

[Unofficial Translation]

November 14, 2022

Seiji Inagaki President and Representative Director Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc. Code: 8750 (TSE Prime section)

Supplementary Materials for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022 (The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited)

Financial Results for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022

The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited (the Company, President: Seiji Inagaki) announces its financial results for the six months ended September 30, 2022

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Attached: Supplementary Materials for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022

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Please note that this is an unofficial translation of the original disclosure in Japanese.

1. Business Highlights

(1) Annualized Net Premiums

Policies in Force (hillions of ven)

				(cimons or jen)
		As of March 31,		
		2022	2022	% of March 31, 2022 total
Individ	dual insurance	1,514.0	1,494.0	98.7
Individual annuities		538.6	535.6	99.4
Total		2,052.7	2,029.6	98.9
	Medical and survival benefits	708.8	707.7	99.9

New Policies (billions of yen)

		Six months ended	Six months ended	
		September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022	% of September 30, 2021 total
Individual insurance		33.7	22.0	65.2
Individual annuities		5.3	3.2	61.7
Total		39.0	25.2	64.7
	Medical and survival benefits	26.2	16.3	62.1

- Note: 1. Annualized net premium is calculated by using multipliers for various premium payment terms to the premium per payment. In single premium
 - contracts, the amount is calculated by dividing the premium by the duration of the policy.

 2. Annualized net premium for medical and survival benefits include (a) premium related to medical benefits such as hospitalization and surgery benefits, (b) premium related to survival benefits such as specific illness and nursing benefits, and (c) premium related to premium waiver benefits, in which disability cause is excluded but causes such as specific illness and nursing care are included.

 3. New policies include net increase by conversion.

(2) Sum Insured of Policies in Force and New Policies

Policies in Force

Toncies in Force									
	As of Marc	ch 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022						
	Number of policies	Amount	Number of policies		Amount				
	(thousands)	(billions of yen)	(thousands)	% of March 31, 2022 total	(billions of yen)	% of March 31, 2022 total			
Individual insurance	21,642	77,641.9	22,094	102.1	75,307.7	97.0			
Individual annuities	2,103	10,833.9	2,088	99.3	10,696.0	98.7			
Individual insurance and annuities	23,746	88,475.9	24,183	101.8	86,003.7	97.2			
Group insurance	-	50,043.5	-	-	49,726.6	99.4			
Group annuities	-	6,169.9	-	-	6,093.5	98.8			

- Note: 1. Policy amount in force of individual annuities is equal to (a) the funds to be held at the time annuity payments are to commence for an annuity for which payment has not yet commenced, and (b) the amount of policy reserve for an annuity for which payments have commenced.

 2. Policy amount in force of group annuities is equal to the amount of outstanding corresponding policy reserve.

 3. For products covered by multiple insurance agreements after April 2018, the number of policies for each product is shown as one.

New Policies

	Number of policies		Amount			
	(thousands)	% of September 30, 2021 total	(billions of yen)	New Business	Net increase by conversion	% of September 30, 2021 total
ix months ended September 30, 2021						
Individual insurance	1,952		(142.0)	713.8	(855.9)	
Individual annuities	43		141.5	143.8	(2.3)	
Individual insurance and annuities	1,995		(0.5)	857.7	(858.2)	
Group insurance	-		139.4	139.4	-	
Group annuities	-		0.0	0.0	-	
ix months ended September 30, 2022						
Individual insurance	1,471	75.4	295.4	685.1	(389.6)	
Individual annuities	23	54.4	82.4	83.7	(1.3)	58.2
Individual insurance and annuities	1,495	74.9	377.8	768.9	(391.0)	
Group insurance	-	-	96.4	96.4	-	69.2
Group annuities	-	-	0.0	0.0	-	85.9

- Note: 1. Number of new policies is the sum of new business and policies after conversion.
 - 2. Amount of new policies for individual annuities, both new business and net increase by conversion, is equal to the funds to be held at the time annuity payments are to commence.

 - Amount of new policies for group annuities is equal to the initial premium payment.
 For products covered by multiple insurance agreements after April 2018, the number of policies for each product is shown as one.

2. Unaudited Balance Sheet

		(millions of ye
	As of March 31, 2022	As of
	(summarized)	September 30, 202
(ASSETS)		
Cash and deposits	441,997	274,583
Call loans	479,900	486,000
Monetary claims bought	239,896	228,030
Money held in trust	12,164	6,414
Securities	32,740,845	29,697,578
[Government bonds]	[15,553,967]	[15,661,954
[Local government bonds]	[106,309]	[113,114
[Corporate bonds]	[1,873,081]	[1,825,386
[Stocks]	[3,444,330]	[3,172,167
[Foreign securities]	[10,610,943]	[7,886,076
Loans	2,569,190	2,581,289
Policy loans	269,504	261,661
Ordinary loans	2,299,685	2,319,628
Tangible fixed assets	1,128,103	1,175,744
Intangible fixed assets	128,593	130,265
Reinsurance receivable	56,701	75,916
Other assets	845,706	757,212
Deferred tax assets	-	174,280
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees	45,745	47,283
Reserve for possible loan losses	(6,501)	(4,397
Reserve for possible investment losses	(779)	(568
Total assets	38,681,563	35,629,633
(LIABILITIES)		
Policy reserves and others	30,131,727	30,034,393
Reserves for outstanding claims	184,665	216,847
P. 11	I	

Policy reserves and others Reserves for outstanding claims Policy reserves	30,131,727 184,665 29,533,839	30,034,393 216,847
Policy reserves	·	216,847
	29,533,839	
		29,410,394
Reserve for policyholder dividends	413,222	407,151
Reinsurance payable	170,407	305
Subordinated bonds	368,715	368,715
Other liabilities	4,371,360	2,549,262
Payable under repurchase agreements	2,954,780	1,408,136
Corporate income tax payable	47,378	23,149
Lease liabilities	4,330	4,019
Asset retirement obligations	2,067	2,079
Other liabilities	1,362,803	1,111,877
Reserve for employees' retirement benefits	398,321	399,928
Reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors	929	867
Reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims	800	629
Reserve for price fluctuations	250,453	258,953
Deferred tax liabilities	115,454	-
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	70,652	70,525
Acceptances and guarantees	45,745	47,283
Total liabilities	35,924,567	33,730,863
(NET ASSETS)		
Capital stock	60,000	60,000
Capital surplus	320,000	320,000
Legal capital surplus	60,000	60,000
Other capital surplus	260,000	260,000
Retained earnings	251,559	149,775
Other retained earnings	251,559	149,775
Reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate	7,870	7,871
Reserve for specified business investment	49	49
Retained earnings brought forward	243,639	141,853
Total shareholders' equity	631,560	529,775
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	2,130,413	1,382,196
Deferred hedge gains (losses)	(21,621)	(43,789)
Reserve for land revaluation	16,643	30,587
Total of valuation and translation adjustments	2,125,435	1,368,993
Total net assets	2,756,996	1,898,769
Total liabilities and net assets	38,681,563	35,629,633

3. Unaudited Statement of Earnings

5. Chaudited Statement of Earnings		(millions of yen)
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
ORDINARY REVENUES	2,143,515	2,068,661
Premium and other income	1,098,328	1,156,013
[Premium income]	[1,088,400]	[1,132,394]
Investment income	651,501	718,766
[Interest and dividends]	[425,287]	[422,747]
[Gains on money held in trust]	[321]	[-]
[Gains on sale of securities]	[167,465]	[271,932]
[Derivative transaction gains]	[-]	[9,690]
[Gains on investments in separate accounts]	[46,678]	[-]
Other ordinary revenues	393,685	193,882
[Reversal of reserves for policy reserves]	[319,973]	[123,444]
ORDINARY EXPENSES	1,963,610	1,847,418
Benefits and claims	1,465,349	1,156,468
[Claims]	[312,788]	[312,891]
[Annuities]	[240,515]	[264,187]
[Benefits]	[215,935]	[304,845]
[Surrender values]	[227,772]	[225,355]
[Other refunds]	[90,952]	[48,294]
Provision for policy reserves and others	16,578	36,337
Provision for reserves for outstanding claims	12,438	32,181
Provision for interest on policyholder dividends	4,139	4,156
Investment expenses	160,452	341,580
[Interest expenses]	[5,796]	[5,174]
[Losses on money held in trust]	[-]	[355]
[Losses on sale of securities]	[75,700]	[213,528]
[Losses on valuation of securities]	[2,176]	[6,193]
[Derivative transaction losses]	[23,847]	[-]
[Losses on investments in separate accounts]	[-]	[61,790]
Operating expenses	203,275	195,587
Other ordinary expenses	117,954	117,444
ORDINARY PROFIT	179,905	221,243
EXTRAORDINARY GAINS	148	550
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	148	550
EXTRAORDINARY LOSSES	13,439	21,669
Losses on disposal of fixed assets	4,204	1,561
Impairment losses on fixed assets	234	11,607
Provision for reserve for price fluctuations	9,000	8,500
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	35,708	43,584
Income before income taxes	130,906	156,540
Corporate income taxes-current	31,296	35,911
Corporate income taxes-deferred	6,159	8,693
Total of corporate income taxes	37,456	44,605
Net income	93,450	111,935

4. Unaudited Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Six months ended September 30, 2021

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		Shareholders' equity							
		Capital surplus Retained earnings							
					Othe	r retained earr	ings		Total
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Other capital surplus	surplus	Reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate	Reserve for specified business investment	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the year	60,000	60,000	310,000	370,000	8,355	49	240,789	249,195	679,195
Changes for the period									
Dividends			(49,999)	(49,999)			(158,716)	(158,716)	(208,716)
Net income							93,450	93,450	93,450
Transfer to reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					2		(2)	-	-
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation							2,022	2,022	2,022
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity									
Total changes for the period	-	-	(49,999)	(49,999)	2	-	(63,246)	(63,243)	(113,243)
Balance at the end of the period	60,000	60,000	260,000	320,000	8,358	49	177,543	185,951	565,952

(millions of yen)

				(1111	mons of yen)				
	Val	Valuation and translation adjustments							
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	Deferred hedge gains (losses)	Reserve for land revaluation	Total of valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets				
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,536,608	(3,501)	(22,026)	2,511,080	3,190,276				
Changes for the period									
Dividends					(208,716)				
Net income					93,450				
Transfer to reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					-				
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation					2,022				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	184,739	3,852	(2,022)	186,569	186,569				
Total changes for the period	184,739	3,852	(2,022)	186,569	73,325				
Balance at the end of the period	2,721,347	351	(24,049)	2,697,649	3,263,602				

(millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity								
		Capital surplus Retained earnings							
					Other retained earnings			Total	
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Total capital surplus	Reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate	Reserve for specified business investment	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings	shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of the year	60,000	60,000	260,000	320,000	7,870	49	243,639	251,559	631,560
Changes for the period									
Dividends							(199,776)	(199,776)	(199,776)
Net income							111,935	111,935	111,935
Transfer to reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					1		(1)	-	-
Transfer from reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					0		0	-	-
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation							(13,944)	(13,944)	(13,944)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity									
Total changes for the period	-	-	-	-	1	-	(101,785)	(101,784)	(101,784)
Balance at the end of the period	60,000	60,000	260,000	320,000	7,871	49	141,853	149,775	529,775

(millions of yen)

				(IIII	llions of yen)
	Val	Valuation and translation adjustments			
	Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	Deferred hedge gains (losses)	Reserve for land revaluation	Total of valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,130,413	(21,621)	16,643	2,125,435	2,756,996
Changes for the period					
Dividends					(199,776)
Net income					111,935
Transfer to reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					-
Transfer from reserve for tax basis adjustments of real estate					-
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation					(13,944)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(748,217)	(22,168)	13,944	(756,442)	(756,442)
Total changes for the period	(748,217)	(22,168)	13,944	(756,442)	(858,226)
Balance at the end of the period	1,382,196	(43,789)	30,587	1,368,993	1,898,769

I. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Valuation Methods of Securities

Securities held by the Company including cash and deposits and monetary claims bought which are equivalent to marketable securities, and marketable securities managed as trust assets in money held in trust, are carried as explained below:

The amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts is calculated by the straight-line method.

(1) Trading Securities

Trading securities are carried at fair value with cost determined by the moving average method.

(2) Held-to-maturity Bonds

Held-to-maturity bonds are stated at amortized cost determined by the moving average method.

(3) Policy-reserve-matching Bonds (in accordance with the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21 "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-reserve-matching Bonds in the Insurance Industry" issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA))
Policy-reserve-matching bonds are stated at amortized cost determined by the moving average method.

(4) Stocks of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliated companies are stated at cost determined by the moving average method.

(5) Available-for-sale Securities

- a) Available-for-sale Securities other than stocks with no market price, etc. Available-for-sale securities other than stocks with no market price, etc. are valued at fair value as of September 30, 2022 with cost determined by the moving average method.
- Stocks with no market price, etc.
 Stocks with no market price, etc. are valued at cost determined by the moving average method.

Net unrealized gains or losses on these available-for-sale securities are presented as a separate component of net assets and not in the statement of earnings.

2. Policy-reserve-matching Bonds

(1) Book Value and Market Value

The book value and the market value of policy-reserve-matching bonds as of September 30, 2022 were \\ \text{\figure 14,453,390} \text{ million and } \\ \text{\figure 14,946,343} \text{ million, respectively.}

(2) Risk Management Policy

The Company categorizes its insurance products into sub-groups by the attributes of each product and, in order to manage risks properly, formulates its policy on investments and resource allocation based on the balance of the sub-groups. Moreover, it periodically checks that the duration gap between policy-reserve-matching bonds and policy reserves stays within a certain range.

The sub-groups of insurance products are:

- a) individual life insurance and annuities (the exception of certain types),
- b) non-participating single premium whole life insurance (without duty of medical disclosure),
- c) financial insurance and annuities,
- d) group annuities (defined contribution corporate pension insurance; defined contribution corporate pension insurance II and certain corporate pension insurances of which the type can be changed to defined contribution corporate pension insurance II), and
- e) group annuities 2 (defined benefit corporate pension insurance, employees' pension fund insurance II, new corporate pension insurance II)

Given the reduction of assumed interest rate for certain group annuities in the Company, effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has divided the existing sub-group of group annuities and set a new sub-group in order to conduct investment management according to characteristics of risk and return. There is no impact of this change on the interim financial statements.

3. Valuation Method of Derivative Transactions

Derivative transactions are reported at fair value.

4. Revaluation of Land

Based on the "Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No.34, March 31, 1998), land for business use was revalued. The difference between the fair value and book value resulting from the revaluation, net of related deferred taxes, is recorded as a reserve for land revaluation as a separate component of net assets and the related deferred tax liability is recorded as deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation.

(1) Date of revaluation: March 31, 2001

(2) Method stipulated in Article 3, Paragraph 3 of the Act on Revaluation of Land;

The fair value was determined based on the appraisal value publicly announced for tax assessment purposes with certain reasonable adjustments in accordance with Articles 2-1 and 2-4 of the Order for Enforcement of the Act on Revaluation of Land (Publicly Issue Cabinet Order No.119, March 31, 1998).

5. <u>Depreciation of Depreciable Assets</u>

(1) Depreciation of Tangible Fixed Assets Excluding Leased Assets

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets excluding leased assets is calculated by the declining balance method (the depreciation of buildings (other than facilities attached to buildings and structures that were acquired on or before March 31, 2016) is calculated by the straight-line method) and is computed by proportionally allocating the estimated depreciation for the fiscal year.

Estimated useful lives of major assets are as follows:

Buildings two to sixty years
Other tangible fixed assets two to twenty years

Tangible fixed assets other than land, buildings and leased assets that were acquired for \\$100,000 or more but less than \\$200,000 are depreciated at equal amounts over three years.

With respect to tangible fixed assets that were acquired on or before March 31, 2007 and that were fully depreciated to their original depreciable limit, effective the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the remaining values are depreciated at equal amounts over five years from the following fiscal year of the year in which they reached the original depreciable limit.

(2) Amortization of Intangible Fixed Assets Excluding Leased Assets

The Company uses the straight-line method for amortization of intangible fixed assets excluding leased assets. Software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of five years.

(3) Depreciation of Leased Assets

Depreciation for leased assets with regard to finance leases whose ownership does not transfer to the lessees is computed under the straight-line method assuming zero salvage value and using the lease period as the useful life.

6. Translation of Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currencies into Yen

The Company translates foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities (excluding stocks of its subsidiaries and affiliated companies) into yen at the prevailing exchange rates as of September 30, 2022. Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliated companies are translated into yen at the exchange rates on the dates of acquisition.

7. Reserve for Possible Loan Losses

The reserve for possible loan losses is calculated based on the internal rules for self-assessment, write-offs, and reserves on assets.

For loans to and claims on obligors that have already experienced bankruptcy, reorganization, or other formal legal failure (hereinafter, "bankrupt obligors") and loans to and claims on obligors that have suffered substantial business failure (hereinafter, "substantially bankrupt obligors"), the reserve is calculated by deducting the estimated recoverable amount of the collateral or guarantees from the book value of the loans and claims after the direct write-off described below.

For loans to and claims on obligors that have not yet suffered business failure but are considered highly likely to fail, the reserve is calculated taking into account a) the recoverable amount covered by the collateral or guarantees and b) an overall assessment of the obligor's ability to repay.

For other loans and claims, the reserve is calculated by multiplying the actual rate or other appropriate rate of losses from bad debts during a certain period in the past by the amount of the loans and claims.

For all loans and claims, the relevant department in the Company performs an asset quality assessment based on the internal rules for self-assessment, and an independent audit department audits the result of the assessment. The above reserves are established based on the result of this assessment.

For loans and claims to bankrupt and substantially bankrupt obligors, the unrecoverable amount is calculated by deducting the amount deemed recoverable from collateral or guarantees from the amount of the loans and claims and is directly written off from the amount of the loans and claims. The amount written off during the six months ended September 30, 2022 was ¥ 1 million.

8. Reserve for Employees' Retirement Benefits

For the reserve for employees' retirement benefits, the amount is provided based on the projected benefit obligations and pension assets as of September 30, 2022.

Accounting treatment of retirement benefit obligations and retirement benefit expenses are as follows:

(1) Allocation of Estimated Retirement Benefits

In calculating the projected benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is adopted to allocate estimated retirement benefit for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

(2) Amortization of Actuarial Differences and Past Service Cost

Past Service Cost is amortized under the straight-line method over a certain period (seven years) within the employee's average remaining service period.

Actuarial differences are amortized under the straight-line method over a certain period (seven years) within the employees' average remaining service period, starting from the following year.

The accounting treatment of unrecognized actuarial differences related to the retirement benefits for the non-consolidated financial statements is different from that for the consolidated financial statements.

9. Reserve for Possible Investment Losses

In order to provide for future investment losses, a reserve for possible investment losses is established for Stocks with no market price, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. It is calculated based on the internal rules for self-assessment, write-offs, and reserves on assets.

10. Reserve for Retirement Benefits of Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Auditors

For the reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors, an estimated amount for future payment pursuant to the internal policies is provided.

11. Reserve for Possible Reimbursement of Prescribed Claims

To prepare for the reimbursement of claims for which prescription periods had expired, an estimated amount for reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims based on past reimbursement experience is provided.

12. Reserve for Price Fluctuations

A reserve for price fluctuations is calculated based on the book value of stocks and other securities as of September 30, 2022 in accordance with the provisions of Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act.

13. Hedge Accounting

(1) Hedge Accounting

Hedging transactions are accounted for in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No. 10). Primarily, i) special hedge accounting and the deferral hedge method for interest rate swaps are used for cash flow hedges of certain loans, government and corporate bonds, loans payable and bonds payable; ii) the currency allotment method and the deferral hedge method using foreign currency swaps and foreign currency forward contracts are used for cash flow hedges against exchange rate fluctuations in certain foreign currency-denominated bonds, loans, loans payable, bonds payable, stocks (forecasted transaction) and foreign currency-denominated term

deposits; iii) the fair value hedge method using currency options and foreign currency forward contracts is used for hedges against exchange rate fluctuations in the value of certain foreign currency-denominated bonds; iv) the deferral hedge method for bond over-the-counter options is used for hedges against interest rate fluctuations in certain foreign currency-denominated bonds; v) the deferral hedge method and fair value hedge method using equity options and equity forward contracts are used for hedges against price fluctuations in the value of certain domestic stocks and foreign currency-denominated stocks (forecasted transaction), and vi) the deferral hedge method using interest rate swaps is used for hedges against interest rate fluctuations in certain insurance liabilities, under the "Accounting and Auditing Treatment of Application of Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments to Insurance Operators" (Industry Audit Committee Report No. 26 issued by the JICPA).

(2) Hedging Instruments and Hedged Items

Hedging instruments	Hedged items		
Interest rate swaps	Loans, government and corporate bonds, loans payable,		
	bonds payable, insurance liabilities		
Foreign currency swaps	Foreign currency-denominated bonds,		
	foreign currency-denominated loans,		
	foreign currency-denominated loans payable, foreign		
	currency-denominated bonds payable		
Foreign currency forward contracts	Foreign currency-denominated bonds,		
	foreign currency-denominated term deposits,		
	foreign currency-denominated stocks		
	(forecasted transaction)		
Currency options	Foreign currency-denominated bonds		
Bond over-the-counter options Foreign currency-denominated bonds			
Equity options	Domestic stocks,		
	foreign currency-denominated stocks		
	(forecasted transaction)		
Equity forward contracts	Domestic stocks		

(3) Hedging Policies

The Company conducts hedging transactions with regard to certain market risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk of underlying assets to be hedged, in accordance with the internal investment policy and procedure guidelines.

(4) Assessment of Hedge Effectiveness

Hedge effectiveness is assessed primarily by a comparison of fluctuations in cash flows or fair value of hedged items to those of the hedging instruments.

(Hedging relationships to which the "Treatment of Hedge Accounting for Financial Instruments that Reference LIBOR")

Among the above hedging relationships, the exceptional treatment prescribed in the "Treatment of Hedge Accounting for Financial Instruments that Reference LIBOR" (PITF No. 40, March 17, 2022) is applied to all hedging relationships included in the scope of the application of the said Treatment. The details of hedging relationships to which the Treatment is applied are as follows:

Hedging method: the exceptional accrual method

Hedging instruments: Interest-rate swaps

Hedged items: Loans

Type of hedging transactions: Transactions that fix cash flow

14. Calculation of National and Local Consumption Tax

The Company accounts for national and local consumption tax by the tax-exclusion method. Deferred consumption tax included in non-recoverable consumption tax on certain assets is capitalized as a prepaid expense and amortized equally over five years in accordance with the Order for Enforcement of the Corporation Tax Act, and such taxes other than deferred consumption tax are recognized as an expense when incurred.

15. Policy Reserve

Policy reserves of the Company are established in accordance with Article 116 of the Insurance Business Act. Insurance premium reserves are calculated as stated in accordance with the methods stated in the statement of calculation procedures for policy reserves (Article 4, Paragraph 2, Item 4 of the Insurance Business Act) pursuant to Article 116, Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act, for insurance contracts under which the insurer's liability has started as of September 30, 2022, in preparation for the performance of future obligations under the insurance contracts.

Of policy reserves, insurance premium reserves are calculated as stated in 1) and 2) below:

- (1) Reserves for policies subject to the standard policy reserve rules are calculated based on the methods stipulated by the Commissioner of Financial Services Agency (Notification of the Minister of Finance No. 48, 1996).
 - (2) Reserves for other policies are established based on the net level premium method.

If, through an estimation of future income based on most recent actual figures, the policy reserves set aside are found likely to be insufficient to cover the performance of future obligations, additional policy reserves need to be set aside in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act. Policy reserves include additional policy reserves for some whole life insurance policies in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

Contingency reserves included in policy reserves are set aside in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 1, Item 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act to cover risks that may accrue in the future in order to ensure the performance of future obligations under insurance contracts.

16. Changes in Accounting Policies

Effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has applied "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021).

In accordance with the transitional treatment set forth in Item 27-2 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement", the Company has applied new accounting policies since the beginning of the six months ended September 30, 2022.

17. Securities Lending

Securities lent under lending agreements are included in the balance sheet. The total balance of securities lent as of September 30, 2022 was \(\frac{\pma}{3}\),435,212 million.

18. Problem Loans

As of September 30, 2022, the amounts of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, claims that are overdue for three months or more, and claims with repayment relaxation, which were included in loans, were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors (*1)	86
Claims with collection risk (*2)	5,253
Claims that are overdue for three months or more (*3)	-
Claims with repayment relaxation (*4)	1,108
Total	6,447

- (*1) Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.
- (*2) Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered.
- (*3) Claims that are overdue for three months or more are loans for which payment of principal or interest is delayed for three months or more from the day following the contracted payment date. This category excludes claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors and claims with collection risk.
- (*4) Claims with repayment relaxation are loans for which certain concessions favorable to the debtor, such as interest rate reduction and exemption, interest payment deferment, principal repayment deferment, debt waiver, etc., for the purpose of rebuilding or supporting the debtor. This category excludes claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk and claims that are overdue for three months or more.

As a result of the direct write-off of claims described in Note 7, the decreases in Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors was \mathbb{\cup}1 million.

19. Assets and Liabilities Held in Separate Accounts

The total amount of assets held in separate accounts defined in Article 118, Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act as of September 30, 2022 was ¥1,709,202 million. Separate account liabilities were the same amount as the separate account assets.

20. Contingent Liabilities

Guarantee for debt obligations of a separate company were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc.	250,002

21. Changes in Reserve for Policyholder Dividends

Changes in reserve for policyholder dividends were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Balance at the beginning of the fiscal year	413,222
Dividends paid	(53,810)
Interest accrual	4,156
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	43,584
Balance as of September 30, 2022.	407,151

22. Stock of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

The amount of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliated companies of the Company held as of September 30, 2022 was ¥199,204 million.

23. Organization Change Surplus

As of September 30, 2022, the amount of organizational change surplus stipulated in Article 91 of the Insurance Business Act was ¥117,776 million.

24. Assets Pledged as Collateral / Secured Liabilities

The amounts of assets pledged as collateral were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Securities	1,637,027
Cash and deposits	86
Assets pledged as collateral	1,637,114

The amounts of secured liabilities were as follows:

25. Reinsurance

The amount of reserves for outstanding claims for reinsured parts defined in Article 71, Paragraph 1 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act, which is referred to in Article 73, Paragraph 3 of the Ordinance (hereinafter "reserves for outstanding claims reinsured"), was ¥4 million. The amount of policy reserves provided for reinsured parts defined in Article 71, Paragraph 1 of the Ordinance (hereinafter "policy reserves reinsured") was ¥ 1,071,425 million.

26. Securities Borrowing

Of securities borrowed under borrowing agreements, the market value of the securities which can be sold or pledged as collateral but were not sold nor pledged as of September 30, 2022 was \(\frac{1}{2}\) 7,590 million, among which none of the securities were pledged as collateral.

27. Commitment Line

As of September 30, 2022, there were unused commitment line agreements under which the Company was the lender of \(\frac{1}{2} \) 51,678 million.

[&]quot;Securities" mentioned above included ¥ 1,365,559 million of Securities which were sold under repurchase agreements, as of September 30, 2022.

28. Subordinated Debt

As of September 30, 2022, other liabilities included subordinated debt of \$ 470,600 million, whose repayment is subordinated to other obligations.

29. Subordinated Bonds

As of September 30, 2022, bonds payable included foreign currency-denominated subordinated bonds of $\frac{368,715}{200}$ million, whose repayment is subordinated to other obligations.

30. Adoption of the Group Tax Sharing System

Effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has adopted the group tax sharing system, in which Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc. is the tax sharing parent company. The Company has applied the accounting and disclosure treatment of corporate tax, local corporate tax and deferred tax accounting in accordance with Practical Solution on the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Sharing System (ASBJ PITF No. 42 August 12, 2021)

II. NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Accounting Policies for Premium and Other Income and Benefits and Claims for Life Insurance Business in Japan

(1) Premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income)

Premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income) is recorded for insurance contracts for which insurance premium has been received and the insurer's liability under the insurance contracts has commenced by the relevant amounts received.

Of premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income), the portion corresponding to the period that has yet to pass as of the end of the fiscal year is set aside as policy reserves in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 1, Item 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

(2) Reinsurance income

Reinsurance income is recorded as amounts equivalent to the portion reinsured under reinsurance contracts out of the amounts paid as claims, etc. under direct insurance contracts at the time when those claims, etc. are paid.

(3) Benefits and claims (excluding ceding reinsurance commissions)

Benefits and claims (excluding ceding reinsurance commissions) are recorded for contracts for which amounts calculated under policy conditions have been paid in the occurrence of insured events under the policy conditions by the relevant amounts paid.

In accordance with Article 117 of the Insurance Business Act, reserves for outstanding claims are set aside for claims, etc. for which the Company has a payment due but has not paid, or for which the occurrence of the insured events have not been reported but the Company finds that insured events have already occurred, as of September 30, 2022.

(4) Ceding reinsurance commissions

Ceding reinsurance commissions are recorded in agreed amounts in accordance with reinsurance contracts at the time either when insurance premiums under direct insurance contracts are received, or when the reinsurance contracts are entered into.

Part of policy reserves and reserves for outstanding claims corresponding to insurance contracts which have been reinsured is not set aside in accordance with Article 71, Paragraph 1 and Article 73, Paragraph 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

2. Gains/Losses on Sale of Securities, Losses on Valuation of Securities

Losses on sale of securities included losses on sales of domestic bonds, domestic stocks, foreign securities and of ¥15,042 million, ¥10,421 million and ¥188,065 million respectively.

Losses on valuation of securities included losses on valuation of domestic stocks and foreign securities of \\$2,024 million and \\$4,168 million, respectively.

3. Reinsurance

In calculating the provision of reserves for outstanding claims, a reversal for reserves for outstanding claims reinsured of ¥28 million was added. In calculating the reversal for policy reserves, a reversal for policy reserves reinsured of ¥6,343 million was deducted.

4. <u>Interest and Dividends</u>

The breakdown of interest and dividends for the six months ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Interest from bank deposits	1,901
Interest and dividends from securities	359,929
Interest from loans	19,549
Rental income	34,626
Other interest and dividends	6,741
Total	422,747

5. Net Income per Share

Net income per share for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was \\$18,655,954. 92. Diluted net income per share for the same period is not presented because there were no existing diluted shares.

5. Breakdown of Ordinary Profit (Fundamental Profit)

		-	(millions of yen)
		Six months ended	Six months ended
		September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Fundamental revenues		1,713,618	1,821,243
Premium and other income		1,098,328	1,156,013
Investment income		483,657	436,210
[Interest and dividends]		425,287	422,747
Other ordinary revenues		131,632	227,901
Other fundamental revenues (a)		-	1,118
Fundamental expenses		1,529,525	1,682,976
Benefits and claims		1,088,757	1,156,468
Provision for policy reserves and others		16,578	36,337
Investment expenses		40,695	109,217
Operating expenses		203,275	195,587
Other ordinary expenses		117,954	117,444
Other fundamental expenses (b)		62,263	67,921
Fundamental profit (Note 1)	A	184,093	138,267
Capital gains		230,050	344,581
Gains on money held in trust		321	-
Gains on investments in trading securities			_
Gains on sale of securities		167,465	271,932
Derivative transaction gains		-	9,690
Foreign exchange gains		_	7,070
Others (c)		62,263	62,958
Capital losses		119,752	233,402
Losses on money held in trust		-	355
Losses on investments in trading securities		_	-
Losses on sale of securities		75,700	213,528
Losses on valuation of securities		2,176	6,193
Derivative transaction losses		23,847	-
Foreign exchange losses		18,028	12,206
Others (d)		10,020	1,118
Net capital gains (losses) (Note 1)	В	110,297	111,179
			•
Fundamental profit plus net capital gains (losses)	A + B	294,390	249,446
Other one-time gains		296,790	5,895
Reinsurance income		-	-
Reversal of contingency reserve		-	-
Reversal of specific reserve for possible loan losses		31	932
Others ^(Note 2)		296,758	4,962
Other one-time losses		411,275	34,098
Ceding reinsurance commissions		-	-
Provision for contingency reserve		-	-
Provision for specific reserve for possible loan losses		-	-
Provision for specific reserve for loans to refinancing countries			-
Write-down of loans		3	6
Others (Note 3)		411,271	34,091
Other one-time profits (losses)	C	(114,485)	(28,202)
Ordinary profit	A + B + C	179,905	221,243

- Note 1: Beginning from disclosures for fiscal year 2022, the disclosure method of the breakdown of ordinary profit relating to the hedging costs related to foreign exchange, gain (loss) on mutual funds cancelation and foreign currency fluctuation part of gain (loss) on securities redemption have been modified. The figures for the six months ended September 30, 2021 were also re-calculated based on the modified disclosure method. As a result, compared to before the modification, fundamental profit decreased by 60,954 million yen and net capital gains increased by 60,954 million yen for the six months ended September 30, 2021.
- Note 2: "Others" in "Other one-time gains" represents the sum of the amount of reversal of reserve for possible investment losses (For the six months ended September 30, 2021: 25 million yen) and the amount of reversal of policy reserves due to whole life insurance reinsured after payment expiration (For the six months ended September 30, 2021: 296,733 million yen) and the adjustment of reinsurance commissions for ceded reinsurance of whole life insurance after payment expiration (for ceded reinsurance in prior years) (For the six months ended September 30, 2022: 4,962 million yen).
- Note 3: "Others" in "Other one-time losses" represents the sum of the amount of provision for reserve for possible investment losses (For the six months ended September 30, 2022: 72 million yen), the amount of the additional policy reserves provided (For the six months ended September 30, 2021: 34,680 million yen, For the six months ended September 30, 2022: 34,018 million yen) in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Enforcement Regulations of the Insurance Business Act. and the amount of reinsurance premiums related to whole life insurance reinsured after payment expiration (For the six months ended September 30, 2021: 376,591 million yen)

(Reference) Breakdown of other fundamental revenues, etc.		(millions of yen)
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Other fundamental revenues (a)	-	1,118
The effect of provision for (reversal of) policy reserve associated with		
market value adjustments of fixed life insurance	_	-
The effect of change in the exchange rates related to foreign currency		1,118
denominated insurance contracts	_	1,110
Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	_	_
Gain (loss) on mutual funds cancelation	-	-
Foreign currency fluctuation part of gain (loss) on securities redemption		
24 6 1 41	62.262	CT 021
Other fundamental expenses (b)	62,263	67,921
The effect of provision for (reversal of) policy reserve associated with	0	0
market value adjustments of fixed life insurance		
The effect of change in the exchange rates related to foreign currency	1,309	-
denominated insurance contracts		
Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	14,935	26,298
Gain (loss) on mutual funds cancelation	36,628	28,410
	30,020	20,410
Foreign currency fluctuation part of gain (loss) on securities redemption	9,390	8,249
Adjustment of reinsurance premiums for ceded reinsurance of whole life		4.062
insurance after payment expiration (ceded in prior years)	-	4,962
The impact on fundamental profit $(a) - (b)$	(62,263)	(66,802)
Other capital gains (c)	62,263	62,958
The effect of provision for (reversal of) policy reserve associated with	,	·
market value adjustments of fixed life insurance	0	0
The effect of change in the exchange rates related to foreign currency	1,309	
denominated insurance contracts	1,309	-
Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	14.025	26 209
	14,935	26,298
Gain (loss) on mutual funds cancelation	36.628	28,410
Foreign currency fluctuation part of gain (loss) on securities redemption	9,390	8,249
Other capital losses (d)	-	1,118
The effect of provision for (reversal of) policy reserve associated with		-,
market value adjustments of fixed life insurance	-	-
The effect of change in the exchange rates related to foreign currency		1.110
denominated insurance contracts	-	1,118
Hedging costs related to foreign exchange	-	-
Gain (loss) on mutual funds cancelation		
	-	-
Foreign currency fluctuation part of gain (loss) on securities redemption		
The impact on net capital gains (losses) $(c) - (d)$	62,263	61,840

3. Investment of General Account Assets for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022

(1) Operational Environment

During the six months ended September 30, 2022, The global economy slowed down. Strong demand, which came from the economic recovery from the COVID-19 disaster, combined with supply constraints due to cost up of the resource and energy prices, and furthermore, labor shortages against the background of the Ukraine conflict and other factors, led to a continued surge in inflation worldwide. In response, monetary tightening has been implemented in many countries.

In the Japanese economy, the high cost of the resource and raw material have been main factor restraining consumption; on the flip side, moderate growth is continuing, caused by the gradual resumption of economic activity due to the easing of restrictions on behavior.

Amid these economic conditions, the operational environment was as follows.

<Domestic interest rates>

With regard to yields on 10-year JGBs, The Bank of Japan; BOJ continued its yield curve control. As a negative interest rate of -0.1% was applied to short-term interest rates and the 10-year interest rate remained at the operation target of around 0%, the 10-year yield continued to hover around 0%. However, the yield on 10-year JGBs continued to hover around the upper limit of the operation target due to a significant rise in foreign interest rates.

Yield on ten-year government bonds:	April 1, 2022	0.210%
	September 30, 2022	0.245%

<Domestic stocks>

The Nikkei 225 Stock Average continued its downward trend. In addition to the support provided by accommodative fiscal and monetary policies, there were expectations of improved corporate earnings and a resumption of economic activity due to the weaken yen, but the upward pressure was restrained by the impact of global monetary tightening.

Nikkei 225 Stock Average:	April 1, 2022	27,821
	September 30, 2022	25,937
TOPIX:	April 1, 2022	1,946
	September 30, 2022	1,836
	5eptemeer 50, 2022	1,000

<Currency>

As for the JPY/USD, the yen weakened and strengthened against the dollar as a result of significant interest rate hikes by the US Federal Reserve Board (FRB) against the backdrop of a favorable employment environment and high inflation rates, which led to a significant widening of interest rate differentials between Japan and the rest of the world.

As for the JPY/EUR, the yen weakened and the euro strengthened as a result of interest rate hikes by the European Central Bank (ECB), mainly against a backdrop of soaring inflation due to high resource and energy prices.

JPY/USD:	April 1, 2022	¥122.39
	September 30, 2022	¥144.81
JPY/EUR:	April 1, 2022	¥136.70
	September 30, 2022	¥142.32

(2) Investment Performance Overview

<Assets>

With regard to asset management in the first half of fiscal 2022, the Company kept to take the investment strategy that was to invest mainly in fixed income assets, such as public and corporate bonds, based on our risk-taking policy and medium-to long-term asset management policy. In particular, from the perspective of ensuring financial soundness against fluctuations in financial markets and improving capital efficiency, it sold stocks and increased the amount of policy-reserve-matching bonds, mainly super-long-term government bonds to reduce market-related risks such as interest rates and stocks.

With regard to risk weighted assets such as foreign securities, the Company flexibly and rapidly allocated funds keeping an eye on to market trends. Furthermore, it promoted investments and loans in infrastructure, alternative assets and real assets aimed at improving the profitability of the portfolio and diversifying investments.

Assets	Operational status
Bonds and	<u>Increase</u>
debentures	For the reduction of interest rate risk, policy-reserve-matching bonds, mainly
	super-long-term bonds were increased. With regard to credit risk assets such as
	corporate bonds and securitized products, the overall amount was increased due to
	the strengthening of selection based on credit spreads commensurate with risk and
	the diversification of issues.
Loans	Remained flat
receivable	The amount was mostly remained flat new loans offset by existing loans
	redemption. New loans were implemented to earn the excess returns
	commensurate with credit risk and the fair spread compared with corporate bond
	market.
Domestic	<u>Decrease</u>
stocks	The domestic stocks were sold to promote the reduction of market risk
	associated with stockholdings. On the other hand, in order to improve the
	profitability of our portfolio, investments to sector and companies expected mid-
	long term growth, were implemented based on our due diligence.,
Foreign bonds	<u>Decrease</u>
and debentures	The amount was decreased as a result followed by selling in consideration of
	market trends related interest rates and foreign exchange rates in Japan and
	overseas. Improving investment efficiency was worked by diversifying bond types
	and currencies to improve investment efficiency.
Foreign stocks	<u>Flat</u>
	The amount was flat as a result followed by flexible fund allocation keeping an
	eye on market trends. In addition, our fund managers and investment styles, region
	were strengthened diversification by utilizing in-house management and external
	management companies.
Real estate	Increase
	The balance increased due to new acquisitions of properties and others. In
	addition to investing in high-quality offices, in order to diversify applications, we
	sought to improve the profitability and the soundness of our portfolio by
	promoting investments in new properties, such as housing, commerce, and
	logistics, and by replacing properties based on occupancy status, regional
	characteristics, and age.

(NOTE)Changes in each asset are based on the balance sheet value.

<Balance of Payments>

Investment income was increased by JPY 113.9 billion year on year to JPY 718.7 billion, as the increase in gain on sales of securities. Investment expense was increased by JPY 119.3 billion year on year to JPY 279.7 billion, as the increase in losses on sales of securities outweighed improvement in derivative transaction losses.

As a result, net investment income in the general account was decreased by JPY 5.3 billion year on year to JPY 438.9 billion.

(3) Investment Outlook in the second half of fiscal 2022

In the second half of fiscal 2022, the Japanese economy is expected to pick up due to the government's measures to stimulate domestic demand, the resumption of inbound consumption and the improved performance of exporters due to the benefits of the weaken yen. However, Japanese economic growth is expected to remain moderate as a slowdown in overseas economies due to global monetary tightening and high resource cost will lead to a deterioration in corporate earnings and a contraction in household disposable income.

Although the U.S. economy has continued to grow strongly, the Company expect to continue highly volatile operating environment to continue as monetary policy is tight rapidly

In addition, the Company believe that attention should continue to be paid to the increasing volatility of financial markets due to political events and geopolitical risks in each country.

<Domestic interest rates>

Domestic interest rates are forecast to remain at low levels for the foreseeable future as the BOJ's monetary easing policy is expected to continue amid a moderate pace of recovery in the Japanese economy. However, it is necessary to pay attention to the possibility that expectations for policy changes may increase in response to global monetary tightening and the situation in inflation.

<Domestic stocks>

Domestic stocks are expected to be supported by the BOJ's monetary easing policy and the government's economic stimulus measures. On the other hand, the Company should be mindful of the possibility that volatility will increase due to changes in each country monetary policy, a sharp rise in interest rates, political events in each country, and geopolitical risks.

< Currency>

As for the JPY/USD, it is anticipated developments that are influenced by developments in U.S. monetary policy. The Company expect that the USD will appreciate amid the acceleration of monetary tightening in the U.S. On the other hand, it is anticipated that the acceleration of monetary tightening if there is an economic slowdown or subdued inflation as an effect of the tightening. In addition, it is necessary to pay attention to the possibility that volatility will increase due to geopolitical risks, etc.

With regard to the JPY/EUR, The Company expect that it will be depended on the pace of recovery and trends in European Central Bank (ECB) monetary policy and the situation in Ukraine. However, it is necessary to pay attention to the possibility that volatility will be increased due to changes in the political situation in Europe.

(4) Asset Management Policy in the second half of fiscal 2022

With regard to the investment policy in the second half of fiscal 2022, the Company will continue to invest in portfolios centered on fixed income assets such as public and corporate bonds based on our risk-taking policy and medium-to long-term asset management policy. In addition, the Company will continue risk reduction efforts to ensure financial soundness against financial market fluctuations and improve capital efficiency. And to ensure profitability and strengthen the diversification of portfolio risks, the Company will actively invest in selective credit investments, investments and loans in the infrastructure sector, alternative assets and real assets.

Assets	Investment policy
Bonds and	Increase
debentures	Stable management as a core asset of ALM will be maintained. Our policy is to
	reduce interest rate risk by adding policy reserve-matching bonds and
	implementing asset duration adjustments. In light of the current low interest rate
	environment, our policy is to actively engage in infrastructure-related and other
	investments from the perspective of improving investment efficiency within fixed
	income assets.
Loans	Remained flat
receivable	While redemptions and other factors have had the effect of reducing the balance,
	the balance is expected to remain unchanged as a result of continued proactive
	responses to demand for funds in growth areas. In addition, the Bank's policy is to
	engage in new lending by setting appropriate lending rates, while taking into
	account the analysis of borrowers' credit risks and credit spread trends in the
	corporate bond market.
Domestic	<u>Decrease</u>
stocks	The Company's policy is to decrease the amount due to selling aimed to reduce
	market risk associated with stockholdings. However, the Company's policy is to
	flexibly control the balance depending on the level of stock prices, while at the
	same time implementing reallocation to industries and brands and venture
	investments based on growth potential and other factors.
Foreign bonds	Depending on interest rates and exchange rates
and debentures	Open foreign bonds will be flexibly allocated in accordance with risk tolerance
	and exchange rate trends. It will be also flexibly adjusted the amount of currency-
	hedged foreign bonds with taking into account interest rate differentials at home
Foreign stools	and abroad.
Foreign stocks	Depending on the foreign stock price The Company's policy is to accumulate alternative assets with the aim of
	securing profitability and diversifying the risk of its portfolio. However, the
	Company's policy is to flexibly control the outstanding balance of foreign stocks,
	depending on the level of stock prices. It will be also worked to improve and
	stabilize the profitability of our portfolio while diversifying investment styles and
	geographically diversifying.
Real estate	Increase
	The Company's policy is to increase the balance due to new acquisitions of
	properties and others. In order to diversify of building uses, the Company will
	promote investment in new properties such as residence, commerce, and logistics,
	and improve the profitability and soundness of our portfolio by replacing
	properties based on occupancy status, regional characteristics, construction age,
	and other factors.

7. Investment Results of General Account

(1) Asset Composition

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31,	As of March 31, 2022		0, 2022
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
Cash, deposits, and call loans	906,362	2.4	744,720	2.2
Securities repurchased under resale agreements	-	-	-	-
Deposit paid for securities borrowing transactions	-	-	-	-
Monetary claims bought	239,896	0.6	228,030	0.7
Trading account securities	-	-	-	-
Money held in trust	12,164	0.0	6,414	0.0
Securities	31,697,684	84.6	28,800,194	83.5
Domestic bonds	17,402,782	46.5	17,472,309	50.6
Domestic stocks	3,292,713	8.8	3,039,725	8.8
Foreign securities	10,143,485	27.1	7,518,784	21.8
Foreign bonds	8,620,159	23.0	6,011,751	17.4
Foreign stocks and other securities	1,523,325	4.1	1,507,033	4.4
Other securities	858,702	2.3	769,373	2.2
Loans	2,569,190	6.9	2,581,289	7.5
Policy loans	269,504	0.7	261,661	0.8
Ordinary loans	2,299,685	6.1	2,319,628	6.7
Real estate	1,120,673	3.0	1,168,446	3.4
Real estate for rent	829,952	2.2	888,793	2.6
Deferred tax assets	-	-	174,280	0.5
Others	922,873	2.5	808,917	2.3
Reserve for possible loan losses	(6,501)	(0.0)	(4,397)	(0.0)
Total	37,462,344	100.0	34,507,897	100.0
Foreign currency-denominated assets	9,520,911	25.4	6,706,646	19.4

Note: "Real estate" represents total amount of land, buildings and construction in progress.

(2) Investment Income

(millions of yen)

	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Interest and dividends	425,287	422,747
Interest from bank deposits	493	1,901
Interest and dividends from securities	363,380	359,929
Interest from loans	19,635	19,549
Rental income	35,985	34,626
Other interest and dividends	5,792	6,741
Gains on trading account securities	-	-
Gains on money held in trust	321	-
Gains on investments in trading securities	-	-
Gains on sale of securities	167,465	271,932
Gains on sale of domestic bonds	62,286	40,498
Gains on sale of domestic stocks	44,048	91,070
Gains on sale of foreign securities	59,752	136,841
Others	1,378	3,521
Gains on redemption of securities	10,710	13,213
Derivative transaction gains	-	9,690
Foreign exchange gains	-	-
Reversal of reserve for possible loan losses	55	215
Reversal of reserve for possible investment losses	25	-
Other investment income	957	967
Total	604,823	718,766

(3) Investment Expense

(millions of yen)

		Six months ended	Six months ended
		September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
_	erest expenses	5,796	5,174
Lo	sses on trading account securities	-	-
Lo	sses on money held in trust	-	355
Lo	ses on investments in trading securities	-	-
Lo	sses on sale of securities	75,700	213,528
	Losses on sale of domestic bonds	4,522	15,042
	Losses on sale of domestic stocks	22,621	10,421
	Losses on sale of foreign securities	48,548	188,065
	Others	8	-
Lo	sses on valuation of securities	2,176	6,193
	Losses on valuation of domestic bonds	-	-
	Losses on valuation of domestic stocks	2,045	2,024
	Losses on valuation of foreign securities	131	4,168
	Others	-	-
Lo	sses on redemption of securities	1,321	4,963
De	rivative transaction losses	23,847	-
For	eign exchange losses	18,028	12,206
Pro	vision for reserve for possible loan losses	-	-
Pro	vision for reserve for possible investment losses	-	72
Wr	ite-down of loans	3	6
De	preciation of real estate for rent and others	6,807	6,779
Otl	ner investment expenses	26,770	30,509
To	al	160,452	279,790

(4) Valuation gains and losses on trading securities

(millions of yen)

		As of March 31, 2022		As of September 30, 2022	
		Carrying amount on the balance sheet	Valuation gains (losses) included in the statement of earnings	Carrying amount on the balance sheet	Valuation gains (losses) included in the statement of earnings
Tra	ding securities	12,164	540	6,414	(912)
	Trading account securities	-	-	-	-
	Money held in trust	12,164	540	6,414	(912)

(5) Fair value information on securities (except for trading securities)

(millions of yen)

				(millions o
	Book value	Fair value	Gains (losses)	1	
				Gains	Loss
March 31, 2022					
Held-to-maturity bonds	47,522	48,407	884	884	
Domestic bonds	47,522	48,407	884	884	
Foreign bonds	-	-	-	-	
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	14,257,659	15,739,225	1,481,566	1,785,121	30
Domestic bonds	14,188,057	15,668,980	1,480,923	1,784,464	30
Foreign bonds	69,602	70,244	642	656	
Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates companies	343	608	265	265	
Available-for-sale securities	14,107,743	17,018,258	2,910,514	3,218,564	30
Domestic bonds	2,844,743	3,167,202	322,459	334,388	1
Domestic stocks	1,288,008	3,249,996	1,961,987	1,996,912	3
Foreign securities	9,107,577	9,698,712	591,135	843,919	252
Foreign bonds	8,172,426	8,550,557	378,131	598,593	220
Foreign stocks and other securities	935,151	1,148,155	213,004	245,326	32
Other securities	549,207	579,453	30,246	37,714	,
Monetary claims bought	235,206	239,896	4,689	5,628	
Certificates of deposit	83,000	82,997	(2)	0	
Total	28,413,268	32,806,500	4,393,231	5,004,835	61
Domestic bonds	17,080,323	18,884,591	1,804,268	2,119,737	31:
Domestic stocks	1,288,008	3,249,996	1,961,987	1,996,912	3
Foreign securities	9,177,522	9,769,566	592,043	844,841	252
Foreign bonds	8,242,028	8,620,802	378,774	599.249	220
Foreign stocks and other securities	935,494	1,148,763	213,269	245,592	3:
Other securities	549,207	579,453	30,246	37,714	,
Monetary claims bought	235,206	239,896	4,689	5,628	
Certificates of deposit	83,000	82,997	(2)	0	
eptember 30, 2022	05,000	02,557	(=/1	<u> </u>	
Held-to-maturity bonds	47,673	48,225	551	551	
Domestic bonds	47,673	48,225	551	551	
Foreign bonds	47,073	40,223	331	331	
Policy-reserve-matching bonds	14,453,390	14,946,343	492,952	1,366,044	87:
Domestic bonds	14,383,789	14,876,620	492,830	1,365,696	87.
Foreign bonds	69,601	69,723	121	347	07.
Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates	09,001	09,723	121	347	
Available-for-sale securities	12,001,362	13,830,565	1,829,202	2,476,481	64
Domestic bonds	2,788,592	3,040,847	252,254	272,975	20
Domestic stocks	1,253,119	2,993,091	1,739,972	1,774,663	3
Foreign securities	7,149,354	6,973,216	(176,138)	399,751	57:
Foreign bonds	6,211,015	5,942,149	(268,865)	243,538	51:
Foreign stocks and other securities	938,339	1,031,066	92,727		
Other securities	506,478	519,381	12,903	156,213 26,277	6:
Monetary claims bought					
Certificates of deposit	227,817 76,000	228,030 75,997	213	2,814	
				2 042 077	1.50
Total Demostic bonds	26,502,427	28,825,134	2,322,707	3,843,077	1,52
Domestic bonds	17,220,055	17,965,692	745,637	1,639,223	89
Domestic stocks	1,253,119	2,993,091	1,739,972	1,774,663	3-
Foreign securities	7,218,956	7,042,939	(176,016)	400,099	57
Foreign bonds	6,280,617	6,011,872	(268,744)	243,886	51
Foreign stocks and other securities	938,339	1,031,066	92,727	156,213	6
Other securities	506,478	519,381	12,903	26,277	1
Monetary claims bought	227,817	228,030	213	2,814	
Certificates of deposit	76,000	75,997	(2)	-	

Note:

^{1.} The table above includes assets which are considered appropriate to handle as securities as defined in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

^{2.} Stocks and partnerships that do not have market value are excluded from this table.

* Carrying amounts of securities without quoted market prices are as follows:

(millions of ven)

	As of March 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022
Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliated companies	198,792	199,204
Available-for-sale securities	452,622	484,878
Domestic stocks	37,160	40,046
Foreign stocks	9,004	9,004
Others	406,457	435,827
Total	651,415	684,082

Note: 1. The table above includes assets which are considered appropriate to handle as securities as defined in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act.

gain of 32,119 million yen as of March 31, 2022 and gain of 84,966 million yen as of September 30, 2022.

(6) Fair Value Information on Money Held in Trust

(millions of yen)

	Carrying amount on the	Foir volvo	Gains (losses)		
	balance sheet	raii vaiue		Gains	Losses
As of March 31, 2022	12,164	12,164	973	2,161	1,187
As of September 30, 2022	6,414	6,414	(395)	1,376	1,772

Note: 1. Fair value in the table above is based on the valuation conducted by the fiduciary on a reasonable basis.

- 2. "Gains (losses)" include gains (losses) from derivative transactions within the trusts.
- The ending balance was zero for held-to-maturity bonds, policy-reserve-matching bonds and other money held in trust as of March 31, 2022 and September 30, 2022.

8. Disclosed Claims Based on Insurance Business Act

(millions of yen)

		As of March 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022
	Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors	79	86
	Claims with collection risk	7,273	5,253
	Claims that are overdue for 3 months or more	-	-
	Claims with repayment relaxation	1,108	1,108
Subto	otal	8,460	6,447
[Perc	entage]	[0.12%]	[0.11%]
Clain	ns against normal obligors	7,317,803	6,103,823
Total		7,326,264	6,110,271

Note:

- 1. Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.
- 2. Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered. (Excludes the claims listed in Note 1)
- 3. Loans that are overdue for three months or more are loans for which payment of principal or interest is delayed for three months or more from the day following the contracted payment date. (Excludes the claims listed in Note 1 and 2)
- 4. Claims with repayment relaxation are arrangements that are advantageous to the debtor, such as interest rate reduction and exemption, interest payment deferment, principal repayment deferment, debt waiver, etc., for the purpose of rebuilding or supporting the debtor (Excluding items mentioned in Note from 1 to 3 above).
- 5. Claims against normal obligors are all other loans.

^{2.} The amounts of foreign exchange valuation gains (losses) on foreign securities without quoted market prices and which are listed in the table above are as follows:

9. Solvency Margin Ratio

(millions of yen)

As of March 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022
6,483,789	5,792,350
430,227	528,264
250,453	258,953
599,893	599,893
260	978
2,642,604	1,703,770
361,793	363,504
2,079,201	2,099,148
839,315	839,315
(769,078)	(685,082)
(500)	(1,330)
49,616	84,934
1,429,122	1,351,975
67,977	67,603
158,996	155,995
165,744	161,651
2,901	2,925
1,209,806	1,137,824
32,108	30,519
907.3%	856.8%
	6,483,789 430,227 250,453 599,893 260 2,642,604 361,793 2,079,201 839,315 (769,078) (500) 49,616 1,429,122 67,977 158,996 165,744 2,901 1,209,806 32,108

^{*1:} Expected disbursements from capital outside the Company and valuation and translation adjustments are excluded.

Note: The above figures are calculated based on Articles 86, 87 of the Enforcement Regulations of Insurance Business Act, and Announcement No. 50, Ministry of Finance, 1996.

^{*2:} Multiplied by 100% if losses.

^{*3:} Calculated by standard method.

10. Status of Separate Account

(1) Separate Account Assets by Product

(millions of yen) As of As of March 31, 2022 September 30, 2022 Individual variable insurance 62,881 59,111 Individual variable annuities 33,473 31,308 Group annuities 1,668,678 1,618,781 Separate account total 1,765,033 1,709,202

(2) Sum Insured of Policies in Force of Individual Variable Insurance and Annuities (Separate Account)

A. Individual variable insurance

(millions of yen except number of policies) As of March 31, 2022 As of September 30, 2022 Number of policies Number of policies Amount Amount Individual variable insurance (term life) 25 3 19 Individual variable insurance (whole life) 38,669 238,167 38,263 235,922 235,942 Total 38,673 238,193 38,266

Note: Policies in force include term life riders.

B. Individual variable annuities

(millions of yen except number of policies) As of March 31, 2022 As of September 30, 2022 Number of policies Number of policies Amount Amount Individual variable annuities 4,488 21,104 4,223 18,404

Note: Sum insured of policies in force includes that of annuities for which payments have commenced.

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11. Consolidated Financial Summary

(1) Selected Financial Data and Other Information

(millions of yen)

		(minions or yen)
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Ordinary revenues	2,143,532	2,068,734
Ordinary profit	179,726	220,600
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company	93,289	111,312
Comprehensive income	282,714	(655,147)

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022
Total assets	38,679,002	35,621,503
Solvency margin ratio	921.5%	869.5%

(2) Scope of Consolidation and Application of Equity Method

	As of September 30, 2022
Number of consolidated subsidiaries	1
Number of non-consolidated subsidiaries accounted for under the equity method	0
Number of affiliates accounted for under the equity method	2

For information regarding changes in subsidiaries and affiliates, please refer to "I. Guidelines for Preparation of Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements"

	•	(millions of y
	As of	As of
	March 31, 2022	September 30, 202
	(summarized)	
ASSETS		
Cash and deposits	444,435	276,9
Call loans	479,900	486,0
Monetary claims bought	239,896	228,0
Money held in trust	12,164	6,4
Securities	32,735,396	29,692,2
Loans	2,569,190	2,581,2
Tangible fixed assets	1,128,321	1,175,9
Intangible fixed assets	128,772	130,4
Reinsurance receivable	56,701	75,9
Other assets	845,759	757,2
Deferred tax assets	-	168,7
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees	45,745	47,2
Reserve for possible loan losses	(6,501)	(4,3
Reserve for possible investment losses	(779)	(
Total assets	38,679,002	35,621,5
JABILITIES		
Policy reserves and others	30,131,766	30,034,4
Reserves for outstanding claims	184,666	216,8
Policy reserves	29,533,878	29,410,4
Reserve for policyholder dividends	413,222	407,1
Reinsurance payable	170,408	3
Bonds payable	368,715	368,7
Other liabilities	4,371,423	2,549,3
Payables under repurchase agreements	2,954,780	1,408,1
Other liabilities	1,416,642	1,141,2
Net defined benefit liabilities	383,065	380,0
Reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors	929	8
Reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims	800	6
Reserve for price fluctuations	250,453	258,9
Deferred tax liabilities	119,735	
Deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation	70,652	70,5
Acceptances and guarantees	45,745	47,2
Total liabilities	35,913,694	33,711,1
NET ASSETS	, ,	
Capital stock	60,000	60,0
Capital surplus	320,000	320,0
Retained earnings	249,321	146,9
Total showshaldows! agaits:	(20, 222	526.0

Total shareholders' equity

Deferred hedge gains (losses)

Reserve for land revaluation

Total liabilities and net assets

Total net assets

Foreign currency translation adjustments

Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax

Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans

Total accumulated other comprehensive income

629,322

(21,621)

16,643

10,995

2,135,985

2,765,307

38,679,002

(445)

2,130,413

526,916

(43,789)

30,587

14,345

1,383,468

1,910,384

35,621,503

129

1,382,196

(4) Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Earnings and Comprehensive Income [Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Earnings]

[Onaudited Consolidated Statement of Earlings]		(millions of yen)
	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
ORDINARY REVENUES	2,143,532	2,068,734
Premium and other income	1,098,365	1,156,102
Investment income	651,492	718,788
[Interest and dividends]	[425,278]	[422,769]
[Gains on money held in trust]	[321]	[-]
[Gains on sale of securities]	[167,465]	[271,932]
[Derivative transaction gains]	[-]	[9,690]
[Gains on investments in separate accounts]	[46,678]	[-]
Other ordinary revenues	393,673	193,844
ORDINARY EXPENSES	1,963,806	1,848,134
Benefits and claims	1,465,349	1,156,469
[Claims]	[312,788]	[312,892]
[Annuities]	[240,515]	[264,187]
[Benefits]	[215,935]	[304,845]
[Surrender values]	[227,772]	[225,355]
Provision for policy reserves and others	16,578	36,337
Provision for reserves for outstanding claims	12,439	32,181
Provision for interest on policyholder dividends	4,139	4,156
Investment expenses	160,179	341,518
[Interest expenses]	[5,796]	[5,174]
[Losses on money held in trust]	[-]	[355]
[Losses on sale of securities]	[75,700]	[213,528]
[Losses on valuation of securities]	[2,176]	[6,193]
[Derivative transaction losses]	[23,847]	[-]
[Losses on investments in separate accounts]	[-]	[61,790]
Operating expenses	203,526	195,940
Other ordinary expenses	118,171	117,867
Ordinary profit	179,726	220,600
EXTRAORDINARY GAINS	148	550
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	148	550
EXTRAORDINARY LOSSES	13,439	21,669
Losses on disposal of fixed assets	4,204	1,561
Impairment losses on fixed assets	234	11,607
Provision for reserve for price fluctuations	9,000	8,500
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	35,708	43,584
Income before income taxes	130,726	155,898
Corporate income taxes-current	31,296	35,911
Corporate income taxes-deferred	6,140	8,673
Total of corporate income taxes	37,437	44,585
Net income	93,289	111,312
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company	93,289	111,312

[Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income]

(millions of yen)

	Six months ended	Six months ended
	September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Net income	93,289	111,312
Other comprehensive income	189,424	(766,460)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	184,739	(748,217)
Deferred hedge gains (losses)	3,852	(22,168)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(712)	574
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	1,544	3,350
Share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and affiliates accounted for under the equity method	0	(0)
Comprehensive income	282,714	(655,147)
Attributable to shareholders of parent company	282,714	(655,147)

(5) Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits - (1,156) Purchases of monetary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought 16,650 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (87 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (86,817 507,419	(, , =		(millions of yen)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES 130,726 158,898			
Incores (description incore taxes 130,726 153,898 20,440 Impairment loses on fixed axests 12,43 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 32,181 11,607 3		September 30, 2021	September 30, 2022
Depreciation			
Imperiment loses on fined sacres		· ·	,
Increase (decrease) in reserves for natistanding claims 12,439 32,181 Increase (decrease) in policy reserves (319,662) (123,407) Provision for interest on policyholder dividends 4,139 4,156 Provision for interest on policyholder dividends 35,708 45,584 Increase (decrease) in reserve for posible increases (302) (2,104) Increase (decrease) in reserve for prossible increases (302) (2,104) Increase (decrease) in reserve for prossible increases (decreases) in reserve for possible increases (decreases) in reserve for possible increases (decreases) in reserve for possible increases (decreases) in reserve for price fluctuations (65	•	· ·	· ·
Increase (clearwase) in prolify; reserves 4,19	•		,
Provision for interest on policybother dividends	•	·	· ·
Provision for (reversal of) reserve for possible loan looses 35,708 42,508 Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible loan looses (302) (2,104) Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible investment looses (374) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210) (210)		` ' '	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible has losses		·	
Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible investment losses		· ·	
Wiltie-down of Dams	•	` ′	
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities (65) (61) Increase (decrease) in reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors (65) (61) Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible reinhusement of prescribed claims (145) (170) Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuations (9,000 8,500 Intrests and dividends (425,278) (422,789) Securities related losses (gains) (145,655) 1,331 Interest expenses (425,878) (422,789) Securities related losses (gains) (145,655) 1,74 (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (40,188) (4	Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible investment losses		(210)
Increase (decrease) in reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors	Write-down of loans	3	6
Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims	Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liabilities	3,684	1,606
Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuations	Increase (decrease) in reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors	(65)	(61)
Interest and dividends	Increase (decrease) in reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims	(145)	(170)
Securities related losses (gains) 1,331 Interest expenses 5,796 5,174 Losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets 4,018 982 Others, net 15,426 (102,025) Subtotal (650,688) (365,280) Interest and dividends received 450,486 455,511 Interest paid (8,397) (6,671) Policyholder dividends paid (46,431) (53,801) Others, net (238,984) (439,583) Coporate income taxes (paid) refund (49,725) (60,128) Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (543,621) (469,662) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,156) 1,431 (5,668) Purchases of monetary claims bought (1,156) 1,3945 (5,668) 1,3945 (5,666) 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 1,3945 <td< td=""><td>Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuations</td><td>9,000</td><td></td></td<>	Increase (decrease) in reserve for price fluctuations	9,000	
Interest expenses	Interest and dividends	(425,278)	(422,769)
Losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets	Securities related losses (gains)	(145,656)	1,331
Others, net 15,426 (102,025) Subtotal (650,568) (365,280) Interest and dividends received 450,486 455,511 Interest paid (8,397) (6,671) Policyholder dividends paid (46,431) (33,810) Others, net (238,984) (439,583) Orporate income taxes (paid) refund (49,725) (60,128) Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (543,621) (469,962) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,156) (1,156) Purchases of monetary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought (16,50) 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from active active in money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities (3,7838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans (37,383) <td>Interest expenses</td> <td>5,796</td> <td>5,174</td>	Interest expenses	5,796	5,174
Subtotal (650,568) (365,280) Interest and dividends received 450,486 455,511 Interest paid (8,377) (6,671) Policyholder dividends paid (46,431) (53,810) Others, net (238,984) (49,583) Corporate income taxes (paid) refund (49,725) (60,128) Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (543,621) (469,962) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES *** (1,156) Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits - (1,156) Purchases of monestary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought (16,650) 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Purchases of securities (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from callection of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from callection of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans (32,85,202) (327,	Losses (gains) on disposal of fixed assets	4,018	982
Interest and dividends received	Others, net	15,426	(102,025)
Interest paid	Subtotal	(650,568)	(365,280)
Policyholder dividends paid	Interest and dividends received	450,486	455,511
Others, net (238,984) (439,583) Corporate income taxes (paid) refund (49,725) (60,128) Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (54,621) (469,962) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,156) (1,156) Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits - (1,156) Purchases of monetary claims bought (16,650) 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from sulle and redemption of securities (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from sulle and redemption of securities (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from sulle of from distance in the security in the secu	Interest paid	(8,397)	(6,671)
Corporate income taxes (paid) refund (49,725) (60,128) Net each flows provided by (used in) operating activities (543,621) (469,962) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,156) Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits - (1,156) Purchases of monetary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought (16,650) 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (87 1,404 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (87 1,404 Acquisit	Policyholder dividends paid	(46,431)	(53,810)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities (543,621) (469,962) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (1,156) (1,156) Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits - (1,156) Purchases of monetary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought 16,650 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 38,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (87 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (87 1,404 </td <td>Others, net</td> <td>(238,984)</td> <td>(439,583)</td>	Others, net	(238,984)	(439,583)
Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits	Corporate income taxes (paid) refund	(49,725)	(60,128)
Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits	Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	(543,621)	(469,962)
Purchases of monetary claims bought (19,423) (6,568) Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought 16,650 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (887 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (867 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought 16,650 13,945 Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities (16,769) (16,939) Cash FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (941) (743) Repayment of financial lease obligations <td>Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits</td> <td>-</td> <td>(1,156)</td>	Net decrease (increase) in cash and deposits	-	(1,156)
Purchases of money held in trust (5,000) - Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in ch	Purchases of monetary claims bought	(19,423)	(6,568)
Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust 1,321 5,380 Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliate	Proceeds from sale and redemption of monetary claims bought	16,650	13,945
Purchases of securities (3,685,702) (2,637,242) Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029)	Purchases of money held in trust	(5,000)	-
Proceeds from sale and redemption of securities 3,197,174 4,775,133 Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (107,562) - Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187)	Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust		
Origination of loans (327,838) (316,274) Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash a	Purchases of securities	(3,685,702)	(2,637,242)
Proceeds from collection of loans 302,452 308,065 Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532	•	3,197,174	4,775,133
Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing 1,422,788 (1,546,644) Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (941) (743) Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 5,668 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning o	Origination of loans	(327,838)	(316,274)
Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions 902,422 594,637 Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 5,668 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 786,914 924,255	Proceeds from collection of loans	302,452	308,065
Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions 358,801 124,675 Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 5,668 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 786,914 924,255	Net increase (decrease) in short-term investing	1,422,788	(1,546,644)
Acquisition of tangible fixed assets (19,523) (71,682) Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets 687 1,404 Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) (16,939) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities 866,817 507,419 CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) (743) Cash dividends paid (208,716) (199,776) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 5,668 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 786,914 924,255	Total of net cash provided by (used in) investment transactions	902,422	
Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets Acquisition of intangible fixed assets (16,769) Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Redemption of bonds (107,562) Repayment of financial lease obligations (941) Cash dividends paid Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 1,404 (16,769) (107,562) - (107,562) - (208,716) (199,776) (120) (1,029) (1,029) (317,340) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549)	Total of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities and investment transactions	358,801	124,675
Acquisition of intangible fixed assets Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Redemption of bonds Repayment of financial lease obligations Cash dividends paid Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period (16,769) (16,939) 866,817 507,419 (107,562) - (107,562) - (107,562) - (199,776) (199,776) (199,776) (199,776) (11,029) (101,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (11,029) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (120) (Acquisition of tangible fixed assets	(19,523)	(71,682)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Redemption of bonds Repayment of financial lease obligations Cash dividends paid Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Repayment of financial lease obligations (107,562) (208,716) (199,776) (199,776) (199,776) (199,776) (110,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,029) (101,02	Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets	687	1,404
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Redemption of bonds (107,562) - Repayment of financial lease obligations (208,716) (208,716) (208,716) Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	Acquisition of intangible fixed assets	(16,769)	(16,939)
Redemption of bonds(107,562)-Repayment of financial lease obligations(941)(743)Cash dividends paid(208,716)(199,776)Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation(120)(1,029)Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities(317,340)(201,549)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(187)1,532Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents5,668(162,559)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period786,914924,255	Net cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities	866,817	507,419
Repayment of financial lease obligations Cash dividends paid Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period (743) (199,776) (1,029) (317,340) (201,549) (187) 1,532 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash dividends paid Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (188) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period (199,776) (1,029) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549) (201,549)	Redemption of bonds	(107,562)	-
Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation (120) (1,029) Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities (317,340) (201,549) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents (187) 1,532 Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 5,668 (162,559) Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 786,914 924,255	Repayment of financial lease obligations	(941)	(743)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities(317,340)(201,549)Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(187)1,532Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents5,668(162,559)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period786,914924,255	Cash dividends paid	(208,716)	(199,776)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents(187)1,532Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents5,668(162,559)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period786,914924,255	Acquisitions of stock of subsidiaries and affiliates that do not result in change in scope of consolidation	(120)	(1,029)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents5,668(162,559)Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period786,914924,255	Net cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities	(317,340)	(201,549)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 786,914 924,255	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	•	
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		

(6) Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Six months ended September 30, 2021

(millions of yen)

		Sharehold		ated other sive income		
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' equity	Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	Deferred hedge gains (losses)
Balance at the beginning of the year	60,000	370,000	247,446	677,446	2,536,608	(3,501)
Changes for the period						
Dividends		(49,999)	(158,716)	(208,716)		
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company			93,289	93,289		
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation			2,022	2,022		
Others			0	0		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					184,739	3,852
Total changes for the period	-	(49,999)	(63,404)	(113,403)	184,739	3,852
Balance at the end of the period	60,000	320,000	184,042	564,042	2,721,347	351

(millions of yen)

	Ac	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Reserve for land revaluation	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(22,026)	497	(4,869)	2,506,708	3,184,154		
Changes for the period							
Dividends					(208,716)		
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company					93,289		
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation					2,022		
Others					0		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(2,022)	(712)	1,544	187,401	187,401		
Total changes for the period	(2,022)	(712)	1,544	187,401	73,998		
Balance at the end of the period	(24,049)	(214)	(3,324)	2,694,110	3,258,152		

Six months ended September 30, 2022

(millions of yen)

		Sharehold		Accumulated other comprehensive income		
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Total shareholders' equity	Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	Deferred hedge gains (losses)
Balance at the beginning of the year	60,000	320,000	249,321	629,322	2,130,413	(21,621)
Changes for the period						
Dividends			(199,776)	(199,776)		
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company			111,312	111,312		
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation			(13,944)	(13,944)		
Others			1	1		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					(748,217)	(22,168)
Total changes for the period	-	-	(102,406)	(102,406)	(748,217)	(22,168)
Balance at the end of the period	60,000	320,000	146,915	526,916	1,382,196	(43,789)

(millions of yen)

	Ac	Accumulated other comprehensive income					
	Reserve for land revaluation	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Total net assets		
Balance at the beginning of the year	16,643	(445)	10,995	2,135,985	2,765,307		
Changes for the period							
Dividends					(199,776)		
Net income attributable to shareholders of parent company					111,312		
Transfer from reserve for land revaluation					(13,944)		
Others					1		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	13,944	574	3,350	(752,516)	(752,516)		
Total changes for the period	13,944	574	3,350	(752,516)	(854,922)		
Balance at the end of the period	30,587	129	14,345	1,383,468	1,910,384		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

I. GUIDELINES FOR PREPARATION OF UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Scope of Consolidation

- (1) The number of consolidated subsidiaries as of September 30, 2022: 1

 The subsidiary of The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited (the "Company") included:
 - Dai-ichi Life Insurance Myanmar Ltd.
- (2) The number of non-consolidated subsidiaries as of September 30, 2022: 25

The main subsidiaries that are not consolidated for the purposes of financial reporting are The Dai-ichi Life Information Systems Co., Ltd., Dai-ichi Life Business Services Co., Ltd. and First U Anonymous Association.

The twenty-five non-consolidated subsidiaries had, individually and in the aggregate, a minimal impact on the consolidated financial statements in terms of total assets, sales, net income (loss) (amount corresponding to equity interest), retained earnings (amount corresponding to equity interest), cash flows, and others.

2. Application of the Equity Method

- (1) The number of non-consolidated subsidiaries under the equity method as of September 30, 2022: 0
- (2) The number of affiliated companies under the equity method as of September 30, 2022: 2 The affiliated companies of the Company included:
 - Corporate-pension Business Service Co., Ltd.,
 - Japan Excellent Asset Management Co., Ltd.,
- (3) The non-consolidated subsidiaries (The Dai-ichi Life Information Systems Co., Ltd., Dai-ichi Life Business Services Co., Ltd., First U Anonymous Association and others), as well as affiliated companies (Mizuho-DL Financial Technology Co., Ltd., and Rifare Management K.K.) were not accounted for under the equity method. These companies had, individually and in the aggregate, a minimal impact on the consolidated financial statements, in terms of net income (loss) (amount corresponding to equity interest), retained earnings (amount corresponding to equity interest) and others.

3. Interim Closing Dates of a Consolidated Subsidiary

The interim closing date of a consolidated subsidiary is September 30.

II. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Valuation Methods of Securities

Securities held by the Company and its consolidated subsidiary including cash and deposits and monetary claims bought which are equivalent to marketable securities, and marketable securities managed as trust assets in money held in trust, are carried as explained below:

The amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts is calculated by the straight-line method.

(1) Trading Securities

Trading securities are carried at fair value with cost determined by the moving average method.

(2) Held-to-maturity Bonds

Held-to-maturity bonds are stated at amortized cost determined by the moving average method.

(3) Policy-reserve-matching Bonds (in accordance with the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 21 "Temporary Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Policy-reserve-matching Bonds in the Insurance Industry" issued by the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (JICPA))

Policy-reserve-matching bonds are stated at amortized cost determined by the moving average method.

(4) Stocks of Non-Consolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies Not Accounted for under the Equity Method Stocks of non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies not accounted for under the equity method are stated at cost determined by the moving average method.

(5) Available-for-sale Securities

(a) Available-for-sale Securities other than stocks with no market price, etc.

Available-for-sale Securities other than stocks with no market price, etc. are valued at fair value at the end of September 30, 2022 with cost determined by the moving average method.

(b) Stocks with no market price, etc.

Stocks with no market price, etc. are valued at cost determined by the moving average method.

Net unrealized gains or losses on these available-for-sale securities are presented as a separate component of net assets and not in the consolidated statement of earnings.

Securities held by a consolidated overseas subsidiary are stated at cost determined by the first-in first-out.

2. Risk Management Policy of Policy-Reserve-Matching Bonds

The Company categorizes its insurance products into sub-groups by the attributes of each product and, in order to manage risks properly, formulate its policies on investments and resource allocation based on the balance of the sub-groups. Moreover, the Company periodically checks that the duration gap between policy-reserve-matching bonds and policy reserves stays within a certain range.

The sub-groups of insurance products of the Company are:

- individual life insurance and annuities (the exception of certain types),
- non-participating single premium whole life insurance (without duty of medical disclosure),
- financial insurance and annuities,
- group annuities (defined contribution corporate pension insurance; defined contribution corporate pension insurance II and certain corporate pension insurances of which the type can be changed to defined contribution corporate pension insurance II), and
- group annuities 2 (defined benefit corporate pension insurance, employees' pension fund insurance (II) and new corporate pension insurance (II)).

Given the reduction of assumed interest rate for certain group annuities in the Company, effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has divided the existing sub-group of group annuities and set a new sub-group in order to

conduct investment management according to characteristics of risk and return.

There is no impact of this change on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Valuation Method of Derivative Transactions

Derivative transactions are reported at fair value.

4. Revaluation of Land

Based on the "Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No. 34, March 31, 1998), land for business use was revalued. The difference between the fair value and book value resulting from the revaluation, net of related deferred taxes, is recorded as a reserve for land revaluation as a separate component of net assets and the related deferred tax liability is recorded as deferred tax liabilities for land revaluation.

- Date of revaluation: March 31, 2001
- Method stipulated in Article 3 Paragraph 3 of the Act on Revaluation of Land:

The fair value was determined based on the appraisal value publicly announced for tax assessment purposes with certain reasonable adjustments in accordance with Articles 2-1 and 2-4 of the Order for Enforcement of the Act on Revaluation of Land (Publicly Issue Cabinet Order No.119, March 31, 1998).

5. Depreciation of Depreciable Assets

(1) Depreciation of Tangible Fixed Assets Excluding Leased Assets

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets excluding leased assets of the Company is calculated by the declining balance method (the depreciation of buildings (other than facilities attached to buildings and structures that were acquired on or before March 31, 2016) is calculated by the straight-line method).

Estimated useful lives of major assets are as follows:

Buildings two to sixty years

• Other tangible fixed assets two to twenty years

Other tangible fixed assets that were acquired for \\$100,000 or more but less than \\$200,000 are depreciated at equal amounts over three years.

With respect to tangible fixed assets that were acquired on or before March 31, 2007 and that were fully depreciated to their original depreciable limit, effective the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008, the remaining values are depreciated at equal amounts over five years from the following fiscal year of the year in which they reached the original depreciable limit.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets owned by a consolidated overseas subsidiary is calculated by the straight-line method.

(2) Amortization of Intangible Fixed Assets Excluding Leased Assets

The Company and its consolidated subsidiary use the straight-line method for amortization of intangible fixed assets excluding leased assets.

Software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of five years.

(3) Depreciation of Leased Assets

Depreciation for leased assets with regard to finance leases whose ownership does not transfer to the lessees is computed under the straight-line method assuming zero salvage value and using the lease period as the useful life.

6. Translation of Assets and Liabilities Denominated in Foreign Currencies into Yen

The Company translates foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities (excluding stocks of its non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies which are not accounted for under the equity method) into yen at the prevailing exchange rates as of September 30, 2022. Stocks of non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies which are not accounted for under the equity method are translated into yen at the exchange rates on the dates of acquisition. Assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses of the Company's consolidated overseas subsidiary are translated into yen at the exchange rates at the end of their interim periods. Translation adjustments associated with the consolidated overseas subsidiary are included in foreign currency translation adjustments in the net assets section of the consolidated balance sheet.

7. Reserve for Possible Loan Losses

The reserve for possible loan losses is calculated based on the internal rules for self-assessment, write-offs, and reserves on assets.

For loans to and claims on obligors that have already experienced bankruptcy, reorganization, or other formal legal failure (hereafter, "bankrupt obligors") and loans to and claims on obligors that have suffered substantial business failure (hereafter, "substantially bankrupt obligors"), the reserve is calculated by deducting the estimated recoverable amount of the collateral or guarantees from the book value of the loans and claims after the direct write-off described below.

For loans to and claims on obligors that have not yet suffered business failure but are considered highly likely to fail (hereafter, "obligors at risk of bankruptcy") the reserve is calculated, taking into account (1) the recoverable amount covered by the collateral or guarantees and (2) an overall assessment of the obligor's ability to repay.

For other loans and claims, the reserve is calculated by multiplying the actual rate or other appropriate rate of losses from bad debts during a certain period in the past by the amount of the loans and claims.

For all loans and claims, the relevant department in the Company performs an asset quality assessment based on the internal rules for self-assessment, and an independent audit department audits the result of the assessment. The above reserves are established based on the result of this assessment.

For loans and claims to bankrupt and substantially bankrupt obligors, the unrecoverable amount is calculated by deducting the amount deemed recoverable from collateral and guarantees from the amount of the loans and claims and is directly written off from the amount of the loans and claims. The amount written off during the six months ended September 30, 2022 was ¥1 million.

8. Reserve for Possible Investment Losses

In order to provide for future investment losses, a reserve for possible investment losses is established for stocks with no market price, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. It is calculated based on the internal rules for self-assessment, write-offs, and reserves on assets.

9. Reserve for Retirement Benefits of Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Auditors

For the reserve for retirement benefits of directors, executive officers and corporate auditors, an estimated amount for future payment in accordance with the internal policies is provided.

10. Reserve for Possible Reimbursement of Prescribed Claims

To prepare for the reimbursement of claims for which prescription periods had expired, an estimated amount for reserve for possible reimbursement of prescribed claims based on past reimbursement experience is provided.

11. Net Defined Benefit Liabilities

For the net defined benefit liabilities, the amount is considered to have been rationally incurred during the interim period provided by deducting the pension assets from the projected benefit obligations based on the estimated amounts as of March 31, 2023. The accounting treatment for retirement benefits is as follows.

(1) Allocation of Estimated Retirement Benefits

In calculating the projected benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is adopted to allocate estimated retirement benefit for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.

(2) Amortization of Actuarial Differences and Past Service Cost

Past service cost is amortized under the straight-line method over a certain period (seven years) within the employees' average remaining service period as of the time of its occurrence.

Actuarial differences are amortized under the straight-line method over a certain period (seven years) within the employees' average remaining service period, starting from the following year.

12. Reserve for Price Fluctuations

A reserve for price fluctuations is calculated based on the book value of stocks and other securities in accordance with the provisions of Article 115 of the Insurance Business Act.

13. Methods for Hedge Accounting

(1) Methods for Hedge Accounting

As for the Company, hedging transactions are accounted for in accordance with the "Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10 issued on March 10, 2008). Primarily, (a) special hedge accounting and the deferral hedge method for interest rate swaps are used for cash flow hedges of certain loans, government and corporate bonds, loans payable and bonds payable; (b) the currency allotment method and the deferral hedge method using foreign currency swaps, foreign currency and forward contracts are used for cash flow hedges against exchange rate fluctuations in certain foreign currency-denominated bonds, loans, loans payable and bonds payable and certain foreign currency-denominated term deposits and stocks (forecasted transaction); (c) the fair value hedge method using currency options and foreign currency forward contracts is used for hedges against exchange rate fluctuations in the value of certain foreign currency-denominated bonds; (d) the deferral hedge method for over-the-counter options on bonds is used for hedges against interest-rate fluctuations in certain foreign currency-denominated bonds; (e) the deferral hedge method and fair value hedge method using equity options and equity forward contracts are used for hedges against price fluctuations in the value of certain domestic stocks and foreign currency-denominated stocks (forecasted transaction), and (f) the deferral hedge method using interest rate swaps is used for hedges against interest-rate fluctuations in certain insurance liabilities, under the "Accounting and Auditing Treatment of Application of Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments to Insurance Operators" (Industry Audit Committee Report No.26 issued by JICPA).

(2) Hedging Instruments and Hedged Items

Hedging instruments	Hedged items
Interest rate swaps	Loans, government and corporate bonds, loans payable, bonds
	payable, insurance liabilities
Foreign currency swaps	Foreign currency-denominated bonds,
	foreign currency-denominated loans,
	foreign currency-denominated loans payable,
	foreign currency-denominated bonds payable
Foreign currency forward contracts	Foreign currency-denominated bonds,
	foreign currency-denominated term deposits,
	foreign currency-denominated stocks
	(forecasted transaction)
Currency options	Foreign currency-denominated bonds
Over-the-counter options on bonds	Foreign currency-denominated bonds
Equity options	Domestic stocks,
	foreign currency-denominated stocks
	(forecasted transaction)
Equity forward contracts	Domestic stocks

(3) Hedging Policies

The Company conducts hedging transactions with regard to certain market risk, foreign currency risk and interest-rate risk of underlying assets to be hedged, in accordance with the internal investment policy and procedure guidelines.

(4) Assessment of Hedge Effectiveness

Hedge effectiveness is assessed primarily by a comparison of fluctuations in cash flows or fair value of hedged items to those of hedging instruments.

(Hedging relationships to which the "Treatment of Hedge Accounting for Financial Instruments that Reference LIBOR" is applied)

Among the above hedging relationships, the exceptional treatment prescribed in the "Treatment of Hedge Accounting for Financial Instruments that Reference LIBOR" (PITF No. 40, March 17, 2022) is applied to all hedging relationships included in the scope of the application of the said Treatment. The details of hedging relationships to which the Treatment is applied are as follows:

Hedging method: Special hedge accounting for interest rate swaps

Hedging instruments: Interest-rate swaps

Hedged items: Loans

Type of hedging transactions: Transactions that fix cash flow

14. Calculation of National and Local Consumption Tax

The Company accounts for national and local consumption tax by the tax-exclusion method. Deferred consumption tax included in non-recoverable consumption tax on certain assets is capitalized as other assets and amortized equally over five years in accordance with the Order for Enforcement of the Corporation Tax Act, and such taxes other than deferred consumption tax are recognized as an expense when incurred.

15. Accounting Policies for Policy Reserves

Policy reserves of the Company are established in accordance with the methods stated in the statement of calculation procedures for policy reserves (Article 4, Paragraph 2, Item 4 of the Insurance Business Act) pursuant to Article 116, Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act, for insurance contracts under which the insurer's liability has started as of September 30, 2022, in preparation for the performance of future obligations under the insurance contracts.

Of policy reserves, insurance premium reserves are calculated as stated in a) and b) below:

- a) Reserves for policies subject to the standard policy reserve rules are calculated based on the methods stipulated by the Commissioner of Financial Services Agency (Notification of the Minister of Finance No. 48, 1996).
- b) Reserves for other policies are established based on the net level premium method.

If, through an estimation of future income based on most recent actual figures, the policy reserves set aside are found likely to be insufficient to cover the performance of future obligations, additional policy reserves need to be set aside in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act. Policy reserves include additional policy reserves for some whole life insurance policies in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

Contingency reserves included in policy reserves are set aside in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 1, Item 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act to cover risks that may accrue in the future in order to ensure the performance of future obligations under insurance contracts.

16. Changes in Accounting Policies

Effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has applied "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021).

In accordance with the transitional treatment set forth in Item 27-2 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement", the Company has applied new accounting policies since the beginning of the six months ended September 30, 2022.

17. <u>Fair Value of Financial Instruments and Matters concerning Fair Value of Financial Instruments and breakdown</u> by input level

(1) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet, fair value and differences between carrying amount and fair value as of September 30, 2022 were as follows.

As of September 30, 2022	Carrying amount	Fair value	Gains (Losses)
		(Unit: million yen)	
(1) Monetary claims bought	228,030	228,030	-
(2) Money in held trust	6,414	6,414	-
(3)Securities (*2) (*3)			
a. Trading securities	897,384	897,384	-
b. Held-to-maturity	49,280	49,832	551
c. Policy-reserve-matching bonds	14,453,390	14,946,343	492,952
d. Available-for-sale securities	13,526,536	13,526,536	-
(4) Loans	2,581,289		
Reserve for possible loan losses (*4)	(2,672)		
	2,578,617	2,579,539	922
Total assets	31,739,655	32,234,081	494,426

(1) Bonds payable	368,715	344,223	(24,491)
(2) Long-term borrowings	470,600	452,583	(18,016)
Total liabilities	839,315	796,806	(42,508)
Derivative transactions (*5)			
a. Hedge accounting not applied	33,904	33,904	-
b. Hedge accounting applied	[305,628]	[304,584]	1,044
Total derivative transactions	[271,724]	[270,679]	1,044

- (*1) Cash and deposits, call loans, and payable under repurchase agreements are not included in the above tables since they are mostly short-term or without maturity, and their fair values approximate their carrying amounts.
- (*2) Net asset value of certain mutual funds is regarded as the fair value in accordance with generally accepted accounting standard, and included in the table above.
- (*3) Stocks with no market prices, etc. and ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. are as follows and are not included in the fair value of (3) Securities.

As of September 30, 2022	Carrying amount (Unit: million yen)	
Stocks with no market prices, etc.(*a)	56,826	
Ownership stakes in partnerships, etc. (*b)	708,781	

- (*a) Stocks with no market prices, etc. include unlisted stocks, etc. In accordance with Item 5 of "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No.19, March 31, 2020), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value
- (*b) Stake in the partnership, etc. are mainly anonymous associations and investment partnerships, etc. In accordance with Item 24-16 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021), these amounts are not included in disclosures of fair value.
- (*4) Excluding general reserves for possible loan losses and specific reserves for possible loan losses related to loans.
- (*5) Credits/debts from derivative transactions are presented on a net basis. Figures in [] are net debts.
- (2) Matters concerning Fair Value of Financial Instruments and breakdown by input level

The fair values of financial instruments are classified into the following three levels in accordance with the observability and significance of the inputs used to measure the fair value:

- Level 1: Fair value determined based on the observable inputs, such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Fair value determined based on observable inputs other than Level 1 inputs
- Level 3: Fair value determined based on significant unobservable inputs

If multiple inputs with a significant impact are used for the fair value measurement of a financial instrument, the financial instrument is classified into the lowest priority level of fair value measurement in which each input belongs.

(i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the interim consolidated balance sheets

As of September 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Unit: mill	ion yen)	
Monetary claims bought	-	-	228,030	228,030
Money held in trust	3,857	2,557	-	6,414
Securities(*1)				
Trading securities	499,637	373,425	24,320	897,384
Available-for-sale securities				
Government bonds	1,840,361	-	-	1,840,361
Local government bonds	-	14,174	-	14,174
Corporate bonds	-	1,177,045	9,265	1,186,311
Domestic stocks	2,993,091	-	-	2,993,091
Foreign bonds	984,168	4,742,403	175,026	5,901,599

Other foreign securities	453,326	511,012	60,943	1,025,282
Other securities	16,104	471,307	31,969	519,381
Derivative transactions				
Currency-related transactions	-	29,142	-	29,142
Interest-related transactions	-	50,383	-	50,383
Stock-related transactions	9,939	16	-	9,956
Bond-related transactions	7,011	356	-	7,367
Others	_	378	_	378
Total assets	6,807,498	7,372,204	529,557	14,709,259
Total assets Derivative transactions	6,807,498	7,372,204	529,557	14,709,259
	6,807,498	7,372,204	529,557	14,709,259 328,496
Derivative transactions	6,807,498		529,557	
Derivative transactions Currency-related transactions	6,807,498 - - 3,253	328,496	529,557	328,496
Derivative transactions Currency-related transactions Interest-related transactions		328,496 27,107	529,557 - - - -	328,496 27,107
Derivative transactions Currency-related transactions Interest-related transactions Stock-related transactions	3,253	328,496 27,107 305	529,557	328,496 27,107 3,559

^(*1) Certain Mutual funds whose net asset value are regarded as the fair value in accordance with Item 24-3 of "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No.31, June 17, 2021) are not included in the table above. The amount of such mutual funds on the interim consolidated balance sheet is ¥46,334 million. Reconciliation between the beginning and ending balance and breakdown of restriction on cancellation as of September 30,2022 have been omitted as the amount of such mutual funds is immaterial.

(ii) Financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value on the interim consolidated balance sheets

As of September 30, 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		(Unit: milli	on yen)	
Securities				
Held-to-maturity Bonds				
Government bonds	48,225	-	-	48,225
Foreign bonds	-	-	1,606	1,606
Policy-reserve-matching Bonds				
Government bonds	14,217,068	-	-	14,217,068
Local government bonds	-	100,876	-	100,876
Corporate bonds	-	558,674	-	558,674
Foreign bonds	-	69,723	-	69,723
Loans	-	-	2,579,539	2,579,539
Total assets	14,265,294	729,274	2,581,146	17,575,715
Bonds payable	-	344,223	-	344,223
Long-term borrowings	-	-	452,583	452,583
Total liabilities	-	344,223	452,583	796,806

(Note 1) Description of the evaluation methods and inputs used to measure fair value

Assets

Monetary claims bought

The fair value of monetary claims bought is based on the price presented by third parties and counterparty financial institutions. Important unobservable inputs are used for the presented price. Monetary claims bought are classified into Level 3.

Money held in trust

The fair value of money held in trust is based on the price presented by counterparty financial institutions. Money held in trust is classified into either Level 1 or Level 2, mainly based on constituents held in trust.

Securities

Securities of which the fair value is based on the quoted prices in active markets with no adjustment is classified into Level 1. That includes mainly stocks and government bonds. Securities that are based on the presented quoted prices in inactive markets are classified into Level 2.

The fair value of bonds other than bonds of which the fair values are based on the quoted prices is mainly based on the prices presented by third parties and counterparty financial institutions. These prices are the present value that is calculated by discounting future cash flows at a rate comprising a risk-free interest rate and a credit spread. In case that observable inputs are used in the calculation, the fair value is classified into Level 2. In case that unobservable inputs are used in the calculation, the fair value is classified into Level 3.

The fair value of mutual funds without market prices is based on net asset value unless there is no significant restriction on cancellation. The fair value is classified into either Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3, mainly based on constituents held in trust.

Loans

The fair value of loans is calculated by discounting future cash flows of the subject loan, using interest rates corresponding to the internal credit rating and remaining periods which are assumed to be applied to new loans to the subject borrower. Loans are classified into Level 3.

Additionally, for risk-monitored loans, reserve for possible loan losses is calculated based on the present value of estimated future cash flows or the amount deemed recoverable from collateral and guarantees and the fair value is close to the carrying amount on the consolidated balance sheet minus reserve for possible loan losses as of September 30, 2022. Therefore, that amount (the carrying amount on the interim consolidated balance sheet minus reserve for possible loan losses) is recorded as fair value for risk-monitored loans and classified into Level 3.

Also, loans without a due date because of their characteristics that their exposure is limited to the amount of their collaterals, are deemed to have fair value close to book value, taking into account estimated repayment period and interest rates. Therefore, their book value is recorded as the fair value and classified into Level 3.

Liabilities

Bonds payable

The fair value of bonds is based on the quoted price on the bond market. Bonds payable are classified into Level 2.

Long-term borrowings

The fair value of long-term borrowings is calculated by discounting future cash flows, using interest rates corresponding to the internal credit rating and remaining periods which are assumed to be applied to new borrowings. Long-term borrowings are classified into Level 3.

• Derivative Transactions

The fair value of listed derivative transactions based on the quoted prices with no adjustment in active markets is classified into Level 1. That includes mainly stock-related transactions and bond-related transactions. The fair value of listed derivative transactions based on the presented quoted prices in inactive markets are classified into Level 2.

The fair value of over-the-counter derivative transactions is based on the price presented by third parties and counterparty financial institutions. These prices are the discounted present value, and fair value based on option valuation models, etc., using input such as interest rate, foreign exchange rate, volatility, etc. The fair value of listed derivative transactions is mainly classified into Level 1. The fair value of over-the-counter derivative transactions is classified into Level 2, due to not using unobservable inputs or the immateriality of the effect of unobservable inputs.

(Note 2) Quantitative information about financial assets and liabilities measured and stated on the interim consolidated balance sheet at fair value and classified into Level 3

(i) Quantitative information on significant unobservable inputs

	Significant			
	Valuation techniques	unobservable input	Range	
Securities				
Available-for-sale securities				
Other foreign securities	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	7.68%	

(ii) Reconciliation between the beginning and ending balance, and net unrealized gains (losses) recognized in the earnings of the period

As of September 30, 2022	Beginning balance	Gain/Loss recorded in consolidated statement of earnings (*1)	Gain/Loss recorded in consolidated statement of comprehensive income (*2)	Variable amount (net amount) by purchase, sale, issue and settlement	Increase by transfer to the financial instruments of Level 3(*3)	Ending balance	Out of above "Gain/Loss recorded in consolidated statement of earnings", valuation gain/loss resulting from financial instruments held at the end of the period
			((Unit: million yer	1)		
Monetary claims bought	239,896	1,748	(4,475)	(9,137)	-	228,030	-
Securities							
Trading securities	12,612	(1,834)	-	13,543	-	24,320	(1,834)
Available-for-sale securities							
Corporate bonds	7,966	1,312	(5)	(9)	-	9,265	1,996
Foreign bonds	166,722	9,244	(1,494)	(5,017)	5,572	175,026	17,820
Other foreign securities	54,448	-	3,934	2,561	-	60,943	-
Other securities	28,543	-	3,425	(0)	-	31,969	-

^(*1) Gain/Loss recorded as investment income and investment expenses in interim consolidated statement of earnings.

(iii) Description of the fair value valuation process

The Company and its subsidiaries establish policies and procedures for calculating the fair value and classifying the fair value level in the accounting department. In accordance with these policies and procedures, investment management service department selects the fair value valuation method, and then calculates the fair value and classifies the fair value by level. The appropriateness of input, fair value valuation method and classification for this fair value are verified. In addition, when using the fair value obtained from a third party as the market price, the validity is verified by appropriate methods such as confirmation of the valuation method and inputs used and comparison with the market price of similar financial instruments.

(iv) Explanation of the sensitivity of the fair value to changes in significant unobservable input

Discount rate is an adjustment rate to the base market interest rate and adjusted by reflecting the uncertainty of cash flows and the liquidity of financial instruments. In general, a significant increase (decrease) in the discount rate results in a significant decrease (increase) in the fair value.

18. Real Estate for Rent

The information on real estate for rent has been omitted as there was no significant change in carrying amount and fair value of real estate for rent as of September 30, 2022 compared to those at the end of the previous fiscal year.

^(*2) Gain/Loss recorded in net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax of Other comprehensive income in interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

^(*3) Transfer from Level 2 to Level 3 due to the change in the observability of inputs as a result of the change in the fair value measurement method as of September 30, 2022.

19. Securities Lending

Securities lent under lending agreements are included in the consolidated balance sheet. The total balance of securities lent as of September 30, 2022 was \(\frac{1}{3}\),435,212 million.

20. Problem Loans

As of September 30, 2022, the amounts of claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk, claims that are overdue for three months or more, and claims with repayment relaxation, which were included in loans, were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors	86
Claims with collection risk	5,253
Claims that are overdue for three months or more	-
Claims with repayment relaxation	1,108
Total	6,447

Claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors are loans to borrowers who are subject to bankruptcy, corporate reorganization or rehabilitation or other similar proceedings and other borrowers in serious financial difficulties.

Claims with collection risk are loans to obligors (other than bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors) with deteriorated financial condition and results of operations from which it is unlikely that the principal and interest on the loans will be recovered.

Claims that are overdue for three months or more are loans for which payment of principal or interest is delayed for three months or more from the day following the contracted payment date. This category excludes claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors and claims with collection risk.

Claims with repayment relaxation are loans for which certain concessions favorable to the debtor, such as interest rate reduction and exemption, interest payment deferment, principal repayment deferment, debt waiver, etc., for the purpose of rebuilding or supporting the debtor. This category excludes claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors, claims with collection risk and claims that are overdue for three months or more.

As a result of the direct write-off of claims described in Note 7, the decrease in claims against bankrupt and quasi-bankrupt obligors was ¥1 million.

21. Assets and Liabilities Held in Separate Accounts

The total amount of assets held in separate accounts defined in Article 118 Paragraph 1 of the Insurance Business Act was ¥1,709,202 million. Separate account liabilities were the same amount as the separate account assets.

22. Contingent Liabilities

Guarantee for debt obligations of a separate company were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc.	250,002

23. Changes in Reserve for Policyholder Dividends

Changes in reserve for policyholder dividends were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Balance at the beginning of the fiscal year	413,222
Dividends paid during the six months	53,810
Interest accrual during the six months	4,156
Provision for reserve for policyholder dividends	43,584
Balance at the end of September 30.	407,151

24. Stock of Subsidiaries and Affiliated Companies

The amount of stocks of and stakes in non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliated companies the Company held as of September 30, 2022 were as follows:

	(Unit: million yen)
Stocks	4,988
Capital	187,231
Total	192,219

25. Organizational Change Surplus

As of September 30, 2022, the amount of organizational change surplus stipulated in Article 91 of the Insurance Business Act was ¥117,776 million.

26. Assets Pledged as Collateral / Secured Liabilities

The amounts of securities and cash and deposits pledged as collateral were as follows:

(U	nit: million yen)
Securities	1,637,027
Cash and deposits	86
Total	1,637,114

The amounts of secured liabilities were as follows:

(Unit: million yen) 1 408 136

The amounts of "Securities" pledged as collateral under repurchase agreements as of September 30, 2022 was \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{1,365,559}\) million.

27. Net Assets per Share

The amount of net assets per share of the Company as of September 30, 2022 was \(\frac{3}{3}\)18,397,470.63.

28. Securities Borrowing

Securities borrowed under borrowing agreements can be sold or pledged as collateral. As of September 30, 2022, the market value of the securities which were not sold or pledged as collateral was \(\frac{1}{2}\)7,590 million. None of the securities were pledged as collateral as of September 30, 2022.

29. Commitment Line

As of September 30, 2022, there were unused commitment line agreements, under which the Company was the lenders, of \(\xi\)51,678 million.

30. Subordinated Debt and Other Liabilities

As of September 30, 2022, other liabilities included subordinated debt of \(\frac{\pma}{4}70,600\) million, whose repayment is subordinated to other obligations.

31. Bonds Payable

As of September 30, 2022, bonds payable included foreign currency-denominated subordinated bonds of ¥368,715 million, whose repayment is subordinated to other obligations.

32. Adoption of the Group Tax Sharing System

Effective the six months ended September 30, 2022, the Company has adopted the group tax sharing system, in which Dai-ichi Life Holdings, Inc. is the tax sharing parent company. The Company has applied the accounting and disclosure treatment of corporate tax, local corporate tax and deferred tax accounting in accordance with Practical Solution on the Accounting and Disclosure Under the Group Tax Sharing System (ASBJ PITF No. 42, August 12, 2021)

III. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Accounting Policies for Premium and Other Income and Benefits and Claims for the Company

(1) Premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income)

Premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income) is recorded for insurance contracts for which insurance premium has been received and the insurer's liability under the insurance contracts has commenced by the relevant amounts received.

Of premium and other income (excluding reinsurance income), the portion corresponding to the period that has yet to pass as of September 30, 2022 is set aside as policy reserves in accordance with Article 69, Paragraph 1, Item 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

(2) Reinsurance Income

Reinsurance income is recorded as amounts equivalent to the portion reinsured under reinsurance contracts out of the amounts paid as claims, etc. under direct insurance contracts at the time when those claims, etc. are paid.

(3) Benefits and claims (excluding ceding reinsurance commissions)

Benefits and claims (excluding ceding reinsurance commissions) are recorded for contracts for which amounts calculated under policy conditions have been paid in the occurrence of insured events under the policy conditions by the relevant amounts paid.

In accordance with Article 117 of the Insurance Business Act, reserves for outstanding claims are set aside for claims, etc. for which the Company has a payment due but has not paid, or for which the occurrence of the insured events have not been reported but the Company finds that insured events have already occurred, as of September 30, 2022.

(4) Ceding reinsurance commissions

Ceding reinsurance commissions are recorded in agreed amounts in accordance with reinsurance contracts at the time either when insurance premiums under direct insurance contracts are received, or when the reinsurance contracts are entered into.

Part of policy reserves and reserves for outstanding claims corresponding to insurance contracts which have been reinsured is not set aside in accordance with Article 71, Paragraph 1 and Article 73, Paragraph 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Insurance Business Act.

2. Net Income per Share

Net income per share for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was ¥18,552,155.79. Diluted net income per share for the same period is not presented because there were no existing diluted shares.

3. Impairment Losses on Fixed Assets

Details of impairment losses on fixed assets for the six months ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

(1) Method of Grouping Assets

Real estate and other assets used for insurance business purposes are recognized as one asset group. Each property for rent and property not in use, which is not used for insurance business purposes, is deemed to be an independent asset group.

(2) Background for Recognition of Impairment Losses

As a result of significant declines in profitability or market value of some asset groups, the Company wrote down the book value of these assets to the recoverable value, and reported such write-off as impairment losses in extraordinary losses.

(3) Breakdown of Impairment Losses

Impairment losses by asset group for the six months ended September 30, 2022 were as follows:

			Impairment Losses			
Asset Group	Place	Number	Land	Buildings	Total	
			(U	nit: million yen)		
Real estate not in use	Chuo city, Tokyo prefecture and others	11	8,746	2,861	11,607	

(4) Calculation of Recoverable Value

Value in use or net sale value is used as the recoverable value of real estate for rent, and net sale value is used as the recoverable value of real estate not in use. A discount rate of 2.00% for the six months ended September 30, 2022 was applied for discounting future cash flows in the calculation of value in use. Estimated disposal value, appraisal value based on real estate appraisal standards, or appraisal value based on publicly assessed land value for tax purposes is used as the net sale value.

IV. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Scope of Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of cash flows consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition, which are readily convertible into cash and have an insignificant risk of changes in value.

V. NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET ASSETS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

1. Type and Number of Shares Outstanding

	At the beginning of the year	Increase	Decrease	As of September 30,2022
		(Unit: thous	ands shares)	
Common stock	6	-	-	6

2. <u>Dividends on Common Stock</u>

Date of resolution June 15, 2022 (at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders)

Type of shares
Common stock
Total dividends
Dividends per share
Record date
Effective date
Dividend resource

Common stock

¥199,776 million

Warch 31, 296,000

March 31, 2022

Feffective date
June 16, 2022

Retained earnings

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022
Total solvency margin (A)	6,310,480	5,620,882
Common stock, etc. *1	431,384	526,223
Reserve for price fluctuations	250,453	258,953
Contingency reserve	599,893	599,893
Catastrophe loss reserve	-	-
General reserve for possible loan losses	278	996
(Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities (before tax)	2,642,604	1,703,770
and deferred hedge gains (losses) (before tax)) \times 90% *2	2,042,004	1,703,770
Net unrealized gains (losses) on real estate × 85% *2	361,793	363,504
Sum of unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized	15,522	20,171
past service cost	2.070.201	2,000,140
Policy reserves in excess of surrender values	2,079,201	2,099,148
Qualifying subordinated debt Excluded portion of policy reserves in excess of surrender values	839,315	839,315
and qualifying subordinated debt	(769,078)	(687,123)
Excluded items	(190,520)	(188,921)
Others	49,631	84,949
Total risk $\sqrt{(\sqrt{R_1^2 + R_5^2 + R_8 + R_9})^2 + (R_2 + R_3 + R_7)^2} + R_4 + R_6$ (B)	1,369,500	1,292,818
Insurance risk R ₁	67,983	67,612
General insurance risk R ₅	-	-
Catastrophe risk R ₆	-	-
3rd sector insurance risk R ₈	158,996	155,995
Small amount and short-term R ₉	15	15
insurance risk	13	13
Assumed investment yield risk R ₂	165,744	161,651
Guaranteed minimum benefit risk R_7^{*3}	2,901	2,925
Investment risk R ₃	1,150,543	1,078,951
Business risk R ₄	30,923	29,343
Solvency margin ratio $\frac{(A)}{(1/2) \times (B)} \times 100$	921.5%	869.5%

^{*1:} Expected disbursements from capital outside the Company and accumulated other comprehensive income, etc. are excluded.

Notes: The above figures are calculated based on Article 86-2 and 88 of the Enforcement Regulations of Insurance Business Act, and Notification of the Financial Services Agency No. 23, 2011.

(8) Segment Information

The Company on a consolidated basis did not operate any businesses categorized in segments other than its own core life insurance business, and therefore segment information was omitted.

^{*2:} Multiplied by 100% if losses.

^{*3:} Calculated by standard method.

Supplementary Materials for the Six Months Ended September 30, 2022

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For further information please contact:

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The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited
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1. Securities (General Account)

(1) Breakdown of Securities

(millions of yen)

	As of Marc	h 31, 2022	As of Septem	ber 30, 2022
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
National government bonds	15,469,602	48.8	15,574,880	54.1
Local government bonds	106,012	0.3	113,114	0.4
Corporate bonds	1,827,166	5.8	1,784,315	6.2
Public entity bonds	386,821	1.2	398,013	1.4
Domestic stocks	3,292,713	10.4	3,039,725	10.6
Foreign securities	10,143,485	32.0	7,518,784	26.1
Foreign bonds	8,620,159	27.2	6,011,751	20.9
Foreign stocks and other securities	1,523,325	4.8	1,507,033	5.2
Other securities	ies 858,702 2.7 769,373		2.7	
Total	31,697,684	100.0	28,800,194	100.0

(2) Securities by Contractual Maturity Date

(millions of yen)

								(millions of yen)
		Due in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 7 years	Due after 7 years through 10 years	Due after 10 years or having no maturity date	Total
As of Marc	h 31, 2022		·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	·		
Securitie	es	400,142	1,165,600	2,561,824	1,689,698	3,011,504	22,868,914	31,697,684
	National government bonds	1,764	220,014	648,700	486,786	1,695,678	12,416,657	15,469,602
	Local government bonds	1,595	3,327	18,949	2,906	201	79,032	106,012
	Corporate bonds	79,833	194,914	306,617	141,107	127,312	977,381	1,827,166
	Domestic stocks	-	-	-	-	-	3,292,713	3,292,713
	Foreign securities	315,734	718,489	1,345,338	1,006,587	861,563	5,895,770	10,143,485
	Foreign bonds	310,447	708,595	1,290,592	914,054	724,984	4,671,486	8,620,159
	Foreign stocks and other securities	5,287	9,894	54,746	92,533	136,578	1,224,284	1,523,325
	Other securities	1,213	28,854	242,217	52,310	326,748	207,358	858,702
Monetar	ry claims bought	3,358	5,650	42,053	6,413	7,791	174,627	239,896
Certifica	ates of deposit	82,997	-	-	-	-	-	82,997
Others		-	-	-	-	-	12,164	12,164
As of Septe	ember 30, 2022							
Securitie	es	415,641	1,226,400	2,130,149	1,224,299	2,607,473	21,196,230	28,800,194
	National government bonds	49,342	284,838	670,454	358,119	1,573,397	12,638,727	15,574,880
	Local government bonds	2,778	4,987	13,404	2,906	297	88,740	113,114
	Corporate bonds	88,660	234,804	262,561	97,823	112,574	987,890	1,784,315
	Domestic stocks	-	ı	1	-	ı	3,039,725	3,039,725
	Foreign securities	274,467	652,895	957,901	664,536	736,612	4,232,372	7,518,784
	Foreign bonds	264,363	631,074	911,647	538,840	571,822	3,094,003	6,011,751
	Foreign stocks and other securities	10,103	21,821	46,253	125,695	164,789	1,138,369	1,507,033
	Other securities	392	48,875	225,827	100,913	184,592	208,773	769,373
Monetar	ry claims bought	3,359	21,053	21,516	5,216	7,101	169,783	228,030
Certifica	ates of deposit	75,997	-	-	-	-	-	75,997
Others		-	-	-	-	-	6,414	6,414

Note: The table above includes assets which are treated as securities in accordance with the "Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan (ASBJ) Statement No.10).

(millions of ven)

	(millions of y				
		As of March 31	, 2022	As of September 3	0, 2022
		Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
For	estry and fisheries	253	0.0	248	0.0
Mir	ning	200	0.0	200	0.0
Cor	nstruction	106,940	3.2	99,923	3.3
Ma	nufacturing industries				
	Food products	193,957	5.9	198,517	6.5
	Textiles and clothing	19,699	0.6	20,485	0.7
	Pulp and paper	2,935	0.1	2,732	0.1
	Chemicals	172,474	5.2	167,570	5.5
	Medical supplies	74,608	2.3	93,682	3.1
	Oil and coal products	3,357	0.1	3,495	0.1
	Rubber products	15,131	0.5	16,350	0.5
	Glass and stone products	97,476	3.0	105,074	3.5
	Steel	44,293	1.3	32,510	1.1
	Non-steel metals	11,202	0.3	10,859	0.4
	Metal products	32,942	1.0	29,898	1.0
	Machinery	228,622	6.9	193,172	6.4
	Electric appliances	734,986	22.3	611,579	20.1
	Transportation vehicles	186,635	5.7	162,970	5.4
	Precision instruments	151,965	4.6	162,549	5.3
	Others	75,665	2.3	75,494	2.5
Ele	ctric and gas utilities	38,835	1.2	39,996	1.3
Tra	nsportation and communications industries	-			
	Ground transportation	203,888	6.2	210,355	6.9
	Water transportation	29	0.0	26	0.0
	Air transportation	2,963	0.1	3,195	0.1
	Warehouses	4,390	0.1	4,214	0.1
	Telecommunications	91,986	2.8	91,066	3.0
Coı	nmerce	<u> </u>		_	
	Wholesale	139,254	4.2	124,877	4.1
	Retail	114,287	3.5	114,189	3.8
Fin	ancial industries	L			
	Banks	156,537	4.8	155,443	5.1
	Security and trading companies	1,266	0.0	999	0.0
	Insurance	4,682	0.1	5,854	0.2
	Other	26,304	0.8	28,248	0.9
Rea	ıl estate	16,760	0.5	17,664	0.6
	vice	338,176	10.3	256,276	8.4
Tot		3,292,713	100.0	3,039,725	100.0

Note: Industry categories above are based on classification by Securities Identification Code Committee.

2. Loans (General Account)

(1) Loans by Contractual Maturity Dates

(millions of yen)

		Due in 1 year or less	Due after 1 year through 3 years	Due after 3 years through 5 years	Due after 5 years through 7 years	Due after 7 years through 10 years	Due after 10 years or having no maturity date	Total
As	As of March 31, 2022							
	Floating-rate loans	19,772	49,016	29,451	29,680	20,297	341,605	489,825
	Fixed-rate loans	326,399	339,132	394,564	202,637	181,428	365,696	1,809,860
	Total	346,171	388,148	424,015	232,317	201,725	707,301	2,299,685
As	of September 30, 2022							
	Floating-rate loans	14,274	59,087	41,160	62,987	36,132	339,162	552,804
	Fixed-rate loans	344,430	287,202	388,484	223,799	162,635	360,271	1,766,823
	Total	358,704	346,290	429,644	286,787	198,767	699,434	2,319,628

(2) Loans to Domestic Companies by Company Size

(millions of ven except number of borrowers)

(minions of yen except number of borrowers)						
		As of March 31, 2022		As of Septem	ber 30, 2022	
			%		%	
Large corporations	Number of borrowers	205	60.1	202	60.1	
Large corporations	Amount of loans	1,625,276	81.9	1,590,489	81.7	
Medium-sized	Number of borrowers	7	2.1	6	1.8	
corporations	Amount of loans	4,477	0.2	4,298	0.2	
Small-sized corporations	Number of borrowers	129	37.8	128	38.1	
Sman-sized corporations	Amount of loans	354,972	17.9	351,457	18.1	
Total	Number of borrowers	341	100.0	336	100.0	
Total	Amount of loans	1,984,726	100.0	1,946,246	100.0	

- Note: 1. Categorization by company size is based on the following criteria:
 - (1) Large corporations include corporations with paid-in capital of at least ¥1 billion and more than 300 employees (more than 50 employees in the case of retailers and restaurants; more than 100 employees in the case of service companies and wholesalers).
 - (2) Medium-sized corporations include corporations with paid-in capital of more than ¥300 million and less than ¥1 billion (more than ¥50 million and less than ¥1 billion in the case of retailers, restaurants and service companies; more than ¥100 million and less than ¥1 billion in the case of wholesalers) and more than 300 employees (more than 50 employees in the case of retailers and restaurants; more than 100 employees in the case of service companies and wholesalers).
 - (3) Small corporations include all other corporations.
 - $2. \ \mbox{Number}$ of borrowers does not equal the number of loan transactions.

(3) Loans by Collateral Type

(millions of ven)

(minions of yen)						
		As of Marc	ch 31, 2022	As of September 30, 2022		
		Carrying	, c		%	
		amount		amount		
Sec	cured loans	2,360	0.1	2,272	0.1	
	Stocks and other securities	1,354	0.1	1,255	0.1	
	Real and personal estate	1,006	0.0	1,017	0.0	
	Others	-	-	=	=	
Gu	arantees	90,063	3.9	88,250	3.8	
Un	secured loans	2,207,261	96.0	2,229,104	96.1	
Otł	ners	-	-	-	-	
Tot	al loans	2,299,685	100.0	2,319,628	100.0	
	Subordinated loans	222,562	9.7	229,625	9.9	

Note: Policy loans are excluded.

(millions of yen)

				llions of y
	As of March 31	, 2022	As of September	30, 202
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
mestic				
Manufacturing industries	248,359	10.8	224,904	9
Foodstuffs and beverages	34,113	1.5	29,665	1
Textile products	1,710	0.1	1,748	C
Lumber and wood products	500	0.0	500	(
Pulp, paper and paper products	11,600	0.5	10,510	(
Printing	20,000	0.9	18,750	(
Chemical and allied products	35,740	1.6	35,492	
Petroleum refining	3,680	0.2	2,090	(
Ceramic, stone and clay products	18,678	0.8	18,642	(
Iron and steel	53,243	2.3	44,241	
Non-ferrous metals and products	3,397	0.1	4,348	(
Fabricated metal products	957	0.0	1,000	(
General-purpose and production- and business-oriented machinery	23,105	1.0	23,290	
Electrical machinery equipment and supplies	14,396	0.6	14,230	(
Transportation equipment	17,707	0.8	15,691	(
Miscellaneous manufacturing industries	9,531	0.4	4,703	(
Agriculture and forestry	-	-	-	
Fishery	-	-	-	
Mining and quarrying of stone and gravel	-	-	-	
Construction	14,515	0.6	14,500	(
Electricity, gas, heat supply and water	461,963	20.1	462,625	1
Information and communications	65,798	2.9	67,255	
Transport and postal activities	246,048	10.7	235,925	10
Wholesale trade	270,789	11.8	260,433	1
Retail trade	9,999	0.4	8,996	
Finance and insurance	587,693	25.6	594,246	2:
Real estate	142,348	6.2	144,434	
Goods rental and leasing	94,500	4.1	89,472	
Scientific research, professional and technical services	4,450	0.2	4,450	
Accommodations	-	-	-	
Eating and drinking services	-	-	-	
Living-related and personal services and amusement services	8,822	0.4	11,002	
Education, learning support	-	-	-	
Medical, health care and welfare	1,000	0.0	2,470	
Other services	3,607	0.2	3,154	
Local governments	14,367	0.6	13,186	
Individuals	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	
Total domestic	2,174,266	94.5	2,137,058	9
eign	•			
Governments	4,600	0.2	4,708	
Financial institutions	-	-	-	
Commercial and industrial	120,819	5.3	177,861	
Total foreign	125,419	5.5	182,569	
al	2,299,685	100.0	2,319,628	10

Note: 1. Policy loans are excluded.

^{2.} Domestic industry categories above are based on classification used by Bank of Japan in survey of loans.

3. Foreign Investments (General Account)

(1) Breakdown of Investment by Asset Category

A. Assets denominated in foreign currency

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2	022	As of September 30, 2022			
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%		
Foreign bonds	7,915,570	71.4	5,145,024	61.6		
Foreign stocks	1,247,213	11.2	1,151,835	13.8		
Cash, cash equivalents and other assets	358,127	3.2	409,787	4.9		
Sub-total Sub-total	9,520,911	85.8	6,706,646	80.3		

B. Assets swapped into yen

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2	022	As of September 30.	, 2022
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
Foreign bonds	-	-	-	-
Cash, cash equivalents and other assets	249,723	2.3	146,646	1.8
Sub-total	249,723	2.3	146,646	1.8

C. Assets denominated in yen

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2	022	As of September 30, 2022		
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%	
Loans to borrowers outside Japan	32,479	0.3	35,607	0.4	
Foreign bonds and others	1,289,699	11.6	1,462,057	17.5	
Sub-total	1,322,179	11.9	1,497,664	17.9	

D. Total

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2	As of March 31, 2022 As of September 30,		
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
Foreign investments	11,092,814	100.0	8,350,957	100.0

Note: Assets swapped into yen are assets whose settlement amounts are fixed into yen by foreign currency forward contracts and other agreements and which are reported in the yen amounts on the balance sheets.

(2) Foreign Currency-Denominated Assets by Currency

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2	022	As of September 30, 2022		
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%	
U.S. dollar	4,767,764	50.1	3,272,189	48.8	
Euro	2,043,939	21.5	1,508,607	22.5	
Australian dollar	1,164,665	12.2	908,291	13.5	
Canadian dollar	511,586	5.4	337,683	5.0	
Chinese yuan	233,784	2.5	192,508	2.9	
British pound	323,165	3.4	179,249	2.7	
New Zealand dollar	101,797	1.1	96,818	1.4	
Total (including others not listed above)	9,520,911	100.0	6,706,646	100.0	

(3) Investments by Region

/ .1	1.	c	
(mil	lions	of v	en)

	Foreign secur	ritios					Loans to borrower	s located
	Foreign secur	ities	Bonds		Stocks and other se	ecurities	outside Japa	an
	Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount % C		Carrying amount	%	Carrying amount	%
As of March 31, 2022								
North America	4,295,205	42.3	3,655,019	42.4	640,186	42.0	17,033	13.6
Europe	2,997,139	29.5	2,582,955	30.0	414,183	27.2	40,033	31.9
Oceania	930,971	9.2	900,036	10.4	30,935	2.0	42,960	34.3
Asia	433,859	4.3	330,364	3.8	103,495	6.8	8,006	6.4
Latin America	1,273,940	12.6	939,677	10.9	334,263	21.9	17,385	13.9
Middle East	261	0.0	-	-	261	0.0	-	-
Africa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
International organizations	212,106	2.1	212,106	2.5	-	-	-	ı
Total	10,143,485	100.0	8,620,159	100.0	1,523,325	100.0	125,419	100.0
As of September 30, 20)22							
North America	2,782,337	37.0	2,187,185	36.4	595,151	39.5	34,300	18.8
Europe	2,151,904	28.6	1,751,088	29.1	400,816	26.6	57,488	31.5
Oceania	773,605	10.3	744,144	12.4	29,460	2.0	66,230	36.3
Asia	336,350	4.5	253,868	4.2	82,482	5.5	8,745	4.8
Latin America	1,292,251	17.2	893,392	14.9	398,859	26.5	15,804	8.7
Middle East	261	0.0	-	-	261	0.0	-	-
Africa	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-
International organizations	182,071	2.4	182,071	3.0	-	-	-	-
Total	7,518,784	100.0	6,011,751	100.0	1,507,033	100.0	182,569	100.0

Note: Categorization of region is generally based on nationalities of issuers or borrowers.

4. Fair Value Information on Derivative Transactions (General Account)

(1) Gains and losses on derivatives (Hedge-Accounting-Applied and Not-Applied)

(millions of yen)

As of March 31, 2022						As of September 30, 2022						
	Interest- related	Currency- related	Stock- related	Bond- related	Others	Total	Interest- related	Currency- related	Stock- related	Bond- related	Others	Total
Hedge accounting applied	68	(477,894)	-			(477,826)	(25,264)	(279,319)	-	-	-	(304,584)
Hedge accounting not applied	16,630	(15,307)	(10,220)	(3,224)	130	(11,991)	43,156	(7,384)	885	(1,511)	(84)	35,061
Total	16,699	(493,202)	(10,220)	(3,224)	130	(489,817)	17,891	(286,703)	885	(1,511)	(84)	(269,522)

Note: Regarding the table above, following figures are reported in the statements of earnings:

As of March 31, 2022: gains/losses from derivatives with hedge accounting (fair value hedge method) applied (currency-related, loss of 464,255 million yen), and gains/losses from derivatives with hedge accounting not applied (loss of 11,991 million yen), totaling loss of 476,246 million yen.

As of September 30, 2022: gains/losses from derivatives with hedge accounting (fair value hedge method) applied (currency-related, loss of 255,686 million yen) and gains/losses from derivatives with hedge accounting not applied (gain of 35,061 million yen), totaling loss of 220,624 million yen.

(2) Fair value information (Hedge-Accounting-Not-Applied)

① Interest-related transactions

(millions of yen)

		As of March	31, 2022			As of Septem	ber 30, 2022	
	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)
Over-the-counter transactions								
Yen interest rate swaps								
Receipts fixed, payments floating	10,150	10,150	163	163	10,000	10,000	(338)	(338)
Receipts floating, payments fixed	10,000	10,000	(163)	(163)	13,750	13,750	684	684
Yen interest rate swaption								
Sold								
Receipts fixed, payments floating	-	-			60,000	60,000		
	[-]	[-]	-	-	[211]	[211]	169	41
Receipts floating, payments fixed	-	-			60,000	60,000		
	[-]	[-]	-	-	[211]	[211]	246	(34)
Bought								
Receipts fixed, payments floating	-	-			6,000	6,000		
	[-]	[-]	-	-	[201]	[201]	186	(14)
Receipts floating, payments fixed	1,340,000	1,030,000			886,000	761,000		
	[7,698]	[7,216]	24,329	16,630	[6,687]	[5,694]	49,504	42,817
Total				16,630				43,156

Note: 1. Figures in [] are option premiums which are included in the balance sheets.

(Reference) Interest rate swaps by contractual maturity dates

(millions of yen, percentage)

						(minions or yen	, percentage)
	l year or shorter	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years to 7 years	Over 7 years to 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
As of March 31, 2022							
Yen interest rate swaps							
Notional amount (receipts fixed, payments floating)	-	150	-	-	-	10,000	10,150
Average fixed rate (receipt)	-	0.16	-	-	-	0.64	0.63
Average floating rate (payment)	-	0.07	-	-	-	(0.06)	(0.06)
Notional amount (receipts floating, payments fixed)	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	10,000
Average fixed rate (payment)	-	-	-	-	-	0.64	0.64
Average floating rate (receipt)	-	-	-	-	1	(0.06)	(0.06)
Total	-	150	-	-	-	20,000	20,150
As of September 30, 2022							
Yen interest rate swaps							
Notional amount (receipts fixed, payments floating)	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	10,000
Average fixed rate (receipt)	-	-	-	-	-	0.64	0.64
Average floating rate (payment)	-	-	-	-	-	0.09	0.09
Notional amount (receipts floating, payments fixed)	-	-	-	-	-	13,750	13,750
Average fixed rate (payment)	-	-	-	-	-	0.68	0.68
Average floating rate (receipt)	_	-	-	-	-	0.07	0.07
Total	-	-	-	-	-	23,750	23,750

^{2.} Fair value for swaps, and differences between the option premiums paid/received and fair value of the option for option transactions, are shown in "Gains (losses)".

(millions of yen)

	As o	of March 31,	2022	As of	September 30), 2022
	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)
Over-the-counter transactions						
Currency swaps U.S. dollar	14,205	(1,522)	(1,522)	14,205	(3,252)	(3,252)
Currency forward contracts						
Sold	408,500	(10,982)	(10,982)	451,794	(6,677)	(6,677)
U.S. dollar	163,173	(1,346)	(1,346)	164,296	(4,716)	(4,716)
Euro	13,396	(654)	(654)	107,132	(1,978)	(1,978)
Australian dollar	76,742	(5,487)	(5,487)	77,315	14	14
British pound	31,680	(1,432)	(1,432)	56,541	(0)	(0)
Canadian dollar	19,540	(960)	(960)	14,315	(180)	(180)
Others	103,967	(1,100)	(1,100)	32,192	185	185
Bought	265,622	(2,458)	(2,458)	214,496	2,545	2,545
U.S. dollar	165,748	(3,600)	(3,600)	139,469	2,876	2,876
Euro	28,075	729	729	32,002	(78)	(78)
British pound	9,265	44	44	21,016	36	36
Australian dollar	12,083	5	5	9,998	(214)	(214)
Canadian dollar	_	-	_	2,189	-	-
Others	50,449	361	361	9,819	(75)	(75)
Currency options						
Sold						
Put	10,561			-		
	[227]	66	160	[-]	-	-
Euro	10,561			-		
	[227]	66	160	[-]	-	-
Call	10,581			-		
	[-]	-	-	[-]	-	-
U.S. dollar	10,581			-		
	[-]	-	-	[-]	-	-
Bought						
Put	239,967			-		
	[837]	333	(503)	[-]	-	-
U.S. dollar	130,202			-		
	[256]	0	(256)	[-]	-	-
Euro	109,765			-		
	[580]	333	(246)	[-]	-	-
Call	52,905			-		
	[-]	-	-	[-]	-	-
U.S. dollar	52,905			-		
	[-]	-	-	[-]	-	-
Total			(15,307)			(7,384)
1 0 0 0 1			(15,507)			(7,504)

Note: 1. Figures in $[\]$ are option premiums which are included in the balance sheets.

^{2.} Forward exchange rates are used for exchange rates as of period ends.

^{3.} Fair value for forward contracts, and differences between the option premiums paid/received and fair value of the option for option transactions, are shown in "Gains (losses)".

^{4.} There were no transactions with a maturity of more than one year in the table above.

(millions of yen)

	As	of March 31, 2	022	As of September 30, 2022			
	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)	
Exchange-traded transactions					•		
Yen stock index futures							
Sold	28,465	(2,931)	(2,931)	-	-	-	
Bought	-	-	-	9,993	(666)	(666)	
Foreign currency-denominated							
stock index futures							
Sold	31,036	(2,789)	(2,789)	19,930	1,658	1,658	
Yen stock index options Bought							
Put	316,049			307,768			
	[6,479]	2,919	(3,559)	,	5,117	195	
Foreign currency-denominated							
stock index options							
Bought							
Put	31,983			-			
	[1,591]	650	(940)	[-]	-	-	
Over-the-counter transactions					•		
Equity forward contracts							
Sold	-	-	-	8,283	(302)	(302)	
Total			(10.220)			005	
Total			(10,220)			885	

Note: 1. Figures in [] are option premiums which are included in the balance sheets.

2. Fair value for futures and forward contracts, and differences between the option premiums paid/received and fair value of the option for option transactions, are shown in "Gains (losses)".

3. There were no transactions with maturity of more than one year in the table above.

④Bond-related transactions

(millions of yen)

	As of March 31, 2022			As of	, 2022	
	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Fair value	Gains (losses)
Exchange-traded transactions						
Yen bond futures						
Sold	25,398	99	99	-	-	-
Bought	3,606	(13)	(13)	-	-	-
Foreign currency-denominated bond futures						
Sold	316,975	10,921	10,921	220,820	5,374	5,374
Bought	432,600	(12,578)	(12,578)	193,625	(6,694)	(6,694)
Over-the-counter transactions						
Foreign currency-denominated						
bond forward contracts						
Sold	87,693	2,357	2,357	3,858	160	160
Bought	126,811	(3,872)	(3,872)	3,704	(185)	(185)
Yen bond OTC options Sold						
Call	19,200			30,442		
	[48]	16	31	[26]	47	(21)
Put	41,988			109,522		
	[181]	246	(64)	[557]	493	64
Bought						
Call	41,988			109,522		
	[154]	41	(112)	[513]	316	(196)
Put	19,200			30,442		
	[53]	60	7	[32]	20	(12)
Total			(3,224)			(1,511)

Note: 1. Figures in [] are option premiums which are included in the balance sheets.
2. Fair value for futures and forward contracts, and differences between the option premiums paid/received and fair value of the option for option transactions, are shown in "Gains (losses)".

3. There were no transactions with maturity of more than one year in the table above.

(5) Others

(millions of yen)

		As of March	31, 2022		As of September 30, 2022				
	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)	
Over-the-counter transactions									
Credit default swaps									
Protection sold	9,200	7,200	150	150	42,400	28,350	(28)	(28)	
Protection bought	3,000	-	(20)	(20)	11,000	8,000	(56)	(56)	
Total				130				(84)	

Note: Fair value is shown in "Gains (losses)".

(3) Fair value information (Hedge-Accounting-Applied)

① Interest-related transactions

(millions of yen)

				As of Marc	ch 31, 2022		As of September 30, 2022			
Type of hedge accounting	Type of hedge	Hedged items	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)
	Yen interest rate swaps									
Deferral hedge	Receipts fixed, payments floating	Loans	14,600	10,600	(34)	(34)	10,600	10,600	(106)	(106)
	Receipts fixed, payments floating	Insurance liabilities	700,000	700,000	(481)	(481)	700,000	700,000	(26,202)	(26,202)
	Yen interest rate swaps									
Special hedge accounting for	Receipts fixed, payments floating	Loans	8,300	8,300	81	81	8,300	2,300	63	63
interest rate swaps	Receipts floating, payments fixed	Loans payable	325,000	181,000	503	503	325,000	181,000	981	981
Total						68				(25,264)

Note: Fair value is shown in "Gains (losses)".

(Reference) Interest rate swaps by contractual maturity dates

(millions of yen, percentage)

	1 year or shorter	Over 1 year to 3 years	Over 3 years to 5 years	Over 5 years to 7 years	Over 7 years to 10 years	Over 10 years	Total
As of March 31, 2022							
Notional amount (receipts fixed, payments floating)	4,000	6,000	2,900	10,000	-	700,000	722,900
Average fixed rate (receipt)	0.12	(0.02)	0.97	0.10	-	0.47	0.46
Average floating rate (payment)	0.07	0.10	0.07	0.00	-	0.06	0.06
Notional amount (receipts floating, payments fixed)	144,000	-	181,000	-	-	-	325,000
Average fixed rate (payment)	0.42	-	0.09	-	-	-	0.23
Average floating rate (receipt)	0.13	-	0.13	1	-	1	0.13
Total	148,000	6,000	183,900	10,000	-	700,000	1,047,900
As of September 30, 2022							
Notional amount (receipts fixed, payments floating)	6,000	-	2,900	10,000	-	700,000	718,900
Average fixed rate (receipt)	(0.02)	-	0.97	0.10	-	0.47	0.46
Average floating rate (payment)	0.10	-	0.06	(0.01)	-	0.10	0.09
Notional amount (receipts floating, payments fixed)	144,000	-	181,000	-	-	-	325,000
Average fixed rate (payment)	0.42	-	0.09	-	-	-	0.23
Average floating rate (receipt)	0.14	-	0.14	ı	-	1	0.14
Total	150,000	-	183,900	10,000	-	700,000	1,043,900

(millions of yen)

				As of March	31, 2022		As of September 30, 2022					
Type of hedge accounting	Туре	Hedged item	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)	Notional amount/ contract value	Over 1 year	Fair value	Gains (losses)		
Deferral hedge	Currency swaps	Foreign currency-	192,809	175,356	(13,639)	(13,639)	231,114	218,078	(23,633)	(23,633)		
	U.S. dollar	denominated	115,499	104,077	(8,735)	(8,735)	143,705	143,504	(22,624)	(22,624)		
	Euro	bonds	65,382	59,351	(4,488)	(4,488)	67,530	54,696	(3,479)	(3,479)		
	British pound		11,927	11,927	(415)	(415)	19,877	19,877	2,470	2,470		
Fair value hedge	Currency forward contracts Sold U.S. dollar Euro Australian dollar Canadian dollar British pound Others Bought Euro U.S. dollar Australian dollar British pound Canadian dollar Others	Foreign currency-denominated bonds	5,839,213 2,940,436 1,302,139 806,327 412,680 154,103 223,525 151,085 477 109,969 10,488 618 7,823 21,707	- - - - - - - - - -	(474,485) (273,968) (47,364) (92,374) (34,194) (9,791) (16,791) 10,230 22 7,484 475 3 160 2,082	(273,968) (47,364) (92,374) (34,194) (9,791)			(268,787) (223,214) (45,610) 689 (2,230) 152 1,426 13,100 5,920 7,223 (55) 12	(268,787) (223,214) (45,610) 689 (2,230) 152 1,426 13,100 5,920 7,223 (55) 12		
Currency allotment method	Currency forward contracts Sold U.S. dollar Others Currency swaps U.S. dollar	Foreign currency-denominated term deposits Foreign currency-denominated bonds payable	223,000 73,000 150,000 368,715 368,715	368,715 368,715	- - - -	- - - -	123,000 73,000 50,000 368,715 368,715	368,715 368,715		- - -		
	Currency swaps U.S. dollar Euro	Foreign currency- denominated loans	26,877 24,491 2,385	23,608 23,608	-	-	23,923 23,923	13,335 13,335	-	-		
Total						(477,894)				(279,319)		

Note: 1. Forward exchange rates are used for exchange rates as of period end.

The Company held no derivative transactions other than ① and ② as of March 31, 2022 or September 30, 2022.

Therefore no information for ③ Stock-related transactions, ④ Bond-related transactions and ⑤ Others is provided in the report.

^{2.} Each of currency forward contracts and currency swaps other than those which deferral hedge method or fair value hedge method is applied to is recorded as the combined amount of such currency forward contract or currency swap and its corresponding hedged item (foreign currency-denominated term deposit, foreign currency-denominated bond payable and foreign currency-denominated loan). Therefore, the fair value of such hedging instruments is included in the fair value of such foreign currency-denominated term deposits, foreign currency-denominated bonds payable and foreign currency-denominated loans.

^{3.} Fair value for forward contracts and currency swaps are shown in "Gains (losses)", except for those to which Note 2 is applied.