

1. Summary of Business Results for the 117th Fiscal Year Ending Dec 2022

Feb 14th, 2023 Nittoseiko Co., Ltd. (Issue code: Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime 5957)







Selected as a
Health
Management
Brand for the
second
consecutive year.

March 2022: Selected as a Nadeshiko Brand for the first time.

Financial Highlights 117th Fiscal Year Ending Dec 2022 (Consolidated)

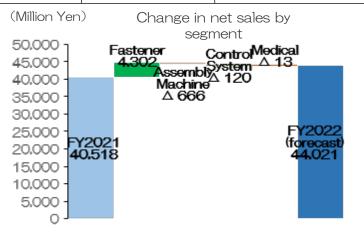


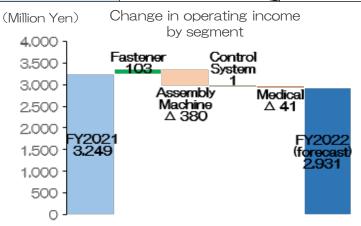
Unit: Million yen / %	Year end 20		Year ending Dec 2022		YoY comparison		Year ending Dec 2022 Compared to forecast (as of Nov. 11, 2022)		
	Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount change	% Change	Forecast amount	Amount change	% Change
Net sales	40,518	100.0	44,021	100.0	3,502	8.6	42,500	1,521	3.6
Gross profit	10,285	25.4	10,377	23.6	91	0.9			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	7,035	17.4	7,445	16.9	409	5.8			
Operating income	3,249	8.0	2,931	6.7	∆317	∆9.8	3,400	△468	△13.8
Ordinary income	3,487	8.6	3,235	7.3	△252	△7.2	3,500	△264	△7.6
Net income for current period before income taxes	3,606	8.9	3,194	7.3	△412	△11.4			
Net income attributed to shareholders of the parent company	2,200	5.4	1,828	4.2	∆371	Δ16.9	2,200	∆371	∆16.9
Net income per share (yen)	59.63		49.50				59.54		

- ●KM Seiko Co., Ltd. and Pinning Co., Ltd., which became subsidiaries last April, contributed to sales expansion and the Company achieved record-high sales for the second quarter in a row despite the impact of production adjustments in the automobile-related industry, a major sales destination.
- Profit decreased YoY due to the impact of soaring energy and raw material prices and parts shortages, as well as lower sales resulting from the postponement and freezing of capital investment in the industrial machinery business, which had been driving results.
- Overseas, production generally recovered despite a partial impact of the lockdown in China. The weak yen also contributed to higher sales.

Net Sales and Operating Income by Segment (Consolidated) NITTOSTIKO

(Unit: Million yen / %)		Year ending Dec	Year ending Dec	YoY con	nparison
(Unit. Willion yen /	7 0)	2021	2022	Amount change	% Change
	Net sales	27,896	32,199	4,302	15.4
Fastener	Operating income	1,545	1,648	103	6.7
	Profit ratio	5.5	5.1		
	Net sales	7,182	6,515	△666	Δ9.3
Assembly Machine	Operating income	1,608	1,227	∆380	△23.7
	Profit ratio	22.4	18.8		
	Net sales	5,416	5,296	△120	Δ2.2
Control System	Operating income	156	157	1	0.7
	Profit ratio	2.9	3.0		
	Net sales	23	10	△13	△56.1
Medical	Operating income	△61	Δ102	△41	_
	Profit ratio	△256.3	△976.2		





Overview of results by segment - Fastener Division



Unit: Mil yen/ %		Year ending Dec 2021	Year ending Dec 2022	YOY cor	nparison
		Amount	Amount	Amount	% Change
Ne	t sales	27,896	32,199	4,302	15.4
	Automobile	10,287	11,417	1,129	11.0
	Housing and construction	4,752	6,927	2,174	45.8
	Electrical and electronic parts	4,971	5,192	220	4.4
	Household goods	2,825	2,776	∆49	△1.7
	IT and digital equipment	1,232	1,603	371	30.1
	Precision equipment	1,080	1,143	62	5.8
	Medical	349	324	∆25	△7.2
	Energy sector	131	165	33	25.4
	Others	2,269	2,652	384	16.9
Or	perating Income	1,545	1,648	103	6.7

[•] In addition to sales addition from M&A of KM Seiko Co., Ltd. and Pinning Co., Ltd., demand related to EVs, which remains strong, and increased demand in Malaysia and Indonesia from plant expansion contributed to higher sales and profit.

◆Automobile

- In EV-related products, demand for key products such as GIZA TITE and CP GRIP increased, and sales of ALUMITITE and gear parts were also strong. In addition, sales of nuts and other products increased due to the acquisition of K.M. Seiko Co., Ltd., as well as contributions from Indonesia.
- ◆Housing and construction
- Sales increased significantly due to the addition of sales of drill screws by K.M. Seiko Co., Ltd. and sales by Kyoei Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
- ◆Electrical and electronic parts
- Despite production cutbacks due to the shortage of semiconductors, demand for CP GRIP and GIZA TITE, etc., for anticontamination screws remained strong.
- ◆Household goods
- The game machine market remained flat despite a decrease in production caused by a shortage of semiconductors, due to an increase in demand for high value-added products such as precision screws.



Unit: Mil yen/ %		Year ending Dec 2021	Year ending Dec 2022	YOY cor	nparison
		Amount	Amount	Amount	% Change
N	et sales	7,182	6,515	△666	∆9.3
	Automobile	4,293	3,890	△403	∆9.4
	Electrical and electronic parts	924	789	△134	△14.5
	Energy sector	634	327	∆306	△48.4
	IT and digital equipment	139	147	8	5.9
	Housing and construction	314	135	△179	△57.2
	Game machines	54	64	10	20.2
	Household goods	61	33	∆28	△46.3
	Medical	6	3	Δ3	△43.0
	Others	757	1,127	369	48.9
0	perating income	1,608	1,227	∆380	△23.7

- Both sales and profit declined due to the significant impact of a freeze on capital investment by customers in the automotive and other industries that are experiencing a shortage of semiconductors.
- The Company will launch new labor saving and environmentally friendly products and strengthen its sales expansion framework to increase sales and generate profits.

◆Automobile

- Although inquiries for CASE- and EV-related screw tightening equipment remained strong, investment was weak due to modest capital investment affected by the prolonged global semiconductor shortage and partial plant shutdowns
- ◆Electrical and electronic parts
- Although demand for semiconductor equipment continues from last year, this year's demand from major users is more limited than last year's investment. As a result, sales is down significantly YoY. However, it is above the level of the year before last.
- ◆Energy sector
- Sales declined significantly from the previous quarter in reaction to last year's special demand, but exceeded the level of the year before last.
- ◆IT and digital equipment
- Despite a sense of stagnation due to the shortage of semiconductors, demand related to telecommunication base stations, and smartphones remained strong.
- ◆Housing and construction
- Although inquiries for screw tightening robots and other products to reduce labor increased, sales were down significantly from the previous quarter.

Overview of Results by Segment - Control System Division NITTOSEIKO

Unit: Mil yen/ %		Year ending Dec 2021	Year ending Dec 2022	YOY cor	nparison
		Amount	Amount	Amount	% Change
Ne	t sales	5,416	5,296	△120	△2.2
	Chemical and pharmaceuticals	1,326	1,183	△142	△10.7
	Energy sector	1,164	853	∆310	△26.7
	Housing and construction	553	548	△4	△0.9
	Automobile	365	367	2	0.6
	Electrical and electronic parts	204	305	100	49.4
	Ship building	407	285	△122	△30.0
	Medical	24	134	109	456.1
	Others	1,373	1,621	248	18.1
Ор	erating income	156	157	1	0.7

- Both sales and profit declined due to the impact of production adjustments at demand destinations caused by the prolonged shortage of semiconductors.
- The Company will seek to regain its footing by strengthening overseas sales expansion of analytical instruments and other products.

- ◆Chemical and pharmaceuticals
- Although there is demand for analytical instruments and flowmeters, sales remain sluggish due to the shortage of semiconductors.
- ◆Energy sector
- Although there is demand for analytical instruments, sales remain sluggish due to the shortage of semiconductors.
- ◆Housing and construction
- Sales remained flat despite replacement demand for the Geokarte IV ground survey machine.
- **♦**Automobile
- Despite demand for equipment such as MISTOL, a parts inspection system that inspects the external dimensions
- of nuts and other parts, and analytical equipment from Nittoseiko Analytech Co., Ltd., sales remains flat compared to the previous quarter.
- ◆Electrical and electronic parts
- Significant increase due to strong demand for flowmeters and analytical instruments, despite the shortage of semiconductors.
- ◆Ship building
- Substantial YoY decline despite high demand for flow meters and other products due to marine transport related fuel efficiency performance regulations.



Unit: Mil yen/ %		Year ending Dec 2021	Year ending Dec 2022	YOY co	YOY comparison	
		Amount	Amount	Amount	% Change	
Ne	et sales	23	10	∆13	△56.1	
	Medical	23	10	∆13	△56.1	
	Others	_	_	_	_	
Or	perating income	△61	△102	△41	_	

◆Medical

- Although there were inquiries about FREELED, the adoption of the product did not materialize. The Company made cost reductions and other improvements to meet market needs and strengthened its sales expansion framework by exchanging information with distributors.
- For "biosoluble high-purity magnesium for medical use," the Company is proceeding with the development of an integrated manufacturing facility, production of samples for clinical trials, and performance tests, and is working on the early commercialization of the product with the aim of launching it in the market.

Balance Sheet 117th Fiscal Year Ending Dec 2022 (Consolidated) NITTOSEIKO

	Year ending Dec 2021		Year ending	g Dec 2022	YoY comparison		
Unit: Mil yen/ %	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	
Assets	·						
Total current assets	32,646	64.1	34,342	64.3	1,696	5.2	
Cash and deposits	11,415	22.4	9,098	17.0	△2,316	Δ20.3	
Notes, accounts receivable- trade, and electronically recorded receivables	12,084	23.7	13,986	26.2	1,902	15.7	
Inventories	7,926	15.6	10,081	18.9	2,155	27.2	
Total fixed assets	18,277	35.9	19,065	35.7	787	4.3	
Tangible Fixed Assets	13,092	25.7	14,085	26.4	993	7.6	
Intangible fixed assets	1,281	2.5	1,146	2.1	△134	△10.5	
Investments and other assets	3,904	7.7	3,833	7.2	△71	△1.8	
Total assets	50,924	100.0	53,408	100.0	2,484	4.9	
Liabilities							
Total current liabilities	13,675	26.9	14,601	27.3	926	6.8	
Notes and accounts payable- trade and electronically recorded liabilities	8,069	15.8	9,015	16.9	945	11.7	
Short-term debt (including current portion of long-term debt and bonds)	2,610	5.1	2,436	4.6	∆173	△6.7	
Total fixed liabilities	4,546	8.9	4,304	8.1	△241	△5.3	
Total liabilities	18,221	35.8	18,906	35.4	684	3.8	
Net assets							
Capital stock	3,522	6.9	3,522	6.6	_	_	
Capital and Retained Earnings	26,993	53.0	28,208	52.8	1,215	4.5	
Treasury stock	△1,254	△2.5	△1,246	Δ2.3	8	_	
Total net assets	32,702	64.2	34,501	64.6	1,799	5.5	



Unit: Mil yen	Year Endling Dec 2021		Year Ending Dec 2022			
	Amount	Amount	Amount change	% Change		
CF from operating activities *1	3,650	999	△2,650	△72.6		
CF from investing activities **2	∆993	△1,987	∆993	_		
(Free CF) <u>*1+2</u>	2,657	∆987	△3,644	_		
CF from financing activities	△704	△1,301	△596	_		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,136	△2,129	△4,266	_		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	8,299	10,435	2,136	25.7		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	10,435	8,305	△2,129	△20.4		



2. Forecast for the 118th Fiscal Year Ending Dec 2023

The forecasts contained in this document are based on information currently available to the Company and certain assumptions that the Company considers reasonable and may differ from actual results due to various factors in the future.

Forecast for Fiscal Year Ending Dec 2023 (Consolidated) NITTOSEIKO



Unit: Million yen / %	Year ending Dec. 2022		Year ending Dec 2023 (Forecast)		YoY comparison	
Unit. Willion yen / 1/6	Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount	Ratio (%)	Amount change	% Change
Net sales	44,021	100.0	46,500	100.0	2,478	5.6
Operating income	2,931	6.7	3,500	7.5	568	19.4
Ordinary income	3,235	7.3	3,700	8.0	464	14.4
Net income attributed to shareholders of the parent company	1,828	4.2	2,200	4.7	371	20.3
Net income per share (yen)	49.50		59.54			

- Despite the lingering effects of the semiconductor shortage, the Company expects sales to increase due to higher demand from the automotive industry, including the booming EV and ECU-related industries, as well as increased demand due to the recovery from the Covid pandemic.
- ●In fastener products, demand for functional screws for anti-contamination measures is expected to increase due to the trend toward EVs and reduced weight, In addition, sales of screw products for plastic in the electrical/electronic parts industry are also expected to be strong.
- •In the screw fastening machine-related business, sales are expected to increase as the Company strengthens its sales structure in order to obtain orders for CASE-related equipment in the thriving automobile industry.
- •Demand for analytical instruments is expected to increase in the chemical, pharmaceutical, food, automobile, and energy industries. Demand for inspection equipment is also expected to remain strong due to the need for labor saving and automation.
- •In the medical business, the Company will strengthen cooperation with distributors for the development and sales expansion of medical devices, as well as the development of manufacturing facilities and non-clinical and clinical trials for "biosoluble high-purity magnesium implants for medical use".
- ●The Company will expand sales in the European market and promote sales to non-Japanese users in an effort to increase overseas sales within the Group.

Sales and Operating Income Forecast by Segment (Consolidated) NITTOSEIKO

Linit Million von / 9/		Year ending	Year ending	YoY comparison		
Unit: Million yen / '	%	2022	2023 (Forecast)	Amount change	% Change	
	Net sales	32,199	34,160	1,960	6.1	
Fastener	Operating income	1,648	2,090	441	26.8	
	Profit ratio	5.1	6.1			
	Net sales	6,515	6,835	319	4.9	
Assembly Machine	Operating income	1,227	1,380	152	12.4	
	Profit ratio	18.8	19.5			
	Net sales	5,296	5,410	113	2.2	
Control System	Operating income	157	130	△27	△17.6	
	Profit ratio	3.0	2.5			
	Net sales	10	95	84	808.5	
Medical	Operating income	Δ102	Δ100	2	_	
	Profit ratio	△9762	△1053			

