Presentation Material for the First Three Quarters of FY2022 (Ending December 31, 2022)

November 10, 2022



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Business Results for the First Three Quarters of FY2022

• In addition to increases in sales and gross profit from for-sale condominiums and property sales to investors, solid performance of leasing of buildings, recording a share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in overseas businesses, etc. resulted in increased revenue and profit.

Topics

- Completed the Tokyo Tatemono Shijo Karasuma Building EAST, the first new office building in the Shijo Karasuma of Kyoto for approximately 10 years (August)
- Completed the Sustainable Setup Office on the 12th floor of Tokyo Square Garden (September)
- Opened xBridge-Global, a new hub for global startup companies (October)
- GRESB Real Estate Assessment results: received the top-rated "5-star" for the sixth consecutive year, selected for the first time as a "Sector Leader" (October)

Consolidated Statement of Income for the First Three Quarters of FY2022



In addition to increases in sales and gross profit from for-sale condominiums and property sales to investors, solid
performance of leasing of buildings, recording a share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in
overseas businesses, etc. resulted in increased revenue and profit.

2022/8 Announced

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 3Q actual | 2022/12 3Q actual | Increase/ Decrease | Main factors for increase/decrease | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Achievement rate |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Operating revenue | 223.1 | 268.4 | 45.2 | | 355.0 | 76% |
| Commercial properties | 93.8 | 114.6 | 20.7 | | 148.0 | 77% |
| Residential | 83.3 | 99.6 | 16.3 | | 131.0 | 76% |
| Asset service | 30.5 | 37.0 | 6.4 | | 53.5 | 69% |
| Other | 15.3 | 17.0 | 1.7 | | 22.5 | 76% |
| Operating profit | 41.6 | 55.0 | 13.4 | Operating revenue; Business profit | 61.5 | 90% |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | 0.1 | 3.0 | 2.9 | See Business Results by Segment | 3.0 | 102% |
| Business profit* | 41.7 | 58.0 | 16.3 | | 64.5 | 90% |
| Commercial properties | 30.3 | 33.7 | 3.4 | | 40.5 | 83% |
| Residential | 14.2 | 20.9 | 6.6 | | 23.0 | 91% |
| Asset service | 2.6 | 5.4 | 2.8 | | 7.0 | 78% |
| Other | 1.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 | | 4.0 | 125% |
| Elimination/Corporate | (6.6) | (7.0) | (0.3) | | (10.0) | _ |
| Non-operating income | 4.0 | 7.0 | 3.0 | Recording of share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method, etc. | 7.5 | 94% |
| Non-operating expenses | 6.5 | 5.4 | (1.0) | Effects of hybrid bond issuance costs posted in the previous period, etc. | 7.5 | 72% |
| Interest expense | 5.0 | 4.5 | (0.4) | | | |
| Ordinary profit | 39.1 | 56.6 | 17.5 | | 61.5 | 92% |
| Extraordinary income | 7.2 | 0.4 | (6.7) | Decrease in gain on sales of investment securities, etc. | 2.0 | 22% |
| Extraordinary loss | 0.3 | 0.3 | (0.0) | | 2.0 | 17% |
| Profit before income taxes | 46.0 | 56.7 | 10.7 | | 61.5 | 92% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 31.4 | 39.3 | 7.9 | | 41.5 | 95% |

^{*} Business profit = Operating profit + Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

Consolidated Balance Sheet for the First Three Quarters of FY2022



 Total assets increased by ¥24.3 billion due to an increase in real estate for sale as a result of the acquisition of land for development of properties for sale to investors.

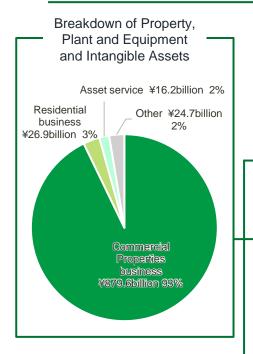
| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12-end | 2022/9-end | Increase/ Decrease | Main factors for increase/decrease |
|---|-------------|------------|-----------------------|--|
| Total assets | 1,650.7 | 1,675.0 | 24.3 | |
| Current assets | 481.2 | 502.0 | 20.7 | •Real estate for sale Increased as a result of further acquisition of land for development of logistics properties, |
| Cash and deposits | 87.0 | 66.2 | (20.7) | commercial facilities, and for-sale condominiums despite the progress in sales of for-sale condominiums and property sales to investors. |
| Real estate for sale | 344.2 | 384.7 | 40.5 | condominating and property sales to investors. |
| Other | 49.9 | 50.9 | 0.9 | |
| Non-current assets | 1,169.5 | 1,173.0 | 3.5 | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 813.2 | 814.9 | 1.6 | |
| Intangible assets | 130.8 | 132.8 | 1.9 | |
| Investments and other assets | 225.4 | 225.3 | (0.0) | |
| Total liabilities | 1,223.1 | 1,217.3 | (5.7) | ·Interest-bearing debt |
| Interest-bearing debt | 956.8 | 940.1 | (16.6) | Decrease due to repayments of borrowings, etc. |
| Other liabilities | 266.2 | 277.1 | 10.9 | |
| Total net assets | 427.6 | 457.7 | 30.1 | ·Shareholders' equity |
| Shareholders' equity | 324.9 | 344.4 | 19.4 | Profit attributable to owners of parent +¥39.3 billion, dividends paid -¥11.7 billion, land |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 92.0 | 102.8 | 10.7 | reevaluation reversal -¥8.2 billion •Accumulated other comprehensive income |
| Non-controlling interests | 10.6 | 10.4 | (0.1) | Revaluation difference for land +¥8.2 billion |
| | | | | |
| Capital adequacy ratio | 25.3% | 26.7% | 1.4p | |
| Debt equity ratio*1 | 2.3 | 2.1 | (0.2) | Net debt equity ratio: 2.0x |
| Interest-bearing debt / EBITDA multiple*2 | 13.3 | - | - | |

^{*1} Debt equity ratio = Interest-bearing debt / Equity capital

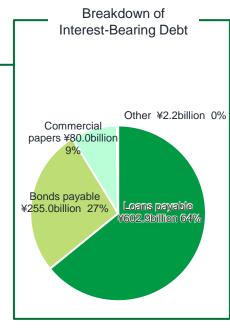
^{*2} Interest-bearing debt / EBITDA multiple = Interest-bearing debt / (Operating income + Interest & dividend income + Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + Depreciation expense + Goodwill amortization expense)

Consolidated Balance Sheet for the First Three Quarters of FY2022

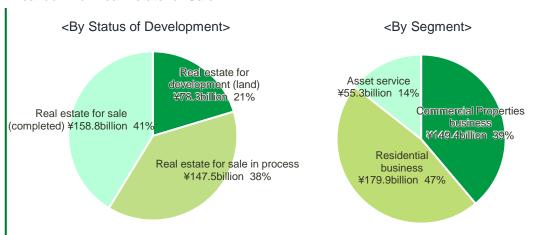




| Total assets: ¥1,675.0 billion | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|--|---------|--|
| Current assets | 502.0 | Liabilities | 1,217.3 | |
| Cash and deposits | 66.2 | Interest-bearing debt | 940.1 | |
| Real estate for sale | 384.7 | Loans payable | 602.9 | |
| Real estate for sale | 158.8 | Bonds payable | 255.0 | |
| Real estate for sale in process | 147.5 | Commercial papers | 80.0 | |
| Real estate for development | 78.3 | Other | 2.2 | |
| Other | 50.9 | Other liabilities | 277.1 | |
| Non-current assets | 1,173.0 | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 814.9 | | | |
| Intangible assets | 132.8 | | | |
| Investments and other assets | 225.3 | Net assets | 457.7 | |
| | | Shareholders' equity | 344.4 | |
| | | Accumulated other comprehensive income | 102.8 | |
| | | Non-controlling interests | 10.4 | |



Breakdown of Real Estate for Sale



Status of Debt Equity Ratio

| | 2022/9-end | | |
|-------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | | Taking into account hybrid loans/bonds ^{*3} | |
| Debt equity ratio*1 | 2.1x | 1.7x | |
| Net debt equity ratio*2 | 2.0x | 1.6x | |

- *1 Debt equity ratio = Interest-bearing debt / Equity capital
- *2 Net debt equity ratio = (Interest-bearing debt Cash and deposits) / Equity capital
- *3 Calculated by taking into account the total equity credit of ¥60 billion concerning ¥120 billion of the total amount procured from the hybrid bonds payable

Balance of Real Estate for Sale



- In the first three quarters, the balance of real estate for sale increased to ¥384.7 billion as a result of further
 acquisition of land for logistics properties, commercial facilities, and for-sale condominiums despite the progress in
 sales of for-sale condominiums and property sales to investors.
 - (An increase of ¥40.5 billion from the end of the previous fiscal year.)
- Properties for sale to investors increased by approximately ¥40.0 billion to approximately ¥425.0 billion based on decisions made.
 - Condominiums for sale of approximately 9,100 units were secured with steady increase in land bank.

Property sales to investors <Balance of Real Estate for Sale> (Commercial properties, for-rent condominiums, asset (Unit: ¥ billion) solution) Balance of real Total investment Asset type, etc. Segment ◆ Total investment amount*¹(based on decisions made): amount*1 estate for sale Approx. ¥425.0 billion (up ¥40.0 billion from the end of 2021) Logistics, hotels, retail Commercial 149.4 Approx. 295.0 \rightarrow p.15 facilities and offices ⇒Estimated gain on sale*2: Approx. ¥87.0 billion properties Approx. 70.0 \rightarrow p.26 For-rent condominiums 40.8 Residential [Projects to be acquired in 2022] 5 logistics properties, 2 commercial facilities, 1 midsized office, 9 for-rent condominiums, 14 asset Asset solution Asset service 55.3 55.3 →p.28 solutions Properties for sale to investors 245.7 Approx. 425.0 [Projects already sold in 2022] 1 office, 1 logistics property, For-sale condominiums, etc. 139.0 5 for-rent condominiums, 16 asset solutions For-sale condominiums Transfer from non-current assets to real estate for sale ◆ Land bank (including 1,450 units scheduled to be End of 2018 posted in 2022): End of 2019 End of 2020 Offices and condominiums for Approx. 9,100 units (1,300 units acquired Offices: approx. ¥10 billion Offices: approx. ¥24 billion rent: Senior residences: ¥13 billion in FY2022 3Q total) Total of approx. ¥ 35.0 billion

^{*1} Calculated by aggregating total investment amount, in which construction costs, etc. that arise after the acquisition are added to the book value of each property at the time of acquisition.

^{*2} Calculated by subtracting the "total investment amount" from the total estimated sales amount, which is provisionally calculated based on the estimated income and expenditure and the estimated cap rate at the time of sale for the property assumed to be sold.Copyright © Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Assessment of the Market Environment and Future Policies



- It is necessary to monitor events that have an impact on profitability such as rising construction costs and energy costs.
- In the real estate trading market, investors continue to be eager to invest in real estate.

 Profitability of acquisitions of and investments in new projects is determined by taking into account the trend of rising prices.
- We will promote the planning of new products with a view to diversification of work styles and living styles based on changes in the external environment centered on the Commercial Properties business and Residential business.

Recognition of the overall business environment and impact on the Company

| | iont and impact on the company | • |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| Construction expenses | The trend of rising construction expenses continues. Acquired projects Started: Almost no impact. Before starting: Construction expenses are rising compared to when the sites were acquired. We will focus on cost management and endeavor to secure the initially anticipated profit. Projects before starting: decisions on investment vale will be made based on trends in construction expenses. | |
| Energy costs | It is particularly necessary to monitor rising electricity charges, but the impact on performance will be minor due to their percentage in total expenses being limited. | |
| Interest rates | Interest rates are rising, but the impact is minor because steps have been taken in financing (borrowing, etc.) to lengthen loan durations and maturity dates and to use fixed interest rates. Although the cap rate in real estate transactions has not shown any signs of significant change recently, it is necessary to monitor future trends. | |
| | | |

Recognition of the environment in each segment and the Company's initiatives

| Commercial properties Commercial properties Commercial properties Residential R | • | |
|--|---------------|--|
| Residential Residential Consumers in central Tokyo and suburban areas despite anticipat of a rise in mortgage rates. The Company will promote product plans that meet rising dema for balancing a comfortable work environment with relaxing liv space. Parking business: Revenue is expected to decrease compared the level anticipated at the beginning of the fiscal year due to the renewed spread of COVID-19. In the immediate future, focus will on acquiring new projects with an emphasis on profitability a improving the profitability rate of existing facilities, and growth expected in the medium to long term due to a recovery in occupar due to the flow of people returning and an increase in the number parking spaces. Brokerage: The brokerage business is expected to continue perform well backed by a solid real estate transaction market. Leisure business: Although occupancy of some facilities may decl | | The likelihood of vacancy rates and rent levels significantly deteriorating is expected to be low because the Company has a superior portfolio in terms of size and location and there has been little impact recently, and the Company will not complete any major projects until 2025. In addition to excellent locations and high specs, the Company's policy is to respond to changing and diversifying customer needs such as improvement of productivity, well-being and flexibility. Urban hotels are expected to continue to be affected by the renewed spread of COVID-19, but the impact on performance is |
| the level anticipated at the beginning of the fiscal year due to the renewed spread of COVID-19. In the immediate future, focus will on acquiring new projects with an emphasis on profitability a improving the profitability rate of existing facilities, and growth expected in the medium to long term due to a recovery in occupar due to the flow of people returning and an increase in the number parking spaces. • Brokerage: The brokerage business is expected to continue perform well backed by a solid real estate transaction market. • Leisure business: Although occupancy of some facilities may decl | Residential | consumers in central Tokyo and suburban areas despite anticipation of a rise in mortgage rates. • The Company will promote product plans that meet rising demand for balancing a comfortable work environment with relaxing living |
| | Asset service | Parking business: Revenue is expected to decrease compared to the level anticipated at the beginning of the fiscal year due to the renewed spread of COVID-19. In the immediate future, focus will be on acquiring new projects with an emphasis on profitability and improving the profitability rate of existing facilities, and growth is expected in the medium to long term due to a recovery in occupancy due to the flow of people returning and an increase in the number of parking spaces. Brokerage: The brokerage business is expected to continue to |
| is minor. | Other | due to the renewed spread of COVID-19, the impact on performance |

Full-Year Earnings Forecast for FY2022

(Not updated from the time of announcement of financial results for the second quarter)



In FY2022, revenue and profit are expected to increase due to the increase in sales and gross profit from condominiums, increase in sales of properties to investors in the asset services business, and recording a share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in overseas businesses, etc.

Announced in August 2022

| | 2022 | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 Full-year Actual | 2022/12 Full-year forecast | Increase/ Decrease |
| Operating revenue | 340.4 | 355.0 | 14.5 |
| Commercial properties | 155.6 | 148.0 | (7.6) |
| Residential | 120.5 | 131.0 | 10.4 |
| Asset service | 42.6 | 53.5 | 10.8 |
| Other | 21.5 | 22.5 | 0.9 |
| Operating profit | 58.7 | 61.5 | 2.7 |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | (10.8) | 3.0 | 13.8 |
| Business profit*1 | 47.9 | 64.5 | 165.0 |
| Commercial properties | 44.8 | 40.5 | (4.3) |
| Residential | 17.0 | 23.0 | 5.9 |
| Asset service | 4.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 |
| Other | (9.1) | 4.0 | 13.1 |
| Elimination/Corporate | (9.1) | (10.0) | (0.8) |
| Non-operating income | 6.8 | 7.5 | 0.6 |
| Non-operating expenses | 19.3 | 7.5 | (11.8) |
| Ordinary profit | 46.2 | 61.5 | 15.2 |
| Extraordinary income | 10.7 | 2.0 | (8.7) |
| Extraordinary loss | 0.7 | 2.0 | 1.2 |
| Profit before income taxes | 56.2 | 61.5 | 5.2 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 34.9 | 41.5 | 6.5 |
| | | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 65.8 | (70.0) | |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (1.6) | (50.0) | |
| | | | |

Cash flows from financing activities

| Main | factors: | for increase/ | decrease |
|------|----------|---------------|----------|

Operating revenue

Increase due to higher sales of condominiums for sale and higher sales of properties to investors in the asset services business.

- •Breakdown of share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method: ¥0.5 billion for commercial properties (+¥0.1 billion), ¥2.5 billion for other business (+¥13.6 billion).
- ·Business profit

Profit increased due to an increase in gross profit of for-sale condominiums and recording a share of profit of entities in overseas businesses.

·Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method turned into the black.

70.0

(32.1)

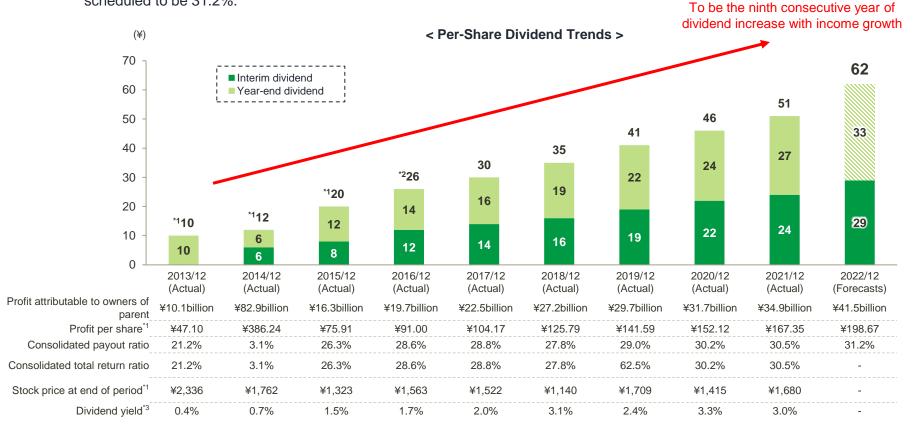
^{*} Business profit = Operating profit + Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method Copyright © Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Shareholder Returns

(Not updated from the time of announcement of financial results for the second quarter)



- The forecast for dividend per share in the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, has been revised upward by ¥3 from ¥59 to ¥62.
- The dividend will be increased by ¥11 from the ¥51 dividend implemented in the previous fiscal year, and the payout ratio is scheduled to be 31.2%.



Shareholder returns policy

During the period of the medium-term business plan (FY2020–FY2024), establish a baseline consolidated payout ratio of 30% or more and aim to increase shareholder returns continuously through sustainable growth.

Consider whether to repurchase company shares based on the business environment and financial situation, among other factors.

^{*1} A 1-for-2 reverse stock split was implemented on July 1, 2015. The figures for 2013 to 2015 are calculated by factoring in the reverse stock split.

^{*2} The interim and year-end per-share dividend for FY2016 both include a ¥2 commemorative dividend to celebrate the 120th anniversary of the Company's founding.

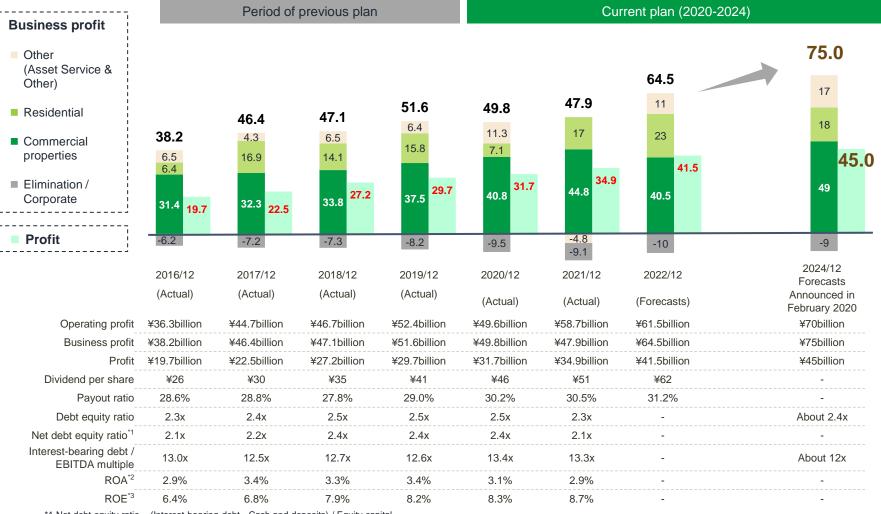
^{*3} Dividend yield is calculated based on the closing price at the end of each fiscal period.

Changes in Major Indicators





 The trends in business profits and key indicators for the previous fiscal year are as follows: We aim to steadily grow toward the target of business profit of ¥75.0 billion in FY2024.



^{*1} Net debt equity ratio = (Interest-bearing debt - Cash and deposits) / Equity capital

^{*2} ROA = Business profit / Average of total assets at beginning of period and total assets at end of period

^{*3} ROE = Profit attributable to owners of parent / Average of equity capital at beginning of period and equity capital at end of period Copyright © Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Business Results by Segment

(1) Commercial Properties Business: Business Results for the First Three Quarters of FY2022 and Full-Year Earnings Forecast for FY2022 TOKYO TATEMONO

 In the first three quarters, revenue and profits increased due to an increase in property sales to investors and a robust business of leasing of office buildings.

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 3Q Actual | 2022/12 3Q Actual | Increase/ Decrease |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating revenue | 93.8 | 114.6 | 20.7 |
| Leasing of buildings | 56.2 | 57.5 | 1.2 |
| Sales of real estate | 11.2 | 29.3 | 18.1 |
| Building management service, etc. | 25.7 | 27.2 | 1.4 |
| Dividends | 0.5 | 0.5 | (0.0) |
| Operating profit | 30.0 | 33.5 | 3.4 |
| Business profit | 30.3 | 33.7 | 3.4 |

| | August 2022 | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Main factors for increase/decrease | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Achievement rate |
| | 148.0 | 77% |
| New operations +¥0 billion; Full-year operations +¥1.1 billion; Sale, reconstruction, etc. ¥1.7 billion; Existing buildings +¥1.7 billion | 76.5 | 75% |
| Property sales to investors +¥18.1 billion | 32.0 | 92% |
| | 39.0 | 70% |
| | 0.5 | 101% |
| Property sales to investors +¥3.9 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥4.5 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥8.4 billion) | 40.0 | 84% |
| | 40.5 | 83% |

Announced in

Announced in August 2022

| | | 7 tagaot ZOZZ | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 Actual | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Increase/ Decrease |
| Operating revenue | 155.6 | 148.0 | (7.6) |
| Leasing of buildings | 75.7 | 76.5 | 0.7 |
| Sales of real estate | 43.2 | 32.0 | (11.2) |
| Building management service, etc. | 35.8 | 39.0 | 3.1 |
| Dividends | 0.8 | 0.5 | (0.3) |
| Operating profit | 44.4 | 40.0 | (4.4) |
| Business profit | 44.8 | 40.5 | (4.3) |

Main factors for increase/decrease

New operations +¥0.2 billion; Full-year operations +¥1.3 billion; Sale, reconstruction, etc. -¥2.4 billion; Existing buildings +¥1.5 billion

Property sales to investors -¥11.2 billion

Property sales to investors -¥0.5 billion (FY2021 cumulative total: ¥10.5 billion; FY2022 cumulative total: ¥10.0 billion)

New and full-year operations

reconstruction, etc.

- New operation in 2022: T-LOGI Yokohama Aoba (completed in January 2022) and seven other logistics facilities, FUNDES Tenjin Nishidori (completed in March 2022), and T-PLUS Nihonbashi Kodenmacho (completed in April 2022)
- 2022 full-year operation: Candeo Hotels Kyoto Karasuma Rokkaku (completed in March 2021) and eight Expert Office locations (acquired in August 2021)
- New operations: Impact of increase in revenue attributable to the buildings that were completed or acquired in the current fiscal year; Full-year operations: Impact of increase in revenue attributable to the buildings that were completed or acquired in the previous fiscal year contributing to full-year operations;
 Sale, reconstruction, etc.: Impact of decrease in revenue attributable to decrease in buildings in operation due to sale, reconstruction, etc.
 Existing buildings: Total amount of the effects of rent revisions, end of rent-free periods, occupancy rate changes, etc. at buildings other than those of new operations, full-year operations and sale,

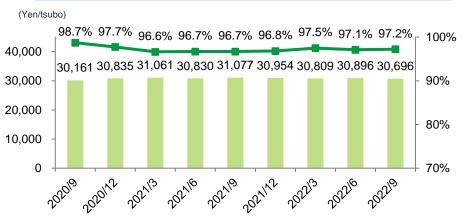
(1) Commercial Properties Business: Office Building Portfolio



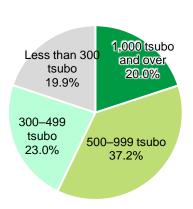
• At the end of September, average rent was ¥30,696 per tsubo and the occupancy rate remained high at 97.2%.

Average Rent (Left axis) / Occupancy Rate (Right axis)>

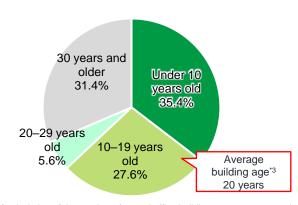
| As of the end of September 2022 | Number of buildings | Leasable area |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| Owned office buildings*1 *2 | 45 | 499,556 m ² |
| Subleased buildings | - | 87,516 m ² |
| Hotels, retail facilities, logistics properties, etc. | _ | 310,316 m ² |
| Total leasable area of commercial properties business | _ | 897,388 m ² |



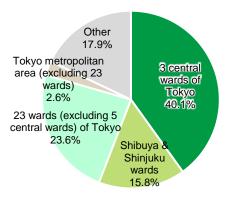
<Breakdown of Leasable Area by Standard Floor Space>



<Breakdown of Leasable Area by Building Age>



<Breakdown of Leasable Area by Area of Location >



^{*1} Please refer to the note on page 49 for the definition for the subject of calculation of the number of owned office buildings, average rent and occupancy.

The following criteria is added as of the end of March 2022: Properties included in a redevelopment business area shall be excluded from the owned office buildings with the establishment of an urban redevelopment consortium or the obtainment of project approval.

^{*2} DNP Gotanda Building," which was acquired at the end of September 2019, is not included in "Owned office buildings" nor in areas subject to calculation of average rent, occupancy rate and breakdown of leasable area.

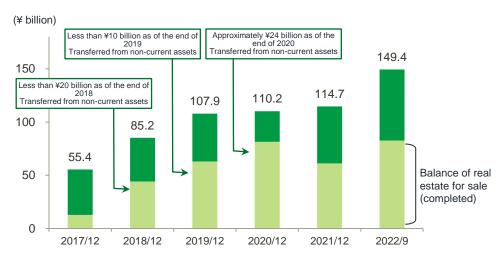
The weighted average based on leasable area.

(1) Commercial Properties Business: Initiatives for Property Sales to Investors



- In the first three quarters, the Company secured new projects for 5 logistics properties, 2 commercial facilities and 1 mediumsized office building.
- The balance of real estate for sale increased by ¥34.7 billion from the end of FY2021 to ¥149.4 billion and the value of stock in terms of total investment amount increased by approximately ¥30.0 billion to approximately ¥295.0 billion.

< Commercial Properties Business: Balance of Real Estate for Sale>



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|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | Number of properties | | | |
| Asset type | Balance of real estate for sale | Total investment amount* | | |
| Logistics properties | 72.3 | Approx.190.0 | | |
| Urban hotels, commercial facilities, mid-sized offices, etc. | 77.1 | Approx.105.0 | | |
| Total | 149.4 | Approx.295.0 | | |

Calculated by aggregating the total investment amount, in which construction costs, etc. that arise after the acquisition are added to the book value of each property at the time of acquisition

| | Number of properties | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--|--|
| Asset type | Sold during the term | In operation | Under development | | |
| Logistics properties | 1 | 5 | 18 | | |
| Urban hotels, commercial facilities, mid-sized offices, etc. | 1 | 16 | 13 | | |



T-LOGI Narashino II (Completed in June 2022)



FUNDES Tenjin Nishidori (Completed in March 2022)



T-PLUS Nihonbashi Kodenmacho (Completed in April 2022)



Candeo Hotels Tokyo Roppongi



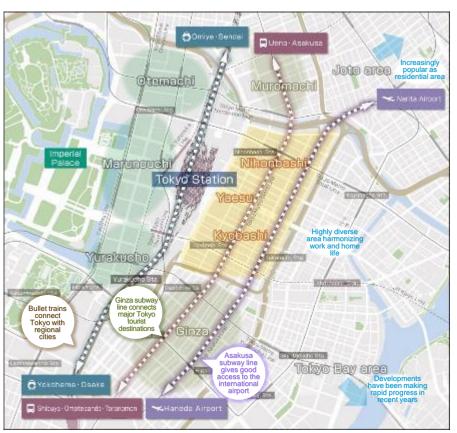
T-PLUS Sendai Hirose Dori (Scheduled for completion in April 2023)

15

Features of Yaesu, Nihonbashi, and Kyobashi (Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi) Areas



- Access to various locations including regional cities, areas in Tokyo and international airports is excellent due to the existence of bullet trains, existing JR lines and multiple subway lines, giving the area phenomenal transportation convenience, its main feature.
- Nearby are business areas, commercial/tourist areas and areas popular for residential purposes. Urban development that utilizes
 diverse regional features including the rich cultural resources and gathering of long-established corporations is expected.
- With highly diverse properties suitable for startups and several innovation hubs, the area's **innovativeness** has been accelerating in recent years.
- The land value and suitability for offices lag behind the Otemachi-Marunouchi-Yurakucho area, but the value of the area as a whole is expected to increase significantly going forward with the various redevelopment projects planned.



Diverse Regional Features and Potential of the Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi Area*1

Phenomenal transportation convenience

Gathering of leading firms

Excellent halls and meeting room facilities

Highly diverse small and medium-size properties

Rich cultural resources transmitting culinary and craftsmanship traditions

Comparison of Rent and Land Price of Large-Scale Office Buildings (200 tsubo or more)

| | Yaesu/Nihonbashi/ Kyobashi | Marunouchi/Otemachi | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Market rent of large- scale office buildings (200 tsubo or more)*2 | ¥34,375 per tsubo | ¥39,632 per tsubo | |
| Land price*3 | ¥18,800 thousand per m ² (Sotobori-dori Avenue / in front of Tokyo Station) | ¥25,520 thousand per m ² (Daimyo-Koji Avenue / in front of Marunouchi Building) | |

^{*2} Source: Tokyo 5 Central Wards Office Market List by Sanko Estate (as of the end of December 2021)

^{*1} Nominal designation for the Yaesu, Nihonbashi and Kyobashi areas

^{*3} Land price of inheritance tax (fiscal 2021)

Initiatives in the Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi Area (1)

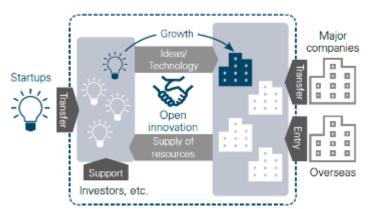


- Tokyo Tatemono owns many office buildings in the area around Tokyo Station, a key area, and several large-scale redevelopment projects are scheduled to be completed by around 2030.
- Utilizing the properties it owns in the area, Tokyo Tatemono is promoting the formation of a business environment (innovation ecosystem) where venture firms, leading companies, investors, research institutions and other players from the fields of industry, academics and government come together and collaborate for coexistence and mutual prosperity, thereby nurturing cutting-edge industries and giving rise to positive economic growth cycles.



Promotion of an Innovation Ecosystem

Promising startups will be attracted to the Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi area by utilizing the diverse regional features and properties owned by Tokyo Tatemono. An initiative with focal categories of business topics and growth fields of leading companies such as x-tech, SDGs, food, craftsmanship, etc. is being promoted.



2020 Innovation Ecosystem Promotion Support Project Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi Area Certified for the Regional Council by Authorized Regions (August 2020)

The Tokyo Metropolitan Government is aiming to form an innovation ecosystem where various players come together and cooperate and is providing support in dispatching personnel and information.

As the leading company in the Regional Council by Authorized Regions, Tokyo Tatemono is engaged in various initiatives such as bringing in startups, promotion of open innovation with existing industries, active information dispatch, etc.

Tokyo Tatemono's

Tokyo Tatemono's

participation

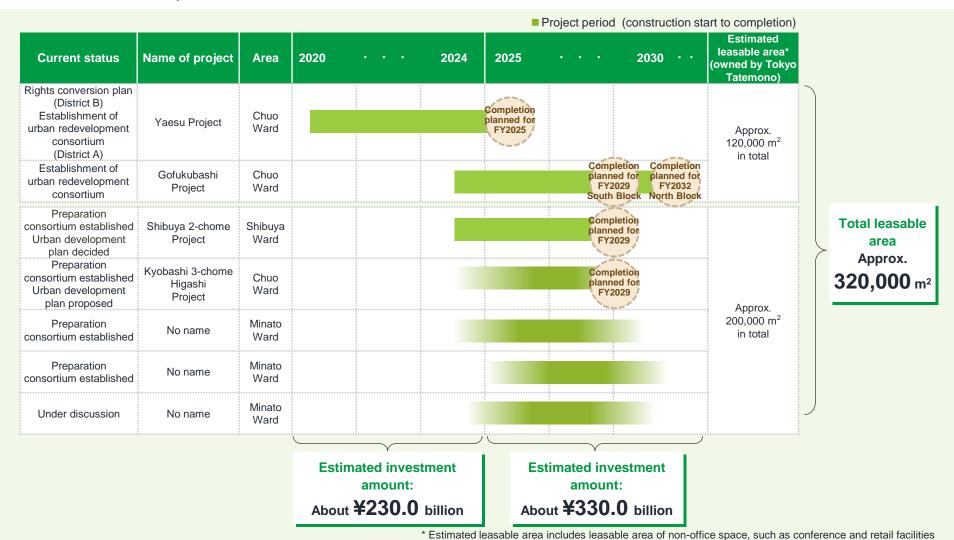
Tokyo Tatemono

^{*} Balloons indicate initiatives at properties owned by Tokyo Tatemono.

Major Development Projects in Progress



• The redevelopment projects in which we are participating or involved are progressing smoothly. Redevelopment projects with an estimated leasable area* (owned by the Company) of approximately 320,000 square meters are slated for completion one after another by around 2030.



Development Projects in the Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi Area (1)



- Promoting "Urban Redevelopment Project for Yaesu 1-Chome East Area in Front of Tokyo Station," in front of Tokyo Station and "Urban Redevelopment Project for Yaesu 1-Chome North Area" along Nihonbashi River.
- Aiming to realize urban development that generates new added value for the entire area through various efforts that increase global competitiveness, reduce the environmental load, etc. while also securing stable leasing revenue.

Urban Redevelopment Project for Yaesu 1-Chome East Area in Front of Tokyo Station (Yaesu Project)

- Large redevelopment project in front of Tokyo Station, including Tokyo Tatemono's former headquarters building
- Accumulation of sophisticated urban functions worthy for the land entrance of Tokyo, an international city
- Formation of prosperity that passes down Yaesu's history and tradition to the future
- ⇒ October 2021 District B Start of construction
- ⇒ February 2022 District A Approval of establishment of urban redevelopment consortium

[Total floor area] District A: about 12,000 m²

District B: 225,000 m2 [Main uses]

District A: offices, shops, etc.

District B: offices, medical facilities, bus terminal, conference halls, etc.

[No. of floors] District A: 10 floors above ground, 2 below

District B: 51 floors above ground, 4 below

[Construction start] District A: Scheduled for FY2023 District B: FY2021

Fiscal year 2025 (planned) [Completed]



Value Created by the Project

Enhancement of traffic node function in front of Tokyo Station

- Establishment of large-scale bus terminal connecting to international airports and regional cities
- Establishment of above- and below-ground pedestrian network connecting Tokyo Station and nearby urban

Introduction of city functions that increase global competitiveness

- Establishment of primary care in collaboration with sophisticated medical facilities
- Increase of urban appeal and vibrancy through implementation of area management

Strengthening of disaster preparedness and reduction of environmental burden

- Establishment of space for those stranded during disasters and storage for disaster prevention
- Enhancement of business continuation functions through establishment of cogeneration systems and emergency power generation facilities

Urban Redevelopment Project for Yaesu 1-Chome North Area (Gofukubashi Project)

- Large redevelopment project directly connected to Nihombashi subway station in an excellent location
- Formation of cityscape worthy for the gate of the area alongside Nihonbashi River
- Accumulation of city functions forming a sophisticated financial hub
 - ⇒ November 2021 Approval of establishment of urban redevelopment consortium

South Block: about 178,000 m2 [Total floor area] North Block: about 1,100 m²

[Main uses] Offices, shops, lodging facility, parking lot, etc.

[No. of floors] South Block: 44 floors above ground, 3 below North Block: 2 floors above ground, 1 below

[Construction start] Fiscal year 2024 (planned)

South Block: Fiscal year 2029 (planned) [Completed] North Block: Fiscal year 2032 (planned)



Value Created by the Project

Formation of financial hub that contributes to enhancement of global competitiveness

- Establishment of support facility for sophisticated financial personnel that assist international finance and urban

Establishment of waterfront space and pedestrian network

- Various types of cooperation for moving the Metropolitan Expressway belowground
- Establishment of plaza space that represents the bustling space on the Nihonbashi River
- Establishment of above-and below-ground pedestrian network that connects Tokyo Station, Otemachi Station and Nihombashi Station

Strengthening of disaster preparedness and reduction of environmental burden

- Establishment of space for those stranded during disasters and storage for disaster prevention
- Promotion of greater energy efficiency in the entire area through establishment of regional heating/cooling plant and cooperation with existing plants

Development Projects in the Yaesu-Nihonbashi-Kyobashi Area (2)



 The Kyobashi 3-chome Higashi District Urban Redevelopment Project (Kyobashi 3-chome Higashi Project) is being promoted in the Kyobashi area.

An urban development plan was proposed in May 2022.

Kyobashi 3-chome Higashi District Urban Redevelopment Project

(Kyobashi 3-chome Higashi Project)

- Urban development linked to the Tokyo Expressway (KK Line)
 Revitalization Policy
- Directly connected to Kyobashi Station, forming an underground pedestrian network from Tokyo Station
- Creation of continuity of the bustle of Chuo-dori connecting Kyobashi and Ginza
 - ⇒ Urban development plan proposed in May 2022

[Total area] [Total floor area] [Main uses] [No. of floors] [Construction start] [Completion date] Approximately 6,820 m² Approximately 164,000 m² Offices, hotel, shops, etc. 35 floors above ground, 4 below Fiscal year 2025 (planned) Fiscal year 2029 (planned)



Value Created by the Project

Establishment of urban infrastructure contributing to the strengthening of the ability to widely move throughout the Kyobashi area

- Formation of a multi-level pedestrian network connecting the station, town and Tokyo Sky Corridor
- Creation of extensive pedestrian space generating bustle and movement
- Establishment of Tokyo Sky Corridor, etc.

Introduction of urban functions supporting the creation of bustle in the Kyobashi area

- Establishment of communication, education and interaction functions contributing to the development of the culture of art and craftsmanship
- Establishment of world-class accommodation facilities

Strengthening of disaster preparedness and reduction of environmental burden

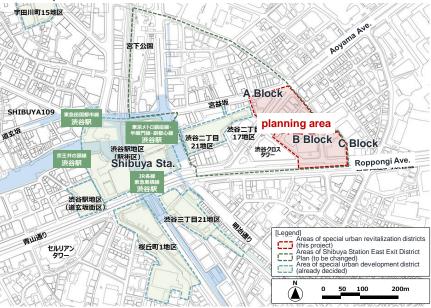
- Efforts to strengthen disaster preparedness of the area
- Efforts to reduce environmental burden



Shibuya 2-Chome West Area Redevelopment (Shibuya 2-Chome Project)



- In the Shibuya Station East Exit area, the Shibuya 2-chome West Area Redevelopment (Shibuya 2-chome Project) is being promoted.
- We aim for urban development that creates new added value in the area through various initiatives that contribute to urban infrastructure development, international competitiveness improvement, and environmental impact reduction that will create an expanse of the town.



| III A THE THE THE | 4/14 | |
|----------------------|------------|--|
| [Total area] | Total: | Approx. 18,800 m ² |
| | A Block: | Approx. 1,700 m ² |
| | B Block: | Approx. 12,800 m ² |
| | C Block | Approx. 4,300 m ² |
| [Total floor area] | Total: | Approx. 322,200 m ² |
| | A Block: | Approx. 4,200 m ² |
| | B Block: | Approx. 255,000 m ² |
| | C Block: | Approx. 63,000 m ² |
| [Main uses] | | nops, hotels, human resource development facilities, bus terminals, ife support facilities, etc. |
| [No. of floors] | 0. | 5 floors above ground, 1 below |
| | B Block: | 41 floors above ground, 4 below |
| | C Block: | 41 floors above ground, 2 below |
| [Construction start] | Fiscal yea | r 2025 (planned) |
| [Completion date] | Fiscal yea | r 2029 (planned) |
| | | |

^{*} A and B blocks are assumed to be type 1 urban redevelopment projects, and C block is assumed to be voluntary joint rebuilding project.



Value Created by the Project

Strengthening Shibuya's wide-area transportation functions and developing urban infrastructure to create an expanse of the town in the east exit area

- · Development of bus terminals to enhance Shibuya's wide-area transportation functions
- · Improvement of pedestrian network and road environment spreading from station to town
- · Creation of plaza space, a center of the bustling and relaxation

Introduction of urban functions that contribute to strengthening international competitiveness

- Development of STEAM human resource development base to contribute to nextgeneration innovation
- Development of residential and accommodation to meet the diverse needs of foreigners, etc.

Strengthening of disaster preparedness and reduction of environmental burden

- · Efforts to strengthen disaster preparedness of the area
- · Efforts to reduce environmental burden

(2) Residential Business: Business Results for the First Three Quarters of FY2022 and Full-Year Earnings Forecast for FY2022



 In the first three quarters, although sales and gross profit from property sales to investors decreased, revenue and profit increased due to the increase in sales and gross profit from for-sale condominiums.

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 3Q Actual | 2022/12 3Q Actual | Increase/ Decrease | Main factors for increase/decrease | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Achievement rate |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Operating revenue | 83.3 | 99.6 | 16.3 | | 131.0 | 76% |
| Sales of condominiums | 44.6 | 65.5 | 20.8 | Number of condo sales posted: 1,034 units; Condo unit price: ¥63.39 million; Gross margin: 36.1% | 86.0 | 76% |
| Sales of residential houses | - | - | - | | - | - |
| Sales of real estate | 18.3 | 14.2 | (4.1) | Sale of for-rent condominiums -¥4.7 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥17.4 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥12.6 billion) | 17.0 | 84% |
| Residence leasing | 4.3 | 3.9 | (0.4) | | 5.0 | 78% |
| Fee from sales outsourcing services | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.0 | | 1.5 | 73% |
| Building management service, etc. | 14.9 | 14.9 | 0.0 | | 21.5 | 69% |
| Operating profit | 14.2 | 20.9 | 6.6 | Sale of for-rent condominiums -¥2.6 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥6.0 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥3.4 billion) | 23.0 | 91% |
| Business profit | 14.2 | 20.9 | 6.6 | | 23.0 | 91% |
| | | Announced in August | | | | |

| 2022 | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---|
| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 Actual | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Increase/ Decrease | |
| Operating revenue | 120.5 | 131.0 | 10.4 | Ī |
| Sales of condominiums | 71.9 | 86.0 | 14.0 | n |
| Sales of residential houses | - | - | - | |
| Sales of real estate | 20.5 | 17.0 | (3.5) | S |
| Residence leasing | 5.8 | 5.0 | (0.8) | |
| Fee from sales outsourcing services | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.3 | |
| Building management service, etc. | 21.0 | 21.5 | 0.4 | |
| Operating profit | 17.0 | 23.0 | 5.9 | F |
| Business profit | 17.0 | 23.0 | 5.9 | |

| / e | Main factors for increase/decrease |
|--------|--|
|).4 | |
| 1.0 | Number of condo sales posted: 1,450 units; Condo unit price: ¥59.40 million; Gross margin: 32% |
| - | |
| 3.5) | Sale of for-rent condominiums -¥3.9 billion (FY2021 cumulative total: ¥19.4 billion; FY2022 cumulative total: ¥15.5 billion) |
| 0.8) | |
| 0.3 | |
|).4 | |
| 5.9 | Sale of for-rent condominiums -¥2.3 billion (FY2021 cumulative total: ¥6.3 billion; FY2022 cumulative total: ¥4.0 billion) |
| 5.9 | |

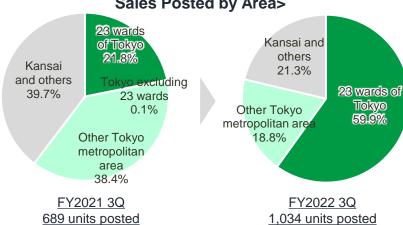
(2) Residential Business: For-Sale Condominiums

Main Operating Indicators



- The gross margin for the first three quarters of FY2022 maintained a favorable level at 36.1%.
- Against the backdrop of a strong market, our sales activities are progressing more than expected, so we have revised the number of units scheduled to be recorded for the current fiscal year from the initial plan of 1,430 units to 1,450 units (implemented in August 2022).
- Inventory of completed condos decreased to 72 units. The achievement rate at the end of the first three quarters against the revised number of units planned to be posted for the period stood at 97% and contracts progressed smoothly.

<Breakdown of Number of Condominium Sales Posted by Area>

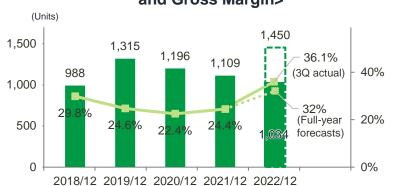


<Achievement Rate Against Number of Condominium Sales Posted>

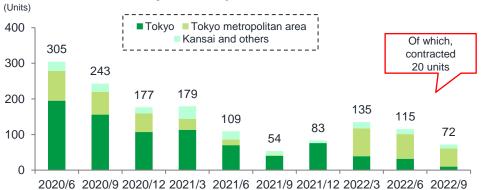
| | 2019/12 | 2020/12 | 2021/12 | 2022/12 |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------------------|
| At beginning | 83% | 73% | 67% | 75% * |
| At end of 1Q | 89% | 83% | 78% | 83% * |
| At end of 2Q | 94% | 87% | 92% | 92% * |
| At end of 3Q | 98% | 95% | 97% | 97% * |
| Number of condo sales posted | 1,315units | 1,196units | 1,109units | 1,450units * (Scheduled) |

^{*} The contract progress rate has also been revised due to the correction of the number of units scheduled to be recorded this fiscal year.

<Number of Condominium Sales Posted and Gross Margin>



<Inventory of Completed Condominiums>



(2) Residential Business: For-Sale Condominiums– Main Posting Results/Schedule

Total no. of

463

203

397

114

Approx.

3,200

463

162

202

97

TBD



Profitable properties, such as Brillia City Nishi-Waseda and SHINTO CITY were posted in FY2022.

Tatemono's

Acquired land for approximately 1,300 units in the first three quarters, securing a land bank for approximately 9,100 units (including the number of units scheduled to be posted in 2022).

| | | | Stake |
|-------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|
| (\$ | Grand Maison Shin Umeda Tower THE CLUB RESIDENCE | 874 | 87 |
| g plan | Brillia Kyoto Matsugasaki | 109 | 109 |
| ncludin | SHINTO CITY (District II) | 395 | 99 |
| .022 (ir | SHINTO CITY (District III) | 411 | 103 |
| ed in 2 | Brillia City Nishi-Waseda | 454 | 454 |
| Completed in 2022 (including plans) | Brillia Tower Seiseki Sakuragaoka BLOOMING RESIDENCE | 520 | 312 |
| 0 | Brillia City Fujimino | 708 | 283 |
| 2023 | Brillia Nerima-Kasugacho | 65 | 65 |
| eted in | SHIROKANE The SKY | 1,247 | 310 |
| To be completed in 2023 | Brillia Shiki Garden | 151 | 151 |
| To be | Brillia City Shakujiikoen ATLAS | 844 | 204 |
| | Brillia Tower Hamarikyu | 420 | 144 |
| ter | Brillia Tower Ikebukuro West | 231 | 92 |
| 4 or later | HARUMI FLAG | 4,151 | 490 |

Main properties to be posted

<Main Properties Posted in 2022>

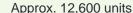


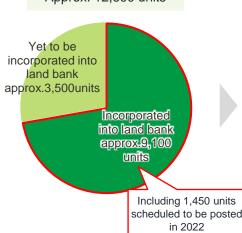


Brillia City Nishi-Waseda

SHINTO CITY (District II and III)

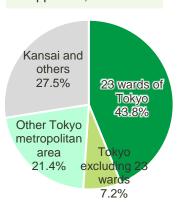
<Projects Promoted Under the Company's Business>





<Land Bank>

Approx. 9,100 units



Nishishinjuku 3-chome West District Urban Redevelopment

Brillia Tower Minoh Semba TOP OF THE HILL

Brillia Tower Dojima

Brillia Tower Maebashi

Brillia Meguro Ohashi

^{*1} Total number of units in total, including landowners' units

(2) Residential Business: For-Sale Condominiums– Main Property Sales Posting Schedule



- The plan is to continue posting sales of properties that draw great attention every fiscal year, such as large-scale redevelopment projects in central Tokyo and large-scale tower condominiums in central areas of regional cities.
- Of the land bank of approximately 9,100 units, approximately 4,500 units are scheduled to be posted by FY2024, the final fiscal year of the Medium-Term Business Plan.



SHINTO CITY (District II and III) (Total units: 806; Units to be posted: 202)



Brillia Tower Seiseki Sakuragaoka BLOOMING RESIDENCE (Total units: 520; Units to be posted: 312)



SHIROKANE The SKY (Total units: 1,247; Units to be posted: 310)



Brillia Tower Dojima (Total units: 463; Units to be posted: 463)

2022

2023

2024



Brillia City Nishi-Waseda (Total units: 454; Units to be posted: 454)



Brillia City Fujimino*1 (Total units: 708; Units to be posted: 283)



Brillia Tower Hamarikyu (Total units: 420; Units to be posted: 144)



HARUMI FLAG (Total units: 4,151; Units to be posted: 490)

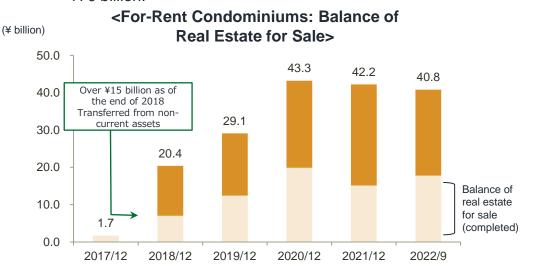
*1 Scheduled completion:

District 1: 2022. District 2: 2023, District 3: 2024

(2) Residential Business: For-Rent Condominiums



- In the first three quarters, 9 for-rent condominium projects were acquired.
- Although the balance of real estate for sale decreased by ¥1.3 billion from the end of FY2021 to ¥40.8 billion due to the progress in sales, on a total investment basis, stock increased by approximately ¥5.0 billion to approximately ¥70 billion.





Brillia ist Akabane (Completed in 2021)



Brillia ist Asakusabashi (Completed in 2021)

| | properties | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Asset type | Balance of real estate for sale | Total investment amount* |
| For-rent condominiums | 408 | Approx.700 |

| | Number of properties | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--|
| Asset type | Sold during the term | In operation | Under development | |
| For-rent condominiums | 5 | 11 | 24 | |

^{*} Calculated by aggregating the total investment amount, in which construction costs, etc. that arise after the acquisition are added to the book value of each property at the time of acquisition



Brillia ist Ueno (Completed in 2022)



Brillia ist Machiya (Completed in 2022)

(Linit: Y hillian)

(3) Asset Service Business: Business Results for the First Three Quarters of FY2022 and Full-Year Earnings Forecast for FY2022



Announced in August 2022

In the first three quarters, revenue and profits increased due to increased property sales to investors and gross profit therefrom in the asset solution business and increased revenue in the parking business.

| Increase/ Decrease | |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| 6.4 | |
| 0.0 | |
| 4.6 | Prope 3Q: ¥ |

0.0

1.6

2.8

2.8

2.6

| Property sales to investors +¥4.2 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥6.8 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥11.1 billion) |
|---|
| |
| Recovery of occupancy, etc. |

| Main factors for increase/decrease | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Achievement rate |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------|
| | 53.5 | 69% |
| | 5.0 | 69% |
| Property sales to investors +¥4.2 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥6.8 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥11.1 billion) | 22.0 | 64% |
| | 4.5 | 76% |
| Recovery of occupancy, etc. | 22.0 | 73% |
| Property sales to investors +¥0.9 billion (FY2021 3Q: ¥2.0 billion; FY2022 3Q: ¥3.0 billion), Parking business +¥1.6 billion | 7.0 | 78% |
| | 7.0 | 78% |

Announced in August

2022/12

3Q Actual

37.0

3.4

14.0

3.4

16.1

5.4

5.4

7.0

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 Full-year Actual | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Increase/ Decrease |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating revenue | 42.6 | 53.5 | 10.8 |
| Brokerage | 4.4 | 5.0 | 0.5 |
| Asset solution | 13.7 | 22.0 | 8.2 |
| Management service, etc. | 4.4 | 4.5 | 0.0 |
| Parking business | 19.9 | 22.0 | 2.0 |
| Operating profit | 4.3 | 7.0 | 2.6 |

2021/12

3Q Actual

30.5

3.4

9.3

3.3

14.4

2.6

2.6

4.3

Unit: ¥ billion

Operating revenue Brokerage

Asset solution

Parking business

Operating profit

Business profit

Business profit

Management service, etc.

| Main factors | for increase/decrease |
|--------------|-----------------------|

Property sales to investors +¥7.6 billion (FY2021 cumulative total: ¥10.3 billion; FY2022 cumulative total: ¥18.0 billion)

Recovery of occupancy, etc.

Property sales to investors +¥1.0 billion (FY2021 cumulative total: ¥2.9 billion; FY2022 cumulative total: ¥4.0 billion), Parking business +¥1.1 billion

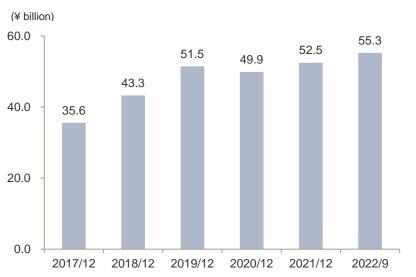
(3) Asset Service Business: Main Operating Indicators

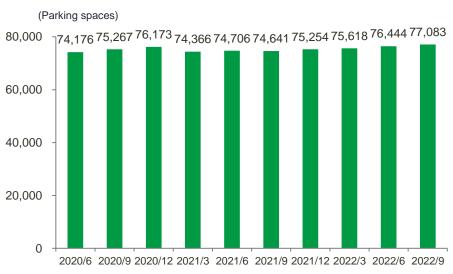


- Asset solution: Securing stock mainly in central Tokyo through selective investment that utilizes sharp real estate assessment abilities.
- Parking business: The number of parking spaces increased by 1,829 from the end of 2021 to 77,083.

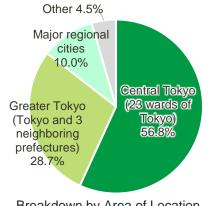
<Asset Solution Business: Balance of Assets Owned>

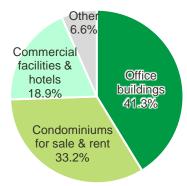
<Parking Business: Number of Parking Spaces>





<Asset Solution Business: Breakdown of Balance of Assets Owned>





Breakdown by Area of Location

Breakdown by Asset Type Copyright © Tokyo Tatemono Co., Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

(4) Other: Business Results for the First Three Quarters of FY2022 and Full-Year Earnings Forecast for FY2022



 In the first three quarters, revenue and profit increased in the leisure business as part of the leisure & childcare business due to an upward trend in revenues, an increase in revenues from the fund business and posting a share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in overseas businesses, though application of a new revenue recognition standard caused revenues to fall.

| Annou | ıncea | ın | Aug | ust |
|-------|-------|----|-----|-----|
| | 202 | 2 | | |
| | | | | |

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 3Q Actual | 2022/12 3Q Actual | Increase/ Decrease |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating revenue | 15.3 | 17.0 | 1.7 |
| Leisure & childcare business | 12.2 | 13.4 | 1.1 |
| Fund business | 2.9 | 3.5 | 0.5 |
| Other | 0.1 | 0.0 | (0.0) |
| Operating profit | 1.3 | 2.1 | 0.8 |
| Business profit | 1.1 | 4.9 | 3.7 |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | (0.1) | 2.8 | 2.9 |

| Main factors for increase/decrease | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Achievement rate |
|---|--------------------------------|------------------|
| | 22.5 | 76% |
| Recovery of leisure business revenue +¥2.5 billion, Application of the new revenue recognition standard -¥1.9 billion | 17.8 | 75% |
| | 4.5 | 79% |
| | 0.2 | 47% |
| Effect of application of the new revenue recognition standard -¥0.3 billion | 1.5 | 143% |
| | 4.0 | 125% |
| Profitability of share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in overseas businesses | 2.5 | 114% |

| Announcea | ın | Aug | Jusi |
|-----------|----|-----|------|
| 202 | 2 | | |

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2021/12 Actual | 2022/12 Full-year Forecasts | Increase/ Decrease |
|--|-------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Operating revenue | 21.5 | 22.5 | 0.9 |
| Leisure & childcare business | 17.3 | 17.8 | 0.4 |
| Fund business | 4.0 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| Other | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| Operating profit | 2.0 | 1.5 | (0.5) |
| Business profit | (9.1) | 4.0 | 13.1 |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | (11.1) | 2.5 | 13.6 |

| Main 1 | factors : | for incr | ease/d | lecrease |
|--------|-----------|----------|--------|----------|

Recovery of leisure business revenue +¥2.3 billion, Application of the new revenue recognition standard -¥2.4 billion

Effect of application of the new revenue recognition standard -¥0.3 billion

Posting a share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method in overseas businesses

^{*} Operating revenue in overseas businesses is disclosed under "Other."

(4) Other: Initiatives for Fund Business



- Under the medium-term business plan, further expansion of profit opportunities for the Group will be pursued through sales of developed/owned properties to REITs and such sponsored by the Company.
- Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation (JPR), which has entrusted asset management to the consolidated subsidiary Tokyo Realty Investment Management, Inc. (TRIM), as well as private funds and private REITs operated by Tokyo Tatemono Investment Advisors Co., Ltd. have steadily expanded their assets.



Japan Prime Realty Investment Corporation

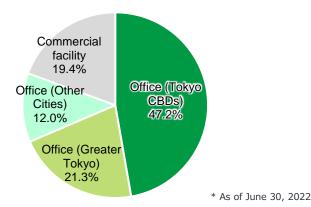
A J-REIT with a combined portfolio of office and urban retail properties, etc.

Total acquisition price : ¥492.2 billion Appraisal value : ¥593.1 billion

Portfolio Overview

| Number of properties Leasable area | | Occupancy rate | NOI yield | Average building age | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------|-------------------------|--|
| 67 | 502,000 m ² | 97.5% | 4.5% | 24.1 years | |

<Investment Ratio by Use/Area>



Tokyo Tatemono Private REIT, Inc.

A diversified private REIT investing in various asset types

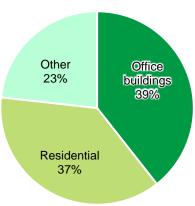
Total acquisition price : ¥81.1 billion Appraisal value : ¥85.4 billion

Portfolio Overview

| Number of properties | Total floor | Occupancy | Average | |
|----------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------|--|
| | area ^{*1} | rate | building age | |
| 35 | 313,000 m ² | 96.5% | 14.4 years | |

^{*1} Sum total of total floor area of each entire building, and thus includes areas that are not owned

<Investment Ratio by Use>



(4) Other: Initiatives for Overseas Business



- To gain business opportunities in growth markets, invested in businesses in China and Asia.
- As for new investments, we will continue to adopt our policy of conducting selective investments based on the current market environment, including the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Balance on the balance sheet for the overseas business was approximately ¥47.0 billion at the end of September 2022.

Basic Strategy

- · Conduct business centering on partnerships with local partners who are familiar with the local market and have superior development and sourcing capabilities.
- Dispatch resident officers from the Company to the area in order to manage risks based on the Company's view and enhance relationship with the partners.
- · Invest mainly in for-sale condominium projects with quick turnover primarily in China and countries in Asia in which the Company has invested before.

<Main Projects Under Way>

| | Name of project | Location | Main uses | Scale (Total number of units/total floor area) | FY of construction completion | Status |
|-------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| China | Yangzhou Chengxi Project | Yangzhou City | Residential, commercial | Approximately 1,500 units | 2022 onward | Residences sold out |
| | Yangzhou-East Project | Yangzhou City | Residential, commercial | Approximately 1,000 units | 2024 onward | On sale |
| | Xuzhou Chengbei Project | Xuzhou City | Residential | Approximately 1,500 units | 2023 onward | On sale |
| | Wenzhou Ouhai Project | Wenzhou City | Residential, commercial | Approximately 400 units | 2023 | Before sale |
| | 79 Robinson Road | Singapore | Offices | Approximately 57,400 m ² | 2020 | Sold |
| | Old museum site Redevelopment project | Yangon, Myanmar | Office, commercial, hotel | Approximately 92,000 m ² | Construction Interruption | |
| | Sukhumvit 26 Project | Bangkok, Thailand | Residential | Approximately 150 units | 2022 | On sale |
| Asia | Sathorn 12 Project | | Residential | Approximately 250 units | 2023 | On sale |
| | Onnut Project | | Residential | Approximately 1,100 units | 2024 | On sale |
| | Sukhumvit 38 Project | | Residential | Approximately 300 units | 2026 | Before sale |
| | Dharmawangsa Project | Jakarta, Indonesia | Office, residential | Office building : Approximately 47,000 m² Residence: Approximately 90 units | 2025 | Sales to be resumed |
| | Loggia Project | | Residential | Approximately 500 units | 2027 | Before sale |



(4) Other: Initiatives for Overseas Business



79 Robinson Road

A rare, high-grade office was developed in Singapore's central business district, Tanjong Pagar. Sale completed in 2022 2Q.

> Total project cost: Approx. ¥75.0 billion Tokyo Tatemono's stake: Approx. 15%



Xuzhou Chengbei Project in China

The Company's second housing development project in Xuzhou, a Tier-3 city where infrastructure and entry of foreign capital advancement are rapidly progressing. A location that has excellent transportation convenience close to a subway station that has good access to the city center.

Total project cost: Approx. ¥35.0 billion Tokyo Tatemono's stake: Approx. 30%



For-sale condominiums development projects in Bangkok, Thailand (4 projects)

Development of four for-sale condominiums such as in the Sukhumvit Area and the Sathorn Area located in the central district of Bangkok.

Total project cost: Approx. ¥57.0 billion Tokyo Tatemono's stake: Approx. 50%



Sukhumvit 26 Project

Yangzhou Chengxi Project in China

A residential development project in Yangzhou, a Tier 3 city where the needs of actual demand are strong, marking the Company's fifth project in the city. There are large commercial facilities and educational facilities around the project site, and it is characterized by a location with high convenience of living.

Total project cost: Approx. ¥37.0 billion Tokyo Tatemono's stake: Approx. 25%



ESG-related Initiatives

ESG-related Initiatives (1)



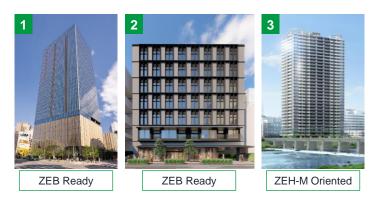
Medium- to long-term targets for reducing greenhouse gas emissions

CO₂ Emissions

40% reduction by FY2030 (compared with FY2019)

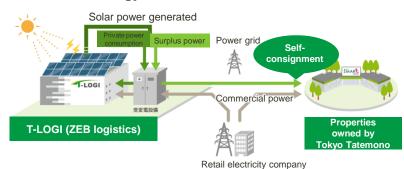
Net zero by FY2050

Development of ZEB and ZEH*



- 1 Hareza Tower
- 2 Tokyo Tatemono Shijo Karasuma Building EAST
- 3 Brillia Tower Seiseki Sakuragaoka BLOOMING RESIDENCE
- * ZEB includes "ZEB" (reduction by 100% or more through energy saving + energy creation) as well as Nearly ZEB (energy saving of 75% or more), ZEB Ready (energy saving of 50% or more), ZEB Oriented (10,000 m² or more of total floor area, more than 40% energy saving for offices, 30% or more for hotels, etc.).
- ZEH includes Nearly ZEH-M (energy saving of 75% or more), ZEH-M Ready (energy saving of 50% or more), and ZEH-M Oriented (energy saving of 20% or more), etc.

Development of "ZEB" logistics, creation and utilization of renewable energy



- The company consumed electricity generated by solar panels installed at the T-LOGI logistics facilities on the premises of the facility and obtained the highest rating of ZEB as an environmentally friendly property. The entire T-LOGI series was developed as "ZEB" logistics.
 - Acquisition of "ZEB" certification: 6 properties (as of September 30, 2022)
- 2 Surplus power is subject to **self-consignment** to the SMARK Isesaki retail facilities owned by the Company as well as **owned facilities**.

Condominium development using wooden CLT



Senzokuike Project (provisional name)

- Sustainable Buildings (Wooden Leading Project)" which was publicly offered by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism. CLT construction method to be used.
- Approximately 700 m³ of timber will be used for the main structural parts
- The amount of carbon storage converted into CO₂ using timber is approximately 450 tons

ESG-related Initiatives (2)



External evaluation and certification on green buildings

- Percentage of certification (as of December 2021)
- All properties owned and managed by the Company



Leasable office area



Leasable residential area.



■ Main properties newly obtaining certification in 2022









- 1 Brillia ist Nakano Central Park (5 stars)
- 2 Brillia ist Motoasakusa (4 stars)

ESG finance (Bonds payable issued)

- March 2019: Issuance of green hybrid bonds
 - First issuance of green hybrid bonds in Japan (world-first in the real estate sector)
 - Received the Minister for the Environment's Award (Silver Award) in the Bond Section of the "ESG Finance Awards Japan" established by the Ministry of the Environment
 - Issuance period: 40 years Amount issued: ¥50 billion

■ July 2020: Issued sustainability bonds

- Japan's first in the real estate sector
- Received the gold award, the highest award given by the Minister of the Environment in the fundraiser section of the "ESG Finance Awards Japan." Awarded for the second consecutive year, the only company in the section
- Issuance period: 5 years
 Amount issued: ¥20 billion
- Issuance period: 10 years Amount issued: ¥20 billion

ESG FINANCE AWARDS JAPAN GOLD

■ February 2021: Issued sustainability hybrid bonds

- Issuance period: 40 years Amount issued: ¥40 billion
- July 2021: Issued sustainability bonds for individual investors
 - First in Japan for a general operating company in the real estate sector
 - Issuance period: 7 years Amount issued: ¥10 billion

ESG-related Initiatives (3)



ESG-related external evaluation and participation in ESG-related initiatives

"GRESB Real Estate Assessment" 2022

- "GRESB Standing Investment Benchmark," an assessment of real estate management portfolios
 - The only real estate developer in Japan who received the top-rated "5-star" for the sixth consecutive year
 - Selected for the first time as a "Sector Leader" in Listed, Asia Region, Diversified

| Field | Rating agencies and Initiatives | Rating, etc. | | |
|-------------------|---|--------------|--|--|
| ESG (Real Estate) | GRESB Standing Investment Benchmark | 5-star | | |
| | CDP | В | | |
| Climate change | RE100 | Participated | | |
| Cilinate change | SBT | Certified | | |
| | TCFD | Agreed | | |
| Social (Human | UN Global Compact | Participated | | |
| Resources) | Health and Productivity Management Organization | White 500 | | |
| | MSCI Japan Empowering Women Index (WIN) | | | |
| | S&P/JPX Carbon Efficient Index | | | |
| Index | MSCI Japan ESG Select Leaders Index | Selected | | |
| | FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index | | | |





GRESB REAL ESTATE sector leader 2022

RE100

°CLIMATE GROUP





DRIVING AMBITIOUS CORPORATE CLIMATE ACTION





2022 CONSTITUENT MSCIジャパン ESGセレクト・リーダーズ指数

^{*} Red text added in 2022

Appendix

Long-Term Vision and Medium-Term Business Plan



- In February 2020, announced a long-term vision for 2030, "Becoming a Next-Generation Developer," and the Medium-Term Business Plan for FY2020-FY2024.
- Aim to achieve goals of Medium-Term Business Plan and realize the long-term vision through initiatives that contribute to the evolution of ESG management and the promotion of our five key strategies.

<Long-Term Vision for 2030>

"Becoming a Next-Generation Developer"

Achieve the dual goals of "solving social issues" and "company growth" at higher levels

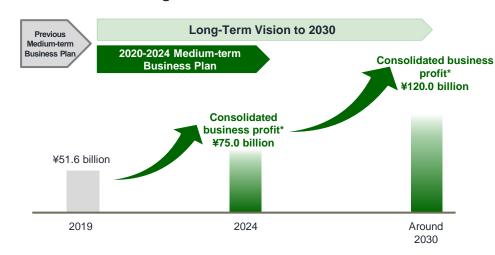
Target for 2030: Consolidated business profit* of ¥120.0 billion

Contributing to the achievement of the SDGs

<Basic Profit Growth Policy>

Steadily expand stable rental profits and aim for a well-balanced profit structure with an awareness of capital efficiency, which is central to profit composition * For details, please refer to "Long-Term Vision, Medium-Term Business Plan" announced on February 12, 2020.

<Positioning of the Medium-Term Business Plan>



<Key Strategies in the Medium-Term Business Plan>

- (1) Promotion of large-scale redevelopment
- (2) Further strengthening of forsale condominium business
- (3) Expansion of property sales to investors
- (4) Strengthening of brokerage, fund, and parking businesses
- (5) Growth in overseas business

^{*} Business profit = Operating profit + Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

Materiality of the Tokyo Tatemono Group



• In order to achieve our long-term vision, we reviewed important issues that need to be addressed, mindful of the values to be shared with society through our business. In this process, 14 material issues were identified



ESG Management KPIs and Goals Based on Materiality



| Materiality | ltem | KPIs and Goals | Range | Target Year | Target |
|---|---|--|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Reduction of greenhouse gas emissions | Rate of reduction of CO ₂ emissions | Scope 1,2,3 | 2030 | 40% reduction compared with 2019 |
| | | | | 2050 | Net zero |
| Promoting a decarbonized society | Introduction of renewable energy | Rate of introduction of renewable energy for electricity consumed in business activities | Real estate held in Commercial Properties business | 2030 | 40% |
| 333.5.7 | | Concurred in Suchross delivities | All business activities | 2050 | 100% |
| | Promotion of development of ZEB and | ZEB development rate in new development projects | Office buildings and logistics properties | 2030 | 100% in principle |
| | ZEH | ZEH development rate in new development projects | For-sale condominiums | 2030 | 100% in principle |
| | Acquisition of green building certification | Rate of acquisition of green building certification in new development projects | Office buildings and logistics properties | 2030 | 100% in principle |
| | Reduction of waste output | Rate of reduction of waste output intensity | Buildings owned long-term | 2030 | 20% reduction compared with 2019 |
| Promoting a recycling- oriented society | Promotion of waste recycling | Rate of reuse of waste | Buildings owned long-term | 2030 | 90% |
| C | Reduction of water usage | Rate of reduction of water usage intensity | Buildings owned long-term | Every year | Reduction from previous year |
| • • | Promotion of use of recycled water | Rate of introduction of greywater treatment facilities in new development projects | Office buildings with a total floor area of more than 30,000 m ² | 2030 | 100% |
| | | Rate of use of domestic materials and certified materials in common area interior and furnishings in new | Buildings owned long-term and condominiums for sale & rent | 2030 | 100% |
| Promoting a decarbonized | Promotion of use of wood | development projects | Condominiums for sale & rent | 2030 | 100% |
| society Promoting a recycling- oriented society | | Use of CLT in main structural parts in new development projects | Condominiums for sale & rent | 2023 | _ |
| | Partnership and co-creation with | Rate of communication on sustainability with tenants being implemented four or more times per year | Buildings owned long-term | Every year | 100% |
| | customers | Drafting and implementation of sustainability measures through communication with residents | Condominiums for sale & rent | Every year | - |
| Improve employee growth | Promotion of capacity development | Average training hours per employee | Tokyo Tatemono | Every year | 15 hours or more |
| and job satisfaction | , , , | Career training attendance rate | Tokyo Tatemono | Every year | 100% |
| ėíi | D 6 (1 W | Health checkup attendance rate | Tokyo Tatemono | Every year | 100% |
| Yill | Promotion of health management | Reexamination attendance rate Smoking rate | Tokyo Tatemono Tokyo Tatemono | Every year 2022 | 100% 12% or less |
| | Respect for human rights | Dissemination of Human Rights Policy | Tokyo Tatemono Group | Every year | — |
| Diversity & Inclusion | | Average rate of taking annual paid leave | Tokyo Tatemono | Every year | 70% or more |
| m | Work-life balance | Percentage of male employees taking childcare leave | Tokyo Tatemono | 2025 | 30% or more |
| ■ ⊔ | Promoting the active participation of | Percentage of female managers | Tokyo Tatemono | 2030 | 10% or more |
| | diverse human resources | Employment rate of persons with disabilities | Tokyo Tatemono | Every year | 2.3% or more |

^{*} See pages 8 and 9 of the Sustainability Report 2022 for definitions of terms.

Quantitative Plan in Medium-Term Business Plan

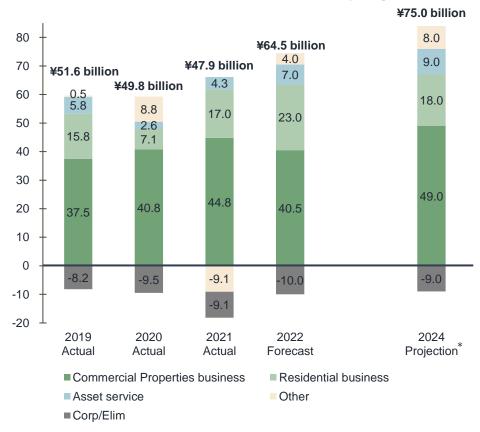


- In the Medium-Term Business Plan, we have set a profit target of ¥75 billion in business profit for FY2024. In addition, we have set targets for ROE, the debt-equity ratio, and the interest-bearing debt to EBITDA multiple in order to optimize the business portfolio in consideration of capital efficiency and fiscal discipline.
- Looking towards 2024, we plan to increase profit on property sales centering on property sales to investors.

<Profit/Financial Plan – Figures for FY2024>

| Profit Target | Consolidated business profit: ¥75.0 billion |
|-------------------------|---|
| Capital Efficiency | ROE: 8-10% |
| Financial Indicators | Debt-equity ratio: Appr. 2.4X Interest-bearing debt / EBITDA multiple: Appr. 12X |
| Reference Figures | Consolidated operating profit: ¥70.0 billion Profit attributable to owners of parent: ¥45.0 billion EPS: ¥215 |

<Consolidated Business Profit Trend by Segment>



^{*} Breakdown assumed at time of announcement of Medium-Term Business Plan in February 2020

Business Profit (Breakdown by Segment)



(Unit: ¥ billion)

Announced in August 2022

| | Segment: Item | 2020/12 actual | 2021/12 actual | 2022/12 full-year forecast |
|-------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| | Il for all segments (Excluding properties s to investors) | 41.6 | 37.3 | 56.5 |
| | Commercial properties: Building leasing, etc. | 33.6 | 34.2 | 30.5 |
| | Residential: For-sale condominiums, etc. | 6.9 | 10.7 | 19.0 |
| | Asset service: Parking business, brokerage. etc. | (0.1) | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| | Other: Leisure & childcare, fund, overseas | 1.2 | (9.1) | 4.0 |
| Tota | I property sales to investors*1 | 17.7 | 19.8 | 18.0 |
| | Commercial properties | 7.2 | 10.5 | 10.0 |
| | Residential | 0.2 | 6.3 | 4.0 |
| | Asset service | 2.8 | 2.9 | 4.0 |
| | Other | 7.3 | _ | _ |
| Elim | ination / Corporate | (9.5) | (9.1) | (10.0) |
| Total busin | ness profit*2 | 49.8 | 47.9 | 64.5 |

^{*1} Figures for property sales to investors are the gross profit

^{*2} Business profit = Operating profit + Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method

(announced in February 2020) (Excerpt)



Business Portfolio Concepts (1)

Business classification and management by

- Our business portfolio can be classified into three categories based on their profit characteristics: leasing, property sales (for-sale condominiums/sales), and services. We manage each segment with a focus on the value chain.
- We promote five key strategies with a focus on the balance between profitability, efficiency, and stability.

profit characteristics, with awareness of the balance between profitability, efficiency, and stability Profit Type Characterized by Profit from leasing Highly stable profit Leasing offices, condominiums, Requires significant etc. investment Development profit. **Property** Highly volatile profit acquired from sale of High capital efficiency Sales properties held Fee revenue from facility Highly stable profit **Services** management/operation, Does not involve provision of services significant investment

Key Strategy Profit Source (1) Promotion of large-scale Leasing redevelopment (2) Further strengthening of for-**Property** sale condominium business sales **Property** (3) Expansion of property sales to investors sales (4) Strengthening of brokerage, **Services** fund, and parking businesses **Property** (5) Growth in overseas business sales

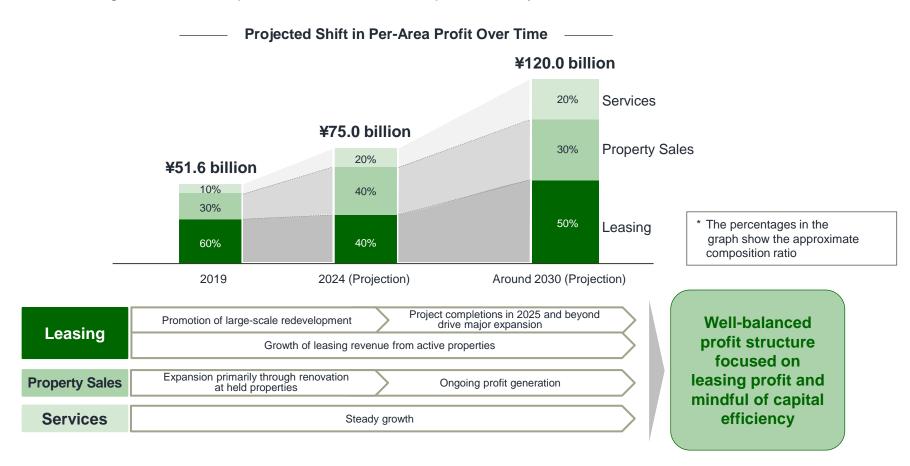
Key Strategies and Their Profit Sources

(announced in February 2020) (Excerpt)



Business Portfolio Concepts (2)

■ Working under our five key strategies, we are steadily growing our Services area, with profit growth driven especially by the Property Sales area through 2024 and expansion of Leasing in 2025 and beyond, achieving a well-balanced profit structure mindful of capital efficiency.

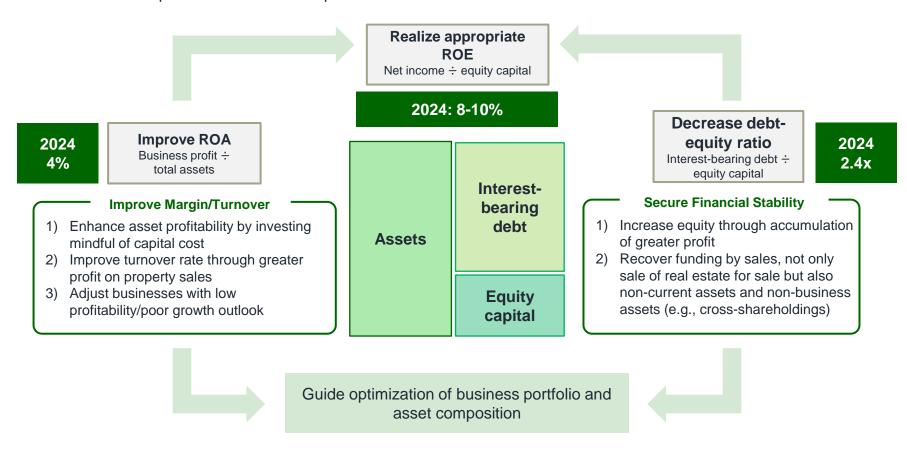




(announced in February 2020) (Excerpt)

Management Mindful of Capital Efficiency

■ We will target enhancement of ROA by improving margin and turnover, appropriate control of the debtequity ratio through earnings growth and asset sales, realization of ROE of 8% to 10%, and optimization of our business portfolio and asset composition.



(announced in February 2020) (Excerpt)



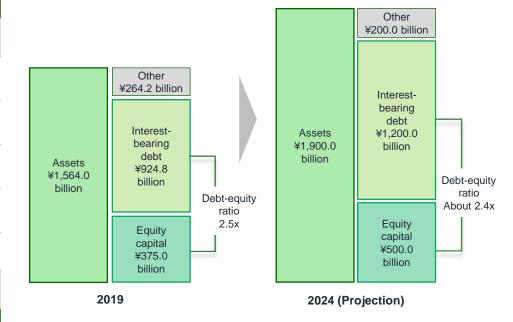
■ Investment Plan

- Estimated net investment of ¥500.0 billion in total over five years.
- In addition to enhancing equity capital through stable profit growth, we aim to optimize our asset composition by selling non-current assets in consideration of profitability and reducing cross-shareholdings in order to either maintain or reduce the debt-equity ratio and simultaneously control the balance sheet in an appropriate fashion.

| Medium-Term Investment Plan |
|-----------------------------|
| (Cumulative) |

| | | Unit: ¥ billion |
|-----------|--|-----------------|
| Gro | ss investment | 1,400.0 |
| | Investment in large-scale redevelopment | 230.0 |
| | Investment in for-sale condominium projects | 430.0 |
| | Investment in properties for sale to investors | 550.0 |
| | Investment in the overseas business | 70.0 |
| | Other | 120.0 |
| Recovered | | 900.0 |
| Net | investment | 500.0 |





Investment Plan for FY2022





• In FY2022, the gross amount of investment is expected to be ¥290.0 billion due to expenditure on construction costs for progressively developing logistics properties and for-sale condominium projects.

<Investment Plan of Medium-Term Business Plan (2020–2024) and Results>

| | | Unit: ¥ billion | 5-year Plan | 2020 - 2021 Actual |
|----------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | C | Gross investment | 1,400.0 | 318.0 |
| | Investment in large-scale redevelopment Investment in for-sale condominium projects Investment in properties for sale to investors | | 230.0 | 13.8 |
| | | | 430.0 | 110.5 |
| | | | 550.0 | 121.5 |
| | | Investment in the overseas business | 70.0 | 5.0 |
| | Other *1 | | 120.0 | 67.2 |
| Recovered | | Recovered | 900.0 | 241.9 |
| Net investment | | nvestment | 500.0 | 76.1 |

^{*1} Inclusive of such amounts as expenditures to CAPEX, etc., and reserves for acquisition of seed-lot buildings for large-scale redevelopment and income-producing real estate.

<Investment Plan for FY2022>

| <iiivestii< th=""><th>ient Pian ior</th></iiivestii<> | ient Pian ior |
|---|---------------|
| | 2022 Plan |
| | 290.0 |
| | 0.0 |
| | 115.0 |
| | 120.0 |
| | 15.0 |
| | 40.0 |
| | |

Fair Value of Rental Properties

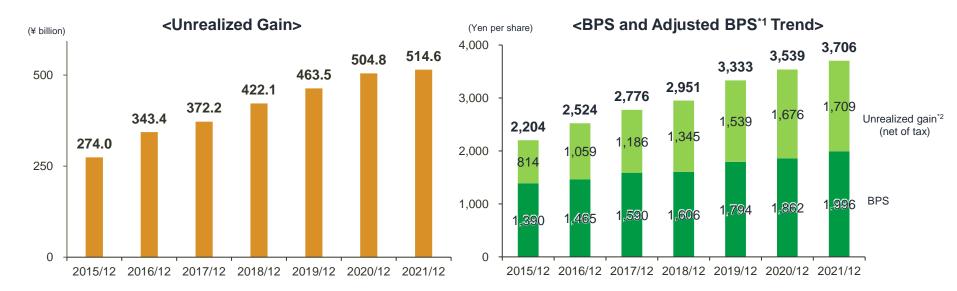
(No update from the time of announcement of financial results)



Unrealized gain remained at a high level of ¥514.6 billion.

| Unit: ¥ billion | 2020/12-end | 2021/12-end | Increase/ Decrease |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Fair value at end of period | 1,389.7 | 1,407.2 | 17.5 |
| Amount on B/S (carrying value) | 884.8 | 892.5 | 7.7 |
| Amount of difference | 504.8 | 514.6 | 9.7 |

- <Subject properties> Of non-current assets, properties that are currently leased or properties under development that are scheduled to be leased after completion to third parties by the Company and its subsidiaries (including properties where a portion is used by the Company and its group companies) are subject to calculation
- <Method of calculation> For properties newly acquired during the period or properties under development at the end of the fiscal year, the book value at the end of the fiscal year is taken as the fair value



^{*1:} Adjusted BPS = BPS + (Unrealized gain, net of tax) / Number of shares issued and outstanding at end of period, excluding treasury stock

^{*2:} Unrealized gain, net of tax = Unrealized gain \times (1 - Statutory tax rate applicable to each fiscal year)

Quarterly Segment Data



| Commercial Properties business*1 | 2019/12 | 2020/3 | 2020/6 | 2020/9 | 2020/12 | 2021/3 | 2021/6 | 2021/9 | 2021/12 | 2022/3 | 2022/6 | 2022/9 |
|--|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Number of office buildings | 48 | 46 | 45 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 46 | 47 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Leasable area of office buildings (thousand m²) | 494 | 490 | 520 | 520 | 511 | 514 | 514 | 514 | 514 | 496 | 496 | 500 |
| Vacancy rate | 1.1% | 1.0% | 2.0% | 1.3% | 2.3% | 3.4% | 3.3% | 3.3% | 3.2% | 2.5% | 2.9% | 2.8% |
| Average rent (Unit: yen/tsubo) | 30,583 | 30,846 | 30,288 | 30,161 | 30,835 | 31,061 | 30,830 | 31,077 | 30,954 | 30,809 | 30,896 | 30,696 |
| Residential business | 2019/12 | 2020/3 | 2020/6 | 2020/9 | 2020/12 | 2021/3 | 2021/6 | 2021/9 | 2021/12 | 2022/3 | 2022/6 | 2022/9 |
| Number of sales posted (cumulative) | 1,316 | 646 | 872 | 955 | 1,196 | 520 | 634 | 689 | 1,109 | 390 | 963 | 1,034 |
| For-sale condominiums | 1,315 | 646 | 872 | 955 | 1,196 | 520 | 634 | 689 | 1,109 | 390 | 963 | 1,034 |
| Housing and residential land | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross margin ratio of condo sales (cumulative) | 24.6% | 21.7% | 22.9% | 22.8% | 22.4% | 29.9% | 28.6% | 28.4% | 24.4% | 28.2% | 36.7% | 36.1% |
| Inventory of completed condos | 216 | 321 | 305 | 243 | 177 | 179 | 109 | 54 | 83 | 135 | 115 | 72 |
| Of which, contracted | 18 | 40 | 31 | 43 | 27 | 41 | 36 | 24 | 37 | 29 | 35 | 20 |
| Condo units supplied (cumulative) | 1,301 | 201 | 286 | 499 | 948 | 297 | 760 | 1,036 | 1,684 | 277 | 647 | 908 |
| Condo units contracted (cumulative) | 1,285 | 200 | 275 | 527 | 962 | 288 | 794 | 1,045 | 1,759 | 245 | 639 | 941 |
| Condo units contracted but yet to be posted | 1,547 | 1,101 | 950 | 1,118 | 1,314 | 1,081 | 1,474 | 1,669 | 1,968 | 1,837 | 1,658 | 1,890 |
| Number of condo buildings for rent | 9 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 14 | 14 |
| Number of managed condo units | 94,319 | 95,401 | 95,958 | 95,581 | 95,720 | 97,152 | 97,738 | 97,668 | 98,789 | 96,761 | 97,272 | 97,345 |
| Asset service | 2019/12 | 2020/3 | 2020/6 | 2020/9 | 2020/12 | 2021/3 | 2021/6 | 2021/9 | 2021/12 | 2022/3 | 2022/6 | 2022/9 |
| Brokerage: Number of deals (cumulative) | 1,081 | 259 | 458 | 687 | 1,018 | 277 | 540 | 830 | 1,152 | 250 | 532 | 793 |
| Of which, sales (cumulative) | 1,044 | 250 | 448 | 671 | 991 | 271 | 526 | 810 | 1,124 | 243 | 521 | 778 |
| Of which, rentals (cumulative) | 37 | 9 | 10 | 16 | 27 | 6 | 14 | 20 | 28 | 7 | 11 | 15 |
| Parking lots: Number of locations | 1,767 | 1,751 | 1,805 | 1,837 | 1,867 | 1,859 | 1,863 | 1,864 | 1,861 | 1,852 | 1,856 | 1,845 |
| Parking lots: Number of parking spaces | 69,401 | 69,683 | 74,176 | 75,267 | 76,173 | 74,366 | 74,706 | 74,641 | 75,254 | 75,618 | 76,444 | 77,083 |
| Other | 2019/12 | 2020/3 | 2020/6 | 2020/9 | 2020/12 | 2021/3 | 2021/6 | 2021/9 | 2021/12 | 2022/3 | 2022/6 | 2022/9 |
| Ofuro no Osama (Spa facility) | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Golf Courses | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Pet-Friendly Hotels (Regina Resort with DOGS) | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Ohayo Child Care Centers/after-school childcare facilities | 11 | 11 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 17 |

^{*1:} Standards for areas subject to calculation are as follows.

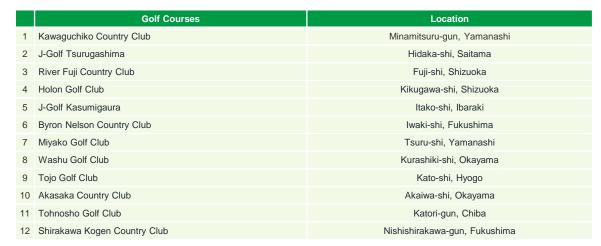
^{1.} Office buildings owned by group companies are included.
2. Since the area of retail facilities accounts for a large proportion under total leased floor area at GRAND FRONT OSAKA, the area of retail facilities is excluded from calculation.
3. With regard to buildings owned by consolidated SPCs, the equivalent areas of the SPCs' equity holdings in other companies have been included along with areas subject to recording of leasing revenue. 4. The following criteria is added as of the end of March 2022: Properties included in a redevelopment business area shall be excluded from the owned office buildings with the establishment of an urban

redevelopment consortium or the obtainment of project approval. *2: "DNP Gotanda Building," which was acquired at the end of September 2019, is not included in areas subject to calculation.

List of Facilities (Leisure Business)



| | Pet-Friendly Hotels (Regina Resort with DOGS) | Location | Number of guestrooms | Opening |
|---|---|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| 1 | Regina Resort Fuji | Minamitsuru-gun, Yamanashi | 21 | Nov. 2013 |
| 2 | Regina Resort Hakone Ungaiso | Ashigarashimo-gun, Kanagawa | 10 | Jul. 2014 |
| 3 | Regina Resort Izu Murin | Ito-shi, Shizuoka | 8 | Mar. 2016 |
| 4 | Regina Resort Karuizawa Mikage Yosui | Kitasaku-gun, Nagano | 26 | Jul. 2016 |
| 5 | Regina Resort Kyu-Karuizawa | Kitasaku-gun, Nagano | 26 | Nov. 2017 |
| 6 | Regina Resort Biwako Nagahama | Nagahama-shi, Shiga | 15 | Jun. 2018 |
| 7 | Regina Resort Kamogawa | Kamogawa-shi, Chiba | 25 | Jul. 2018 |
| 8 | Regina Resort Hakone Sengokuhara | Ashigarashimo-gun, Kanagawa | 22 | Oct. 2018 |



| | Bathing Facilities | Location | Opening |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | Ofuro no Osama Shiki | Shiki-shi, Saitama | Jan. 2003 |
| 2 | Ofuro no Osama Konandai | Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | Mar. 2005 |
| 3 | Ofuro no Osama Hana Koganei | Kodaira-shi, Tokyo | Nov. 2006 |
| 4 | Ofuro no Osama Tama Mogusa | Tama-shi, Tokyo | Jul. 2008 |
| 5 | Ofuro no Osama Ooimachi | Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo | Mar. 2011 |
| 6 | Ofuro no Osama Ebina | Ebina-shi, Kanagawa | Acquired in Feb. 2014 |
| 7 | Ofuro no Osama Seya | Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | Acquired in Feb. 2014 |
| 8 | Ofuro no Osama Kouza-Shibuya Ekimae | Yamato-shi, Kanagawa | Acquired in Feb. 2014 |
| 9 | Ofuro no Osama Machida | Sagamihara-shi, Kanagawa | Jun. 2015 |
| 10 | Ofuro no Osama Wako | Wako-shi, Saitama | Dec. 2021 |



Regina Resort Fuji



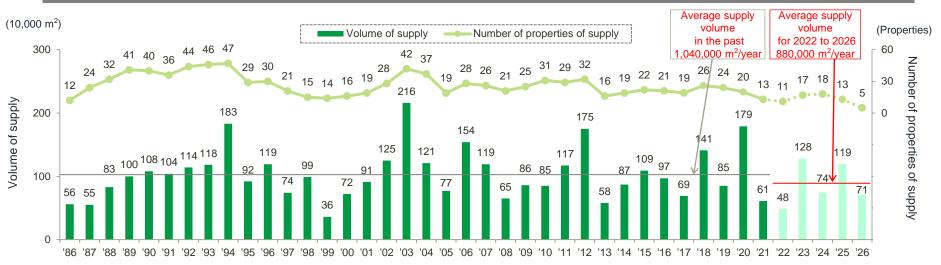
Regina Resort Hakone Sengokuhara



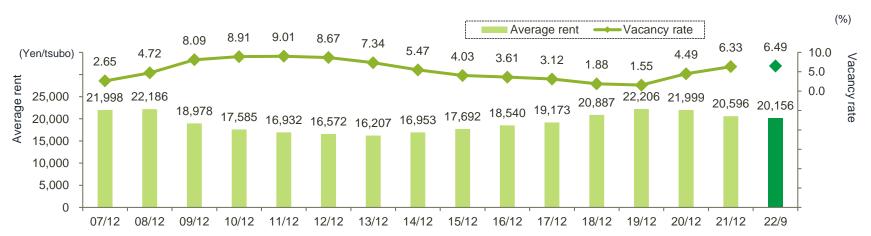
Ofuro no Osama Ooimachi







Average Rent and Vacancy Rate Trends in Tokyo's Central Business District (Chiyoda, Chuo, Minato, Shinjuku, and Shibuya)

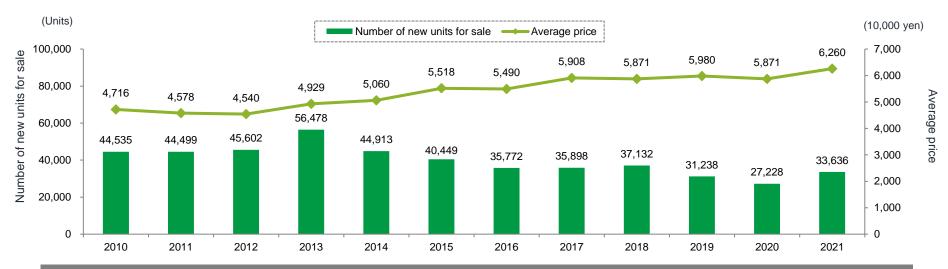


Market Data

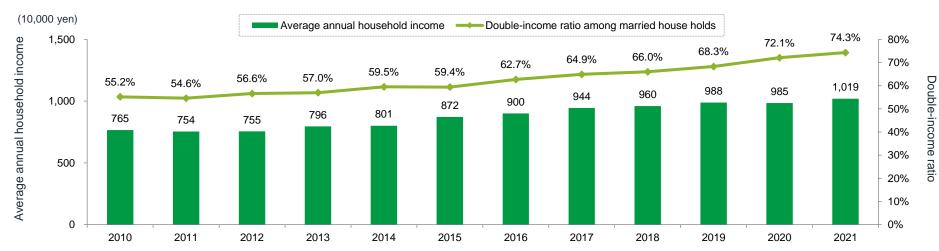
(2) For-Sale Condominium Market



Number of New Condominium Units for Sale and Average Price Trends in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area (Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama, and Chiba)



Trends in Double-Income Ratio and Average Annual Household Income Among Buyers of Condominium Units



Source: Real Estate Economic Institute; Recruit's 2021 survey on contract trend of new condominium units in the Tokyo Metropolitan Area



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