

For Immediate Release

Real Estate Investment Trust Securities Issuer 1-6-5 Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Mitsubishi Estate Logistics REIT Investment Corporation Representative: Ken Takanashi, Executive Director

(Securities Code: 3481)

Asset Management Company

Mitsubishi Jisho Investment Advisors, Inc.

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Notice Concerning Revisions to Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2022, and Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2023

Mitsubishi Estate Logistics REIT Investment Corporation ("MEL") announces today revisions to its forecast for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2022 (March 1, 2022 to August 31, 2022) as noted in "Summary of Financial Results for the Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2021 (REIT)" announced on October 15, 2021. In addition, MEL announces today its new forecast for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023 (September 1, 2022 to February 28, 2023). The revisions and calculations are described below. For the avoidance of doubt, there is no change in the forecast for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2022 (September 1, 2021 to February 28, 2022) as noted in "Summary of Financial Results for the Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2021 (REIT)" announced on October 15, 2021.

1. Reasons for Revision and Announcement

A resolution was passed at MEL's board of directors meeting held today concerning the issuance of new investment units to appropriate the portion of funds for acquiring the Two New Properties (as defined in "Assets Under Management" in Attachment 1, "Forecast Assumptions for the Fiscal Periods Ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023."). The forecast of operating results for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2022, announced on October 15, 2021, has been revised due to the changes in the assumptions underlying the calculation of estimated operating revenues, which are expected to change by 10% or more, estimated operating income, which are expected to change by 30% or more, and estimated distributions per unit, which are expected to change by 5% or more.

In addition, MEL announces today a new forecast of operating results for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, based on the assumptions described below.

2. Revised Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2022, and Announcement of Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2023

(1) Details of the Revised Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending August 31, 2022 (12th fiscal period) (March 1, 2022 to August 31, 2022)

	Operating Revenues (Millions of yen)	Operating Income (Millions of yen)	Ordinary Income (Millions of yen)	Net Income (Millions of yen)	Distributions per Unit (including SCD) (Yen)	Distributions per Unit (excluding SCD) (Yen)	SCD per Unit (Yen)
Previously Announced	5,059	2,551	2,430	2,429	6,910	6,210	700
Forecast (A)	,	,	,		,	,	
Revised	C 100	2 222	2.050	2.057	7 207	C 574	722
Forecast (B)	6,198	3,332	2,958	2,957	7,307	6,574	733
Net Change							
(C) ((B)-(A))	1,139	780	528	528	397	364	33

Note: This press release has been prepared for the purpose of announcing to the public certain matters relating to the revisions to the forecast for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2022, and forecast for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, and has not been prepared for the purpose of soliciting investment. Investors are asked to ensure that they read the prospectus for the issuance of new investment units, as well as any amendments thereto, prepared by MEL before they invest and that they make decisions on investment at their own discretion.

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Rate of							
Change (C)/(A)	22.5%	30.6%	21.8%	21.8%	5.7%	5.9%	4.7%

Note: SCD stands for the "surplus cash distributions". The same shall apply hereinafter.

(2) Details of the Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2023 (13th fiscal period) (September 1, 2022 to February 28, 2023)

	Operating Revenues (Millions of yen)	Operating Income (Millions of yen)	Ordinary Income (Millions of yen)	Net Income (Millions of yen)	Distributions per Unit (including SCD) (Yen)	Distributions per Unit (excluding SCD) (Yen)	SCD per Unit (Yen)
Forecast for the Fiscal Period Ending February 28, 2023 (13th fiscal period)	6,224	3,279	3,101	3,100	7,628	6,890	738

(Reference)

Fiscal period ending August 31, 2022 : Expected number of investment units outstanding at the end of the period

: 449,935 units;

Expected Net income per unit: 6,574 yen

Fiscal period ending February 28, 2023 : Expected number of investment units outstanding at the end of the period

: 449,935 units;

Expected Net income per unit: 6,890 yen

Notes:

- 1. The forecast information is calculated based on the assumptions described in Attachment 1, "Forecast Assumptions for the Fiscal Periods Ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023". Actual operating revenues, operating income, ordinary income, net income, distributions per unit (including surplus cash distributions), distributions per unit (excluding surplus cash distributions) and surplus cash distributions per unit may vary due to acquisitions or dispositions of properties etc., changes in rent revenues attributable to tenant replacements etc., changes in the property management environment due to unexpected repairs etc., changes in interest rates, the actual number of new units issued and the issue price of such units, or the issuance of additional investment units etc. These forecasts should not be deemed a commitment or guarantee of the amount of cash distributions and surplus cash distributions.
- 2. These forecasts may be revised if a substantial variation from the current forecast information is anticipated.
- 3. The figures are rounded down to the nearest million yen or yen, and ratios are rounded to the nearest tenth.

For more information about Mitsubishi Estate Logistics REIT Investment Corporation, please visit: https://mel-reit.co.jp/en/

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<Attachment 1>

Forecast Assumptions for the Fiscal Periods Ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023

Items		Assumptions					
	Fiscal period ending August 31, 2022 (12th fiscal period): From Maro						
A a a a complete a Danie I		August 31, 2022 (184 days)	, ,	,			
Accounting Period	>	Fiscal period ending February 28, 2023 (13	8th fiscal period): Fro	m September 1, 2022			
		to February 28, 2023 (181 days)					
	>	It is assumed that MEL will acquire the re	al estate trust benefi	ciary interests in two			
		new properties (the "Two New Properties		•			
		properties (the "Current Properties") it holds as of today.					
		For details about the Two New Properties, please refer to the press release "Notice					
		Concerning Acquisition of Domestic Real Estate Trust Beneficiary Interests and Lease					
		Contracts with New Tenants," dated toda		•			
Assets Under		change in the operational status of the	·=·				
Management		acquisitions on March 1, 2022 up until Febr	uary 28, 2023. Change	es include acquisitions			
		of new properties and dispositions of exist	-	·			
		<two new="" properties=""></two>					
		LOGIPORT Kawasaki Bay (45% trust benefi	ciary co-ownership in	nterest) and Logicross			
		Atsugi II					
	>	The actual results may change due to the a	acquisition of new pro	operties in addition to			
		the Two New Properties or the disposition	of existing properties	s, etc.			
	>	Operating rental revenues take into accou	unt factors such as m	narket trends and the			
		competitiveness, etc. of each property bas	ed on information pr	ovided by the current			
		owner or the current beneficial owner etc.	(the "Current Benefic	ciary, Etc.") of the Two			
Operating Revenues		New Properties and information about the Current Properties held by Mitsubishi Jis Investment Advisors, Inc. (the "Asset Management Company")					
	\triangleright	It is assumed that tenants will not be delin-	quent on or withhold	rental payments.			
	>	It is assumed that there is no gain or loss o	n sale of real estate.				
	\triangleright	Main items regarding operating expenses a	are as follows:				
			T	(Millions of yen)			
			Fiscal Period	Fiscal Period			
			Ending August 31,	Ending February			
			2022	28, 2023			
		Total Operating Rental Expenses	2,140	2,168			
		Operational Management Fee	286	285			
		Utilities Cost	146	163			
		Repair and Maintenance	93	96			
		Property Taxes	474	475			
		Depreciation	1,100	1,108			
		Total General and Administrative Expenses	725	777			
Operating Expenses		Asset Management Fee	525	591			
		Sponsor Support Fee	109	107			
	\triangleright	Of operating rental expenses, which is the	main operating expe	ense, expenses except			
		depreciation are calculated by taking into	account various facto	rs based on historical			
		data provided by the Current Beneficiary, E	tc., in the case of the	Two New Properties,			
		and historical data after acquisition in the	case of the Current Pr	operties.			
	\triangleright	In general, property taxes and city planning	g taxes are calculated	on a pro-rata basis of			
		the calendar year, and settled at the time					
		transactions conducted by MEL, the amou	•				
		amounts are included in the purchase price					
		New Properties, the property taxes and city					
		not be expensed during the fiscal periods					
1		2023 in the case of settlement at time of p	roperty acquisition. P	roperty taxes and city			

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	Mitsubishi Estate I	Logi	stics REIT Investment Corporation
ſ		J	planning taxes for the Two New Properties will be expensed starting from the fiscal
			period ending August 31, 2023.
l		>	For building repair expenses, the amount assumed to be necessary for each property
			is based on the mid-to-long term repair and maintenance plans prepared by the Asset
			Management Company. However, due to the possibility that emergency repair
			expenses may be incurred as a result of unexpected damage to the building, the fact
			that the amount of the repair expenses generally varies greatly from year to year, and
			the fact that repair expenses are not regularly incurred, it is possible that the amount
l			of the repair expenses for each fiscal period may differ substantially from the
			anticipated amount.
ŀ		>	For the fiscal period ending August 31, 2022, it is assumed that 374 million yen will be
			incurred as non-operating expenses, which includes 179 million yen for interest
			expenses and other debt-related costs and 195 million yen in relation to the offerings
	Non-operating		of the new investment units.
l	Expenses	>	For the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, it is assumed that 178 million yen will
			be incurred as non-operating expenses, which will be used for interest expenses and
l			other debt-related costs.
ł		>	The balance of MEL's interest-bearing debt on an accounting basis as of today is
			58,374 million yen.
l		>	It is assumed that, on March 1, 2022, MEL will obtain a loan of up to 24,100 million
			yen for the purpose of allocating a portion of such funds to acquire the Two New
			Properties described in "Assets Under Management" above. In addition, it is assumed
			that MEL will obtain a third-party allotment loan of 1,100 million yen on March 1, 2022
I			for the purpose of allocating a portion of such funds to acquire the Two New
			Properties, which it plans to repay in full using the proceeds from the third-party
			allotment or cash reserves.
		>	It is assumed that 3,310 million yen in long-term borrowings due on September 14,
			2022 will be refinanced in full.
l		>	It is assumed that MEL will receive a consumption tax refund for the fiscal period
l	Interest-bearing Debt		ending August 31, 2022 during the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, which will
l			be used to repay in full 2,000 million yen in consumption borrowings to be obtained
			on March 1, 2022 during the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023.
I		>	As a result, the total expected amount of interest-bearing debt at the end of the fiscal
			periods ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023 is estimated to be 81,374
			million yen and 79,374 million yen, respectively.
I		>	LTV at the end of the fiscal periods ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023 is
			estimated to be 35.6% and 35.0%, respectively. For LTV calculation, please refer to the
l			following formula. The ratios are rounded to the nearest tenth:
			LTV (%) = interest-bearing debt/total assets ×100 (%)
		>	However, the total expected amount of interest-bearing debt and the actual LTV may
I			differ considerably from this assumption, depending on the final number of
I			investment units to be issued and the final issue amount.
ı		>	It is assumed that, in addition to the 391,135 investment units that are issued and
I			outstanding as of today, all of the 58,800 investment units to be newly issued, which
I			will comprise 56,000 investment units to be issued through a primary offering based
I			on a resolution at MEL's board of directors meeting held today and 2,800 investment
I			units (maximum) through a third-party allotment, will be issued.
I	lava ataa aat I laita	>	In addition to the above, it is assumed that there will be no change to the number of
	Investment Units		investment units through new issuance of investment units by the end of the fiscal
I			period ending February 28, 2023 or by other means.
I		>	Distributions per unit (excluding surplus cash distributions) and surplus cash
			distributions per unit for the fiscal periods ending August 31, 2022 and February 28,
I			2023 are calculated based on 449,935 investment units, which is the total number of
١			investus out visite avecated to be investigated authorized to be investigated.

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investment units expected to be issued and outstanding at the end of the fiscal

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	periods ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023, including 58,800 investment units, which is the maximum number of the investment units to be newly issued
	according to the above.
	> Distributions per unit (excluding surplus cash distributions) are calculated based
	the assumption that the distributions will be distributed in accordance with
Distributions Per Unit	distribution policy of the Articles of Incorporation of MEL.
(excluding surplus cash distributions)	Distributions per unit (excluding surplus cash distributions) may change due to varior factors including any additional acquisitions or dispositions of properties, changes rent revenues attributable to tenant replacements, changes in the proper management environment including unexpected repair etc.
	> Surplus cash distributions per unit are calculated based on the assumption that
	cash distributions will be distributed in accordance with the fund distribution policy the Articles of Incorporation of MEL. It is therefore assumed that, for the fiscal per ending August 31, 2022, 329 million yen as ongoing surplus cash distributions amount equivalent to 30% of depreciation of the period) will be distributed. It is a assumed that, for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, 332 million yen ongoing surplus cash distributions (an amount equivalent to 30% of depreciation the period) will be distributed. These are investment refunds categorized as distribution from unitholders' capital for tax purposes and there are no refunds from the distribution of the allowance for temporary difference adjustments. The amount of depreciation expenses may change depending on the amount of the assets under management, ancillary costs, capital expenditure, the allocation method purchase price for each asset and depreciable life, etc. Surplus cash distribution which will be based on the amount of depreciation expenses, may change according MEL may implement cash distributions in excess of the distributable amount
Surplus Cash Distributions Per Unit	unitholders based on the financial statements related to cash distribution approvunder the Act on Investment Trusts and Investment Corporations (Act No. 198 of Ju 4, 1951, as amended) if the board of directors of MEL deems such distribution to appropriate (1) in light of the economic environment, real estate market, leas market or other trends; (2) when the amount of income fails to meet the amount equivalent to 90% of distributable income; (3) when the distribution amount fails meet the requirements for the Special Provisions for Taxation on Investme Corporations; or (4) in other ways to maximize the interests of unitholders. When N implements cash distributions in excess of the distributable amount, the distribut is limited to the total amount of income for the relevant operating period and amount set forth under laws and ordinances (including the rules of the Investme Trusts Association, Japan, etc.)
	Currently, MEL intends to target a level of surplus cash distributions on an ongo basis at an amount equivalent to approximately 30% of the depreciation expense the relevant fiscal period. Furthermore, to maintain the stability of MEL's distributions per unit in the event the amount of distributions per unit temporarily decreases due to a series of finance.
	activities such as an issuance of new investment units or large-scale repair a maintenance, which may result in a temporary dilution of investment units incurrence of large expenses, MEL may make distributions as one-time surplus condistributions. However, MEL may decide not to make any surplus cash distribution a fiscal period based on a consideration of factors such as the economic environm or trends in the real estate market and the leasing market, the status of the h properties, and MEL's financial condition.
	In addition, in the event that MEL needs to allocate its cash to emergency cap expenditures for unexpected damages on MEL's assets, etc., surplus cash distribution per unit may be reduced. In order to continue stable financial management, MEL do not plan to pay surplus cash distributions where such payment would cause to appraisal LTV (Note), as defined below to exceed 60%

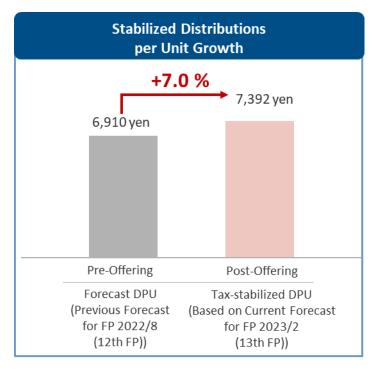
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Appraisal LTV (Note), as defined below, to exceed 60%.

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	(Note) Appraisal LTV (%) = A/B (%)
	A = Total interest-bearing liabilities on tl

	(Note) Appraisal LTV (%) = A/B (%)
	A = Total interest-bearing liabilities on the balance sheet for the relevant fiscal period
	(excluding consumption tax loans) + Reversal from security deposit reserves
	(excluding cases where security deposits are refunded according to leasing agreements with tenants)
	B = Total assets on the balance sheet for the relevant fiscal period - Book value after depreciation of real estate held in the relevant fiscal period + Total appraisal value of real estate held in the relevant fiscal period - Total cash distributions to be paid
	in the following operating period - Total surplus cash distributions to be paid in the following operating period
	> It is assumed that no revision that will have an impact on the forecast information
	above will be made with regard to the laws and regulations, tax system, accounting
Others	standards, listing rules of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and rules of the Investment Trusts Association, Japan, etc.
	> It is assumed that no unexpected material change will arise in overall economic trends
	and real estate market conditions, etc.

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- (Note 1) "Tax-stabilized DPU" is an estimated value of distributions per unit ("DPU") (including surplus cash distributions) calculated by adjusting an estimated amount of DPU to reflect temporal fluctuations in expenses resulting from accounting treatment of taxes and public dues (property taxes and city planning taxes) in connection with the Properties to be Acquired. "Tax-stabilized DPU" is neither an indicator specified in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted as fair and appropriate, nor audited by an accounting auditor. Such estimated value shall not be considered as an alternative indicator to other indicators in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted as fair and appropriate. In addition, "Tax-Stabilized DPU" is a value estimated by MEL as of the date of this document, and does not guarantee any payment of distributions in the future or amount thereof in any sense.
- (Note 2) "Pre-Offering Forecast DPU (Previous Forecast for FP 2022/8 (12th FP))" refers to the forecast DPU (including surplus cash distributions) for the fiscal period ending August 31, 2022 (12th FP) disclosed in the Financial Results "Summary of Financial Results for the Fiscal Period Ended August 31, 2021 (REIT)" announced on October 15, 2021.
- (Note 3) "Post-Offering Tax-stabilized DPU (Based on Current Forecast for FP 2023/2 (13th FP))" is calculated by adjusting the forecast DPU (including surplus cash distributions) for the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023 (13th FP) based on the assumptions outlined in Attachment 1 "Forecast Assumptions for the Fiscal Periods Ending August 31, 2022 and February 28, 2023", to reflect temporal fluctuations in expenses resulting from the accounting treatment of taxes and public dues (property taxes and city planning taxes) in relation to the Properties to be Acquired. This tax-stabilized distributions per unit figure has been prepared based upon and by applying the assumption that MEL would expense in the fiscal period ending February 28, 2023, rather than capitalize, a six-month portion of annual property-related taxes in relation to the Properties to be Acquired, and that expensing of such property-related taxes would lead to an increase in property-related taxes of 123 million yen and a decrease in asset management fees of 16 million yen from the reduction in operating income from property leasing and net income-based asset management fees corresponding to the increase in property-related taxes. Accordingly, discrepancies between the assumptions and actual circumstances may arise due to a factors such as acquisitions or dispositions of real estate, changes in rent revenues attributable to changes in tenants, changes in the property management environment due to unexpected repairs, changes in interest rates, the actual number of new units issued and the issue price of

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