

Information & Electronics

With display components, digital printing materials, materials for semiconductors and other products as our income-generating pillars, we are also venturing into new fields such as agriculture, automobiles, and life sciences. We are also focusing on IoT and renewable energy-related products, which are expected to grow in the near future.



Toyohiro Akao Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer



Masahiro Sugiyama
Director,
Managing Executive Officer

Segment performance overview

Initial plan for the first year of the NC2023

Sales ¥226.0 billion Operating profit ¥5.05 billion



- Sales and operating profit both exceeded the figures in the initial plan and the targets for the final year.
- In the LCD-related business, sales increased due to strong production of panels for TVs and notebook PCs.
- In the LED-related business, sales of related materials increased.
- In the inkjet printer business, sales in the consumer field were strong, due to continued demand for home printing.
- In the photocopier-related business, sales of related materials increased.
- In the solar cell and rechargeable battery-related business, sales of related materials increased.
- In the semiconductor and electronic components business, sales of related materials and semiconductor equipment were strong.

Goals and strategies for the NC2023 medium-term business plan

Focusing on developing and expanding sales of new products such as products and materials with reduced environmental negative impact

In the area of components for flat panel displays, a profit driver for our business, we are focusing our business resources on the Chinese market to expand sales of LCD-related materials such as polarizing plates and alignment films, as well as light-emitting materials and other OLED-related materials, as each display manufacturer shifts their production bases to China. Alongside this effort, we are also responding to new materials for next-generation displays, such as micro-LED materials.

Regarding to digital printing-related products, another profit driver, we will continue to focus on industrial inkjet materials, which are expanding. For toner materials, we will also work on new materials to comply with the increasingly strict environmental regulations in Europe and other regions and expand sales of products with reduced environmental negative impact. At the same time, we will steadily increase our profits from materials for consumer inkjet printers and office-use multifunction peripherals (MFPs) and printers, which have been the main stay of our business, while monitoring demand conditions.

In the area of materials related to semiconductors and 5G—where mask blanks are our main products—we are focusing on sales of advanced electronics products and other products, as well as initiatives in new fields, such as materials for power semiconductors. We will aim to establish new businesses in the IoT and MaaS-related markets, which are expected to grow.

We will continue to expand sales of lithium-ion battery-related products—one of the growth drivers for the future of this business, amidst the rapid growth of the EV

market—as sales of certain components are growing dramatically. We will also continue to promote initiatives for hydrogen production equipment and fuel cells for mobility, with an eye toward expanding the market going forward.

Renewable energies, which are attracting increasing attention worldwide, are situated as a business that will play a key role in our future growth. Notably, sales of solar cell-related materials and components to overseas panel manufacturers in China and other countries are growing. We are also focusing on biomass power generation, which is expected to generate stable profits over the long term as a business that contributes to the reduction of CO₂ emissions. In the future, we will supply wood chips and other materials, and aim to establish a supply chain for biomass power generation with electric power companies and partner companies.

Profit drivers

- Materials related to flat panel displays
- Digital printing-related products

Growth drivers

- Materials related to lithium-ion batteries
- Renewable energy

NC2023 targets (after revision)



Business environment and strategies

Displays Digital printing Semiconductors and 5G **Environment and energy Business environment** (■ Opportunities ◆ Risks) ■ Continued growth of the ■ Expansion of the industrial ■ Expansion of IoT- and ■ Increase in global interest in Chinese market inkjet market MaaS-related markets renewable energy Expansion of display parts ◆ Advancement of paperless ◆ Intensifying global competition Addressing variations in related laws and regulations in different countries and regions ◆ Addressing intensifying competition and changes in trends Strengths A wide array of renewable Collaboration with major Japanese Top-level information network in Specialized skills in mask blanks, materials manufacturers each industry as a trading company which is one of our key products

Activities and strategies

• A global network to maintain closeness with customers and the capability of

- Fully utilize business resources focused on the growing Chinese market
- Expand product line-up centered on components related to displays
- Set up at the earliest possible opportunity a supply system for new materials with rising demand

providing processing and distribution services

- Start new transactions with material makers and expand product line-up
- Expand product line-up for automobiles and strengthen supply system
- Expand our handling of 5G-related materials
- Start multidimensional new businesses catering to different regions and needs
- Develop employees with specialized knowledge

From the frontline of business in NC2023 focus areas

Environment and energy sector: Lithium-ion batteries

At present, the world is in the process of shifting from gasoline and diesel vehicles to electric vehicles. The accompanying demand for lithium-ion batteries has grown significantly as a result, and we are selling battery materials used in lithium-ion batteries to major battery manufacturers. Since we must deal with strict quality, cost, and delivery requirements for automotive batteries, we are providing logistics support and building a supply system accompanying factory localization of Japanese manufacturers.

We will continue to aggressively expand our customer base for existing lithium-ion battery-related products and develop new products to handle.



Hiroaki Kawase
Sales Section I,
Sales Department III
Information & Electronics
Division III

Chemicals

With firm roots in our founding business of dyes, we deal in chemicals that serve as a platform for all kinds of industries. We have a track record of separating businesses that show growth and pursuing new potential. We paved our way into global markets when the domestic market matured. In April 2019, we integrated the Housing & Eco Materials Division, which was dealing with materials that are close to final products, to provide optimum products and services to the entire value chain.

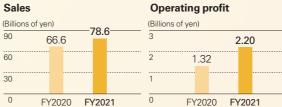


Masahiro Sugiyama Director Managing Executive Officer

Segment performance overview

Initial plan for the first year of the NC2023

Sales ¥68.0 billion Operating profit ¥1.20 billion



- Sales and operating profit both exceeded the figures in the initial plan and the targets for the final year
- Sales of raw materials for resins and additives were generally strong
- Sales of automobile component materials were strong.
- Sales of paint, ink, and adhesives for construction applications were
- Sales of chemicals for paper manufacturing were strong for sanitary paper and corrugated containerboard.
- In construction materials, sales of European timber were strong as the number of housing starts recovered.

Goals and strategies for the NC2023 medium-term business plan

Making proposals that leverage our global procurement capabilities and network of bases. and promoting sales expansions for eco-friendly products

In the area of functional chemicals, the profit driver for this business, which centers around raw materials for resin and additives, there are increasing opportunities for proposals to help customers secure alternative products against a backdrop of global logistics disruptions, such as container shortages. In addition, environmental regulations are becoming stricter, and there is a trend of customers searching for alternative suppliers to their existing suppliers, who are unable to meet these regulations. In this environment, we will make proposals that take advantage of our global procurement capabilities, network of bases, and ability to coordinate information with other businesses. In conjunction, we will enhance our manufacturer functions and expand our business by promoting initiatives to strengthen our structure with an eye toward acquiring suppliers. In addition, we will aim to expand our business by supporting the overseas and domestic sales of major manufacturers with whom we have concluded exclusive distributorship agreements.

In the area of business related to coating (paints and inks), which is another one of our profit drivers, raw materials for urethane coatings for automobiles are continuing to grow globally. We will build a global structure for cooperation—mainly through our own processing plants in China—and increase the number of contract processing companies in other countries in order to accelerate growth.

In our business related to automobile component materials, which is a growth driver, we will expand our lineup of components and our sales of materials for lithium-ion batteries and related products to a wider range of customers, including materials for battery thermal interfaces, in the EV market, which continues to be healthy. In addition, demand for in-vehicle multi-displays, for which screens are becoming larger and more irregularly shaped, is growing, particularly in Europe. We are expanding sales of curved glass and resin

sheets coated with functional optical films for antireflection and other applications. In order to realize a circular economy in the automotive industry, we will continue our efforts to build a circular business model in collaboration with the manufacturers to whom we supply products.

We have positioned new products, including eco-friendly resin materials, as a long-term growth business to meet recycling needs. In addition to switching to biodegradable resins for packaging materials, we will continue to expand our business in a variety of areas including coating and adhesive materials, as well as materials for packaging paper itself based on the demand for companies to switch to paper packaging.

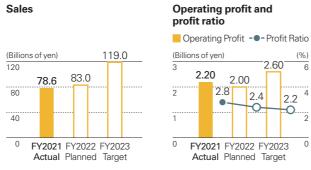
With regard to construction materials, we are working to expand direct transactions with major house makers and construction materials manufacturers, and also providing support for the establishment of export sales systems. In addition, we are enhancing our proposals for eco-friendly materials by leveraging our domestic and overseas networks.

- Raw materials for resins and additives
- Business related to coatings (paints and inks)

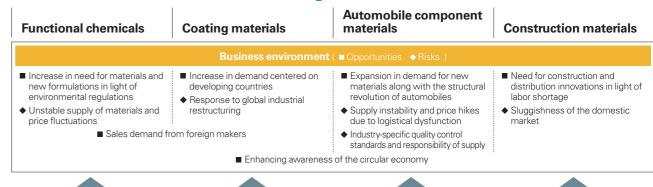
Growth drivers

- Business related to automobile component materials
- Eco-friendly raw materials for resin

NC2023 targets (after revision)



Business environment and strategies



- Knowledge of chemicals and a customer base nurtured over 130 years
- Organize a global supply chain suitable for our customers
- A wide range of products and materials spreading from upstream to downstream • Local handling through overseas manufacturing and processing bases of the Group

- Develop and offer new materials and new formulation solutions
- Accelerate overseas expansion using the Group's strengths
- Strengthen BCP structure
- Collaborate with Japanese companies expanding overseas
- Expand business by leveraging consigned production and
- multi-display-related products and materials
- Build a circular business model

Expand EV-related products and

- Propose a supply chain leveraging our strengths
- Collaborate with major house makers and building materials manufacturers for domestic and international expansion

From the frontline of business in NC2023 focus areas

Mobility sector: EV-related products

The shift to EVs in automobiles has been accelerating in recent years. Moreover, with the abundant use of electronic devices in in-vehicle components, an unprecedented variety of needs and issues have become apparent. Amidst such circumstances, I am creating businesses by proposing new items and technologies to users, such as measures to deal with the heat generated by electronic devices such as batteries, larger and curved automotive displays, and sustainable materials for the future of the global environment. In the automobile industry, which is undergoing a once-in-a-century transformation, we are taking on daily challenges in collaboration with members of our overseas bases in order to propose solutions that only a company such as Inabata, which specializes in chemicals, can provide.



Keita Endo **Mobility Chemicals** Department Chemicals Division



Life Industry

After handing over the pharmaceuticals business to Sumitomo Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. (now Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd.) in 1984, we began selling pharmaceutical substances as our main business in this field. The origin of the food business goes back to the sale of cornstarch to the food industry. In 2012, we launched the life industry segment because we believe that medical products as well as food products contribute to creating a healthier and more comfortable life for consumers.



Toyohiro Akao Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer

Segment performance overview

Initial plan for the first year of the NC2023



- Operating profit exceeded the figure in the initial plan and the target for the final year, due in part to strong sales of seafood products in the United States.
- In the life science business, sales of cosmetic substances and materials for daily goods were strong.
- Domestic sales of pharmaceutical substances were weak, partly due to the impact of COVID-19.
- In the food product business, sales of processed marine products recovered.
 Sales of processed products intended for conveyor-belt sushi were strong. In the U.S., sales of seafood products increased due to a rapid recovery in the restaurant industry.
- In the agricultural products business, sales of frozen vegetables and fruit for mass merchandisers and home delivery were strong.

Goals and strategies for the NC2023 medium-term business plan

Pursuing a wide range of profit-making possibilities, with food products and advanced pharmaceuticals as growth drivers

Sales of materials for medicines, the profit driver for this business, have been weak, as the frequency of hospital visits by patients with minor illnesses has been declining due to the impact of COVID-19. There are also negative factors with regard to materials for home products, such as the soaring prices of materials from China and unstable supply, but we will implement new initiatives, which includes introducing multiple suppliers, promoting alternative material proposals, and starting to deal with new products, such as testing equipment for infertility treatment patients.

Another profit driver for this business is the food product business. In the frozen agricultural products business, we will continue to expand our initiatives with mass merchandisers and home delivery as the main focus, based on the growing sales of frozen vegetables and fruit—such as domestically produced spinach and blueberries from overseas—which are driven by stay-at-home demand. In the area of processed marine products, sales of Japanese and Southeast Asian products to major U.S. supermarkets have been growing at DNI Group, LLC, a U.S. company that became our subsidiary in 2020. In the North American market, the Inabata Group's trading functions will be linked with its U.S. subsidiary to promote the expansion of products we handle and the introduction of new products, in order to further increase profits. In addition, the construction of new business models in the food processing and agriculture areas is essential for the further growth of our food product business. In the upstream area, we will get blueberry and garlic production and a direct sales business off the ground in Hokkaido. We are also working to further add value and differentiate ourselves from others through measures such as ensuring traceability from production to sales in wakame seaweed cultivation and whitebait processing, which are also contributing to the revitalization of the Awaji Island region. Going forward, we will continue to strengthen our manufacturing and processing functions through business alliances with other companies,

investments, and other measures. Alongside these efforts, we will add depth to our profits by being widely involved in sales channels from upstream to downstream through initiatives such as expanding private brand product consignment, developing our own branded products, and considering the launch of an e-commerce (EC) business.

In the area of advanced medicine, which is expected to grow in the future, we will continue sales promotion activities for peripheral materials and components for regenerative medicine targeted at universities and research institutes, both in Japan and overseas. In addition, we are promoting a new nucleic acid medicine business centered on the provision of materials for liposome* formulations, and exploring a wide range of profit-making possibilities in the future, such as collaborating with logistics companies to implement rapid cell transport to the United States.

* Capsules made of an artificial membrane which mimics the lipid bilayer that forms the basic structure of cell membranes. They are used in products such as drug delivery systems, in which drugs and other substances are sealed inside capsules to transport them within the body.

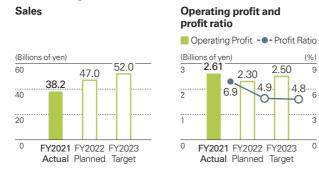
Profit drivers

- Pharmaceutical substances (new medicines)
- Materials for home products Agricultural products
- Processed marine products (manufacturing and sales)

Growth drivers

- Advanced medicine, such as regenerative medicine and nucleic acid medicine
- Building new business models (agriculture, processed food businesses)

NC2023 targets (after revision)



Business environment and strategies

Pharmaceuticals Business environment (■ Opportunities ◆ Risks) ■ Expansion of advanced medicine and regenerative medicine markets ◆ Unstable supply of materials and soaring prices ■ Expansion in demand for Japanese products in drugstores in the Asia region ◆ Speed of change in market trends ■ Increase in interest in safety of food products in Boom of Japanese food overseas ■ Easing of agriculture and fishery regulations in Japan ◆ Sluggish domestic demand ◆ Quality risks specific to food products

Strengths

- Collaboration with superior suppliers and information network on latest research and development
 Processing and distribution services using Group bases in each field
 - Teams and individuals with expertise
- Years of knowhow on a broad business range from production to distribution

Activities and strategie

- Expand peripheral solutions in advanced and regenerative medicine
- Catch up with and provide information on PMD Act and cellular medicine
- Propose alternative sources and introduce multiple suppliers
- Support expansion and development of Japanese products for Asian markets
- Maintain hygiene management-related products business, which is a stable profit base
- Catch up with latest development trends
- Accelerate expansion to overseas marketsStrengthen upstream businesses such as
- blueberry production
 Develop products in conjunction with upstream businesses and expand collaboration with processing manufacturers

From the frontline of business in NC2023 focus areas

Life science sector: Substances for pharmaceuticals and cosmetics, regenerative medicine

With the Japanese customer base expanding overseas, the Life Science Department exports hundreds of materials that can only be procured in Japan. These are primarily materials for cosmetics and pharmaceutical substances, as well as packaging materials. In recent years, we have taken on the challenge of not only selling materials, but also planning and proposing high-quality cosmetics and health food products with high added value, in order to meet the needs of our overseas customers in Southeast Asia and other regions for end products.

Our division is also focusing on business development in the field of regenerative medicine, and we are working to develop regenerative medicine-related products in China in collaboration with our Chinese locations. We aim to further expand our life science business by expanding into rapidly growing Asian countries.



Reiri Mikami Osaka Sales Section, Life Science Osaka Sales Department Life Industry Division



Plastics

We started dealing in imported vinyl chloride resin in 1949, and in 1959 we became the first in Japan to import and sell polypropylene. Currently, we sell everything from commodity resins and high-performance resins. We operate seven compound plants abroad, as well as five plants in Japan and overseas for manufacturing films. As the plastic waste problem intensifies, we are also striving to develop products focused on materials with reduced environmental negative impact such as biodegradable plastics as well as composites of CNF and plastic.

Goals and strategies for the NC2023 medium-term business plan



Koji Nakano Managing Executive Officer

Leveraging the power of our global network to promote new initiatives in each business area

Resins for automobiles, OA equipment, and home appliances are the profit driver for this business. In particular we will continue enhancing our customer-oriented business style for the automobile industry, especially in China and Southeast Asia, while also digging deeper to make proposals for products other than resins and EV-related products. In addition, we will strengthen our sales and production systems with the aim of acquiring new business deals in markets with growth potential, such as South America and India, as well as in the European market, where we have lagged behind in developing new markets. Through these efforts, we will increase sales to a wide range of global users, both Japanese and non-Japanese, and drive further business growth. At the same time, in the area of resins for office automation (OA) and home appliances, we are focusing our efforts on the growing need for products and materials with reduced environmental negative impact, such as recycled resins and biomass resins. We will continue to meet the demands of our customers around the world, centered on our global production base network for plastic compounds, which is having a positive impact on our overall business. (Business model for the plastic compound business: p. 18)

In the area of plastic films, another profit driver, we will take on a leadership role as a top-tier trading company in terms of Japanese market share to expand the scale of our business and reorganize the industry through alliances and M&A. In response to the growing need for eco-friendly products, we have also launched a recycling business for plastic waste. Taking advantage of our domestic and overseas networks, we aim to develop new markets and create new business models by leveraging

our Group's integrated system for collecting and pelletizing plastic waste, as well as manufacturing and selling recycled products.

For sports materials, where our mainstay product is grip tape for tennis rackets, we will expand our sales channels and applications to overseas manufacturers to further boost our global market share and expand sales of new products such as sportswear.

In this business—one of the most globalized in our company—further overseas business expansion is essential for our future growth. We will continue promoting new initiatives in each business area by utilizing the strength of our global network through cooperation with trading companies and manufacturing and processing companies.

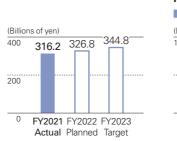
- Resins for automobiles, OA equipment, and home appliances
- Film-related business, including manufacturing and processing

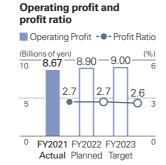
Growth drivers

Sales

- Sales to global users in automobile-related industries
- Greater expansion into foreign business (areas and sectors)

NC2023 targets (after revision)





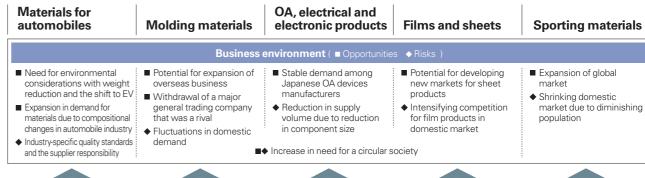
Segment performance overview

Initial plan for the first year of the NC2023



- Sales and operating profit both exceeded the figures in the initial plan and the targets for the final year
- Sales of resins were generally strong, including those related to daily goods, food packaging, and game consoles.
- Sales of resins for automobile products recovered, both in Japan and overseas, although they were affected by production cutbacks.
- Sales of OA-related products increased.
- Sales of polyolefin resins were strong.
- In the plastic films business, sales for convenience stores and for leisure
- For plastic sheet products, sales of grip tape for sports use recovered,

Business environment and strategies



- A customer base built over the company's long history
- Detailed local response capability using network of bases around the world
- Ability to provide added value including plastic compounding in own factories and VMIs
- Ability to propose mono High share in niche markets materials and eco materials from outside of Japan
- Ability to develop and propose new products using own manufacturing bases in Japan and abroad

Activities and strategies

- Strengthen and expand overseas business structure
- Strengthen and expand plastic compounding and distribution function
 - Respond to a circular society
- Expand biodegradable biomass plastic business
- Demonstrate leadership with the aim of restructuring the industry
- Offer products for overseas markets as well as other sporting fields

From the frontline of business in NC2023 focus areas

Mobility sector: Region-focused sales

In order to develop an automotive userbase and strengthen sales in the central and eastern area of Shizuoka Prefecture, the Automotive Products Department II opened the Shizuoka Sales Office in April 2022. This has made it easier for representatives to visit customers in the Shizuoka area, compared to making business trips from Tokyo.

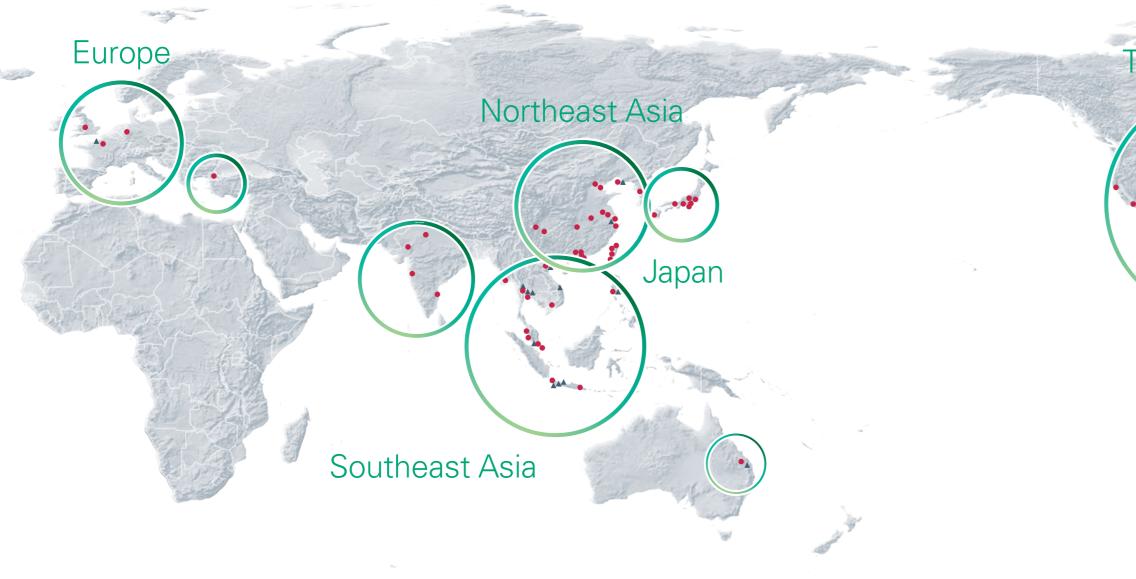
Going forward, we want to form deeper relationships of trust with our customers by visiting them more frequently and engaging in region-focused sales. Since many customers in the Shizuoka area are expected to grow significantly in the future, we would like to contribute to the department as a whole making full use of our robust product lineup to expand sales.



Yusuke Morii Sales Section I. Automotive Products Department II Plastics Division

Inabata's network extending across about 60 bases in 18 countries worldwide

■ Trading company
 ▲ Manufacturing & processing base





Europe

Germany --- Dusseldorf

France Wissous

(suburb of Paris) Normandy

U.K. Shrewsbury (suburb of Birmingham)

Turkey Istanbul

Southeast Asia / India / Australia

Singapore

Malaysia Kuala Lumpur Penang, Johor

Indonesia Jakarta, Surabaya

Bekasi (suburb of Jakarta) Philippines - Binan (suburb of Manila) Myanmar

Vietnam Hanoi, Ho Chi Minh City Haiphong, Da Nang

Thailand ---- Bangkok Samut Prakan (suburb of Bangkok) Ayutthaya Sriracha

Gurugram (suburb of Delhi) Chennai, Pune, Ahmedabad

(suburb of Laem Chabang)

Australia - Brisbane

Northeast Asia

China Hong Kong, Shanghai Wuxi, Ningbo, Chengdu Nanjing, Hefei, Chongqing Beijing, Dalian, Tianjin

Guangzhou, Dongguan Wuhan, Shenzhen

Hsinchu, Tainan **Taiwan** Taichung, Taipei

South Korea --- Seoul

Japan

Tokyo, Osaka, Nagoya Shiojiri, Shizuoka Hamamatsu, Kirishima

The Americas

United States - New York Los Angeles

Detroit Novato (California)

Mexico Queretaro

> Tijuana Silao

Brazil Sao Paulo

Southeast Asia and India

Sales ¥161.7 billion Consolidated number of employees 7 451

We have 10 manufacturing and processing bases in the region and are focused on expanding business in each segment.



Koji Nakano Managing Exective Officer, General Manager Southeast Asia

Action

Southeast Asia is an important region where our processing bases for plastic compound, our key business, are concentrated. We produce plastic compound products, mainly for the three major fields of electric and electronic products, office automation (OA), and automobiles and motorcycles, at 28 bases across 9 countries. In the future, we seek to expand our business in the automotive field, which is rapidly growing in Southeast Asia, while also focusing on developing new products and materials for the fields of energy, agriculture, and food products. Within the energy field, we particularly wish to work on products and materials to reduce environmental impact and generate solar power.

Major businesses

- Plastics for automobiles, home appliances, OA equipment
- Raw materials for printers
- Rubber materials and additives for the automotive industry
- Raw materials and products for packaging

Initiatives for a decarbonized society

We began handling biomass raw materials to be used for power generation fuel for Japanese electric power companies as part of our "expansion of products with reduced environmental impact," a key initiative in our medium-term business plan, NC2023. In addition, we linked the manufacturing and processing functions of group companies in Japan and overseas, including those in Thailand, to develop garbage bags composed of biomass raw materials. As a shosha that handles resin products, we will continue developing environmentally friendly products, while also helping to bring about a sustainable society by launching sales activities in India in the solar power generation business



Northeast Asia

Sales ¥191.7 billion Operating profit \(\frac{3}{2}\)7 hillion Consolidated number of employees 466

We are expanding Inabata's core businesses by harnessing our network spread over 20 cities in China, Taiwan, and South Korea.



Takaharu Ookura General Manager, Northeast Asia

In this core region that accounts for 28% of our consolidated sales, we offer businesses leveraging our network spread over 20 cities in China, Taiwan, and South Korea. Starting mainly with flat panel display components, we are focused on plastics for automotive, OA, and electrical and electronic products. We expect further increase in profits in our China business, where we seek to proactively invest our management resources in growth sectors, such as semiconductors, energy, automobiles, medical products and medicine, agriculture food products, high-tech materials, and environment-related products.

Major businesses

- Plastics for automobiles, OA equipment, and the E&E field
- Components for flat panel displays
- Functional chemicals compliant with environmental regulations

Action

Improve DX solution offerings by deepening our partnerships with partner companies

Amidst the acceleration of DX in each field in accordance with the rapid spread of IoT technology, we will deepen our partnerships with Texar Inc. and ZIFI Sense Info Tech Co., Ltd. to provide products, technologies and solutions related to the ZETA* standard, a LPWA technology. In the automobile field, we will work to expand sales of new EV-related products.

* ZETA is a standard for the latest IoT-suitable Low Power Wide Area (LPWA) network developed by ZifiSense Info Tech Co., Ltd.



The Americas

Sales $\underset{\neq}{4.7}$ billion Consolidated number of employees 264

In addition to developing our businesses in the United States and Mexico, we are working toward expansion in South America with a focus on Brazil.



Max Inoue General Manager, The Americas

science fields, which are our key areas. We mainly deal in electronics materials, plastics and digital printing materials. In addition, we are developing food-related businesses at a subsidiary, DNI. Our theme is to expand the plastics business throughout the region of North America, as we have expanded into home appliance and aviation businesses, among others, in addition to selling plastics for the automotive industry in Mexico. In Brazil, we are focused on selling plastics for automobiles and motorcycles, and functional chemicals.

We are involved in businesses in the automotive, environmental and energy, food products and life

Major businesses

• Electronics materials (including semiconductors)

- Digital printing material (inkjet, toner)
- Functional chemicals
 Plastics
- Processed products in agriculture and marine industries
- Components related to the environment and energy industry
- Raw materials for medical products

Action

Improving facilities at our plastics compounding plant in Mexico

In Mexico, which is continuing to grow as a major production base for automotive parts in the Americas, we will move forward with investments to improve the production facilities at our company's plastic compound factory (IK Plastic Compound Mexico, S.A. de C.V.), and aim to expand our sales base for plastics products by integrating manufacturing and sales.



Europe



We operate businesses centered on chemicals, energy, automobiles, life sciences and other fields, taking advantage of our unique mobility.



Kenichi Oba President, Inabata Europe GmbH In Europe, we deal in a wide range of products in various segments, such as inkjet ingredients, energy-related products, automobile components and functional chemicals. Our Group companies manufacture and sell medical products, materials for cosmetics and other products in France. In the future, we also seek to focus on businesses in the environmental sector, such as selling thermal interface materials for the EV battery field and developing plant-based materials for the cosmetics field.

Major businesses

- · Inkjet products and materials
- Various materials for secondary cells
- Medical products, materials for cosmetics
- Functional chemicals

Developing products for the medical and cosmetics fields

Our Group company Pharmasynthese S.A.S manufactures materials for medical products and cosmetics, and is developing allergy drugs in the medical field. In the cosmetics field, we plan to launch plant-based materials effective in moisturizing, anti-oxidizing, and alleviating atopy.

 ■ Trading company
 ▲ Manufacturing & Processing base France Turkey

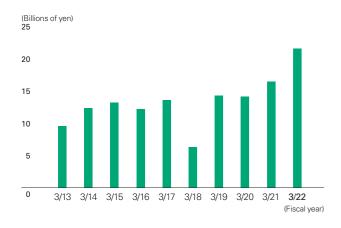
Financial Highlights

Net sales

Operating profit



Ordinary profit



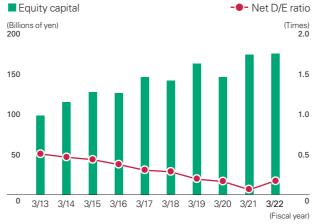
Net profit and ROE



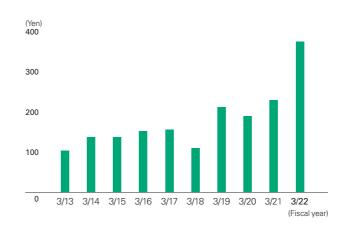
Total assets and net assets







Net profit per share



Dividends per share and shareholder return indicators



Note: Since FY2014, we have used the total return ratio as an indicator of shareholder returns

Balance of strategic shareholdings

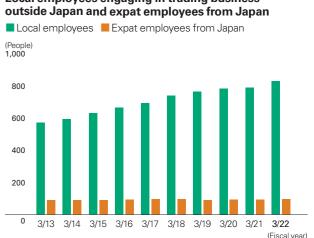


Non-financial Highlights

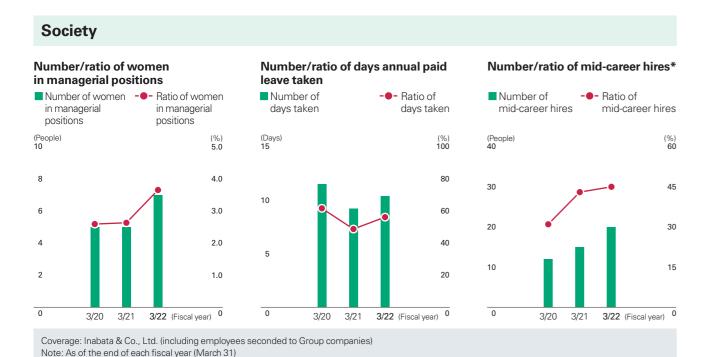
Society



Local employees engaging in trading business



Non-financial Highlights

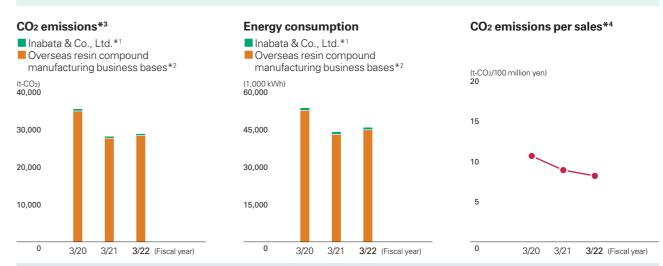


Employees engagement survey

* Ratio of mid-career hires to regular employees hired in each fiscal year

		April 2021	May 2022	Trends
Number of employees surveyed	Total	1,400 people	1,697 people	7
Response rate	Total	49%	73%	7
	Engagement I am satisfied with the work I am doing at Inabata now	70%	73%	7
	Relationship with superiors I have the necessary collaboration with my supervisor at work	75%	80%	7
	Organizational culture When a problem occurs in the course of my duties, my supervisor and the people around me provide appropriate support	83%	85%	7
Main items*	Corporate philosophy I can relate to Inabata's philosophy, vision, and management policies, and I want to participate in achieving them	70%	73%	7
	Human resources system and benefits Inabata's salary standards are satisfactory, compared to other companies in the same industry	59%	55%	¥
	Human resources system and training Inabata supports employee training to improve their skills	41%	48%	7
	WLB (work-life balance) Overtime is kept to a level that is acceptable for me	64%	69%	7

Environment

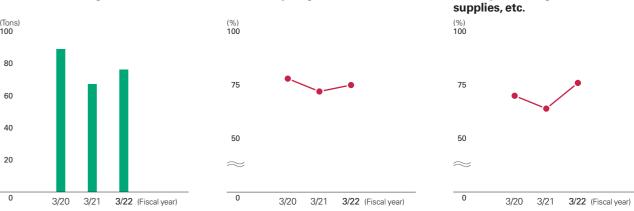


- *1 Tokyo Head Office, Osaka Head Office, Nagoya Branch
- *2 Seven overseas subsidiaries engaged in the resin compound business, which is a strength of the Inabata Group
- *3 Scope 2 only. A unit is calculated using the emission factor provided by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry for each electric power company.
- Units for overseas resin compound manufacturers are calculated using the country-specific emission factors in the IGES List of Grid Emission Factors published by the Institute for Global Environmental Strategies. In accordance with the updated emission factors per unit, the figures reported in FY2021 have been retroactively revised from FY2019 forward.
- *4 The scope covers Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas plastic compound manufacturers. The sales parameter uses the simple net value of sales.

Volume of waste generated*

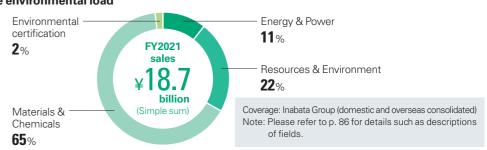
Waste recycling rate*

Green purchasing ratio of office



Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (Tokyo Head Office, Osaka Head Office, Nagoya Office)
* Includes tenants of the Osaka Head Office.

Sales of products that reduce environmental load



^{*} From among a five-point evaluation by employees (5. Strongly agree / 4. Agree / 3. Neither agree nor disagree / 2. Disagree / 1. Strongly disagree), the ratio of positive responses (5. and 4.)

Corporate Governance

Management (As of July 1, 2022)

Directors



Katsutaro Inabata Director, President

Jan. 1989 Joined Inabata & Co., Ltd. Dec. 2005 Director, President (present)



Kenichi Yokota

Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer Administrative Affairs

Jul. 1996 Joined Inabata & Co., Ltd. Jun. 2017 Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer (present)



Kenji Ohno

Director

Apr. 1987 Joined Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2006 General Manager, Legal Dept., Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.

Apr. 2016 Executive Officer, General Manager of Legal Dept., Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2020 Managing Executive Officer, Sumitomo

Chemical Co., Ltd. (present) Jun. 2021 Director, Inabata & Co., Ltd. (present)



Takako Hagiwara

Director

Anr. 1984 Joined Sony Corp. (now Sony Group Corp.) Apr. 2008 General Manager, Diversity Development Div.,

Corporate Human Resources, Sony Corp. Apr. 2014 Representative Director, Sony Hikari Corp.

and Sony Kibou Corp. (now Sony Kibou/Hikari Corp.)

Jul. 2020 Representative Director, DDD Corp. (present)

May 2021 Outside Director, Twinbird Corp. (present) Jun. 2021 Outside Director, Inabata & Co., Ltd. (present)

Outside Director, NEC Capital Solutions Ltd. (present

Note: Directors Kiyoshi Sato, Takako Hagiwara, Kenji Hamashima, Satoshi Tamai, Minoru Sanari, and Tomokazu Fujisawa are independent outside directors.



Toyohiro Akao

Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer Information & Electronics, Life Industry, the Americas, Europe

Apr. 1982 Joined Inabata & Co., Ltd. Jun. 2015 Director, Senior Managing Executive Officer (present)



Masahiro Sugiyama

Director, Managing Executive Officer Information & Electronics (assisting).

Northeast Asia



Kivoshi Sato

Director, Chairperson of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee

Apr. 1979 Joined Tokyo Electron Ltd.

Jun. 2003 President and CEO, Tokyo Electron Ltd. Jun. 2011 Chairman of the Board, Tokyo Electron

Europe Ltd. President, TEL Solar AG

Jun. 2017 Outside Director, Toshiba Machine Co., Ltd. (now Shibaura Machine Co., Ltd.) (present) Jun. 2019 Outside Director, Inabata & Co., Ltd.

Outside Director, Mazda Motor Corp.





Minoru Sanari

Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member

Directors, Audit and Supervisory Committee Members

Kenji Hamashima

Supervisory Committee

Apr. 1982 Joined Ushio Inc.

Ushio Inc.

Director, Chairperson of the Audit and

Apr. 1999 President and Chief Executive Officer, Ushio America, Inc.

Nov. 2000 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Christie Digital Systems USA, Inc.

Oct. 2014 President and Chief Executive Officer,

Jun. 2020 Outside Director, Inabata & Co., Ltd.
Jun. 2022 Outside Director, Audit and Supervisory

Committee Member, Inabata & Co., Ltd.(present)

Apr. 1983 Joined Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. Apr. 1995 Bar admission (Daini Tokyo Bar Association) Apr. 2008 General Counsel, Legal section, General Administration Department, Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. Apr. 2017 Executive Officer, Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd.

Apr. 2019 Senior Advisor, Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. (present)

Jun. 2022 Outside Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member, Inabata & Co.,



Satoshi Tamai

Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member

Apr. 1984 Joined Sumitomo Corp.

Oct. 1991 Joined Century Auditing Corp. (now Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC)

Mar. 1995 Registered as certified public accountant Jul. 2017 Representative of Satoshi Tamai Certified Public Accountant Office (present)

Oct. 2017 Senior Advisor, accrea Inc. (present) Mar. 2018 Outside Auditor, Toho Lamac Co., Ltd.

(present) Jun. 2020 Outside Audit & Supervisory Board

Member, Inabata & Co., Ltd. Outside Auditor, PC Depot Corp. (present)

Jun. 2022 Outside Director, Audit and Supervisory

Committee Member, Inabata & Co., Ltd.(present)



Tomokazu Fujisawa

Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member

Jul. 1984 Joined Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.

(now Astellas Pharma Inc.) Apr. 1999 Director of Planning, Medical Supply

Business, Fujisawa Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2003 Assistant to CEO, Fujisawa Healthcare Inc.

(now Astellas US LLC) Jun. 2014 Full-Time Corporate Auditor, Astellas

Pharma Inc. Jun. 2018 Director, Audit & Supervisory Committee

Member, Astellas Pharma Inc.

Jun. 2022 Outside Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member, Inabata & Co.,

Executive Officers

Koji Nakano

Managing Executive Officer Plastics, Southeast Asia General Manager. Southeast Asia

Katsutoshi Tanaka

Executive Officer (President, Inabata Fine Tech Co., Ltd.)*

Kazuhiro Hanaki

Executive Officer General Manager, Nagoya Branch

Tsuyoshi Maruta

Executive Officer General Manager, Information & Electronics Division I

Shinya Kawai

Executive Officer Plastics (assisting), General Manager, Plastics Division I

Koichi Noda

Executive Officer General Manager, Financial Management Office

* The title in parentheses is his position at the company to which he has been assigned.

Nobukazu Kuboi

Audit and Supervisory Officer General Manager, Audit and Supervisory Committee Office

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Yutaka Takahashi

Executive Officer Life Industry (assisting), General Manager, Chemicals Division

Outside Director Three-Way Talk

Held online in May 2022

Outside directors are expected to monitor and supervise management from an objective viewpoint. We asked them to evaluate the current status of the Inabata Board of Directors and the challenges it faces.





Kiyoshi Sato Time in office: Jun. 2019-present

The last company I worked for developed and sold semiconductor production equipment used to manufacture products such as flat panel displays. Inabata deals in materials and products for semiconductors and displays, so I think I have an affinity for that field. I also feel it is my duty to support further globalization using my experience in corporate management and overseas business.



Takako Hagiwara Time in office: Jun. 2021-present

Over the years. I have been involved with human resource development for manufacturing and service organizations, and I also have experience with new business creation in the global marketplace Notably, since I have a long history with planning and promoting human resource development and organizational strategies, I would like to contribute to developing human resources and organizations that can continue to take on the challenges of changing times at Inabata.



Kenji Hamashima (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member) Time in office: Jun. 2020-present

I spent many years abroad and have accumulated experience with various negotiations, which I believe carries over to the shosha business. I also have experience in M&A, so I hope to offer support in the area of growth investing. That said, manufacturing and shosha have different perspectives, so I hope to use this as a strength in discussions and help boost the creation of new business and growth strategies.

Note: In June 2022, Inabata transitioned to a committee, and he was appointed as a director (member of the Audit and pervisory Committee

Part 1 Reflections on FY2021

Ms. Hagiwara, it has been one year since you were appointed as an outside director. What are your thoughts as you look back on FY2021?

Hagiwara:

I have a long track record of being involved in management, specializing in organizational and human resource development, so I felt that I was expected to provide input and stimuli from that perspective. Going forward, medium- to long-term business strategies, as well as the human resources and organizational strategies to execute them, will become increasingly important. I would like to work on these initiatives to be able to make even greater contributions.

Did you receive sufficient information at meetings of the Board of Directors and other meetings?

Hagiwara:

The preliminary explanations were very detailed and helpful. We were able to hear directly from representatives, which made it easier to understand what was going on. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we were unable to go to the office or meet with people in person, which was frustrating, but more than that, I was very encouraged by the support I received, as our staff showed their inventiveness.

l agree. Our representatives have responded in a very sincere way. We have been able to hold the discussions themselves in a free and open atmosphere, and they honestly answer questions from us outside directors. I also feel that they have been able to respond adequately to detailed questions and opinions by outside audit and

supervisory board members

Hamashima:

Yes, we were able to exchange a lot of ideas. Unfortunately, the discussions were mainly online, but if we could have face-to-face meetings, I think we would be able to obtain a more in-depth understanding of the issues.

About the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors

What is your assessment of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors?

Sato:

Discussions by the Board of Directors, including the opinions of our outside directors, are being properly reflected in actual management, so I believe that the Board is effective.

Hamashima:

Not every opinion by Outside Directors is necessarily correct, so it is not necessary to take all of them to heart. However, management has properly incorporated those opinions to create business policies. In addition, management has been able to take measures for external announcements through communication with the market, while also listening to our opinions. Our representatives also conduct an ongoing assessment of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors by an external organization, which gives me the impression that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors has been properly secured.

What is the status of discussions on the need for investments for growth, which was raised as an issue at last year's roundtable discussion?

Although there are still issues to be addressed regarding strategies and investments for growth over the medium to long term, our representatives are having the Board of Directors' input be properly reflected through measures

such as the establishment of the Business Planning Office for strategic investments.

Hamashima:

Also, compared to the previous period, there has clearly been growing interest in a shift from a short-term viewpoint to a medium-term viewpoint. The concept of investments for growth has also been well-articulated. Although organic flow—in which we earn profits through investments in existing businesses—is less risky for growth, I feel that the Board of Directors has a common understanding that unless investments for growth are made in a manner that exceeds the cost of capital, which includes M&A, then conversely, business value will be damaged.

I am also encouraged by the fact that young people have many ideas. I strongly felt this when I participated in a meeting where young employees of Inabata presented their thoughts on carbon neutrality and sustainability, and what kind of businesses they expect from the company. I am not sure how much of this will translate into the business yet, but I do feel that the company is moving to incorporate the ideas of young people into management to conduct business for a new era.

I feel that Inabata's strength lies in its willingness to steadily take action and move forward to take on challenges, whether they are investments for growth or sustainability. While properly addressing the issues at

I feel that Inabata's strength lies in its willingness to steadily take action and move forward to take on challenges

— Takako Hagiwara

ESG Information Corporate Governance

hand, the company is very capable of talking about strategies from a medium- to long-term perspective and linking them to the next step.

At last year's roundtable discussion, the utilization of diverse human resources was also an issue. What do you think about this point, Ms. Hagiwara?

Hagiwara:

I was recently interviewed for the company newsletter, and had the opportunity to communicate widely with employees regarding diversity. I also participated in an online workshop for women employees in Staff positions and had a frank exchange of opinions with employees of all ages, from young employees to those in the middle of their career. I found that there were many more motivated employees than I had expected, which is encouraging for the company's growth.

Sato:

It is important for us to move forward with appointing local employees at our overseas subsidiaries to increase diversity. I believe that eventually having local people take

on top management roles and conducting business in ways aligned with the local laws, culture, customs, and business practices will provide Inabata with more of a boost. I believe that there is even a possibility that they may be asked to become executives at the head office at some point in the future.

Hamashima:

Inabata has a target of making 70% of its sales overseas around 2030. Naturally, the efforts of Japanese employees are necessary, but I believe that it will be difficult to meet this target without the activities and contributions of local people. It is more efficient to expand business with local people at the forefront of management, and it should also be easier for customers to communicate with them. To an extent, the management team is on that same course, but it is not just a matter of appointing the best people; it is a prerequisite that aspects such as the governance structure, legal compliance training programs, and discretionary authority should be clearly defined. They must also be set up in tandem with establishment of career paths and, most important of all, the instillation of the IK Values.

It is important for us to move forward with appointing local employees at our overseas subsidiaries to increase diversity

- Kiyoshi Sato





The need to assess the results of management execution by the Board of Directors is what will be important

— Kenji Hamashima

Sustainability-Oriented Management

In recent years, in addition to the issue of diversity, there have been many issues that should be addressed from a sustainability perspective. What do you think?

Hagiwara:

I appreciate that Inabata has recognized the importance of these very issues, established the Sustainability Committee, and appropriately assigned human resources. We have participated in these discussions from the beginning, and have had a frank exchange of opinions.

At the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, more and more major institutional investors are making ESG-related shareholder proposals. After all, it is important to not simply view "co-existence with society" as a cost, but also as a new business opportunity that will lead to profits.

Hagiwara:

In order to achieve such a balance, human capital, which creates added value, is extremely important. I think it is necessary for Inabata to create a vision for human capital development, based on a medium- to long-term strategy that addresses what the company wants, how it views people, what fields it needs people in, and how it will grow.

What are your thoughts on the governance required for sustainability-oriented management?

Starting in June 2022, Inabata became a company with an audit and supervisory committee. As a result, the Board of Directors will continue to shift from a management-type role to a monitoring-type role, and the expectations for us are gradually changing, as well.

Hamashima:

An important part of strengthening the monitoring of the Board of Directors will be the need to assess the results of management execution by the Board of Directors. I believe a major task will be to assess the management team and

reflecting this in personnel decisions.

Sato:

That is an important point. This is where the Nominating and Remuneration Committee is expected to play a major role. The Committee still meets regularly to ensure that new Directors and Executive Officers within the company are properly assessed.

In closing, please leave us messages from your respective standpoints.

Hagiwara:

As management and organizational development capable of accepting challenges become increasingly important going forward, I get the impression that Inabata has only just begun to develop its human resources and promote diversity. I have high expectations for the company's growth potential in this area, and I would like to contribute to making the company more attractive from the outside as well.

Hamashima:

Many companies around the world must be thinking that they cannot grow by maintaining the same business format that they have used in the past. For example, dealing with decarbonization is coming to be an issue for all businesses. This presents not only risks, but business opportunities, as well. In discussing both sides of these risks and business opportunities, I believe it is necessary for people outside the company, such as us, to be proactive in communicating our views.

Inabata mainly deals with materials for industrial products, which are subject to technological innovations that suddenly change their raw materials. In addition, there is a movement for companies to change materials and fuels in order to decarbonize the industry. We would like to help Inabata make decisions from a medium- to long-term perspective on how to find business opportunities amidst these changes, how to reduce risks, and what materials to handle in the future.

ESG Information Corporate Governance

Basic views

Inabata's mission statement is, "People come first, based on the spirit of 'love (ai)' and 'respect (kei),' and together we strive towards contributing to the development of society." With a foundation on this mission, the company aims to respond to the directive of all stakeholders who support the company's activities including shareholders, business partners and employees, and sustainably improve corporate value. For this, the company believes it is essential to have a strong corporate governance system for ensuring transparency and fairness in business and speed and resolution in decisions.

Transitioning to a company with an audit and supervisory committee

We have positioned the enhancement and improvement of corporate governance as an important management issue, and have been working to improve the effectiveness of the Board of Directors by shifting the focus of meetings of the Board of Directors from business execution to management strategy and medium- to long-term issues. In June 2022, we transitioned to a company with an audit and supervisory committee in order to further promote these initiatives, further strengthen the company's supervisory function, and establish a system to accelerate management decision-making. The majority of the Board of Directors is composed of independent outside directors in order to embody a monitoring-type Board of Directors, thereby enhancing corporate value.

Corporate governance system

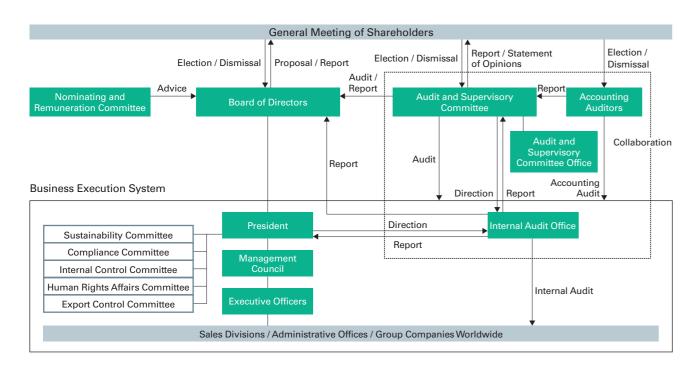
(As of July 1, 2022)

Organizational design	Company with an audit and supervisory committee
Directors not on the Audit and Supervisory Committee	7 (including 2 independent outside directors)
Directors on the Audit and Supervisory Committee	4 (including 4 independent outside directors)
Chairperson of the Board of Directors	President
Term of office for directors not on the Audit and Supervisory Committee	1 year
Term of office for directors on the Audit and Supervisory Committee	2 years
Executive officer system	Yes
Advisory committees to the Board of Directors	Nominating and Remuneration Committee
Accounting auditor	KPMG Azsa LLC
Corporate Governance Report	https://www.inabata. co.jp/english/investor/ library/governance/

Changes in initiatives to strengthen governance

Period	
June 2003	Executive officer system introduced
June 2006	Term of appointment of directors reduced from two years to one year
June 2013	Appointment of two outside directors
June 2015	Appointment of three outside directors
November 2015	Nominating and Remuneration Committee (voluntary) established Evaluation of the Board of Directors introduced > p. 65
June 2022	Transition to a company with an audit and supervisory committee with six outside directors, comprising a majority

Corporate governance system (As of July 1, 2022)



Board of Directors

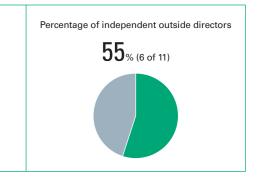
The Board of Directors makes decisions on important matters set out in laws and regulations, Articles of Incorporation, and Regulations of the Board of Directors. These matters include formulation of business plans and annual budgeting as well as making basic management policies and appointing executive officers. The Board of Directors consists of 11 members, including seven directors who are not audit and supervisory committee members and four directors who are audit and supervisory committee members, among the 11 members, six are independent outside directors, comprising the majority. By shifting to a company with an audit and supervisory committee, we have strengthened our supervisory functions and made it possible to delegate important business decisions to business executives, establishing a system that enables us to make management decisions more quickly.

Audit and Supervisory Committee

Inabata is a company with an audit and supervisory committee, and the Audit and Supervisory Committee consists of four audit and supervisory committee members, all of whom are outside directors. The committee audits the decision-making of the Board of Directors and the execution of duties by executive officers. Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee are extremely well-versed in finance, accounting, and law, and are also highly independent. In addition, the Audit and Supervisory Committee Office has been established as a dedicated organization to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee in its duties, and suitable persons independent of the Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) have been assigned to this office.



Directors (audit and supervisory 1



Nominating and Remuneration Committee

We voluntarily set up the Nominating and Remuneration Committee in 2015. The lead independent outside director, who serves as chairperson of the Committee, and the Committee, which comprises a majority of independent outside directors, engage in deliberations when making decisions on issues such as the selection and dismissal of executives, nomination of candidates for positions of director and executive officer, and the remuneration of directors. The Board of Directors strives to ensure objectivity, fairness, and transparency by fully respecting

the deliberation results of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee.

Members of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee:

3 outside directors (of these, one director who is an audit and supervisory committee member)
1 internal director

Chairperson: Lead independent outside director Number of times held: FY2021 12 times

Director experience and expected roles (skill matrix)

			Bus	siness strate	egy						
	Name	Global management	Information & Electronics	Plastics	Chemicals / Life Industry	Finance & accounting	Legal & risk management	HR & labor	IT & digital	Internal controls & audits	ESG
	Katsutaro Inabata	•		•	•			•	•	•	•
	Toyohiro Akao		•		•						
	Kenichi Yokota					•	•	•	•	•	•
Directors	Masahiro Sugiyama		•	•	•						
	Kenji Ohno						•			•	•
	Kiyoshi Sato*	•									
	Takako Hagiwara*							•			•
5:	Kenji Hamashima*	•				•					
Directors (Audit and	Satoshi Tamai*					•				•	
Supervisory Committee Members)	Minoru Sanari*						•				
	Tomokazu Fujisawa*									•	

Note: Those marked with * are independent outside directors.

Skills Matrix Approach

Our mission is that "People come first, based on the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei), and together we strive towards contributing to the development of society," and we seek to take the approach of "To continually evolve, serving clients and society, through global operations and meeting their changing needs." We have also set forth our long-term vision, the IK Vision 2030, which is how we envision ourselves around 2030, and have positioned our medium-term business plan, the NC2023, as a step toward fulfilling that long-term Vision.

In identifying the skills expected of directors, we have determined what skills are necessary to build a system that can fulfill the decision-making and supervisory functions related to business execution of the Board of Directors of our globally operating company, based on our management philosophy, our Vision, our long-term vision IK Vision 2030 and the medium-term business plan, the NC2023. From this perspective, we have specifically identified the skills listed on the right and developed a skills matrix.

Skills that our Board of Directors are expected to have

Global management

We are developing our business globally, and in particular, our long-term vision IK Vision 2030 envisages increasing the ratio of our business conducted overseas to 70% or more. From this perspective, we believe that it is extremely useful to appoint people with knowledge of global corporate management to the Board of Directors in order to promote our future growth. For this reason, when inviting outside directors, we take particular care to ensure that their experience includes top management of companies with global operations, or equivalent experience. The "global management" item in the skills matrix is based on the presence or absence of top management or equivalent experience at companies with global operations.

Business strategy

In managing a specialized trading company such as ours, first and foremost, executives must have in-depth expertise and experience in each business field. In particular, it is extremely important for executive directors to have broad knowledge, experience, and personal connections in each of our business fields—Information & Electronics, Plastics, Chemicals, and the Life Industry—in order to develop a trading company business like ours. When appointing executive directors, we consider the balance of those with knowledge in these business fields.

Finance & accounting

The importance of financial strategy (corporate finance) in corporate management goes without saying. We believe that it is necessary for some executive directors to be in charge of financial strategy, and to spearhead initiatives to enhance corporate value through various dialogues with investors. In addition, in order to strengthen the supervisory function over business execution, we believe that it is useful to ensure that directors who are familiar with finance and accounting are included on the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

Legal & risk management

As a company with a wide range of global operations, we are exposed to a variety of risks, including credit risks of our business partners, risks associated with business investments, country risks associated with overseas operations, currency exchange risks, and commodity market fluctuation risks. Therefore, risk management is extremely important for management. We are committed to management that

emphasizes compliance above all else, and in order to strengthen the supervisory function over business execution, we believe that it is useful to always have directors who are familiar with the law as members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

HR & labor

For a trading company such as Inabata, human resources are our greatest asset, and human resource development is an important management issue over the medium to long term. In our medium-term business plan, the NC2023, we are working to improve our initiatives for training global human resources, further enhancing our systems to increase diversity, boosting employee engagement, and reforming work styles. From this perspective, we believe that it is desirable to have directors with experience and skills in human resources and labor affairs, and we place importance on these perspectives when inviting outside directors.

IT & digital

Knowledge of IT and digital technology is indispensable for promoting digital transformation (DX). In addition, threats to information security are increasing year by year, and we believe that IT and digital skills are necessary to strengthen our countermeasures against such threats.

Internal controls & audits

In June 2022, we transitioned to a company with an audit and supervisory committee, with the aim of speeding up management decision-making and strengthening the supervisory function of business execution. A company with an audit and supervisory committee must effectively utilize the company's internal control system and conduct systematic audits. From this perspective, we believe it is essential that the directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee include persons with expertise and experience in internal control and auditing.

ESG

We established the Sustainability Committee in October 2021, and regard the promotion of sustainability as an important management issue. We also consider the improvement of external ESG assessments to be an important issue. From this perspective, we believe that it is necessary to include persons with knowledge of sustainability and ESG in corporate management on the Board of Directors, and we take these points into consideration when inviting outside directors.

ESG Information Corporate Governance

Management Council and Shinsa Kaigi

We set up the Management Council as an institution for business execution. This council deliberates on basic policies and important matters related to management and decides their direction. We have also established the Shinsa Kaigi as an institution to review important matters related to business execution, investment and loan projects, and credit. Its participants (including those who

join online) from across the world hold direct discussions with the management.

Number of times convened: FY2021 Management Council 12 times, Shinsa Kaigi 19 times

Audit system

Internal audits

We have the Internal Audit Office and are working to strengthen the Internal Audit Office's ranks in order to enhance internal audits. The Internal Audit Office complies with the internal control reporting system related to financial reporting based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, and also conducts internal audits as necessary from time to time. The Internal Audit Office reports regularly to the Board of Directors on audit plans and audit results.

Accounting auditors

Accounting audits, audits of financial statements, quarterly reviews, and internal control audits for Inabata are conducted by KPMG Azsa LLC. Evaluation criteria, including autonomy, specialized knowledge, and assessment, have been formulated for the appointment and suspension of accounting auditors, and decisions are made based on the evaluation results.

Cooperation among the Audit and Supervisory Committee, accounting auditors, and the Internal Audit Office

The Audit and Supervisory Committee, accounting auditors, and the Internal Audit Office collaborate through periodic reporting and discussion of audit results. In investigating the status of our operations and assets and performing other auditing duties, the Audit and Supervisory Committee works closely with the Internal Audit Office to ensure that audits are conducted in an organized and efficient manner.

In addition, the Audit and Supervisory Committee, accounting auditors, and the Internal Audit Office meet regularly to exchange information.

Structure for outside directors

In electing outside directors, Inabata aims to appoint candidates who have abundant experience and knowledge of corporate management, the ability to oversee the decision-making and business execution of the Board of Directors of the company which conducts business on a global basis, and who provide appropriate advice from an objective perspective. The proportion of outside directors stands at 55% (six out of eleven directors).

Outside directors

Internal directors

Meetings between outside directors and audit & supervisory board members

Number of times held: FY2021 2 times

Attendance status for FY2021

Name	Autonomous	Years in office	Meetings of the Board of Directors	Nominating and Remuneration Committee	Reason for appointment
Directors not on th	e Audit and Su	pervisory Cor	nmittee		
Kiyoshi Sato (Leading independent outside director, Chairperson of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee)	Yes	3 years	100% 16/16 times	100% 12/12 times	Kiyoshi Sato served as president and CEO, as well as vice chairman of the board, at Tokyo Electron Ltd., and currently serves as an outside director of Shibaura Machine Co., Ltd. and Mazda Motor Corp. As he possesses global and abundant experience and wide-ranging expertise as a member of the management of a leading company which makes equipment to manufacture semiconductors and flat panel displays, Inabata appointed him in expectation of gaining supervision and advice on business execution with an objective perspective.
Takako Hagiwara (Nominating and Remuneration Committee Member)	Yes	1 year	100% 13/13 times	100% 11/11 times	Takako Hagiwara served as representative director of Sony Hikari Corp. and Sony Kibou Corp., as well as director of Green House Co., Ltd., and currently serves as representative director of DDD Corp. and outside director of Twinbird Corp. and NEC Capital Solutions Ltd. For many years she oversaw human resources in a major global electronics manufacturer with multiple businesses including audiovisual equipment, movies and music, and has experience in management. Inabata appointed her in expectation of gaining advice on human resources strategies and diversity promotion.
Directors on the Au	udit and Super	visory Commi	ittee		
Kenji Hamashima (Nominating and Remuneration Committee Member, Chairperson of the Audit and Supervisory Committee)	Yes	2 years	100% 16/16 times	100% 12/12 times	Kenji Hamashima has served as director and senior executive vice president, and president and chief executive officer of Ushio Inc. He currently serves as a special adviser of the same company. As he possesses global and abundant experience and wide-ranging expertise as a member of the management of a manufacturer which produces applied optics products, such as industrial light sources, and industrial machinery, Inabata appointed him in expectation of accurate auditing and supervision of overall management.
Satoshi Tamai	Yes	Newly appointed	_	_	Satoshi Tamai serves as a Representative for the Satoshi Tamai Certified Public Accountant Office, a Senior Advisor for accrea Inc., and an Outside Auditor for Toho Lamac Co., Ltd. and PC Depot Corp. As he has experience working for a major trading company, has a CPA qualification, and has served as a representative partner for a major audit firm in Japan and an outside auditor for multiple companies, in addition to possessing knowledge as an accounting expert and wide-ranging expertise, Inabata appointed him in expectation of accurate auditing and supervision of overall management.
Minoru Sanari	Yes	Newly appointed	_	_	Minoru Sanari served as General Counsel, Legal Section, General Administration Department for Tokyo Gas Co., Ltd. before serving as an Executive Officer (in charge of governance), and is currently a Senior Advisor for said company. As he has expert knowledge and an abundance of experience from his involvement with corporate legal matters and corporate governance over the course of many years in his capacity as an attorney at the largest city gas company, Inabata appointed him in expectation of accurate auditing and supervision of overall management.
Tomokazu Fujisawa	Yes	Newly appointed	_	_	Tomokazu Fujisawa has served as a full-time corporate auditor and director as a member of the audit & supervisory committee of Astellas Pharma Inc. He has worked as the Director of Planning for a business division in a global pharmaceutical company that develops pharmaceutical businesses around the world, also has experience in overseas subsidiaries and auditing operations and has served as a director on the audit & supervisory committee, which is why Inabata appointed him in expectation of accurate auditing and supervision of overall management.

Training for outside directors

In order to deepen outside directors' understanding of the Group's business activities, we provide opportunities for them to meet with the heads of each division, as well as opportunities to visit overseas (including online meetings) and conduct on-site inspections. Even after directors have

assumed office, we offer and facilitate training opportunities to help them acquire the necessary knowledge and promote an understanding of their roles and responsibilities. The status of directors' training is reported to the Board of Directors once a year.

ESG Information Corporate Governance

The effectiveness evaluation of the Board of Directors

- Inabata has been conducting the effectiveness evaluation of the Board of Directors since FY2015.
- Each cycle lasts for three years in which self-evaluation is carried out for the first two years and third-party evaluation is carried out in the third year.
- The overview of the evaluation and issues to be considered are published on the Company's website.
- Self-evaluation was carried out in FY2021.



FY2021 Self-evaluation process (questionnaire format)

Discussion on questionnaire (in-house staff and external experts) Distribution of questionnaire (all directors and audit & supervisory board members) Aggregation (external experts)	Simplified analysis (in-house staff)	Report to the Board of Directors and verification	Disclosure on website	Next: Self-evaluation	/
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Evaluation results for FY2021

Target of evaluation	All directors (9) and audit & supervisory board members (4) in office as of the end of March 2022
Summary of analysis and evaluation	As a result of analysis and evaluation, the operations of the company's Board of Directors have been generally appropriate and assessed highly, with open and active discussions. We also confirmed the following: (1) in general, the company provides sufficient support to outside directors, who are thought of as making major contributions to discussions at Board of Directors meetings; (2) the presence of audit & supervisory board members is considered to contribute to improving the effectiveness of the Board; (3) the Nominating and Remuneration Committee is thought of as operating appropriately; (4) the status of dialogues with investors and shareholders is considered to be adequately provided to the Board of Directors; and (5) improvement efforts are believed to be made based on the results of Board of Directors evaluations, among other topics. It has been confirmed that the Board of Directors of the company is generally functioning properly and that its effectiveness is secured. In addition, the following improvements and progress have been confirmed with regard to addressing the issues that were identified in the third-party evaluation of the Board of Directors' effectiveness in FY2020.
	 Promotion of discussion of important medium- and long-term issues in the management of the company Implemented free discussions outside of Board of Directors meetings on issues related to the promotion of diversity and sustainability Reinforcement of cross-company functions Business Planning Office newly established to serve as a company-wide cross-functional unit with dedicated personnel Ongoing review of the makeup of the Board of Directors Resolved to shift from the current company with an audit & supervisory board to a company with an audit and supervisory committee, subject to approval at the company's 161st Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held in June 2022, for the purpose of further strengthening the supervisory function and establishing a system to accelerate management decision-making

On the other hand, we recognized the following issues to be considered in the future.

- Further discussions on the succession plan and sustainability issues
- Sufficient provision of information from the Nominating and Remuneration Committee to the Board of Directors
- Better communication among outside directors, which has been insufficient due to COVID-19
- Further enhancement of information dissemination to the capital market

Future course of action

Based on the results of analysis and evaluation, we will strive to further enhance the effectiveness of our Board of Directors by addressing the issues identified.

Questions

- 1. Operational status of the Board of Directors
- 2. Function and role of the Board of Directors
- 3. Composition of the Board of Directors
- 4. Composition and role of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee
- 5. Operational status of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee
- 6. Support system for outside directors
- 7. Role of the audit & supervisory board members and expectations for them
- 8. Relationship with investors and shareholders

Specific actions taken as a result of the evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

Ongoing review of the makeup of the Board of Directors

In June 2022, we transitioned from a company with an audit & supervisory board to a company with an audit and supervisory committee. Of the 11 directors, the majority (six) are independent outside directors, and we now have a sufficient structure to promote the realization of a monitoring-type Board of Directors with an enhanced supervisory function.

Promotion of discussion of important medium- and long-term issues in the management of the company (ensuring diversity)

One female director has been added to the Board of Directors since June 2021. We ensure the diversity of the Board of Directors by having directors with experience in management, sustainability promotion, human resource strategy, and overseas management, as well as accountants and lawyers.

• Reinforcement of cross-company functions

In July 2021, we newly established the Business Planning Office to serve as a company-wide cross-functional unit for considering investments, loans, and M&A. > Feature p. 31

Addressing sustainability issues

The Sustainability Committee was established in October 2021. The committee is working on the establishment of Sustainability Basic Policy and Code of Conduct, information disclosure of sustainability data, and TCFD initiatives.

> p. 73

Remuneration of directors and audit and supervisory committee members

Inabata has transitioned to a company with an audit and supervisory committee by resolution of the 161st Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2022. A summary of information such as post-transition remuneration is as follows.

1. Remuneration for directors who are not audit and supervisory committee members

(1) Fixed remuneration*1	Minimum guaranteed amount by position
(2) Performance- linked remuneration	Calculated by multiplying the fixed remuneration for each position in (1) by a coefficient for: • Profit before income taxes and non-controlling interests (excluding gains on sales of certain strategically held shares)*2 • ROIC (return on invested capital)*3 • Each level of ESG scores from multiple external evaluation organizations (FTSE Russell and MSCI)*4
(3) Board Benefit Trust (BBT)*5	A system under which executive directors receive the points granted to them during their term in the form of shares and cash upon their retirement. The calculation method of points granted to directors is as follows.
	(Method of calculating points awarded to directors) Points granted for the current year = (A)Service points + (B)Performance points (A) 50% of the base points determined for each position (fixed) (B) Service points × performance coefficient Performance coefficient: Coefficient determined by the achievement rate for consolidated sales targets and consolidated operating profit targets Target achievement rate: Actual performance compared to the rate externally announced in the medium-term business plan

- *1 Remuneration for directors who are not executive directors is fixed remuneration only.
- *2 Executive directors are responsible for all business activities of the entire Group, including the operating and financial activities of Group companies, and we believe that the results of these activities are reflected in consolidated profit before income taxes and non-controlling interests, which is used as one indicator.
- *3 We have decided to use ROIC as a new indicator because one of the key initiatives in our medium-term business plan, the NC2023, is "intensification of investment targeting future growth," and we believe that capital efficiency and investment yield should also be considered in light of capital market demands and trends among listed companies.
- *4 Since we recognize that addressing sustainability is an important management issue for our company, we have obtained ESG scores from several external evaluation organizations and added this as a new indicator.
- *5 We have introduced the Board Benefit Trust (BBT) as a performance-linked stock compensation plan in order to clarify the linkage between the compensation of executive directors and our business performance and stock value. Having directors share not just the benefits of higher stock prices, but also the risk of lower stock prices with shareholders, will increase their awareness, so that they can contribute to improving business performance and increasing corporate value over the medium to long term.

Of the remuneration for directors who are not members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, (1) fixed remuneration and (2) performance-linked remuneration are determined by the Board of Directors within the scope of the total amount of remuneration approved by the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. The maximum amount of remuneration for directors who are not members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee as per the resolution of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders is 430 million yen per year (of which 50 million yen is for outside directors). In addition, as a performance-linked stock compensation plan for executive directors, the company has resolved (3) compensation limits for the Board Benefit Trust (BBT).

The individual remuneration of directors who are not audit and supervisory committee members is designed to be calculated automatically using a formula and coefficient determined by the regulations, without taking qualitative factors into consideration, and the Human Resources Office will calculate this in accordance with regulations. The results of the calculations are reviewed by the Nominating and Remuneration Committee, which is chaired by the lead independent outside director and at which independent outside directors have a majority. The Board of Directors determines the compensation of directors who are not audit and supervisory committee members with full respect for the results of the deliberations of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee.

These sorts of procedures ensure objectivity, fairness, and transparency in the determination of individual compensation for directors who are not audit and supervisory committee members, and the determination of individual compensation is never delegated to specific directors or other parties.

2. Remuneration for directors who are audit and supervisory committee members

Fixed remuneration	Fixed remuneration only
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Remuneration for directors who are audit and supervisory committee members is decided via discussions by directors who are audit and supervisory committee members, within the scope of total remuneration approved by the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. The maximum remuneration amount for directors who are audit and supervisory committee members, as per the resolution of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders, is 80 million yen per year.

Actual remuneration of directors in FY2021*6

Total amount of remuneration and other benefits by type (million yen)

			and other benefits by type (miller yen)					
	Performance coefficient	Number of eligible persons	Fixed remuneration	Performance-linked remuneration	Board Benefit Trust (BBT)	Total amount (million yen)		
Directors excluding outside directors* ^{7,8}	1.16	7	163	114*9	41*10	319		
Corporate auditors excluding outside audit & supervisory board members*7.8		2	43	_	_	43		
Outside directors and auditors*8		7	46	_	_	46		

^{*6} The above total amount of remuneration is related to FY2021. Inabata transitioned from a company with an audit & supervisory board to a company with an audit and supervisory committee by a resolution of the 161st Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2022.

Ratio of performance-linked remuneration and fixed remuneration in FY2021

Performance-linked	Fixed remuneration
remuneration	
48.9%	51.1%

Reference: Past remuneration of directors*

FY2017	223 million yen
FY2018	248 million yen
FY2019	300 million yen
FY2020	318 million yen
FY2021	319 million yen

^{*} Before FY2019, excludes non-executive directors.
After FY2020, excludes outside directors.

^{*7} At present, as of the end of FY2021, there are eight directors and four corporate auditors.

^{*8} This includes one director and one outside director who retired at the conclusion of the 160th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 23, 2021, and one audit & supervisory board member who retired upon his death on January 6, 2022.

^{*9} Performance-linked remuneration is calculated by multiplying the fixed remuneration for each executive position by a coefficient based on net profits for the fiscal year before income taxes and non-controlling interests (excluding gains on sales of certain strategically held shares).

^{*10} Board Benefit Trust (BBT) is the amount of provision for the reserve for directors' stock benefits included in the fiscal year under review.

ESG Information Corporate Governance / Risk Management

Strategically held shares

Basic views

Close business and cooperative relations with various companies are valuable assets to Inabata, and the company believes the establishment, maintenance and development of these relations improve the company's corporate value in the medium and long term and lead to the benefit of shareholders and investors. Also, as Inabata believes that strategically holding shares of such companies continues to be an effective way to establish, maintain and develop good cooperative relations, the company owns strategically held shares.

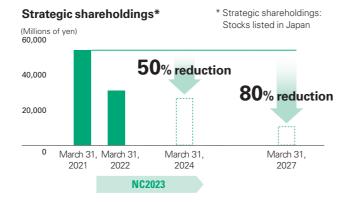
Policy related to holding and reducing strategically held shares

Inabata forms a judgment concerning the pros and cons of strategically held shares based on whether holding them contributes to the establishment of cooperative relations, enhances the company's corporate value in the medium and long term, and leads to the benefit of shareholders and investors. To be specific, the Board of Directors will make annual comprehensive reviews of the appropriateness of holding each individual stock, taking into account the financial condition of the investee company, the liquidity of the stock, trends in the volume of transactions and profits related to business with the company or its group companies and their medium- to long-term prospects, economic rationales such as whether the risk and return are commensurate with the cost of capital, and other qualitative information.

The company follows a policy of reducing the shares that the holding of which is not considered significant, while considering timing and the effect on the market and the business.

Note that we have set "continuous review of assets and further improvement of capital and asset efficiency" as a key initiative in our three-year medium-term business plan, the NC2023, which ends in FY2023. Specifically, the policy is to reduce the balance of strategically held shares by 50% over the three-year period during the promotion of the NC2023, relative to the balance as of March 31, 2021. In addition, we have added a new policy to further reduce our strategically held shares over the medium to

long term, and over the next five years (by March 31, 2027), to reduce the balance of strategically held shares by approximately 80%, relative to the balance as of March 31, 2021. Based on this policy, we will further reduce our strategically held shares by more rigorously verifying the significance of our holdings.



Sales of strategically held shares

FY2017	9,017 million yen
FY2018	5,298 million yen
FY2019	3,026 million yen
FY2020	2,944 million yen
FY2021	9,367 million yen

• Criteria for exercise of voting rights

In principle, Inabata exercises voting rights for all agendas in order to exercise its rights as a shareholder. The company reviews the merits and demerits of each agenda and exercises voting rights based on the judgment criteria of whether sustainable growth of the held company and improvement of its corporate value in the medium and long term can be expected.

Risk Management

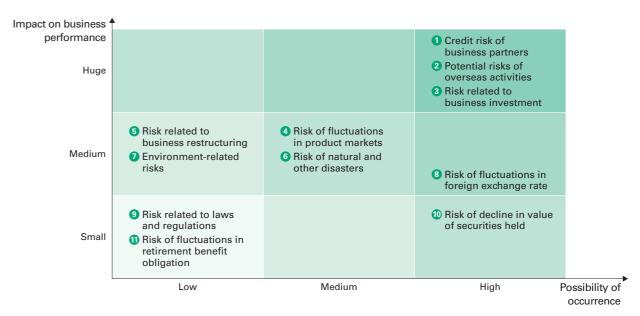
Operating globally with 60 bases across 18 countries, mainly in Asia, our Group faces various kinds of risks.

We manage risks by establishing and implementing various regulations related to credit management, export management, products management and others, with our Risk Management Office at the core. Additionally, we prepare ourselves for risks arising from everyday work by organizing and implementing the work rules for trading bases and manufacturing bases in multiple languages, along with executing appropriate risk checking functions from head offices using regulations for managing Group

companies in Japan and abroad. We have identified the 11 risks shown in the above matrix as the main risks faced by our Group. Mapping has been done on the matrix based on the probable impact of each risk on our performance and the possibility of its occurrence using the responses on risk awareness of managers in the effectiveness evaluation of the Board of Directors conducted in FY2021 and other factors.

In this section, we will explain risks that are of high importance to our Group.

Major risks faced by the Inabata Group



Risks of high importance and related countermeasures

1 Credit risk of business partners

Our Group companies grant credit to many business partners in Japan and abroad. Although we carry out credit management on a global scale, including our overseas business partners as well, we cannot guarantee full collections. Therefore, there is a risk of adverse impact on our Group's performance and financial status due to the aggregation of bad-debt losses and allowance for doubtful accounts through bankruptcy and civil

rehabilitation procedures and so on from contingencies concerning business partners. In the consolidated fiscal year, the Group's notes and accounts receivable were 184.6 billion yen and inventories were 79.0 billion yen, the total of which accounted for 68% of total assets. Credit screening is conducted by the Shinsa Kaigi, which is composed of members of management and holds discussions on investments, loans and credit projects. With regard to inventories, we monitor and manage the

ESG Information Risk Management

balance of each consolidated Group company on a monthly basis.

2 Potential risks of overseas activities

Our Group's production and sales activities overseas cover multiple regions, including Southeast Asia and Northeast Asia, North America, and Europe. There are inherent risks in operating in these foreign markets, which include unexpected changes in laws or regulations, adverse political or economic factors, difficulty in recruiting and retaining personnel, underdeveloped technological infrastructure, potentially adverse tax consequences, and social disruptions due to other factors. For sales in the consolidated fiscal year by region, Asia accounted for 52% of the total, having the largest influence on our business. The consolidated fiscal year was impacted by lockdowns caused by COVID-19 in China and other countries. We have formulated and are implementing business continuity plans (BCP) at our major overseas bases to serve as countermeasures for emergencies such as infectious disease outbreaks.

3 Risk related to business investment

When developing business at the Inabata Group, in many cases, we actually make investments and acquire equity in a joint enterprise or joint venture. Notably, with respect to our investments in consolidated affiliates, there is a risk of adverse impact on our Group's performance and financial status due to trends in the financial status and operating results of such Group companies. In principle, our Group invests in minority interests with the main objective of expanding *shosha* trading business, and limits the risks and amounts for investments in majority interests. Under NC2023, we are aggressively investing under the priority policy of "intensification of investment targeting future growth."

Information on business investment > p. 31

4 Risk of fluctuations in product markets

Many of the information electronic materials, chemical raw materials, food products, and plastics handled by our Group are impacted by fluctuations in commodity prices. Failure to respond flexibly to market fluctuations could adversely impact the performance and financial position of our Group. Each sales division gathers market information, monitors price trends, and thoroughly manages inventory. In the consolidated fiscal year, we were affected by the market prices of liquid crystal-related materials, which are the main materials sold in the information and electronics business, and by trends in naphtha prices, which impact the prices of materials in the plastics business. Also, mainly in the food business, we carry out inventory transactions and may be impacted by the market price of each product.

5 Risk related to business restructuring

In order to promote business selection and concentration, our Group continues to restructure its business by withdrawing from unprofitable businesses and selling or reorganizing subsidiaries and affiliates. These measures may adversely impact the performance and financial condition of our Group. We may be unable to execute our business restructuring plans in a timely manner due to factors such as government regulations and employment issues in each country. There is no guarantee that the Group will be able to achieve all or part of the original objectives by implementing business restructuring. We have established criteria for considering withdrawal from businesses, and hold deliberations on withdrawal, etc., from the relevant Group companies at the Shinsa Kaiqi, which is composed of members of management and holds discussions on investments, loans and credit projects.

6 Risk of natural and other disasters

If a natural disaster such as an earthquake, tsunami, or typhoon, or a highly contagious infectious disease occurs in a country or region in which our Group operates, damage to our Group's employees, offices, or facilities may have an adverse impact on the Group's business. Furthermore, the supply chain disruption caused by the aforementioned disasters and supply/demand fluctuations in markets for products handled by our Group may impact our Group's operating results and financial position.

In order to respond to adverse impact of such disasters, we have formulated a Business Continuity Plan (BCP) based on our Group's basic policy for crisis response. We will strive to continue business with the highest priority on ensuring the safety of our employees. However, it may not be possible to avoid all damage or adverse impact, and the future business of our Group may be adversely impacted.

In the consolidated fiscal year, we were impacted by COVID-19, mainly in Asia.

7 Environment-related risks

Our Group handles a wide range of products in four business fields in Japan and overseas. The manufacture and sale of these products may be impacted by factors including regional environmental regulations and changes to eco-friendly products. Although we are working to diversify our suppliers, we were impacted in the consolidated fiscal year by environmental regulations in China for businesses such as chemicals. Moreover, sales of plastics may be impacted by the transition to plastic-free products. In our plastics business, we are

engaged in the plastics recycling business, as well as the manufacture and sale of biodegradable biomass plastic.

8 Risk of fluctuations in foreign exchange rate

Our Group engages in the production, sales, and trading of products and raw materials for overseas business development. In principle, we conduct hedging transactions through measures such as forward exchange contracts. However, we may be impacted by exchange rate fluctuations associated with foreign currency denominated transactions. Furthermore, we convert items (including sales, expenses, and assets in each region) denominated in local currencies into Japanese yen for the preparation of consolidated financial statements. Consequently, the exchange rate at the time of conversion may impact the value after conversion into yen.

For the consolidated fiscal year, foreign exchange gains were 53 million yen, and foreign currency translation adjustments were 11.7 billion yen.

Risk related to laws and regulations

Our Group is subject to various government regulations in the countries in which we operate. These regulations include permits for business and investment, restrictions on exports for reasons such as national security, customs duties, and other regulations on imports and exports. Failure to comply with these regulations may result in increased costs. Consequently, these regulations may adversely impact the performance and financial position of the Group.

In the consolidated fiscal year, our overseas sales ratio is at the high level of 65%. It is possible that regulations on imports and exports will have a significant impact on our Group. Therefore, we have established the internal Export Control Committee in order to reduce risks.

Addressing other risks

Tax compliance

All officers and employees of the Group strive to comply with laws and regulations as well as internal regulations, regardless of the country, to manage Inabata with a focus on compliance. With regard to taxes, we recognize that one of our social responsibilities is to pay taxes according to related laws and regulations in each country or region and maintain transparency. We think that proper tax payment contributes to economic development of the country or region and in return results in sustainable growth of our Group and improvement of our medium- to long-term corporate

value. Therefore, we strive to minimize tax risk and maintain as well as improve tax compliance.

Note: Responses to the following risks are described in the section entitled "ESG Information."

- Supply chain management (p. 77)
- Compliance, internal whistleblowing system, anti-corruption (p. 78)
- Information security (p. 79)
- Human rights (p. 90)

Note: In regard to climate change risk, we disclose information in accordance with the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD). (p. 82)

Business continuity plan (BCP)

We have been formulating and introducing BCPs at major bases, including domestic and overseas Group companies since 2018 so that we can promptly restart and continue business activities after a crisis takes place. We plan to establish the BCPs at 38 bases in 13 countries including Japan.

In 2021, we organized the issues identified through the spread of COVID-19 and reviewed our business continuity measures. We intend to formulate plans for FY2023 at some bases that had postponed the formulation of plans due to the spread of COVID-19.

Sustainability Management

For information on sustainability, please also visit our website entitled "Sustainability."



Inabata Group Sustainability Basic Policy/ Inabata Group Sustainability Code of Conduct

In November 2021, based on our Group's management philosophy and in consideration of environmental/social issues and international trends, we newly established the

Sustainability Basic Policy and the Sustainability Code of Conduct. The latter is composed of nine precepts on topics such as human rights and the environment.

Inabata Group Sustainability Basic Policy

The Inabata Group's management philosophy is to value people and contribute to society with a spirit of *love* and *respect*. Under this mission, we will also make it a management priority to address various environmental and social issues.

We will continue to respond to society's evolving needs in all the Group's business activities, as we aim to enhance our long-term corporate value and contribute to building a sustainable society.

Inabata Group Sustainability Code of Conduct (items only)

- 1. Respect for Human Rights
- 2. Healthy, Safe, and Secure Working Conditions
- 3. Fostering an Open Culture for Active Participation by Diverse Staff
- 4. Environmental Conservation
- 5. Crisis Management
- 6. Constructing a Sustainable Supply Chain
- 7. Compliance
- 8. Collaboration with External Stakeholders
- 9. Sustainability Information Disclosure

Sustainability Committee
Established in November 2021
Revised in June 2022

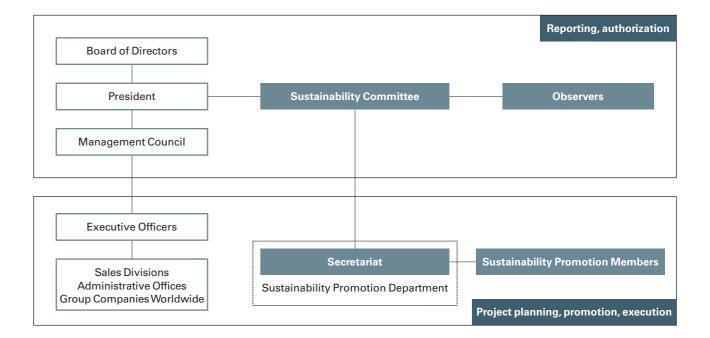
Sustainability promotion system

In October 2021, we established the Sustainability Committee, which is chaired by the president and vice-chaired by the director in charge of sustainability. The committee members consist of directors and executive officers in charge of the four business segments and selected heads of administrative offices. The committee formulates, authorizes, and monitors the Group's sustainability policies and measures, and it reports to the Board of Directors. In principle, the Committee meets at least once a year (and holds extraordinary meetings as necessary).

Outside directors, non-executive directors, and audit and supervisory officers serve as observers of the

Sustainability Committee. The observers monitor the fairness and effectiveness of the discussions at the committee and provide recommendations as necessary.

We have established the Sustainability Promotion
Department as a body dedicated to promoting
sustainability throughout the Group in accordance with the
resolutions of the Sustainability Committee. We have also
appointed Sustainability Promotion Members made up of
staff from sales divisions and selected administrative
offices. Members collect information and compile ideas
about sustainability-related matters from their respective
divisions and offices in order to facilitate smooth operation
of the Committee.



FOCUS

Participation in the United Nations Global Compact

In April 2022, Inabata & Co., Ltd. signed the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC) and was registered as a participating company. In addition, we also joined the Global Compact Network Japan, which comprises companies and other entities in Japan that have signed the UNGC.

Our Group will support and observe the 10 principles advocated for by the UNGC—which pertain to protecting human rights, eliminating unfair labor practices, being environmentally friendly, and preventing corruption—and based on our management philosophy, our Sustainability Basic Policy and Sustainability Code of Conduct, we will contribute to realize the sustainable society.



> The complete text of the Sustainability Code of Conduct is available on our Group's website. https://www.inabata.co.jp/themes/english@inabata/pdf/csr/sustainability_guid_en_2206.pdf

ESG Information Sustainability Management

Materiality

In June 2022, we identified materiality for the sustainable growth of our Group. We intend to formulate indicators, targets, and plans for each materiality in FY2023.

Materiality identification process

STEP 1

List social issues

Refer to international guidelines (GRI, SASB, SDGs, ISO 26000, UNGC10 principles, etc.) Refer to external evaluations and requests (various ESG surveys such as FTSE and MSCI, investor requests, etc.)

Extract issues and evaluate importance

The Sustainability Committee Secretariat and Sustainability Promotion Members narrow down issues and evaluate their importance

The Sustainability Committee deliberates on tentatively identified materiality

Verify validity from an external perspective

Hold stakeholder dialogues with external experts

STEP 4 Management makes decision

The Sustainability Committee discusses and decides on candidate materiality based on external opinions

Inabata Group Materiality



Overview

	Materiality	Key points
Creating Sustainable Value	Contributing to a decarbonized and circular society, sustainable use of natural capital	We will focus on environment-related businesses, such as environmental load-reducing products, in areas including renewable energy, alternative fuels, recycling, and electric vehicles to build a decarbonized and circular society. We will also promote the sustainable use of natural capital in our businesses related to building materials and food. We will take steps based on our environmental management system to reduce GHG emissions, reduce waste and increase the reuse of resources, prevent pollution, and conserve water resources and biodiversity to conserve the environment.
	Contributing to safety, security, and well-being	We will provide solutions that contribute to safety, security, and well-being through our mobility, food, and life science businesses. Chemicals are fundamental to a wide range of industries. We will maintain a high awareness of the responsibility associated with chemical substance management, product safety, and quality.
	Providing value through resilience in procurement and supply functions	Providing flexible and optimal dealings is an important function of Inabata Group as a trading company. In an uncertain, unpredictable society, the functions of the Inabata Group provide even greater value as a solution provider for changing customer and social needs. We will deliver value through resilience in procurement and supply functions by strengthening our supply chain management. To achieve this, we will use our global network and leverage our multifaceted functions as a trading company, such as product development, partnerships, and logistics expertise.
S	Respecting human rights in the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) and growing together with local communities	We respect the human rights of stakeholders associated with Inabata Group activities based on our core value of respecting people with the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei). We will share value with the people and to develop and grow with the local communities where we do business around the world.
Strengthening the Foundation for Business Continuity	Fostering and strengthening the human capital driving the value creation	People driving the creation of new value are the Group's greatest asset. People trusted by our clients to become their best partners by demonstrating high ethics, passion, and providing solutions from a global perspective are the source of sustainable value creation. The resourcefulness of our employees is what enables us to continuously produce value. We believe that an organizational culture that recognizes diversity and values free and open discussions and teamwork will have high employee satisfaction and will support ongoing sustainable growth for both employees and the Company. We will continue to promote new workstyles, diversity & inclusion, employee engagement, human resource education and skill development, and occupational safety and health.
	Enhancing governance and risk management	We maintain a strong corporate governance system as a fundamental element of our continuous efforts to enhance corporate value. The system ensures management transparency and fairness provides a foundation for swift and decisive decision-making. We are also strengthening group governance in Japan and overseas and are fortifying our risk management, which encompasses compliance, corruption prevention, business continuity management, and information security.

Materiality and the business segments

			Information & Electronics	Chemicals	Life Industry	Plastics
	Contributing to a decarbonized and	Renewable energy	•	•		
	circular society	Alternative fuels	•			
Creating		Recycling	•	•		•
ing Sustainable Value		Electric vehicles	•	•		•
	Sustainable use of natural capital	Building materials		•		
nable		Food			•	
Value	Contributing to safety, security, and well-being	Mobility	•	•		•
	and well-being	Food			•	•
		Life Science			•	

Supply Chain Management

Basic concept

For the Inabata Group, our supply chain is our lifeline and the foundation for creating value. We have set "providing value through resilience in procurement and supply functions" as a materiality to which we assign priority and focus. For this reason, our suppliers are important partners in creating value, and we aim for mutual growth by working together to solve environmental and social issues.

Supply Chain CSR Action Guidelines

We have established the Inabata Supply Chain CSR Action Guidelines based on our belief in the importance of sharing values and aim for the same goals with our suppliers, who are our partners in creating value together. We aim to realize a sustainable society by cooperating with all stakeholders in the supply chain.

Supply Chain CSR Action Guidelines

Inabata & Co., Ltd. has formulated these Inabata Supply Chain CSR Action Guidelines in response to the social expectation for companies to fulfill CSR in their supply chain management.

We would like to seek understanding of the following items from our trading partners and other stakeholders, and solicit cooperation in their implementation.

- To respect human rights, and avoid inhumane treatment including discrimination, harassment, cruelty, and child labor.
- 2. To respect employees' right to organize and right of collective bargaining.
- 3. To prevent forced labor and unfair low-wage labor.
- 4. To provide employees with a safe, sanitary, and healthy work environment, to prepare emergency countermeasures for dealing with disasters and accidents, and to publicize these countermeasures so that they are known by all concerned parties.
- To work to prevent environmental problems through measures on biodiversity and global warming.
- To observe all domestic and foreign laws, to engage in fair business transactions, and to strive to prevent corruption.
- To work to ensure and maintain the quality and safety of products and services
- To protect information assets from an information security perspective.
- 9. To disclose information regarding the above items in a timely and appropriate manner.

Product/supplier management (food business)

The food business in the Life Industry segment is directly related to the safety and health of consumers, so a high level of product and supplier management is required. Under the motto of "from visible producers to visible consumers," we conduct strict product and supplier management in order to provide safe and secure agricultural and marine products from all over the world.

When starting transactions with a new supplier, we conduct fundamental surveys such as interviews and audits to determine whether they possess international certifications. When importing food from overseas, we use a procurement business flow which requires confirmation as to whether or not the used pesticides and residual pesticides satisfy Japanese standards.

Governance (Compliance, Anti-corruption, Information security)

Compliance

Basic concept

To establish management practices that emphasize compliance, the Inabata Group advocates thorough compliance per the Inabata Group Sustainability Code of Conduct. We have also adopted the Inabata Declaration of Compliance and the Compliance Guidelines. Inabata considers its corporate activities shall be in full compliance not only with legal regulations but also with social rules.

We also believe that carrying on the spirit of our founder—love (ai) and respect (kei) for people—is essential to fostering a corporate culture that emphasizes compliance. Hence, we strive to promulgate our Mission, Vision, and IK Values within the company.

We have also formulated a policy on tax compliance.

Internal whistleblowing system

Inabata Group's internal whistleblowing system consists of two separate routes. The "compliance hotline" is primarily for reporting violations of laws and regulations, such as bribery and other types of corrupt activities, and incidents of serious breaches of compliance, including organizational fraud. The "counseling desk" provides

mediation and coordination to help employees resolve issues related to the work environment and work relationships. For both reporting routes, contact and consultation are possible by oral communication, telephone, email, and postal mail.

Inabata operates its internal whistleblowing system in accordance with the Internal Whistleblowing Rules. As regulations common to the above two whistleblowing routes, the rules clearly stipulate that persons engaged in responding to whistleblowing are obliged to keep the provider anonymous, and that any attempts to identify the provider or any adverse treatment of the provider or those who cooperate with the investigation are strictly prohibited, ensuring that employees who use the system to provide information do not suffer consequences for whistleblowing.

When information is received, the rules provide clear procedures for communicating and verifying the information promptly and appropriately. The president of Inabata, who chairs the Compliance Committee, regularly reports the operational status of the internal whistleblowing system to the Board of Directors.

Anti-corruption

Basic concept

The Inabata Group Sustainability Code of Conduct and Inabata Declaration of Compliance that we take to prevent corruption, including bribery and illegal payments to foreign public officials. In addition, the Supply Chain CSR Action Guidelines for our business partners and other stakeholders also states our commitment to not engaging in corrupt business practices.

To raise awareness and assist our employees in preventing

corruption, we have produced and made readily available on the company intranet portal site our Compliance Guidelines and manuals on antitrust law, subcontracting law, unfair competition prevention law, insider trading regulations, and bribery.

The Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president, oversees and regularly reports to the Board of Directors on serious cases of compliance violation, including bribery, law violations, and organizational fraud.

Information security

Basic concept

The Inabata Group recognizes the importance of information security. With the aim of protecting the Group's information assets from information security risks, we have established principles concerning information security in our Information Security Policy. We have also established information management procedures and prepared manuals for all employees. We review our policy continuously to flexibly adapt to emerging risks and technologies.

Management system

We have established the Information Security Working Committee as a subordinate organization of the Compliance Committee, which is chaired by the president. Information security administrators appointed in each sales division and administrative offices regularly report to the Information Security Working Committee on the status of compliance with policy, rules and manuals.

In addition, we have established a security incident response team (IK-SIRT*) to respond quickly and accurately to increasingly sophisticated security incidents, and are strengthening information sharing both internally and externally.

* IK-SIRT: A term combining the Group's symbol "IK" and an acronym for "Security Incident Response Team.

Information security awareness training

The Information Security Working Committee periodically conducts information security awareness training for all of our officers and employees, including contract employees, temporary employees, employees seconded to other companies, and employees seconded from other companies.

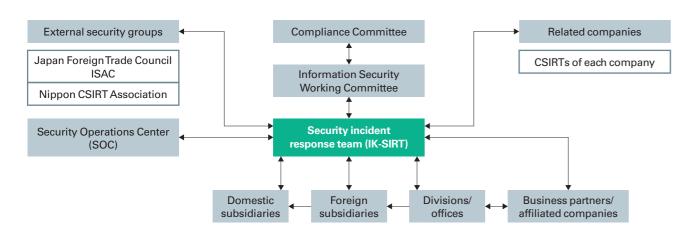


Training material about information security for new employees

Information security in internal infrastructure

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the promotion of workstyle reforms, work in remote environments has increased rapidly. In order to tackle these challenges, in addition to traditional antivirus software, we have introduced an endpoint security system that monitors the behavior of devices. Monitoring is performed 24 hours a day, 7 days a week by an external security operations center (SOC).

Information security management system



FOCUS

Promotion of Digital Transformation (DX)

One of the main priority measures in the Inabata Group's medium-term business plan NC2023 is "enhancement of global management information infrastructure." The improvement of information security and the promotion of DX are two essential parts of our efforts.

Further enhancement of global management information infrastructure

- We will strive to adapt to new technological trends, achieve further digitalization, and transform and streamline operations (DX initiatives).
- We will establish a global management information infrastructure that supports enhancement of security. business continuity planning, and new workstyles.

Promotion of DX

- Centralization of information management (master data
- Visualization of sales activities (natural language analysis of sales
- Visualization of business processes (process mining/RPA)

Establishment of management information infrastructure and enhancement of security

- · Visualization of global management information (foundation construction)
- Establishment of CSIRT* system and initiatives for zero trust security
- Strengthening of collaboration with external parties (establishment of infrastructure for secure information sharing)
- * CSIRT (Computer Security Incident Response Team): An organization that responds to the occurrence of security incidents

IT systems and technology environment supporting DX

Process mining, RPA (Robotic Process Automation), natural language analysis, security (system for incident detection/immediate response)

Organizations and human resources for promoting DX strategy: Renewal of the information system department; promotion of securing and developing digital human resources

In April 2022, in order to further promote DX, we selected business leaders from each sales division for a company-wide project.

We are developing human resources who can analyze management information. Furthermore, we have renewed the existing information system department into an organization focused on DX.

Organization for promoting DX strategy

The person in charge of DX periodically reports to the Management Council and sets up opportunities for exchanging opinions on overall management, including DX strategy promotion

Director & Senior Managing Management Council Executive Officer

Digital Promotion Office

Board of Directors

Person in charge of DX: General Manager, Digital Promotion Office

• Establish DX actions as sustainable company-wide initiative and improve corporate value

Securing and developing digital human resources

Business leaders capable of analyzing business from a global perspective are selected for the project from each sales division (seven divisions and nine product fields)

information system project **Business leader** Data analytics training

New enterprise

All employees **RPA** training

Enhancement of cooperation with external partners for data utilization

Cooperation with external partners

- Discuss the key indicators of management information and hold periodic data analysis study meetings.
- · Conduct work analysis by process mining and realize further improvements by RPA.
- Perform natural language analysis of sales reports (qualitative information) and leverage customer relationship management (CRM).

Environmental Management

Basic concept

As a corporation with global operations, the Inabata Group recognizes that responding to global environmental issues such as climate change, resource circulation, and biodiversity is one of our most important management issues.

In order to pass on a rich earth to the next generation, in addition to complying with environmental laws and regulations, we will also reduce the environmental load of our business activities and provide environmental businesses that contribute to the realization of a sustainable society. With these goals in mind, we will work to continuously improve our environmental management system.

System (governance)

The Inabata Sustainability Committee formulates, authorizes, and monitors policies and measures related to sustainability such as climate change. The committee meets a minimum of once annually (more often as needed) and reports to the Board of Directors. The company president chairs the committee, and the officer in charge of sustainability is the vice chair. The committee comprises two directors, one executive officer from each business segment, and six heads of main administrative offices. In addition, six outside directors, one non-executive director, and one audit and supervisory officer participate as observers to monitor the committee for fairness and effectiveness and to make recommendations.

The matters resolved by the Sustainability Committee are implemented and managed by the Sustainability Promotion Department, which serves as the committee's secretariat and promotes the sustainability activities of the Group. The Sustainability Promotion Department provides the Sustainability Committee with sustainability-related information collected from across the Group to support meaningful discussion by the committee. The department cooperates with Sustainability Promotion Members from each sales division and main administrative offices to carry out its task.

Environmental management system

We have established an environmental management system based on ISO 14001. The results of annual activities under the environmental management system are reported to the president for management review. We also determine what results are included in the business execution report of the director in charge of the department responsible for managing ISO certification as stipulated by



Certificate of Approval (Renewed on April 1, 2020)

certification as stipulated by regulations of the Board of Directors, and the results are then reported at the Board of Directors.

We appoint a person in charge of ISO administration and an ISO leader in each sales division and administrative office, and work to implement environmental activities throughout the company.

Domestic consolidated subsidiaries have also acquired ISO 14001 certification.

		FY2021
ISO 14001 certification	Acquired office	15 locations
	Acquisition ratio	60%

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. and domestic consolidated subsidiaries

Climate Change

Basic concept

Climate change is one of the most pressing issues facing global society. Unprecedented extreme and intense weather events are already occurring with greater frequency and they are seriously impacting both the natural environment and people around the world. The Paris Agreement is an international treaty on climate change measures seeking to "hold the increase in the global average temperature to well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and pursuing efforts to limit the temperature increase to 1.5°C above pre-industrial levels" with the aim of achieving a balance between anthropogenic emissions and the absorption of greenhouse gases (GHG) in the second half of this century.

The Inabata Group fully recognizes the effects of climate change and the need for countermeasures and has stated in its Sustainability Basic Policy and Action Guidelines and the Inabata Declaration of Compliance that it will use its business to conserve the Earth's environment. We further proclaimed our intent of "contributing to a decarbonized and circular society," announcing it as materiality in June 2022, placing measures to address climate change and environmental issues as a management priority. We consider climate change as presenting both risk and opportunity for the Group and, while taking steps to reduce GHG emissions, we will seek to provide products and solutions that contribute to creating a carbon-free society.

We also recognize the importance of climate-related financial risk disclosure and have begun providing information in accordance with the recommendations issued in June 2017 by the Financial Stability Board's Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)*. Although the compliance requirements for some TCFD recommendations require further study and discussion, we are increasing disclosure in line with the recommendations.

* The Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures was launched in 2015, requested by the G20. Recognizing the significant impact that climate change will have on financial markets, the Final Report (Recommendations of the TCFD) released in 2017 called on companies to disclose information on the risks and opportunities associated with climate change.

Governance

Please refer to "System (governance)" under "Environmental Management" (page on left).

Main initiatives

We are striving for energy management by raising awareness of our employees towards saving electricity, implementing Cool Biz, introducing systems to monitor electricity consumption, introducing equipment with high energy-saving performance, and introducing eco-friendly cars, etc.

We are also focusing on businesses that contribute to a decarbonized society, such as renewable energy, alternative fuels, and other low-carbon products.

FOCUS

Announcing the Carbon Neutrality Declaration 2050

In June 2022, the Inabata Group announced the Carbon Neutrality Declaration 2050, which sets the goal of achieving net zero* greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from business activities by FY2050.

This declaration is a response to global demands regarding climate change, and declares that we will accelerate climate change countermeasures more than ever before.

* Targets the amount of internal emissions (GHG Protocol Scope 1 = internal use of fuel, and Scope 2 = use of electricity and heat purchased by the company)

Climate Change

Strategy

The Inabata Group strives to comprehend the business risk and opportunity arising from the transition risk and physical risk from climate change and to incorporate them into its climate change countermeasures and business strategies. The Sustainability Committee analyzes and monitors the status of response to climate change-related risks and opportunities and evaluates the potential long-term impact on Group business. The Group has also set Contributing to a Decarbonized and Circular Society as a materiality.

Our analysis on the impact of climate change determined that the financial risks the Group faces are not to a degree to significantly impact its business operations. Business opportunities are more significant than the risk considering our future growth. Changes could increase customer

reliance on trading companies, and our strong foundation of client trust could be a catalyst for growth. We will further act to ensure we take every advantage of the business opportunities, such as by proactively gathering information, developing products, forming partnerships, and introducing new measures for new conditions.

At the same time, we found distinct impacts on specific segments, particularly on business related to renewable energy in the Information & Electronics segment and on the agricultural, marine products, and other food businesses in the Life Industry segment.

We plan to disclose the results of our scenario analysis in FY2023.

Examples of climate change-related risks/opportunities and responses (partial excerpt)

lte	em	Climate change risk	Degree of impact	Business risk	Length of impact	Business opportunity	Length of impact	Response
Transition risk	Technology	Transition to low-carbon technology	Large	Increased investment into new and alternative technologies, investment failure, and risk of irrecoverable loss Decreased sales volume and profit for existing products due to innovative low-carbon technologies	Short to long term	Invest in low-carbon technology to broaden order opportunities Increase profits by developing and pursuing procurement opportunities for low-carbon technologies	Medium to long term	Advance development and form partnerships for new low-carbon and alternative technologies Gathering information on new low-carbon and alternative technologies, new materials, and new services (such as by participating in international initiatives)
ion risk	Market	Increasing market uncertainty	Large	Reduced business from revamped customer supply chains Loss of business due to increase of electric and fuel cell vehicles	Short to medium term	Increase of opportunities for new transactions as customers accelerate local productions Increase of demand for batteries and lightweight resins due to conversion to electric and fuel cell vehicles	Medium to long term	Strengthen overseas manufacturing companies Develop low-carbon technologies and products, form partnerships (including investing in venture companies)

Item		Climate change risk	Degree of impact	Business risk	Length of impact	Business opportunity	Length of impact	Response
	lmminent	Intense and frequent typhoons, heavy rains, intense heat, and other weather events	Large	Supply chain disruptions cause business stagnation or decrease (such as from damage to coastal petrochemical plants) Risk of operation shutdowns due to damage to our own factories or power plant facilities Intense weather events seriously damaging agriculture, forestry, or fishery products and poor harvests causing procurement and supply shortages	Short to medium term	Increasing need for reliable procurement and supply Create new business opportunities by proposing product and logistics alternatives for emergency situations	Short to medium term	Use financial power to increase inventory Strengthen supply chain resilience by creating a BCP and diversifying suppliers Promote localization including local consignment of processing Extend business upstream to secure stable agricultural and fishery resources (expand business domain from agriculture to aquaculture)
Physical risk	Permanent	Average temperature rise Rain and weather pattern changes Sea level rise	Large	Supply chain disruptions cause business stagnation or decrease (such as from damage to coastal petrochemical plants Sluggish sales related to solar and biomass power generation (due to changes in the amount of sunshine and poor tree growth) Increased procurement costs from intensified competition for agricultural and fishery products, decreased agricultural business profitability	Medium to long term	Increasing demand for products and services adapted to climate change Increasing need for reliable procurement and supply	Medium to long term	Strengthen supply chain resilience by creating a BCP and diversifying suppliers Develop products and services adapted to climate change Extend business upstream to secure stable agricultural and fishery resources (expand business domain from agriculture to aquaculture)

Note: The table shown above is an excerpt listing only items with a high degree of impact. Please refer to the following website for the detailed version. Website: Information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations https://www.inabata.co.jp/themes/english@inabata/pdf/csr/tcfd.pdf

Risk management

The Inabata Group believes that traditional risk management methods alone are insufficient to manage the potential impact from long-term risks, which include considerable elements of uncertainty.

The Sustainability Committee deliberates risk, opportunities, and countermeasures related to climate change, analyzes and evaluates the risk, monitors the Group's progress, and delivers reports to the Board of Directors.

Additionally, the Compliance Committee monitors risk to the Group arising from various sources, including from environmental laws and regulations, with the intention of preventing risk situations and planning risk countermeasures. The committee, which is chaired by the president, has four regularly scheduled meetings each year and convenes at other

times when necessary. As deemed necessary, important meeting content is reported to the Board of Directors.

Indicators and targets

Inabata Group has a long-term target to reach net zero GHG emissions*1 by 2050. We plan to set specific near- and medium-term targets related to climate change in FY2023.

The Group has been disclosing its Scope 2 emissions data since FY2018. In FY2021, CO₂ emissions*² were 28,824 (t-CO₂). The Group is preparing to disclose Scope 1 and 3 emissions data beginning in FY2022.

Please refer to pp. 52 and 95 for performance data.

^{*1} Scope 1 and 2

 $^{^{\}rm *2}$ Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases

Pollution Prevention and Resource Circulation

Basic concept

The Inabata Group strives to minimize adverse effects on human health and the environment by preventing air, water, and soil pollution, reducing and properly processing hazardous waste and pollutants, and appropriately managing chemical substances, etc.

Furthermore, we strive to resource circulation by using

sustainable resources, minimizing the amount of resources we use, reducing waste, and promoting recycling, etc.

"Contributing to a decarbonized and circular society" and "sustainable use of natural capital" are our materialities, and we are making efforts to realize a circular economy through our business.

Initiatives

Introduction of dry-process in-office paper recycler **PaperLab**

In 2019, we introduced the dry-process (waterless) in-office paper recycler PaperLab. Paper can be recycled in the office with used copier paper from our company as a raw material.

We are working to reduce the amount of paper we purchase by increasing our paper recycling rate.

Note: For performance data on the amount of paper purchased, please refer to the Sustainability Data Collection on p. 95.

Participation in the Clean Ocean Material Alliance (CLOMA)

We are participating in CLOMA, a domestic alliance that is working to solve the problem of marine plastic litter. Through collaboration among different industries involved in the plastic value chain, we are promoting the sustainable use of plastic products, as well as the development and introduction of alternative materials.

Note: Please refer to pp. 34 and 102 for information on our participation in the Alliance to End Plastic Waste (AEPW), an international alliance that works to solve the problem of plastic waste.

Conservation of Water Resources and Biodiversity

Basic concept

our materialities.

The business activities of the Inabata Group receive benefits from the ecosystem services that are the blessings of biodiversity, which are created through the connections of a wide range of organisms in various relationships. Furthermore, our business activities have a variety of impacts on biodiversity. Based on this recognition of these facts, we strive to conserve biodiversity through our business activities and social contribution activities; for example, efficient utilization and reduction of water resource usage, and sustainable use of natural capital such as forests and fisheries. "Sustainable use of natural capital" is listed among

Initiatives

Handling of MSC/ASC certified products

To ensure sustainable use of natural capital, we promote the handling of MSC-certified marine products caught using sustainable fishing that considers marine resources

and the environment, as well as ASC-certified marine products that are produced through sustainable aquaculture. These products are mainly sold in the European and U.S. markets where environmental awareness is high.



MSC certified scallon

Environmental Business (Products that reduce environmental load)

Basic concept

The Inabata Group believes that climate change and other global environmental issues pose both risks to business continuity and new opportunities for growth.

"Contributing to a decarbonized and circular society" and "sustainable use of natural capital" are our materialities and have declared to contribute to resolving environmental issues through our business.

As mentioned in the medium-term business plan NC2023, we are working to expand our lineup of products and materials with low environmental loads in all segments.

Fields of products that reduce environmental load

In consideration of recent issues surrounding the global environment, we have reviewed the fields of products that reduce environmental load, and have reorganized those

Fields of products that reduce environmental load

Field	Main contents
Energy & Power	Renewable energy, alternative fuels, etc.
Resources & Environment	Sustainable raw materials, recycling, etc.
Materials & Chemicals	Low-carbon materials, EV/battery materials, etc
Agriculture & Food	Food waste reduction, soil improvement, etc.
Transportation & Logistics	EV charging, green logistics, etc.
Environmental certification	FSC, MSC, ASC, etc.

products mainly in the clean-tech field, as shown in the table below. We will use this framework for calculating and reporting from the FY2021 report.

Sales of products that reduce environmental load in FY2021



Coverage: Inabata Group (domestic and overseas consolidated) Note: There are no results for "Agriculture & Food" or "Transportation & Logistics" in FY2021

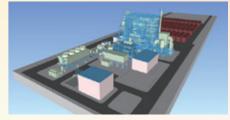
Example

Developed a wood-burning biomass power plant with a power output of 52,700 kW in Fukuyama City, Hiroshima Prefecture

Together with Chubu Electric Power Co., Inc., Taihei Dengyo Kaisha Ltd., Tokyo Sangyo Co., Ltd., Solariant Capital Co., Ltd. ("Solariant"), and Hitachi Zosen Corporation, Inabata & Co., Ltd. concluded an anonymous association agreement with Fukuyama Biomass Power Generation LLC ("the Project Company"), which was established by Solariant, and the Project Company concluded a loan agreement through project financing.

The Project Company will construct and operate the wood-burning "Fukuyama Biomass Power Plant" with power output of 52,700 kW in Fukuyama City, Hiroshima Prefecture, and aims to commence operation in May 2025. Estimated annual power output is approximately 380 million kWh (equivalent to electricity usage by about 120,000 ordinary households). In this power generation project, Inabata will be entrusted with the

management of wood chips (unused thinned wood from Hiroshima Prefecture, etc.) which is the fuel of the Project Company.



Conceptual image of completed power plant

> Related information p. 33 Feature: Challenges for the Future Challenge 2 Contributing to the Circular Economy—Recycling Materials Business

Labor Practices

Basic concept

Employees are the greatest assets of the Inabata Group. We believe that enabling employees with diverse backgrounds and strengths to fully demonstrate their abilities will increase the Group's competitiveness and lead to sustainable growth. We will therefore strive to provide flexible and diverse work styles (for example, providing support for balancing work and childcare/nursing care), preventing overwork through appropriate management of working hours, and enhance benefits, thereby improving working conditions and creating a comfortable workplace. As set forth in our Sustainability Code of Conduct and Human Rights Policy, we thoroughly comply with the laws and regulations of the countries and regions in which we do business. We support and respect the International Labor Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work. Furthermore, we comply with the statutory minimum wage and apply a gender-neutral remuneration system for employees of the same qualifications and job levels.

Relationship with employees

The Inabata Group has established a labor union. We also provide an extensive welfare system and facilities to realize an environment where union members can make the most of their individual characteristics and concentrate on their work with peace of mind. This also contributes to increasing the motivation of employees.

Labor and management discuss various issues with the aim of improving working conditions and improving the economic status of employees.

Diverse workstyles (new workstyle reform)

We have set "enhancement of human capital utilization efforts" as one of the key initiatives of the medium-term business plan NC2023, and have proposed "strengthening efforts that target new workstyle reforms."

We encourage employees to take annual paid leave and work to shorten long working hours in order to create an even more comfortable employment environment where employees can work in harmony with their personal lives.

As measures to prevent the spread of COVID-19, we have actively promoted staggered commuting times and shift work from home to prevent infection during commuting.

From FY2022, we introduced the systems shown on the right. These systems utilize the respective characteristics of office work and telecommuting, and further heighten the degree of freedom and discretion in how each individual works, thereby increasing the efficiency and results of work.

Newly introduced system (Inabata & Co., Ltd.)

System	Content
Telework System that enhances the degree of freedom and discretion in workstyles	Telework is made available to improve the efficiency and results of work. Telework is available for all employees.
Work-at-home system that supports a balance	[Purpose of Childcare] Available to employees who are raising a child up to the sixth grade in elementary school and who have a childcare environment but are temporarily unable to leave the child, and employees who are raising a child under the age of three and who do not have a childcare environment.
between work and childcare, nursing care, or treatment	[Purpose of Nursing Care] Available to employees who live together with a family member that requires nursing care.
for personal injuries and illnesses	[Purpose of Treatment] Available to employees who are able to work and wish to continue working while receiving treatment, and for whom the attending physician and industrial physician have determined that the employees are able to provide work and that it is preferable for them to perform said work at home.

Employee Engagement

Basic concept

The source of value creation at the Inabata Group is our approximately 4,200 employees in Japan and overseas. Employees will be able to work with more energy if there is a high degree of engagement (=understanding, connection, cooperation, and trust) between management and employees, between supervisors and subordinates, among

employees, among departments, and among group companies. Based on this high level of trust, we believe that each and every employee will personally participate in the organization and devote themselves to their work, which will ultimately lead to the growth of the entire Group.

Employee engagement survey

We started administering an employee engagement survey from FY2021. The second survey was conducted in May 2022 to confirm changes over time. Findings on employee motivation and satisfaction with the organization were turned into figures and given to their supervisors as a hint for a possible behavioral change to revitalize the organization.

		April 2021	May 2022	Trends
Number of employees surveyed	Total (Inabata & Co., Ltd. / main overseas trading offices)	1,400 (587/813)	1,697 (708/989)	7
Response rate	Total	49%	73%	7
	Engagement I am satisfied with the work I am doing at Inabata now	70%	73%	7
	Relationship with superiors I have the necessary collaboration with my supervisor at work	75%	80%	7
	Organizational culture When a problem occurs in the course of my duties, my supervisor and the people around me provide appropriate support	83%	85%	7
Main items*	Corporate philosophy I can relate to Inabata's philosophy, vision, and management policies, and I want to participate in achieving them	70%	73%	7
	Human resources system and benefits Inabata's salary standards are satisfactory, compared to other companies in the same industry	59%	55%	7
	Human resources system and training Inabata supports employee training to improve their skills	41%	48%	7
	WLB (work-life balance) Overtime is kept to a level that is acceptable for me	64%	69%	7

^{*} From among a five-point evaluation by employees (5. Strongly agree / 4. Agree / 3. Neither agree nor disagree / 2. Disagree / 1. Strongly disagree), the ratio of positive responses (5. and 4.)

In FY2022, the survey was administered to 1,697 group employees. The response rate was 73%, which was a significant improvement from the previous survey. Engagement related to internal human relations and organizational culture remained high. Some improvements were observed in regard to the training system, which was identified as an issue in the previous survey, and we will continue to strengthen our efforts. In regard to personnel systems and welfare programs that scored lower than the previous survey, we will promote measures particularly in areas where the score has decreased, and will strive to continuously improve employee engagement.

Enhancement of training for managers and introduction of video learning support

In the FY2021 survey, we identified issues for the item "supporting employee skill improvement." In response, we are working to enhance training in FY2022, mainly for managers. We also introduced a video learning support system that employees can freely select and use for personal development.

Human Resource Development

Basic concept

People are the most important asset of the Inabata Group, and the development of human resources is one of our management issues. Our human resource development and skills development are based on the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) for people, and on our Mission. We cultivate human resources that share the IK Values and who can realize our Vision. By providing diverse work experiences and growth opportunities, and conducting training according to role, we develop human resources who have expertise and can lead organizations and businesses in Japan and overseas. For the Group, which does business all over the world, it is an important issue to develop "global staff" who can coexist with the international community and create new value from a global perspective regardless of national borders. As for our materiality, we have set the goal of "fostering and strengthening the human capital driving the value creation."

➤ Related information p. 35 Feature: Challenges for the Future Challenge 3 Fostering Global-Minded People

Our mission awareness activities at Inabata

The foundation of our Group's human resource development is sharing the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) for people that has been handed down since our founding. In order to instill our Mission, Vision, and IK Values to all employees worldwide, we engage in activities such as distributing philosophy cards and holding workshops.

Systems for internal recruitment and career path self designing

As part of efforts to strengthen our organization, assign and supplement the right people to the right positions, and support the careers of our employees, we started the systems for internal recruitment and career path self designing from FY2022. These systems encourage employees to take on challenges in new jobs in order to advance their careers.

We also hold lectures to educate employees about the

minimum basic knowledge of chemicals necessary for

working at a trading company dealing in chemicals. We

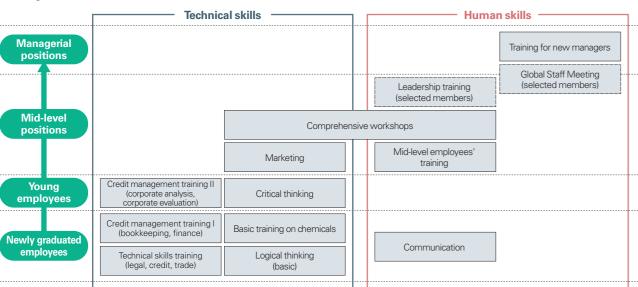
invite external lectures and hold a total of 10 sessions,

mainly for young employees.

Fundamental training system

We hold training so that employees joining the company can acquire the necessary knowledge as "global staff" according to their respective levels.

Training structure at Inabata & Co., Ltd.



Human Rights

Basic concept

The Inabata Group has always engaged in management that respects people based on the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) for people as upheld by our founder. One of the strengths of our Group is a global network. In recent years, in response to the growing importance of respect for human rights in international business, we have fulfilled our responsibility toward human rights by advancing our spirit of respect for human beings and establishing the Inabata Group Human Rights Policy.

Inabata Group Human Rights Policy (partial excerpt)

The Inabata Group's management philosophy reflects our founding spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) for all people, and the Inabata Group Human Rights Policy was formulated based on our Sustainability Basic Policy and Sustainability Code of Conduct. We fulfill our responsibility to promote human rights in our business activities by respecting the human rights of stakeholders affected by our activities and by addressing the negative impacts on human rights caused by our business activities.

- 1. Policy scope
- 2. Accepting and respecting international norms and legal compliance
- 3. Policy application
- 4. Significant human rights issues
- 5. Human rights due diligence
- 6. Remedy and corrective action
- 7. Education and awareness
- 8. Information disclosure

March 2022

➤ Inabata Group Human Rights Policy https://www.inabata.co.jp/themes/english@inabata/ pdf/csr/human_rights_policy.pdf

Human rights due diligence

In order to respect the human rights of people affected by the Group's business activities, we will construct mechanisms for human rights due diligence based on the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. Currently, we are assessing risks related to human rights with the aim of "identifying, analyzing, and evaluating adverse impacts on human rights." When assessing risks related to human rights, we evaluate the possibility of negative impacts on human rights and extract human rights risks from perspectives such as the business domain and characteristics of the Group, the region and country where we operate, and the value chain. We plan to identify human rights risks to be prioritized during FY2022.

Human rights training

Training to raise awareness for human rights and to prevent harassment

Every year, we hold training sessions on human rights awareness at training session for all employees (executives, employees, unretired senior employees working on a fixed-term contract, and temporary employees).

In FY2021, we held training to prevent harassment. We also prepared an e-learning program that enables employees to understand the knowledge and approach to prevent workplace harassment, and to learn the criteria for judging what constitutes harassment. We have prepared videos for all employees and managers on a portal site that can be viewed at any time. This enables learning by repeating the process of watching, understanding, practicing, and reviewing.



(Changed to training by video from FY2020 to prevent COVID-19 infection)

Diversity and Inclusion

Basic concept

As global competition intensifies, we recognize that diverse values are important for the sustainable development of our business. In the Inabata Group, employees with various backgrounds perform on a global scale. So that each individual can fully demonstrate their strengths, we are focusing on enhancing measures and systems for fair employment, placement, evaluation, treatment, and promotion, regardless of race, religion, nationality, age,

gender, sexual orientation, or disabilities. We strive to foster an organizational culture that respects the individuality and abilities of each employee, accepts and utilizes diversity, and enables work with a sense of unity.

We also promote diversity and inclusion as part of the materiality of "fostering and strengthening the human capital driving the value creation."

Promoting the active advancement of women

Inabata & Co., Ltd. is working hard to promote action plans for creating an employment environment where women can actively participate, and for supporting both men and women in achieving a work-life balance, such as childcare and nursing care.

In April 2021, we announced our General Employer Action Plan, which is based on the Act on Promotion of Women's Participation and Advancement in the Workplace. The Plan sets the following three targets as indicators.

Targets (three-year period from April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2024)	FY2021	Evaluation
Target 1 Increase the ratio of women in managerial positions (manager or higher) at 5% or higher	3.7%	Fair
Target 2 Ensure that at least 20% of new college graduates hired to Staff positions are women	38.5%	Good
Target 3 Increase the ratio of women in Staff positions to 15% or higher	13.6%	Fair

Note: Targets 1 and 3 show figures as of March 31, 2022. Target 2 is calculated using unofficial job offers in FY2021 and new graduates entering the company in April 2022.

Main initiatives in FY2021

- Dissemination of messages from top management using the company intranet portals and internal newsletters
- Holding workshops for women in Staff positions
- Briefings on career changes and interviews with women in Assistant positions
- Introduction of a work-at-home system to help employees balance childcare, nursing care, and treatment for personal injuries and illnesses



Message from president posted on the corporate portal



Article on diversity in internal newslette

Promoting the active advancement of seniors

In FY2022, we introduced a new system to realize a personnel system that allows diverse human resources, including seniors, to actively perform in the workplace. In addition to extending the mandatory retirement age to 65, we are supporting performance by senior employees by

establishing positions for seniors, establishing a system for re-employment of employees aged 65 and over, and implementing career training and skill development for employees in their 40s and 50s.

Health and Productivity Management/ Occupational Health and Safety

Basic concept

Our employees are the greatest asset of the Inabata Group. We believe that ensuring a safe working environment and maintaining and improving health are important themes for enabling employees to maximize their potential. In all countries and regions where our employees work, we establish an appropriate management system, and comply with the labor standards and other various laws and regulations of each country and region. With this as a basis, we implement various measures to prevent overwork, long working hours, and occupational accidents, to reduce the risk of epidemics among employees, and to maintain and improve employee health. The Inabata Group is taking action to create a workplace environment where employees can continue to work with energy, good health, safety, and peace of mind.

Health and Productivity Management Declaration

In July 2022, we established the Health and Productivity Management Declaration.

Health and Productivity Management Declaration

As a company, based on the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei) for people, we hope that our employees are always healthy, both physically and mentally.

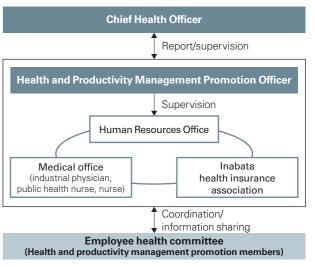
Inabata will promote health and productivity management by creating a system within our company and implementing initiatives to maintain and improve the health of our employees throughout the company.

Katsutaro Inabata
President
Inabata & Co., Ltd.

Health and Productivity Management Promotion System

We will appoint the president as chief health officer and the senior managing executive officer in charge of human resources as health and productivity management promotion officer. The Human Resources Office, medical office, and Inabata health insurance association work together to promote employee health and productivity management. Information is shared as necessary at meetings of the employee health committee, and health and productivity management measures are discussed with employees.

Diagram of Health and Productivity Management Promotion System



Issues in employee health and productivity management

Compared to the average of other companies in the same industry, our company has more employees diagnosed with findings related to blood pressure, liver function, lipids, and blood sugar that can cause lifestyle disease. Therefore, our goal is to reduce employees diagnosed with findings by as much as possible. By doing so, we aim to prevent loss of labor force due to presenteeism and absenteeism*, and to have employees perform to their full ability.

* Presenteeism is a condition in which mental and physical health problems affect performance despite being present at work, and it is not possible to increase performance. Absenteeism is a condition in which work itself cannot be performed due to poor physical or mental health which causes an employee to arrive late, leave early, or to miss work, take leave, or engage in other behavior that makes it difficult to work.

Local Community (Social contribution activities)

Basic concept

The Inabata Group's IK Values includes "to grow with people across borders, sharing and respecting diverse values with the aim of co-prosperity (symbiosis)." Furthermore, as one of our materialities, we have raised "respect for human rights and harmony with local communities based on the spirit of love (ai) and respect (kei)."

As a company that conducts business all over the world, we aim to grow and coexist with local communities through our business activities and social contribution activities, while at the same time building trust with local people.

After returning from studying in France, our founder Katsutaro Inabata devoted himself to cultural exchanges and friendships with foreign countries. The Inabata Group retains the spirit of our founder even today, and we conduct social contribution activities with a focus on international exchange, cultural support, and support of local communities.

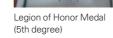
Japan–France exchange

Ever since our founder went to study in France in the latter half of the 19th century to learn about synthetic dyes and other cutting-edge technologies of the time, Inabata has been committed to cultural exchange between Japan and France. In 1926, the then French Ambassador to Japan, Paul Claudel, and Katsutaro Inabata established the Centre Culturel Franco-Japonais in Kyoto to promote cultural exchange between the two countries.

In 1927, the Institut Franco-Japonais du Kansai (KFJI, currently the Institue Français Kansai) was built in Kyoto, with the Center serving as the operating body, thus establishing a base for exchange activities. Afterwards, the Inabata Group devoted itself to Japan-France exchange in the Kansai region. For example, our second president Taro Inabata founded the Société franco-japonaise d'Osaka, and our fourth president Katsuo Inabata established the Société de Rapprochement Intellectuel Franco-Japonais (currently the Villa Kujoyama), which is used as a base of stay for artists visiting Japan from France. The spirit established by successive presidents has been passed down to our current president, Katsutaro Inabata (sixth president), who continues to contribute to

mutual understanding and friendship between the two countries in a wide range of fields through the Société franco-japonaise d'Osaka.

In 2021. President Katsutaro Inabata was awarded the Legion of Honor for his long-standing efforts to promote mutual understanding



and friendship between France and Japan. Legion of Honor medals have also been awarded to successive presidents.

- Katsutaro Inabata (founder)
- 1914 Received rank of Chevalier (5th degree) 1921 Received rank of Officier (4th degree)
- 1927 Received rank of Commandeur (3rd degree)
- 1935 Received rank of Grand Officier (2nd degree)
- Taro Inabata (second president)
- 1936 Received rank of Officier (4th degree)
- 1960 Received rank of Commandeur (3rd degree)
- Katsuo Inabata (fourth president)
 - 1991 Received rank of Officier (4th degree) 1997 Received rank of Commandeur (3rd degree)
- Katsutaro Inabata (sixth president)
 - 2021 Received rank of Chevalier (5th degree)

Japan-Portugal exchange

Our company's exchange with Portugal began in 1920, when our founder was appointed as vice-consul for Portugal in Kyoto. Next, our second president Taro Inabata was appointed as honorary vice-consul in Osaka. Our fourth president, Katsuo Inabata, who served as an honorary consul in Osaka, became the first president of the Portugal-Japan Society of Osaka.

This tradition of private diplomacy, which started with our founder, remains part of our heritage to this day. Our current president



nternational exchange

Katsutaro Inabata is actively promoting friendship and

exchange between Japan and Portugal, and serves as

honorary consul in Osaka and as president of the Portugal-Japan Society of Osaka.

Promotion of French music

Awarding the Inabata Prize at the French Music Competition

At the French Music Competition sponsored by the Société Musicale Franco-Japonaise du Kansai, we award the Inabata Prize every year to the best performer in the vocal or piano category. Since beginning this activity in 1974, we have awarded the prize to a cumulative total of 48 winners as of FY2021.

Supporting the Académie de musique française de Kyoto

Inabata supports the Académie de musique française de Kyoto, which is a Japan-France music exchange program that has operated since 1990. Top-class musicians are invited from France and master classes are held for about

two weeks. The program provides a valuable opportunity for young Japanese musicians to receive high-quality education in French music.

Cultural support

(In FY2020 and FY2021, no musicians were invited to Japan in order to prevent the spread of COVID-19, and the master classes were held online.)



Master class held remotely

Support for independence of persons with disabilities

Contributing to the local community

Official partner of Paralym Art® (Shougaisha Jiritsu Suishin Kikou Association)

We support the independence of persons with disabilities as an official partner (Bronze Partner) of Paralym Art, which aims at "creating a world where persons with disabilities can fulfill their dreams through art." The Association contributes to society by teaming up with artists with disabilities and continues to support people with disabilities through the continuous cooperation of private companies and individuals, without relying on social security expenses. We used a work from Paralym Art, a program which is managed and operated by the Organization, as the design for our shareholder rewards (QUO cards).

👺 Paralym Art





Providing supplies/donations

Contributing to the local community

 Provision of disaster food supplies for a local children's support network project by Osaka city council of social welfare

We provided disaster food supplies for a local children's support network project. The project utilizes cooperation with various sectors of the community to support children's nutrition and learning, and to promote safe and familiar places for children. The donated supplies were sent to organizations working on creating safe places for children and supporting single-parent families.

Donation to the Keidanren Nature Conservation Fund

Inabata donates to the Keidanren Nature Conservation Fund, a public trust that supports various projects such as natural resource management related to biodiversity conservation, protection of rare animals and plants, afforestation and environmental education.

> For performance data on social contribution activities, please refer to the Sustainability Data Collection on p. 100.

Environment

Energy and climate related data

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	35,510	28,198	28,824
CO ₂ emissions (t-CO ₂)*3	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	433	422	359
	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*2	35,077	27,776	28,465
-	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	53,674	44,131	45,926
Energy consumption (1,000 kWh)	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	900	888	886
	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*2	52,774	43,243	45,040
CO ₂ emissions per sales (t-CO ₂ /¥100 million)	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*4	10.71	8.95	8.23

 $^{^{\}rm *1}$ Coverage: Tokyo Head Office, Osaka Head Office, Nagoya Branch

Pollution prevention / Resource circulation

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
NOx (Nitrogen oxide) (t)	0	0	0
SOx (Sulfur oxide) (t)	0	0	0
VOC (Volatile organic compounds) (kg)	0	0	0
Waste (t)*	89	67	76
Hazardous waste (t)*	0	0	0
Waste recycled (t)*	69	48	57
Final disposal of waste (t)*	20	19	19
Waste recycling rate (%)*	78	72	75
Paper consumption (1,000 sheets)	5,304	3,563	2,925
Green purchasing ratio of office supplies, etc. (%)	70	64	76

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (Tokyo Head Office, Osaka Head Office, Nagoya Office)

Water resources

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
	Total	8,425	6,186	5,531
	Ocean	0	0	0
Discharge amount by discharge	Surface water	0	0	0
destination (m³)*	Groundwater	0	0	0
	Sewage	8,425	6,186	5,531
	Others	0	0	0
	Total	8,425	6,186	5,531
	Surface water	0	0	0
	Groundwater	0	0	0
Water withdrawal amount by withdrawal source (m³)*	Water supply	8,425	6,186	5,531
	Rainwater	0	0	0
	Sea water	0	0	0
	Others	0	0	0
Water withdrawals/consumption in water stressed regions (m³)		0	0	0
Number of violations related to wa (violations of permits, standards, re	Number of violations related to water quality / water withdrawals (violations of permits, standards, regulations, etc.)		0	0

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (Tokyo Head Office, Osaka Head Office, Nagoya Office)

Environmental management

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Environmental management system certification (ISO 14001)*	Offices that acquired certification (number of offices)	_	15	15
system certification (ISO 14001)*	Acquisition ratio (%)	_	60	60
Number of environmental law violations	Inabata & Co., Ltd.		0	0
Environmental fines and penalties (yen) Inabata & Co., Ltd.		0	0	0

 $[\]ensuremath{^{\star}}$ Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. and domestic consolidated subsidiaries

^{*2} Seven overseas subsidiaries engaged in the resin compound business, which is a strength of the Inabata Group

^{*3} Scope 2 only. A unit is calculated using the emission factor provided by the Ministry of the Environment and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry for each electric power company.

Units for overseas resin compound manufacturers are calculated using the country-specific emission factors in the IGES List of Grid Emission Factors published by the Institute for Global Environmental Strategies. In accordance with the updated emission factors per unit, the figures reported in FY2021 have been retroactively revised from FY2019 forward.

^{*4} The sales parameter uses the simple net value of sales.

^{*} Includes tenants of the Osaka Head Office.

^{*} Excluding Nagoya Office

Society

Employee status (non-consolidated and consolidated)

Ratio is listed in ()

FY2019 FY20					020	FY2	021
		Total		Total		Total	
		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
	Inabata & Co., Ltd.: Includes seconded employees	64	18	65	56	67	72
	Total	439 (68%)	209 (32%)	442 (67%)	214 (33%)	448 (67%)	224 (33%)
Z	Non-management	251 (55%)	204 (45%)	257 (55%)	209 (45%)	263 (55%)	217 (45%)
mbe	Management	188 (97%)	5 (3%)	185 (97%)	5 (3%)	185 (96%)	7 (4%)
er of er	Inabata & Co., Ltd.: Does not include seconded employees	534		536		552	
<u>np</u>	Total	_	_	_	_	334 (61%)	218 (39%)
oye	Non-management	_	_	_	_	219 (51%)	212 (49%)
es/	Management	_	_	_	_	115 (95%)	6 (5%)
gende	Domestic consolidated subsidiaries	_	_	_		399	
er ra	Total	_	_	_	_	296 (74%)	103 (26%)
tio (Non-management	_	_	_	_	219 (70%)	96 (30%)
pec	Management	_	_	_	_	77 (92%)	7 (8%)
Number of employees / gender ratio (people/%)	Overseas consolidated subsidiaries	_		_		3,312	
	Total	_	_		_	1,801 (54%)	1,511 (46%)
	Non-management	_	_	_	_	1,547 (53%)	1,381 (47%)
	Management	_	_	_	_	254 (66%)	130 (34%)

Note: Data for Inabata & Co., Ltd. and domestic consolidated subsidiaries are as of the end of each fiscal year (March 31). Data for overseas consolidated subsidiaries are as of the end of July 2022. Numbers for domestic and overseas consolidated subsidiaries include employees seconded from Inabata & Co., Ltd.

Employee status (by region)

Ratio is listed in ()

		FY2	021
		То	tal
		Men	Women
	Japan	9!	51
	Total	630 (66%)	321 (34%)
	Non-management	438 (59%)	308 (41%)
_	Management	192 (94%)	13 (6%)
dun	Southeast Asia	2,4	159
Southeast A Total Non-manag Manageme Northeast A Total Non-manag Manageme Total Non-manag Manageme The America Total Non-manag Manageme The America Total Non-manag Manageme Thatal Non-manag Manageme Manageme	Total	1,283 (52%)	1,176 (48%)
	Non-management	1,154 (51%)	1,092 (49%)
em	Management	129 (61%)	84 (39%)
oloy	Northeast Asia	47	75
ees	Total	249 (52%)	226 (48%)
3 / g	Non-management	172 (47%)	196 (53%)
end	Management	77 (72%)	30 (28%)
er ra	The Americas	30	04
atio	Total	226 (74%)	78 (26%)
(pe	Non-management	195 (74%)	68 (26%)
ople	Management	31 (76%)	10 (24%)
9	Europe	7	3
	Total	42 (58%)	31 (42%)
	Non-management	26 (51%)	25 (49%)
	Management	16 (73%)	6 (27%)

Note: As of March 31, 2022 for Japan. As of July 31, 2022 for other regions.

Labor practices / diversity

		FY:	2019	FY2	2020	FY2	2021
Average age	Total	4	0.8	41	1.1	4	1.4
Average age	Men/Women	42.2	38.3	43.1	38.1	43.7	37.1
Average years of	Total	1;	3.7	14	1.8	14	4.9
employment	Men/Women	14.5	12.3	16.1	11.1	16.4	11.8
Average annual salary (thous	and yen)	8,	571	8,5	506	8,0	609
Number of temporary staff (p	people)	4	17	4	6	6	60
Number of non-Japanese sta	aff (people)		5	(3	1	11
Voluntary turnover rate (%)		-	_	3	3.2		.5
	Under 30 years old (total)	1	40	13	33	1	39
	(men/women)	77	63	66	67	64	75
	30-39 years old (total)	1	47	15	58	1	56
	(men/women)	98	49	106	52	105	51
Number of employees by	40-49 years old (total)	1	82	16	66	1	63
age (people)	(men/women)	120	62	107	59	106	57
	50-59 years old (total)	1	49	16	35	1	68
	(men/women)	123	26	137	28	140	28
	over 60 years old (total)	3	30	3	4	4	16
	(men/women)	21	9	26	8	33	13
Total annual working hours p	er employee (hours/year)	1,	828	1,9	907	1,9	917
Monthly average overtime w	orking hours (hours/month)	-	_	14	1.2	1	1.4
Augraga annual naid lagua	Days taken (days)	1	1.5	9	.2	10	0.4
Average annual paid leave	Utilization rate (%)	6	1.6	48	3.7	50	6.1
	New graduates (total) (people)	2	27	2	0	2	24
	(men/women) (people)	11	16	10	10	13	11
	Retention rate (3 years) for new graduates (%)	-	_	8	9	8	38
Number of hires	Mid-career (total) (people)		12	1	5	2	20
	(men/women) (people)	11	1	12	3	13	7
	Ratio of regular employees hired mid-career*1 (%)	3	31	4	3	4	15
Employment of person with	Number of employees (people)		11	1	4	1	14
disabilities*2	Employment rate (%)	1.	.65	2.	05	2.	08
	Number of employees taking childcare leave (total) (people)		10	8	3	2	23
a	(men/women) (people)	3	7	1	7	17	6
Childcare leave	Utilization rate (total) (%)	3	8.5	25	5.8	40	6.9
	(men/women) (%)	15.8	100	4.2	100	34.6	100
	Rate of employees returning to work (%)	1	00	10	00	1	00
Number of employees taking	a puraina aara laava (paapla)		1)		0

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (including employees seconded to Group companies)

Note: As of the end of each fiscal year (March 31). The numbers on the left are for men and the numbers on the right are for women.

Human resource development

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Total time for employee skills development training (hours)	370	473	394
Total number of employees participating in training for skills development (people)	721	906	1,070
Average training hours per employee per year (hours)	0.6	0.7	0.6
Average training expenditure per employee per year (yen)	46,570	39,504	34,099

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (including employees seconded to Group companies)

^{*1} Ratio of mid-career hires to regular employees hired in each fiscal year.

^{*2} The figures for each fiscal year are as of June 1 of the following fiscal year.

Society

Employee engagement

Employee engager	nent survey		April 2021	May 2022
Number of	Total		1,400	1,697
employees	Inabata & Co., Ltd.		587	708
surveyed (people)	Main overseas trading	offices	813	989
Pooponoo etetuo	Number of respondent	s (people)	681	1,239
Response status	Response rate (%)		49	73
	Engagement	I am satisfied with the work I am doing at Inabata now	70	73
	Relationship with superiors	I have the necessary collaboration with my supervisor at work	75	80
	Organizational culture	When a problem occurs in the course of my duties, my supervisor and the people around me provide appropriate support	83	85
Main items* (%)	Corporate philosophy	I can relate to Inabata's philosophy, vision, and management policies, and I want to participate in achieving them	70	73
	Human resources system and benefits	Inabata's salary standards are satisfactory, compared to other companies in the same industry	59	55
	Human resources system and training	Inabata supports employee training to improve their skills	41	48
	WLB (work-life balance)	Overtime is kept to a level that is acceptable for me	64	69

^{*} From among a five-point evaluation by employees (5. Strongly agree / 4. Agree / 3. Neither agree nor disagree / 2. Disagree / 1. Strongly disagree), the ratio of positive responses (5. and 4.)

Occupational health and safety

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
	Stress check	498	501	568
Number of	Safe driving training (e-learning)	129	88	51
employees who received health and	Earthquake/safety confirmation training*2	May 599 November 574	Approx. 600	May 603 December 609
safety training*1 (people)	Firefighting training (on-site training)*3	Tokyo 76 Osaka 59 Nagoya 7	Tokyo 52 Osaka 20	77 self-defence fire brigade members in Tokyo, Osaka, and Nagoya
Number of	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	0	0	0
work-related	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	0	0	0
employee fatalities	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*4	0	0	0
Number of	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	0	0	0
work-related	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	0	0	0
contractor fatalities	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*4	0	0	0
1	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	2.74	3.82	4.11
Lost-time injury frequency rate*5	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	0	0	0
rrequericy rate	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*4	4.06	6.34	6.62
	Inabata & Co., Ltd. and overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases	0.01	0.01	0.03
Lost-time injury severity rate*6	Inabata & Co., Ltd.*1	0	0	0
oovoney rato	Overseas resin compound manufacturing business bases*4	0.02	0.02	0.05

^{*1} Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd. (including employees seconded to Group companies)

Social contribution activities

		FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Number of employees taking leave for volunteering*1		_	_	_
Donations, activity expenses, etc., that contribute to society*2	Total amount (million yen)	111	8	8
	Support for the activities of the Sociedade Luso-Nipónica de Osaka* ³ (10,000 yen)	80	80	0
	Académie de musique française de Kyoto Number of participants*4 (people)	107	Canceled	67
Results of main social	Number of winners of Inabata Award	1	1	1
contribution activities	at the French Music Competition (since 1974)*5 (people)	Cumulative 46	Cumulative 47	Cumulative 48
	Acceptance of international students from the University of Lyon	1	Canceled	Canceled
	(since 1994)*6 (people)	Cumulative 26	Cariceleu	Canceled
	Support for the Shougaisha Jiritsu Suishin Kikou Association* ⁷	Bronze Partner	Bronze Partner	Bronze Partner

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd.

^{*2} Due to factors such as using the earthquake/safety confirmation system to respond to COVID-19, we only ascertained the approximate number in FY2020.

^{*3} In FY2020, as a result of postponing on-site training due to the spread of COVID-19, there was voluntary training which consisted of viewing videos. In FY2021, due to concerns about the spread of COVID-19, we postponed on-site training, and conducted first-aid training using videos for all self-defence fire brigade members at our offices in Tokyo, Osaka, and Nagoya.

^{*4} All seven overseas subsidiaries that operate the plastics compound business, one of the strengths of the Inabata Group. The total number of employees of the seven companies was 1,232 as of the end of March 2022.

^{*5 (}Number of casualties due to occupational accidents requiring at least one day off work) / (Total actual working hours) × 1,000,000. The industry average (wholesalers and retailers with 100 or more employees) was 2.31 in FY2021. (From the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's 2021 Survey on Industrial Accidents) Comparison with Inabata & Co., Ltd.

^{*6 (}Total working days lost) / (Total actual working hours) × 1,000. The industry average (wholesalers and retailers with 100 or more employees) was 0.05 in FY2021. (From the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare's 2021 Survey on Industrial Accidents) Comparison with Inabata & Co., Ltd.

^{*1} Activities approved for this system after the occurrence of a severe disaster. Four people used this system as volunteers for recovery after the 2016 Kumamoto earthquake.

^{*2} Main donations include cultural support for the Japan Philharmonic Orchestra, the Osaka Symphony Orchestra, the Osaka Philharmonic Orchestra, etc., and community support for the Keidanren Nature Conservation Fund, etc.

^{*3} There were no expenditures in FY2021 as a result of regular meetings being canceled due to COVID-19.

^{*4} A Japan-France music exchange program sponsored by Inabata. Top-class musicians are invited from France and master classes are held for about two weeks. The program provides a valuable opportunity for young Japanese musicians to receive high-quality education in French music. Canceled in FY2020 due to COVID-19. Held online in FY2021.

^{*5} At the French Music Competition sponsored by the Société Musicale Franco-Japonaise du Kansai, the Inabata Award (named after Inabata Co. & Ltd.) is awarded every year to the best performer in the vocal or piano category.

^{*6} Friendship activities with Lyon, France, where our founder studied abroad. Activities in FY2020 and FY2021 were canceled due to COVID-19.

^{*7} In addition to providing support as a partner, we used a work from Paralym Art, a program which is managed and operated by the association, as the design for our shareholder incentive (QUO cards).

Governance

Corporate governance

Composition of directors and officers			As of July 1, 2020	As of July 1, 2021	As of July 1, 2022
	Total		10	9	7
Number of directors (excluding audit	Internal	Men	7	6	5
and supervisory committee member) (people)	Internal	Women	0	0	0
[Number of directors in 2020 and 2021]	Independent	Men	3	2	1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	outside	Women	0	1	1
Number of directors (audit and	Total		5	5	4
supervisory committee member)	Internal	Men	2	2	0
(people)		Women	0	0	0
[Number of audit & supervisory board	Independent	Men	3	3	4
members in 2020 and 2021]	outside	Women	0	0	0
	Total		6	6	7
Executive officers (people)	Men		6	6	7
	Women		0	0	0
	Total		_	_	1
Audit and supervisory officer (people)	Men		_	_	1
	Women		_	_	0

Note: From June 22, 2022, we made the transition from a company with an audit & supervisory board to a company with an audit and supervisory committee.

Attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board, and Nominating and Remuneration Committee (From April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022) Attendance rate is listed in ()

Position	Name	Independent outside	Number of Board of Directors meetings attended	Number of Audit & Supervisory Board meetings attended	Number of Nominating and Remuneration Committee meetings attended
	Katsutaro Inabata		16 of 16 meetings (100%)	_	8 of 8 meetings (100%)
	Toyohiro Akao		16 of 16 meetings (100%)		_
	Kenichi Yokota		16 of 16 meetings (100%)	_	_
	Tomohiko Sato (retired in June 2021)		3 of 3 meetings (100%)	_	_
D:	Masahiro Sugiyama		16 of 16 meetings (100%)	_	_
Directors	Noriomi Yasue		14 of 16 meetings (87.5%)	_	_
ors	Kenji Ohno (appointed in June 2021)		13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_	_
	Toshiyuki Kanisawa (retired in June 2021)	0	3 of 3 meetings (100%)	_	1 of 1 meeting (100%)
	Kiyoshi Sato	0	16 of 16 meetings (100%)	_	12 of 12 meetings (100%)
	Kenji Hamashima	0	16 of 16 meetings (100%)	_	12 of 12 meetings (100%)
	Takako Hagiwara (appointed in June 2021)	0	13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_	11 of 11 meetings (100%)
Audit ≪ board	Takashi Mochizuki (resigned due to death in January 2022)		9 of 12 meetings (75.0%)	7 of 10 meetings (70.0%)	_
	Nobukazu Kuboi		16 of 16 meetings (100%)	13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_
nem	YoshitakaTakahashi	0	16 of 16 meetings (100%)	13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_
supervisory members	Katsuya Yanagihara	0	16 of 16 meetings (100%)	13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_
) V	SatoshiTamai	0	16 of 16 meetings (100%)	13 of 13 meetings (100%)	_

Note: Interviews with each candidate by the Nominating and Remuneration Committee (four times) were conducted only by independent outside directors.

Compliance

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Number of whistleblower reports/consultations* (cases)	1	2	10
Number of serious compliance violations (including labor standards) (cases)	0	0	0
Political contributions (yen)	0	0	0
Number of dismissals and disciplinary actions due to non-compliance with anti-corruption policy (cases)	0	0	0
Total amount of significant fines or penalties for corruption (cases)	0	0	0

Coverage: Inabata & Co., Ltd.

Participation in Initiatives

United Nations Global Compact (UNGC)	The UNGC is the world's largest sustainability initiative in which the United Nations and the private sector (companies and organizations) work together to build a healthy global society. Through responsible and creative leadership by each company and organization, participants act as good members of society and achieve sustainable growth. Based on commitment by top corporate executives to the 10 Principles related to the protection of human rights, the elimination of unfair labor practices, the environment, and the prevention of corruption, companies and organizations that have signed the UNGC are expected to continue efforts for realizing those principles.
Alliance to End Plastic Waste (AEPW)	An international alliance which conducts activities aimed at reducing the outflow of plastics waste into the environment and promoting a circular economy.
Japan Clean Ocean Material Alliance (CLOMA)	A domestic (Japan) alliance working to solve the problem of marine plastic litter. CLOMA promotes collaboration between different industries involved in the plastic value chain. It also promotes the sustainable use of plastic products, and the development and introduction of alternative materials.
Japan Foreign Trade Council (Global Environment Committee, Sustainability Promotion Committee, etc.)	We are a regular member company of the Japan Foreign Trade Council, a trade industry organization. As a member of the Global Environment Committee and the Sustainability Promotion Committee, we conduct activities to promote sustainability, such as responding to climate change in the industry.
The Corporate Federation For Dowa And Human Rights Issue, Osaka	A voluntary organization aiming to create companies which respect human rights in order to eliminate various forms of discrimination, including the Dowa problem in Japan. In addition to participating as a member of the Executive Committee, we also participate in project teams and committees.

^{*} Includes the number of consultations to the "counseling desk" that was newly established from FY2021.

Financial Information

Summary of 11 Years

(Unit: Millions of yen)

		FY2011	FY2012	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015	FY2016	FY2017	FY2018	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021
Business	Net sales	464,429	479,942	561,173	572,114	577,037	586,630	621,137	634,740	600,312	577,583	680,962
Performance	Gross profit	31,759	33,002	38,511	39,040	41,064	42,740	44,854	47,257	46,259	46,040	57,370
	Selling, general and administrative expenses	24,127	25,237	27,574	28,266	29,692	30,123	38,891	33,226	33,029	31,066	37,317
	Operating profit	7,632	7,765	10,936	10,774	11,371	12,616	5,962	14,031	13,229	14,973	20,052
	Ordinary profit	8,834	9,603	12,454	13,217	12,257	13,672	6,374	14,309	14,211	16,514	21,648
	Profit attributable to owners of parent	6,297	6,630	8,669	8,630	9,510	9,687	6,744	12,896	11,415	13,792	22,351
	Exchange rate USD/yen	77.74	79.81	100.17	109.76	120.15	108.34	110.85	110.92	108.70	106.10	112.39
Financial	Total assets	251,045	276,938	305,037	326,862	305,436	340,147	352,741	366,514	322,848	353,228	389,059
Position	Interest-bearing debt	74,070	68,071	76,582	78,814	68,377	71,075	71,993	57,277	52,848	41,206	64,538
	Equity capital	76,973	97,886	115,010	127,671	126,038	146,258	141,403	162,973	145,924	173,804	174,918
Cash Flow	Cash flows from operating activities	(15,534)	19,400	(764)	8,354	11,866	1,840	5,960	12,510	10,690	17,613	(11,448)
	Cash flows from investing activities	(1,629)	277	(5,467)	(3,044)	(161)	4,504	5,086	743	(525)	(423)	5,446
	Cash flows from financing activities	12,400	(12,880)	3,638	(8,193)	(11,129)	(481)	(4,901)	(19,546)	(7,273)	(17,582)	5,999
	Cash and cash equivalents	10,756	18,985	18,402	17,394	17,088	22,935	29,235	23,011	25,480	25,983	28,251
Reference	(Amount of capital investment)	1,824	1,781	3,435	2,666	3,067	2,431	2,500	3,441	3,707	3,175	2,799
	(Depreciation)	2,849	3,047	2,179	2,150	2,270	2,066	2,335	2,413	2,976	2,874	3,160
Sales	Information & Electronics	185,566	192,402	210,703	209,369	211,659	221,023	214,963	217,904	218,690	224,534	247,713
by Segment	Chemicals	42,052	42,799	52,398	52,845	48,198	48,047	51,580	77,522	74,181	66,626	78,644
	Life Industry	38,020	35,877	37,653	34,660	41,022	40,434	42,392	39,046	36,919	37,361	38,203
	Plastics	175,875	186,098	232,877	250,427	251,163	251,885	286,900	300,094	270,345	248,888	316,226
	(Housing & Eco Materials)	22,370	22,266	26,511	24,257	24,817	25,064	25,137	_	_	_	-
	Others	543	497	1,028	553	176	175	162	172	175	172	174
	Total	464,429	479,942	561,173	572,114	577,037	586,630	621,137	634,740	600,312	577,583	680,962
Operating	Information & Electronics	2,733	3,248	4,863	4,489	3,833	3,992	(2,045)	4,819	4,482	6,327	6,422
Profit by Segment	Chemicals	391	339	862	1,072	1,011	1,003	259	1,424	1,208	1,320	2,207
by Segment	Life Industry	1,531	1,492	1,745	1,037	1,524	1,820	1,920	1,310	1,166	1,563	2,618
	Plastics	2,593	2,297	2,828	3,730	4,434	5,396	5,541	6,341	6,235	5,631	8,677
	(Housing & Eco Materials)	128	159	343	285	421	260	157	-	_	_	-
	Others	253	227	292	158	146	142	129	136	135	130	127
	Total	7,632	7,765	10,936	10,774	11,371	12,616	5,962	14,031	13,229	14,973	20,052
	Overseas sales ratio (%)	40	44	51	51	53	53	53	54	53	53	59
	Overseas operating profit ratio (%)	49	51	56	46	45	46	_	54	54	54	60
	Number of employees on a consolidated basis (people)	3,721	3,661	3,577	3,454	3,509	3,827	4,098	4,184	4,282	4,203	4,207
Management	Operating profit ratio (%)	1.6	1.6	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.2	1.0	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.9
Indicators	Net D/E ratio (times)	0.82	0.50	0.46	0.43	0.37	0.30	0.28	0.19	0.16	0.06	0.17
	Equity ratio (%)	30.7	35.3	37.7	39.1	41.3	43.0	40.1	44.5	45.2	49.2	45.0
	ROE (%)	8.5	7.6	8.1	7.1	7.5	7.1	4.7	8.5	7.4	8.6	12.8
	ROA (%)	2.6	2.5	3.0	2.7	3.0	3.0	1.9	3.6	3.3	4.1	6.0
	Share price at the end of the fiscal year (yen)	574	699	1,052	1,198	1,116	1,357	1,616	1,505	1,180	1,658	2,063
	Total market value (including treasury shares) (billion yen)	37.4	45.5	68.5	76.0	70.8	86.1	102.6	95.5	74.9	105.2	125.4
	PER (times)	5.9	6.7	7.7	8.7	7.3	8.7	14.7	7.1	6.2	7.2	5.5
	PBR (times)	0.48	0.45	0.58	0.59	0.55	0.57	0.70	0.56	0.49	0.57	0.67
	Number of shares issued and outstanding at the end of the fiscal year (including treasury shares) (shares)	65,159,227	65,159,227	65,159,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	63,499,227	60,799,227
	Number of treasury shares at the end of the period (shares)	1,090,674	1,887,522	1,886,225	801,996	1,402,268	2,002,305	2,402,417	3,002,502	3,302,640	3,302,651	3,682,139
Information	EPS (yen)	97.45	104.29	137.01	137.20	151.91	156.25	109.92	211.36	188.82	229.13	374.23
per Share	BPS (yen)	1,201.43	1,547.09	1,817.68	2,036.31	2,029.70	2,378.31	2,314.42	2,693.92	2,424.13	2,887.29	3,062.46
	Annual dividend (yen)	21	23	30	33	36	40	40	48	53	63	110
	Dividend payout ratio (%)	21.5	22.1	21.9	24.1	23.7	25.6	36.4	22.7	28.1	27.5	29.4
	Total return ratio (%)	_	_	_	31.1	31.1	34.8	46.5	30.0	31.9	27.6	62.2

Notes: 1. In FY2012, the Life Industry Segment was established by integrating the life science related elements of the Chemicals Segment and the

Food Segment. The performance figures for FY2011 are based on the revised categories.

- 7. Net D/E ratio = (interest-bearing debt cash and deposits) ÷ equity capital
- 8. ROE (%) = Net profit \div Average equity capital at the beginning and end of FY \times 100
- 9. ROA (%) = Net profit \div Average total assets at the beginning and end of FY \times 100
- 10. Total market value (including treasury shares) = share price at the end of the FY × number of shares issued and outstanding at the end of the fiscal year (including treasury shares)
- 11. PER is calculated by dividing share price at the end of the FY (TSE closing price) by net profit per share.
- 12. PBR is calculated by dividing share price at the end of the FY (TSE closing price) by net assets per share.
- 13. Cancellation of treasury stock: 1,660,000 shares in FY2014, 2,700,000 shares in FY2021
- We retired 3,085,100 shares on April 5, 2022, bringing the total number of issued shares to 57,714,127 as of June 30, 2022.

^{2.} From FY2016, the business of designing, manufacturing, installation, and sales of cranes, which was part of the Others Segment, has been included in the Information & Electronics Segment. The performance figures for FY2015 are based on the revised categories.

^{3.} In FY2019, the Housing & Eco Materials Segment was integrated into the Chemicals Segment. The performance figures for FY2018 are based on the revised categories.

^{4.} From FY2013, the conversion rate for income and expenditure by overseas subsidiaries and such was changed from the rate on the last day of the FY to average rate during the period. This has been applied retroactively to the figures for FY2012.

^{5.} From FY2018, Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting was applied. This has been applied retroactively to the

^{6.} From FY2021, we have applied the Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29). Due to the application of this accounting standard, net sales decreased by 25,279 million yen.

^{14.} The number of treasury shares at the end of the FY includes shares owned by Board Benefit Trust (BBT) introduced in FY2018 and equity-method affiliates in addition to shares

^{15.} Total return ratio has become the shareholder return index from FY2014. Total return ratio = (dividends + treasury shares acquired) ÷ consolidated net profit × 100

Financial Information

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Previous consolidated fiscal year (March 31, 2021)	Current consolidated fiscal year (March 31, 2022)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	31,462	35,403
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	162,736	_
Notes receivable - trade	_	22,548
Accounts receivable - trade	_	162,149
Merchandise and finished goods	49,210	72,145
Work in process	597	860
Raw materials and supplies	4,322	6,059
Others	9,266	12,728
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(613)	(389)
Total current assets	256,983	311,505
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	16,039	17,184
Accumulated depreciation	(10,636)	(11,765)
Buildings and structures, net	5,403	5,419
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	16,871	18,648
Accumulated depreciation	(13,158)	(14,551)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net	3,712	4,097
Land	2,911	3,043
Construction in progress	294	205
Other	5,224	6,382
Accumulated depreciation	(3,151)	(3,834)
Other, net	2,073	2,547
Total property, plant and equipment	14,395	15,312
Intangible assets	2,918	2,647
Investments and other assets		
Investment securities	71,592	48,303
Long-term loans receivable	1,212	1,448
Retirement benefit assets	3,472	6,390
Deferred tax assets	990	1,105
Other	6,209	7,380
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,545)	(5,035)
Total investments and other assets	78,930	59,593
Total non-current assets	96,244	77,553
Total assets	353,228	389,059

(Unit: Millions of yen)

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
Pre	evious consolidated fiscal year (March 31, 2021)	Current consolidated fiscal year (March 31, 2022)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable - trade	104,113	115,959
Short-term borrowings	33,731	58,657
Income taxes payable	3,155	4,093
Accrued expenses	1,080	1,367
Provision for bonuses	1,279	1,608
Other	7,229	11,498
Total current liabilities	150,591	193,185
Non-current liabilities		
Long-term loans borrowings	7,475	5,880
Deferred tax liabilities	14,842	8,761
Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other	officers) 29	33
Provision for share-based remuneration for directors (and	other officers) 131	159
Provision for loss on guarantees	18	18
Retirement benefit liability	2,144	1,624
Other	2,190	2,481
Total non-current liabilities	26,833	18,959
Total liabilities	177,424	212,144
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital	9,364	9,364
Capital surplus	7,184	7,044
Retained earnings	116,794	130,540
Treasury shares	(4,155)	(7,398)
Total shareholders' equity	129,188	139,550
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	39,316	22,667
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	187	398
Foreign currency translation adjustment	4,536	11,793
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	576	508
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	44,616	35,367
Non-controlling interests	1,999	1,996
Total net assets	175,803	176,914
Total liabilities and net assets	353,228	389,059

Consolidated Statements of Income

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		(Offic. Millions of yet)
	Previous consolidated fiscal year (April 1, 2020–March 31, 2021)	Current consolidated fiscal year (April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022)
Net sales	577,583	680,962
Cost of sales	531,543	623,591
Gross profit	46,040	57,370
Selling, general and administrative expenses	31,066	37,317
Operating profit	14,973	20,052
Non-operating income		
Interest income	206	244
Dividend income	1,334	1,429
Gain on foreign exchange	_	53
Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity meth	od 270	370
Miscellaneous income	967	780
Total non-operating income	2,779	2,877
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	698	674
Foreign exchange losses	151	_
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	7	151
Commission for purchase of treasury shares	_	129
Miscellaneous losses	380	326
Total non-operating expenses	1,238	1,281
Ordinary profit	16,514	21,648
Extraordinary income		
Gain on sales of investment securities	2,984	8,975
Total extraordinary income	2,984	8,975
Extraordinary losses		
Impairment losses	_	168
Total extraordinary losses	-	168
Profit before income taxes	19,499	30,455
Income taxes - current	5,337	7,294
Income taxes - deferred	(43)	685
Total income taxes	5,294	7,980
Profit	14,204	22,475
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	411	124
Profit attributable to owners of parent	13,792	22,351

Consolodated Statements of Comprehensive Income

		(Unit: Millions of yen)
	Previous consolidated fiscal year	Current consolidated fiscal year
	(April 1, 2020-March 31, 2021)	(April 1, 2021-March 31, 2022)
Profit	14,204	22,475
Other comprehensive income		
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	12,968	(16,560)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	55	206
Foreign currency translation adjustment	3,155	7,276
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax	1,593	(68)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for	using equity method 164	(127)
Total other comprehensive income	17,935	(9,273)
Comprehensive income	32,140	13,202
(break down)		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	31,644	13,102
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling inter	rests 496	99

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

Previous consolidated fiscal year (April 1, 2020–March 31, 2021)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity					
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	
Balance at beginning of period	9,364	7,752	106,197	(4,155)	119,159	
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies	_	_	_	_	_	
Restated balance	9,364	7,752	106,197	(4,155)	119,159	
Changes during period						
Dividends of surplus			(3,195)		(3,195)	
Profit attributable to owners of parent			13,792		13,792	
Purchase of treasury shares				(0)	(0)	
Cancellation of treasury shares					_	
Treasury stock transfer of stock ownership trus	t				_	
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiaries		(567)			(567)	
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity						
Total changes during period	_	(567)	10,596	(0)	10,029	
Balance at end of period	9,364	7,184	116,794	(4,155)	129,188	

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						
a control of the cont	Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	26,196	148	1,436	(1,016)	26,764	1,802	147,726
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policie	es –	_	_	_	_	_	_
Restated balance	26,196	148	1,436	(1,016)	26,764	1,802	147,726
Changes during period							
Dividends of surplus							(3,195)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							13,792
Purchase of treasury shares							(0)
Cancellation of treasury shares							_
Treasury stock transfer of stock ownership tr	ust						_
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiarie	s						(567)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equit	y 13,119	38	3,100	1,593	17,851	196	18,048
Total changes during period	13,119	38	3,100	1,593	17,851	196	28,077
Balance at end of period	39,316	187	4,536	576	44,616	1,999	175,803

Current consolidated fiscal year (April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022)

(Unit: Millions of yen)

_	Shareholders' equity						
	Share capital	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance at beginning of period	9,364	7,184	116,794	(4,155)	129,188		
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies	_	_	_	_	_		
Restated balance	9,364	7,184	116,794	(4,155)	129,188		
Changes during period							
Dividends of surplus			(4,401)		(4,401)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			22,351		22,351		
Purchase of treasury shares				(7,500)	(7,500)		
Cancellation of treasury shares		(43)	(4,203)	4,247	_		
Treasury stock transfer of stock ownership trus	st			9	9		
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiaries		(96)			(96)		
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity							
Total changes during period	_	(140)	13,745	(3,243)	10,362		
Balance at end of period	9,364	7,044	130,540	(7,398)	139,550		

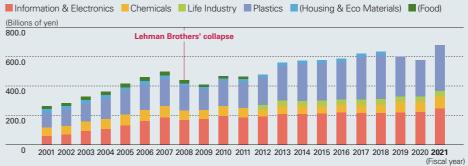
	Δεειιι	mulated o	ther compre	hensive inco	nme		
a	Valuation difference on vailable-for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of period	39,316	187	4,536	576	44,616	1,999	175,803
Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policie	s –	_	· —	_	_	_	_
Restated balance	39,316	187	4,536	576	44,616	1,999	175,803
Changes during period							
Dividends of surplus							(4,401)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							22,351
Purchase of treasury shares							(7,500)
Cancellation of treasury shares							_
Treasury stock transfer of stock ownership tru	ıst						9
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiaries	S						(96)
Net changes in items other than shareholders' equity	(16,649)	211	7,257	(68)	(9,248)	(3)	(9,251)
Total changes during period	(16,649)	211	7,257	(68)	(9,248)	(3)	1,110
Balance at end of period	22,667	398	11,793	508	35,367	1,996	176,914

Financial Information

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		(Unit: Millions of yen
Previous consolidated f (April 1, 2020–March 3		Current consolidated fiscal year (April 1, 2021–March 31, 2022)
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	19,499	30,455
Depreciation	2,874	3,160
Impairment losses	_	168
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	(3,646)	22
Interest and dividend income	(1,541)	(1,673)
Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability	360	(601)
Decrease (increase) in retirement benefit asset	196	(3,035)
Interest expense	698	674
Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method	(270)	(370)
Increase (decrease) in provision for loss on business liquidation	(246)	_
Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities	(2,984)	(8,975)
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables	(5,924)	(11,227)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	3,127	(20,037)
Decrease (increase) in other current assets	(884)	(3,188)
Decrease (increase) in other non-current assets	4,071	(60)
Increase (decrease) in trade payable	4,261	4,363
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	491	3,864
Other, net	393	407
Subtotal	20,476	(6,053)
Interest and dividends, received	1,733	1,793
Interest paid	(705)	(666)
Income taxes paid	(3,891)	(6,521)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	17,613	(11,448)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Payments into time deposits	(5,162)	(6,780)
Proceeds from withdrawal of time deposits	3,992	5,742
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(1,864)	(1,669)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment	149	15
Purchase of intangible assets	(648)	(317)
Purchase of investment securities	(95)	(197)
Proceeds from sales of investment securities	3,128	9,645
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries	_	(554)
Decrease (increase) in short-term loans receivable	101	(35)
Long-term loan advances	(219)	(151)
Collection of long-term loans receivable	91	347
Other	104	(597)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(423)	5,446
Cash flows from financing activities	(0.070)	04 400
Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings	(9,276)	21,488
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	729	438
Repayments of long-term borrowings	(4,357)	(3,041)
Purchase of treasury shares	(0)	(7,629)
Dividends paid	(3,205)	(4,415)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(312)	(107)
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries that do not result in change in scope of consolidation	(557)	(96)
Other, net	(602)	(636)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(17,582)	5,999
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	894	2,270
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	502	2,268
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	25,480 25,983	25,983 28,251
Cash and cash equivalents at end of peniod	25,303	20,251

Sales by Business Segment



Note: We have applied Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29), etc., from FY2021.

Operating Profit by Business Segment



The Chemicals Segment has a long history and is performing steadily based on its strong foundation of business partners. The Plastics Segment has expanded its business since the rapid economic growth in the 1950s, ranging from home appliances, OA to automobiles. The Information & Electronics Segment grew significantly along with the rapid growth of the LCD market from 2000 onward. The Life Industry Segment has started activities in the fields of agriculture and advanced medicine in recent years and can be expected to grow in the future.

Notes: 1. In FY2012, the life science business of the former chemicals business and the former food business were integrated to form the life industry business. 2. In FY2019, housing & eco materials business was integrated with the chemicals business.

Sales by Domestic or Overseas Market



0 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 **2021** Note: We have applied Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition (ASBJ Statement No. 29), etc., from FY2021.

Operating Profit by Domestic or Overseas Market



Inabata established its first post-war overseas subsidiary in 1976 and has been rapidly intensifying its global business in alignment with production transfer by Japanese companies to locations outside Japan. Over the 40 years since, its overseas business has expanded, and the percentage of overseas sales has grown from 25% in FY2001 to 59% in FY2021

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Consolidated Subsidiaries

● Trading company ▲ Manufacturing and processing base

Corp	oorate Name	Countries an	d Regions	Business
Japa	an			
	I & P Co., Ltd.	Japan	Osaki, Miyagi	Molding and processing of synthetic resins
A	lkkoen Co., Ltd.	Japan	Sakai, Osaka	Processing and sale of marine products
•	Inabata Fine Tech Co., Ltd.	Japan	Osaka	Sale of chemicals
<u> </u>	N · I · C Co., Ltd.	Japan	Tokyo	Processing and sale of plastic film products
• (Ordiy Co., Ltd.	Japan	Osaka	Processing of plastic film products and packaging materials, design and marketing of supplementary equipment and systems
A	Kansai Kobunshi Co., Ltd.	Japan	Yamato-Koriyama, Nara	Manufacturing of plastic films
A 7	Taiyo Plastics Co., Ltd.	Japan	Hasuda, Saitama	Manufacturing of plastic films
Sout	theast Asia / India			
•	Inabata India Private Ltd.	India	Gurugram (suburb of Delhi)	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, electronic materials and chemicals
F	PT. IK Precision Indonesia	Indonesia	Bekasi (suburb of Jakarta)	Molding and processing of synthetic resins
F	PT. Inabata Creation Indonesia	Indonesia	Bekasi (suburb of Jakarta)	Processing of grip tapes for tennis rackets
• F	PT. Inabata Indonesia	Indonesia	Jakarta	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins and chemicals
A F	PT. S-IK Indonesia	Indonesia	Bekasi (suburb of Jakarta)	Compounding of resins
• 1	Inabata Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Kuala Lumpur	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins
A 9	SIK Color (M) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	Johor	Compounding of resins
A	IK Plastic Compound Phils. Inc.	Philippines	Binan (suburb of Manila)	Compounding of resins
• 1	Inabata Philippines, Inc.	Philippines	Binan (suburb of Manila)	Sale of synthetic resins
• 1	Inabata Singapore (Pte.) Ltd.	Singapore	Singapore	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, chemicals and electronic materials
A A	Apple Film Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Samut Prakan (suburb of Bangkok)	Manufacturing of plastic films
_ ▲ H	Hi-Tech Rubber Products Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Ayutthaya	Molding and processing of rubber products
• 1	IKT Consulting Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Bangkok	Sale of machinery and provision of various services
• 1	Inabata Thai Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Bangkok	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, chemicals, food, and machinery
A S	SIK (Thailand) Ltd.	Thailand	Samut Prakan (suburb of Bangkok)	Compounding of resins
A A	Apple Film Da Nang Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Da Nang	Manufacturing of plastic films
•	Inabata Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Hanoi	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, electronic materials and chemicals
A S	SIK Vietnam Co., Ltd.	Vietnam	Haiphong	Compounding of resins
Nort	theast Asia			
• (Guangzhou Inabata Trading Co., Ltd.	China	Guangzhou	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, machinery, electronic materials and chemicals
	Inabata Industry & Trade (Dalian F.T.Z.) Co., Ltd.	China	Dalian	Compounding of resins; Import/export and sale of synthetic resins and chemicals
•	Inabata Sangyo (H.K.) Ltd.	China	Hong Kong	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins, machinery, electronic materials and chemicals
A §	Shanghai Inabata Fine Chemical Co.,Ltd.	China	Shanghai	Processing of coating materials
• 5	Shanghai Inabata Trading Co., Ltd.	China	Shanghai	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins and chemicals

Corporate Name	Countries and Regions		Business	
Inabata Korea & Co., Ltd.	Korea	Seoul	Import & export and sale of electronic materials	
Taiwan Inabata Sangyo Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Hsinchu	Import & export and sale of electronic materials, semiconductor-related equipment and chemicals	
The Americas				
IK Plastic Compound Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Silao	Compounding of resins	
Inabata Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	Queretaro	Sale of synthetic resins	
NH Inabata, S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Queretaro	Design and production, installation, and distribution of overhead traveling cranes	
DNI Group, LLC	U.S.	Novato (California)	Import & export and sale of food	
Inabata America Corp.	U.S.	New York	Import & export and sale of chemicals, electronic materials, and synthetic resins	
Europe				
Inabata France S.A.S.	France	Wissous (suburb of Paris)	Import & export and sale of chemicals	
Pharmasynthese S.A.S.	France	Normandy	Manufacturing of pharmaceuticals, materials for cosmetics, and fine chemicals	
Inabata Europe GmbH	Germany	Dusseldorf	Import & export and sale of electronic materials, chemicals, and synthetic resin	
Inabata UK Ltd.	U.K.	Shrewsbury (suburb of Birmingham)	Property management, warehousing	

Equity-Method Affiliates

Corporate Name	Countries an	d Regions	Business	
▲ Ulvac Coating Corp.	Japan	Chichibu, Saitama	Manufacturing of electronics and optical industrial materials	
▲ NI Packs Co., Ltd.	Japan	Inashiki, Ibaraki	Printing and molding of plastic packages	
Clean Assist Co., Ltd.	Japan	Tokyo	Sale of plastic films and plastic sundries	
Maruishi Chemical Trading Co., Ltd.	Japan	Osaka	Sale of chemicals	

Other Affiliates

Countries and Regions		Business			
Japan					
Japan	Shakotan, Hokkaido	Production and sale of agricultural products			
Japan	Yoichi, Hokkaido	Production and sale of agricultural products			
Japan	Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Research and development of encapsulants for optical semiconductor devices			
Northeast Asia					
China	Tianjin	Import & export and sale of synthetic resins and chemicals			
Brazil	Sao Paulo	Sale of chemicals and synthetic resins			
Australia	Brisbane	Manufacture and sale of feed ingredients			
Australia	Brisbane	Export of roughage, etc., import and sale of resin products, etc.			
	Japan Japan Japan China Brazil Australia	Japan Shakotan, Hokkaido Japan Yoichi, Hokkaido Japan Kawasaki, Kanagawa China Tianjin Brazil Sao Paulo Australia Brisbane			

Corporate Information

Company name Inabata & Co., Ltd. October 1, 1890 Founded June 10, 1918 Incorporated Paid-in capital ¥9,364 million Location of Osaka Head Office

1-15-14 Minami-semba, Chuo-ku, Osaka head offices

542-8558

Tokyo Head Office 2-8-2 Nihonbashi-honcho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo

103-8448

Osaka Head Office, Tokyo Head Office, Domestic offices

Nagoya Office, Shiojiri Office, Shizuoka Office, Hamamatsu Office, Kyushu (Kirishima) Office

Overseas offices About 60 locations in 18 countries including

Singapore, Bangkok, Jakarta, Shanghai, Hong Kong, Taipei, Los Angeles, New York,

Dusseldorf

Number of employees Unconsolidated: 672 (including employees

Note: As of March 31, 2022 seconded to group companies)

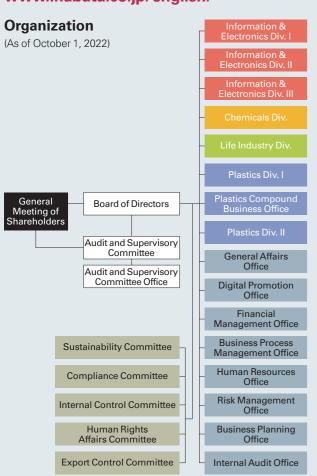
Consolidated: 4.207 Accounting auditor KPMG Azsa LLC

Securities code

Prime Market of the Tokyo Stock Exchange

Website

www.inabata.co.jp/english/



Notice of Temporary Relocation of Tokyo Head Office

Due to the rebuilding of the Tokyo Head Office Building, from around December 2022 to around September 2025, we will temporarily relocate the Tokyo Head Office and conduct business at the Muromachi Furukawa Mitsui Building (COREDO Muromachi 2), 2-3-1 Nihonbashi Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo.

IR Activities

We are proactive in holding dialogue with shareholders and investors, as we believe it contributes to our sustainable growth and improves corporate value in the medium and long term. (1) IR system

• The president serves as the responsible person, and the director in charge of IR has also been appointed. In principle, the president and the director in charge of IR lead dialogue with shareholders and investors.

• In cooperation with related sections within the company, the IR Department collects and analyzes various management information. The information is communicated internally and externally, timely and appropriately.

(2) IR activities

- Inabata handles meetings with investors positively and reasonably. We will also consider responding to applications for outside directors within a reasonable scope.
- Inabata holds a briefing on financial results twice a year to explain the progress of the medium-term business plan and provide an overview of financial results.
- Inabata sets occasions for dialogue with individual shareholders and investors through participation in IR events, etc.
- Inabata actively works to provide information through its website, company brochure, shareholder news, and notices of general meeting of shareholders.

(3) Feedback

• The director in charge of IR presents a report to the Board of Directors regarding shareholder opinions and concerns obtained through dialogue with shareholders.

IR activities in FY2021

Activity	Implemented
Financial results briefings	2 times
Individual meetings with institutional investors, analysts, etc. (including overseas)	48 times
Briefings for individual investors	1 time

External Evaluation

Status of inclusion in ESG Index

We were selected as a constituent stock for the FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index of FTSE Russell, which belongs to the London Stock Exchange Group, and the S&P/JPX Carbon Efficient Index (environmental stock index), which is presented by the US S&P Dow Jones Indices and the Japan Exchange Group.



FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index



Other awards

We were awarded the Best Company (Silver Award) in the Gomez IR Site Ranking 2021 announced by BroadBand Security, Inc., and the Excellence Award in the 2021 All Japanese Listed Companies' Website Ranking announced by Nikko Investor Relations Co., Ltd.





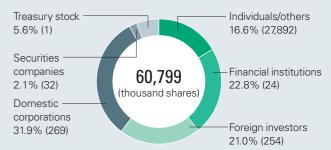
Stock Information (As of March 31, 2022)

Stock Information

Total number of authorized shares 200,000,0	000
Number of shares issued and outstanding 60,799,2	227
Number of shareholders28,4	72

Note: 3,085,100 shares were canceled on April 5, 2022, bringing the total number of shares issued and outstanding to 57,714,127 shares as of June 30, 2022.

Status of Stock Allocation by Owners



Principal Shareholders (Top 10)

Name of shareholder	Number of shares held (in thousands)	Percentage of shares held (%)
Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd.	13,836	24.1
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	6,163	10.7
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	2,032	3.5
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Retirement Benefit Trust Account re-entrusted by		
Mizuho Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.)	1,736	3.0
DFA INTL SMALL CAP VALUE PORTFOLIO	1,071	1.9
Maruishi Chemical Trading Co., Ltd.	961	1.7
ASKA Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.	785	1.4
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	744	1.3
NORTHERN TRUST CO. (AVFC) RE U.S. TAX EXEMPTED PENSION FUNDS SEC LENDING	670	1.2
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON 140044	639	1.1

Note: Inabata owns 3,395,519 shares of treasury stock. This shareholding has not been included in the calculation of the shareholding ratio. However, 94,300 shares of Inabata held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account E) as a trust property under the Board Benefit Trust (BBT) system is excluded from the number of the treasury shares, and hence, is included in the calculation of the ratio.

Stock Price



Credit Rating

Rating agency	Issuer rating
Rating and Investment Information, Inc. (R&I)	A- (stable)

A cautionary note regarding future estimates

The data and future predictions contained in this report are based on information available and judgments applicable at the time of the report's release. Consequently, the data and future forecasts contained herein may include elements that are subject to change, and the reader should be aware that this document and its contents are no quarantee of future performance.