Supplementary Material of Consolidated Financial Results for the First Nine Months of Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2023 (IFRS)

Note on forward-looking statements:

The forward-looking statements, including results forecasts, included in this material are based on information that the Company has obtained and certain assumptions that the Company considers reasonable. The Company does not promise to achieve them. Actual results may differ materially from forecasts due to a number of factors.

This information is subject to change without notice and users are, therefore, advised to use this information and material, together with information obtained by other means, and to exercise their own judgment.

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Since the figures shown are rounded off to the nearest 1 billion yen, the sum of each item and the total may differ.



〈サマリー〉

■Revenue and profits both increased year on year.

♦ Revenue
♦ Operating profit
677.7 billion yen
20.8% up
40.5% up

♦ Profit before tax 28.4 billion yen 38.4% up

♦ Profit attributable to owners of the parent 15.5 billion yen 29.2% up

■Full-year forecasts have been revised upward (Operating profit: 37.0 billion yen \rightarrow 38.0 billion yen, Profit before tax: 35.5 billion yen \rightarrow 36.0 billion yen), while maintaining the forecast for profit attributable to owners of the parent given factors such as gains/losses on non-controlling equities.

1. Profit & loss statement

(Unit : billion yen)		3Q of	3Q of	Year-o	n-year	FY 2023		
		FY 2022	FY 2023	Change	Change(%)	Forecast	Progress(%)	
Rev	enue	560.9	677.7	116.8	20.8%	870.0	77.9%	
Gro	ss profit	81.5	92.9	11.4	13.9%	-	-	
Sellin	g, general and administrative expenses	(62.7)	(69.4)	(6.7)	-	-	-	
Oth	er income (expenses)	2.3	6.2	3.9	170.0%	-	-	
Operating profit		21.1	29.6	8.5	40.5%	38.0	78.0%	
	Interest income (expenses)	(1.1)	(2.4)	(1.3)	-	-	-	
	Dividend income	0.7	0.9	0.2	-	-	-	
	Other finance income (costs)	(1.5)	0.3	1.9	-	-	-	
Fina	ance income (costs)	(1.9)	(1.2)	0.8	-	-	-	
	of profit (loss) of investments accounted for the equity method	1.4	(0.1)	(1.4)	-	-	-	
Pro	fit before tax	20.5	28.4	7.9	38.4%	36.0	78.9%	
Income tax expense		(5.7)	(8.9)	(3.2)	-	-	-	
Profit for the period		14.9	19.5	4.7	31.5%	-	-	
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		12.0	15.5	3.5	29.2%	19.0	81.7%	
Ear	nings per share (yen)	143.84	185.84	42.00	29.2%	227.48	81.7%	

[Revenue]

Increased year on year in all segments with a total revenue increase of 116.8 billion yen. $_{\circ}$

[Operating profit]

Grew 8.5 billion yen driven by the Steel, Materials & Plant segment and the Electronics & Devices segment.

Profit before tax

Increased 7.9 billion yen mainly due to a rise in operating profit.

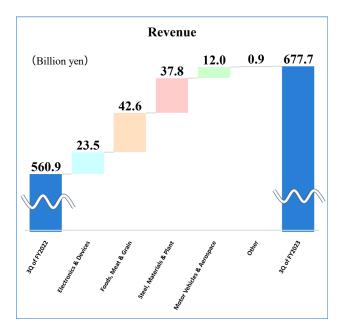
[Profit attributable to owners of the parent]
Increased 3.5 billion yen associated with a rise in profit before tax.

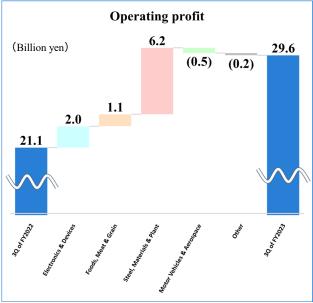


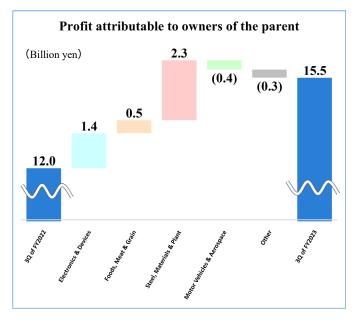
2. Segment information

	(Unit: billion yen)					
	Electronics & Devices					
	Foods, Meat & Grain					
	Steel, Materials & Plant					
	Motor Vehicles & Aerospace					
Total for reportable segments						
Other (including adjustment)						
Grand total						

Revenue					Operating profit			Profit attributable to owners of the parent								
3Q of	3Q of	Change	FY20	023	3Q of	3Q of	Change	FY2	023	3Q of	3Q of	Change	FY	2023		
FY 2022	FY 2023	Change	Forecast	Progress	FY 2022	FY 2023	Change	Forecast	-	FY 2022	FY 2022	FY 2022	FY 2023	Change	Forecast	Progress
179.8	203.4	23.5	285.0	71%	11.4	13.4	2.0	20.0	67%	4.3	5.6	1.4	9.0	63%		
215.2	257.8	42.6	310.0	83%	4.3	5.5	1.1	5.5	99%	3.1	3.6	0.5	3.3	110%		
104.8	142.5	37.8	180.0	79%	3.1	9.2	6.1	10.8	86%	3.0	5.3	2.3	5.7	93%		
51.1	63.2	12.0	80.0	79%	1.3	0.8	(0.5)	1.0	80%	1.0	0.6	(0.4)	1.0	64%		
551.0	666.9	115.9	855.0	78%	20.2	28.9	8.7	37.3	78%	11.4	15.2	3.8	19.0	80%		
9.9	10.9	0.9	15.0	72%	0.9	0.7	(0.2)	0.7	106%	0.6	0.3	(0.3)	-	-		
560.9	677.7	116.8	870.0	78%	21.1	29.6	8.5	38.0	78%	12.0	15.5	3.5	19.0	82%		

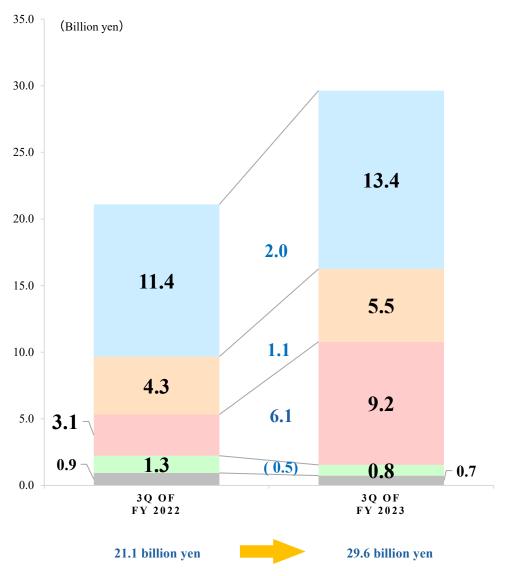








3. Operating profit <Segment>



Causes of year-on-year increase/decrease 2.0 billion yen up [Electronics & Devices] The ICT solutions business performed strongly, mainly due to an increase in projects related to security and network and improvements to delivery delays. The semiconductor parts and manufacturing equipment business performed well due to growth in shipments of manufacturing equipment and consumables related to semiconductors and LCD panels supported by the robust demand. The mobile business was weak due to a stagnant sales volume and smaller fee income resulting from revisions to fee terms and conditions. 1.1 billion yen up [Foods, Meat & Grain] The grain and feedstuff business was strong partly due to the improved profitability. The foods business performed well thanks to the growth in transactions of products for the retail market. The meat products business was weak due to the market setbacks for meat products in general since summer. **6.1** billion yen up [Steel, Materials & Plant] The energy business was strong mainly on the back of heavy oil sales for power generation and fuel sales for ocean-going vessels. The steel tubing business performed well thanks to the growth in energy investments in the U.S. and the rising steel tube prices. The machine tools and industrial machinery business was solid supported by the growing demand for capital investments in Japan. 0.5 billion yen down [Motor Vehicles & Aerospace] The aerospace business was solid with the delivery of products for the contracts already signed and a recovery in demand. The motor vehicles and parts business, however, was weak as the rising transportation costs placed a pressure on profits, while demand was in a recovery trend.



4. Cash Flows and Financial Status

	(Unit: billion yen)
CF from operating activities	
CF from investing activities	
Free cash flows	
CF from financing activities	

3Q of FY 2022	3Q of FY 2023	Change
9.1	(12.5)	(21.5)
(10.3)	(14.2)	(3.8)
(1.3)	(26.6)	(25.3)
7.9	11.3	3.4

(Note: The amount of impact associated with the application of IFRS 16 Leases)

CF from operating activities
CF from financing activities

0.4	6.5	6.2
(0.4)	(6.5)	(6.2)

[CF from operating activities]

Net cash used by operating activities was 12.5 billion yen, mainly reflecting an increase in operating funds such as inventories, while cash was provided by the accumulation of operating revenue.

[CF from investing activities]

Net cash used in investing activities was 14.2 billion yen, due to business investments including the acquisition of subsidiaries.

[CF from financing activities]

Net cash provided by financing activities was 11.3 billion yen mainly due to an increase in short-term borrowings, while there were expenditures such as the payment of cash dividends and redemption of corporate bonds.

	(Unit: billion yen)
Tota	al assets
Gro	ss interest-bearing debt (Note 1)
Net	interest-bearing debt
Sha	reholders' equity (Note 2)
	Retained earnings
	Other components of equity

End of March 31, 2022	End of December 31, 2022	Change
634.5	680.5	46.0
143.5	170.6	27.2
51.2	92.8	41.5
159.5	170.2	10.8
89.3	99.1	9.8
16.6	19.3	2.8

(Note1) Gross interest-bearing debt = Total amount of bonds and loans minus lease liabilities

(Note2) Shareholders' equity = Total equity attribute to owners of the parent

Equity ratio (Note 3)
Net debt-equity ratio (Note 4)

25.1%	25.0%	0.1% down
0.3 times	0.5 times	0.2 pt up

(Note 3) Equity ratio = Shareholders' equity / Total assets

(Note 4) Net debt-equity ratio = Net interest-bearing debt / Equity capital

[Total assets]

Increased 46.0 billion yen, mainly due to increases in trade and other accounts receivable and inventories.

[Interest-bearing debt]

Net interest-bearing debt increased 41.5 billion yen, mainly due to an increase in borrowings in response to higher operating capital.

[Shareholders' equity]

Increased 10.8 billion yen, mainly due to the accumulation of profit attributable to owners of the parent.

Equity ratio was 25.0%. Net debt-equity ratio stood at 0.5 times.

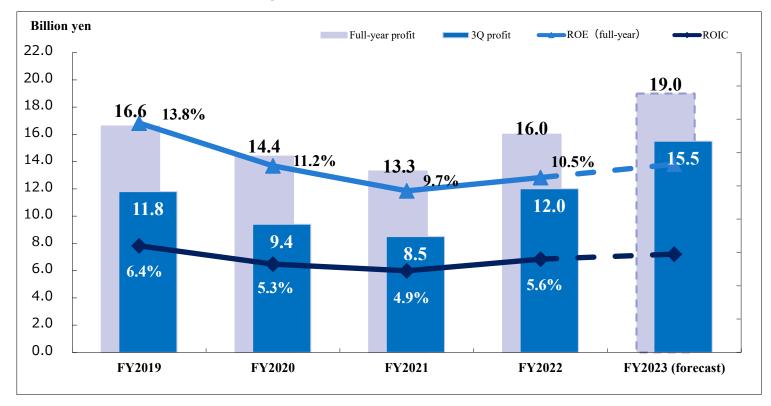


5. Dividends and Capital Efficency

[Dividends]

	FY2019	FY2020	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023 (forecast)
Annual dividend (yen per share)	60	60	60	65	75
Consolidated payout ratio	30.3%	34.8%	37.6%	34.0%	33.0%

[Profit attributable to owners of the parent, ROE & ROIC]



(Note 5) We announced tender offers for two of our subsidiaries on January 27, 2023. These tender offers have not been factored in because the tender processes are still in progress.

