Note: This document is a translation of a part of the original Japanese version and provided for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between the Japanese original and this English translation, the Japanese original shall prevail.

(Unit: JPY Million)

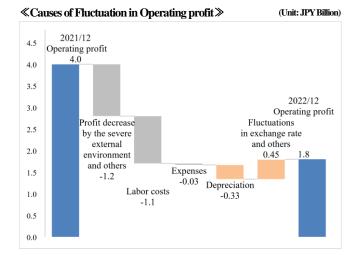
February 9, 2023 Daido Metal Co., Ltd.

FY2022 Third Quarter Consolidated Financial Results Highlights

1. Overview

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3rd Quarter (YTD)	Actual			
Financial Results	2021/12	2022/12		
Net sales	76,073	87,596		
Operating profit	4,079	1,826		
(Operating margin)	(5.4%)	(2.1%)		
Ordinary profit	3,950	2,020		
(Ordinary income margin)	(5.2%)	(2.3%)		
Profit attributable to owners of parent	1,941	- 2,375		
(Net profit margin)	(2.6%)	(-2.7%)		
Return on Equity (ROE) *1	4.5%	- 5.2%		
Net assets to total assets	36.1%	34.9%		
Net interest bearing debt	34,547	41,687		
Capital Expenditure	5,160	4,300		
Depreciation	6,812	7,149		
R&D expenses	1,429	1,538		
Number of consolidated subsidiaries	33	33		
Exchange rate (USD)	111.92	144.81		
Exchange rate (EUR)	129.86	142.32		
*1 Annualized				

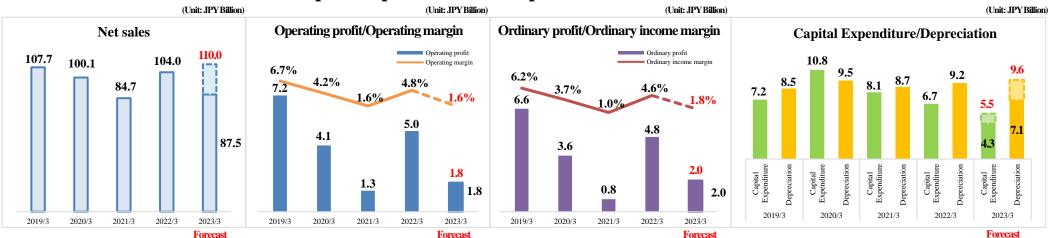
Year-on-year comparison Forecast 2023/3 **Amount** 11.523 15.1% 110,000 - 55.2% - 2,252 1,800 (-3.3%)(1.6%)- 48.9% - 1,929 2,000 (-2.9%)(1.8%)- 4.317 - 3.100 (-5.3%)(-2.8%)- 9.7% - 1.2% 7,14020.7% - 859 - 16.7% 5,500 9,600 336 4.9% 109 7.6% 2,000 132.70 Exchange rate is TTM rate as of September 30. 141.47



≪Dividend/ Dividend Payout Ratio ≫ (Unit: JPY) 2019/3 2020/3 2021/3 2022/3 2023/3 Interim 15 20 (*1) 10 10 Year-end 15 10 15 TBD Annual 30 35 20 25 Dividend 32.0% 61.4% Payout Ratio

(*1) The interim dividend for FY2019 : Regular dividend (15 yen) + Commemorative dividend (5 yen)

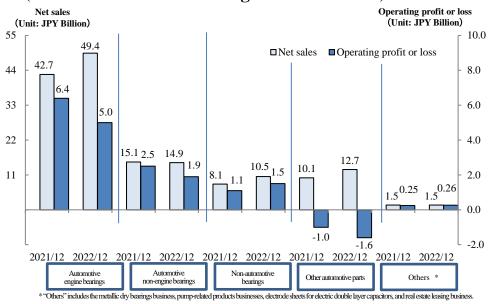
2. Consolidated Financial Results/Capital Expenditure and Depreciation



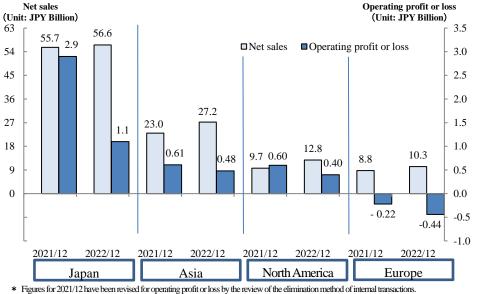


February 9, 2023 Daido Metal Co., Ltd. [Operating profit] (+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: JPY Million)

3. Sales and Operating profit by Segment (Before elimination of inter-segment transactions)



4. Sales and Operating profit by Region (Before elimination of internal transactions)



		[Sales]	(+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: JPY Million)	Coperating	profit (+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: JPY Million)
Segment	Net sales ratio	Year-on-year comparison Amount	Causes of Gains and Losses	Year-on-year comparison Amount	Causes of Gains and Losses
	2022/12 [Q3]	(%)		(%)	
Automotive engine bearings	55.4%	6,680 (15.6%)	 ⊕(+) Japan: Orders slightly increased due to strong overseas sales despite the impact of production cuts at car manufacturers caused by semiconductor supply shortage for passenger cars. ⊕(+) Japan: In trucks, the demand remained firm and orders increased, despite the impact of semiconductor supply shortages. ⊕(+) Indonesia: Orders increased due to strong demand. 	- 1,407 (-21.7%)	② (-) Impact of higher raw materials and energy costs.
Automotive non-engine bearings	16.7%	- 196 (-1.3%)	O(-) Japan: Orders decreased due to the impact of production cuts at car manufacturers caused by semiconductor supply shortage despite steady demand for passenger cars. O(+) North America: Orders increased by the steady recovery from the COVID-19.	- 550 (-21.6%)	(-) Same as ② above.
Non-automotive bearings	11.9%	2,435 (29.9%)	 ∅(+) Ships: Due to the favorable business environment and new business developments such as increase in offshore cargo movement due to the recovery of the global economy, rising demand for maintenance, as well as increase in orders for LNG carriers, etc., orders increased. ⑦(+) Construction machinery etc.: Orders increased due to increase in demand for assembly and service parts of construction machinery and generators. ◎(+) Energy sector: Increase in orders of gas and steam turbine bearings for thermal power generation to mitigate power shortages, and strong demand of maintenance parts. 	336	(+) As sales increased on the left.
Other automotive parts	14.3%	2,583 (25.4%)	(+) Formed pipes, Knock pins, NC milled parts, etc.: Despite order decrease in local currencies due to global semiconductor supply shortage, sales in yen increased because of the depreciation of yen. (+) Aluminum die cast products: Orders increased due to recovery from COVID-19 and new delivery of parts for electric vehicles.	- 642 (-)	⑤(-) Formed pipes, Knock pins, NC milled parts, etc.: Same as ⑥ above. ⑥(-) Aluminum die cast products: Impact of the slow improvement of production costs increased at the start of the full-scale operations last year and higher production costs for new orders.
Others	1.7%	- 12 (-0.8%)	(-) Despite a decrease in orders of the metallic dry bearings due to inventory adjustment, the decline of total orders is not large due to steady demand of lubrication systems for machine tools.	14 (5.9%)	(+) Impact of improved selling prices
Elimination of inter-segment transactions		33		- 3	
Total		11,523 (15.1%)		- 2,252 (-55.2%)	

		[Sales]	(+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: JPY Million)	[Operating	profit] (+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: JPY Million)
Region	Net sales ratio	Year-on-year comparison		Year-on-year comparison	Causes of Gains and Losses
	2022/12 [Q3]	Amount (%)		Amount (%)	
Japan	52.9%	840 (1.5%)	(+) Same as ① , ② , ⑦ above.	- 1,842 (-62.1%)	(-) Same as ② above.
Asia	25.5%	7,221	(+) Thailand: Same as 3 above. (+) Same as 3 above.	- 126 (-20.6%)	(-) Same as 19 above.
North America	12.0%		(+) Orders increased from steady demand for passenger cars and trucks. (+) Construction machinery: Orders increased due to continued strong demand.	- 204 (-33.7%)	(-) Impact of reduced sales of value-added products.
Europe (including Russia)	9.7%	1,503	(+) Orders increased due to new business development of non-automotive bearings. (for medium and high speed diesel engines, etc.) (-) Orders decreased due to shortages of semiconductors, as well as to the situation in Ukraine.	-218 (-)	(-) As sales decreased on the left.
Elimination of internal transactions		1,911		138	
Total		11,523 (15.1%)		- 2,252 (-55.2%)	

^{*} Future prospects are prepared as information purpose only, based on the information available to us at this moment, and are under certain condition which we assumed reasonable. We will not guarantee the realization of such prospects, and actual performance fluctuates due to various factors.

[Sales]

(+)Gains (-)Losses (Unit: IPV Million)