## Financial Results Briefing for Q1 FY2023

Expansion of next-generation payment platform contributes to growth of Stock-Model revenue  $\sim$  Progress in acquiring large merchants driven by Vertical Expansion  $\sim$ 

February 14, 2023

**GMO Financial Gate, Inc.** 

(Ticker: 4051, TSE-Growth)

11<sup>th</sup> IR Presentation



https://gmo-fg.com/



### **Cautionary Note Regarding Presentation Materials**

The content of these presentation materials is based on generally recognized economic and social conditions, as well as assumptions judged to reasonable by GMO Financial Gate as of February 14, 2023

Note that presentation material content is subject to change without prior notice in response to changes in the business environment or other unforeseen circumstances



# Meeting agenda

1. Summary of financial Results for Q1 FY2023

2. Business Highlights

3. Growth Strategy and Progress

4. Financial Information

5. Appendix



### **Summary of financial Results for Q1 FY2023**

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### 1.1 Q1 FY2023 Summary

Both revenue and operating profit are making good progress against the 1H and full-year forecasts. Recovery of economic activity in face to face market also contributed our business.

#### • Q1 FY2022

- Revenue ¥3.27billion (+52.6% YoY) Progress towards 1H forecast 53.4%, Progress towards full-year forecast 26.2%
- Operating Profit ¥0.28billion (+34.5% YoY) Progress towards 1H forecast 62.3%, Progress towards full-year forecast 30.3%

#### • Revenue categories

- Initial revenue ¥2,220million(+52.6% YoY), Stock-Model revenue ¥1,047million(+52.5% YoY)

#### • KPIs

- Number of active terminals: 207K(+64 YoY, +45.1% YoY)
- GMV ¥0.92trillion(+76.0% YoY), Transaction Volume (Number of transaction) 105million(+62.4% YoY)

#### • Growth of existing merchants

- GMV expansion of existing merchants Q1 previous FY → Q1 current FY +24% YoY(\*market growth in the same period is +14% YoY)

- Progress in alliance projects with major hotel/travel-related merchants. The Recovery both in economic activity and inbound tourism demand is also tailwind.
- Increased the introduction in the mobility area in the Tokyo metropolitan area. The recovery of inbound tourism demand is also driving the spread of credit card touch payment.
- Additional disclosure of ESG responses to SCOPE 1 and 2 was completed in December 2022, and additional disclosure, including SCOPE 3, is planned during current fiscal year after a data review by a third-party certification organization.



### 1.2 Summary of Financial Results

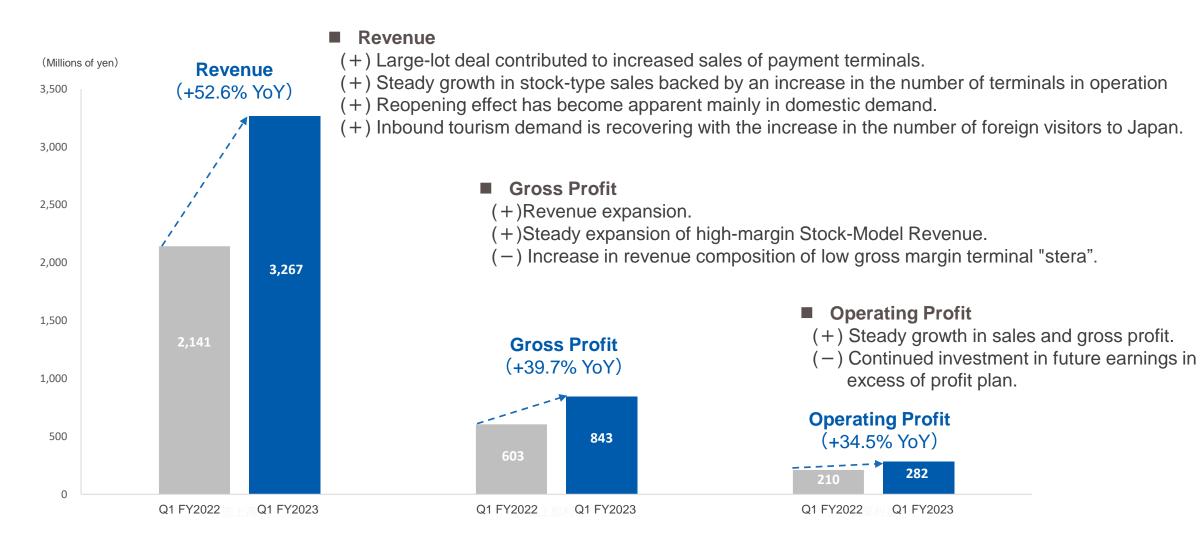
Both revenue and operating profit are making good progress against the 1H and full-year forecasts.

| (Millions of yen)                       | Q1 FY2022 | Q1 FY2023                     | YoY                             | Forecast<br>FY2023 1 <sup>st</sup> half<br>(Full-year) | Progress<br>towards forecast             |  |  |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--|--|
| Revenue                                 | 2,141     | 3,267                         | +52.6%                          | <b>6,115</b> (12,470)                                  | <b>53.4%</b> (26.2%)                     |  |  |
| Gross profit                            | 603       | 843                           | +39.7%                          | <b>1,492</b> (3,136)                                   | <b>56.5%</b> (26.9%)                     |  |  |
| Operating profit                        | 210       | 282                           | +34.5%                          | <b>453</b> (930)                                       | <b>62.3%</b> (30.3%)                     |  |  |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 138       | 170                           | +22.6%                          | <b>283</b> (580)                                       | <b>60.1%</b> (29.3%)                     |  |  |
|                                         |           | ctive terminal<br>ember 2022) | Transaction Vo<br>(Q1 FY2023 Or |                                                        | Transaction Value (GMV) (Q1 FY2023 Only) |  |  |
| KPIs<br>(YoY)                           |           | , <b>724</b><br>5.1%)         | Approx. 105.5 (+62.4%)          | million Appr                                           | ox. ¥924 billion<br>(+76.0%)             |  |  |



### 1.3 Major Topics Regarding Financial Results

Progress in-line with the full-year forecast (profit margin also in line with expectations). Secured high operating profit growth rate (+34.5% YoY) while continuing to make necessary investments.



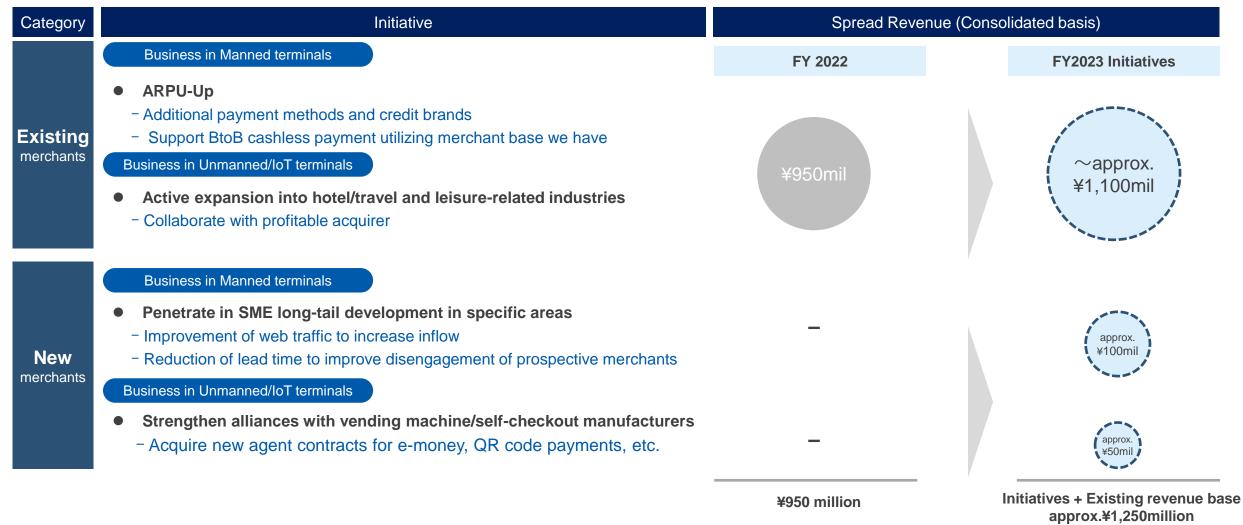
### 1.4 Revenue by Business Model (YoY)

Continued high YoY growth in both Initial and Stock-Model Revenue. Steadily expand Stock-Model Revenue by flexibly designing the contract structure to monetize any of the three items.

| (Unit: Millions of Yen) | Q1 FY2022<br>(Composition %) | Q1 FY2023<br>(Composition %) | YoY    |
|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|
| Initial                 | <b>1,454</b> (67.9%)         | <b>2,220</b> (67.9%)         | +52.6% |
| Stock-Model             | <b>686</b> (32.1%)           | <b>1,047</b> (32.1%)         | +52.5% |
| Stock                   | 185<br>(8.7%)                | 259<br>(8.0%)                | +39.7% |
| Fee                     | 261<br>(12.2%)               | 519<br>(15.9%)               | +98.6% |
| Spread                  | 239<br>(11.2%)               | 268<br>(8.2%)                | +12.0% |
| Total Revenue           | 2,141                        | 3,267                        | +52.6% |

### 1.5 Initiatives for accelerating Spread Revenue

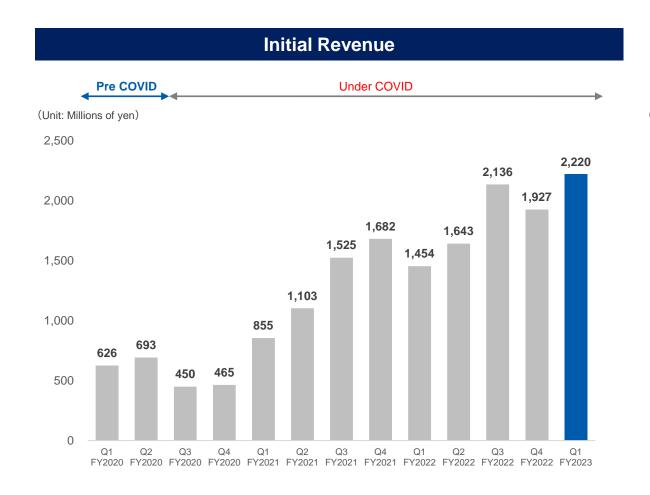
The competitive environment has changed with the penetration of cashless services in the small and medium-sized merchant area. Various initiatives are being taken to return to the 25% revenue growth line that we are aiming for.

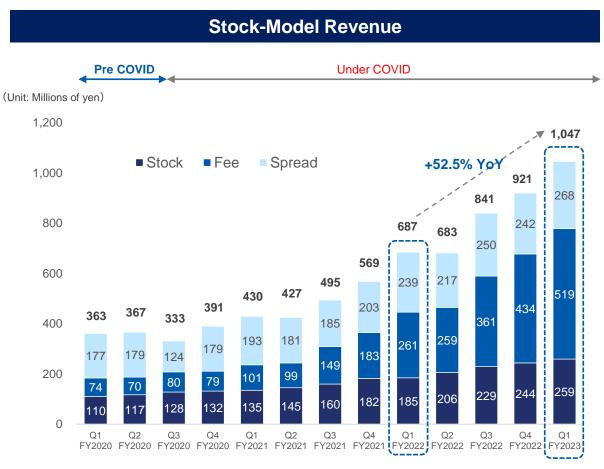


### 1.6 Revenue by business model (Quarterly)

(Initial) Continued to be fluctuate from quarter to quarter, but steadily expanding because now is the time to increase the market share.

[Stock-Model] Growth driven by fee expansion backed by growth in the number of active terminals.

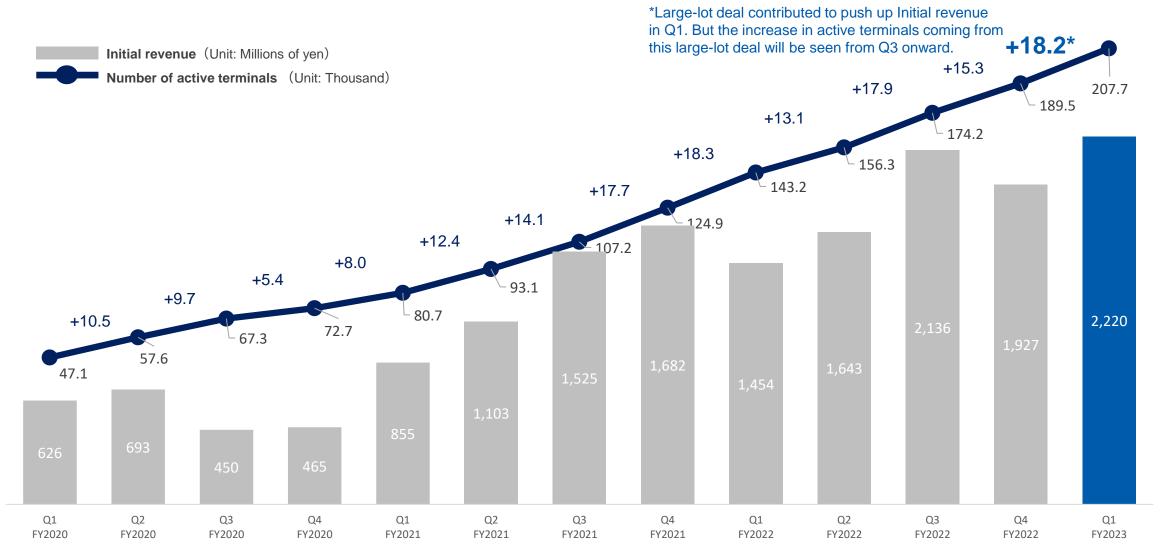






### 1.7 Initial Revenue and No. of Active Terminals (Quarterly)

Initial revenue grew steadily due to the contribution of large-lot deal. On the other hand, terminals sold as a result of this large-lot deal are scheduled to go into operation in Q3 of current fiscal year or later.





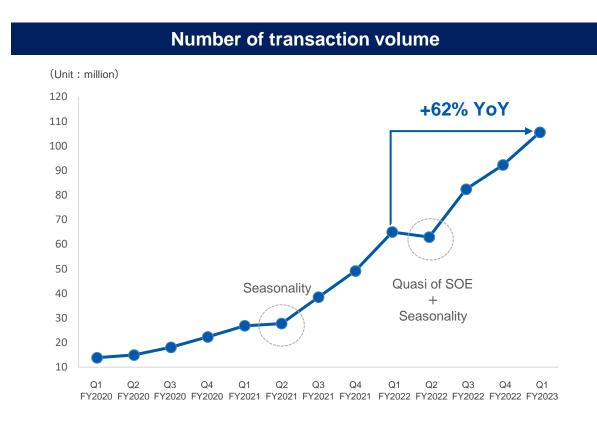
### 1.8 Consolidated KPIs (Number of active terminals)

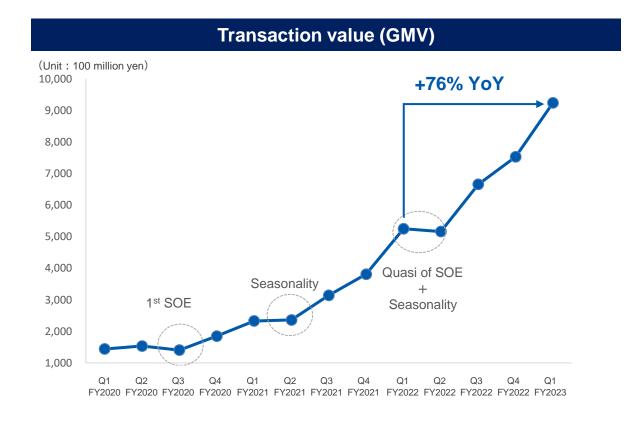
The increase in the number of manned terminals, mainly stera, continues to drive the overall increase. Unattended terminals also continue to expand steadily.



### 1.9 Consolidated KPIs (Quarterly Transaction volume/GMV)

Both the number of transaction volume and GMV exceeded our target of +50% YoY. KPIs steadily expanded in line with the increase in the number of active terminals.





|                                 | Q1<br>FY2020 | Q2<br>FY2020 | Q3<br>FY2020 | Q4<br>FY2020 | Q1<br>FY2021 | Q2<br>FY2021 | Q3<br>FY2021 | Q4<br>FY2021 | Q1<br>FY2022 | Q2<br>FY2022 | Q3<br>FY2022 | Q4<br>FY2022 | Q1<br>FY2023 |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Transaction volume (10 K)       | 1,383        | 1,494        | 1,809        | 2,231        | 2,683        | 2,774        | 3,848        | 4,914        | 6,497        | 6,293        | 8,237        | 9,224        | 10,553       |
| Transaction value(GMV) (¥100 M) | 1,442        | 1,534        | 1,307        | 1,833        | 2,329        | 2,361        | 3,141        | 3,810        | 5,251        | 5,162        | 6,658        | 7,530        | 9,242        |



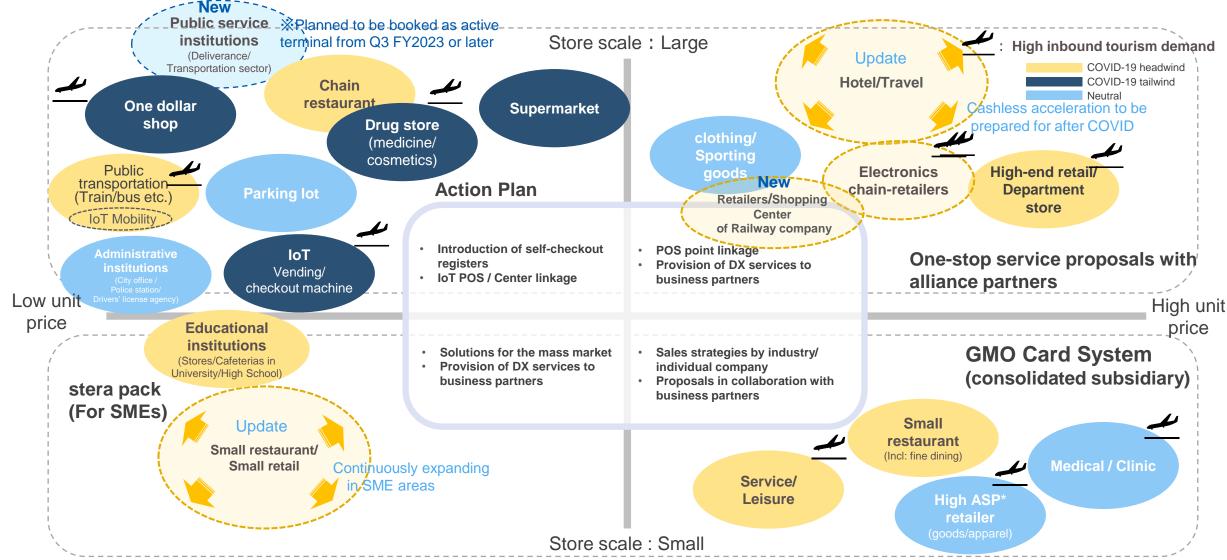
### **Business Highlights**

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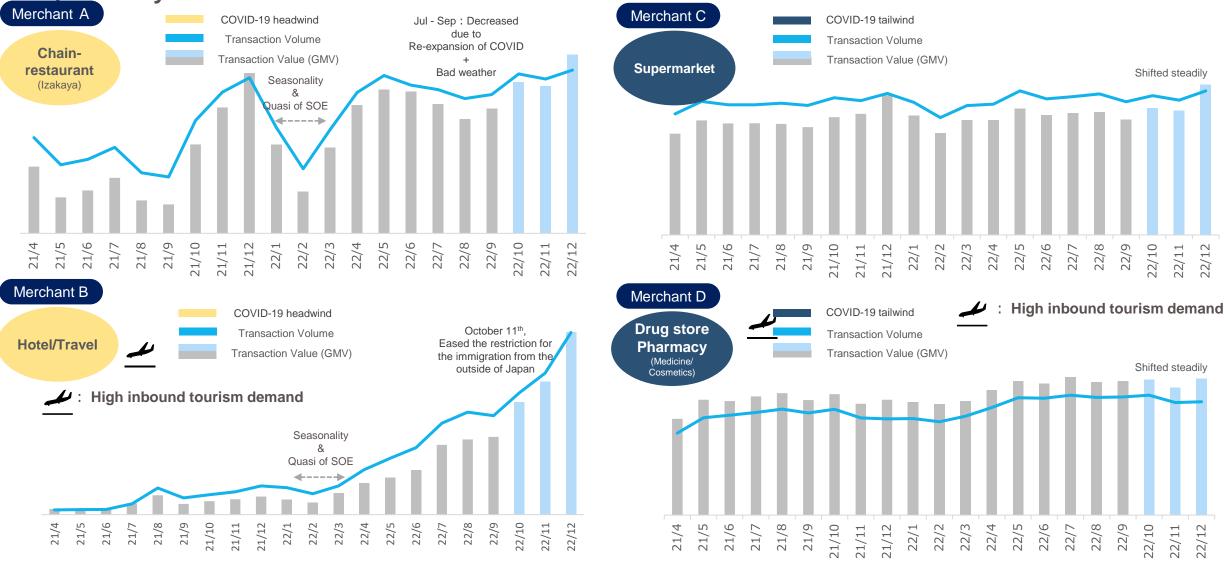
### 2.1 Merchant Industry

Increased installation of terminals at merchants in industries where COVID used to affect huge impact. Confirming strong cashless demand at many merchants to capture the recovery wave from COVID.



### 2.2 Transaction Trends by Industry (Q1)

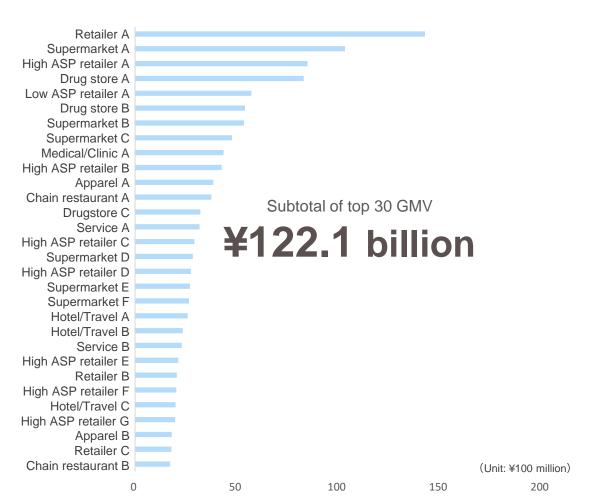
Reopening/recovery of inbound tourism demand has led to a recovery in merchants that were negatively impacted by COVID.

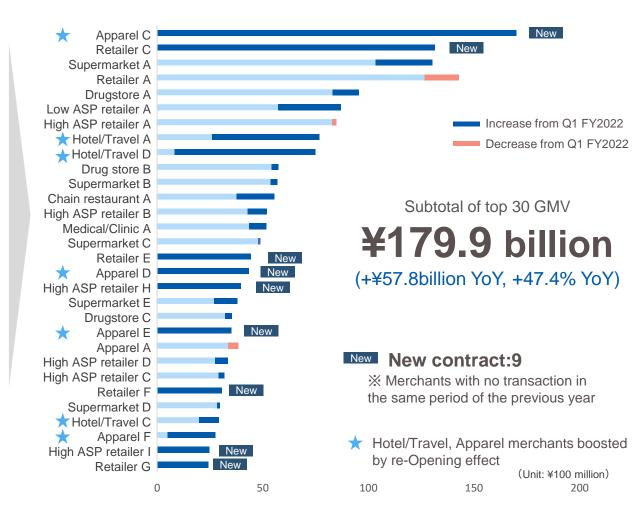


### 2.3 Top 30 ranked merchants (GMV basis)

Vertical expansion of our payment platform has been successful, and we are steadily acquiring new merchants. Steady YoY growth of existing merchants has been contributing the expansion of our cashless payment platform.

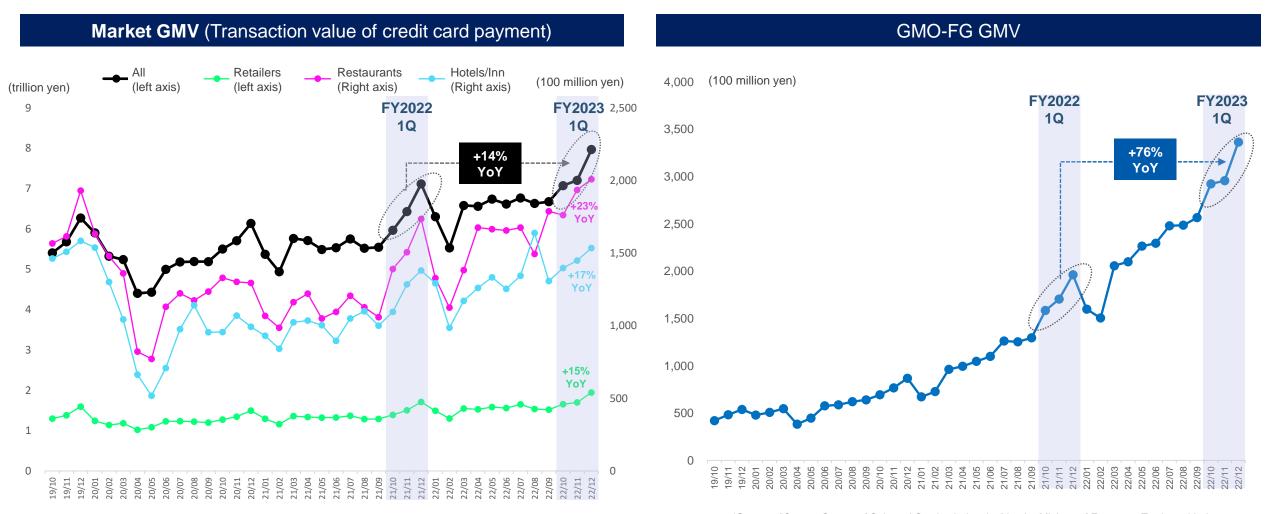






### 2.4 Comparison with Market Growth

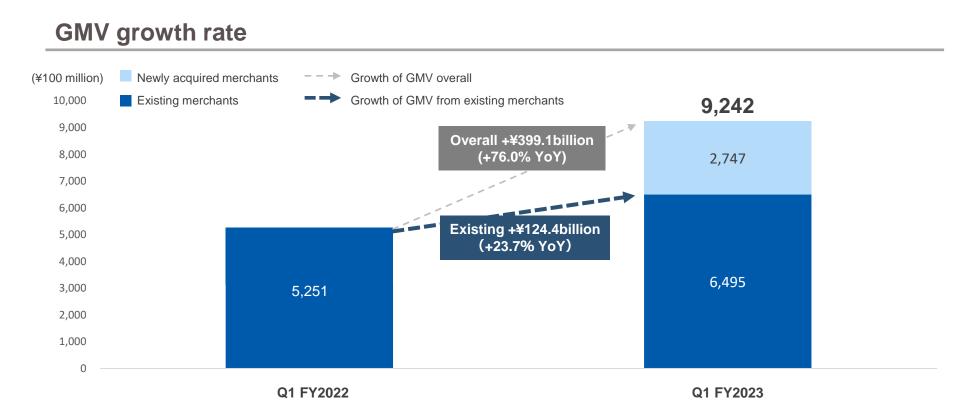
While the overall market is currently growing +14% YoY, our GMV grew +76% YoY in Q1. Growth of existing merchants and acquisition of new merchants are the two factors driving our growth.





### 2.5 Payment platform grows together with merchants

Compared to current market growth of 14%, our Q1 GMV growth rate is 76% overall and 24% for existing merchants. The growth rate of just existing merchants exceeds market growth. with merchants growing together with our payment platform.



<sup>\*</sup>Existing merchants are calculated as the number of merchants in the same period of the previous year. Existing merchants increase in "the number of payment terminals" and "new store openings" are also considered as existing growth.

<sup>\*</sup>The above figures are considering churn of merchants.



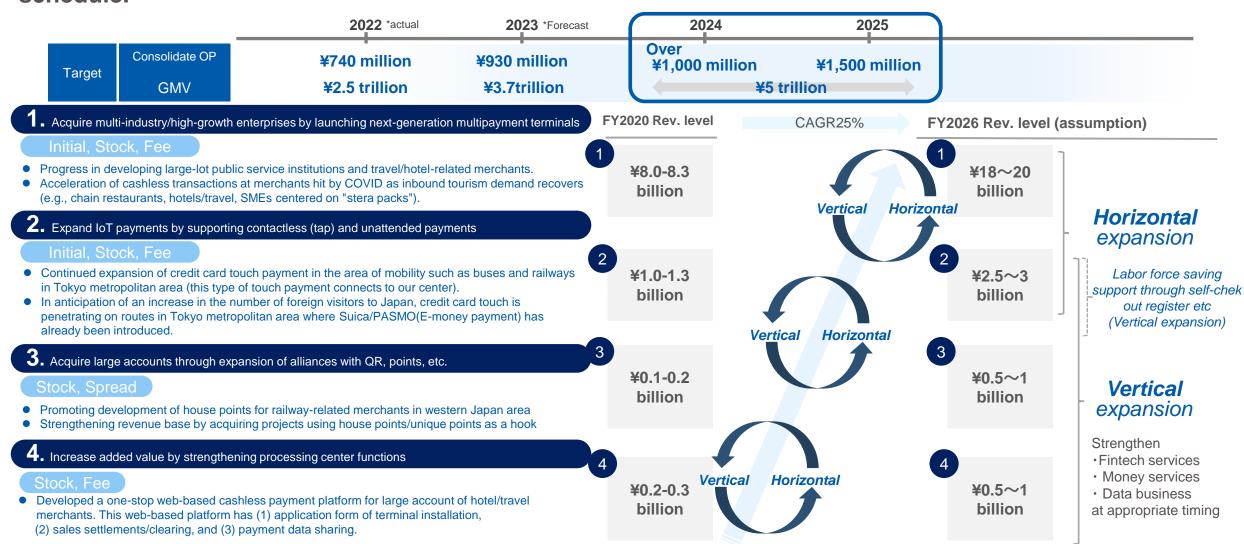
### **Growth Strategy and Progress**

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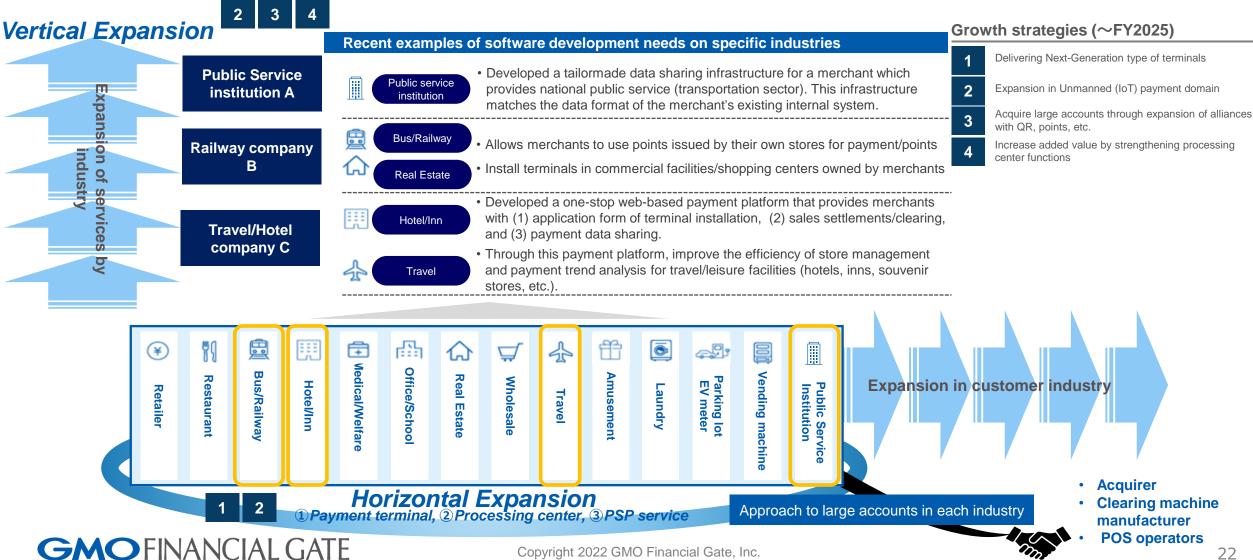
### 3.1 Growth strategy on mid-term target

Successfully delivering software development to large-lot merchants through Vertical expansion. Steadily making track record of symbolic deals. Growth strategy toward 2025 is progressing steadily on schedule.



### **Expansion of GMO-FG cashless platform**

Building a highly-retentive payment platform through Vertical Expansion. Supporting merchants in resolving issues in preparation for the cashless transition of public service institutions and for the recovery of inbound tourism demand in related industries.



### 3.3 Business progress in active manned terminal

Action plans







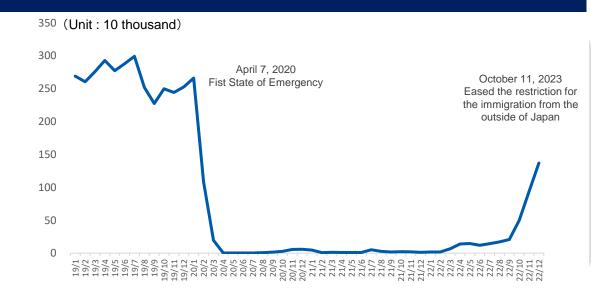
#### Nicely acquiring large merchants in each industry through promotion of Vertical expansion

#### Historical data of active manned terminal

| (Unit:                    | FY2020                  | FY2021           | FY2021           | FY2021            | FY2021      | FY2022             | FY2022            | FY2022            | FY2022       | FY2023 | QoQ                   | YoY                   |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| thousand)                 | End Q4                  | End Q1           | End Q2           | End Q3            | End Q4      | End Q1             | End Q2            | End Q3            | End Q4       | End Q1 | (%)                   | (%)                   |
| Manned<br>terminal<br>Lau | 30.3<br>Inched<br>stera | <b>36.7</b> +8.7 | <b>45.4</b> +11. | <b>56.8</b> 4 +11 | <b>68.7</b> | <b>83.0</b> 4.4 +1 | <b>95.4</b> 2.4 + | <b>111.6</b> 16.2 | <b>126.0</b> | 142.1  | <b>+16.1</b> (+12.8%) | <b>+59.1</b> (+71.3%) |

Recovery of inbound tourism demand and preparation for post COVID

#### **Monthly Trends in the Number of Foreign Visitors to Japan**



### Renewal of terminals for JTB's "credit one-stop business" (from summer 2023, approx. 10,000 terminals will be delivered)

#### JTB's "credit one-stop business":

JTB provides a card payment service for lodging and tourist facilities. In preparation for the arrival of a full-fledged cashless society, the service provides strong support to accommodations and tourist facilities in their efforts to go cashless in response to the challenges such as diversifying payment methods, increasing fees, and improving operational efficiency.

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JTBクレジットカード

一括加盟店決済サービス





### 3.4 Expansion of Payment Platforms - Mobility

Action plans



In anticipation of a recovery in inbound tourism demand, the use of Visa touch payment cards in the mobility field has become widespread also in Tokyo metropolitan area. Penetration of "Card Touch Payment"\* contributes to increased awareness among users.

Touch payment cards that Visa provides(credit, debit, and prepaid card)

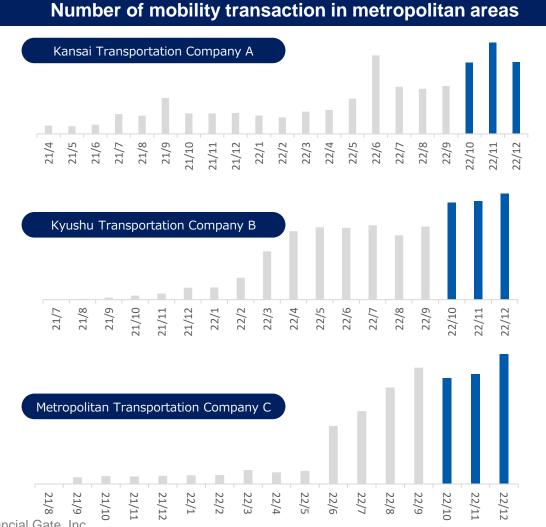
#### Visa Publication

#### 国内での公共交通機関での導入状況

全国のバス・地下鉄・鉄道でのVisaタッチ決済の導入が拡大しており、2022年12月現在、21都道府県、33プロジェクトが発表もしくは展開済み



出所: Visa様作成(2022年12月19日メディアブリーフィング配布資料より抜粋)



Create a cashless environment in previously cash-only event environments to encourage consumers to experience cashless success.

#### **GMO SONIC 2023 (Jan 2023)**

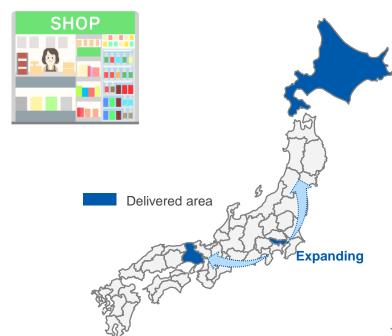
Established cashless only environment



#### **Professional sports stadiums**

- Promoting cashless payment at professional sports stadiums.
- More stadiums are going completely cashless to reduce cash management costs.
- Cashless payment is highly convenient for audiences as well, as it is contactless and reduces waiting time, contributing to a successful experience.







### 3.6 Status of ESG Initiatives as a Cashless Platform Company

Disclosed "ESG-related Initiatives in our group" on our website last December. Currently conducting third-party data review to obtain external certification for supply chain CO2 emissions, including SCOPE3.



#### **Our Efforts for Environmental Consideration**

- Use of recycled paper for receipts (paper rolls) used at each payment terminal
- Providing electronic storage services for sales slips to reduce the use of receipts (paper rolls)
- Use of eco friendly materials for payment terminal components
- Reusing payment terminals returned by merchants as refurbished terminals in the event of a malfunction by maintaining the terminals to ensure that they are as good as new.

#### **Our supply chain CO2 emissions**

|                      | Upstream                           |                    | Us                               | Downstream               |                               |  |  |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Ç                    | SCOPE 3                            | SCOPE 1            | SCOPE 1 SCOPE 2 SCOPE            |                          |                               |  |  |
|                      | ent, Manufacturing<br>Distribution | Fuel<br>Combustion | Electricity use                  | Use and disposal         |                               |  |  |
| Payment<br>terminals |                                    | N/A                | Office,<br>processing<br>centers | Use of payment terminals | Disposal of payment terminals |  |  |

|                                                            | FY2022  |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| SCOPE 1 (t-CO2)                                            | 0       |
| SCOPE 2 (t-CO2)                                            | 105     |
| Electricity power use in SCOPE 1·2 (kwh)                   | 231,210 |
| (Note) CCORE 2 is being accordingted with a third party of |         |

(Note) SCOPE 3 is being coordinated with a third-party certification organization, and data is being collected with the aim of identifying it in the first half of this fiscal year and disclosing it in the second half of the year.

\*The figures in the table above consider the consolidated group companies GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data.

\*Data for SCOPE 1 and 2 will be verified by a third-party verification organization in 1H FY2023.



**Our Supply Chain** 

### **Financial Information**

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### 4.1 Profit & Loss

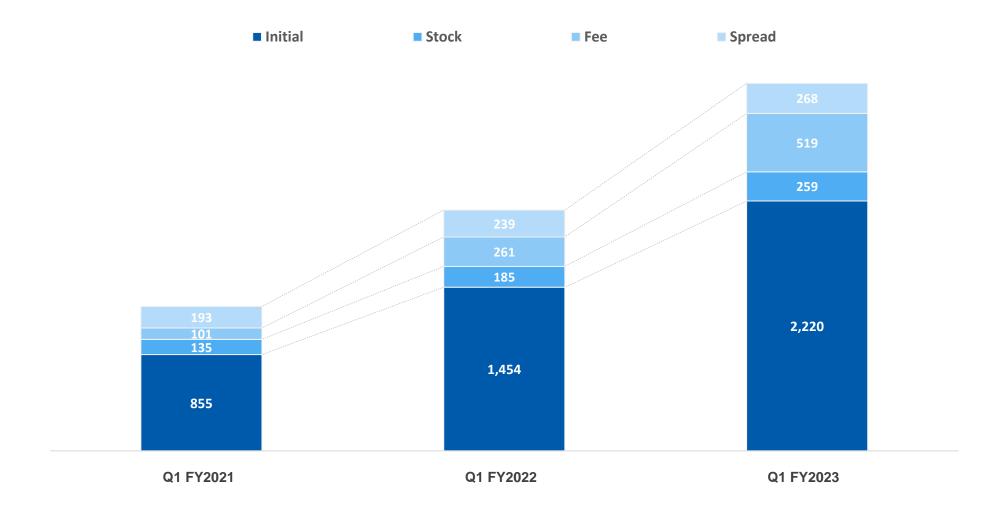
Slight YoY decline in gross margin mainly due to the change in sales mix within Initial revenue. SG&A ratio is declining due to revenue expansion, and operating profit is on track to meet the annual plan.

| (Unit : Thousands)                      | FY2022<br>Q1 (actual) | FY2023<br>Q1 (actual) | YoY    |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Revenue                                 | 2,141,482             | 3,267,719             | +52.6% |
| COGS                                    | 1,537,613             | 2,424,177             | +57.7% |
| Gross profit                            | 603,869               | 843,542               | +39.7% |
| SG&A                                    | 393,574               | 560,764               | +42.5% |
| Operating profit                        | 210,295               | 282,777               | +34.5% |
| Ordinary profit                         | 210,360               | 282,444               | +34.3% |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 138,957               | 170,388               | +22.6% |



### 4.2 Revenue by business model (YoY)

Composition ratio of Initial and Stock-Model revenue remained unchanged from the same period of the previous year. % of Fee revenue rose among Stock-Model revenue increased.





### 4.3 Revenue by business model (Quarterly)

Initial revenue grew steadily due to the contribution from the development of large-lot merchant. Fee revenue was pushed up by the sales of paper rolls (seasonality). Spread revenue also grew steadily in QoQ due to the seasonality from the year-end sales spike season, despite the negative influence of COVID still remains on Spread revenue.

|                          |              |              | SOE①                              |                       |              | 2            | 3            | 4            |              | Quasi of<br>SOE |              | 7 <sup>th</sup> spike new cases | 8 <sup>th</sup> spike<br>of new cases |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| (Unit : millions of yen) | Q1<br>FY2020 | Q2<br>FY2020 | Q3<br>FY2020                      | Q4<br>FY2020<br>Laund | Q1<br>FY2021 | Q2<br>FY2021 | Q3<br>FY2021 | Q4<br>FY2021 | Q1<br>FY2022 | Q2<br>FY2022    | Q3<br>FY2022 | Q4<br>FY2022                    | Q1<br>FY2023                          |
| Initial                  | 626          | 693          | 450                               | ste<br>465            |              | 1,103        | 1,525        | 1,682        | 1,454        | 1,643           | 2,136        | 1,927                           | 2,220                                 |
| Stock-model              | 363          | 367          | 333                               | 391                   | 430          | 427          | 495          | 569          | 687          | 683             | 841          | 921                             | 1,047                                 |
| Stock                    | 110          | 117          | 128                               | 132                   | 135          | 145          | 160          | 182          | 185          | 206             | 229          | 244                             | 259                                   |
| Fee                      | 74           | 70           | 80                                | 79                    | 101          | 99           | 149          | 183          | 261          | 259             | 361          | 434                             | 519                                   |
| Spread                   | 177          | 179          | <b>124</b><br>1 <sup>st</sup> SOE | 179                   | 193          | 181          | 185          | 203          | 239          | 217             | 250          | 242                             | 268                                   |
| Total                    | 990          | 1,061        | 784                               | 856                   | 1,286        | 1,531        | 2,020        | 2,252        | 2,141        | 2,327           | 2,978        | 2,849                           | 3,267                                 |



#### 4.4 Balance sheet

Build up inventory based on future sales forecasts. Accumulate assets needed to execute market share expansion strategy.

#### End of Q1 FY2023 (Thousands of yen)

Cash & Cash equivalents (23.5%)
1,720,088

Merchandise (Payment terminal)
2,511,348

Other current assets 1,526,884

Non-current assets 1,567,303

Current liabilities
2,801,374

Non-current liabiliries
39,252

Total equity (61.2%) 4,484,997

Debt

#### Points

#### Merchandise:

Increased approx. ¥1billion from the end of Q4. Inventory buildup based on future sales forecast. Although some terminals are experiencing a prolonged procurement lead time, there is no noticeable negative impact on major terminals, centering on "stera". And price increases have been requested for some terminals and paper rolls, but we are planning to maintain an appropriate gross profit level by passing on the cost of these products to merchants.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents:**

Decreased approx. ¥800 million from the end of the previous Q4 due to inventory buildup, etc.

### 4.5 Consolidated KPIs (No. of Active Terminals)

The increase in the number of active terminals continued to be driven by manned terminals. Steady accumulation of unattended terminals.

| (Unit:<br>thousand) | FY2020<br>Q3 | FY2020<br>Q4 | FY2021<br>Q1 | FY2021<br>Q2 | FY2021<br>Q3 | FY2021<br>Q4 | FY2022<br>Q1 | FY2022<br>Q2 | FY2022<br>Q3 | FY2022<br>Q4 | FY2023<br>Q1 | QoQ<br>(%)            | YoY<br>(%)            |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Manned              | 27.7         | 30.3         | 36.7         | 45.4         | 56.8         | 68.7         | 83.0         | 95.4         | 111.6        | 126.0        | 142.1        | <b>+16.1</b> (+12.8%) | <b>+59.1</b> (+71.3%) |
| Unmanned<br>(IoT)   | 26.1         | 28.0         | 29.1         | 30.9         | 33.6         | 39.8         | 42.3         | 43.2         | 44.6         | 45.6         | 47.0         | <b>+1.4</b> (+3.1%)   | <b>+4.7</b> (+11.0%)  |
| Sold by others      | 13.6         | 14.4         | 14.9         | 16.7         | 16.7         | 16.4         | 17.9         | 17.7         | 18.0         | 17.9         | 18.5         | <b>+0.6</b> (+3.6%)   | <b>+0.6</b> (+3.8%)   |
| Total               | 67.3         | 72.7         | 80.7         | 93.1         | 107.2        | 124.9        | 143.2        | 156.3        | 174.2        | 189.5        | 207.7        | <b>+18.2</b> (+9.6%)  | <b>+64.5</b> (+45.1%) |

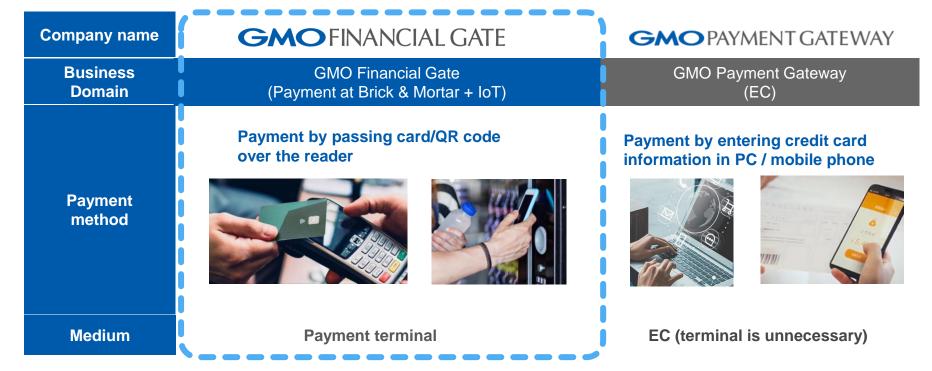


# **Appendix**

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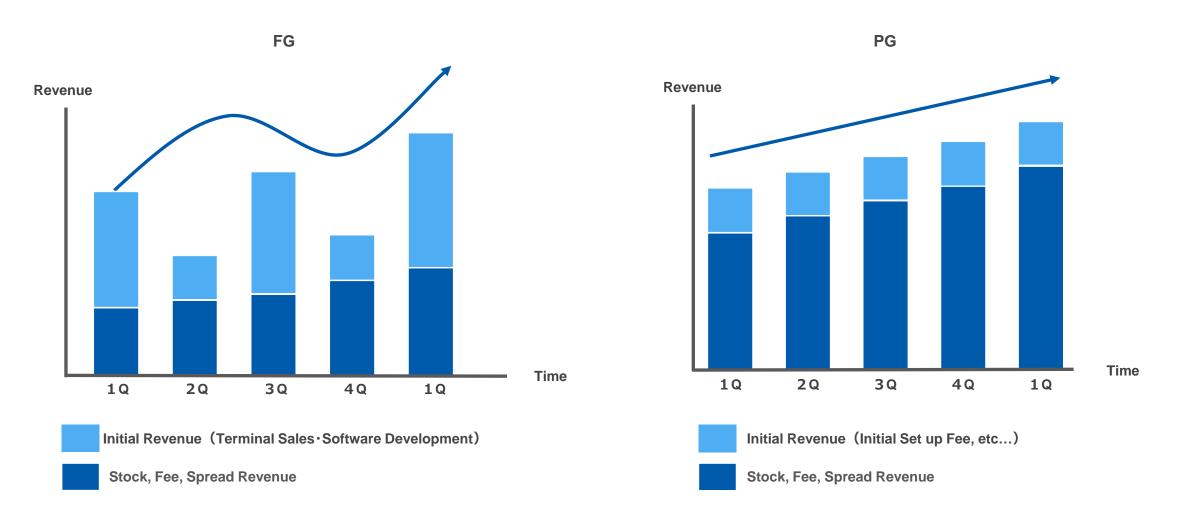
### **GMO-FG** is focusing on offline payment.



- Physical hardware network
- Proprietary programming code specifications
- Regulation

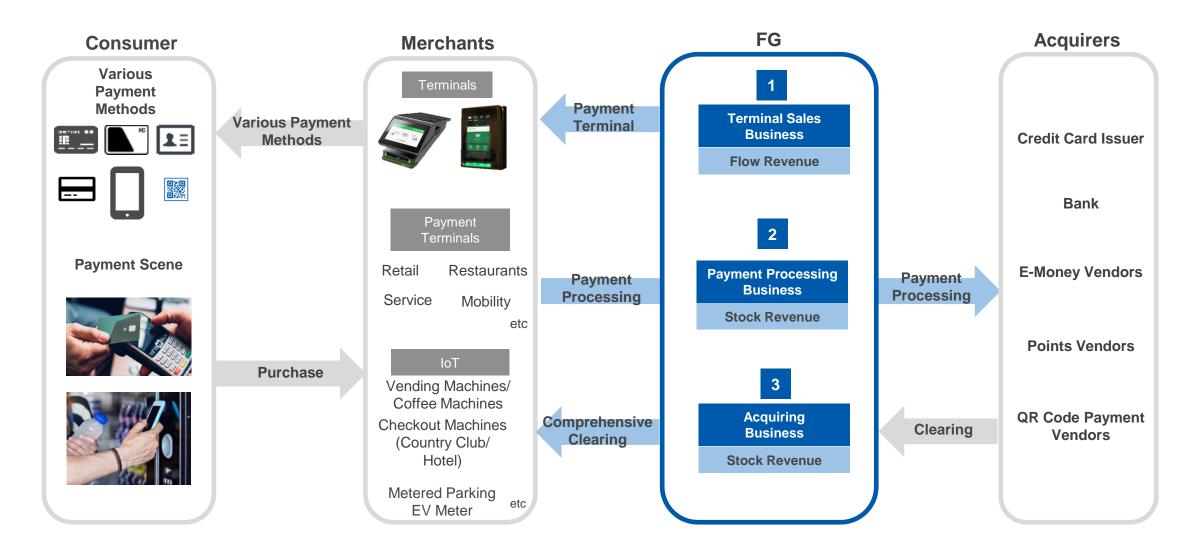


Initial revenue in offline payment is tend to be fluctuate because of its seasonality of terminal delivery.



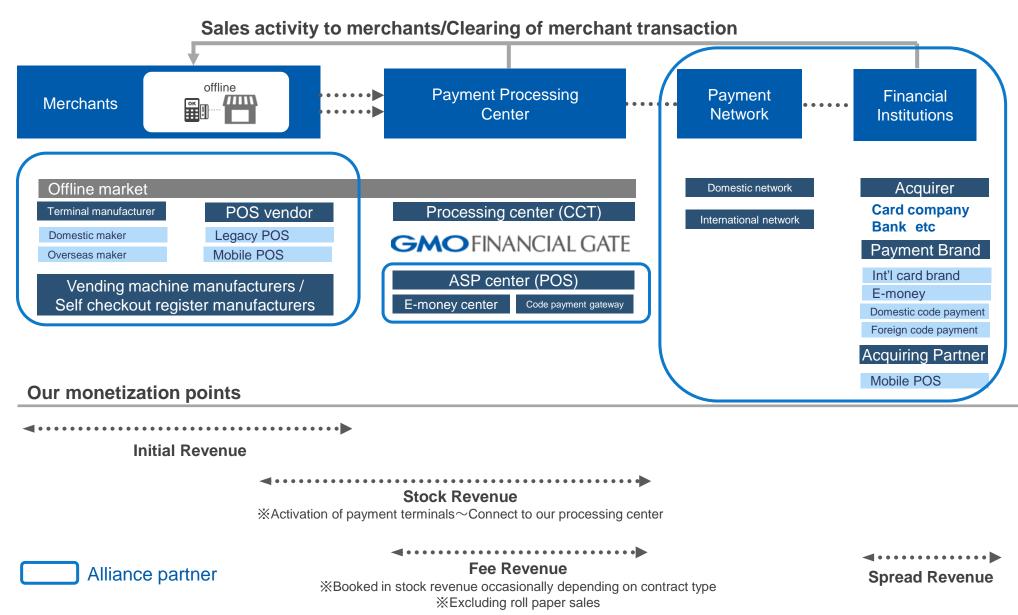


One-stop platform covering all settlement processes between merchants and acquirers.

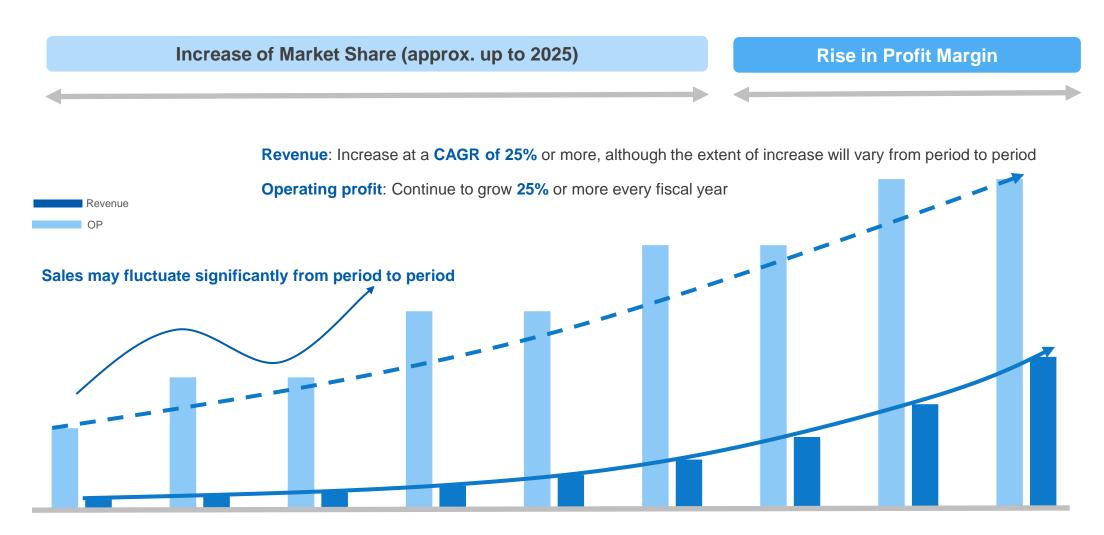


Stock revenue grows with flow model revenue which is mainly coming form the sales of payment terminals.

| Revenue Model   | 3 Business                | 4 Types of Revenue | %<br>(FY2023 Q1) |
|-----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Flow Model Rev  | ① Terminal Sales Business | Initial            | 67.9%            |
| Stock Model Rev | 2 Payment                 | Stock              | 8.0%             |
|                 | Processing<br>Business    | Fee                | 15.9%            |
|                 | 3 Acquiring Business      | Spread             | 8.2%             |

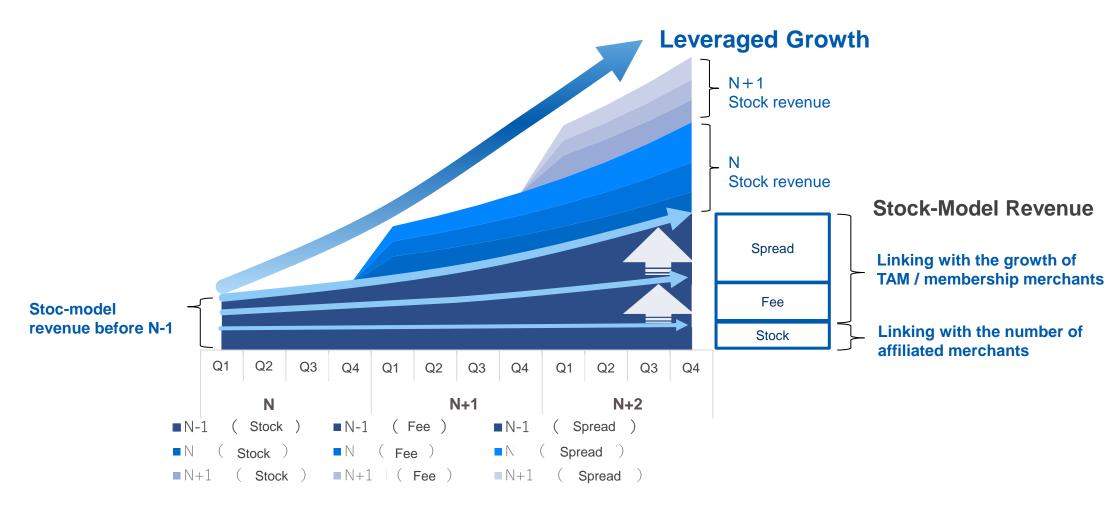


Phase1: Focus on sales/activation of payment terminals and revenue will be fluctuated. Phase2: Expansion of Stock-Model revenue.





Fee and spread revenue are expanding with the market /growth in membership merchants.



| Initial                              | Content                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Rev Model                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Payment terminal sales               | This is a sales revenue of payment terminals from merchants or credit card companies. All of first, we purchase hardware from manufactures. And confirm certain measures of payment methods that each merchant needs to accept. Then make these methods to connect to our processing center (Occasionally, we put some customization to these terminals) | <ul> <li>Terminal Selling Price × Units Sold</li> <li>✓ There're around 10 types of terminals</li> <li>✓ Price range is from about ¥20K up to ¥100K</li> </ul>  |
| Software development                 | It is a type of development that meets customers needs such as widening acceptable payment measures and adding point-payment functionality                                                                                                                                                                                                               | <ul> <li>No. of Deals × Ordered value</li> <li>✓ Since software development is tailor made type revenue, deal size and margin vary from time to time</li> </ul> |
| Stock                                | Content                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Rev Model                                                                                                                                                       |
| Data sharing                         | It is a service that provides merchants with their daily sales data that go through our processing center. We charge it as monthly fixed fee                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Points&QR                            | It is a service to add point/QR payment app to the terminals merchants have. We charge it as monthly fixed fee                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Rental<br>(Mobile terminal)          | It is a service to rent mobile type terminals that enable merchants to use them in wireless setting. We charge it as monthly fixed fee                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | <ul> <li>No. of contracts × Service Price</li> <li>✓ Service price is around ¥500 to ¥1K per terminal per month</li> </ul>                                      |
| Mobile SIM                           | It is a SIM card fee to use mobile type terminals. We charge it as monthly fixed fee                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Processing (Monthly fixed fee model) | It is a processing fee based on monthly fixed rate *Basically, it is defined as "Fee" revenue when it comes to the case we charge as Pay As You Go billing, not fixed rate                                                                                                                                                                               | <ul> <li>No. of contracts × Monthly Fixed Fee</li> <li>✓ Monthly fixed fee will vary depending on the size of contract etc</li> </ul>                           |

Generally, the economics of services above vary depend on merchants. And there are services that some merchants do not apply



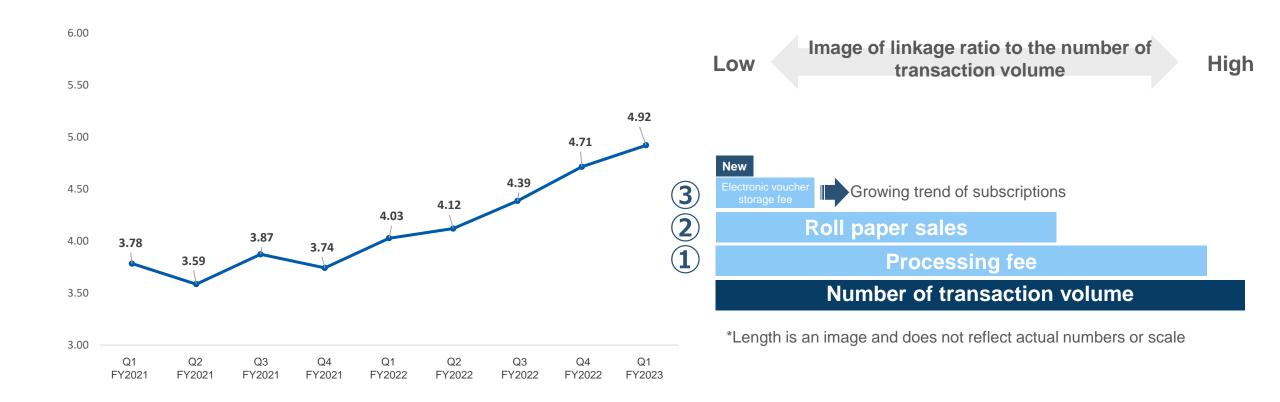
| Fee                                  | Content                                                                                                                                   | Rev Model                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Processing                           | It is a fee we charge toward monthly transaction volume based on the rate per transaction                                                 | <ul> <li>TRX Volume × Processing Fee</li> <li>✓ Processing fee is about ¥2 to ¥3 per transaction</li> </ul>                                                     |
| Sales of roll paper                  | This is a sales of roll paper that is used with payment terminals at stores                                                               | <ul> <li>No. of Order × Price of Roll Paper</li> <li>✓ The price range of roll paper is about ¥130 to ¥200.</li> </ul>                                          |
| Electronic storage of sales receipts | Optional service to store vouchers electronically, sales to be billed based on the number of payment transactions subject to the contract | <ul> <li>Number of settlement<br/>processes subject to contract x<br/>unit processing fee</li> <li>✓ Unit processing fee is about ¥1 per transaction</li> </ul> |

| Spread                       | content                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Rev Model                                                      |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Acquiring (Settlement agent) | We charge spread fee ( $\alpha$ ) towards clearing amount to merchants<br>We received indicator rate (N) from acquirers, then we acquire merchants instead of acquirers with the new rate (N+ $\alpha$ =merchant fee) | GMV of Agent Contract  × Spread fee we charge (about 0.3~0.4%) |



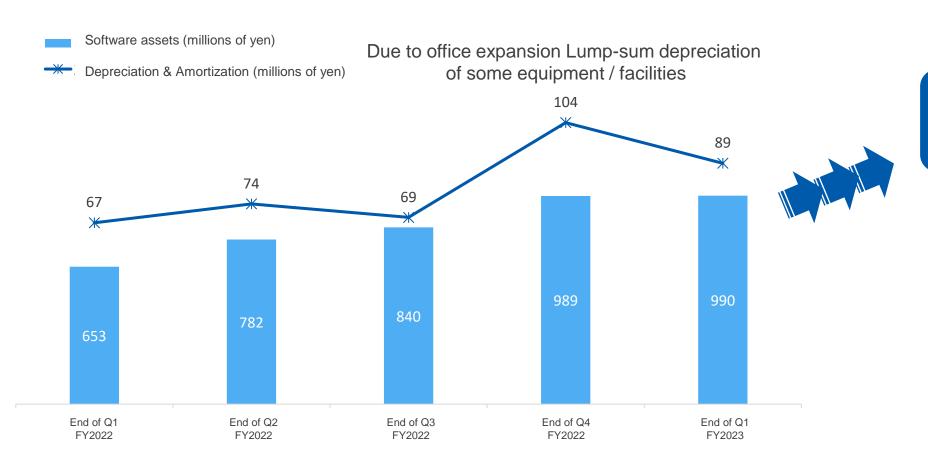
Strengthening electronic slip storage services in anticipation of a paperless society in the future. Although there is a possibility of offsetting paper roll sales in the future, currently it is a factor that increases the unit price of fee.

**■** Fee ARPU (Fee revenue divided by Transaction volume)



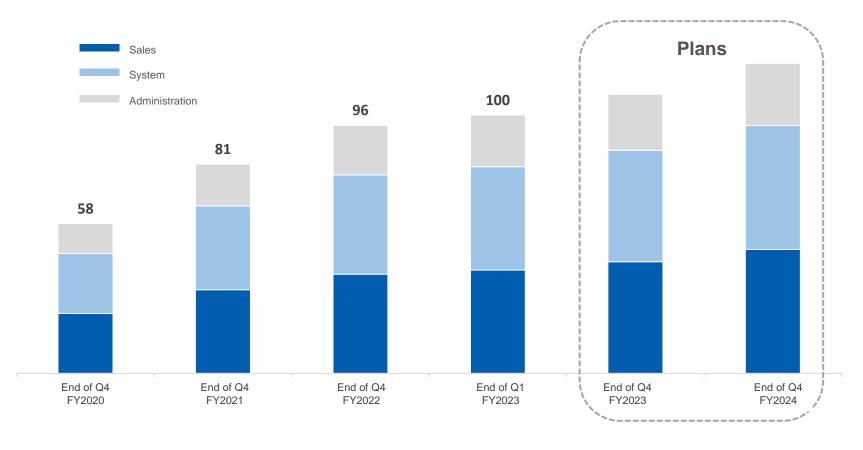


Assets, mainly software assets, increased due to the development investments for large merchants. Depreciation and amortization expenses are also on the rise, but will contribute to the expansion of stock-type revenues in the future.



Assuming accumulation through active investment for the future growth. Plans a net increase of 10 to 15 employees per fiscal year to achieve the management benchmarks. Assumed composition of work force is approximately 40% sales, 40% systems, and 20% administration.

# Plan to hire 10-15 people (consolidated basis) each fiscal year



# Sales:

Talents who can build alliances and promote solutions to merchants' issues.

# System:

Talents who can promote strategies to leverage digital technologies.

# **Administration:**

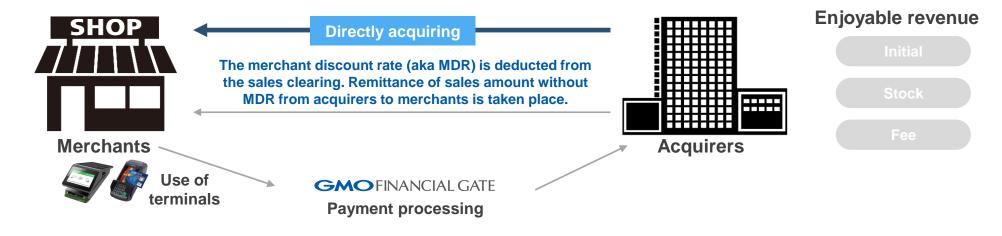
Talents who can promote the establishment of an advanced management system in line with business expansion.

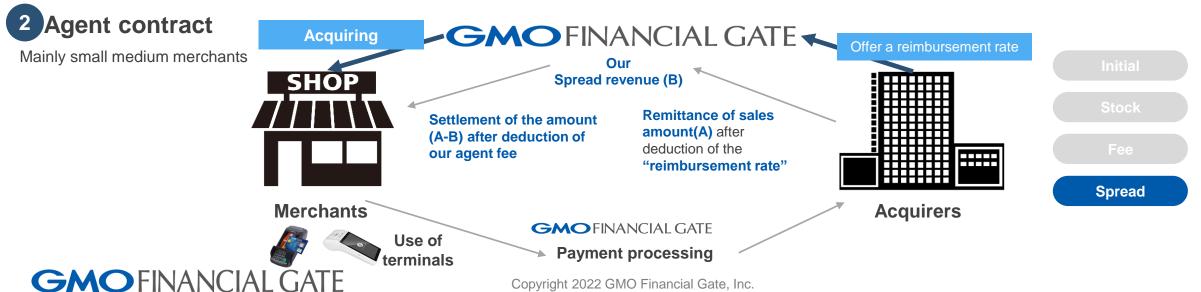


Our total GMV is the sum of 1 and 2 below. Spread revenue is generated only in the case of 2 Agent contract. Since 1 also contributes significantly to GMV, the linkage between total GMV and Spread revenue tends to decline.

Direct contract

Mainly large merchants





In addition to the increase in the number of active terminals, revenue opportunities for Stock revenue will increase, but the status of subscriptions to paid services will differ depending on the needs/demand of merchants.

# Terminals we are offering





**Mobile Model** 



**Embedded Model** 



**POS Model** 



# Merchants (Acquisition opportunity image of Stock revenue)



Stock Revenue



Non-Stock Revenue



merchant A





The status of subscriptions to paid services that contribute to Stock revenue varies depending on the type of merchants and terminals

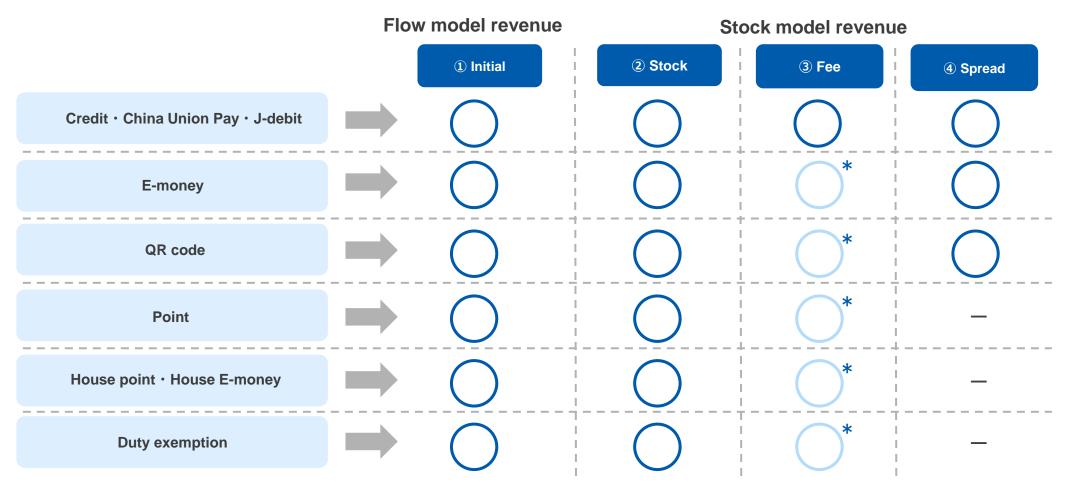








We operate different business models according to payment method as a cashless platformer. Growth in each payment method contributes to our growth as well.



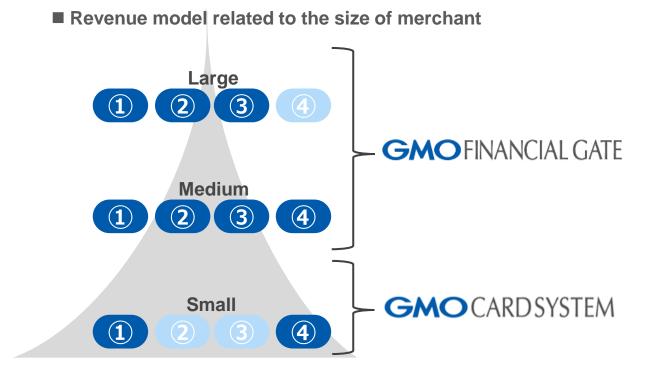
\*There is no "processing fee" that constitutes Fee revenue because the transaction is not processed at our processing center, but the paper rolls consumed in conjunction with the transaction contribute to the increase of Fee revenue.



We mainly acquire medium- to large-sized merchants through alliances with major financial institutions. We mainly acquire small merchants (=long tail segment) through our subsidiaries.

■ Four types of revenue model

| 1 Initial | Terminal sales, Software development, Initial registration fee, etc |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ② Stock   | Monthly recurring revenue, communication fee of terminals, etc      |
| 3 Fee     | Processing revenue related to TRX volume, Receipt paper sales, etc  |
| 4 Spread  | Commission fee based on TRX value                                   |

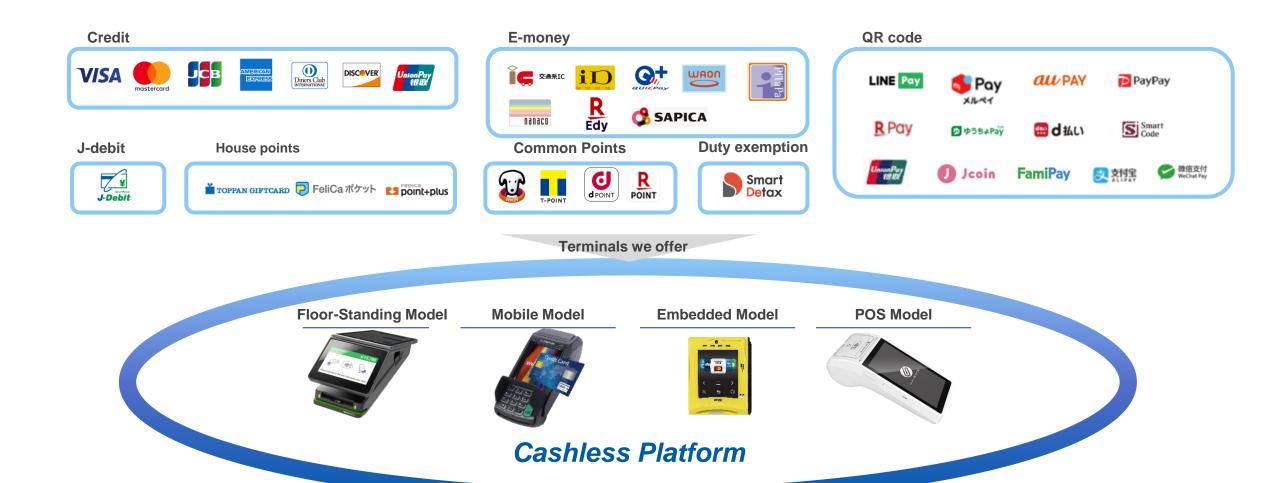




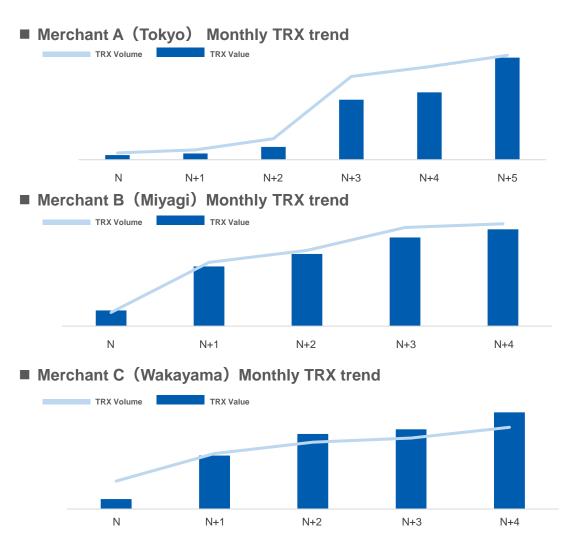
: Main revenue stream

: Realization of the revenue varies from contract to contract

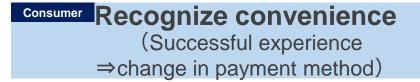
Meeting customer needs through enhanced credit payment functions and alliances with QR / points vendors.

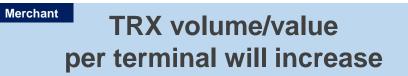


TRX volume & value tend to go up in a few months to six months after the merchants introduced cashless payment for the first time.



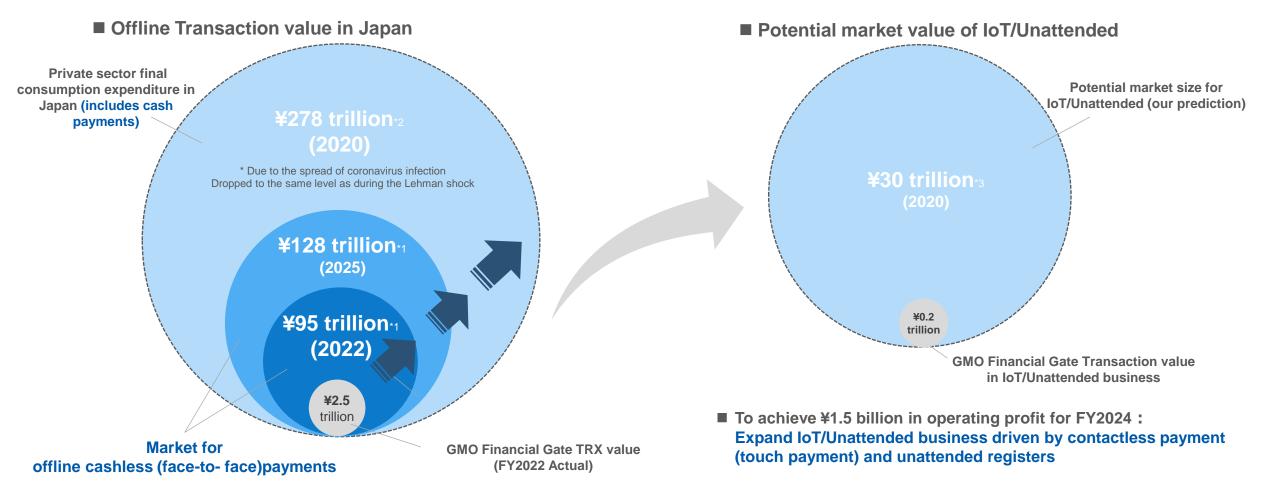






Stock-Model revenue will increase

Transaction Value of cashless (face-to-face) payment is expanding rapidly, as the value of IoT / Unattended.



<sup>(\*1)</sup> Source: Cashless Roadmap 2019, PAYMENTS JAPAN; Current Status and Future Forecasts for Online Payment Service Providers, 2018, Yano Research Institute Ltd.

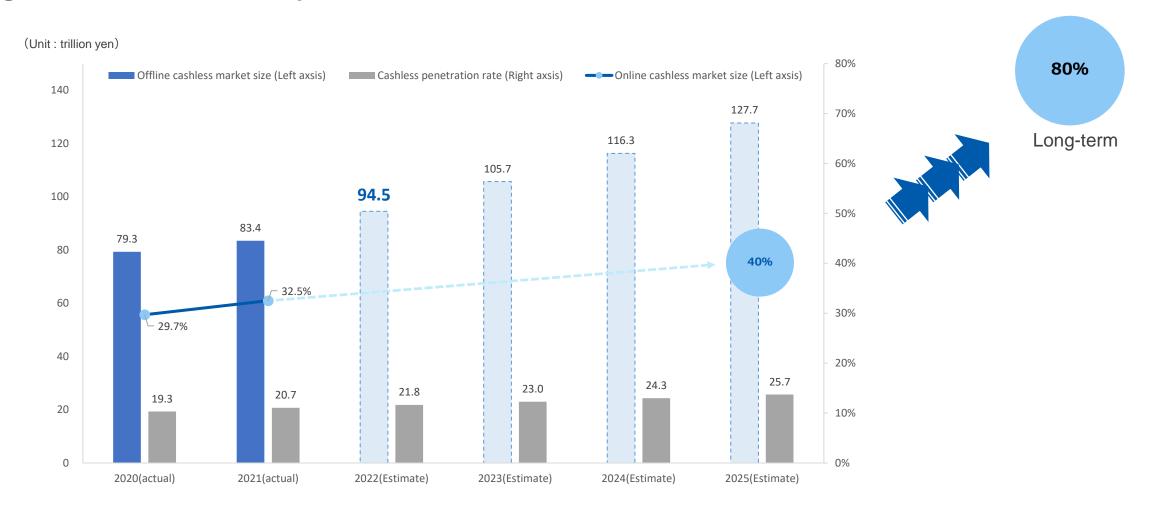
<sup>(\*4)</sup> Source: Japan Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry



<sup>(\*2)</sup> Source: Cabinet Office, Government of Japan

<sup>(\*3)</sup> GMO Financial Gate internal forecast based on statistical data published by the Cabinet Office, Government of Japan, the Japan Vending System Manufacturers Association, and the Japan Parking Business Association

The market for offline cashless payments is currently ¥92 trillion, six times larger than the online market. Cashless penetration is expected to rise to as much as 80%, driven by government-led cashless policies.



Source: Cashless Roadmap 2019, PAYMENTS JAPAN; Yano Research Institute Ltd.



Even in an environment of significant growth in the proportion of QR codes, transaction value and volume of credit continue to grow.

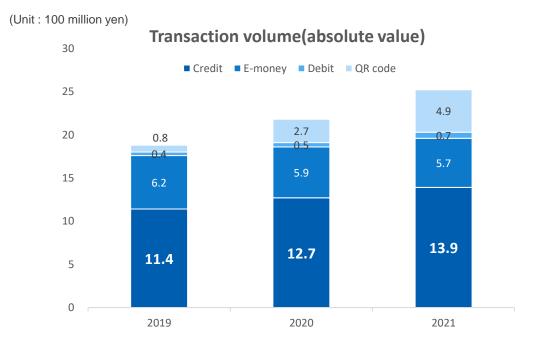
# **Transaction Value**

| Composition | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Credit      | 89.7% | 86.8% | 85.3% |
| Debit       | 2.1%  | 2.5%  | 2.8%  |
| E-money     | 7.0%  | 7.0%  | 6.3%  |
| QR code     | 1.2%  | 3.7%  | 5.6%  |

# (Unit: trillion yen) **Transaction value** 120 E-money Debit QR code 100 3.2 6.1 80 60 81.4 40 74.9 73.8 20 0 2020 2021 2019

# **Transaction Volume**

| Composition | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Credit      | 60.7% | 58.2% | 55.3% |
| Debit       | 1.8%  | 2.3%  | 2.5%  |
| E-money     | 33.1% | 27.1% | 22.8% |
| QR code     | 4.3%  | 12.4% | 19.4% |



Source: Cashless Roadmap 2022, Cabinet Office of Japan



The number of terminals is expected to be equal to or greater than the market for payment terminals in real stores. Unattended market (= general term for vending/service machine market) is expected to expand further due to changes in the external environment such as a decrease in the working population.

# Unattended Goods/ commodities Market

4.5 million

**Tickets** 



sweet treats

Self-checkout machine (Golf/Hotel)

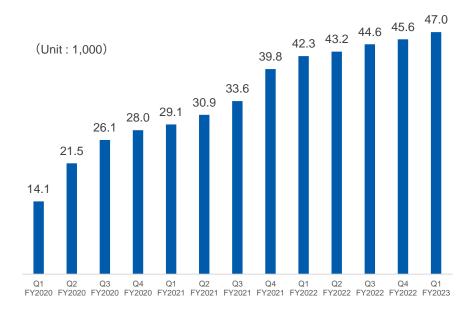


Push factors associated with changes in the external environment

- **Declining workforce**
- Labor-saving support
- · Obtaining inbound demand
- · Retailers moving into offices
- Revision of the Pro-Sales Act
- COVID-19

# ■ No of active IoT terminals

IoT terminal sales in Q1 were strong with a net increase in active terminal QoQ (+1,400 units) IoT terminals sales are piling up every quarter. Aiming for further acceleration in the future



Offline 4 million Market

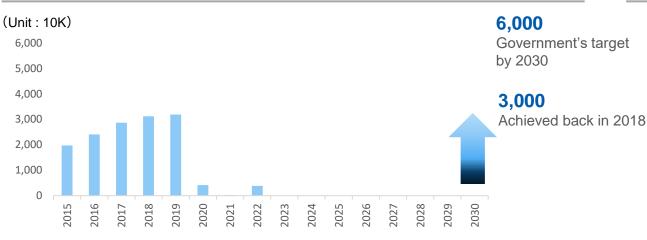


Source: The Japan Vending System Manufacturers Association, Japan Ministry of Health Labor and Welfare, Yano Research Institute Ltd.

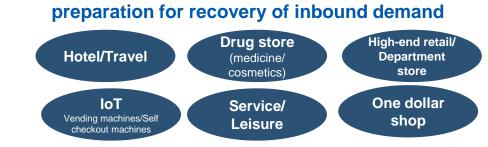
# Trends in the number of foreign visitors to Japan

The number of foreign visitors to Japan decreased sharply due to the COVID, but we are also focusing on preparations for a recovery in demand.

Number of visiting foreigners (annually)



Our inbound-related industry merchants



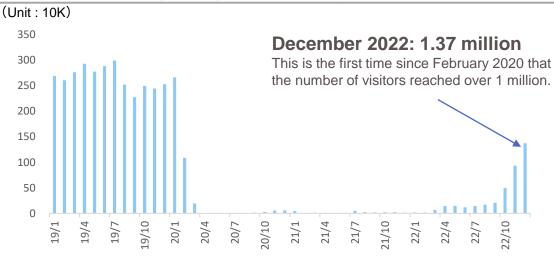
Aggressively cultivate merchants in related industries in

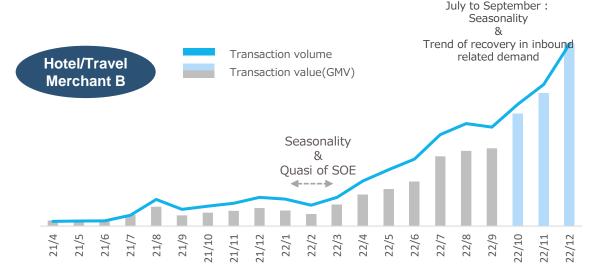
Electronics
chain-retailers

Medical /
Clinic

Public
transportation
(Train/bus etc.)

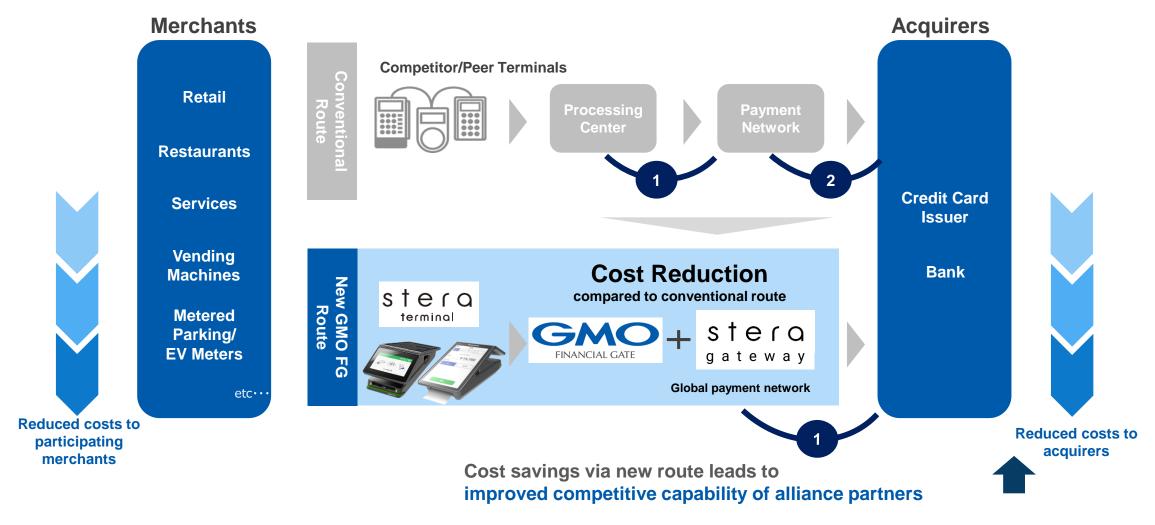
# Number of visiting foreigners (Monthly)





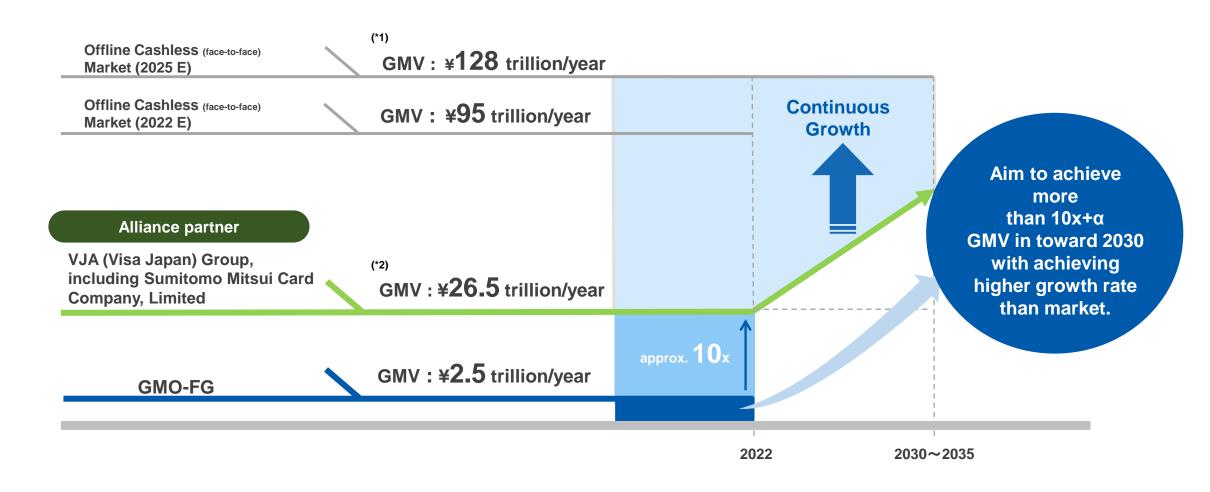


We created a new payment processing route with alliance partners. This route increases GMV, as the route reduces costs to participating merchants and acquirers.





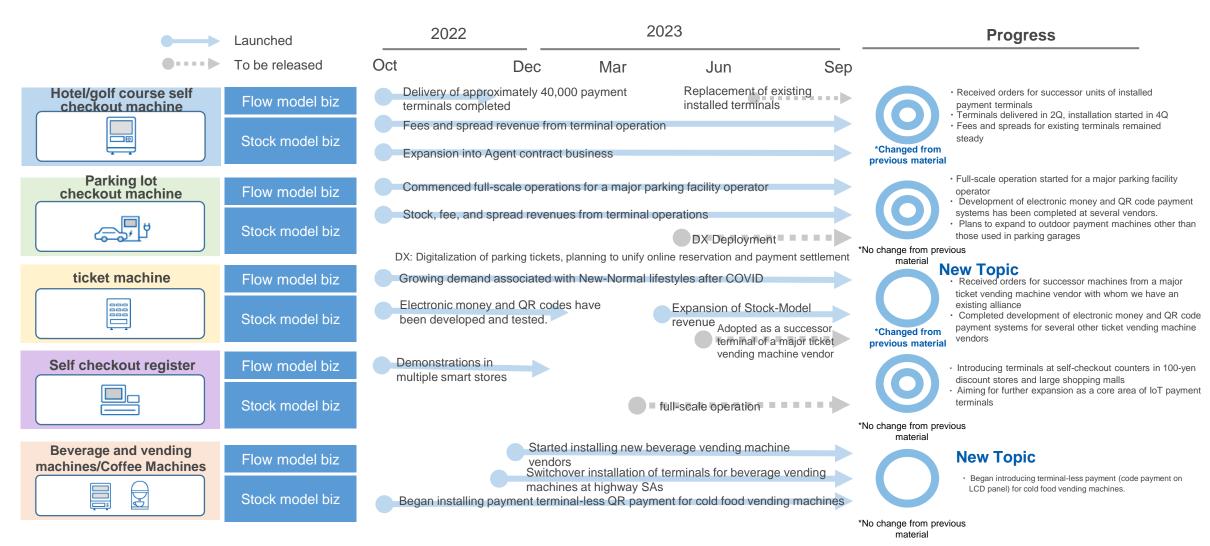
Maximize GMV through a new processing network and by pursuing B-to-B alliances.



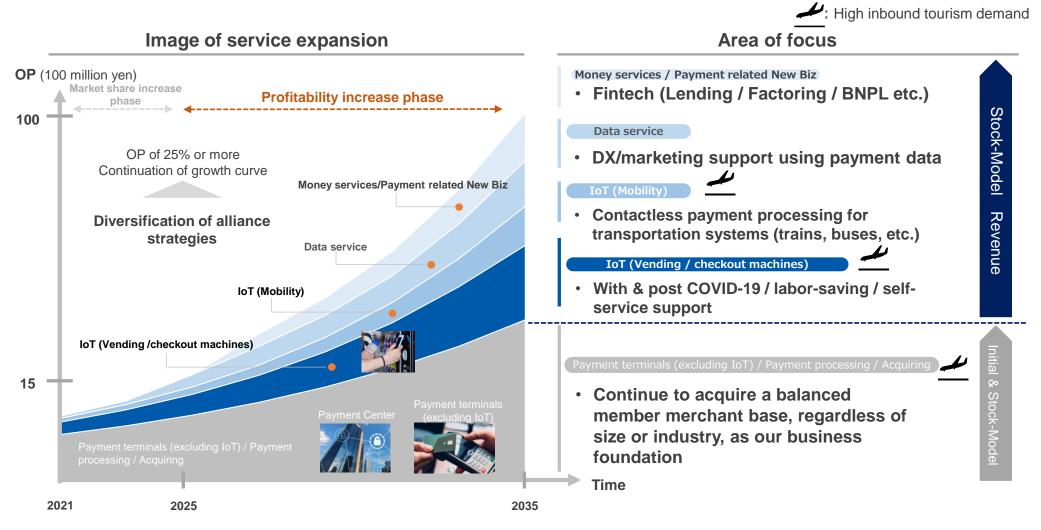
<sup>(\*1)</sup> Source: Cashless Roadmap 2019, PAYMENTS JAPAN; Current Status and Future Forecasts for Online Payment Service Providers, 2018, Yano Research Institute Ltd. (\*2) Source: VJA



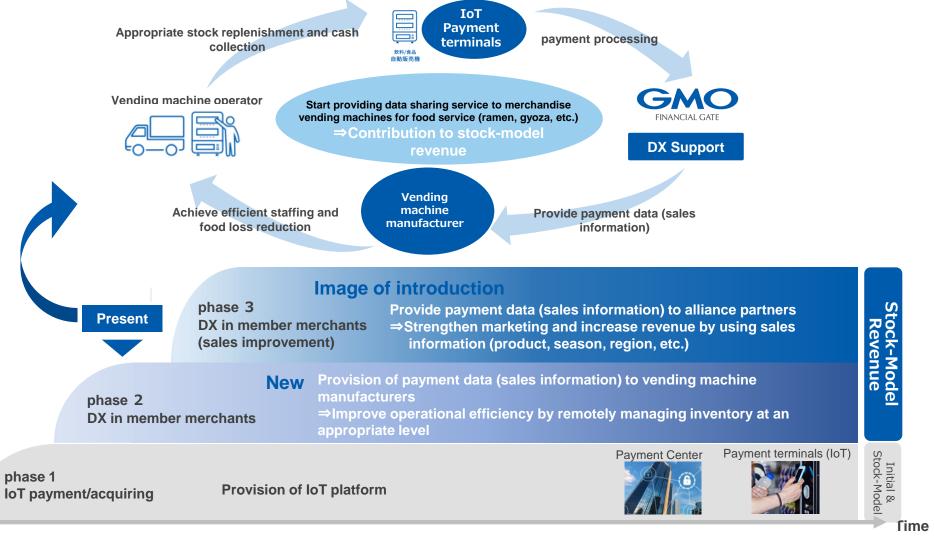
Strengthening alliances in the unmanned terminal (IoT) field in response to the trend toward manpower savingPromoting various projects with an eye on future data monetization



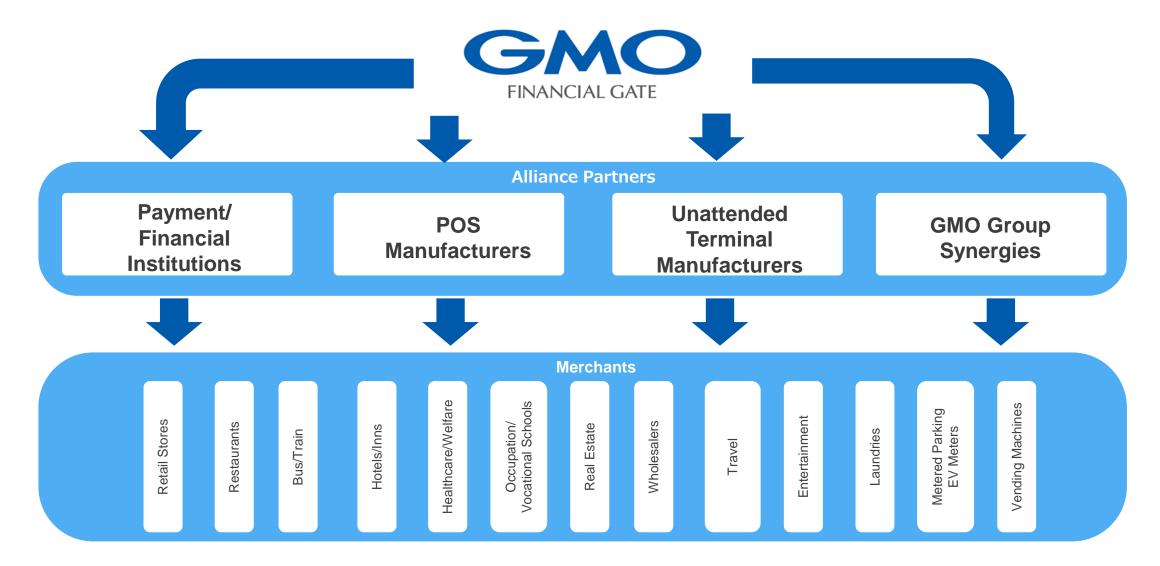
For 2025 and beyond, we aim to grow stock-model revenue in the payment-related field. Aim at a continuous 25% growth in OP through business diversification.



Started providing payment data service for merchandise vending machines, contributing to stock-model revenue. Supporting merchants' operational efficiency improvement and sophistication (DX) using data.



Working with alliance partners allows us to secure participating merchants consistently and steadily.



# **Unique Positioning**

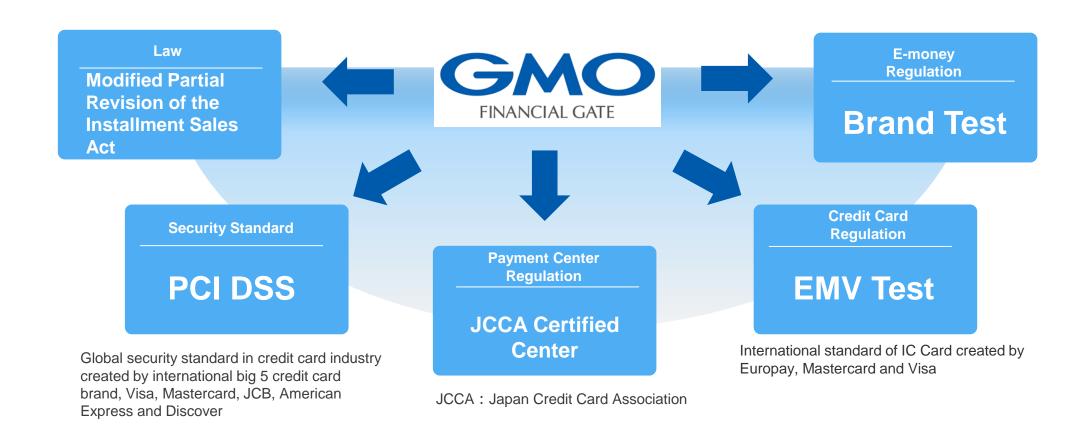
End-to-end solutions via one-stop platform allows us to create alliances with many players in the market.

■ Solutions in Offline Payment Market Adaptation of Customization Payment Clearing/ Maintenance/ **Terminal** Top-End POS (Customize Payment Processing Settlement Adjustment Support Methods) Register Models FG N Leading payment network player R Major operating company Using their own registers only P Leading payment vendor

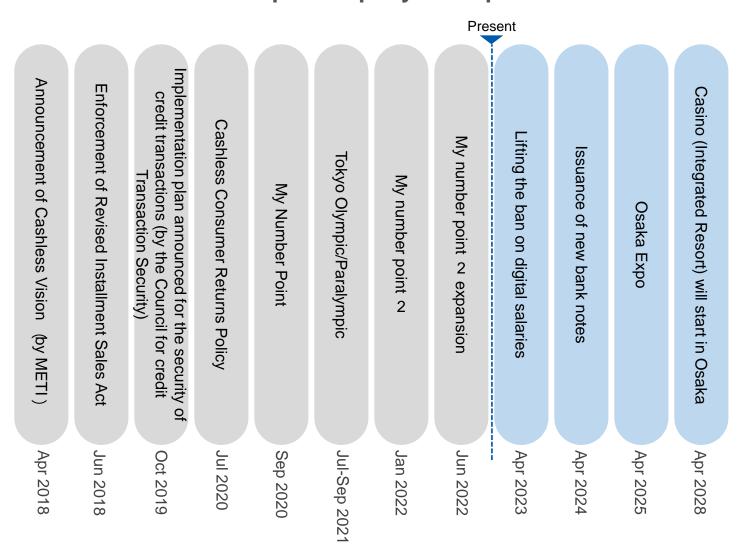


# Barriers to Entry (Regulations to be Followed)

Many kinds of regulations exist in the face-to-face payment market depending on the payment method, and the number of regulations are increasing. As payment methods become more diversified, the barriers to entry become more challenging.



METI announced its Cashless Vision policy to encourage cashless payments. We expect the Japanese cashless market to expand rapidly in response.



# Impact on our business

Increasing demand for cashless terminals as merchants are obligated to use credit card IC Expanding demand for cashless terminals as merchants become obligated to use credit card IC

Consumer redemption projects have resulted in Increase in the amount of payments processed

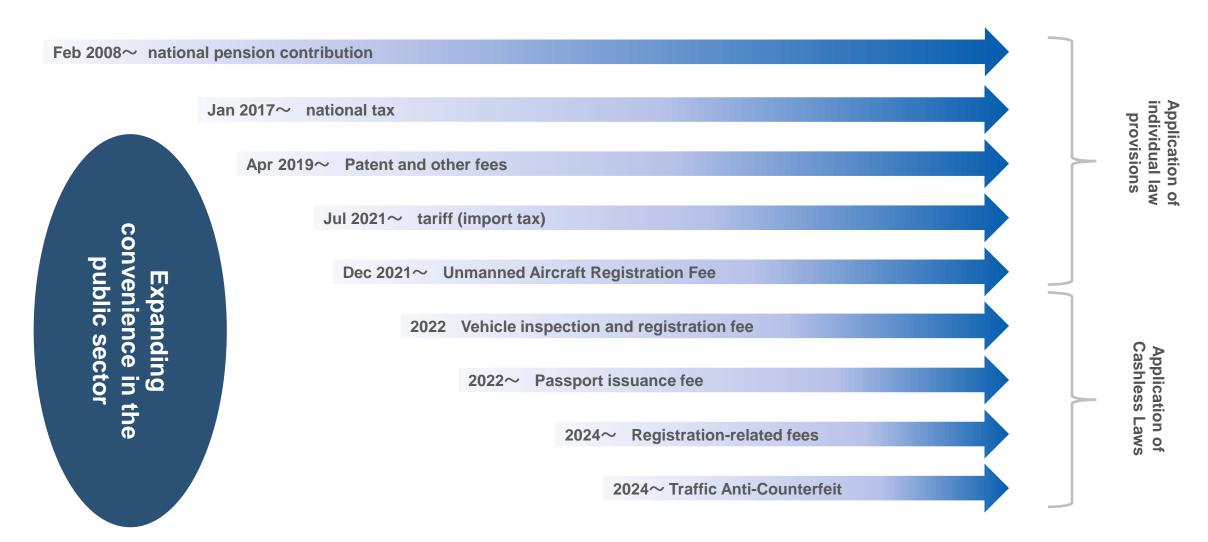
With/after COVID, the Expanding Contactless and IoT Payment Needs

Inbound Demand Leads to Expanding need for cashless payment terminalsExpansion of mobility payment needs

In line with the cost of adapting to the new banknotes Stimulus to introduce cashless payment terminals

Expanding needs for small payments due to the spread of terminal-less payment taps to pay/phones

The "Cashless Law" will go into effect in November 2022. Expansion of areas where payment can be made by credit card.

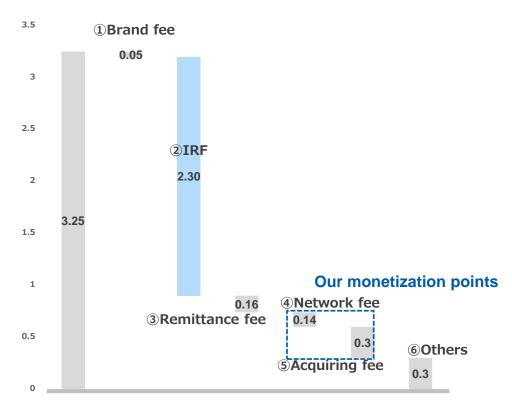


In response to a request from the Japan Fair Trade Commission, Visa, Mastercard, and UnionPay announced their intention to disclose their interchange fee rates by the end of November.

### METI requires fee among credit card companies Fee among credit card companies is actually paid by merchants Brand fee 0.05% Brand fee 0.2% Internation al Brands Fee among card companies (Interchange fee) 2.3% Card Card Billing company company (Acquiring) (Issuing) Reimbursina Merchant fee 3.25% Payment Billina Reimbursing Billina Rate in longtail could be higher than this Goods/Service **Merchants** Consumers

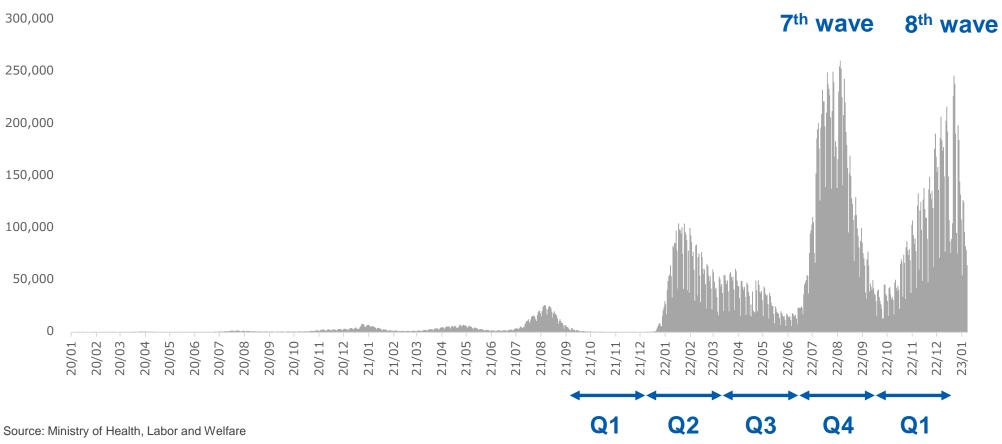
# **Breakdown of MDR**

(model case: AOV ¥5K SME merchant)



High level of infected cases observed in the 8th Wave, but movement toward normalization of economic activity continues.

# Number of new cases of COVID-19 infection



Government policy to change designation from "Category ∾" to "Category 5

Implemented various measures to prepare for future handset-less payments. Strengthening Initiatives in the Mobility Domain and Beverage Vending Machines

### **Status of Our Efforts**

## **Tap to Phone**

### Dec 2021~

Started handling touch settlement of JCB at Nagaden-bus





# Dec 2020~

Launched handset-less NFC-touch payment service with Soft Space



# NFC tagging touch payment

### Launched in FY2022

Aiming to provide services with major food manufacturers







Automatic connection to the internet by holding a smartphone



Select product

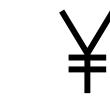
# NFC tag on vending machines Terminal-less











Settlement completed

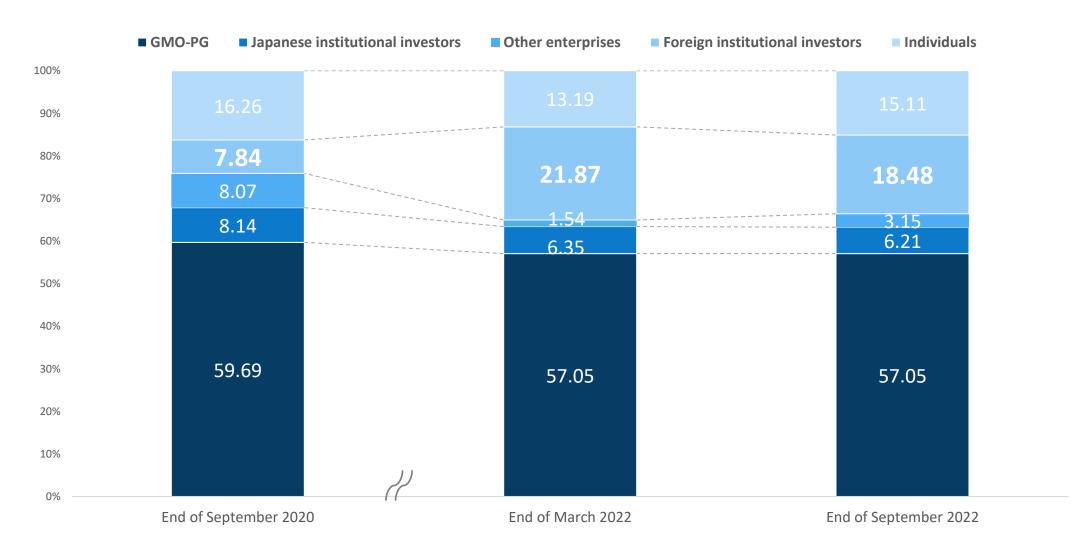


Pay with biometrics (Apple Pay, Google Pay)

**High Security** 

Tap to Phone: Mobile payment service where merchants do not need to prepare cash registers and terminals for payments, and NFC-enabled devices can be used as payment reception terminals. NFC: An abbreviation for Near Field Communication, a communication standard that can be communicated using contactless IC chips and simply by holding them over. NFC tag: Tags that allow NFC-enabled devices and devices to perform various operations simply by holding up an NFC-enabled smartphone.







| Department in charge | Content                                                                                                     |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Whole                | VDI (virtual desktop) implementation for enhanced security                                                  |
| Whole                | Integrated operation of scheduling, internal portal, workflow, attendance system, and expense reimbursement |
| Whole                | Paperless by promoting the introduction of electronic signatures                                            |
| Legal                | Automated credit management operations by introducing RPA. Reduction of workload by up to 4 days per month  |
| Accounting           | Systematization of payment operations, electronic storage of receipts and other evidence                    |
| HR                   | Centralized management of human resource systems through the introduction of a new system                   |

GMO-FG Cashless Platform

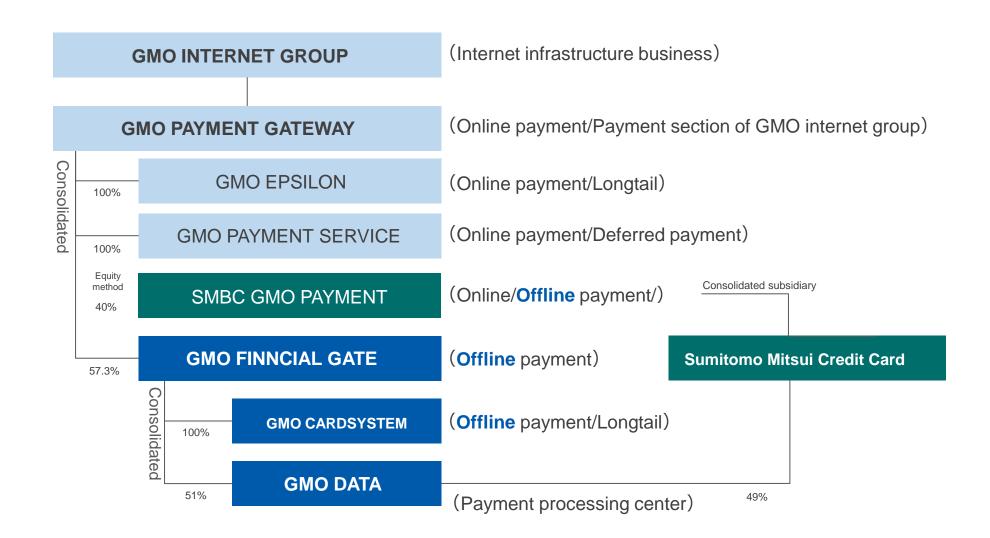


Full compliance with PCI DSS for services providing



**Continued to obtain Privacy Mark certification** 

GMO-FG serves in offline face to face payment market as a consolidated subsidiary of GMO-PG.





■ Company GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth Ticker:4051)

■ Foundation September 1999

■ Address Humax Shibuya Building 7F, Shibuya Dogenzaka 1-14-6, Tokyo

■ Stock Capital ¥1,618 Million(end of December 2022)

■ Major Shareholder GMO Payment Gateway, Inc.

■ Board Member Representative Director, President Kentaro Sugiyama

Director Akio Aoyama (Sales Division Executive Manager)

Director Tomonaga Fukuda (System Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomoki Tamai (Administrative Division Executive Manager)

Director Tatsuya Koide (GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. Chief Managing Executive Officer)

External Director Nao Shimamura External Director Rie Asayama

External Auditor Takayoshi Nagasawa

External Auditor Satoru Ozawa

Auditor Takashi linuma (CPA)

■ Auditing Firm Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC

■ Subsidiary GMO CARD SYSTEM, Inc. shareholding ratio:100% GMO CARD SYSTEM

GMO DATA, Inc. shareholding ratio: 51.0% (Mitsui Card Company, Limited:49.0%) GMO DATA

■ Business Cashless payment infrastructure service (credit card, debit card, e-money etc.)



Floor-Standing Model



**Mobile Model** 



**Embedded Model** 



**POS Model** 

(As of February 14, 2023)



# Thank you GMOFINANCIAL GATE

GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth 4051)

IR Web site URL https://www.gmo-fg.com/ir/

