbow trout

Chinook salmon, silver salmon, pink salmon, chum salmon, sockeye-red salmon, Pacific cod, northern rock sole, yellowfin sole, English sole, walleye pollock, arrowtooth flounder, great Atlantic scallop, silver smelt, snow crab, herring, arctic surf clam, red king crab, longfin inshore squid, Pacific oyster



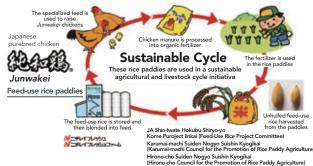
Shio Sujiko (salted sujiko), processed roe from MSC-certified Alaskan sockeye-red salmon





High-speed chicken manure processing plant

Chicken manure made into organic fertilizer



ho Suiden Nogyo Suishin Kyogikai cho Council for the Promotion of Rice Paddy Agriculture)



4-1055-18-100-00 Membership profile page https://rspo.org/members/7750

Improving Work Satisfaction, **Cultivating Human Resources**

In conducting business, the Nichirei Group places the greatest importance on human resources. Furthermore, in order to invigorate our organization, improve productivity, and create a vibrant workplace we not only depend on our values and ideas, but also, to a large extent, on our diverse human resources.

In 2017, we formulated the Nichirei Group Workplace Improvement Policy, set targets for each Group company based on the policy, and commenced promoting a number of initiatives for the fiveyear period to FY2022.

The Diversity Promotion Council and the Health Promotion Council have been organized under the Group Human Resources Committee to improve work satisfaction. They discuss human resourcerelated strategies to realize Group-wide sustainable growth, exchange opinions, and share information on specific measures, after which they confirm their progress.

Workplace Improvement Policy the https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/csr/work/policy.html

Workstyle Reforms: Main Measures and Activity Progress (FY2019-FY2021)

D-L-		Priority	Main Activity				
Policy	Ideal State	Measure	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021		
Enable Dive	Employees shall have a certain degree of freedom to choose their workplace and working hours, to suit personal circumstances. Systems to maintain these conditions are to be put in place.	Provide working condition options	 New in-house childcare facility Opened in the Tokyo head office building in April 2018 	 Full-scale introduction of telework All worksites except food factories and logistics offices 	 Introduction of super flextime work system Core time eliminated except at some work sites such as factories and distribution centers 		
Enable Diverse Styles of Working	Systems are to be established to prevent employees' careers from being disrupted or ended because of such circumstances as childbirth, childcare, nursing care, poor health, relocation of a spouse, or disease.	Set up systems to prevent disruption of employee careers	Implementation of career development programs for women Women's success event "Next Step for 2021" Target: 163 people Nursing care seminar Conducted four times, 115 participants	 Introduction of comeback system Purpose: Ongoing career support for life events and growth Leave system due to spouse transfer Purpose: Examination and introduction of multi-career formation in collaboration with other companies Nursing care seminars and nursing care handbook creation Conducted four times, 103 participants 	 Expansion of childcare and nursing care leave Leave can be taken in hourly units Half days and whole days can be converted and taken as accumulated annual paid leave Nursing care seminars (held online) Conducted on November 18 and 26 (60 minutes each), 60 total participants Information (provided on intranet) on support for balancing nursing care with work 		
Prevent Excessive Working Hours	Through collaborative labor and management initiatives for workplace improvement, working hours shall be limited to levels that allow each employee to demonstrate their ability and perform satisfying work in good health.		 100% introduction of new working hours management system Guidance on long working hours through introduction of a working time management system Implementation of measures against overwork through labor-management collaboration Nichirei Group working hours guidelines formulated through labor- management collaboration 	 Introduced new expense settlement system Introduced planned five-day annual leave system Implemented e-learning: Revised labor laws, working-hour awareness Target: Employees; 5,101 participants Implementation of measures against overwork through labor-management collaboration 	 Set quantitative target (average annual paid leave use of at least 10 days across the Group), and encouraged employees to take annual leave Ongoing implementation of measures against overwork through labor- management collaboration Implementation of human resource management education via e-learning 		
	In providing employees with equal opportunities and education, we support their development into a valuable force for the Nichirei Group.	Promote the advancement of female employees	 Logistics Group: 5th and 6th "Sakaseru Roji-Jo Forum" Target: Female employees; 129 participants (404 participants in total) Theme: Work values and workplace for women Nichirei Foods: LADY, GO UP! Target: Female employees at 6 food manufacturing companies (8 female Nichirei Foods employees participated) Summary: Seminar for building external networks and career development 	 Logistics Group: 7th and 8th "Sakaseru Roji-Jo Forum" Target: Female employees; 118 participants (522 participants in total) Nichirei Foods: LADY, GO UP! Target: Female employees at 6 food manufacturing companies (8 female Nichirei Foods employees participated) Summary: Seminar for building external networks 	 Nichirei Foods: LADY, GO UP! Target: Female employees at 6 food manufacturing companies (8 female Nichirei Foods employees participated) Summary: Lecture by external female officer and seminar for building external networks and career development 		
Ensure Equal Opportunity		Diversity and inclusion	 Nichirei Foods: Diversity Forum Deepen understanding of various work styles centered on department and section managers at each of 6 food manufacturing companies. 35 Nichirei Foods employees (26 men, 9 women) 	 Nichirei Foods: Diversity Forum Deepen understanding of various work styles centered on department and section managers at each of 6 food manufacturing companies. 60 Nichirei Foods employees (46 men, 14 women) 	 Nichirei Foods: Diversity Forum Lecture held (February 25, 2021) Target: Officers (B participants) and employees (approx. 140 participants) Nichirei Foods: Meeting of general managers from 6 food manufacturing companies Meeting of general managers of planning departments from 6 food manufacturing companies 2 executive officers, 5 general managers, 14 employees from secretariat (21 people from 6 companies) Nichirei Foods: 10th year of J-win Female leaders training program organized by non-profit organization J-win (one-year program) 		
	Job positions and employment opportunities for people with disabilities shall be created to enable them to earn a living through stimulating work, with a vision to ultimately eliminate the distinction between people with or without disabilities in society.		Disabled employment rate: 2.56% (104 people with disabilities employed)	Disabled employment rate: 2.75% (101 people with disabilities employed)	Disabled employment rate: 2.80% (101 people with disabilities employed)		
	As the healthy life span of people becomes longer, we will create workplaces that enable seniors to leverage their distinctive experience and play an active role reflecting their individual values and workstyles.	Create employment opportunities for older people	• 59 employees rehired after retirement (64 retirees)	• 57 employees rehired after retirement (65 retirees)	• 51 employees rehired after retirement (59 retirees)		

Supporting Foreign Technical Interns' Careers

The Nichirei Group provides training opportunities based on career path planning and development so that diverse human resources are able to play an active role in their respective workplaces, based on satisfying and stimulating work. In Japan, we strive to create workplaces that offer foreign technical interns a sense of job satisfaction.

In addition, we provide introductions for foreign technical interns to Group company workplaces in their own countries, and opportunities that enable them to continue their careers utilizing expertise acquired in Japan. Training covers such topics as food hygiene management and occupational health and safety.

Nichirei Fresh Maruichi (Head Office: Onahama Plant in Fukushima Prefecture)

A Vietnamese technical intern who worked at the Fresh Maruichi Onahama Plant for four years starting in 2015 continues to perform quality control work at the newly established Nichirei Fresh fish processing plant in Vietnam. She plays an active role in her home country, utilizing what she learned at food manufacturing sites and by doing quality control-related work in Japan. In FY2021, one former foreign technical intern began work at the same Vietnamese plant. Nichirei plans to continue supporting the career advancement of its foreign technical interns.



Articles introducing the Onahama Plant in the 2020 Spring edition of the Group's in-house magazine *OriOri* were translated and shared at Trans Pacific Seafood's factory in Vietnam (left: Japanese, right: Vietnamese)



Fresh Manichi is a very employestriendly company. Everyone, from the president to part-time workers, is kind and friendly, which makes every day enlypable. Because I had studied pharmaceuticals at university in Vietnam, when my training ended at the Wakamatsu Plant, Fresh Manichi President Onishi (president at that time) suggested that I tray working in quality management, and I transferred to the Orashama Plant. I have come to feel strongly about the importance of quality control.

control. I vanited to work in Japan longer, but when I heard the company planned to build a factory in Vietnam, I was happy since that would enable me to live with my children. My current goal is to work hard alongside my TPS colleagues, and first and foremost, generate solid profits!

Human Resource Development

Each fiscal year, the Nichirei Group provides employees with an educational program for the year. It is devised by the Human Resources Committee in accordance with Group Education and Training Rules to support the career advancement of each employee. In addition, we use the Nichirei intranet to conduct e-learning courses for all employees in Japan to develop their skills in areas such as quality, safety, governance and compliance.

Level-based Training Plan	Objective	Target					
Executive Coaching	To improve management decision making, organizational growth and business performance. (Changes in the thinking of executives is expected to have a ripple effect on employees, resulting in improved productivity of organizations.)	Executive officers					
Next-generation Management Team Development Program	To foster management capabilities, world-standard leadership and decision-making criteria through the cultivation of ideas based on broad perspectives, including philosophical and cognitive approaches.	General managers					
Leader Training	Creating true managers: Fostering human resources able to play a part in creating a strong and autonomous organization capable of discovering issues that need to be addressed and formulating its own solutions, and in so doing become an organization that operating companies can rely on.	Managerial staff					
Evaluator Training	To teach the principles of evaluation and deepen understanding of the purpose and significance of goal management and evaluation systems.	New entrants (such as recent graduates, mid-career hires, transferred employees)					
Facilitation Training	To teach understanding of such concepts as meeting preparation, meeting management and follow-up, in order to conduct efficient meetings.	All employees					
Training for Newly Appointed Managers	To elucidate the role of managers expected to lead the organization, and the viewpoints, perspectives and key behaviors required.	Newly appointed managers					
First Career Training	To inculcate basic behaviors essential for human resources to produce results expected by the Company and supervisors while applying logic-based solutions.	New hires, employees in their second and third years of employment					
New Employee Training	 To reorient the mindset from that of a student to that of an employee (teaches proactive behavior, disciplined behavior and expected business etiquette) To foster understanding of the Nichirei Group and team spirit 	New hires, employees in their second and third years of employment					

Level-based Training Plan

Nichirei Group Integrated Report 2021 73

Occupational Health and Safety

If employees are to maximize their abilities and potential, they must be physically and mentally healthy, and be able to work in a safe, comfortable environment. The Nichirei Group considers its employees to be irreplaceable and works with them to create safe, open and invigorating workplaces.

Health Management Initiatives

Basic Policy

- 1. We will promote the creation of a lively workplace where labor and management cooperate, based on the ideal that states that good work has its basis in a healthy mind and body.
- 2. Each of our employees will work hard to increase his/her health awareness, and will take an active role in creating a work environment that promotes good health.
- 3. We will strive for health management based on the three pillars of "health maintenance and improvement," "mental health measures," and "safety and hygiene control."

Management Framework

2015	Newly established the Health Promotion Group in Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs as a department dedicated to health management			
2016	 Formulated the Nichirei Group Health Declaration and Group Health Management Standards Appointed a holding company health promotion manager as well as operating company health promotion representative and representatives 			
2018–	Restructured the Health Promotion Group into the Health Promotion Center and increased the number of occupational health staff (public health nurses)			

Main Initiatives in FY2021

Countermeasures against COVID-19

In cooperation with the Group Risk Management Office, the occupational health staff of the Health Promotion Center built a support system to provide appropriate advice, prevent the spread of COVID-19, and prevent discrimination against individuals in the event that an employee contracts COVID-19.

• 100% Health Check-up Rate and Enhancement of Post-examination Follow-up

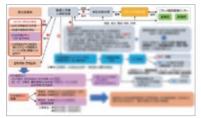
In 2020 and 2021, despite the COVID-19 pandemic, all employees completed annual health check-ups. In addition, under the post-examination follow-up system, those determined by an industrial physician to require additional support were remotely interviewed by public health nurses as appropriate using e-mail or other online tools. Employees who score a D on their health examinations and choose to undergo detailed examinations are eligible for a subsidy program as members of the Nichirei Health Insurance Association.

Health-related Events

Since FY2017, the Nichirei Group has been holding regular health-related events, providing employees with specific health promotion opportunities and helping them avoid lifestyle-related diseases. During the COVID-19 pandemic, we have held events on themes such as adequate exercise, improving sleeping patterns and mental health. In questionnaires, more than 92% of participants at each event responded that the event was beneficial.

Introduction of Subsidy Program for Outpatient Smoking Cessation Treatment

In FY2021, 34 employees participated in the smoking cessation program, and 24 were successful. In June 2021, the Nichirei Health Insurance Association introduced a subsidy program for outpatient smoking cessation treatment provided by hospital physicians. In these and other ways, we are supporting the health of our employees.



Flowchart of countermeasures for COVID-19



Effective ways to use check-up (health newsletter)



Health-related event in 2021 on mental health

Health and Safety Committee

https://nichirei.disclosure.site/en/themes/184

The Nichirei Group established health and safety committees to fulfill the requirements of Japan's Industrial Safety and Health Act, and is working to promote health and safety management aimed at preventing occupational accidents and managing the health of employees. At our head office, as well as at each branch office, we strive to eliminate long working hours and reduce overtime work, while at food factories and refrigerated warehouses, we do our best to prevent accidents. This is in addition to other working environment improvement efforts we undertake, tailored to the conditions of each workplace.

Launch of Safety and Quality Training Using VR

In FY2022, Nichirei Logistics Group started using virtual reality (VR) for safety and quality training at its logistics work sites.

Until now, practical training has been implemented through courses using a mock-up refrigerated warehouse at certain training facilities (safety and quality training centers). This made it difficult for employees stationed far away to participate. It was also difficult for trainees to envision what accidents might happen if rules or manuals were not followed correctly.

With the introduction of a new tool that uses VR technology, employees can learn proper work procedures efficiently without having to attend a safety and quality training center. They can also experience virtual simulations of accidents that might occur as a result of unsafe behaviors. This has led to further improvement of safety awareness.



Top: Using VR Bottom: Image seen through headset

Food Factory Safety

Nichirei Foods has identified three priority measures for safety-related activities at food factories: safety patrols, near-missrelated activities and the mandatory observation of safety rules.

Monthly safety patrols are tailored to each factory, with effective checklist items determined based on site feedback. Patrols are conducted mainly in the early morning and late at night, when fewer managers are on staff. We also ask employees to share work-related issues and opinions.

Held as needed, near-miss-related activities are designed to reinforce reporting practices and inform employees about possible dangers through the sharing of information about accident near misses. Activities reconfirm evaluation criteria, thus ensuring consistency in methodologies for classifying an incident as a near-miss. Preventive steps are then taken as needed.

Occupational Health and Safety Initiatives for Foreign Technical Interns

Foreign technical interns working in Japan at the Nichirei Group undergo training including occupational health and safety training. This helps to prevent occupational accidents and facilitate health management for those adjusting to life in another country, while at the same time helping them improve their Japanese-language skills. Our goal is to create workplaces where all Nichirei Group employees can work safely and healthily with purpose.



Bilingual poster in Japanese and Vietnamese

speech contests

日本語スピーチ大会

Providing Safe Products and Services

Basic Policy on Quality Assurance

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/safety/concept

The Nichirei Group's fundamental policy on quality assurance is to ensure the quality and safety of the food products and services it provides, so that they are safe for consumers. At the same time, we are maintaining and improving Group-wide levels of quality control, quality assurance and customer satisfaction.

We aim for further enhancements by implementing the PDCA cycle in our quality management system and food safety management system and encouraging improvements when deficiencies are found through internal audits and quality audits at factories.

Regular Audits (FY2018-FY2021)

	Quality assurance	FY2018		FY2019		FY2020		FY2021	
	audit	Japan	Overseas	Japan	Overseas	Japan	Overseas	Japan	Overseas
	Number of annual Group audits (Japan/ Overseas)	156	15	66	38	52	20	40	10
	Annual Group implementation rate (compared with plan)	100%	88%	97%	100%	87%	80%	58%	28%



Regular audits are conducted by each operating company based on an annual plan. The plans are formulated by rationally and objectively evaluating the magnitude of possible risks (based on risk management), ascertaining whether or not certification of international standards has been obtained, and determining the quantity of products handled annually, and product characteristics. The PDCA cycle is also used in regular audits. Audit results are used as a reference when determining audit policies and target worksites when developing audit plans for the upcoming year.

Quality Control Based on International Standards

() https://sustainability-cms-nichirei-s3.s3-ap-northeast-1.amazonaws.com/uploads/response_file/file/142/csr2019en.pdf#page=68

The Nichirei Group offers products and services with a variety of distinguishing characteristics. In addition to having internal rules and regulations that support these characteristics, we are working to acquire international standard certification, while strengthening our quality control system to ensure we continue to provide safe products and services.

Certification Status (FY2018–FY2021)

Certification	Operating Company	Rate of Certification ⁴				
Certification		FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	
	Nichirei Foods	13/15	3/15	3/15⁵	3/15⁵	
ISO 9001 (quality management system)	Nichirei Fresh	8/8	8/9	8/9	5/8	
	Nichirei Logistics Group	105/112	104/115	81/115	83/117	
	Nichirei Foods	13/15	14/15	14/15	14/15	
FSSC 22000, ¹ ISO 22000, ² SQF ³ (food safety management system)	Nichirei Fresh	6/8	6/8	7/7	7/7	
	Nichirei Logistics Group	2/112	2/115	2/115	2/117	
ISO 14001 (environmental management system)	L Nichiroi Foods		11/15	11/15	11/15	
ISO 13485 (medical devices and in vitro diagnostics)	Nichirei Biosciences	2/2	2/2	2/2	2/2	

Notes:

1. FSSC 22000: An international management system for food safety that is based on ISO 22000.

2. ISO 22000: An international standard for food safety management systems (for reducing food safety risks). It is based on hazard analysis and critical control points (HACCP) food sanitation control techniques.

3. SQF (Safe Quality Food) certification provides assurance that the product being purchased meets strict international food safety and quality standards such as HACCP. In countries outside of Europe, this is the program recognized by the Global Food Safety Initiative (GFSI).

4. Rate of certification: Certified worksites ÷ Total worksites of consolidated subsidiaries in Japan (food factories, logistics centers, etc.)

5. Switching to FSSC 22000

Quality Assurance Approach and Improvement Cycle

Food Defense Initiatives

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/safety/system.html

The Nichirei Group emphasizes people management to protect food. In areas where food is handled, in addition to restricting access to authorized individuals, we have made it possible to determine the when, who and where of such individuals at all times. In-house operation rules covering visitors and contractors, as well as self-checks are in place and audits of our plants are conducted regularly to confirm safety. We are also working



to improve the workplace environment based on employee satisfaction surveys and interviews. We have installed cameras and face recognition systems at all of our plants in Japan and overseas. To protect food we have created a system that is based on the distinguishing characteristics of each product and enables follow-up investigations should issues arise. If an issue does occur, a link is established with our food crisis management system, which facilitates the dissemination of accurate information and quick responses.

Building a Traceability System

https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/safety

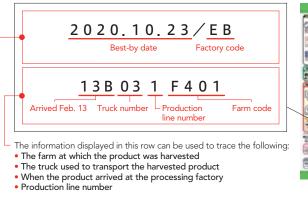
To always provide safe, reliable and high-quality food, the Nichirei Group conducts rigorous quality control and inspections, from ingredients to final products and has built a traceability system suited to the distinguishing characteristics of each product. In the event of an accident, enhanced traceability prevents damage from spreading and enables rapid investigation of the cause. We also provide prompt and accurate information to alleviate consumer concerns.

Building a traceability system requires collaboration and cooperation on the part of ingredient suppliers, manufacturers and distributors in our supply chain. The Nichirei Group regularly holds study sessions to deepen shared awareness with regard to quality-related information. To digitize and link information, we are also promoting the utilization of our proprietary system for central control.

Traceability of Frozen Green Soybeans (Illustration)

Information Contained in the Trace Code

The trace code allows a product to be traced back to its place of origin (cultivation). Trace codes printed on Nichirei Foods' frozen green soybeans record cultivation and production management data. Simply by looking at the trace code, the entire history of a product can be tracked, from cultivation management conditions in the field to production conditions at the factory. Nichirei Foods is using trace codes to conduct ongoing improvements based on its discussions with local producers, in order to better respond to customers' needs.



The information displayed in this row can be used to trace the following: • Date when the product was packaged

The factory at which it was packaged

Safe Workplaces, Better Service

https://www.nichirei-logi.co.jp/english/company/csr.html

Nichirei Logistics Group sets themes four times a year designed to prioritize safety and quality at warehouses. Accident prevention activities are conducted under these themes at all domestic facilities (114 locations).



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Value Creation Story

Management Strategy

Poster promoting safety and guality

Stakeholder Engagement

As it engages in global business activities, the Nichirei Group recognizes the importance of communicating and maintaining dialogue with its diverse stakeholders. The Group works to build corporate value by establishing long-term relationships of trust while reflecting the expectations and concerns of stakeholders. It does so by fostering deeper mutual understanding, advancing various initiatives and proactively disclosing relevant information.

Stakeholder	Objective	lssues recognized	Means and method of communication	Frequency
Customers	Better customer satisfaction and corporate branding: to be achieved through prompt, appropriate and sincere responses to consumer requests and feedback.	 Quality assurance for products and services Proper delivery of information Supply of delicious food and a rich variety of meal options 	 Customer Service Center Customer satisfaction surveys Websites Social media 	 Routine Once a year As necessary As necessary
Shareholders and investors	Deeper understanding of the Company and higher corporate value: to be achieved through timely and appropriate disclosure.	 Maintaining and improving corporate value Appropriate distribution of profits Timely and appropriate disclosure of information 	 General Meetings of Shareholders Financial results briefings Business information sessions, facility tours Detailed interviews with individual investors in Japan and overseas IR website Integrated Report Shareholder Report 	 Once a year Four times a year Once a year As necessary As necessary Once a year Twice a year
Business partners	Strong, effective and stable long- term relationships with business partners throughout the supply chain.	 CSR procurement Mutual development achieved through customer intimacy 	 CSR procurement survey for suppliers Meetings and seminars with participation from business partners 	 Survey ongoing since 2018 Once a year (held by three operating companies)
Employees	Favorable labor-management relations; greater employee motivation; a dynamic organizational climate.	 Occupational health and safety Job satisfaction Workstyle reform Health management 	 Establishment of an internal reporting center Creation of an employee assistance and mental health consultation center Labor-management council Health and safety committee Symposiums involving management and employees PR brochures Intranet Employee award system Employee satisfaction survey Employee stress checks 	 Available 24 hours Available 24 hours Twice a year Once a year (all worksites) Four times a year Routine Once a year
Local communities	Stable, enduring business operations as a trusted and respected company: to be achieved by building favorable relations with local communities.	 Harmonious coexistence with local communities Preservation of local environments Educational activities in local communities 	 Social contribution activities Participation in local events Volunteer activities Dietary education activities (ethical consumption) Food factory and distribution warehouse tours Internships Sponsorship of sporting events 	 As necessary
Trade organizations, NGOs and NPOs	Collaboration with other companies: to be achieved through participation in associations and other entities relating to trade organizations; resolution social issues through collaboration and cooperation with NGOs and NPOs in Japan and abroad.	 Human rights Climate change Food loss Sustainable procurement of food 	 TCFD Consortium Japan Frozen Food Association Japan Association of Refrigerated Warehouses Japan Fisheries Association World Wide Fund for Nature Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil Caux Round Table Japan The Consumer Goods Forum 	 As necessary As necessary As necessary As necessary As necessary As necessary Once a year As necessary As necessary As necessary

Addressing Social Issues through Food (Activities to Reduce Food Loss)

The Nichirei Food Loss Research Institute" Website The Nichirei Group is working to address the social issue of food loss. Our activities include reexamining causes of food loss from both scientific and supply chain standpoints to determine effective reduction approaches. We also propose reduction methods using the cold chain function of the Nichirei Group.

Main Activities to Reduce Food Loss

Food Bank



Since 2006, Nichirei Foods and Nichirei Logistics Group have supported the activities of the NPO Second Harvest Japan. So far, we have donated a total of more than 20,000 cases of frozen foods to various welfare facilities, including foster homes, mother and child support centers, and disability support facilities.

In addition to delivering these products, we also provide logistical support for frozen foods to ensure that the items can be consumed with peace of mind.



Process Leading Up to Delivery

Food Loss Research Institute

Sampling Events at Employee Cafeterias





At employee cafeterias, Nichirei Foods holds sampling events through a unique initiative that uses products whose external packaging has been crushed or otherwise damaged in logistics or distribution but are otherwise still fully suitable for consumption.

We have also endorsed the NO-FOODLOSS PROJECT of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries. In support of this project, we are working to make donations that reduce food loss and to raise internal awareness.

Initiative website

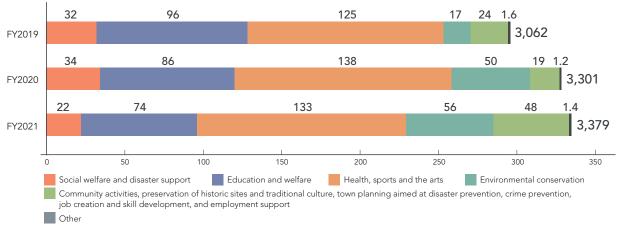
https://www.nichireifoods.co.jp/corporate/hamidasu/top/ (Japanese only)

Children's Cafeterias



In 2021, Nichirei Foods began supporting children's cafeterias with the cooperation of the NPO Japan Kodomo-Shokudo Support Center Musubie, which provides such support all over Japan.

■Nichirei Group Social Contribution Spending (Three Years) (Millions of yen)



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Initiatives for Achieving a Sustainable Society

Social

The Chairman in Conversation with the Outside Directors

The Nichirei Group is working to make its corporate governance stronger and more effective.

The Nichirei Group is working to make its corporate governance stronger and more effective, and proactively incorporates the opinions of outside directors. Nichirei's chairman and its three outside directors met to talk about further enhancing corporate governance to improve corporate value over the medium to long term.

The Nichirei Group's Foremost Consideration in Corporate Governance

Otani: A corporation is a public institution whose purpose is mutual prosperity and coexistence with all its stakeholders, and it must operate within social norms and appropriate market standards. One internal system that plays an important role in achieving this is corporate governance. I believe that a major objective of corporate governance is to improve management efficiency through sound management—in other words, to improve corporate value and business performance. It is a mechanism for increasing corporate value over the long term through transparent, fair, swift and resolute decision-making, and requires ongoing, self-sustaining reforms.

In line with that objective, I believe that corporate governance has two roles: first, to prevent reckless management; and second, to encourage prompt action for proper decision-making. The essence of corporate governance is guaranteeing management efficiency and soundness, which is premised above all on ensuring management transparency. The process of creating transparency is likely to be different for each company, starting, for example, with the choice under Japan's Companies Act of whether to be a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board or a Company with a Nominating Committee, etc. It is the role of senior management to decide the kind of management structure it will create by designing a system according to the company's corporate culture and the issues it currently faces.

As you are aware, corporate governance separates management execution and supervision. It consists of both monitoring through internal control by the people in charge of management execution and monitoring through external control, which includes supervision by the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members. The former refers to internal risk control activities by senior management, while the latter consists of external management supervision by shareholders, the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Kunio Otani Representative Director, Chairman

Shizuka Uzawa Outside Director Mieko Wanibuchi Outside Director Kuniko Shoji Outside Director

members and the accounting auditor. A spirit of compliance and a sound corporate culture and atmosphere form an important foundation for both. The basic management policy of the Nichirei Group, which consists of four operating companies integrated by a holding company, is transparency, simplicity and decentralization of authority. I intend to cultivate a corporate culture that creates value by sharing the many insights generated by our diversity.

The Nichirei Group's Corporate Culture and Future Business Direction

Uzawa: I feel that the Nichirei Group has a seriousminded corporate culture. Although marine products and frozen foods (processed foods) are derivative businesses that originate from the Group's refrigerated warehouses, its business domains are still within a fairly limited range, except for bioscience. When a company's core businesses are cash cows, I think it should already be considering its next businesses. Everyone in management from President Okushi on down has made the Nichirei Group's goals clear, including the target of an overseas sales ratio of 30% and the vision for the Group ten years from now, and is sharing that direction with employees and customers. These are all laudable actions, but I feel that Nichirei could be a little more adventurous. In order to survive, Nichirei must restructure its business portfolio.

Wanibuchi: Looking back five years to when I became an outside director, my first impression was also that Nichirei was serious-minded. As a new member of the Board of Directors, I thought that Nichirei was a wellgrounded and solid company with a long history, and it has shown itself to be exactly that. However, I feel that Nichirei has changed considerably over those five years. The biggest change has been in transparency. I think it is becoming a place where any opinion can be discussed without reservation at various meetings.

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The Chairman in Conversation with the Outside Directors

Frozen foods and logistics are the two drivers of the Company. I think these businesses will endure as Nichirei moves toward its next stage, so I would like it to further increase its predominance as number one in the industry in Japan and become a leader worldwide.

Shoji: When I heard about Nichirei from an acquaintance, I got the impression that it was an excellent company that values quality—and that is exactly what it is. My overall impression is that of an amicable and good-natured company, and even during intense discussions at meetings, interactions remain cordial. I have the sense that people with good character are selected to become managers and receive proper training.

Regarding the direction of Nichirei's business, I am worried about Nichirei's over-reliance on its two core businesses. At this stage, I think it is better for those businesses to be like a bunch of grapes—each growing separately while remaining connected—rather than a collection of outliers detached from the main business. At Nichirei Fresh, for instance, rather than limiting the items it handles, it would be better to strengthen relationships with suppliers by focusing on changes in the supply of vegetables and other products. By specializing in ingredients, the marine, meat and poultry products business will grow equally with the other businesses, which will further strengthen Nichirei going forward.

Otani: Here we have three people with three different perspectives on the Nichirei Group's businesses. Just like you, the seven inside directors all have different opinions.

Basically, I think it is good to have a technological orientation when advancing into a new area. It is better to use technology as the basis for generating innovation when establishing these "outliers" you mention. I dislike the discontinuous approach of simply switching areas or domains, but some internal directors have also spoken of our need to enter new areas. I am glad we have a management structure that allows us to discuss such matters candidly, without having to read between the lines.

One issue that needs to be addressed is that the desire to engage in trial and error is somewhat weak at Nichirei. Addressing this will require reforms both in individual awareness and in our corporate culture.

In addition, when launching innovative businesses and projects, experiencing small personal successes is more important than relying exclusively on external consultants. People must have a sense of entrepreneurship to generate innovation.

Points of Focus as a Nichirei Group Outside Director

Uzawa: The purpose of a corporation is to make a profit in a proper manner, but as Mr. Otani said at the start of our conversation, propriety requires transparency. Transparency is essential for a corporation to run its business properly. If the chairman or president engages in dubious activity, outside directors must be able to call for his resignation. Probably our single most important quality is the ability to judge what is proper. In addition to providing this function, I use my personal experience in management and overseas business to supervise and make decisions from a third-party standpoint. As for the directors' skill matrix, companies lately have started to emphasize selecting people not simply because they have specialized knowledge, but with a view toward the kind of company they want to become. For the Nichirei Group to endure, it should think deeply about the skill matrix and continue to appoint appropriate people.

Wanibuchi: In aiming to increase corporate value over the long term, Japanese companies have recently been shifting toward value for all stakeholders, including shareholders. The phrase sampo yoshi has long been used in Japan to express the aim of doing what is best for three parties: the company, its business partners and its customers. I think the role of outside directors is to point out matters that executives have either not noticed or are aware of but have not resolved, with the goal of steady improvement in corporate value over the long term. I hold a very unusual position among Nichirei's directors. As a woman, a housewife, and someone with experience in both raising children and caring for an elderly relative, I look at Nichirei's products and services as a consumer, from the perspective of a buyer and user. And since I am also the owner of a medium-sized enterprise, my perspective comes from direct experience

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rather than simply studying documents. I am always eager to be of use in these respects.

Shoji: Outside directors are in a different position from inside directors. But although we approach issues from different perspectives, we consider it our duty to cooperate in helping the Nichirei Group grow into a respected company. The role of outside directors is to consider agenda items at Board of Directors meetings from three aspects: legality, appropriateness and efficiency, with legality being first and foremost. In doing so, I intend to offer my opinion based on whether the matter at hand will lead to happiness for stakeholders—meaning employees, shareholders and the local community.

Evaluation of the Nichirei Group's Board of Directors and Matters for Deliberation at Board Meetings

Otani: A major objective of corporate governance is to improve management efficiency through sound management-in other words, to improve corporate value and business performance. One key issue in achieving this objective is determining whether the Board of Directors is fulfilling the functions expected of it. To do so, since 2016 all Nichirei Corporation directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members have participated in a yearly evaluation of the Board of Directors. They fill out a questionnaire consisting of evaluation items and add their comments, and every three years, the results of individual interviews are used in compiling the final evaluation. From the very start, objectivity of the evaluation process has been enhanced through outsourcing to external experts who assist in analyzing and evaluating the activities of the Board of Directors and other matters. Summaries of the findings are subsequently disclosed.

In FY2021, the external experts offered a general finding that at Nichirei's Board of Directors meetings, "discussions remained lively in an atmosphere encouraging the sharing of opinions." On the whole, most respondents held positive opinions indicating that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors was secured to a considerable extent, with a feeling that the board's way of proceeding and holding discussions is steadily evolving. Furthermore, directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members pointed out three specific areas where the Board of Directors is in need of improvement: its role and institutional design, its composition, and its administration and meeting materials management.

First, regarding the institutional design of the Board of Directors, the current institutional design of a Company with Audit & Supervisory Board system was deemed appropriate as decision-making and management supervision are executed effectively, and thus many were of the opinion that there was no need to transition to a different institutional design (a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee or a Company with a Nominating Committee). However, we decided to engage in ongoing discussions and review in light of factors such as the Nichirei Group's management strategies, changes in the business environment going forward and Corporate Governance Code requirements.

Next, while the composition of the Board of Directors was evaluated positively as a whole, taking into account Corporate Governance Code revisions and the annual tightening of voting rights execution criteria for institutional investors, many were of the opinion that the proportion of outside directors should be increased to one-third or more. Additionally, there were many other opinions exchanged regarding inside director composition and outside director diversity. As of FY2022, one female outside director has been added, bringing the number of outside directors to four out of a total of eleven directors. Because the perspective of women is very important for Nichirei's business, it has been appointing female outside directors from a relatively early stage compared with other companies in the industry, and some of these directors have management experience at major corporations. I think the board has achieved a well-balanced composition that ensures gender diversity, but our requirements will change along with changes in factors such as the size of the Nichirei Group and the scope of its businesses. We will therefore continue to review the optimal ratio of outside directors by considering inside director composition and outside director diversity.

As for administration of the Board of Directors and management of materials at meetings, many thought that progress was being made in improving materials. On the other hand, several respondents said that further improvements were needed in the content and timing of provision of meeting materials, so our investigation continues. In addition, when new directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members are appointed, and after they have taken their positions, we intend to conduct training as appropriate on revisions to laws, management issues and other matters.

Furthermore, President Okushi is promoting a succession plan, as suggested in the latest revision of Japan's Corporate Governance Code. Taking a medium- to long-term perspective based on the Nichirei Group's management principles, we have carefully considered what we should do about our next generation of core human resources and Group company management. Our conclusions formed the basis for subsequent discussion by the Nominating Advisory Committee. Now that a sample group of human resources has been selected, the Nominating Advisory Committee is now considering the education to be provided and the perspectives to be taken in developing the careers of candidates going forward. Succession plans are concurrently moving forward at the operating companies, with practical training being conducted during meetings.

Uzawa: To give one example of the lively discussions we have at Board of Directors meetings, we held three discussions to review Nichirei's past overseas expansion and measures for future success. Discussions over the past year have been especially open, allowing outside directors to grasp the situation. The materials outside directors receive are not perfect, but they are more standardized and easier to understand than before.

In addition, outside directors are normally required to attend Board of Directors meetings, but in some cases we also have the chance to attend Management Committee and other meetings and provide our opinions as reference to executives, so I feel I have a much better understanding than I did when I began here. I sometimes attend Management Committee meetings as often as once a week. **Otani:** Different topics are taken up at the Board of Directors and the Management Committee meetings according to degree of impact on management and theme, and I tell all outside directors they are welcome to attend meetings of the Management Committee as observers if they have time. Agenda items and related materials are available on the Company intranet.

Wanibuchi: I also attend Management Committee meetings about once a month.

Otani: Furthermore, the Group was a relatively early adopter of an electronic (online) voting system. This software enables users to see the number of approvals, disapprovals and abstentions for each agenda item at a Board of Directors meeting. Occasionally during inperson meetings, instances where attendees offer no opinions may be considered unanimous consent, but through the use of an online voting system participants at Nichirei Group meetings can see all of the votes.

Discussions are especially lively when the topic is an investment or M&A proposal. All directors, whether inside or outside, engage in a candid exchange on matters such as whether a project's value has been overrated and is out of sync with actual conditions, or if there are issues with post-merger integration, and unhesitatingly give their opinions on how to proceed.

What the Nichirei Group Should Do to Achieve Sustainable Growth

Shoji: Since the Nichirei Group's main businesses are food and logistics, I think it should work to reduce its environmental footprint for the sake of its own corporate sustainability, viewing related investments as expenses necessary for maintaining that sustainability. I have a great deal of confidence in Nichirei's sustainability because when making investment proposals for production plants and refrigerated warehouses, materials used in the discussion always mention environmental considerations. Even though the investment amount may be considerable, Nichirei should regard it as a necessity, with the understanding that the sustainability of society will lead to the sustainability of the Nichirei Group.

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enterprise is a creature of a society and an economy, and society or economy can put any business out of existence overnight." A corporation is inextricably linked with and a member of society. That is why I think that every company is able to help resolve social issues through its activities based on its mission. The Nichirei

Uzawa: I do not believe it is necessary to think about conducting corporate activities for the purpose of making a social contribution because the activities themselves result in a contribution to society. The ability to make capital expenditures with a low burden on the environment to generate profit, and then return that profit to stakeholders is, in a broad sense, fulfilling an obligation to all stakeholders, including the Earth. ESG and the SDGs are one set of guidelines for corporate activities, but contributing to resolving social and environmental issues should be seen as the result, rather than the purpose, of those activities.

Wanibuchi: The Nichirei Pledge was changed last year

to reflect ESG and the SDGs as the Nichirei Group set

summarized the results of our extensive discussions on

how to actually manage these material matters, and I

think that the results of our discussions will be used in

Nichirei's sustainable management.

forth its five material matters. In FY2022, we have

Otani: In Peter Drucker's book *Management: Tasks, Responsibilities, Practices,* he says that "the business

True Satisfaction." Based on this mission, we established our long-term vision to "continue to support good eating habits and health by leveraging our state-of-theart manufacturing practices that optimize nature's bounty, along with our leading-edge logistics services." We believe that making this vision a reality will ensure sustainability for both Nichirei and society. I am confident that by steadily continuing corporate activities day after day in good faith based on our mission, we will help resolve social issues. Our inside and outside directors used this approach to decide on Nichirei's five material matters. Going forward, we will incorporate specific measures and

Group's Mission is to "Focus on Lifestyles, and Provide

forward, we will incorporate specific measures and quantitative targets based on these matters into our management strategy in order to share them among all employees and move forward with implementation.



Corporate Governance

Basic Policy and Structure

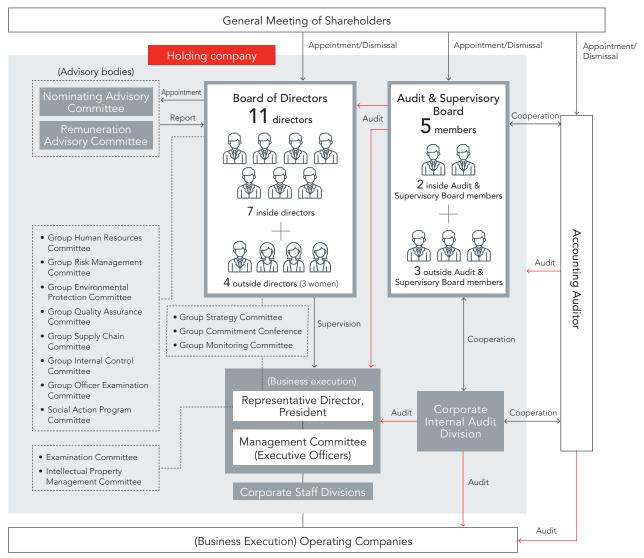
On the basis of its holding company structure, the Group engages in business through its Group companies across a wide range of fields that includes processed foods, marine products, meat and poultry products, logistics, and biosciences. In pursuit of sustainable growth and the enhancement of corporate value over the medium to long term, the Company's Board of Directors formulates Group strategies and supervises the business execution of operating companies.

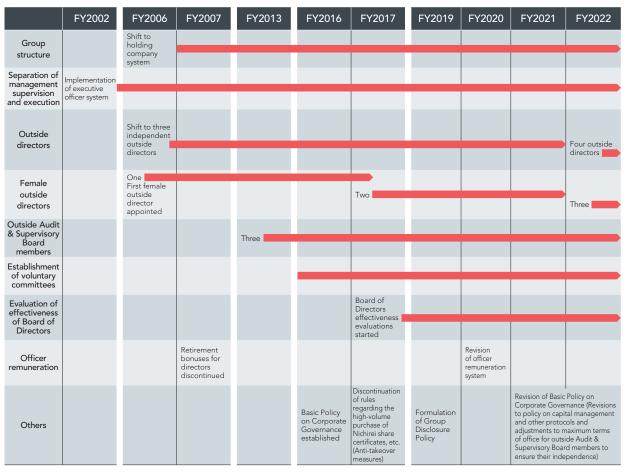
The holding company adheres to the principles of the Corporate Governance Code and views the achievement of fair and transparent management as an important management issue. Accordingly, under the supervision of the Board of Directors, we will promote appropriate resource allocation, while in terms of continuing to strengthen governance we will speed up decision-making and ensure thorough compliance.

In addition, we have established ourselves as a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board system, an institutional design specified within the Companies Act of Japan.

Corporate Governance https://www.nichirei.co.jp/english/corpo/governance

Corporate Governance Structure (As of June 22, 2021)





Activities Aimed at Strengthening the Nichirei Group's Corporate Governance Structure

Overview of Board of Directors

Composition	11 directors (4 outside directors)
Number of meetings in FY2021	18
Description of operations	Promotes proper allocation of Group resources, swift decision-making and thorough compliance through supervision of the Group's strategy planning and business execution of operating companies. After discussion by the Group Strategy Committee, which meets twice a year, the Board of Directors formulates and approves the Group's strategies and conducts quarterly checks of the status of implementation at each Group business. It also engages in highly effective supervision of executive directors and executive officers.

Overview of Audit & Supervisory Board

Composition	5 Audit & Supervisory Board members
Number of meetings in FY2021	16
Description of operations	As a body that is independent from the Board of Directors, the Audit & Supervisory Board communicates with directors, Corporate Internal Audit Division and other departments of the holding company in accordance with the annual audit policy and audit plan to gather information and prepare the audit environment.

Status of the Establishment of Voluntary Committees, Their Composition and the Attributes of Their Chairpersons

Committee	Role	Chairperson	Frequency
Nominating Advisory Committee	Discusses the suitability of candidates for senior management and directors/ Audit & Supervisory Board members, as well as successor plans, and reports its findings to the Board of Directors.	Shizuka Uzawa Outside Director	Twice a year, in principle
Remuneration Advisory Committee	Discusses the remuneration system, remuneration levels, the appropriateness of remuneration amounts, and other related matters, and reports to the Board of Directors.	Shizuka Uzawa Outside Director	Twice a year, in principle

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Status of Appointment of Members to the Board of Directors and Various Committees

	Status of Appointment			
Representative Director, Chairman		 Management Committee Group Human Resources Committee 		
Representative Director, President	 Boards of Directors Group Risk Management Committee Group Internal Control Committee Group Officer Examination Committee 	 Group Environmental Protection Committee Group Quality Assurance 		
Inside directors		Committee • Social Action Program Committee		
Audit & Supervisory Board members				
Outside directors				
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board members				

■Number of Meetings Held

	2018	2019	2020
Board of Directors	19	18	18
Nominating Advisory Committee	2	2	5
Remuneration Advisory Committee ¹	6	3	5
Management Committee	23	20	17
Group Human Resources Committee	2	2	2
Group Risk Management Committee	2	2	2
Group Environmental Protection Committee	3	2	2
Group Quality Assurance Committee	2	2	2
Group Internal Control Committee	1	1	1
Group Officer Examination Committee ²	—	1	1
Social Action Program Committee	1	1	1

1. As of January 2020, meets twice a year in principle according to the Remuneration Advisory Committee rules

2. Meetings are called by the chairperson on an as-needed basis

Evaluations of Effectiveness

Board of Directors Evaluations

As necessary, and with the assistance of outside experts, the Company conducts analyses and evaluations of the Board of Directors' activities to ensure its decision-making is effective. Summaries of the results are subsequently disclosed.

Evaluation procedure	Subjects: Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members (15 individuals in total) Period: January–February 2021 Method: Self-assessment involving questionnaires and individual interviews conducted by third-party experts
Summary of findings	 Opinions of directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members in their questionnaire responses and individual interviews Although some of the methods of management by Nichirei's Board of Directors changed due to COVID-19, such as using an online meeting system, discussions were still lively and the atmosphere was conducive to speaking up.
	• There were many positive opinions to the effect that the Nichirei Board of Directors has achieved a considerable degree of overall effectiveness, in ways such as improving the provision of materials in order to further enhance board discussions.
	• Furthermore, respondents pointed out multiple areas needing improvement in order to enhance the board's effectiveness. They are described on the following page, and are expected to be incorporated in future board deliberations.

The Board of Directors Role and Institutional Design

Initiative	The current institutional design of a company with Audit & Supervisory Board system was deemed appropriate as decision-making and management supervision are executed effectively, thus many were of the opinion that there was no need to transition to a different institutional (a company with audit and supervisory or nominating committees) design. There were also many opinions indicating that, depending on future conditions, the board should examine transitioning to another institutional design that places more emphasis on the Board of Directors supervisory function.
Future approach	In light of Nichirei Group management strategies, changes in the business environment going forward and Corporate Governance Code requirements, the Company decided to engage in ongoing discussions regarding the role of the Board of Directors, as well as institutional designs most appropriate for executing that role, while continuing to review options including the transition to a company with audit and supervisory or nominating committees.

Board of Directors Composition

Initiative	While the ratio of outside directors among board members was evaluated positively as a whole, taking into account Corporate Governance Code revisions and the annual tightening of voting rights execution criteria for institutional investors, many respondents were of the opinion that the ratio of outside director appointments should be increased to one-third or more. Additionally, there were many other opinions exchanged regarding inside director composition and outside director diversity.
Future approach	In light of Group management strategies and recent requests from institutional investors to increase the ratio of outside directors, the number of outside directors was increased by one at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2021. In all, 11 directors, including four outside directors, were appointed. Going forward, the Company decided to continue examining inside director composition and outside director diversity and will consider whether or not to increase the outside director ratio over the medium to long term.

Board of Directors Administration and Meeting Materials Management

Initiative	Many respondents gave positive assessments of the progress made in improving meeting materials in response to paperless initiatives implemented since October 2018. At the same time, several respondents were of the opinion that further improvements were needed regarding the content and timing of provision of Board of Director meeting materials.
Future approach	With a view to energizing Board of Director deliberations and improving its efficacy by further innovating and enhancing the content of meeting materials and providing information in advance, the Company decided to provide materials even further in advance of meetings, create opportunities to share required information regarding projects of high importance in advance, and pursue improvements in the format of proposal materials used from 2020 pertaining to investment and financing projects and other specific agenda items that tend to involve a comparatively large volume of materials.

Efforts to Ensure Meaningful Discussions

Nichirei distributes materials for use at Board of Directors meetings to each director and Audit & Supervisory Board member at least three days in advance of meetings in order to ensure meaningful discussions.

When internal communication and coordination are required to accurately provide Company information in response to instructions from independent outside directors or independent outside Audit & Supervisory Board members, the secretary in charge acts as the contact point in order to ensure necessary coordination with relevant departments.

Newly appointed directors and Audit & Supervisory Board members are given training as necessary on the Companies Act and other related laws, management strategy, financial analysis and other such matters. Additional training on legislative revisions and management issues is provided as necessary after new members assume office. Moreover, explanations of the Group's businesses and tours of the major facilities are provided to outside officers as necessary.

Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members Appointments

■Reasons for Appointment of Outside Directors and Main Activities

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Reasons for Appointment
Shizuka Uzawa	0	Mr. Uzawa has extensive experience as a corporate executive in addition to wide-ranging knowledge of finance and accounting and, in the interest of Group management, provides opinions and advice during meetings of the Board of Directors and various other internal meetings (including meetings of the Nominating Advisory Committee and Remuneration Advisory Committee).
Mieko Wanibuchi	0	Ms. Wanibuchi has worked in corporate management for many years and leverages the experience and knowledge acquired through these endeavors to offer opinions and advice during meetings of the Board of Directors and various other internal meetings (including meetings of the Nominating Advisory Committee and Remuneration Advisory Committee) from perspectives that include the product and service purchasing behaviors of consumers.
Kuniko Shoji	0	Ms. Shoji has extensive experience as a corporate manager in pharmaceutical-related businesses and broad knowledge of quality assurance and R&D. She also offers opinions and advice during meetings of the Board of Directors and various other internal meetings (including meetings of the Nominating Advisory Committee and Remuneration Advisory Committee).
Mana Nabeshima	0	Ms. Nabeshima has extensive experience in overseas operations and a wide range of knowledge in finance. Accordingly, the Company has appointed her as an outside director in order to take advantage of her experience and knowledge in management.

■Reason for Appointment of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Main Activities

 Name	Designation as Independent Director	Reasons for Appointment
Yuhiko Saito	0	Mr. Saito has had a career in the legal profession and has held judicial positions in government office. Having worked as an attorney since retiring from public office, he possesses a wealth of experience and detailed knowledge as a legal expert.
Kiyoshi Asahina	0	Mr. Asahina engaged for many years in both domestic and foreign business affairs in administrative fields related to agriculture, forestry and fisheries. He has gained a wealth of understanding and expert insight from leading independent audits.
Muneaki Kiyota	0	Mr. Kiyota has held important positions in financial institutions, most of which were based abroad. He then served as an Audit & Supervisory Board member and director at a domestic manufacturing company for approximately 10 years. He has a great deal of experience in, and understanding of, corporate management.

Note: As Mr. Asahina and Mr. Kiyota were newly appointed at the General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 24, 2020, their attendance reflects meetings held after that date.

Advisory Committee(s)	Board of Directors Meeting Attendance	Years of Service as Director
 Chairperson, Nominating Advisory Committee Chairperson, Remuneration Advisory Committee 	18/18	5
 Member, Nominating Advisory Committee Member, Remuneration Advisory Committee 	18/18	5
 Member, Nominating Advisory Committee Member, Remuneration Advisory Committee 	18/18	3
 Member, Nominating Advisory Committee Member, Remuneration Advisory Committee 	_	Appointed June 2021

Advisory Committee(s)	Board of Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Meeting Attendance	Years of Service as Audit & Supervisory Board Member
_	Board of Directors 18/18 Audit & Supervisory Board 16/16	2
_	Board of Directors 14/14 Audit & Supervisory Board 11/11	1
_	Board of Directors 14/14 Audit & Supervisory Board 11/11	1

Management Strategy

Officer Remuneration System

■Policies and Methods for Determining Officer Remuneration

The policy for determining individual director remuneration is for the Remuneration Advisory Committee to discuss the appropriateness of each director's remuneration every fiscal year and for the decision to be made by the Board of Directors. In these discussions, the Remuneration Advisory Committee reflects changes in the management environment and the opinions of shareholders and investors, and obtains information necessary for discussion from third-party agencies with extensive global knowledge and experience.

Basic Policies

Directors (excluding outside directors)

- Remuneration shall strongly encourage directors to perform their duties in accordance with the Group's Management Principles, basic CSR policy, the Nichirei Pledge and management strategies.
- In order to achieve long-term management goals, remuneration is set to strongly motivate directors to achieve specific management goals with regard to the Group's material issues and medium-term business plans.
- In order for remuneration to serve an incentive toward the Group's sustainable growth, the ratio of remuneration linked to short-term results, performance of duties, etc. (performance-linked bonuses) and remuneration linked to medium- to long-term results and corporate value (stock compensation) will be set in an appropriate manner.
- Directors and executive officers shall be treated in a manner befitting their positions as officers of the Company in consideration of the significance of the Group's social role and responsibilities, trends at companies, including those in the food and logistic industries, that compete with the Group in terms of business and human resources, and changes in the business environment.

Outside Directors

• In light of their role of supervising the Company's management from an independent and objective standpoint, outside directors are paid only basic remuneration (fixed) compensation.

Directors (excluding outside directors)

• As shown below, remuneration for directors other than outside directors consists of role-based remuneration and a director allowance, which are basic (fixed) remuneration, and performance-based bonuses and stock compensation, which are variable remuneration.

		General Percentage	Purpose/Description
Basic (fixed)	Role-based remuneration	- 60%	Basic remuneration for performance of duties Set according to the significance of the role of each director
remuneration	Director allowance	00%	Remuneration for the responsibilities of making and supervising the execution of management decisions Set at a uniform amount for all directors
Variable	Performance- linked bonuses	20%	Remuneration for motivating directors to achieve annual financial and strategic goals The amount paid when achieving goals ("standard amount") is set as a percentage of role-based compensation Paid within a range of 0-200% of the standard amount according to degree of achievement
remuneration	Stock compensation (restricted shares)	20%	Remuneration for encouraging management from a long-term/Group-wide perspective and the perspective of shareholders and investors Value of shares issued each fiscal year ("standard amount") is set as a percentage of role-based compensation Restricted shares are issued annually in an amount equal to the standard amount, and restrictions are lifted upon a director's retirement

Performance-Linked Bonuses

The total amount of monetary remuneration to be paid to each director as a performance-linked bonus is calculated by dividing the standard amount set according to the significance of the director's role into three categories, namely "Company-wide evaluation," "Business evaluation," and "Individual evaluation," multiplying these amounts by the respective evaluation coefficients and adding the respective results.

	Standard amount of performance-linked bonus			
Position	Company-wide evaluation	Business evaluation	Individual evaluation	
Representative Director, President	100%			
Director (in charge of business)	50%	30%	20%	
Director (in charge of function)	70%		30%	

Amount of individual bonus =

Company-wide evaluation standard amount x Company-wide evaluation coefficient (0-200%)

+ Business evaluation standard amount x Business evaluation

coefficient (0-200%) + Individual evaluation standard amount x Individual evaluation coefficient (0-200%)

Porformanca Link

The key performance indicators (KPIs) for calculating each evaluation coefficient are selected from among the financial and strategic indicators that the Company emphasizes in its medium-term business plan. The KPIs for calculating the Company-wide evaluation coefficient and the weights are provided below.

KPIs for Calculating the Company-wide Evaluation Coefficient	Weight	Reason for Selection
Consolidated net sales	20%	Indicator of expansion of business scale, which is a source of profit growth
Consolidated EBITDA	60%	Indicator of cash flow generation capabilities and profit growth while actively investing for growth
Consolidated REP	20%	Indicator contributing to improving corporate value by taking capital cost into account

Notes:

 The KPIs for calculating the business evaluation coefficient are net sales (25%) and EBITDA (75%), consistent with the Company-wide evaluation. The KPIs for calculating the individual evaluation coefficient are particularly important items (including initiatives to improve REP in each business and initiatives related to training successors) selected individually from the Company's medium- to long-term strategic issues and challenges.

2. Retained Economic Profit (REP) is a unique business management indicator used by the Group and is calculated by deducting capital costs (capital used x WACC) from NOPAT.

Procedures for Determining Remuneration

In order to ensure appropriateness and objectivity in matters related to remuneration for individual directors, the Remuneration Advisory Committee, comprising mainly independent outside directors, discusses matters first and reports its findings to the Board of Directors, which then makes its decisions. The Remuneration Advisory Committee has discussions that touch on changes in the management environment and opinions of shareholders and investors, and appropriately obtains information necessary for discussion based on objective and expert standpoints.

In the process of determining the amount of individual performance-linked bonuses, the representative director, president, who has been delegated by the Board of Directors, interviews each director in regard to individual performance targets and evaluation results and makes a proposal. This proposal is discussed by the Remuneration Advisory Committee, and then the representative director, president, decides on the final amount. In order to ensure objectivity and fairness in the determination of individual performance targets and evaluation results, the results are reported to the Board of Directors in a timely and appropriate manner. The final amount of individual bonus payments proposed by the representative director, president, is then discussed by the Remuneration Advisory Committee and decided by the Board of Directors.

	Total amount of r	emuneration by categor	Total amount of	Number of eligible	
Officer classification	Basic remuneration	Performance-linked bonuses	Restricted stock compensation	remuneration (Millions of yen)	officers
Directors (excluding outside directors)	262 (162)	81 (48)	85 (85)	428 (295)	7 (7)
Outside directors	32			32	3
Audit & Supervisory Board members (excluding outside Audit & Supervisory Board members)	48			48	2
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board members	32			32	5
Total	374	81	85	541	17
	(274)	(48)	(85)	(408)	(17)

Total Amount of Officer Remuneration in FY2021

Approach to Cross-Shareholdings

Cross-shareholdings are only utilized when it is determined that they will contribute to improvement of the Company's corporate value; for example by maintaining and strengthening trade and cooperative relationships. In addition, every year, the Board of Directors reviews the economic rationale of individual shareholdings of this type from a medium- to long-term perspective. If the importance of a particular shareholding is determined to have diminished, the shares are sold. In conducting such reviews, the Board of Directors carefully examines and makes a comprehensive judgment on whether the benefits, such as profits from transactions, and dividends or risks are commensurate with the cost of capital, followed by consideration of a qualitative evaluation of the strategic importance of the shareholding.

In regard to the exercise of voting rights for cross-shareholdings, the Company will review all the details of the relevant proposal in the investee company's shareholders meeting agenda, and if any of the following apply to the investee company, the Company will make a decision after carefully examination on a case-by-case basis:

(1) The investee has engaged in acts that will lead to a loss of shareholder value

(2) The investee's performance or stock price has deteriorated significantly

(3) There are other serious doubts with respect to agreeing to the proposal



Social

Internal Control/Compliance

Approach to Internal Control

The Group recognizes that developing and operating an internal control system to facilitate operational effectiveness and efficiency, ensure the accuracy of financial reports, comply with laws and regulations pertinent to business, and to safeguard its assets will translate into higher corporate value.

In terms of the development of systems necessary to ensure that the execution of the duties by the directors complies with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and other systems prescribed by ordinance of the Ministry of Justice as systems necessary to ensure the propriety of operations of the Company and the operations of the group of enterprises consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries pursuant to the Companies Act of Japan, the Company has established the basic policy for its internal control system as follows. The Company will endeavor to improve the policy by reviewing it annually to adapt to changes in the business environment, etc.

Internal Controls Basic Policy

- 1. Compliance with the law and internal regulations
- 2. Managing information on Company, subsidiary directors
- 3. Risk management of Company, subsidiary losses
- 4. Group duties of Nichirei, subsidiaries (besides those in 1-3 above)
- 5. Exclusion of antisocial forces
- 6. Audit & Supervisory Board Members and independence of employees
- 7. Systems for reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members
- 8. Ensuring compliance of Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Compliance

The Nichirei Group is engaging in a variety of initiatives aimed at improving its corporate ethics by ensuring compliance with the laws and social norms of all the countries in which it operates. Accordingly, the Group has created guidelines for proper employee behavior in line with laws, its internal regulations, and corporate ethics, as well as a code of conduct and a code of conduct casebook, which provides clear examples of appropriate behavior. These documents also include information concerning matters related to the prevention of corruption that have been deemed important from the perspective of international compliance, including insider trading bans and the prohibition of engagement or trading with antisocial forces. In addition to providing this information, the Group conducts employee compliance training aimed at ensuring a more pervasive understanding of compliance management and a more universal compliance management framework.

Nichirei Group Code of Conduct

- 1. Compliance with Laws and Regulations Concerning Respect for Human Rights and Labor
- 2. Environmental Protection
- 3. Compliance with Laws and Regulations and Internal Regulations
- 4. Management and Preservation of the Company's Property
- 5. Prohibition on Personal Use of the Company's Property
- 6. Prohibition on Insider Trading
- 7. Ensure the Reliability of Financial Information
- 8. Management and Use of Information
- 9. Prohibition of Personal Acts Conflicting with the Company's Interests
- 10. Prohibition on Unfair Benefits Given to/Received from Public Officers or Business Partners
- 11. Prohibition on Involvement/Trade with Antisocial Forces
- 12. Compliance with/Reporting of and Consultation on Code of Conduct

Educating Employees about the Code of Conduct to Ensure Compliance

The Group seeks to continue commanding trust, based on the high ethical standards of its board members and employees. Following the April 2014 revision of our code of conduct, we included it and the Group management principles in the employee handbook.

In addition, a guidebook on the use of social media has been distributed to all employees and, on the Group's intranet,

we publish a monthly series of slideshowstyle materials designed to help employees understand case studies related to the code of conduct.

In addition, the Nichirei Group has been offering e-learning sessions to educate and train employees, based on its inhouse educational rules. The Nichirei Group is committed to continue providing compliance training.



Presentation materials related to the code of conduct

Initiatives to Prevent Bribery and Corruption

The Company is working to prevent anyone working for the Nichirei Group from engaging in acts of bribery involving public officers or others by clarifying the basic matters they should comply with and by using the *Bribery and Corruption Prevention Manual* to familiarize them with specific matters that require caution. Applicable laws and regulations include not only those of Japan but also those of major related countries and regions, including the European Union, the United States, the United Kingdom and China, and they apply to all officers and employees of Group companies, regardless of whether those entities are in Japan or elsewhere.

Internal Whistleblower Hotline and Consultation Service

In October 2003, the Company introduced an internal reporting and consultation hotline. This allows employees to report, or seek advice on, actions that violate laws or company regulations, or that are ethically questionable.

In FY2016, the Company updated its internal whistleblower hotline system in response to the requirements of Japan's new Corporate Governance Code, which specifies that internal whistleblower hotline systems are to be independent from a company's management. To ensure that all employees are aware of the new hotline, the Company created and distributed promotional posters for its workplaces and reminder cards for employees.

In accordance with Company policy, all reports received are relayed to top management by the administration office,

which also conducts an investigation to confirm the facts, implements corrective measures and provides feedback to the person who made the report (when not reported anonymously). Anonymity is preserved to protect the identity of the person reporting, while the process is carefully managed to ensure there is no retaliation against or adverse treatment of the person reporting by those who are the subject of complaints.



Number of Internal Reports Received

	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	Five-year total (FY2017–2021)
Total	20	35	12	21	27	115

Data

nitiatives for Achieving a Sustainable Society

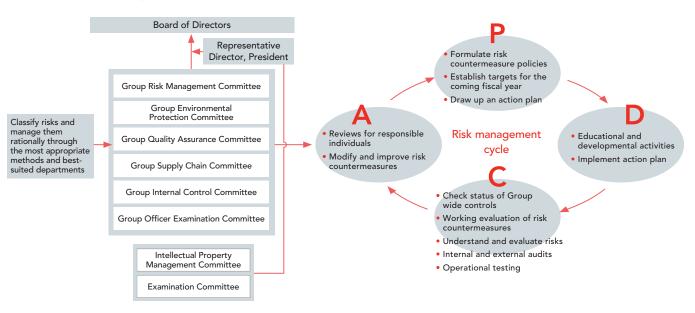


Risk Management

Approach to Risk Management

The Nichirei Group has established the Group Risk Management Committee, chaired by the representative director, president, to manage the various risks associated with its business activities, in the most appropriate and rational way from a comprehensive standpoint, and to maximize the Group's corporate value. The committee identifies and evaluates Group-wide risks, and Nichirei and its operating companies take countermeasures to these risks on their own accord, based on the established risk management cycle. Important items are reported to the Board of Directors of Nichirei Corporation, the holding company, which considers countermeasures.

Risk Management Structure



Committee	Chairperson	Purpose
Group Risk Management Committee		To use the most appropriate and rational methods to comprehensively manage uncertainties that could damage the Nichirei Group's corporate value. An Overseas Compliance Subcommittee and Information Security Subcommittee have been established under this committee to monitor progress on measures related to responding to important risks.
Group Environmental Protection Committee	Kenya Okushi Representative	To contribute to coexistence with an environmentally friendly society. This includes reducing environmental impact, enhancing environmental protection activities and compliance with legal requirements such as environmental laws, regulations and ordinances.
Group Quality Assurance Committee	Director, President	To achieve the product and service quality expected by customers and society.
Group Supply Chain Committee		To plan and review uniform Group-wide initiatives for building and maintaining a sound and sustainable supply chain and to contribute to the mutual prosperity and harmony of stakeholders of the Nichirei Group and its supply chains.
Group Internal Control Committee		To enhance the business operations of Group companies and improve efficiency by establishing, operating, monitoring and improving internal control systems at each Group company.
Group Officer Examination Committee	Consulting lawyer	To ensure the fairness of rewards and punishments for directors and executive officers of the holding company and four core operating companies.

Important Risks and Countermeasures of the Nichirei Group

Risk Category	Countermeasure	Management System
Economic conditions and business environment	In response to environmental changes, the Nichirei Group is promoting innovation through its wide-ranging businesses, which provide value in the fields of food and health, and creating new value that offers solutions to issues facing its customers and society at large. Through these efforts, the Group contributes to good eating habits and health for all people.	Strategic management
Finance	The Company works to minimize the impact of exchange rate fluctuation on business results through forward exchange contracts and other measures. In regard to fixed asset holdings, the Company has introduced a PDCA cycle for each investment, and clarifies the items for consideration when preparing investment plans, as well as the rules for post-investment verification to ensure proper operations.	Finance
Changes in laws, regulations, and business practices	The Nichirei Group works to ensure thorough compliance based on the Nichirei Pledge, which is the Group's basic CSR policy. The Group also pays careful attention to trends in the laws and regulations of each country and region and gathers necessary information. The Group recognizes changes in laws and regulations related to the environment and society as particularly urgent issues from the standpoint of both risk and opportunity and takes action accordingly.	Strategic management
Food quality issues	In order to provide customers with reliable products and services, the Nichirei Group works to enhance its integrated quality assurance system from product development to procurement of ingredients, production and sales. Ensuring food safety and reliability is the Group's top priority. This includes appropriate ingredient and product quality and production control, development of traceability systems, food defense initiatives, and training and proper allocation of personnel.	Group Quality Assurance Committee
Supply chain	The processed foods business continually improves formulation technology and production efficiency to reduce manufacturing costs and develop products that offer greater value. The marine, meat and poultry products business works to balance supply and demand in procurement and sales, expand the lineup of processed products that are less susceptible to the impact of fluctuating market prices, and increase sales of differentiated products. In addition, this business makes efforts for sustainable food procurement by carrying MSC/ASC-certified marine products, procuring sustainable palm oil, and conducting a sustainable-cycle poultry business.	Group Supply Chain Committee, Group Environmental Protection Committee
Climate change	As climate change initiatives, the Nichirei Group is working to conserve energy in ways such as introducing highly efficient equipment, and is switching from fluorocarbon to natural coolants. The Group is also introducing solar power generation equipment and purchasing green power certificates and other sources of renewable energy that do not produce CO ₂ emissions. In addition, the Group is conducting ongoing assessments of the impact of climate change and disclosing information according to the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD).	Group Environmental Protection Committee
Information systems/ security	In regard to information security, the Nichirei Group has implemented technical measures against external cyberattacks, including a firewall, an intrusion detection system and a proper authentication system. At the same time, the Group is working to build an appropriate management structure for its information systems by preparing rules on information security and providing e-learning and other training to employees.	Group Risk Management Committee
Disasters	As countermeasures for large-scale natural disasters, the Group is proceeding with seismic retrofitting work and deploying emergency generators and has established an employee safety confirmation system as well as a disaster prevention manual and business continuity plan (BCP), and utilizes multiple data centers.	Group Risk Management Committee

Business Continuity Plan Initiatives

Employee Safety

Group Countermeasures Headquarters in Response to COVID-19

In January 2020, we set up the Group Countermeasures Headquarters in response to COVID-19. In addition to collecting and sharing information throughout the Group, between January and July 2020 we sent out 24 messages on the Company intranet, with instructions regarding work systems and infection prevention measures. We are creating a crisis management system to strike a balance between the prevention of infection and the need for our employees to engage in business activities.

Confirming Safety in Emergency Situations

We have introduced a Group-wide safety confirmation system using a dedicated website. In the event of a disaster, such as an earthquake with an intensity of five or higher, emails will be sent to employees to check whether they are safe, and relevant local information will be provided immediately on the website. The system allows for the rapid collection and sharing of information.

Enhancing Core Logistics System BCP

As part of its risk management, Nichirei Logistics Group has been enhancing BCP support for its core logistics system since February 2018.

Assuming the possibility of damage to the data center, where operations are heavily concentrated, the group created a disaster recovery (DR) system that enables rapid resumption of business. In the event of a large-scale disaster, the group can quickly resume operations through the use of two bases, each of which can switch from the system at its main site to the DR site. Approximately one hour is needed from the activation of the system until an online restart is possible. The system is designed to ensure that customer businesses and food distribution are not affected. The Nichirei Logistic Group plans to implement advanced initiatives as a food logistics lifeline in order to contribute to the business continuity of our business partners.



Management Strategy

Value Creation Story

Financial Strategy

Core Logistics System BCP

Disaster recovery site

Eastern Japan Data Cen

Normal operations structure

Conceptual Diagram

Main site

estern Japan Data Ce

Normal operat

Governance

Social

Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers (As of June 22, 2021)



Back row, from left

Yuichi Takaku Executive Officer

Hideo Yokoi Executive Officer

Wataru Tanabe Director, Executive Officer

Masahiko Takenaga Director, Executive Officer

Kazuhiko Umezawa Director, Executive Officer

Front row, from left

Mana Nabeshima Outside Director

Kuniko Shoji Outside Director

Mieko Wanibuchi Outside Director

Kenya Okushi Representative Director, President

Junji Kawasaki Director, Executive Officer

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Kazuhiko Yasuda Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Tatsushi Kato Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Yuhiko Saito Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Kiyoshi Asahina Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Shizuka Uzawa

Outside Director

Muneaki Kiyota Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Yutaka Karino Executive Officer

Kenji Suzuki Executive Officer

Data

Kunio Otani Representative Director, Chairman Takumi Taguchi Director, Executive Officer

To prevent the spread of COVID-19, participants removed their masks only for the moment this photograph was taken.



Officer Career Summaries (As of June 22, 2021)

Directors

April 1980

April April 2008

2005

June 2010

April 2012



Kunio Otani Representative

Director, Chairman

Number of years in office:	3
Number of shares held:	27,038

	Number of years in office:	3
	Number of shares held:	27,038
Joined the Company Director, Managing Executive Officer, General Manager of Strategic Plannin Executive Officer, General Manager of Manager of Strategic Planning, the C President, Nichirei Proserve Inc.	ng, the Company of Corporate Supervisor	r Division; Ger

June	2012	Director, Executive Officer; in charge of Corporate Internal Audit, Corporate
		Supervisor Division, General Affairs, Human Resources Strategy, Accounting &
		Tax, and Public Relations; General Manager of Strategic Planning, the Company
June	2013	Representative Director, President, the Company
June	2016	President, FINET, INC.
June	2017	Chairman, Japan Association of Refrigerated Warehouses
April	2019	Chairman, the Company (to the present)

June 2020

Outside Director, Japan Finance Corporation (to the present) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance July 2020 Company (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company

Outside Director, Japan Finance Corporation

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Fukoku Mutual Life Insurance Company



Takumi	Taguchi
Director,	

Executive Officer

Number of years in office:	8	
Number of shares held:	8,935	

April	1987	Joined the Company
April	2011	General Manager of Finance, the Company
April	2012	General Manager of Accounting & Tax, the Company
June	2012	Director, Executive Officer, Nichirei Proserve Inc. Executive Officer; in charge of
		Finance & Investor Relations; General Manager of Accounting & Tax, the Company
June	2014	Director, Executive Officer; supervising Corporate Internal Audit, Strategic
		Planning, Legal Affairs, Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs, Finance &
		Investor Relations, and Accounting & Tax; General Manager of Corporate
		Supervisor Division; General Manager of Public Relations, the Company
April	2019	Director, Executive Officer; supervising Corporate Internal Audit, Business
		Management, Strategic Planning, IT Planning, Legal Affairs, Human Resources
		Strategy & General Affairs, Finance, Accounting & Tax and Group

Communication, the Company (to the present)

Kazuhiko Umezawa

Director, Executive Officer

Number of years in office:	4
Number of shares held:	12,737

April 1988 Joined the Company Executive Officer; General Manager of Solution Development Department, Logistics Planner Inc. April 2008 Managing Executive Officer; General Manager of Management Division, Logistics April 2012 Network, Inc. President, Nichirei Logistics Tokai, Inc. May 2014 May 2016 June 2017 President, Nichirei Logistics Kansai, Inc. Director, Managing Executive Officer; General Manager of Technology Information Planning Department; General Manager of Operation Innovation Promotion Department, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc. President, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc. (to the present) April 2018

June 2018 Director, Executive Officer, the Company (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company sident, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc



April 1988

- Joined the Company General Manager of Business Coordination Division, Nichirei Foods Inc. April 2011
- April 2013 General Manager of Strategic Planning, the Company
- Benefative and a warager of strategic Planning, the Company Executive Officer; General Manager of Strategic Planning, the Company Director, Managing Executive Officer; supervising Brand Promoting Department, Human Resources Strategy Department, Business Administration Department, Business Promoting Department, Imported Products Procurement Strategy June 2014 June 2015 Department, and International Business Division: General Manager of Strategic Planning Department, Nichirei Foods Inc. President, Nichirei Foods Inc. April 2017
- June 2017 April 2018 Director, Executive Officer, the Company Director, Executive Officer; supervising Strategic Planning, the Company
- April 2019 President, the Company (to the present)
- May 2020 Chairman, Japan Frozen Food Association (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company Chairman, Japan Frozen Food Association



Junji Kawasaki

Kenya Okushi Representative

Director, President

3

19,206

Number of

shares held

years in office Number of

Director,

Number of years in office:	5
Number of shares held:	6,135

- Joined the Company April 1987
- General Manager of Quality Assurance Department, Nichirei Foods Inc. April 2013 April 2014 Executive Officer; General Manager of Quality Assurance Department, Nichirei
- Foods Inc.
- April 2017 General Manager of Technology Management, the Company Director, Executive Officer; supervising Quality Assurance; General Manager of June 2017
- Technology Management, the Company Director, Executive Officer; supervising Technology Management; General Manager of Quality Assurance, the Company April 2018
- Interloger of Quality Associations, the Company Director, Executive Officer; supervising Quality Assurance and Business Innovation; General Manager of Technology Management, the Company (to April 2021
 - the present)

Masahiko Takenaga

Director. Executive Officer

Number of years in office:	3
Number of shares held:	14,275

- General Manager of Brand Promoting Department, Nichirei Foods Inc. Executive Officer; General Manager of Manufacturing Strategy Department, and General Manager of Manufacturing Administration Department, Manufacturing
- Division, Nichirel Foods Inc. Executive Officer; General Manager of Consumer Brand Division, Nichirei Foods Inc. April 2016 Managing Executive Officer; General Manager of Consumer Brand Division, Nichirei Foods Inc. April 2017
- Director, Managing Executive Officer, Nichirei Foods Inc. June 2018
- President, Nichirei Foods Inc. (to the present) Director, Executive Officer, the Company (to the present) April 2019
- June 2019

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company President, Nichirei Foods Inc.

April 1989 Joined the Company April 2013 April 2015

Executive Officer



Wataru Tanabe

Director, Executive Officer

Number of years in office:	New appointment	
Number of shares held:	_	

April	1992	Joined the Company
Septemb	er 2009	President, Nichirei Fresh Farm Inc.
April	2019	Executive Officer; General Manager of Strategic Planning, Nichirei Fresh Inc.
June	2020	Director, Executive Officer; General Manager of Strategic Planning, Nichirei
		Fresh Inc.
April	2021	President, Nichirei Fresh Inc. (to the present)
June	2021	Director, Executive Officer, the Company (to the present)

npany (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company President, Nichirei Fresh Inc.



Outside Director

Number of years in office:	5
Number of shares held:	1,900

April	1995	General Manager, GINZA TAILOR CO., LTD.
April	2000	President, GINZA TAILOR CO., LTD.
June	2003	President, Warney Creative Japan Co., Ltd. (currently GGG Co., Ltd.) (to
		the present)
November	2003	President, Gintei Buildings Co., Ltd. (currently GINZA TAILOR GROUP CO.,
		LTD.)
June	2016	Outside Director, the Company (to the present)
September	2019	CEO & Chairman, GINZA TAILOR CO., LTD. (to the present)
September	2019	CEO & Chairman, GINZA TAILOR GROUP CO., LTD. (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company CEO & Chairman, GINZA TAILOR GROUP CO., LTD. CEO & Chairman, GINZA TAILOR CO., LTD. President, GGG Co., Ltd.



April	1969	Joined Nisshin Spinning Co., Ltd. (currently Nisshinbo Holdings Inc.)
June	2001	Director; Chief of Accounting and Finance Division, Nisshinbo Industries, Inc.
June	2004	Executive Director, Nisshinbo Industries, Inc.
June	2006	Director, Executive Managing Officer; Chief of General Affairs Division,
		Nisshinbo Industries, Inc.
April	2007	Director, Senior Executive Managing Officer; Chief of Paper Products Division,
		Nisshinbo Industries, Inc.
June	2009	President, Nisshinbo Holdings Inc.
June	2013	Chairman, Nisshinbo Holdings Inc.
October	2013	Outside Director, Japan Finance Corporation
March	2015	Outside Director, Sapporo Holdings Limited
June	2016	Outside Director, the Company (to the present)



Kuniko Shoji

Shizuka Uzawa

5

1,900

Outside Director

Number of years in office:

Number of

shares held:

Outside Director

Number of years in office:	3
Number of shares held:	1,100

April	1977	Joined Mochida Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
July	1986	Joined Johnson & Johnson Medical K.K. (currently Johnson & Johnson K.K.)
Septem	ber 2002	Joined Terumo Corporation; General Manager of Regulatory Affairs Department, Terumo Corporation
June	2004	Executive Officer; General Manager of Regulatory Affairs Department, Terumo Corporation
June	2010	Director, Senior Executive Officer; General Manager of Regulatory Affairs Department; General Manager of Clinical Development Department, Terumo Corporation
April	2017	Director, Corporate Advisor, Terumo Corporation
June	2018	Outside Director, the Company (to the present) Outside Director, MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION (to the present)
March	2019	Outside Director, DIC Corporation (to the present)
April	2019	Professor, Kanagawa University of Human Services Graduate School, School of Health Innovation (to the present)

Significant concurrent positions outside the Company Outside Director, MEDIPAL HOLDINGS CORPORATION Outside Director, DIC Corporation Professor, Kanagawa University of Human Services Graduate School, School of Health Innovation



Mana Nabeshima

Outside Director

ntment

August	1991	Joined Citibank, N.A., Tokyo Branch	
October 2000		Joined Goldman Sachs Japan Co., Ltd.	
January 2015 Joined DBS Bank Ltd.		Joined DBS Bank Ltd.	
August	2016	Representative Director and CEO, DBS Securities (Japan) Co., Ltd.	
Septembe	r 2016	Country Head of Japan, DBS Bank Ltd.	
January	2020	Executive Officer; Head of Sales, HiJoJo Partners Inc.	
July	2020	Vice Chairman, DIGITAL GRID Corporation (to the present)	
June	2021	Outside Director, the Company (to the present)	

Initiatives for Achieving a Sustainable Society

Data

Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Ν у

General Manager of Accounting & Tax, the Company General Manager of Corporate Social Responsibility Headquarters, the Company

Audit & Supervisory Board Member, the Company (to the present)



April 2018 June 2018 Kazuhiko Yasuda

Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Number of years in office:	3
Number of shares held:	4,629



Tatsushi Kato

Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Number of years in office:	New appointment
Number of shares held:	_

April	1987	Joined the Company	
April	2013	General Manager of Funabashi Plant, Manufacturing Division, Nichirei Foods Inc.	
October	2013	General Manager of Funabashi Plant, General Manager of Funabashi No. 2	
		Plant, Manufacturing Division, Nichirei Foods Inc.	
April	2015	Executive Officer; General Manager of Funabashi Plant, General Manager of	
		Funabashi No. 2 Plant, Manufacturing Division, Nichirei Foods Inc.	
April	2016	Executive Officer; General Manager of Manufacturing Division, Nichirei Foods Inc.	
April	2019	Managing Executive Officer; General Manager of Quality Assurance	
		Department, Nichirei Foods Inc.	
April	2020	Managing Executive Officer; General Manager of Quality Assurance	
		Department, General Manager of Research and Development Department,	
		Nichirei Foods Inc.	

2021 General Manager of Corporate Social Responsibility Headquarters, April

Audit & Supervisory Board Member, the Company (to the present) June 2021



Yuhiko Saito

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Number of years in office:	2
Number of shares held:	700

Appointed Public Prosecutor April 1983 Director-General of the Rehabilitation Bureau, Ministry of Justice Chief Prosecutor, Kyoto District Public Prosecutors Office September 2012 2014 Julv Chief Prosecutor, Kyoto Listra Hublic Prosecutors Office Chief Prosecutor, Vokohama District Public Prosecutors Office Superintending Prosecutor, Takamatsu High Public Prosecutors Office Retired from office Registered as an attorney (Dojima Law Office) (to the present) April 2015 September 2016 March 2017 January March 2018 2018 June 2019 Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, the Company (to the present)



Kiyoshi Asahina

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Number of years in office:	1
Number of shares held:	_

April	1978	Joined Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry (currently Ministry of Agriculture,
		Forestry and Fisheries)
May	1994	Planning Manager, Vegetable Supply Stabilization Fund
May	1997	Counselor, Embassy of Japan in the United Kingdom
January	2001	Counselor, Cabinet Secretariat (to Assistance Chief Cabinet Secretary)
July	2003	Director of Administration Division, Forest Policy Planning Department,
		Forestry Agency
July	2004	Director-General, Cooperatives Inspection Department, Minister's Secretariat
April	2008	Director-General, Kinki-Chugoku Regional Forest Office
April	2010	Auditor, Fisheries Research Agency
June	2014	Advisor, International Business Division, Japan Association for International
		Racing and Stud Book
June	2020	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, the Company (to the present)



Muneaki Kiyota

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

Number of years in office:	1
Number of shares held:	_

April	1981	Joined The Fuji Bank, Limited (currently Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)
June	2004	General Manager of Forex Department, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd. (currently
		Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)
April	2007	General Manager, Bangkok Branch, Mizuho Corporate Bank, Ltd.
April	2009	Executive Officer, Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.; President, Mizuho Bank
		(Switzerland) Ltd.
April	2010	Director, Mizuho Securities Co., Ltd.
June	2012	Audit & Supervisory Board Member & Managing Executive Officer, OKAYA
		ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
June	2014	Director, Managing Executive Officer, OKAYA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
April	2018	Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer, OKAYA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES
		CO., LTD.
April	2020	Director, OKAYA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES CO., LTD.
June	2020	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, the Company (to the present)

Executive Officers



Yutaka Karino

Executive Officer In charge of Group Communication General Manager, Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs

Joined the Company General Manager, Human Resources, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc.

April 1988 April 2011 April 2014 June 2017 General Manager, Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs, the Company Executive Officer, General Manager of Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs, the Company April 2021

Executive Officer, in charge of Group Communication, General Manager of Human Resources Strategy & General Affairs, the Company (to the present)



April 1990 April 2018 Joined the Company Executive Officer, Nichirei Biosciences Inc. June 2018 April 2021 April 2021 Director, Executive Officer, Nichirei Biosciences Inc. President, Nichirei Biosciences Inc. (to the present) Executive Officer, the Company (to the present)

Hideo Yokoi

Executive Officer Representative Director, President, Nichirei Biosciences Inc.



Kenji Suzuki

Executive Officer General Manager of Business Management and General Manager of



Yuichi Takaku

Executive Officer In charge of IT Strategy, General Manager of Strategic Planning

Finance

Joined the Company April 1991 April 2019

General Manager of Finance, the Company Executive Officer, General Manager of Business Management and General April 2021 Manager of Finance, the Company (to the present)

Joined the Company April 1994 General Manager of Strategic Planning, Nichirei Logistics Group Inc. Executive Officer; in charge of IT Strategy, General Manager of Strategic April 2018 April 2021 Planning, the Company (to the present)

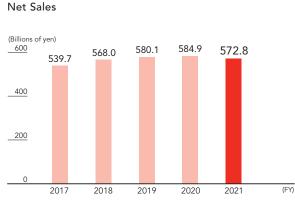
Management Strategy

Value Creation Story

Financial Strategy

Data

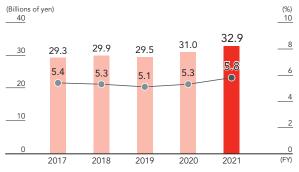
Financial and Non-financial Highlights



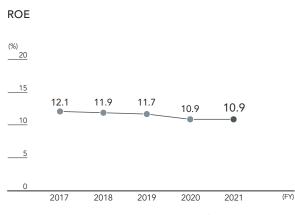
Net sales decreased 2% due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In processed foods, household-use and overseas sales were strong. In the logistics business, XD business revenues grew.

Operating Profit and Operating Profit/Net Sales

Operating profit
 Operating profit/Net sales

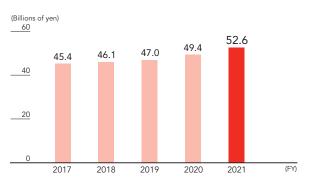


In addition to continued good performance by logistics and strong sales of household-use and overseas processed foods, strict management of Group-wide costs contributed to an increase in operating profit.



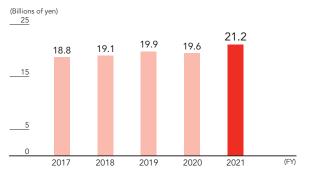
Due to steady profit, among other factors, ROE has continued to meet the medium-term business plan target of 10% or higher.

EBITDA



EBITDA increased as the Nichirei Group covered increased depreciation to secure growth in operating profit.

Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent

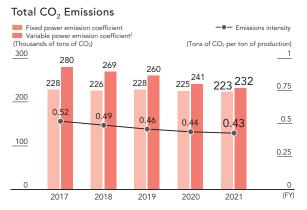


Profit has steadily increased due to profit growth in core businesses together with cost control and improved operational efficiency.

Interest-bearing Debt and Equity Ratio

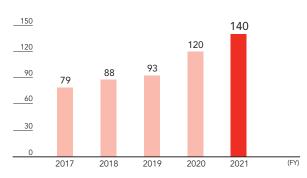


Interest-bearing debt increased ¥71 million to ¥96.4 billion. The equity ratio in FY2021 was 50.1%.

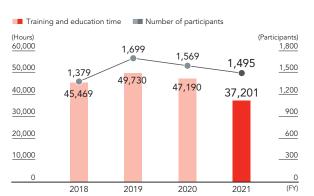


We set a new goal of a 50% reduction by FY2031 (compared with FY2016). In FY2021, we conserved energy by introducing energy-saving equipment and by improving efficiency. In addition, we utilized Renewable Energy Certificates to expand our use of renewable energy.

Number of Female Line Managers



As a material matter for the Nichirei Group, we will continue to proactively work to increase the ratio of female line managers at Nichirei Corporation to 30% by FY2031.



Training and Education Time and Number of Participants

The Group Human Resources Committee is studying measures to enhance the content and quality of training and education as an investment in human resources. Due in part to the impact of COVID-19, we offer online educational programs.

Waste Discharged Outside Worksites and Recycling Rate

Waste discharged outside worksites Recycling rate



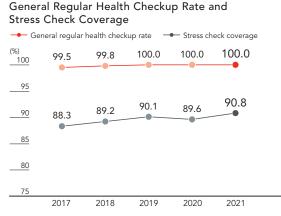
As a material matter for the Nichirei Group, we have set a KPI for and are actively working to reduce the amount of and recycle the food residue and waste generated by our business activities.

Number of Resignations and Turnover Rate



By continuously striving to create a good working environment, proactively promote young human resources and improve employee engagement, we have maintained a turnover rate well below the industry average of 9.4%.*

Source: Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, Summary Report of the Survey on Employment Trends in 2018, Manufacturing turnover rate

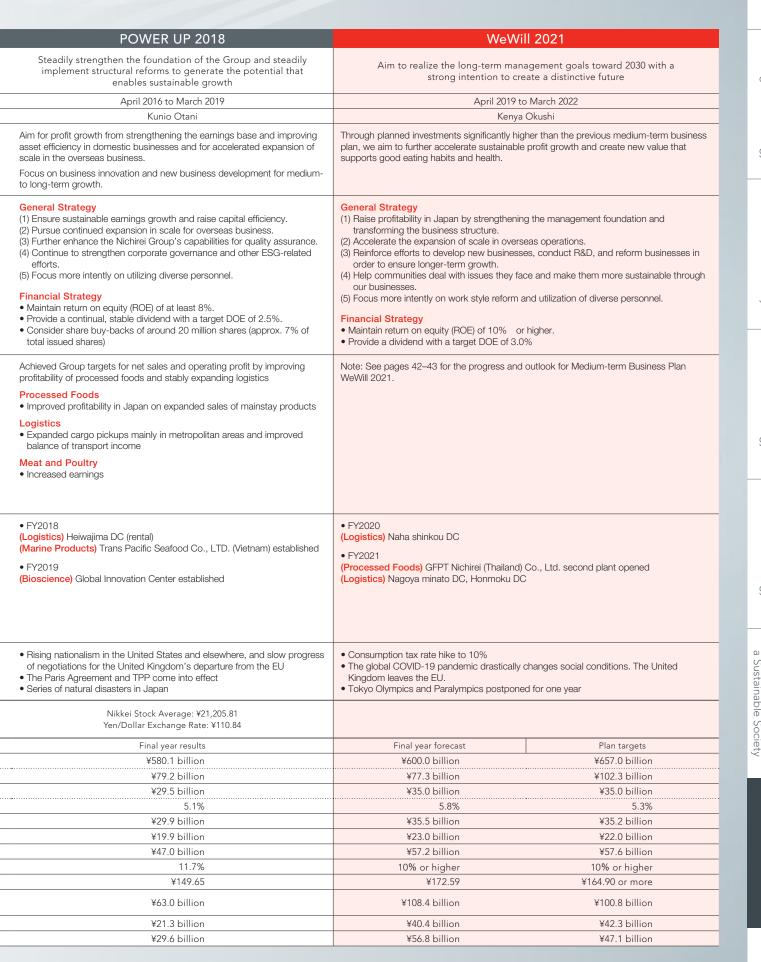


Under the Nichirei Group Health Declaration, we are striving for health management based on the three pillars of health maintenance and improvement, mental health measures, and safety and hygiene control. The general regular health checkup rate has reached 100%.

(FY)

Overview of Medium-term Business Plans

	energy 2012	RISING 2015
Concept	Aim to achieve FY2013 targets by conducting business activities based on employee (1) energy/vitality, (2) ability to act/execute and (3) (strong) efforts/initiatives	With the goal of achieving medium-term management vision GROWTH 2016, increase the corporate value of the Nichirei Group by realizing the sustainable growth targeted in the plan
Period	April 2010 to March 2013	April 2013 to March 2016
President	Toshiaki Murai	Kunio Otani
Basic Strategy	Achieve sustainable earnings growth by steadily pursuing business strategies and responding promptly to the operating environment.	Each operating company will, by displaying its unique capabilities and helping to resolve social issues through business development, fulfill its "six responsibilities" and establish a foundation for sustainable growth responsive to changes in the operating environment in Japan and overseas.
Main Initiatives	 Bolster earnings capacity and achieve sustainable growth by effectively allocating management resources Facilitate the sustainable growth of the core operating companies by identifying and capturing growth opportunities Obtain the trust of society by providing valuable food safety and reliability Strengthen the source of the Group's competitiveness by further improving management quality Strengthen the Group's abilities to collect and analyze new technologies to create new business models that will ensure sustainable growth Examine the possibility of acquiring treasury stock as part of a capital policy Redevelop the retirement benefit system 	 Bolster the earnings capacity of individual Group companies in Japan and overseas to achieve sustainable growth. Build a global quality assurance system. Allocate the Group's management resources appropriately and continue to implement a policy of providing appropriate returns to shareholders, including the acquisition of treasury stock and a dividend increase. Upgrade corporate functionality in the holding company structure. Strengthen the strategy on technological innovation in response to major changes in social and economic circumstances.
Achievements	 Achieved the plan targets for operating profit in the core processed foods and logistics businesses; marine, meat and poultry products fell substantially short Processed Foods Expanded sales of prepared frozen foods for the household-use and HMR markets Started full-scale operation of two factories for processed poultry products in Thailand Logistics Expanded earnings base by starting operation of Higashi-ogishima DC and other sites Increased contracts for XD outsourcing 	 Made investments for sustainable growth and achieved Group targets for net sales and operating profit Processed Foods Strengthened the domestic in-house production system Expanded business scale in the United States Logistics Started operation of large-scale refrigerated warehouses in the Tokyo and Osaka metropolitan areas
Main Investments	 FY2011 (Processed Foods) GFPT Nichirei (Thailand) Co., Ltd. established, Surapon Nichirei Foods Co., Ltd. Kabinburi Plant Building No. 2 expansion (Logistics) Fukuoka Higashihama DC, acquisition of Transports Godfroy S.A.S. (France) FY2012 (Logistics) Higashi-ogishima DC, Kagoshima So DC FY2013 (Processed Foods) Acquisition of InnovAsian Cuisine Enterprises Inc. (USA) 	 FY2014 (Processed Foods) Newly established Funabashi No. 2 Plant (Logistics) Higashi-ogishima DC Phase 2 Building FY2015 (Processed Foods) Expanded cooked rice products production line (Logistics) Sakishima DC, Tokachi DC FY2016 (Logistics) Funabashi DC (rebuilding)
Operating Environment	 Great East Japan Earthquake and subsequent nuclear power plant accident Appreciation of the yen as European financial instability becomes widespread 	 Focus on food safety and security resulting from factors including cases of pesticide problems and meat sold after its sell-by date Consumption tax rate hike to 8% as Abenomics starts, and the yen depreciates
Stock Price/Currency Exchange Rate (at end of plan period)	Nikkei Stock Average: ¥12,397.91 Dollar/Yen exchange rate: ¥94.19	Nikkei Stock Average: ¥16,758.67 Dollar/Yen Exchange Rate: ¥112.56
Figures	Final year results	Final year results
Net Sales	¥470.1 billion	¥535.3 billion
(Overseas Sales)	¥37.5 billion	¥75.5 billion
Operating Profit	¥17.9 billion	¥21.5 billion
(Operating Margin)	3.8%	4.0%
Ordinary Profit	¥17.2 billion	¥21.4 billion
Profit	¥9.8 billion	¥13.4 billion
EBITDA	¥32.2 billion	¥38.0 billion
ROE	8.2%	9.1%
EPS	¥33.40	¥94.30
Total 3-Year Capital		
Expenditures Incl. Processed foods	¥47.5 billion ¥15.5 billion	¥64.4 billion ¥24.7 billion
Logistics	¥27.8 billion	¥34.4 billion
Logistics	127.0 0000	



Data

11-Year Financial Highlights

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries for the Years Ended March 31		energy 2012			
Subsidiaries for the rears Ended March 51	2011/3	2012/3	2013/3	2014/3	
Sales and Income:					
Net sales *	437,808	454,931	470,126	511,189	
Cost of sales	350,442	368,012	378,652	417,928	
Selling, general and administrative expenses *	70,685	70,741	73,541	77,472	
Operating profit	16,681	16,177	17,932	15,789	
Non-operating income:	1,939	2,025	1,880	2,113	
Interest and dividend income	488	622	575	1,060	
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method	164	49	224	_	
Non-operating expenses: *	2,505	2,952	2,609	3,459	
Interest expenses	1,371	1,445	1,438	1,295	
Share of loss of entities accounted for using equity method	_	_	_	795	
Ordinary profit	16,115	15,250	17,202	14,443	
Extraordinary income	5,123	1,308	1,690	2,347	
Extraordinary losses *	12,378	2,333	5,291	1,432	
Profit before income taxes	8,860	14,225	13,601	15,357	
Income taxes *	4,772	6,406	5,489	5,480	
Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	(44)	85	1,712	(978)	
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	4,044	7,904	9,823	8,898	
Depreciation and amortization	14,158	14,978	14,302	14,475	
(Excluding leased assets)	10,441	11,177	10,522	10,748	
Capital expenditures	22,110	12,248	13,171	24,041	
(Excluding leased assets)	18,076	9,400	10,724	21,209	
Research & development expenditures	1,806	1,697	1,817	1,607	

Share Information:

Profit per share	*	13.08	26.35	33.40	31.12	
Dividends per share	*	9	9	10	10	
Payout ratio		69%	34%	30%	32%	

Notes:

1. Figures in the consolidated statements of income are based on the Securities Report and presented in million-yen units, with units less than one million yen rounded down. However, figures for items marked with an asterisk "*" have been fractionally adjusted for convenience purposes.

2. Due to segment changes in FY2001 and FY2004, as well as changes in common cost allocation standards in FY2003 and FY2006, it is difficult to accurately follow the profit levels of each business in chronological order.

3. From FY2016, the accounting policy regarding standards for recording sales in the processed foods business was changed (the portion that had previously been recorded as promotional expenses has been excluded from net sales). Accordingly, the FY2015 figure has been retroactively changed to reflect the change in the accounting policy standards.

4. From FY2017, profit per share (yen) and dividends per share (yen) are shown as numerical values after the reverse stock split implemented on October 1, 2016.

RISING 2015			POWER UP 2018		WeWi	ll 2021
		00170		0010/0		
2015/3	2016/3	2017/3	2018/3	2019/3	2020/3	2021/3 (Millions of yen
519,963	535,351	539,657	568,032	580,141	584,858	572,757
446,180	454,265	448,516	475,194	486,926	485,784	473,954
56,376	59,501	61,831	62,940	63,704	68,038	65,853
17,406	21,583	29,309	29,897	29,511	31,035	32,949
1,993	1,704	1,433	2,102	1,753	1,891	1,798
616	664	716	817	871	896	880
140	131	278	715	399	387	376
2,498	1,893	1,637	1,350	1,399	1,150	1,215
1,138	1,053	954	898	870	791	709
_	_	_	_	_	_	_
16,902	21,394	29,105	30,650	29,864	31,777	33,532
137	220	468	102	1,085	505	870
1,167	1,014	1,756	1,515	1,410	2,489	2,799
15,871	20,600	27,818	29,237	29,540	29,792	31,603
4,850	5,933	7,322	8,601	8,773	9,008	8,954
(1,504)	(1,195)	(1,744)	(1,538)	(822)	(1,174)	(1,437)
9,516	13,471	18,751	19,097	19,943	19,609	21,212
15,621	16,455	16,057	16,155	17,481	18,355	19,669
11,871	12,658	12,347	12,543	13,910	14,690	15,894
24,171	16,175	13,887	24,952	24,132	27,287	37,776
19,750	13,216	10,253	22,312	21,320	24,864	33,851
1,730	1,600	1,559	1,986	2,359	2,486	2,403
33.29	47.15	135.11	142.23	149.65	147.16	159.19
10	12	28	30	32	42	50
30%	26%	21%	21%	21%	29%	31%

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries As of March 31, 2020 and 2021

		Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
Assets		2020		2021	 2021
Current assets:					
Cash and deposits	¥	25,933	¥	28,933	\$ 261,321
Notes and accounts receivable - trade		82,269		81,749	738,346
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(131)		(109)	(987)
Inventories		47,934		47,867	432,326
Other current assets		14,303		11,131	100,536
Total current assets		170,308		169,572	1,531,544
Fixed assets:					
Property, plant and equipment (Note 6):					
Buildings and structures		252,672		259,690	2,345,471
Machinery and equipment		118,098		128,081	1,156,805
Land		36,007		38,683	349,378
Leased assets		37,323		37,199	335,978
Construction in progress		4,534		3,716	33,569
		448,636		467,371	4,221,205
Less accumulated depreciation		(285,402)		(293,409)	(2,650,015)
Property, plant and equipment, net		163,233		173,962	1,571,189
Investments and other assets:					
Investment securities (Note 5)		28,904		33,663	304,038
Investment in affiliates		7,246		7,244	65,426
Net defined benefit asset		57		52	474
Deferred tax assets (Note 8)		1,912		2,260	20,420
Other		18,609		19,208	173,489
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(268)		(245)	(2,213)
Total investments and other assets		56,462		62,184	561,637
Total fixed assets		219,696		236,146	2,132,826
Total assets	¥	390,004	¥	405,719	\$ 3,664,370

_		Million	ns of y	een	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
Liabilities and net assets	2	2020		2021		2021	
Current liabilities:							
	¥	4,292	¥	6,948	\$	62,759	
Commercial paper	•	2,000	-	-	Ŷ		
Current portion of long-term debt		956		4,797		43,332	
Current portion of bonds		10,000		10,000		90,317	
Accounts payable		28,460		28,073		253,551	
Lease obligations		3,605		3,572		32,262	
Income taxes payable		5,299		5,911		53,388	
Accrued expenses		34,893		35,483		320,476	
Provision for directors' bonuses		228		238		2,154	
Other current liabilities		18,683		13,481		121,762	
Total current liabilities		108,419		108,506		980,006	
Long-term liabilities:		100,117		100,500		200,000	
Bonds		30,000		30,000		270,953	
Long-term debt		33,420		29,010		262,020	
Provision for directors' and statutory		55,120		27,010		202,020	
auditors' retirement benefits		175		131		1,188	
Net defined benefit liability		2,014		1,996		18,029	
Lease obligations		12,076		12,093		109,227	
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 8)		2,830		4,265		38,521	
Asset retirement obligations		3,935		4,037		36,467	
Other		5,742		5,251		47,432	
Total long-term liabilities		90,196		86,786		783,840	
Total liabilities		198,615		195,293		1,763,846	
		190,015		173,275		1,703,040	
Net assets:							
Shareholders' equity (Note 7):							
Common stock, with no par value							
Authorized							
- 360,000,000 shares for 2020 and 2021							
Issued and outstanding - 139,965,587 shares							
for 2020 and 140,003,877 shares for 2021		30,359		30,418		274,738	
Capital surplus		5,750		5,795		52,340	
Retained earnings		156,953		172,436		1,557,408	
Treasury stock		(17,642)		(17,648)		(159,395)	
Total shareholders' equity		175,421		191,002		1,725,091	
Accumulated other comprehensive income:							
Net unrealized holding gain on available-							
for-sale securities		9,016		12,344		111,491	
Net deferred gain on hedges		802		1,639		14,809	
Foreign currency translation adjustments		(736)		(1,660)		(14,996)	
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	e	9,082		12,323		111,304	
Non-controlling interests		6,884		7,100		64,128	
Total net assets		191,388		210,426		1,900,524	
Total liabilities and net assets	¥	390,004	¥	405,719	\$	3,664,370	

Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021

		Millions	s of ye	en	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
_	2020			2021	2021		
Net sales	¥	584,858	¥	572,757	\$	5,173,030	
Operating costs and expenses:							
Cost of sales		485,784		473,954		4,280,659	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		68,038		65,853		594,775	
		553,822		539,808		4,875,435	
Operating profit		31,035		32,949		297,594	
Other income (expenses):							
Interest and dividend income		896		880		7,955	
Interest expense		(791)		(709)		(6,404)	
Other – net		(1,348)		(1,517)		(13,705)	
		(1,243)		(1,345)		(12,154)	
Profit before income taxes		29,792		31,603		285,440	
Income taxes (Note 8):							
Current		9,566		9,684		87,471	
Deferred		(557)		(730)		(6,596)	
		9,008		8,954		80,874	
Profit		20,784		22,649		204,565	
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	5	1,174		1,437		12,981	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	¥	19,609	¥	21,212	\$	191,584	

		Y		U.S. dollars (Note 1)			
Amounts per share (Note 9):	2020 2021				2021		
Net assets	¥	1,384.90	¥	1,525.76	\$	13.780	
Profit:							
Basic		147.16		159.19		1.438	
Diluted		_		_		_	

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021

		Million	n	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
		2020		2021	2021	
Profit	¥	20,784	¥	22,649	\$	204,565
Other comprehensive income: Net unrealized holding gain (loss) on available-for-sale securities		(4,978)		3,319		29,984
Net deferred gain (loss) on hedges		151		837		7,567
Foreign currency translation adjustments Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of affiliates accounted for by the		(10)		(973)		(8,791)
equity method		154		(224)		(2,030)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		(4,683)		2,959		26,729
Total comprehensive income	¥	16,100	¥	25,609	\$	231,295
Total comprehensive income attributable to:						
Owners of parent	¥	14,628	¥	24,452	\$	220,853
Non-controlling interests		1,471		1,156		10,441

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021

				Millions of ye	n	
			SI	hareholders' equ	ity	
	Common stock	Capi	tal surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Net assets at April 1, 2019	¥ 30,307	¥	7,617	¥142,274	¥(17,443)	¥ 162,756
Changes of items during the period						
Issuance of new shares	51		51			103
Dividends from surplus				(4,930)		(4,930)
Profit attributable to owners of parent				19,609		19,609
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests			(1,918)			(1,918)
Acquisition of treasury stock					(199)	(199)
Disposal of treasury stock			0		0	0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity						
Total changes of items during the period	51		(1,867)	14,679	(199)	12,664
Net assets at March 31, 2020	¥ 30,359	¥	5,750	¥ 156,953	¥(17,642)	¥ 175,421
Changes of items during the period						
Issuance of new shares	59		59			119
Dividends from surplus				(5,729)		(5,729)
Profit attributable to owners of parent				21,212		21,212
Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries			(14)			(14)
Acquisition of treasury stock					(7)	(7)
Disposal of treasury stock			0		0	0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity						
Total changes of items during the period	59		44	15,482	(6)	15,580
Net assets at March 31, 2021	¥ 30,418	¥	5,795	¥ 172,436	¥ (17,648)	¥ 191,002

						Million	s of yen			
		Accu	ımula	ted other o	compr	ehensive in	come			
	hole avai	t unrealized ling gain on able-for-sale securities		t deferred on hedges	tra	gn currency anslation justments	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non- controlling interests		Total net assets
Net assets at April 1, 2019	ŧ	13,997	¥	661	¥	(594)	¥ 14,063	¥	6,985	¥ 183,805
Changes of items during the period										
Issuance of new shares										103
Dividends from surplus										(4,930)
Profit attributable to owners of parent										19,609
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests										(1,918)
Acquisition of treasury stock										(199)
Disposal of treasury stock										0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity		(4,980)		141		(141)	(4,980)		(101)	(5,081)
Total changes of items during the period		(4,980)		141		(141)	(4,980)		(101)	7,582
Net assets at March 31, 2020	¥	9,016	¥	802	¥	(736)	¥ 9,082	¥	6,884	¥ 191,388
Changes of items during the period										
Issuance of new shares										119
Dividends from surplus										(5,729)
Profit attributable to owners of parent										21,212
Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries										(14)
Acquisition of treasury stock										(7)
Disposal of treasury stock										0
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity		3,327		836		(923)	3,240		216	3,456
Total changes of items during the period		3,327		836		(923)	3,240		216	19,037
Net assets at March 31, 2021	¥	12,344	¥	1,639	¥	(1,660)	¥ 12,323	¥	7,100	¥ 210,426

		Thousand	ds of U.S. dolla	urs (Note 1)	
		S	Shareholders' equ	iity	
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity
Net assets at April 1, 2020	\$ 274,199	\$ 51,935	\$ 1,417,572	\$ (159,339)	\$ 1,584,367
Changes of items during the period					
Issuance of new shares	538	538			1,077
Dividends from surplus			(51,748)		(51,748)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			191,584		191,584
Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries		(134)			(134)
Acquisition of treasury stock				(63)	(63)
Disposal of treasury stock		0		7	8
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	538	405	139,836	(55)	140,724
Net assets at March 31, 2021	\$ 274,738	\$ 52,340	\$ 1,557,408	\$ (159,395)	\$ 1,725,091

		Т	housands of U.S	5. dollars (Not	e 1)	
	Accum	ulated other	comprehensive	income		
	Net unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale securities	Net deferred gain on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Net assets at April 1, 2020	\$ 81,438	\$ 7,250	\$ (6,654)	\$ 82,034	\$ 62,177	\$ 1,728,579
Changes of items during the period						
Issuance of new shares						1,077
Dividends from surplus						(51,748)
Profit attributable to owners of parent						191,584
Capital increase of consolidated subsidiaries						(134)
Acquisition of treasury stock						(63)
Disposal of treasury stock						8
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	30,053	7,558	(8,342)	29,269	1,950	31,219
Total changes of items during the period	30,053	7,558	(8,342)	29,269	1,950	171,944
Net assets at March 31, 2021	\$ 111,491	\$ 14,809	\$ (14,996)	\$ 111,304	\$ 64,128	\$ 1,900,524

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021

	Millions of yen					Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
	2020			2021	2021			
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Profit before income taxes	¥	29,792	¥	31,603	\$	285,440		
Depreciation and amortization		18,355		19,669		177,647		
Impairment loss on fixed assets		481		1,273		11,501		
Increase/(decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts		4		(17)		(156)		
Interest and dividend income		(896)		(880)		(7,955)		
Interest expense		791		709		6,404		
Equity in earnings of affiliates		(387)		(376)		(3,404)		
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment		(58)		(42)		(380)		
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		1,628		1,380		12,469		
Gain on sales of investment securities		(423)		(144)		(1,304)		
(Increase)/decrease in notes and accounts receivable-trade		4,750		531		4,800		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(2,098)		(477)		(4,310)		
Increase/(decrease) in notes and accounts payable		635		(234)		(2,113)		
Compensation for expropriation		_		(565)		(5,108)		
Other, net		2,833		(4,470)		(40,378)		
Subtotal		55,408		47,958		433,149		
Interest and dividends received		1,063		1,190		10,748		
Proceeds from compensation for expropriation		_		565		5,108		
Interest paid		(798)		(712)		(6,437)		
Income taxes paid		(16,232)		(3,547)		(32,041)		
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	¥	39,441	¥	45,453	\$	410,528		

The accompanying notes are integral parts of these statements.

	Millions of yen					ousands of S. dollars (Note 1)
		2020		2021		2021
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	¥	(20,369)	¥	(28,529)	\$	(257,676)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		161		1,623		14,660
Purchase of intangible assets		(1,336)		(2,124)		(19,191)
Purchase of investment securities		(2,204)		(392)		(3,544)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities		707		257		2,328
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation		_		(27)		(249)
Payments for sale of shares of subsidiaries						
resulting in change in scope of consolidation		(24)		—		—
Other, net		(1,235)		(3,019)		(27,269)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities		(24,300)		(32,213)		(290,941)
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Net increase/(decrease) in short-term bank loans		(2,818)		2,456		22,182
Net increase/(decrease) in commercial paper		() ² -		(2,000)		(18,063)
Proceeds from long-term debt		10,000		409		3,694
Repayment of long-term debt		(5,200)		(955)		(8,632)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		—		9,951		89,876
Redemption of bonds		_		(10,000)		(90,317)
Repayments of lease obligations		(3,782)		(3,886)		(35,099)
Purchase of treasury stock		(18)		(7)		(63)
Dividends paid		(4,923)		(5,722)		(51,683)
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests of consolidated subsidiaries		(803)		(955)		(8,627)
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries not resulting in change						
in scope of consolidation		(2,680)		—		_
Other, net		0		0		8
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities		(10,225)		(10,709)		(96,725)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and						
cash equivalents		(148)		45		415
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,765		2,577		23,276
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		20,668		25,434		229,716
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	¥	25,434	¥	28,011	\$	252,992

The accompanying notes are integral parts of these statements.

Data

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Nichirei Corporation and Consolidated Subsidiaries For the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nichirei Corporation (the "Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan.

Certain reclassifications have been made to present the accompanying consolidated financial statements in a format which is familiar to readers outside Japan.

Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

As permitted by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan, amounts of less than one million yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals in yen shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts.

For the convenience of the reader, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been presented in U.S. dollars by translating Japanese yen amounts at \$110.72 = US\$1.00, the exchange rate prevailing on March 31, 2021.

Due to significance, only selected notes are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements. The other notes which are not selected are disclosed on EDINET.

Note 2: Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

(1) Accounting Standard and Implementation Guidance on Revenue Recognition

"Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29)

"Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Guidance No. 30)

"Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No. 19)

(a) Overview

This is a comprehensive accounting standard addressing revenue recognition. Specifically, the accounting standard establishes the five-step model that will apply to revenue from contracts with customers.

(b) Scheduled date of adoption

The Company expects to adopt the accounting standard and implementation guidance from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(c) Impact of adoption of accounting standard and implementation guidance The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this accounting standard and implementation guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

(2) Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement and Related Implementation Guidance

"Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Statement No. 30)

"Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9)

"Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10)

"Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31)

"Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No. 19)

(a) Overview

The ASBJ has developed "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" and "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (hereinafter collectively, the "Fair Value Measurement Standard"), which provide guidance for fair value measurement in order to improve comparability with internationally recognized accounting standards.

Data

- ·Financial instruments defined in "Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments"
- ·Inventories held for trading purposes defined in "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories"

"Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" has been revised requiring disclosure of financial instruments broken down by level in the fair value hierarchy.

(b) Scheduled date of adoption

The Company expects to adopt the accounting standards and related implementation guidance from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(c) Impact of adoption of revised accounting standard and related implementation guidance The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of the accounting standards and related implementation guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

Note 3: Significant Accounting Estimates

The Company applies "Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates" (ASBJ Statement No. 31) from the end of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. The notes for the previous fiscal year are not presented in accordance with the transitional treatment set forth in a provision of paragraph 11 of the accounting standard.

Under the accounting standard, item whose amount is recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the current fiscal year based on accounting estimates, and which would have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements for the following fiscal year, should be disclosed.

There is no item disclosed as significant accounting estimate as of March 31, 2021.

Note 4: Additional information~ Accounting estimates for the effect of COVID-19 spread

Regarding the effect of the COVID-19, it is still difficult to predict the future such as how it would spread from now on or when it would be contained, etc. The Group implemented accounting estimates based on the assumptions that it will be curbed and turn toward recovery thorough the fiscal year 2022 along with the vaccination progress, etc.

Note 5: Securities

 Acquisition costs, carrying value and unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2020 and 2021:

		Milli		ousands of S. dollars			
	2020 2021				2021		
Equity securities:							
Acquisition costs	¥	12,533	¥	12,451	\$	112,457	
Carrying value		25,215		29,812		269,263	
Unrealized gain	¥	12,681	¥	17,361	\$	156,805	

Non-listed equity securities amounting to $\frac{1}{3},689$ million and $\frac{1}{3},850$ million ($\frac{34,775}{1}$ thousand) as of March 31, 2020 and 2021, respectively, are not included in the above table because they are not traded on the market and it is very difficult to determine their fair market value as of March 31, 2020 and 2021.

(2) Sales of available-for-sale securities for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021:

		Milli	ions of g	ousands of S. dollars	
		2020		2021	2021
Proceeds from sales	¥	708	¥	258	\$ 2,331
Gains on sales		423		144	1,305
Losses on sales		_		(0)	(1)

(3) Impairment loss of securities for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021:

		Milli	ons of j	ven	Thousands of U.S. dollars			
		2020		2021	2021			
Available-for-sale securities:								
Stocks with market value	¥	—	¥	—	\$	_		
Stocks without market value		—		10		93		
Total	¥	_	¥	10	\$	93		

Note 6: Investments and Rental Properties

The Company and part of its subsidiaries own buildings and land for lease in Tokyo and other areas.

Net rent income, gain on sales and impairment losses on the property related to the investments and rental properties were ¥2,119 million, ¥34 million and ¥200 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Net rent income on the property related to the investments and rental properties were ¥2,033 million (\$18,368 thousand) for the year ended March 31, 2021.

Gross rent revenue and expense are included in net sales and cost of sales, respectively, on the consolidated statements of income. Gain on sales of the property is included in other income on the consolidated statements of income.

Carrying value on the consolidated balance sheet, increase or decrease during the year, as well as market value of the investments and rental properties as of March 31, 2020 and 2021:

		Mill	ions of y	ousands of .S. dollars	
		2020		2021	 2021
Carrying value as of April 1	¥	9,844	¥	9,324	\$ 84,215
Net increase (decrease)		(519)		30	273
Carrying value as of March 31	¥	9,324	¥	9,354	\$ 84,488
Market value as of March 31	¥	43,934	¥	47,065	\$ 425,084

1. Carrying value on the consolidated balance sheets is calculated as acquisition costs deducting accumulated depreciation and cumulative impairment losses.

 For the year ended March 31, 2020, major increase represents capital expenditures of ¥251 million. Major decrease represents depreciation of ¥512 million and impairment losses of ¥200 million.

 For the year ended March 31, 2021, major increase represents capital expenditures of ¥786 million (\$7,104 thousand). Major decrease represents depreciation of ¥510 million (\$4,614 thousand) and change in the use of property of ¥169 million (\$1,528 thousand).

4. Market value of major assets is based on appraisals obtained from outside real estate appraisers. The market value of other relatively immaterial assets is based on certain valuation and other indicators properly reflected by market prices.

Initiatives for Achieving a Sustainable Society

Note 7: Changes in Net Assets

- (1) Types and numbers of outstanding shares and treasury stock
 - (a) For the year ended March 31, 2020

				(Number of shares)
Type of stock	As of April 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	As of March 31, 2020
Issued stock:				
Common stock (1)	139,925,532	40,055	—	139,965,587
Treasury stock:				
Common stock (2,3)	6,658,466	81,520	196	6,739,790

(Reasons for changes)

- 1. The increase in the number of issued common stock resulted from the following:
- •Issuance of new shares for stock-based compensation with restriction on transfer 40,055 shares 2. The increase in the number of treasury stock of common stock resulted from the following:
- Request for purchase of common stock from unknown shareholders
 Request for redemption of odd-lot stock
 3,702 shares
- 3. The decrease in the number of treasury stock of common stock resulted from the following:
 Request for purchase of odd-lot stock
 196 shares
- (b) For the year ended March 31, 2021

				(Number of snares)
Type of stock	As of April 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	As of March 31, 2021
Issued stock: Common stock (1)	139,965,587	38,290	_	140,003,877
Treasury stock: Common stock (2,3)	6,739,790	2,454	316	6,741,928

(Reasons for changes)

- 1. The increase in the number of issued common stock resulted from the following:
- Issuance of new shares for stock-based compensation with restriction on transfer 38,290 shares 2. The increase in the number of treasury stock of common stock resulted from the following:
- •Request for redemption of odd-lot stock 2,454 shares 3. The decrease in the number of treasury stock of common stock resulted from the following:
- •Request for purchase of odd-lot stock of common stock resulted from the following.

(2) Cash dividends distributed

Dividends paid during the year ended March 31, 2021

Resolution	Type of stock	Source of dividends	(initiation of join	share	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting on June 24, 2020	Common stock	Retained earnings	¥ 2,797 \$ 25,268	¥ 21 \$ 0.18	March 31, 2020	June 25, 2020
Board of Directors' meeting on November 4, 2020	Common stock	Retained earnings	¥ 2,931 \$ 26,479	¥ 22 \$ 0.19	September 30, 2020	December 4, 2020

Dividends of which the record date falls in the current fiscal year but the effective date falls in the following fiscal year

Resolution		Source of	Total dividends (Millions of yen and Thousands of U.S. dollars)	Dividend per share (Yen and U.S. dollars)	Record date	Effective date
General shareholders' meeting on June 22, 2021	Common stock	Retained earnings	¥ 3,731 \$ 33,700	¥ 28 \$ 0.25	March 31, 2021	June 23, 2021

Note 8: Income Taxes

- (1) Tax rate reconciliation for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021
 - (a) For the year ended March 31, 2020 Since the difference between statutory tax rate and effective tax rate is less than 5% of the statutory tax rate, note related to reconciliation between the tax rates is omitted.
 - (b) For the year ended March 31, 2021

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are subject to Japanese national and local income taxes which, in the aggregate, resulted in a statutory tax rate of approximately 30.6% for the year ended March 31, 2021. Reconciliation between the statutory tax rate and the effective tax rate reflected in the accompanying consolidated statement of income is as follows:

	2021
Statutory tax rate	30.6%
Entertainment and other non-deductible expenses	0.4
Dividends exempted for income tax purposes	0.1
Inhabitants' tax per capita	0.5
Change in valuation allowance	(2.8)
Tax credit for research and development expenses, etc.	(1.2)
Tax rate differences of overseas affiliates	(0.1)
Equity in earnings of affiliates accounted for by the equity method	(0.4)
Undistributed earnings of affiliates	0.2
Other, net	1.1
Effective tax rate	28.3%

(2) A breakdown of tax loss carryforwards and deferred tax assets by expiry date as of March 31, 2020 and 2021

(Millions of Yen) Fiscal Year Ending											202	6 and			
March 31, 2020	2	021	2	2022	20)23	20)24	20)25		eafter	Г	otal	
Tax loss carryforwards (a)	¥	11	¥	19	¥	18	¥	33	¥	28	¥	228	¥	339	-
Valuation allowance		(11)		(19)		(18)		(33)		(28)		(208)		(319)	
Deferred tax assets	¥	—	¥	—	¥	_	¥		¥	—	¥	19	¥	19	(b)
															_
(Millions of Yen)															
Fiscal Year Ending											202	7 and			
March 31, 2021	2	022	2	2023	20)24	20	025	20)26	ther	eafter	Г	otal	_
Tax loss carryforwards (a)	¥	12	¥	8	¥	29	¥	38	¥	40	¥	749	¥	878	-
Valuation allowance		(12)		(8)		(29)		(38)		(38)		(685)		(813)	
Deferred tax assets	¥	—	¥	—	¥	—	¥	—	¥	1	¥	63	¥	64	(b)

(Thousands of U.S. Dollars)							
Fiscal Year Ending						2027 and	
March 31, 2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	thereafter	Total
Tax loss carryforwards (a)	\$ 109	\$ 73	\$ 268	\$ 346	\$ 367	\$ 6,765	\$ 7,930
Valuation allowance	(109)	(73)	(268)	(346)	(352)	(6,195)	(7,345)
Deferred tax assets	<u>\$</u> –	\$ –	\$ -	\$	\$ 15	\$ 570	<u>\$ 585</u> (b)

(a) Tax loss carryforwards represent the amount multiplied by effective statutory tax rate.

(b) Since taxable income is expected for the next fiscal year, the Group considers a part of the tax loss carryforwards is recoverable.

Note 9: Per Share Information

Net assets per share as of March 31, 2020 and 2021 are calculated based on the following:

		Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
		2020		2021		2021	
Net assets	¥	191,388	¥	210,426	\$	1,900,524	
Amounts excluded from net assets: For non-controlling interests		6,884		7,100		64,128	
Net assets attributable to common stock		184,504		203,325		1,836,395	
Number of common stock used for the calculation of net assets per share (in thousands)		133,225		133,261		133,261	

Profit per share for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021 are calculated based on the following:

		Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars		
		2020		2021		2021	
Profit attributable to owners of parent	¥	19,609	¥	21,212	\$	191,584	
Amounts not attributable to common shareholders		—		-		_	
Profit attributable to owners of parent for common stock		19,609		21,212		191,584	
Average number of common stock during the fiscal year (in thousands)		133,251		133,251		133,251	

Data

Note 10: Segment Information

(1) General information about reportable segments

Reportable segments are components of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries for which separate financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the board of directors to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segments and to assess their performance. Reportable segments are determined by product and service as "Processed foods," "Marine products," "Meat and poultry products," "Logistics," and "Real estate."

General information about the segments is as follows:

- (a) Processed foods: Production, processing and sales of frozen cooked foods, agricultural processed foods, retort-pouch foods, wellness foods, acerola and packed ice
- (b) Marine products: Processing and sales of marine products
- (c) Meat and poultry products: Processing and sales of meat and poultry products, and breeding and sales of chicken
- (d) Logistics: Providing distribution/transportation services and distribution center functions, logistics consulting, providing storage services, production and sales of ice, and construction work and planning
- (e) Real estate: Leasing of office buildings and parking lots and management of real estate
- (2) The basis of measurement for sales, profit or loss, assets, liabilities and other items of reportable segments

Accounting policies and methods used at operating segments are the same as those applied to the Company. Profit or loss of reportable segments is equal to operating profit on the consolidated statements of income. Intercompany sales and transfers are based on third-party transaction prices.

(3) Sales, profit or loss, assets, liabilities and other items by reportable segment for the years ended March 31, 2020 and 2021 were summarized as follows:

				Tear chuy	Su March 51	, 2020 (19111	ions of yen)			
			Reportal	ble segment						
	Processed foods	Marine products	Meat and poultry products	Logistics	Real estate	Total	Other (*1)	Total	Adjustment	Consolidated
Sales: External sales	¥ 234,395	¥ 65,590	¥ 86,173	¥ 190,446	¥ 3,339	¥ 579,946	¥ 4,912	¥ 584,858	¥ —	¥ 584,858
Intercompany sales and transfers	386	181	2,153	16,050	1,625	20,396	769	21,165	(21,165)	_
Total	234,781	65,772	88,327	206,496	4,965	600,343	5,681	606,024	(21,165)	584,858
Segment profit	16,725	443	905	11,824	1,982	31,881	(280)	31,600	(564)	31,035
Segment assets	128,407	26,928	18,949	169,648	15,562	359,497	10,997	370,494	19,509	390,004
Other items:										
Depreciation	5,894	151	267	9,840	701	16,855	410	17,266	1,089	18,355
Amortization of goodwill	104	-	-	81	-	185	97	283	-	283
Investments in equity-method investees	2,314	_	-	3,178	-	5,493	-	5,493	1,753	7,246
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	8,054	209	138	17,072	476	25,952	256	26,209	1,078	27,287
Outstanding balance of goodwill	1,091	-	_	524	-	1,616	1,137	2,754	_	2,754
Impairment loss on fixed assets	¥ 40	¥ 0	¥ –	¥ 240	¥ 200	¥ 481	¥ —	¥ 481	¥ —	¥ 481

Year ended March 31, 2020 (Millions of yen)

				Year ende	ed March 31	, 2021 (Milli	ons of yen)			
			Reporta	ble segment			_			
	Processed foods	Marine products	Meat and poultry products	Logistics	Real estate	Total	Other (*1)	Total	Adjustment	Consolidated
Sales: External sales	¥ 225,180	¥ 62,987	¥ 81,685	¥ 195,723	¥ 3,077	¥ 568,654	¥ 4,103	¥ 572,757	¥ –	¥ 572,757
Intercompany sales and transfers	269	107	2,414	16,597	1,568	20,957	796	21,753	(21,753)	_
Total	225,450	63,095	84,099	212,320	4,646	589,611	4,899	594,511	(21,753)	572,757
Segment profit	17,167	521	1,298	13,084	2,017	34,089	(325)	33,764	(814)	32,949
Segment assets	138,592	26,005	19,344	181,136	16,702	381,781	8,992	390,774	14,945	405,719
Other items:										
Depreciation	6,525	148	257	10,473	712	18,117	380	18,497	1,171	19,669
Amortization of goodwill	103	_	_	53	_	156	90	247	_	247
Investments in equity-method investees	2,401	-	_	3,157	_	5,558	-	5,558	1,685	7,244
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	13,438	322	110	19,973	2,300	36,145	66	36,212	1,617	37,829
Outstanding balance of goodwill	951	-	-	542	-	1,493	-	1,493	-	1,493
Impairment loss on fixed assets	¥ 222	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 32	¥ –	¥ 254	¥ 1,019	¥ 1,273	¥ —	¥ 1,273

			Ye	ar ended Ma	rch 31, 202	21 (Thousand	ls of U.S. de	ollars)		
			Reportal	ble segment						
	Processed foods	Marine Products	Meat and poultry products	Logistics	Real estate	Total	Other (*1)	Total	Adjustment	Consolidated
Sales: External sales	\$2,033,781	\$ 568,890	\$ 737,765	\$ 1,767,734	\$ 27,794	\$ 5,135,965	\$ 37,065	\$ 5,173,030	\$ –	\$ 5,173,030
Intercompany sales and transfers	2,436	973	21,802	149,903	14,168	189,284	7,190	196,475	(196,475)	-
Total	2,036,218	569,864	759,568	1,917,637	41,962	5,325,250	44,255	5,369,505	(196,475)	5,173,030
Segment profit	155,048	4,712	11,728	118,172	18,225	307,887	(2,935)	304,952	(7,357)	297,594
Segment assets	1,251,740	234,875	174,715	1,635,982	150,856	3,448,171	81,217	3,529,389	134,980	3,664,370
Other items:										
Depreciation	58,940	1,339	2,321	94,597	6,433	163,632	3,434	167,066	10,581	177,647
Amortization of goodwill	936	-	_	480	-	1,417	816	2,233	-	2,233
Investments in equity-method investees	21,686	-	-	28,519	_	50,205	_	50,205	15,221	65,426
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	121,372	2,915	997	180,395	20,778	326,459	601	327,061	14,609	341,671
Outstanding balance of goodwill	8,592	_	_	4,897	-	13,490	-	13,490	-	13,490
Impairment loss on fixed assets	\$ 2,007	s –	\$ -	\$ 289	s –	\$ 2,297	\$ 9,204	\$ 11,501	s –	\$ 11,501

(*1) "Other" represents operating segments not disclosed as reportable segments, which include biosciences business, human resources and payroll-related services, tree planting management and cleaning services related to tree planting.

Note 11: Subsequent Events

Not applicable.

Data

Investor Information (As of March 31, 2021)

Essential Stock Information

Stock Exchange Listing	Tokyo Stock Exchange (First Section) Securities code: 2871
Total Number of Authorized Shares	360,000,000
Total Number of Outstanding Shares	140,003,877 (including 6,741,928 treasury shares)
Share Unit Number	100 shares
Year-end Dividend Record Date	March 31
Interim Dividend Record Date	September 30
Number of Shareholders	19,635
Shareholder Register Administrator	Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
Annual General Shareholders Meeting	June
Auditors	Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC

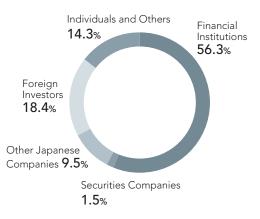
Ratings

Rating Institution	Rating
Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I)	A
Japan Credit Rating Agency, Ltd. (JCR)	A+

Major Shareholders

Shareholder Name	Number of Shares Held (Thousands)	Shareholding Ratio (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	21,151	15.9
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	13,660	10.3
Nippon Life Insurance Company	5,744	4.3
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	3,813	2.9
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	3,406	2.6
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., LtdRetirement Benefit Trusts, Mizuho Bank Ltd. Account, Re-trust Trustee, Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.	2,799	2.1
Nisshin Seifun Group Inc.	2,719	2.0
The Norinchukin Bank	2,675	2.0
The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Ltd.	2,323	1.7
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account 7)	2,280	1.7

Composition of Shareholders



Note: "Individuals and Others" includes "Treasury Stock (4.8%)."

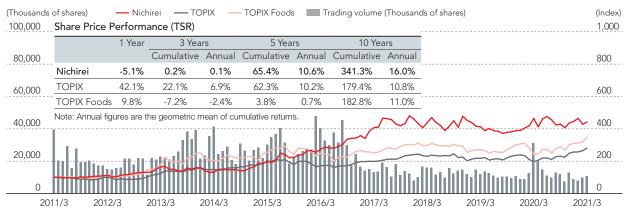
Notes:

 Japan Trustee Service Bank, Ltd. was established on July 27, 2020 as a financial company through a joint share transfer method by Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd., Trust & Custody Services Bank, Ltd. and JTC Holdings, Ltd., and changed its name to Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.

2. Number of shares held rounded down to the nearest thousand.

 Shareholding ratio calculated after subtracting repurchased stock (6,741,928 treasury shares). Rounded off to the first decimal place.

Total Shareholder Return (TSR)*



Notes:

1. March 31, 2011 closing prices for Nichirei and TOPIX are indexed at 100.

2. TSR is based on a holding period to March 31, 2021.

* The sum of capital gains and dividends, representing the total yield on a shareholder's investment.

Data

Company Information (As of March 31, 2021)

Corporate Data

Company Name	Nichirei Corporation
Established	December 1942 ¹
Paid-in Capital	30,418 million yen ²
Head Office	Nichirei Higashi-Ginza Building, 6-19-20 Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-8402, Japan
Telephone	[+81] 3-3248-2101 (Main)
Number of Employees (Consolidated)	15,383
Business Network	14 countries and regions (Domestic and overseas offices and subsidiaries)

Notes:

1. Date of establishment of predecessor Teikoku Marine Products Control Company. Reorganized as Nippon Reizo Inc. in December 1945. 2. As of August 27, 2021

External Review

Inclusion in Indexes

ESG RATINGS

Selected as a constituent stock of the FTSE4Good Index Series for 19 consecutive years.





po Sustainability Index

Continuing Adoption as a Constituent Stock of All Four ESG Indexes (Domestic Stocks) Selected by the Government Pension Investment Fund



2021 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN ESG SELECT LEADERS INDEX

2021 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN EMPOWERING WOMEN INDEX (WIN)

Other

Disclaimer: The indusion of Nichrei in any MSCI Index, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement or promotion of Nichrei by MSCI or any of its affiliates. The MSCI Indexes are the exclusive property of MSCI. MSCI and the MSCI Index names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSC or its affiliates.

Recognition for Employee Health Management/Safety and Health Management

Recognized by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry under the Certified Health & Productivity Management Organization Recognition Program under the large enterprise category for four consecutive years.

CCC B BB BBB A AA AAA

2020 健康経営優良法人 Health and productivity ホワイト500 Selected by the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Tokyo Stock Exchange as a brand of the Health and Productivity Stock Selection for two consecutive years.



Certified as an Excellent Occupational Safety and Health Enterprise by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare.

July 2021 to June 2024

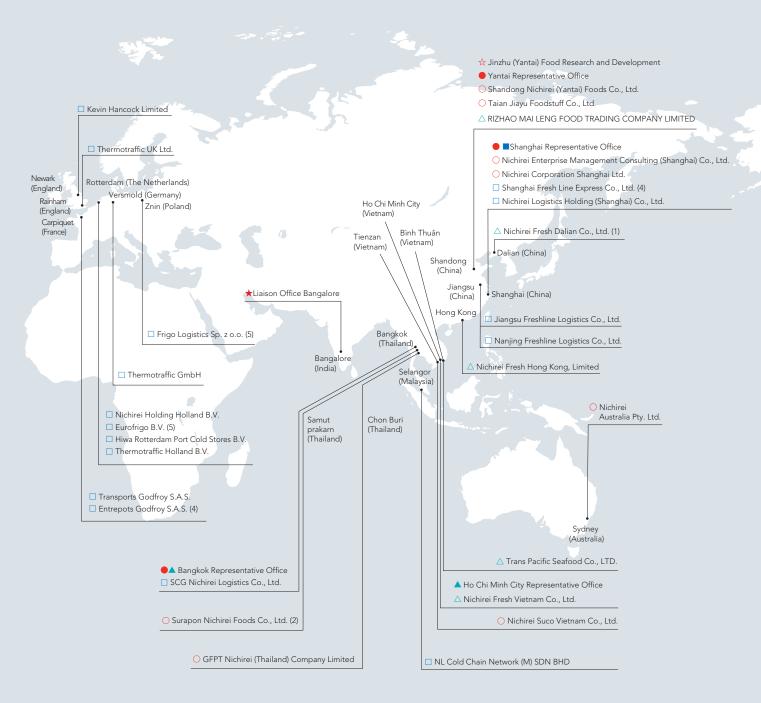
Also selected in FY2021 for the JPX-Nikkei 400, jointly developed by Japan Exchange Group, Inc. (JPX) and Nikkei Inc.



JPX-NIKKEI 400 Selected from 2013 through 2020

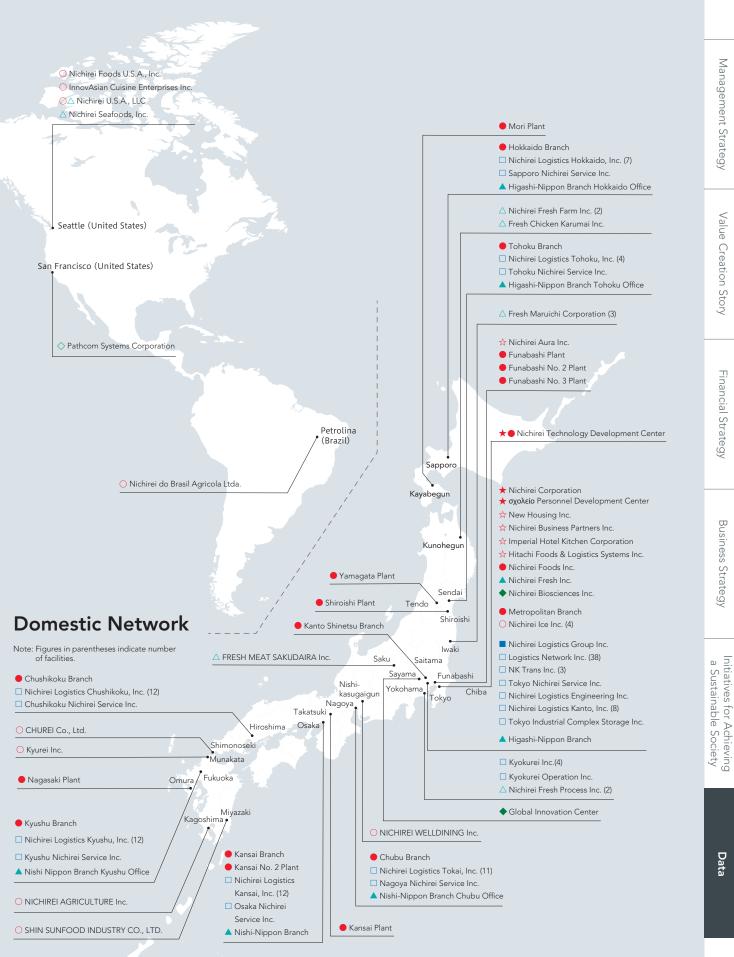
Data

Global Network (As of March 31, 2021)



At present, the Nichirei Group conducts business in 14 countries and regions around the world.

Nichirei Corporation … 🕇	Nichirei Foods Inc●	Nichirei Logistics Group Inc. ···
Nichirei Group companies … 🛠	Nichirei Foods Group companies $\cdots \bigcirc$	Nichirei Logistics Group companies $\cdots \square$
	Nichirei Fresh Inc. ····	Nichirei Biosciences Inc 🔶
	Nichirei Fresh Group companies $\cdots riangle$	Nichirei Biosciences Group companies $\cdots \diamondsuit$
	Nichirei Fresh Group companies $\cdots \Delta$	Nichirei Biosciences Group companies $\cdots \diamondsuit$



	Financial Information	Non-financial Information
Engagement	 Announcements of financial results Presentation meetings for medium-term business plans Business briefings Teleconferences with securities analysts and institutional investors General Meeting of Shareholders 	• Dialogue with influential individuals • Meetings with stakeholders
Reports	 Annual securities report (Japanese only) HOPPE report for shareholders and individual investors (Japanese only) 	Integrated Report Integrates important financial and non-financial information CSR Reports
Website	Investor Relations	ESG Information
	Scan here for IR information	Scan here for ESG information

Overview of Nichirei Communication



Group Communication Nichirei Corporation

Nichirei Higashi-Ginza Building, 6-19-20 Tsukiji, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-8402, Japan



The Nichirei Website