#### Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: December 23rd, 2021

Fujitsu Limited

Takahito Tokita, Representative Director & CEO

Contact: Public & Investor Relations Division

Securities Code: 6702

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/

The corporate governance of Fujitsu Limited (the "Company") is described below.

# I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

#### 1. Basic Views

Our basic approach to corporate governance and how the company streamlines mechanism and exercises corporate governance based on this approach are described in the Corporate Governance Policy (the Policy) in the following website.

Corporate Governance Policy ("Policy") (English Translation) https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

## [Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

[Relevant Code]

Written based on the code (including the principles for the prime market) revised in June 2021

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1 Appropriate combination of skills and other attributes of Directors based on factors such as the management environment and business characteristics]

Our view on the balance of knowledge, experience, and skills of the Board of Directors as a whole and on diversity and board size are stated in 2.(1) and 2.(7) of the Policy in the following website. The composition of knowledge, experience, and skills, etc. (skills matrix) of each Director on the board is scheduled to be disclosed together with the nominations for the Board of Directors that are subject to approval at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting to be held next June.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

#### [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

[Principle 1.4 Strategic Shareholdings]

The Company holds only those strategic shares with clear-cut objectives and meaningful significance in a positive manner. Board of Directors meetings examine the weighted average capital cost of the Company as the standard to evaluate quantitatively whether returns (quantitative factors, such as dividends and the state of transactions), or risks are well balanced with the cost. If quantitative significance in shareholdings is not detected, Board of Directors meetings will further evaluate whether there is a qualitative reason that provides backing for reasonableness to still hold those shares and discuss the continuation of such holdings.

For FY2020, the Company sold 23 issues, and the Board of Directors meeting, held on June 24, 2021, discussed strategic shareholdings held by the Company as of the end of March, FY2020.

The Company deals with strategic shareholders on an equal footing just like with other business partners. Even when strategic shareholders indicate their sales of shares, we do not prevent them from selling them. Said that, we sometimes call upon them the timing of sales, or ways of selling them.

In addition, for the policy for strategic shareholdings and the standard of exercising voting rights as to the strategic shareholdings, please refer to 3.(4) of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

[Principle 1.7 Related Party Transactions]

The Board of Directors performs the oversight on the transactions involving the conflict of interest by Directors in accordance with the relevant laws, regulations, and the Regulations of the Board of Directors. For the procedure framework, please refer to 2.(2)c of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

[Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 Ensure diversity in the promotion to core human resources]

< Policies and voluntary and measurable goals for ensuring diversity >

To realize the Group's purpose, to "make the world more sustainable by building trust in society through innovation," it is essential for the Group itself to create an environment and culture that allows each and every employee to harness others' value systems and skills regardless of factors such as gender, nationality, age and to change the workplace into one that allows everyone to take on challenges in a fair and just manner.

To that end, our Group as a whole seeks to ultimately achieve a 50% female employee ratio at every level and to provide opportunities for personnel of various nationalities and ages to flourish, so as to proactively create an environment that provides job satisfaction for everyone.

As a first step towards achieving the above objectives, our Company and the domestic Group companies will push forward with several initiatives to achieve a domestic female managerial staff ratio of 30% (7.9% as of October 2021) as early as possible.

For midcareer hires and foreign nationals, the Company performs promotions to middle managerial positions based on the individual's skills, and there has been no unfavorable treatment regarding the promotions. Setting quantitative targets for middle managerial positions for midcareer hires and foreign nationals could potentially impair placement of the right person in the right place; therefore, we do not set quantitative targets.

< Policies for human resource development and internal environment development to ensure diversity, and the status of their implementation >

As part of our efforts to ensure the diversity mentioned above, one of the measures taken to achieve the female managerial staff ratio target is raising awareness among all employees and transforming management style through education and other means.

Additionally, while hiring, developing, and promoting personnel to achieve our objectives, we will also implement diverse and flexible ways of working under our Company's new work concept of "Work Life Shift" and provide support for our employees' life events.

For our Group's views on securing diversity, please refer to the websites below.

Fujitsu Group Integrated Report <a href="https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/integratedrep/">https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/integratedrep/</a> Diversity and inclusion https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/csr/diversity/

[Principle 2.6 Fulfill the function as asset owner of corporate pension]

The Company elects the one with experience of and insights into related operation as the manager of Fujitsu Corporate Pension Plan, which the Company and its subsidiaries participate in. The Company puts in place the structure where the manager is engaged in management over a long period of time. The Company also refers to an external consultant firm for advice on management.

[Principle 3.1 Full Disclosure]

(i) Company objectives (e.g., business principles), business strategies, and business plans

In Fujitsu Way, our company shows the purpose of our existence in society, our values, and principles (code of conduct) for how each employee should behave.

For Fujitsu Way, please refer to the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/philosophy/index.html

We disclosed our Management Direction in July 30, 2020. For our Management Direction, please refer to the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/presentations/

(ii) The Basic approach to corporate governance and guidelines

The basic approach to corporate governance and how the company streamlines mechanism and exercises corporate governance based on this approach are described in the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

(iii) Board policies and procedures in determining the remuneration of the senior management and Directors For the policies and procedures in determining the compensation of the Directors and Auditors (hereinafter, the term used for the combination of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members), please refer to 2.(8) of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

(iv) Board policies and procedures in the appointment and dismissal of senior management and candidates nomination of Directors and Auditors

For the policies and procedures in the appointment and/or dismissal of Directors and Auditors, please refer to 2.(7) of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

Given the term of the Company's director is one year, the Company will not dismiss a Director during one's tenure as a general rule, but the Company consider whether the Director should be re-elected or not during the appointment process.

The Company delegates management execution authority to Corporate Executive Officer in accordance with the Policy on the Internal Control System. According to Representative Director's proposal, the Board of Directors' meeting makes a resolution on appointment of Corporate Executive Officer. According to Representative Director's proposal, the Board of Directors' meeting may dismiss relevant Corporate Executive Officer for lack of competency as defined by Agreement of Corporate Executive Officer

(v) Explanations with respect to the individual appointments and/or dismissal and nominations

For the individual appointments and/or dismissal and nominations of Directors and Auditors, the Company explains the reasons in the reference materials for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting. Regarding the reference materials for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, please refer to the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/stock/meeting/

Appointment and/or dismissal of Corporate Executive Officer are disclosed on the website whenever required.

[Supplementary Principle 3.1.3 Sustainability initiatives]

<Sustainability initiatives>

Our Group's initiatives regarding sustainability are disclosed in the Fujitsu Group Integrated Report and our Company website.

Fujitsu Group Integrated Report https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/integratedrep/Fujitsu Group's sustainability https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/csr/index.html

<Investments in human capital>

In the Management Direction released on July 30, 2020, our Company raised two initiatives as part of our human capital investment, 1) recruiting sophisticated talent (consulting and other services) and 2) internal enhancements (reskilling).

With regards to recruiting sophisticated talent, we have introduced a "personnel system for highly skilled professionals" with the objective of strengthening the recruitment of talented professionals in our Company's priority areas, focusing on AI and security. Additionally, for highly skilled engineers who have contributed greatly to our Company's business and have played an active role as the face of our Company, we award the title of "Global Fujitsu Distinguished Engineer," which is certified as a common global standard. Going beyond the framework of country and organization, engineers are encouraged to learn from each other, work on resolving highly complex technical challenges, contribute to our Company's business strategy and customer value creation, and transmit superior technical capabilities both within and outside the company. And by doing so we will attract superior technical personnel from the market.

In terms of internal enhancements (reskilling), we will conduct reskilling training for our existing sales personnel so as to strengthen our "ability to make high value-added proposals," which is critical for us to serve as our customer's DX partner. Concurrently, in order to become a DX company, we are reinforcing

support for the acquisition of knowledge and skills related to DX and the latest technologies for employees at our Company and all our domestic Group companies. The Management Direction released on July 30, 2020, can be found on the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/presentations/

<Investments in intellectual properties>

In order to achieve our purpose, our Company's Management Direction Update released on April 28, 2021, defined seven key focus areas that will allow us to grow while also working to resolve societal issues together with our customers. To support these seven key focus areas from a technical standpoint, on FY2021 R&D Strategy Briefing held on October 12, 2021, we defined the following five areas: computing, networks, AI, data and security, and converging technologies. And our investments in intellectual properties will also focus on these five technology areas.

Our Group's investments in intellectual properties can be viewed on our website.

Fujitsu's intellectual property <a href="https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/businesspolicy/tech/intellectualproperty/">https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/businesspolicy/tech/intellectualproperty/</a> Please refer to the following website for the Management Direction Update released on April 28, 2021, and the FY2021 R&D Strategy Briefing on October 12, 2021.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/presentations/

<Risks due to climate change and earnings opportunities>

Please refer to our Company's website regarding climate change-related risks and earnings opportunities.

TCFD-based information disclosure https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/environment/tcfd/

[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1 The scope and content of matters delegated to the management]

For the delegation of authorities by Board of Directors to Management Executives, please refer to 2.(6) of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

[Principle 4.9 Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Directors]

The Company provides in two. (1)c, f of the Policy that Independent Directors and Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall qualify for our Independence Standards. For Independence Standards, please refer to the Appendix of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

[Supplementary Principle 4.10.1 The authority and responsibilities of the Executive Nomination Committee and the Compensation Committee]

For our view on the independence of the committee formation process regarding the Executive Nomination Committee, please refer to 2.(7) procedures and policy of Directors and Auditors nomination/dismissal. And for our view on the independence of the committee formation process regarding the Compensation Committee, please refer to 2.(8) procedures and policy of determining Directors and Auditors compensation on the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

For the authority and responsibilities of the Executive Nomination Committee and the Compensation Committee, please refer to the supplemental explanation related to voluntary committees in II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems Regarding Decision-Making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management 1. Organizational Composition and Operation

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2 Situation of Directors and Auditors who are in the management at other companies]

For the situation of Directors and Auditors who are in the management at other companies, we explain about them if they fall under category of important positions in reference materials for the Annual Shareholders' Meeting and Business Report. For reference materials for the Annual Shareholders Meeting, please refer to the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/stock/meeting/

For Business Report, please refer to the following website.

https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/reports/

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3 Summary of the results of analysis and evaluation for effectiveness of Board of Directors as a whole]

It is stipulated in the Policy (2.(3)d) that the Board of Directors analyzes and evaluates the performance of the board of directors meetings every year to maintain and improve their effectiveness, which is publicized in our website (https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf).

#### 1. Action taken in FY2020 based on the evaluation of FY2019

To improve the availability of documents as well as the efficiency of meetings of the Board of Directors and Independent Directors & Auditors Council, these documents have been digitized.

Also, to facilitate access to information outside Board of Directors meetings, the company had business heads provide briefings on business overviews for Independent Directors and Auditors.

Furthermore, Independent Directors and Auditors continued to hold the Independent Directors and Auditors Council in an effort to facilitate exchange of information and formulation of opinions between them, and private sessions hosted by Independent Director were introduced as a platform for Independent Directors and Auditors to form opinions.

#### 2. Evaluation of FY2020

#### (1) Evaluation method

The evaluation of FY 2020 includes an evaluation of the Chairman, and as in FY 2019, an anonymous questionnaire with a five-grade evaluation was conducted. From this fiscal year and onwards, self-evaluations by Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members are also being carried out.

The results of the survey were reported at the regular Board of Directors Meeting and discussions based on the results were carried out at the meeting.

Furthermore, the evaluation of the company's Board of Directors by a proxy advisory firm was also reported.

#### (2) Evaluation

As a result of the above, the following evaluations were made.

- Compared to the previous year, overall improvements were recognized. However, there is room for further improvement in document format and volume as well as the information provided.
- To enable the review of high priority items, sharing information in advance and enhancing vital communication between board members is important. While continuing to hold the Independent Directors and Auditors Council, private sessions, and briefings on business overviews by Management Executives the company strives to provide a platform for the further provision of information and the exchange of views outside of the Board of Directors Meeting.

[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2 Training policy for Directors and Auditors]

For training policy for Directors and Auditors, please refer to 2.(9)b of the Policy in the following website. https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

[Principle 5.1 Policy for a Constructive Dialog with Shareholders]

For our policy for a constructive dialog with shareholders, please refer to 3.(2) of the Policy in the following website.

https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf

# 2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	More than 30%
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#### [Status of Major Shareholders]

Name / Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust)	26,372,500	13.32

Ichigo Trust Pte. Ltd.	14,899,500	7.52
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust)	10,625,800	5.37
GIC PRIVATE LIMITED – C	5,918,400	2.99
JP MORGAN CHASE BANK 385632	5,746,464	2.90
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust 7)	4,504,900	2.28
Fujitsu Employee Shareholding Association	4,183,804	2.11
STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT - TREATY	3,519,401	1.78
505234		
Asahi Mutual Life Insurance Company	3,518,052	1.78
SSBTC CLIENT OMNIBUS ACCOUNT	3,247,543	1.64

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company)	N/A
Parent Company	N/A

### Supplementary Explanation

Notes 1: The shares held by The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust), Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust) and Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (for trust 7) pertain to the trust business by the institution.

- 2: In the Report of Possession of Large Volume made available for public inspection (a report on change) dated April 21, 2020, BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and five (5) joint holders thereof are reported as the shareholders, but this has not been taken into account in the above "Status of Major Shareholders," as the number of shares substantially held as of September 30, 2021 has not been able to confirmed by the Company.
  - [Personal name or company name/number of shares held/shareholding percentage] BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and five (5) other companies /10,990,492 shares / 5.31%
- 3: In the Report of Possession of Large Volume made available for public inspection (a report on change) dated June 4, 2020, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management Co., Ltd. and one (1) joint holder thereof are reported as the shareholders, but this has not been taken into account in the above "Status of Major Shareholders," as the number of shares substantially held as of September 30, 2021 has not been able to confirmed by the Company.

[Personal name or company name/number of shares held/shareholding percentage]

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management Co., Ltd. and one (1) other company /10,437,099 shares
/ 5.04%

# 3. Corporate Attributes

Fiscal Year-End	March		
Type of Business	Electric Appliances		
Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the	More than 1000		
End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1000		
Sales (consolidated) as of the End of the	Manadan VI 4:11: -		
Previous Fiscal Year	More than ¥1 trillion		
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the	More than 300		
End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 500		

# 4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

N/A

#### 5. Other Special Circumstances which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

#### ■ Views and policies for Group management

Fujitsu manages the Fujitsu Group with the aim of achieving continuous growth and the generation of medium- to long-term corporate value of the entire Group while also urging each Group company to realize its potential to the maximum extent possible.

For some subsidiaries, we publicly list them with the aim of further improving their business value through diversification of the capital procurement necessary for sustainable growth and enhancing the value of the entire Group. By publicly listing subsidiaries, it is possible to focus on investment in specific businesses rather than just in the Group as a whole, thus contributing to diversifying investment opportunities. As there are some concerns regarding the possibility of a conflict of interest with minority shareholders and our publicly listed subsidiaries, we respect the independence of their management and make efforts to provide advice and support to enhance the corporate value of relevant subsidiaries by holding reporting sessions on an as-needed basis. To further promote our policies for group management, we established a department in February 2020 as a corporate function that specializes in formulating and conducting plans and measures for the most suitable group formation and corporate governance, thus handling the management of the Group including listed subsidiaries.

Our policy is to turn non-core listed companies into strong independent businesses. We will consider their independence from the following perspectives: ensuring sustainable growth of the relevant business, maximizing the Company's asset value, and considering the best timing for independence.

#### ■ Significance of each listed subsidiary

[Significance of owning listed subsidiaries]

Listed subsidiaries of the Company include the following two companies: FDK Corporation, and Shinko Electric Industries Co., Ltd.

A. Shinko Electric Industries Co., Ltd.

The company's core business is the development, production, and sale of semiconductor packages. The company supplies products to semiconductor manufacturers in Japan and overseas.

As previously described in the policies for Group management, we consider that the following is the significance of owning publicly listed subsidiary: the perspectives of holding the ability to raise capital through direct financing from the capital market, maintaining and improving the motivation of its employees, and hiring of talented people, we can enhance the possibilities of sustainable growth and business value, which leads to providing investment opportunities in specific businesses rather than in our entire Group.

# B. FDK Corporation

The company operates mainly in the battery and electronic component business.

As previously described in the policies for Group management, we consider that the following is the common significance of owning publicly listed subsidiary: the perspectives of holding the ability to raise capital

through direct financing from the capital market, maintaining and improving the motivation of its employees, and hiring of talented people, we can enhance the possibilities of sustainable growth and business value, which leads to providing investment opportunities in specific businesses rather than in our entire Group.

Our Group hereafter will concentrate our management resources on Technology Solutions so as to further transform ourselves into a DX company.

Our policy is to turn non-core listed companies into strong independent businesses. The Board of Directors will verify specific details to be considered concerning the maintenance of the listing of each listed subsidiary.

[Measures to ensure the effectiveness of corporate governance]

Fujitsu understands that our publicly listed subsidiaries make efforts to enhance corporate governance and provides support for these efforts. We recommend our listed subsidiaries become a Company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee to strengthen corporate governance. Accordingly, in all listed subsidiaries are ensured their independence by appointing Independent Directors and Directors dispatched from the Company maximize the corporate value of theirs.

# II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decisionmaking, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management

# 1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Organization Form Company with the Audit & Supervisory Board Member
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# [Directors]

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	Up to 15
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	1
Chairperson of the Board	External Director
Number of Directors	9
Number of External Directors	5
Number of Independent Directors	5

External Directors' Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attribute	Relationship with the Company*										
Name	Auribute	a	b	С	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Chiaki Mukai	Other								0			
Atsushi Abe	From another company											
Yoshiko Kojo	Academic											
Scott Callon	Other								0			

Kenichiro Sasae	Other						

- \* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"
- \* "O" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  - "\D" when the director fell under the category in the past
- \* "O" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  - "\(^\)"when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof
- f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a Director/Audit & Supervisory Board Member
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
- i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company External Directors and Auditors are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)
- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Others

# External Directors' Relationship with the Company (2)

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons of Appointment
Chiaki	0	Ms. Chiaki Mukai is the	Although Ms. Chiaki Mukai has not previously been
Mukai		Vice President of the	involved with company management other than having
		Tokyo University of	served as an external director, she has an impressive
		Science. There are	personal history as a doctor who became Japan's first
		business transactions	female astronaut, and she exemplifies the Company's
		between Fujitsu and	spirit of taking on challenges at the cutting edge of
		Academic Corporation	science. And she led discussion about executive
		Tokyo University that	compensation in her capacity as the chairperson of the
		operates the university,	Compensation Committee. Because the Company
		with which in fiscal	expects that she will continue to be able to provide
		2020 the sum of	oversight and advice from a fair and objective global
		transactions was about	perspective based on broad knowledge of science and
		¥61 million.	technology, she has been re-appointed as an External
			Director.
			As noted on the left, Fujitsu has business transactions
			with Academic Corporation Tokyo University of Science

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			that operates the Tokyo University of Science, where
			Ms. Mukai serves as Vice President. However, taking
			into account the scale of our sales, the amount of
			transactions is immaterial and does not constitute a
			conflict of interest. Consequently, Fujitsu considers Ms.
			Mukai to be independent and has designated her as an
			Independent Director.
Atsushi	0	-	Through many years of experience in investment
Abe			banking and private equity, Mr. Atsushi Abe has gained a
			deep understanding of the ICT industry and mergers and
			acquisitions. Since he became the Chairman of the
			Board of Directors in the previous year, he has been
			managing proceedings objectively from his perspective
			as an investor gained through his experience to date and
			dialogues with institutional investors and has been
			leading discussion. Because the Company expects that,
			in addition to being able to provide oversight and advice
			from a shareholder and investor perspective, Mr. Abe
			will continue to contribute to timely and decisive
			management decision-making and has been re-appointed
			as an External Director.
			Mr. Abe has never been a major shareholder, nor has he
			held a position involved in business execution of a major
			business partner of the Company. Therefore, Fujitsu
			considers Mr. Abe to be independent and designates him
			as an Independent Director.
Yoshiko	0	-	Although Ms. Yoshiko Kojo has not previously been
Kojo			involved with company management other than having
			served as an external director, she served in important
			positions, including the President of the Japan
			Association of International Relations, and her research
			has for many years focused mainly on the impact of
			economic entities, including private companies, on
			international politics. The Company expects that she will
			be able to provide extensive advice and oversight
			concerning the Company's responses to change in the
			external environment during a dramatic transition of
			international politics and initiatives for SDGs) based on
	1		international pointed and initiatives for 5005) based on

			her deep insight. Therefore, she has been re-appointed as
			an External Director.
			Ms. Kojo has never been a major shareholder, nor has
			she held a position involved in business execution of a
			major business partner of the Company. Therefore,
			Fujitsu considers Ms. Kojo to be independent and
			designates her as an Independent Director.
Scott	$\cap$	Mr. Scott Callon is the	Having served at a foreign-owned securities firm, Mr.
Callon		Chairman of	Scott Callon currently serves as Chief Executive Officer
Culion		Representative	of Ichigo Asset Management, Ltd., a non-affiliated
		Executive Officer, CEO	investment advisory firm specialized in investment in
		and Director, and	Japanese stocks, and has experience of engaging in
		Chairman of the Board	dialogues with investees as an institutional investor. In
		of Directors of Japan	view of his experience, the Company expects that he will
		Display Inc. There are	be able to provide oversight and advice from a
		business transactions	shareholder and investors' perspective. Therefore, the
		between Fujitsu and	Company proposes reappointing him as an Independent
		Japan Display Inc. that	Director.
		in fiscal 2020 the sum	As noted on the left, Fujitsu has business transactions
		of transactions was	with Japan Display Inc., where Mr. Callon serves as
		about ¥ 380 million.	Chairman of Representative Executive Officer, CEO and
			Director, and Chairman of the Board of Directors.
			However, taking into account the scale of our sales, the
			amount of transactions is immaterial and does not
			constitute a conflict of interest. Additionally, Ichigo
			Trust Pte. Ltd., which jointly holds voting rights with
			Ichigo Asset Management, Ltd. where Mr. Callon serves
			as Chief Executive Officer, is our principal shareholder,
			though it does not fall under major shareholders
			stipulated in our Independence Standards. As he has
			never held a position involved in business execution of a
			major business partner of the Company, Fujitsu
			considers Mr. Callon to be independent and designates
			him as an Independent Director.
Kenichiro	0	-	Although Mr. Kenichiro Sasae has not previously been
Sasae			involved with company management other than having
			served as an external director, he has served in important
			positions including the Vice Minister for Foreign Affairs,
			r

Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Japan to the United States of America, and currently as the President of the Japan Institute of International Affairs. He has extensive knowledge and practical experience in international politics and economics. As the international situation becomes more complicated these days, the Company expects that he will be able to provide oversight and advice from a fair and objective global perspective based on his knowledge and experience. Therefore, the Company proposes appointing him as an Independent Director. The Japan Institute of International Affairs, where he serves as President, and the Company have no business dealings. He is neither a Major Shareholder nor has he held an executive management position with a major trading partner of the Company, and thus the Company believes that he satisfies the Independence Standards established by the Company. In accordance with listing regulations, the Company plans to report to the securities exchanges on which the Company is listed in Japan that he is an Independent Director.

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s)	
Corresponding to Nomination Committee or	Established
Remuneration Committee	

#### Committee's Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson

	Committee Corresponding to	Committee Corresponding to		
	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee		
Committee's Name	Executive Nomination Committee	Compensation Committee		
All Committee Members	4	4		
Full-time Members	0	0		
Inside Directors	1	0		
External Directors	3	4		
External Experts	0	0		
Other	0	0		
Chairperson	External Director	External Director		

Supplementary Explanation

<Executive Nomination Committee and Compensation Committee>

The Company has established the Executive Nomination Committee and the Compensation Committee as advisory bodies for its Board of Directors for the process of nominating Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, for ensuring the transparency and objectivity of its process for determining executive compensation, to enable efficient and substantial discussions, as well as to ensure the fairness in the structure and level of executive compensation.

The Executive Nomination Committee deliberates on the candidates for Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member positions in accordance with the Framework of Corporate Governance Structure and the Procedures and Policy for the nomination and dismissal of Directors and Auditors stipulated in the Policy, and it provides its recommendations or proposal to the Board of Directors. In addition, the Compensation Committee provides its recommendations or proposal on the level of base compensation and the method for calculating performance-based compensation to the Board of Directors in accordance with the Procedures and Policy of Determining Directors and Auditors Compensation, as stipulated in the Policy. Base compensation, and performance target setting and the paid amount linked to performance-based compensation for each Director and Auditor will be determined by the Representative Director and CEO with approval from the Compensation Committee.

In FY 2021, Executive Nomination Committee consists of four Non Executive Directors (including three Independent Directors) and Compensation Committee consists of four Independent Directors. Members of the 2 committees are as follows. Additionally, the secretariats of both committees are operated by the Company's HR and legal departments.

< Executive Nomination Committee >

Chairperson: Atsushi Abe(Independent Director)

Members: Yoshiko Kojo

Scott Callon

Masami Yamamoto

< Compensation Committee >

Chairperson: Chiaki Mukai (Independent Director)

Members: Yoshiko Kojo

Scott Callon Kenichiro Sasae

In FY2020, the Executive Nomination Committee met three times to discuss the election of Representative Directors including the CEO, the nomination of candidates for Director, etc. and provide its recommendations to the Board of Directors. The Compensation Committee met two times to discuss the level of compensation for Directors and Auditors, composition ratio, etc., and provide its recommendations to the Board of Directors.

# [Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

Establishment of Audit & Supervisory Board	Established
Maximum Number of Audit & Supervisory	
Board Members Stipulated in Articles of	5
Incorporation	
Number of Audit & Supervisory Board Members	4

Cooperation among Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Departments

The accounting auditor, Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC, reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board concerning the audit plan and results. The accounting auditor also conducts exchanges of opinions when needed and carries out coordinated audits.

The Internal Control & Audit Office serves as an internal audit group. This office audits the internal affairs of the entire Group in cooperation with the internal audit groups of each Group company. The Internal Control & Audit Office reports once a month, as a rule, to full-time members of the Audit & Supervisory Board on auditing plans for and results of internal audits, including matters relating to Group companies, and makes regular reports, once every quarter as a rule, to the Audit & Supervisory Board and accounting auditors. Additionally, the Internal Control & Audit Office reports the results of the internal audit, including matters related to the Group companies to the Board of Directors, via the Risk Management & Compliance Committee.

Appointment of External Audit & Supervisory Board Members	Appointed
Number of External Audit & Supervisory Board Members	2
Number of Independent Audit & Supervisory Board Members	2

# External Audit & Supervisory Board Member's Relationship with the Company (1)

Nama	Attribute	Relationship with the Company*												
Name		a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m
Koji Hatsukawa	СРА										Δ			
Hideo Makuta	Lawyer													

- \* Categories for "Relationship with the Company"
- \* "O" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  - " $\Delta$ " when the director fell under the category in the past
- \* "O" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
  - "\(^\)"when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiary
- b. Non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries
- c. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- d. Audit & Supervisory Board Member of a parent company of the Company
- e. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- f. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- h. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member
- i. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- j. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of f, g, or h) (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)
- k. Executive of a company, between which and the Company External Directors and Auditors are mutually appointed (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)
- 1. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)
- m. Others

# External Audit & Supervisory Board Member's Relationship with the Company (2)

Name	Designation as Independent Member	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons of Appointment
Koji	0	Mr. Hatsukawa is a former	Mr. Hatsukawa has been appointed as an
Hatsukawa		CEO of	External Audit & Supervisory Board
		PricewaterhouseCoopers	Member because he has a wealth of
		Aarata. Fujitsu and	auditing experience at global corporations
		PricewaterhouseCoopers	as a certified public accountant, and he has
		Aarata have sales business	broad knowledge of corporate accounting.
		dealings associated with	As noted on the left,
		services of the Company,	PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata, where
		which in fiscal 2020 amounted	Mr. Hatsukawa served as CEO, has a
		to about ¥ 0.4 million.	business relationship with Fujitsu, but it is
			considered immaterial and not constituting
			a conflict of interest when taking into
			account the size of Fujitsu's total sales.
			PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata has not
			performed accounting audits for Fujitsu.
			Fujitsu has thus determined that there is no
			risk of a conflict of interest in representing
			the interests of regular shareholders.
			Therefore, Fujitsu considers him to be
			independent and has designated Mr.
			Hatsukawa as an Independent Audit &
			Supervisory Board Member.
Hideo	0	-	Mr. Hideo Makuta has no direct company
Makuta			management experience, but has profound
			insight into not only legal but also
			economic and social matters affecting
			corporate management, gained through his
			career as a public prosecutor and as a
			commissioner of the Japan Fair Trade
			Commission. Therefore, Fujitsu considers
			him to be independent and has designated
			Mr. Makuta as an Independent Audit &
			Supervisory Board Member.

# [Independent Directors & Auditors]

Number of Independent Directors & Auditors	7
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Matters relating to Independent Directors & Auditors

All External Directors and Auditors qualified to serve as Independent Directors & Auditors are identified as such.

#### [Incentives]

Incentive Policies for Directors	Performance-based Compensation
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#### Supplementary Explanation

Executive compensation is comprised of the following: "Base Compensation," specifically a fixed monthly salary in accordance with position and responsibilities; "Bonuses" that are compensation linked to short-term business performance; and "Performance-based Stock Compensation," which is a long-term incentive that emphasizes a connection to shareholder value. At the 107th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 22, 2007, a resolution terminating the retirement allowance system for executives was passed.

Details of the Performance-based Compensation are described below.

(1) Details of performance indicators for the calculation basis and reason for selecting them In order to provide Executive Directors with an incentive to achieve their performance targets for one fiscal year with regard to bonuses, and to provide Executive Directors with an incentive to increase corporate value over the medium to long term with regard to performance-based stock compensation as well as to further promote management from the perspective of shareholders, the Company has selected revenue and operating profit of the consolidated financial results, which are set out as management target indicators for each type of compensation, as indicators for bonuses and performance-based stock compensation.

#### (2) Calculation method

#### (a) Bonuses

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Company will present the Executive Directors with a base bonus amount in accordance with performance targets and respective rank. Then, at the end of the relevant fiscal year, the bonus amount to be paid will be calculated by multiplying the base bonus amount by the coefficient, which was set within a certain range in accordance with the level of achievement of the performance targets set in advance. No bonus will be paid if the degree of achievement is less than the preset lower limit. In addition, if the degree of achievement exceeds the preset upper limit, the amount obtained by multiplying the base bonus amount by the preset upper limit of the coefficient will be paid.

#### (b) Performance-based Stock Compensation

The Company will present to Executive Directors a base number of shares in accordance with respective rank, performance judging period (three fiscal years) and performance targets in advance. The number of shares, which is calculated by multiplying base number of shares by a fixed coefficient according to the level of achievement of the performance targets, is fixed at each fiscal year and upon completion of the performance judging period. When the performance judging period is over, the total number of shares is allocated to each applicable person under the condition that they continued to be in the position of an applicable person in the plan throughout the performance judging period. Then, monetary compensation claims comparable to market value of allocated shares are provided to the Executive Directors. The Executive Directors invest these monetary compensation claims in allocated shares to acquire shares of the Company.

The Executive Directors may transfer acquired shares of the Company at their own discretion unless they violate regulations regarding insider trading.

Recipients of Stock Options	N/A			

Supplementary Explanation

N/A

# [Director Remuneration]

Disclosure	of	Individual	Directors'	Selected Directors
Remuneration				Selected Directors

# Supplementary Explanation

Executive compensation is disclosed only for individual Directors and Auditors if they were paid ¥100 million or more consolidated compensation.

Total compensation and total compensation by type for Directors and Auditors who were paid ¥100 million or more during fiscal 2020 is as follows.

Filing company:

Takahito Tokita (Representative Director and CEO)

¥230million

(Base compensation of ¥69 million, bonuses of ¥58 million and Performance-based Stock Compensation of ¥102 million)

Hidenori Furuta (Representative Director and COO)

¥155million

(Base compensation of ¥51 million, bonuses of ¥37 million and Performance-based Stock Compensation of ¥66 million)

Takeshi Isobe (Director and Corporate Executive Officer, SEVP)

¥100million

(Base compensation of ¥36 million, bonuses of ¥24 million and Performance-based Stock Compensation of ¥39 million)

Consolidated subsidiaries:

-

For fiscal 2020, total compensation to Directors and Auditors was as follows:

- Directors	10	¥623	(Base compensation of ¥294 million, bonuses of	
	people	million	¥120 million and Performance-based Stock	
				Compensation of ¥208 million)
Compensation paid	to	5	¥75	(Base compensation of ¥75 million)
External Directors		people	million	
- Audit & Supervisory	- Audit & Supervisory Board			(Base compensation of ¥105 million)
Members	Members			
Compensation paid	to	4	¥33	(Base compensation of ¥33 million)
External Audit	&	people	million	
Supervisory Board Members				

<sup>\*1</sup> Includes Audit & Supervisory Board Members who resigned in fiscal 2020.

The total amount of monetary compensation to directors was resolved to be within \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{1}\),200 million or less per year (including \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{150}\) million per year for external directors) at the 121st Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 28, 2021. At this Annual Shareholders' Meeting, separate to the limit on monetary compensation for directors, the total amount of non-monetary compensation was resolved to be \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{1}\),200 million or less per year and the total amount of common stock of the company to be allocated to be within 75,000 shares per year.

\*The Company conducted consolidation of shares at a rate of one share for every ten shares effective October 1, 2018, and thus the number of shares after the consolidation of shares is indicated here.

<sup>\*2</sup> The total amount of monetary compensation to Directors was resolved to be \(\frac{4}600\) million or less per year at the 106th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 23, 2006 and the total amount of non-monetary compensation was resolved to be \(\frac{4}300\) million or less per year and the total number of common stock of the Company to be allocated to be within 43,000 shares\* per year at the 117th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 26, 2017. The Company is paying the compensation shown in the above table, which is within these limits.

- \*3 The total amount of compensation to Audit & Supervisory Board Members was resolved to be ¥150 million or less per year at the 111th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 23, 2011. The Company is paying the compensation shown in the above table, which is within these limits.
- \*4 For performance-based stock compensation, the amount charged to expenses during fiscal 2017 is stated.

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts	Established
and Calculation Methods	

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

#### <Summary>

To secure exceptional human resources required to manage the Fujitsu Group as a global ICT company, and to further strengthen the link between its financial performance and shareholder value, while at the same time improving its transparency, executive compensation is comprised of the following: "Base Compensation," specifically a fixed monthly salary in accordance with position and responsibilities; "Bonuses" that are compensation linked to short-term business performance; and "Performance-based Stock Compensation," which is a long-term incentive that emphasizes the connection to shareholder value.

#### <Base Compensation>

- Base compensation is paid to all Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members. A fixed monthly amount shall be determined for each executive in accordance with the position and responsibilities of each executive.

#### <Bonuses>

- Bonuses shall be paid to Executive Directors. The amount of a bonus shall reflect business performance in the respective fiscal year.
- As a specific method for calculating a bonus, Fujitsu shall adopt an "On Target model" that is based primarily on consolidated revenue and consolidated operating profit as indices and the amount shall be determined in accordance with the degree of achievement of the performance targets for the respective fiscal year.

#### <Performance-based Stock Compensation>

- Performance-based stock compensation shall be granted to Executive Directors, in order to share the profit with shareholders and as an incentive to contribute to enhancement of medium- to long-term performance.
- A base number of shares in accordance with respective rank, performance judging period (three years) and mid- to long-term performance targets in terms of consolidated revenue and consolidated operating profit, and coefficient according to performance achievement level vis-à-vis the mid- to long-term performance targets shall be set in advance. The number of shares to be allocated for each fiscal year shall be calculated by multiplying the base number of shares and the coefficient according to the performance achievement level, and the total number of shares calculated shall be allocated upon completion of the performance evaluation period.

#### < Composition Ratio for Each Type of Executive Compensation>

- With the aim of setting competitive compensation that contributes to securing and maintaining exceptional human resources, executive compensation shall be determined based on the financial position of the Company, comparing the compensation composition ratio and compensation levels for each executive position at other companies with similar business lines and similar scale as benchmarks.
- The ratio of performance-based compensation to the total compensation for Executive Directors shall be determined so as to strengthen the link between the Group's financial performance and shareholder value by setting the higher ratio to the higher rank.
- In the decision process, the Compensation Committee shall deliberate to ensure objectivity and validity.

# [Supporting System for External Directors and Auditors]

Fujitsu supports External Directors and Auditors through the Legal, IP& Internal Control Unit (Secretariat of Board of Directors Meeting and Independent Directors & Auditors Council Support Office) and Auditing Support Division). This responsibility involves complying with requests from External Directors and Auditors to provide information and explain about Fujitsu or the entire Fujitsu Group that is required for management oversight or audits. Depending on the information, relevant business unit managers are made available to provide additional explanations. Furthermore, to allow board members to gain a proper understanding of the details prior to the meeting, materials relevant to the Board of Directors Meetings, such as agenda items, are shared with all board members (Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members) via the system.

## [Status of Persons who have retired from Representative Director and CEO, etc.]

Name	Title/ Positio n	Content of Operation	Form and Condition of Services (Fulltime/Non-Full time, Paid/Unpaid etc.)	Resignation Date from CEO, Etc.	Term
-	-	-	-	-	-

Total Number of Senior Executive Advisor	
(Sodanyaku)/Advisor (Komon) who have retired	-
from Representative Director and CEO, etc.	

#### Other matters

Fujitsu abolished its senior executive advisor (Sodanyaku) and advisor (Komon) system, effective March 31, 2018, in order to clarify management responsibilities and strengthen corporate governance by the resolution of its Board of Directors Meeting.

Fuitsu will enter into commission contracts with retiring officers, who will be known as "senior advisors" or "senior fellows," on an individual basis and subject to a resolution of the Board of Directors, in cases where such treatment of retiring officers is indispensable as they are to be appointed as an officer of an unaffiliated organization, or where the individual's expertise in specific fields is particularly useful for Fujitsu's business operations.

# 2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)

(1) Overview of Corporate Governance Structure

<Board of Directors>

The Company has a Board of Directors to serve as a body for making important decisions and overseeing management. The Board of Directors delegates the decision-making authority over business execution to the Representative Directors and subordinate Corporate Executive Officers to the broadest extent that is permitted by law and the Articles of Incorporation of the company and is considered to be reasonable and will mainly perform as oversight and advisory function. Moreover, the Board of Directors has been formed with Non-Executive Directors at its core so as to enable correction and remediation of errors, insufficiencies, and recklessness in business execution. And by ensuring that External Directors, who are highly independent and hold diverse perspectives, constitute the majority of the members of the Board of Directors, the oversight and advisory function of the Board of Directors is strengthened. Furthermore, in order to better define the management responsibility of the Directors, their terms were reduced from two years to one year in accordance with a resolution at the June 23, 2006 Annual Shareholders' Meeting.

The Board of Directors is comprised of 9 members in total: 3 Executive Directors and 6 Non-Executive Directors (including 5 External Directors).

The Company held 14 Board of Directors meetings in FY2020 (including twice extraordinary Board of Directors meetings) to discuss matters including progress in the formulation of the Management Direction, business reformation and measures for implementing them as well as to decide a new management system based on the recommendation of the Executive Nomination Committee. Except one extraordinary Board of Directors meeting with a single External Director absent, all the other meetings were attended by all members.

#### <Audit & Supervisory Board>

The Company has an Audit & Supervisory Board that performs the auditing and oversight functions. The auditing and oversight functions are carried out by Audit & Supervisory Board Members, who review the Board of Directors as well as business execution functions and attend important meetings, including meetings of the Board of Directors.

The Audit & Supervisory Board has four members, comprising two full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members and two External Audit & Supervisory Board Members. The Company held 8 Audit & Supervisory Board meetings in FY2020, mainly to discuss audit policy and plans, the audit method of Accounting Auditors and the properness of the audit results, and the Key Audit Matters. Internal Audit Departments made reports and full-time members of the Audit & Supervisory Board reported matters of importance to External Audit & Supervisory Board Members, which were discussed at Audit & Supervisory Board meetings. Except one Audit & Supervisory Board Members meeting with a single Audit & Supervisory Board Member absent, all the other meetings were attended by all Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

The activities of Audit & Supervisory Board Members during FY 2020 included attending and expressing opinions at meetings of the Board of Directors, meetings of Independent Directors and other important meetings, inspecting important approval documents, exchanging opinions with Representative Directors, auditing operations of the head office and subsidiaries, exchanging information with auditors of subsidiaries, hearing reports from Accounting Auditors, hearing the status of an audit and its results from the Internal Audit Department, and hearing the status of whistle-blowing activities from the Compliance Department.

In addition, with respect to the Key Audit Matters that were adopted as early as in FY 2019, we continued to hold a sufficient number of discussions and deliberations with Accounting Auditors in FY 2020. The discussion topics were potential risks of material misstatements in the consolidated financial statements and impacts of, and developments in, material events, etc. that occurred in FY 2020.

#### <Independent Directors & Auditors Council>

In response to the requirements of Japan's Corporate Governance Code, which facilitates the activities of Independent Directors and Auditors, and in order to invigorate discussions on the medium- to long-term direction of the Company at its Board of Directors Meetings, the Company believes it essential to establish a system that enables Independent Directors and Auditors, who maintain a certain degree of separation from the execution of business activities, to consistently gain a deeper understanding of the Company's business. Based on this recognition, the Company established the Independent Directors and Auditors Council in FY2015, which consists of all Independent Directors and Auditors (five Independent Directors and two Independent Auditors), and discusses the medium- to long-term direction of the Company, shares information, and exchanges viewpoints so that each can formulate their own opinions.

In FY2020, the Independent Directors and Auditors Council met nine times. The members shared information and exchanged viewpoints on the Company's management direction, the scope of business of the Company and of the Fujitsu Group, etc. Based on the knowledge gained through the Council, each Independent Director and Auditor provided advice to the Board of Directors.

#### (2) Status of Business Execution Organs

For the Status of Business Execution Organs, please refer IV1.

#### (3) Status of Accounting Audits and Internal Audits

#### <Accounting Audits>

The accounting auditor, Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC, reports to the Audit & Supervisory Board concerning the audit plan and results. The accounting auditor also conducts exchange of opinions when needed and carries out coordinated audits. The four certified public accountants associated with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC who performed the accounting audit were Messrs. Yuichi Mochinaga, Yoshihiko Nakatani, Tomoko Tanabe and Kohei Koyama in FY2020. In addition, they were assisted by a further 43 certified public accountants, 18 accounting assistants, and another 78 persons, all associated with Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC.

#### <Internal Audits>

The Internal Control & Audit Office (with 54 members) serves as an internal audit group. This office audits the internal affairs of the entire Group in cooperation with the internal audit groups of each Group company. The Internal Control & Audit Office reports once a month, as a rule, to full-time members of the Audit & Supervisory Board on auditing plans for and results of internal audits, including matters relating to Group companies, and makes regular reports, once every quarter as a rule, to the Audit & Supervisory Board and accounting auditor.

The Internal Control & Audit Office includes a significant number of employees with specialist internal auditing knowledge, including Certified Internal Auditors (CIA), Certified Information Systems Auditors (CISA), and Certified Fraud Examiners (CFE). Additionally, the Internal Control & Audit Office reports the results of the internal audit, including matters related to the Group companies to the Board of Directors, via the Risk Management & Compliance Committee.

# (4) Overview of Limitation of Liability Contracts

The Company has entered agreements to limit the liability of Non-Executive Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members under Article 423, Clause 1 of the Companies Act. The limitation of liability in such agreements shall be the minimum liability amount under the law. Limitation of liability shall be based on the premise that the Non-Executive Director or Audit & Supervisory Board Member is fulfilling their responsibility and engaging in execution of duties in good faith, and that there is no significant negligence.

# 3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

We believe that both direct oversight to business execution by the Non-Executive Directors and the oversight by Audit & Supervisory Board Members that stays distant from the decision making and operation of business execution should work jointly to ensure highly effective oversight performance. The company adopts "the company with Audit & Supervisory Board system" that establishes the Audit & Supervisory Board, which is composed of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members appointed as an independent agent.

Moreover, the Board of Directors has been formed with Non-Executive Directors at its core so as to enable correction and remediation of errors, insufficiencies, and recklessness in business execution. And External Directors constitute the majority of the members of the Board of Directors. At least one Non-Executive Director is appointed from within the company to complement the External Directors' knowledge in the business fields and the culture of the company so that the efficiency of oversight performance by the Non-Executive Directors is enhanced.

### III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

#### 1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary Explanations
Early Notification of General Shareholder Meeting	To give shareholders sufficient time to exercise voting rights, we make efforts to send invitation notices three weeks prior to the Annual Shareholders' Meeting.  Furthermore, the Notice of the Annual Shareholders' Meeting is disclosed on the Company's website and other media before it is sent to shareholders with a view to provide information to shareholders as quickly as possible.
Scheduling AGMs Avoiding the Peak Day	To facilitate the attendance of as many shareholders as possible, since the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held in June 2001, we have scheduled our Annual Shareholders' Meeting to avoid the busiest days of overlap with other corporations' annual meetings.
Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights	To improve convenience and facilitate the exercise of voting rights for shareholders who are unable to attend the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, since the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held in June 2002, we have accepted the exercise of voting rights through electronic methods, and since the Annual

	Shareholders' Meeting held in June 2006, we have been using a platform to allow institutional investors to electronically exercise voting rights.	
Participation in Electronic	Fujitsu participates in the electronic proxy voting platform operated by	
Voting Platform	Investor Communications Japan (ICJ) as part of its efforts to enhance the	
	proxy voting environment for institutional investors.	
Providing Convocation Notice	Fujitsu creates an English-language Notice of the Annual Shareholders'	
in English	Meeting (contents correspond to the Japanese version of the notice and	
	business report) in order to promote a wider understanding of the proposals	
	presented at the shareholders' meeting. The notice is disclosed on the	
	Company's website the same day as the Japanese version as part of our police	
	to disclose information in a prompt, accurate, and fair manner.	
Other	To clarify the results of voting at the Annual Shareholders' Meetings, in	
	addition to public notification of the results of the Shareholders' Meetings,	
	beginning with the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held in June 2010, Fujitsu	
	began posting the numbers of votes for and against each resolution on its	
	website.	
	We explain security of the rights and equality of shareholders at the Annual	
	Shareholders' Meeting in 3.(1) of the Policy in the following website.	
	https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf	

# 2. IR Activities

	Supplementary Explanations
Preparation and Publication of Disclosure Policy	Fujitsu has established the following Disclosure Policy and made the policy available on its website.  [Disclosure Policy]
	The Fujitsu Group's corporate philosophy is articulated as the "Fujitsu Way," comprised of the purpose of our existence in society, our values and Code of Conduct. By sharing and practicing the Fujitsu Way, we aim to continuously enhance the value of the enterprise through the continuous growth and development of the Fujitsu Group. Our basic policy on disclosure is to enhance our management transparency by appropriate and timely disclosure of our business activities and financial information. This ensures that investors, shareholders, and all other stakeholders can understand how we are performing in enhancing our corporate value.
	<basic disclosure="" information="" on="" policy=""> Fujitsu emphasizes fairness and continuity in disclosure of information, in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other laws and regulations, as well as the rules of the exchanges on which its shares are listed. Moreover, our policy is to be proactive in disclosing any information that we judge to be effective for helping shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders to deepen their understanding of Fujitsu, even if such disclosure is not required by laws, regulations, or other rules.</basic>
	<methods disclosure="" information="" of=""> Fujitsu uses prescribed information disclosure methods (TDnet, EDINET, etc.) to disclose information which it is required to disclose by law or regulation. Following disclosure, materials containing the disclosed information may be made available on the Company's website if deemed necessary. The Company may also disclose information which it is not required to disclose by law or regulation. In these cases, the Company will disclose the information as necessary, using an appropriate method of disclosure (press release, website disclosure, seminar presentation, etc.) based on the contents.</methods>

	<forward-looking statements=""> Forward-looking statements included in disclosed information are based on management's views and assumptions at the time the information was disclosed. A variety of changes in the internal and external business environment may cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. The Company strives to enhance the accuracy of forward-looking statements, and in cases where its outlook changes, the Company discloses the change as necessary using an appropriate disclosure method.</forward-looking>
	<silent period=""> The Company institutes a silent period beginning the day after its quarterly financial settlement date until the day of the financial results announcement as a way to prevent financial information from being disclosed prior to the formal announcement. During the silent period, the Company does not respond to inquiries regarding its financial results. If the possibility arises that the Company's financial results will differ significantly from previous forecasts, however, the Company will disclose the change appropriately during the silent period.</silent>
Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors	Although currently we do not hold presentations for individual investors, we have posted videos and Q&A session materials of Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors to our IR website. In addition, we have a dedicated investor relations website for individual investors (in Japanese), and through the inquiry form on the website and other measures, we are working to improve relations with individual investors.  Additionally, we started mail distribution for individual investors from April 2018.
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	We hold regular presentations including by the CEO on our management direction, by the CEO and CFO on our earnings results, by the Directors on ESG (environment, society, and governance) efforts, and by various senior executives on the business strategy for the operations they oversee. In addition, media are always invited to the briefings by the CEO, CFO, and heads of businesses, with the understanding that individual investors can thereby obtain information through reports that appear in the media.
Regular Investor Briefings for Overseas Investors	Periodic meetings (in person/online) with foreign institutional investors are held by the company's CEO and CFO. We also have IR managers stationed in Europe and the US who meet and communicate regularly with investors, not just at the time of earnings announcements. We also take materials from IR presentations held in Japan, translate them into English, and post them to our English IR website, including English translations of Q&A sessions.
Posting of IR Materials on Website	We post the Yukashoken Hokokusho (Financial Report) in Japanese, the Jigyo Hokoku (Business Report) in Japanese and English, the Kessan Tanshin (Financial Earnings) reports in Japanese and English, the Integrated Report in Japanese and English, and various other IR presentation materials in Japanese and English. Also posted in English and Japanese are the Fujitsu Group Sustainability Report. Additionally, all materials accompanying the invitation notice to the Annual Shareholders' Meeting are posted on our website.
Establishment of Department and/or Manager in Charge of IR	The director in charge of IR activities is the CFO; the division in charge of IR activities is the Public and Investor Relations Division.
Other	In addition to the above, along with posting materials from presentations made to institutional investors and securities analysts on our website, we broadcast streaming video of these presentations.

# 3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

	Supplementary Explanations
Stipulation of Internal Rules for Respecting the Position of Stakeholders	The Fujitsu Way is the principles and fundamentals of the behavior of every employee in our Group and defines the Group's purpose as making the world more sustainable by building trust in society through innovation. As part of our values, we strive to generate shared value for all stakeholders, including employees, customers, business partners, the community, and shareholders.
Implementation of Environmental Activities, CSR Activities etc.	Fujitsu Group's environmental activities and CSR activities are open to public through Fujitsu Group Integrated Report and our website.  - Fujitsu Group Integrated Report  https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/ir/library/integratedrep/index.html  - Sustainability at Fujitsu Group  https://www.fujitsu.com/global/about/csr/index.html
Development of Policies on Information Provision to Stakeholders  Other	As a policy on information provision to all our stakeholders, please refer to 4. of the Corporate Governance Policy on the following website.  https://pr.fujitsu.com/jp/ir/governance/governancereport-b-en.pdf  Please refer to [Supplementary Principle 2.4.1 Ensure diversity in the
	promotion to core human resources] of the Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code for the current status of promotions to board members and middle managerial positions for women, foreign nationals, midcareer hires, and initiatives towards the promotions.

#### IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

# 1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development

[Policy on the Internal Control System]

The following Policy on the Internal Control System sets forth internal structures of the Fujitsu Group:

### 1. Objective

To continuously increase the corporate value of the Fujitsu Group, it is necessary to pursue management efficiency and control risks arising from business activities. Recognizing this, the Directors who are entrusted with the management of the Company by the shareholders, present to the shareholders, who have entrusted authority in them, the policy regarding a) how to practice and promote the Fujitsu Way, the principles that underlie the Fujitsu Group's conduct, and b) what systems and rules are used to pursue management efficiency and control the risks arising from the Company's business activities in the application of their management approach, as described below

# 2. Systems to Ensure that Directors Carry Out Their Responsibilities Efficiently

- (1) Business Execution Decision-Making and Business Execution Structure
  - a The Company has Corporate Executive Officers (hereafter, the Representative Directors and Corporate Executive Officers are referred to collectively as "Senior Management") who share business execution authority with the Representative Director and CEO, and the Corporate Executive Officers carry out decision-making and business execution in accordance with their responsibilities.
  - b The Company has a Chief Financial Officer who is responsible for managing finance and accounting for the Fujitsu Group.
  - c The Company has a Management Council made up of Representative Directors and Corporate Executive Officers to assist the Representative Director and CEO in decision-making.
  - d The Representative Director and CEO puts in place systems and procedures (Management Council rules, systems for approvals) needed for decision-making by Senior Management and employees entrusted by Senior Management with authority.
  - e The Representative Director and CEO reports financial and business results at each regularly-scheduled meeting of the Board of Directors, makes periodic reports to the Board of Directors on the operational status of "Policy on the Internal Control System," and receives confirmation that operations are being undertaken correctly.

# (2) System to Promote More Efficient Operations

a The Company has an organization that uses reforms to the Fujitsu Group's business processes to promote higher productivity, lower costs, and expenditure controls, and it pursues more efficient management.

#### 3. Rules and Other Systems Relating to Managing the Risk of Losses

- (1) System for Managing the Risk of Losses in General
  - The Company aims to maintain the business continuity of the Fujitsu Group, increase its corporate value, and sustainably expand its business activities. In order to deal with risks that pose a threat to achieving these goals, the Company has a Risk Management & Compliance Committee, which overseas risk management for the entire Fujitsu Group. The Company also assigns certain departments to be responsible for specific kinds of risks, and has appropriate systems in place for risk management.
  - b The Risk Management & Compliance Committee constantly assesses and verifies risks that might cause losses to the Fujitsu Group. When risks are identified in business operations, it works to control the risk, such as by formulating preventative measures, and attempts to minimize the loss that might result.
  - To minimize losses from any risks that arise, the Risk Management & Compliance Committee, through the systems described in paragraph "a" above, periodically analyzes any risks that have arisen, reports on them to the Board of Directors and any other relevant person or organization, and takes action to prevent a recurrence of such risks.

## (2) Systems for Managing the Specific Risks of Losses

In addition to the Risk Management & Compliance Committee, the Company has risk management systems that include the following to deal with specific risks of losses it identifies in its business operations.

- a Risk Management System for Defects in Products and Services
  - The Company has a quality-assurance system designed to analyze defects in Fujitsu Group products and services and prevent them from recurring. In particular, it has an organization that continuously works to improve quality, contracts, and rules to ensure that social infrastructure systems run reliably.
- b Management System for Contracted Development Projects
  - To prevent the emergence of unprofitable projects among its contracted development projects, such as systems integration projects, the Company has a specialized organization that monitors risks relating to project negotiations and project execution.
  - This specialized organization creates a monitoring process for contract amounts, contract terms, quality, expenses, deadlines and other relevant items, and monitors projects under consistent conditions.
  - Based on the results of this monitoring, the specialized organization issues corrective recommendations to relevant projects.
- c Security System
  - The Company has an organization to deal with cyber-terrorism, unauthorized use, and data breaches in the services it provides.
- (3) Responses to Management Risks
  - a System to Manage Financial Risks
    - Financial risks are under the purview of the Chief Financial Officer.
  - b Systems to Manage Other Forms of Management Risk
    - Other forms of Management risks, including market trends and price competition, are handled by each department according to a division of responsibilities established by the Representative Director and CEO.
- 4. Systems to Ensure that Business Execution of Directors and Employees Complies with Laws, Regulations and Articles of Incorporation
  - (1) Compliance System
    - a Senior Management adheres to the Code of Conduct in the Fujitsu Way as a basic philosophy for compliance issues, including compliance with laws, regulations and the articles of incorporation, and proactively promotes the Group's overall compliance based upon its ethics as Senior Management.
    - b The Risk Management & Compliance Committee has purview over compliance matters for the Fujitsu Group, which it executes as follows.
      - It ensures scrupulous adherence to the Code of Conduct in the Fujitsu Way among all Fujitsu Group employees through ongoing educational efforts.
      - It clarifies the laws and regulations that relate to the Fujitsu Group's business activities and establishes internal rules, education, and oversight systems to ensure compliance with them to promote compliance throughout the Group.
      - When Senior Management or employee recognizes a serious compliance violation or when
        a situation may appear to present one relating to the performance of the responsibilities of
        Senior Management or an employee, the Risk Management & Compliance Committee
        makes such person immediately report such fact to the Committee via the normal chain of
        command.
      - To ensure that compliance problems can be discovered quickly and handled appropriately through an alternative communications channel apart from the normal chain of command, it establishes and operates an internal reporting system that safeguards the reporter.
      - The Risk Management & Compliance Committee immediately reports serious compliance violations or situations that may appear to present one to the Board of Directors and any other relevant person or organization.
  - (2) System to Ensure Proper Financial Reporting

- a The Company has, apart from the organization that prepares financial reports, an organization under the Chief Financial Officer responsible for establishing, operating, and evaluating internal control over Fujitsu Group financial reporting, to ensure the effectiveness and reliability of financial reports.
- b These organizations create unified accounting policies shared throughout the Fujitsu Group and rules for establishing, operating, and evaluating internal control over financial reporting.
- c The organization responsible for establishing, operating, and evaluating internal control over financial reporting periodically reports to the Board of Directors and any other relevant person or organization the results of evaluations of the effectiveness the internal control.

#### (3) System for Information Disclosure

The Company has a system to ensure timely and fair disclosure of company information.

# (4) Internal Auditing System

- a The Company has an organization that conducts internal audits of business execution (the "Internal Auditing Organization"), and ensures its independence.
- b The Internal Auditing Organization establishes internal auditing rules and conducts audits based on those rules.
- c The Internal Auditing Organization liaises with internal auditing organizations in other Group companies to internally audit the Fujitsu Group as a whole.
- d The results of internal audits are periodically reported to the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board and other relevant person or organization of the Company and of other relevant Group companies.
- 5. System for Storing and Managing Information in Accordance with the Execution of Directors' Responsibilities
  - a Senior Management assigns people with the responsibility for storing and managing documents, and, in accordance with internal rules, appropriately stores and manages the following documents (including electronic records) related to the execution of Senior Management' responsibilities, along with other important information.
    - Minutes of Annual Shareholders' Meetings and related materials.
    - Minutes of Board of Directors Meetings and related materials
    - Other minutes and related materials involved in important decision-making meetings.
    - Approval documents and related materials involving Senior Management decisions.
    - Other important documents that relate to the performance of Senior Management's responsibilities.
  - b To verify the status of business execution, the Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members have access at any time to the documents in paragraph "a" above, and people with the responsibility for storing and managing documents establish systems to enable Directors Audit & Supervisory Board Members to access the documents at any time in response to requests for the documents by Directors or Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- 6. System to Ensure the Properness of Fujitsu Group Operations
  - In addition to creating and instituting the above systems and rules for the Fujitsu Group, the Company establishes systems for receiving reports from the Senior Management of Group companies on matters relating to their business execution.
  - b The Company institutes standard rules regarding the delegation of authority from the Representative Director and CEO to Group companies, such as the scope of decision-making authority and the decision-making process relating to important matters at Group companies.
  - c The Representative Director and CEO determines what each Group company's divisional area of responsibility is, and the Corporate Executive Officers who divide the business execution duties for each divisional area, acting through each Group company's president or CEO, implement and comply with paragraphs "a" and "b" above.
  - d The Senior Management of the Company and other Group companies share information on Fujitsu Group management strategies and on issues relating to the achievement of Group goals through periodical meetings or other sufficient measures, and cooperate on Group business management.

- 7. System to Ensure the Properness of Audits by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members
  - (1) Ensuring the Independence of Audit & Supervisory Board Members
    - a The Company has an Auditing Support Division with employees assigned to assist Audit & Supervisory Board Members in carrying out their duties. Appropriate employees with the ability and expertise required by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members are assigned to the Division.
    - b In order to ensure the independence of the employees in the Auditing Support Division and to ensure that they will implement the instructions of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Senior Management shall receive the consent of Audit & Supervisory Board Members on matters relating to the appointment, transfer and compensation of employees in the Auditing Support Division.
    - c In principle, Senior Management does not assign employees in the Auditing Support Division to other divisions or duties. In instances, however, where a need arises to give dual assignments to employees with specialized knowledge in response to requests from Audit & Supervisory Board Members, care is given to ensuring their independence in accordance with paragraph "b" above.

# (2) Reporting System

- a Senior Management of Fujitsu and Group companies provide the Audit & Supervisory Board Members with the opportunity to attend important meetings.
- b In cases where risks arise that could affect management or financial results, or when there is an awareness of major compliance violations, or the possibility of major compliance violations, in connection with the execution of business activities, Senior Management of Fujitsu and Group companies immediately report them to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- c Senior Management of Fujitsu and Group companies periodically report to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members on the status of business execution.
- d Senior management of Fujitsu and Group companies shall not subject senior management or employees to adverse treatment for the reason that reports were submitted in accordance with paragraphs "b" and "c" above.
- (3) Ensuring the Effectiveness of Audits by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members
  - a Senior Management of Fujitsu and Group companies periodically exchange information with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
  - b With respect to expenses incurred by Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the execution of their duties in accordance with Article 388 of the Companies Act, Senior Management shall determine the methods for processing the requests stipulated in Article 388.
  - c The Internal Auditing Organization periodically reports audit results to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

#### [Status of Operation of the Internal Control System]

1. Systems to Ensure that Directors Carry Out Their Responsibilities Efficiently

The Company has Corporate Executive Officers who share business execution authority with the Representative Director and CEO, and the Corporate Executive Officers carry out decision-making and business execution in accordance with their responsibilities.

The Management Council meets twice a month, in principle, and assists the Representative Director and CEO in decision-making. The Management Council consists of the minimum number of members, which include the CEO. By operating the Management Council as a body that enables timely discussion of and decision-making on any matters concerning business execution, the efficiency and the speed of management and the effectiveness of the meetings of the Management Council are enhanced.

In addition, the Council is striving to further increase the speed of management by integrating the rules determining the scope of delegation of duties from Representative Directors to other executives and employees and other matters, and the rules on various approvals to make the approval standards accompany extensive delegation of duties.

2. Risk Management System and Compliance System

The Company positions the risk management system and the compliance system at the heart of the "Policy on the Internal Control System" and has established the Risk Management & Compliance Committee (the "Committee"), which supervises these systems globally and reports to the Board of Directors.

The Committee is chaired by the Representative Director and CEO and consists of Executive Directors. The Committee meets periodically and determines policies for preventing risks in business operations from arising and for countermeasures for losses caused by risks that have arisen.

Regarding risks in business operations, including compliance violations and information security issues, the Committee has established and operates a system that covers not only the Company but the Fujitsu Group and ensures reporting to the Committee in a timely manner when such risks arise. It also operates the internal reporting system.

Under the Committee, the Company has appointed a Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) in accordance with the Fujitsu Group Information Security Policy (Global Security Policy). Further, under the CISO, regional CISOs have been appointed to formulate and implement information security measures.

In the course of operating the systems described above, besides the case of risk occurrence, the Committee periodically reports the progress and results of its activities to the Board of Directors and is supervised.

Moreover, the Global Business Standards, which provide guidance on how individual executives and employees should apply the Fujitsu Way Code of Conduct in their actions and are available in 20 languages, are applied uniformly across the Fujitsu Group. In addition to establishment and operation of compliance-related rules applicable to the entire Fujitsu Group, the Company has established the Global Compliance Program and is implementing various education programs and awareness raising activities to maintain and improve the structure for legal compliance across the Fujitsu Group.

Regarding the internal reporting system, the Fujitsu Group has established points of contact inside and outside the Company, operated as the Compliance Line/Fujitsu Alert, to receive reports from all Group executives and employees and offer consultations. Group companies also have established and are operating their own points of contact for reporting and consultation. These systems enable early detection of unlawful action and remediation, and help strengthen fair management ensuring compliance with laws and regulations.

#### 3. Risk Management System for Defects in Products and Services

The Company has, as a risk management system for defects in products and services, created company-wide quality management rules and assigned a Quality Management Representative, who is responsible for building and operating the quality management system, at each organization. In addition to this, in fiscal 2020, in response to the fact that a serious problem occurred in the social system, we reexamined our customer system and established an organization under the direct control of the CEO, in addition to the quality assurance process for each business division, in order to strengthen the company-wide quality assurance system. The Company is also working to introduce cross-sectional systems and make improvements to monitor the effectiveness of each process and share the knowledge and know-how among the divisions.

#### 4. System to Ensure Proper Financial Reporting

Under the direction of the Committee, the organization responsible for internal control and internal audits has established the system, and in accordance with the rules established by the Company based on the principles of the "Practice Standards for Management Assessment and Audit concerning Internal Control Over Financial Reporting" published by the Business Accounting Council, internal control over financial reporting throughout the Fujitsu Group is assessed. The activity status and assessment results are reported to the Chief Financial Officer and the Committee.

# 5. System to Ensure the Properness of Fujitsu Group Operations

The systems described above cover the Fujitsu Group.

Especially for risk management and compliance systems, Regional Risk Management & Compliance Committees have been established for individual Regions, which are geographical executive divisions of the Fujitsu Group worldwide. These regional committees are positioned under the Committee to function so that the entire Fujitsu Group is covered.

In addition, as a part of a system to ensure the properness of Fujitsu Group operations, the Company has established the Rules for Delegation of Authority that determine authority for decision-making on important matters of Fujitsu Group companies (excluding certain subsidiaries), the decision-making process and the

reporting obligations. The Company has its Group companies comply with the Rules. In this way, the Company has put in place systems for decision-making on and reporting of important matters of the Group.

The status of operation of the internal control system centering on the above is periodically reported to the Board of Directors.

#### 2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

[Basic Stance on Rejection of Antisocial Elements]

In the Fujitsu Way, the Fujitsu Group's Code of Conduct calls for respect for and compliance with laws and socially accepted rules. Accordingly, our basic stance is to take a resolute attitude toward antisocial elements and have absolutely no dealings with them.

[Preparedness Regarding Rejection of Antisocial Elements]

We maintain a system that can quickly respond when necessary by designating a centralized response department, creating a common Group manual, maintaining liaisons and exchanging information with outside legal counsel, police, and specialist organizations, as well as by carrying out training and keeping employees fully informed about the workplace.

#### V. Other

### 1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures	Not Adopted

Supplementary Explanation

Under the basic approach that the increase in corporate value creates the defensive power as a consequence, the company focuses on increasing corporate value and does not adopt any specific anti-takeover measures. In case an acquisition offer is made to the company, the Board of Directors takes an appropriate action based on the recognition that the determination on the location of control of the company resides in shareholders.

# 2. Other Matters Concerning to Corporate Governance System

The following is the status of the Company's internal structure for timely information disclosure.

1.Internal Structure for Timely Disclosure of Corporate Information

The Company endeavors to quickly and accurately grasp information (decisions, events, and financial results) related to the business, operation, and financial performance of each of its business divisions, the organizations responsible for business operations. This information is used to improve management, and the Company uses the following deliberation and decision-making structure to ensure timely disclosure of the information in cases where the information is important and necessary for investors.

- (1) The Board of Directors deals with important management matters, delegating the decision-making authority over business execution to the Representative Directors and subordinate Corporate Executive Officers to the broadest extent permitted by law and the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. Subordinate Corporate Executive Officers will carry out decision-making and business execution in accordance with their responsibilities. The Company has a Management Council made up of Representative Directors and Corporate Executive Officers to assist the Representative Director and CEO in decision-making. The Company employs the above-mentioned decision-making process for its business and operation.
- (2) Each business organization reports matters of importance regarding the Company's business, operation, or financial performance to the Board of Directors and Management Council on a regular and as-needed basis. Each business organization has established a structure to conduct risk management and strives to quickly and accurately grasp information.
- (3) The Corporate Finance Unit reports financial results, revisions to financial results and forecasts, dividends, and other information to the Board of Directors and Management Council, based on financial information gathered from each business organization.

The Legal, IP & Internal Control Unit and Public & Investor Relations Division jointly review decisions, events and financial results gathered as explained above in (1), (2), and (3) to confirm the timeliness and accuracy of the information. The Company's Representative Director and CEO conducts a final review of the information on an as-needed basis before the information is disclosed to investors in a timely and accurate manner. With regard to financial items and financial results included in decisions or events, CFO approves the information on an as-needed basis prior to the final review by CEO.

- 2. Internal System Confirmation Function for Timely Information Disclosure
- (1)The Company has established the Fujitsu Way Committee and Risk Management & Compliance Committee to enhance the internal structure for timely information disclosure by providing organizational support for the gathering and reporting of risk information. These organizations support and promote the risk management activities carried out by each business division.
  - The Risk Management & Compliance Committee oversees a help-line system to promptly gather information on inappropriate activities within the Company, as part of the measures to prevent impropriety, including activities related to information disclosure.
- (2) The Company has established an Internal Control & Audit Office to audit the status of the internal control function and internal events (including risk information).
  - The Internal Control & Audit Office continuously audits the risk management structure of each business division and contributes to the maintenance and improvement of the accuracy and appropriateness of information regarding the business, operation, and financial performance of the entire Group, including subsidiaries.