

FY2023 Business Plans and Matters Related to High Growth Potential

The switch



is the Key

In case of any discrepancy, the Japanese version shall prevail

MODALIS

(TSE : 4883)

Modalis therapeutics Corporation

March 28 , 2023

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1. Corporate Overview

Corporate Overview (As of December 31, 2022)

Modalis Therapeutics is a biotech company to develop CRISPR-based gene therapies

Name	Modalis Therapeutics Corporation (Ticker symbol: 4883)	Date	History
		Jan 2016	Founded in Tokyo as EdiGENE Corporation
Foundation	Jan 2016	Apr 2016	Established 100% owned US subsidiary EdiGENE Inc. (Now Modalis Therapeutics Inc.)
President CEO	Haru Morita	Apr 2017	Entered into research collaboration with Astellas Pharma Inc.
		Dec 2017	Expanded research collaboration with Astellas
HQs	3-11-5 Nihonbashi-Honcho, Nihonbashi-Lifescience-Bldg.2 7F Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0023 Japan	Mar 2019	Established license agreement on a genetic disorder with Astellas Pharma Inc.
		Aug 2019	Company name changed to Modalis Therapeutics
US subsidiary	Modalis Therapeutics Inc. (43 Foundry Avenue, Waltham, Massachusetts)	Sep 2019	Established 2 nd license agreement on a genetic disorder with Astellas Pharma Inc.
		Nov 2019	Entered into research collaboration with Eisai Inc.
Business	Drug Development	Apr 2020	Entered into a license agreement with Editas Medicine , Inc to obtain access to foundational CRISPR IP.
Common stock	2,094,767 thousand yen	Aug 2020	Listing on Mothers, Tokyo Stock Exchange (Ticker symbol: 4883)
Outstanding share	29,362,500 common stock	Oct 2021	Lab moved to To Waltham MA, which is adjacent to Cambridge
Number of employee	37 (including 12 Ph.D.) (4 in Japan, 33 in US)	Apr 2022	Moved from the Mothers to the Growth market in accordance with the market reorganization classification of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Modalis is a gene therapy company dedicated to translating evolutionary science into life-changing treatments for rare disease patients.

**The first CRISPR
based
gene modulation
Therapeutic
technology**

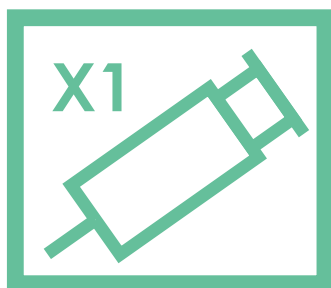
**Leading
company in
epigenetic
Modulation/
editing**

**Novel
precision medicines
for genetic disorders
for which
there have been
no cure**

Every life deserves attention

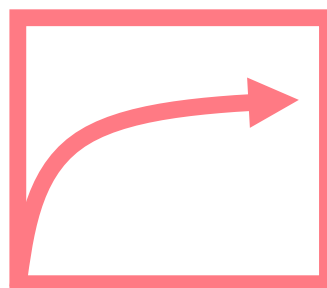
CRISPR-GNDM® is a promising new therapeutic modality

Potential benefits of CRISPR-GNDM® Technology



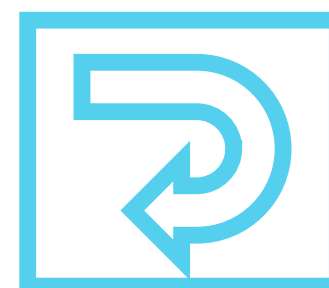
Single dose

Doesn't require
Repeated dosing



Long-lasting

Sustained effect
for years or decades



Disease Modifying

Not just to reduces
symptoms but
gives cure

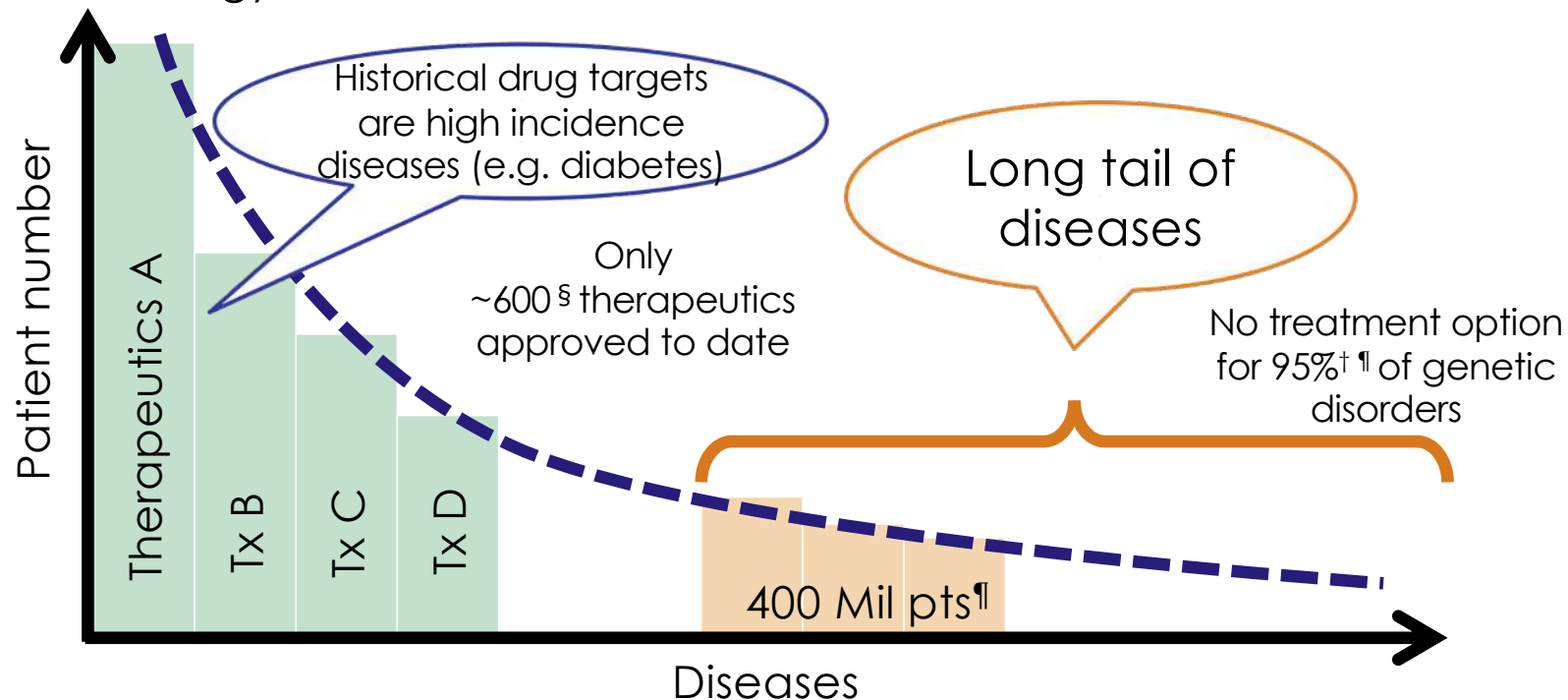
Modalis Value Highlights

- **Pioneering CRISPR-based epigenetic editing technology with development pipelines**
 - First and the leading CRISPR-based gene modulation/epigenetic editing technology that enables therapeutic applications
- **Multi-layered IP protection on the developed product**
 - Unique IP portfolio including access to CRISPR foundational IP
- **Efficient drug discovery platform with highly versatile applications**
 - For both GoF and LoF genetic disorders
- **Combination of the leading product that pioneers the proof-of-concept of technology and pipelines with high market potential**
 - MDL-101 as the value driver and other programs as boosters
- **Senior leadership with proven track records and talented scientists**
 - Highly committed team that drives problem-solving

GoF: gain-of-function and LoF: loss-of-function

Provides solution for the long tail of disease

It is believed that of 10,000* human diseases, about 7,000# are rare diseases which consist of “long tail” diseases. Of these, 80%† overlap with genetic disorders and 95% remain untreated. The company is committed to identifying cures with our powerful novel technology.



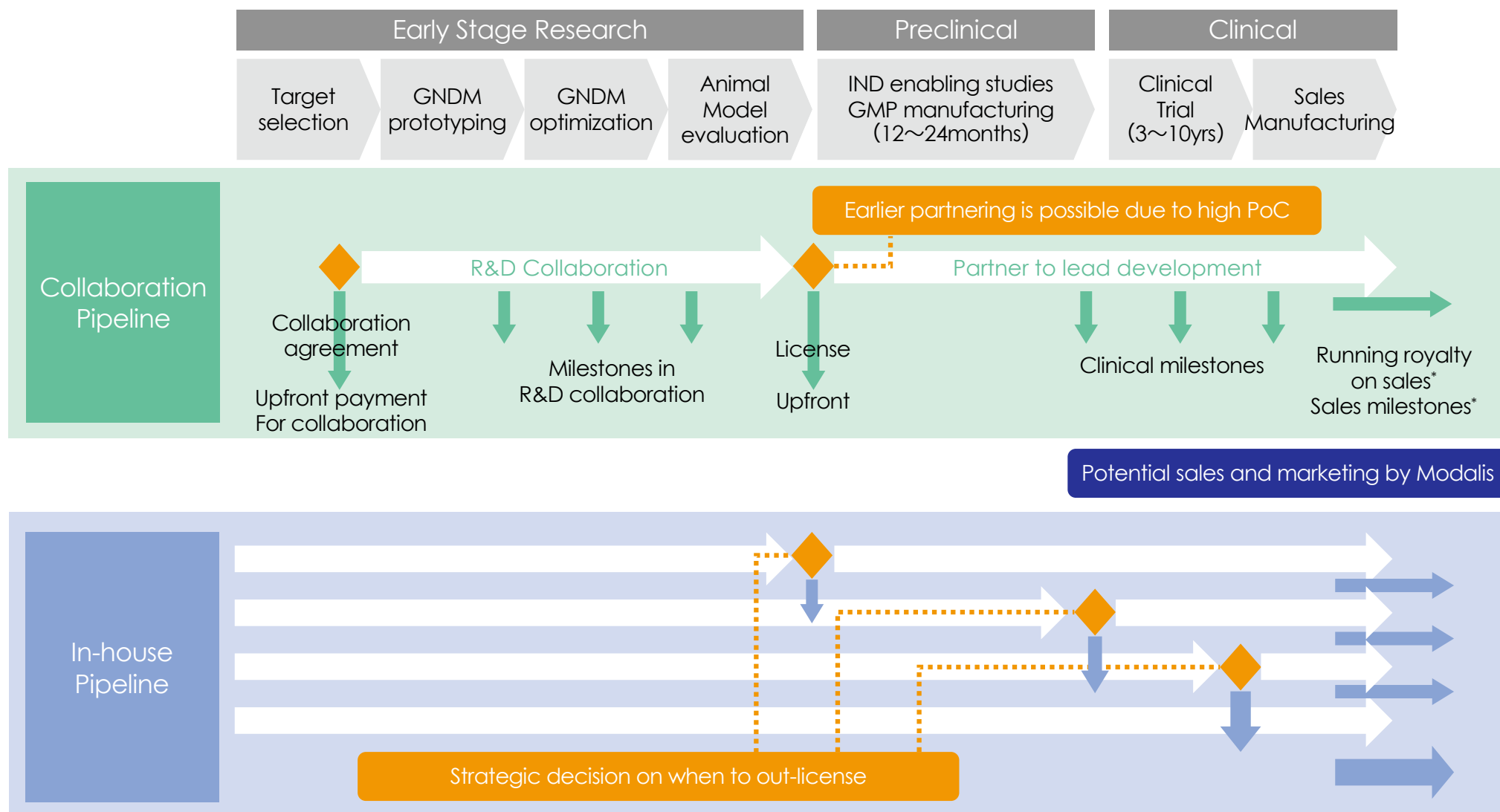
Scalable efficient approach is required to tackle the divided population

reference: *21st Century Cure Act, #NIH GARD †innovation.org ¶GlobalGenes.org

[§]Active therapeutics of 491 NME, 106 BLA, 17 cellular and gene therapy products @FDA as of 2019.7.22 Source from KEGG

Business Model

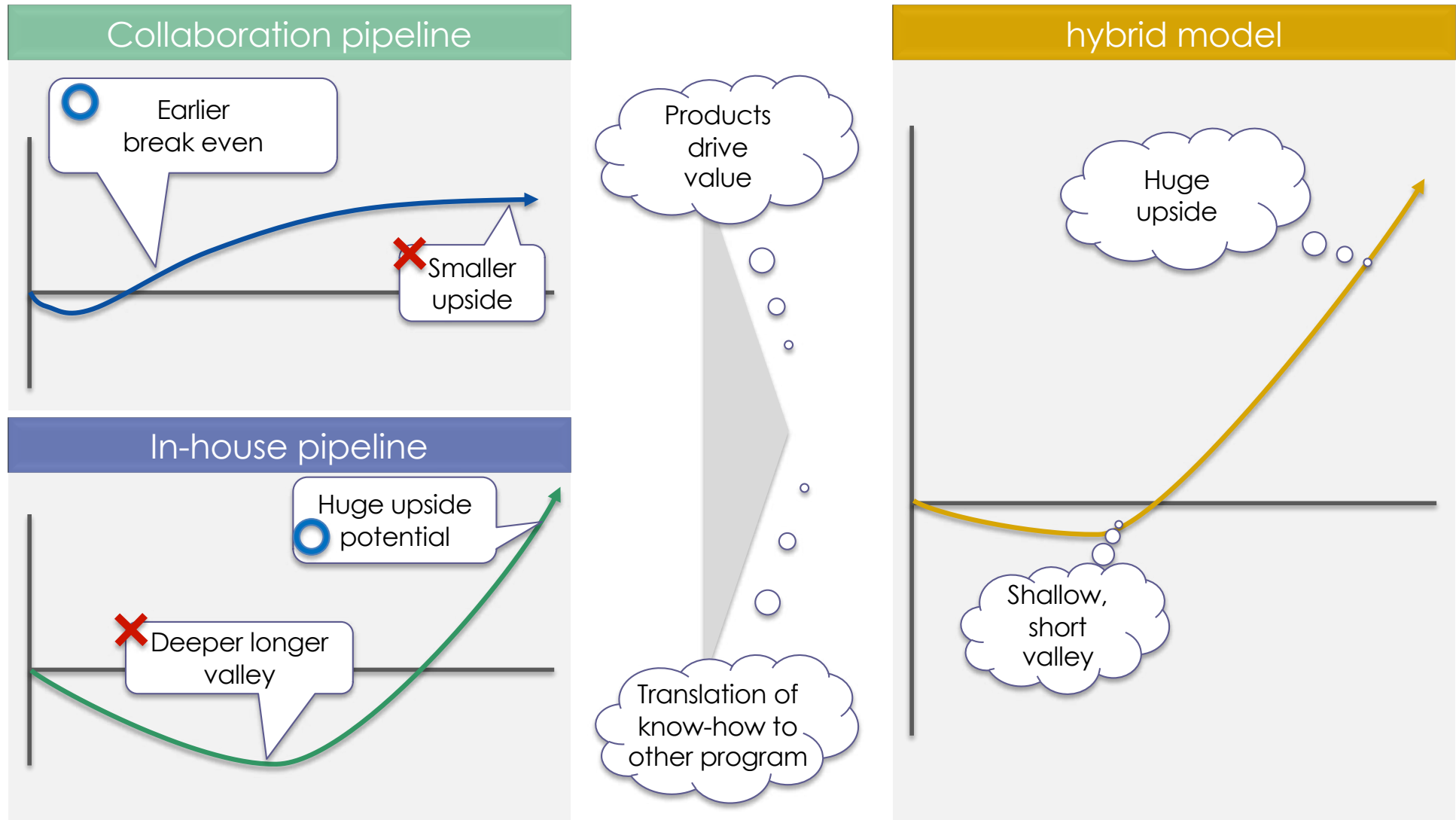
Hybrid of own pipeline and collaboration pipeline



* future plan

Modalis is pursuing a hybrid model

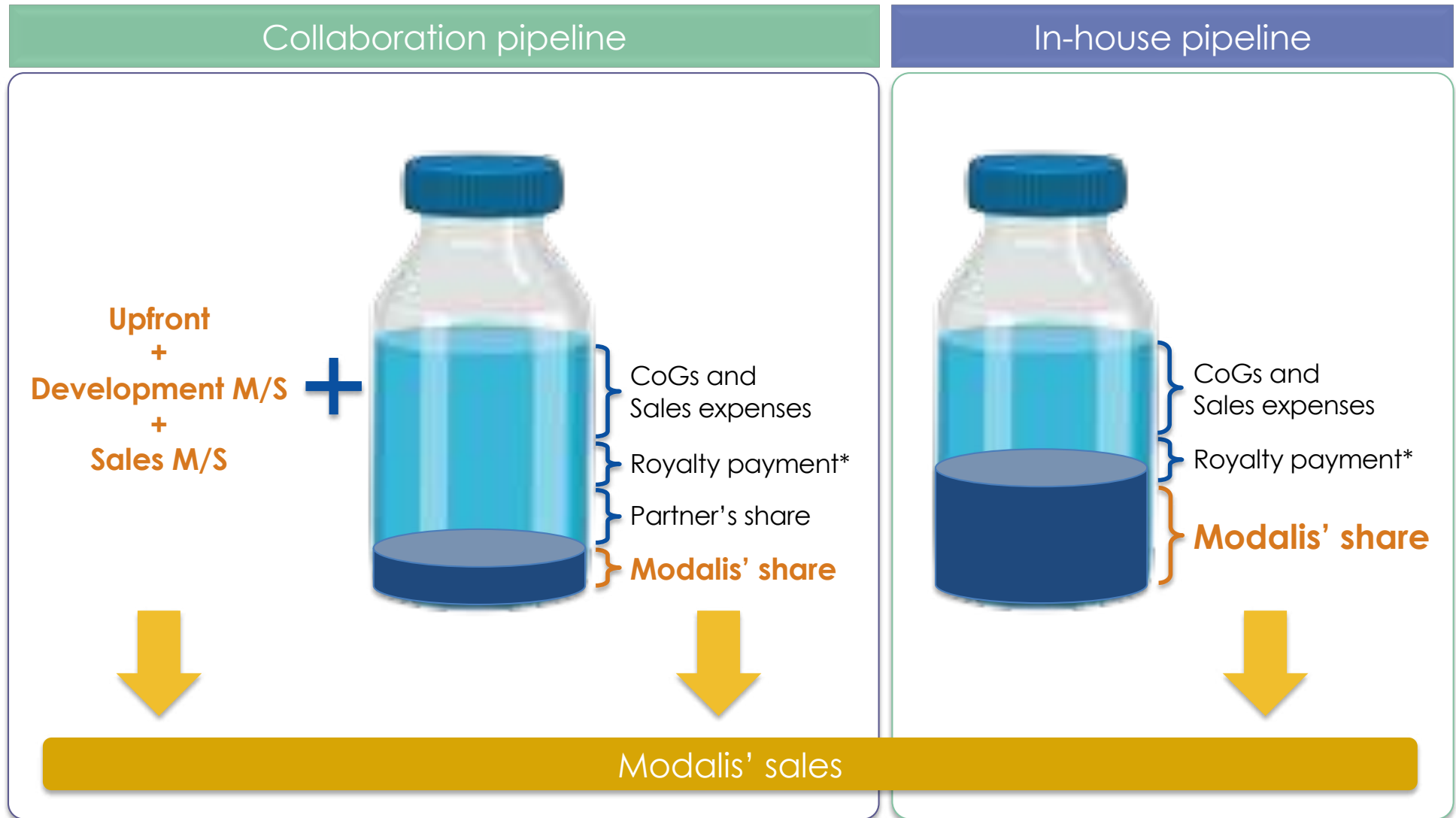
Combination of upside from in-house pipelines and earlier cash stream from collaboration pipelines



* The above is only an image and does not suggest or guarantee our future performance.

Risk - profit share model

While collaboration model brings earlier cash, In-house pipeline has higher profit with higher risks



* : As a consideration for the licensed in intellectual property, a certain percentage of sales after market launch is paid to the intellectual property holding organization.

Pipeline

Code	Disease /Indication* ¹	Partner	Structure	Preclinical			Clinical	
				Discovery	Lead Optimization	IND-Enabling	Phase I /Phase II	Pivotal
MDL-201	Muscle	Astellas Pharma Inc.	License					
MDL-202	Muscle	Astellas Pharma Inc.	License					
MDL-101	LAMA2-CMD* ²	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					
MDL-102	CNS	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					
MDL-104	Tauopathy* ³	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					
MDL-105	DCM* ⁴	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					
MDL-205	CNS	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					
MDL-206	Angelman Syndrome	Fully controlled by Modalis	Wholly-owned					

*¹: We have adopted a strategy of withholding specific indications until the patent application is published for competitive reasons.

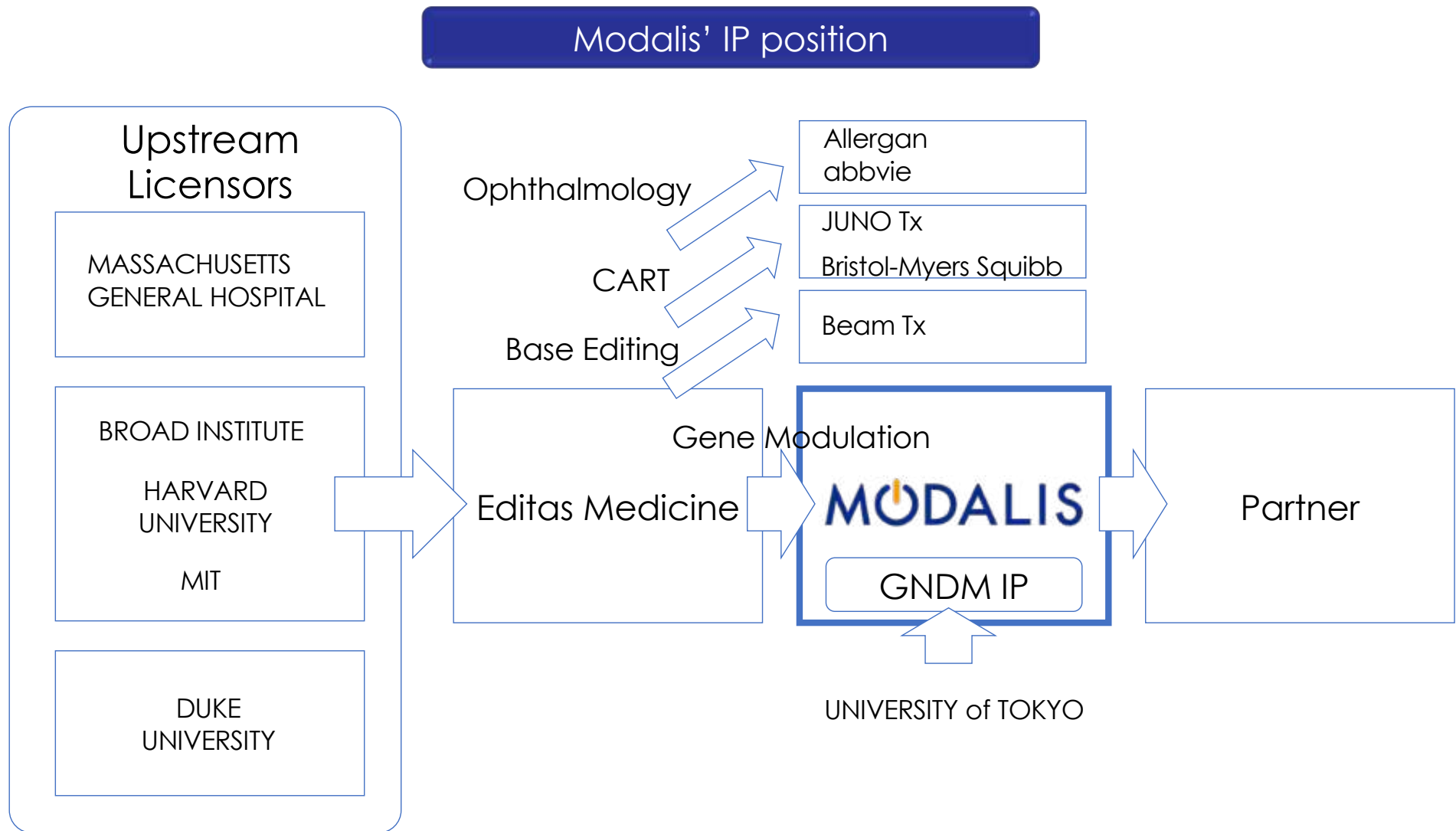
*²: LAMA2-CMD = Merosin-deficient congenital muscular dystrophy type 1A

*³: Tauopathy belongs to a class of neurodegenerative diseases involving the aggregation of tau protein. Correlation with Alzheimer's disease has been suggested.

*⁴: DCM = Dilated cardiomyopathy

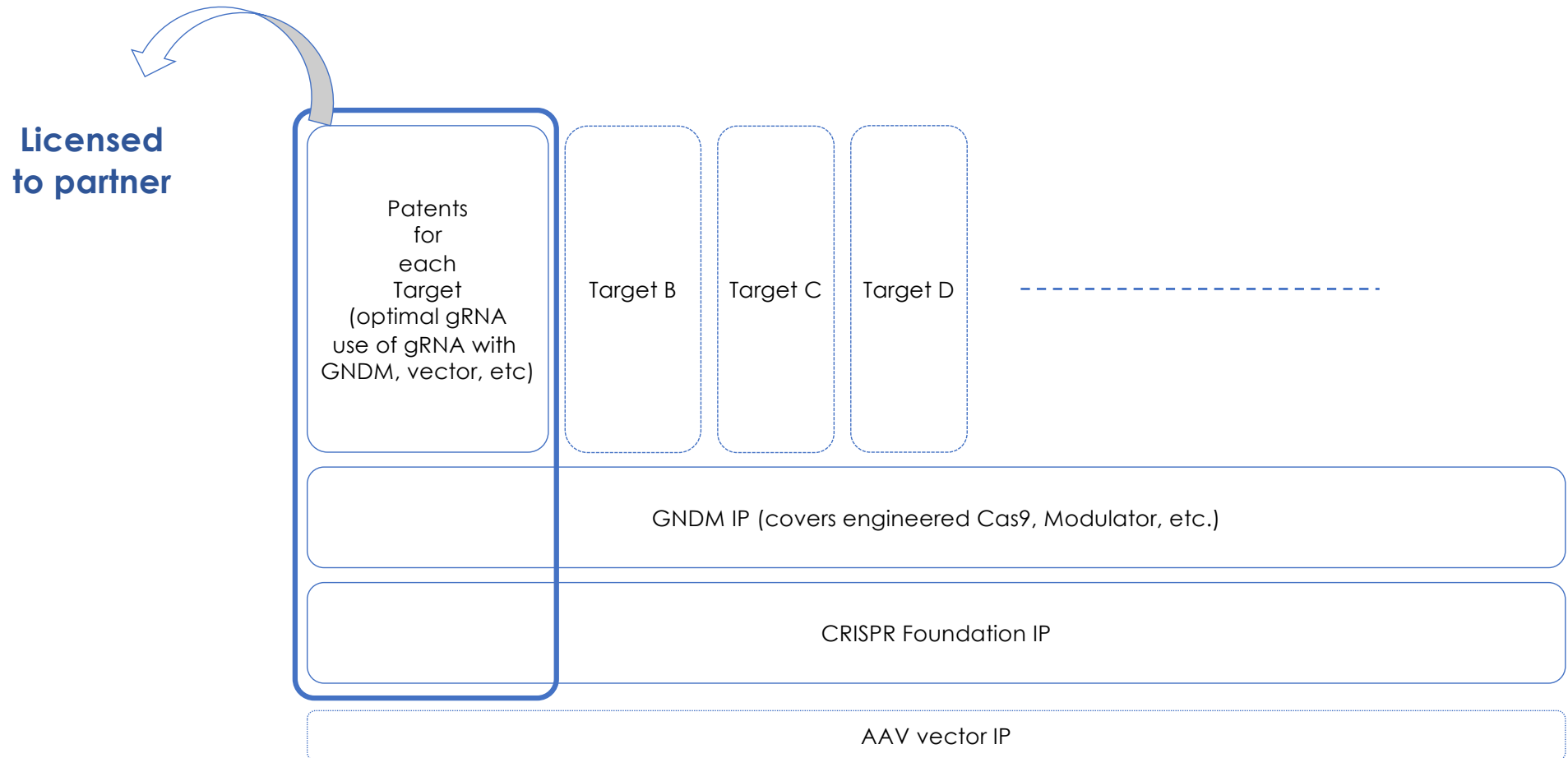
IP position

Established IP with foundational CIRPSR IP from Broad and engineered Cas9 from Univ of Tokyo



Source : disclosed information by each company

Each product will be protected by multiple layers of IP



Management Team and Board of Directors

Seasoned team

Executive Officers

Haru Morita Co-founder, President, CEO, and Chair of the board

- REGiMMUNE, Founder, President and CEO
- Y's Therapeutics, Booz Allen and Company, Kyowa-KIRIN

Tetsuya Yamagata MD PhD: SVP, Chief Technology Officer

- Glaxo Smith Kline, Temporo Pharmaceuticals, Joslin Diabetes Center, Harvard Medical School

Naoki Kobayashi MBA: SV, Chief Financial Officer

- Former CFO at Oncolysbiopharma, Hatena, and Argens, Argenes, Deloitte Tohmatsu, Daikyo Real estate

Board of Directors

Haru Morita Co-founder, President, CEO, and Chair of the board

Hideki Takeda Board member

- President, Medical Patent Research
- Healios KK former president, Fujisawa (merged into Astellas)

Joseph S. McCracken DVM Board member

- Roche Head of Global license, Genentech, Sanofi

Miyuki Shimane Board member, Audit committee

- Chugai Pharma

Teruhisa Tajima Board member, Audit committee, CPA

- President Tajima CPA office
- Corporate Auditor (Quantum Biosystems, OncoTherapy, Prism Bioscience)

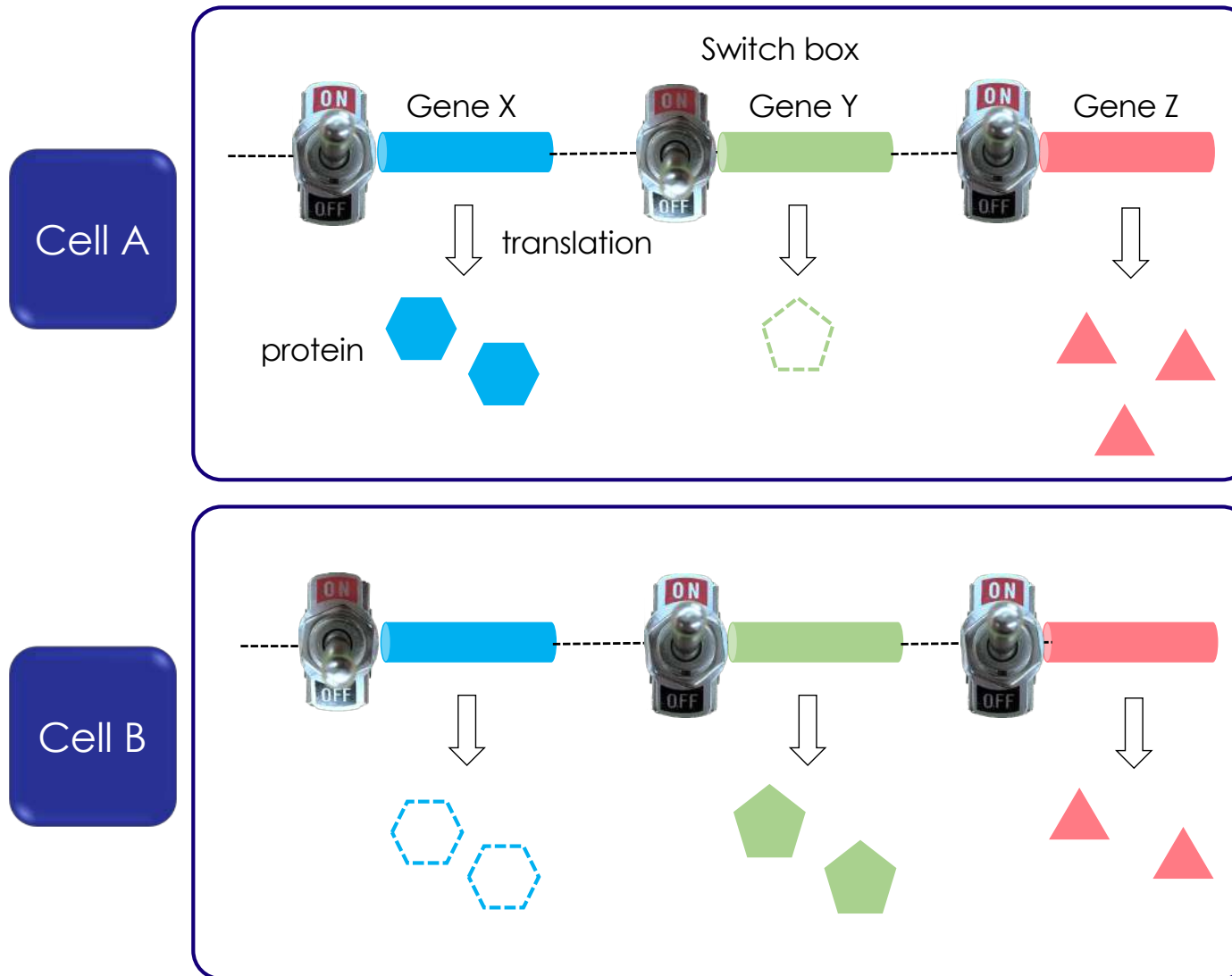
Toshio Furuta Board member, Audit committee, Attorney at Law

- Representing attorney, Clair Law Firm
- Corporate Auditor (NetYear Group, Canbas, Zenrin DataCom)

2. Gene Therapy and Gene Editing

How multiple cell types are created from the same DNA code

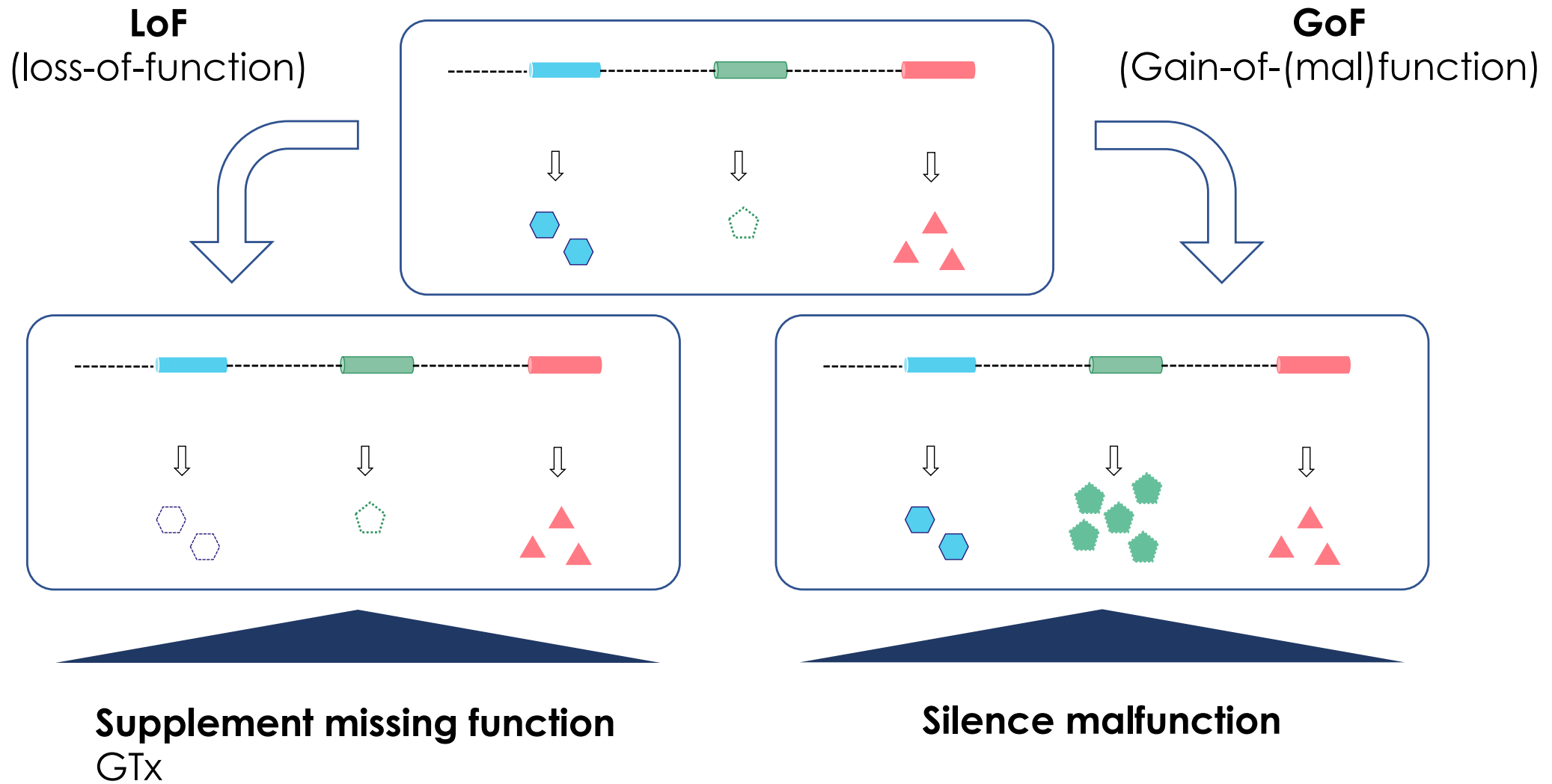
Each of 20,000 genes have ON/OFF switches that control cell type specific expression



- There are **37.2 Trillion cells** in our body
- **200 cell types** in our body have the same DNA code despite differences in appearance and function
- Differences in cell types and their states are controlled by ON / OFF switches of the expression of **20,000 genes** coded by **3 billion bases of DNA**

Genetic Disorders

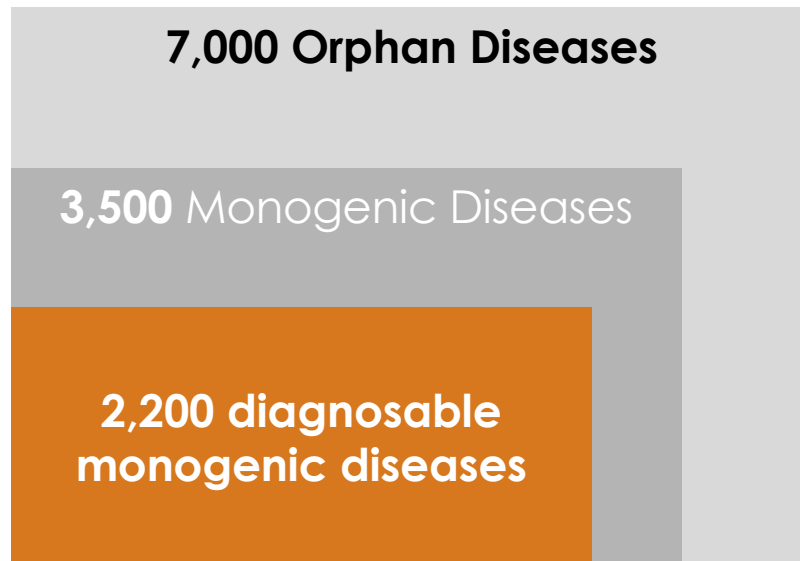
They are caused by LoF or GoF



Untapped opportunities in monogenic disorders

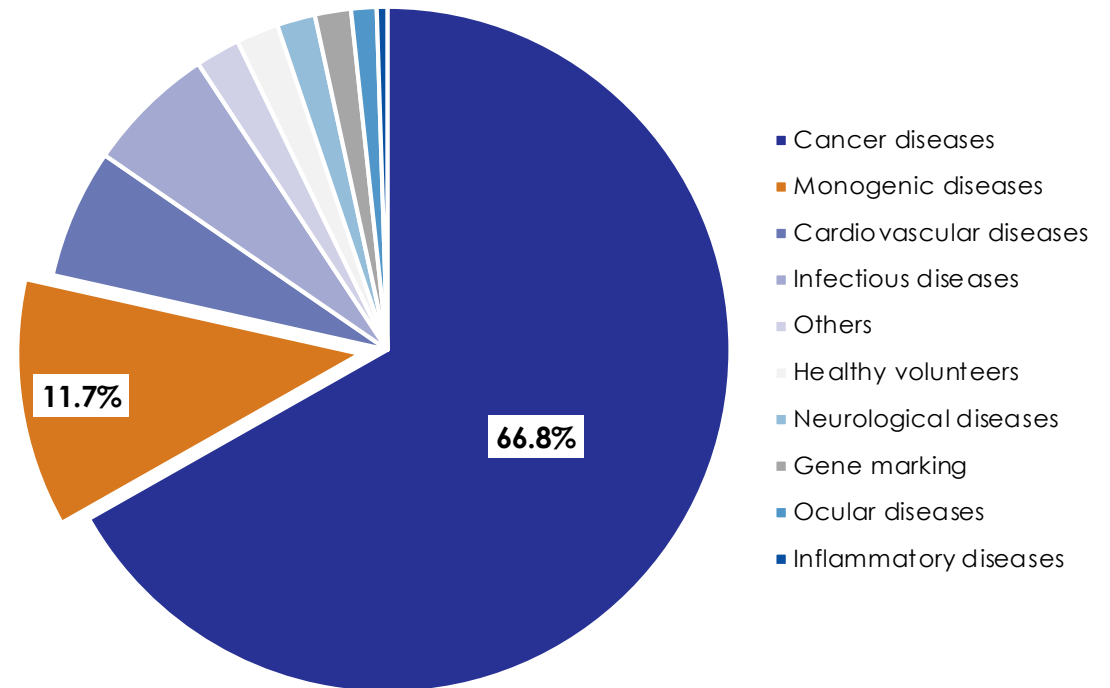
Limited number of drugs are approved or in clinical development for monogenic disorders

Monogenic Disease



Source: Discovery Medicine

Breakdown of GTx clinical trials (1989~ Worldwide)

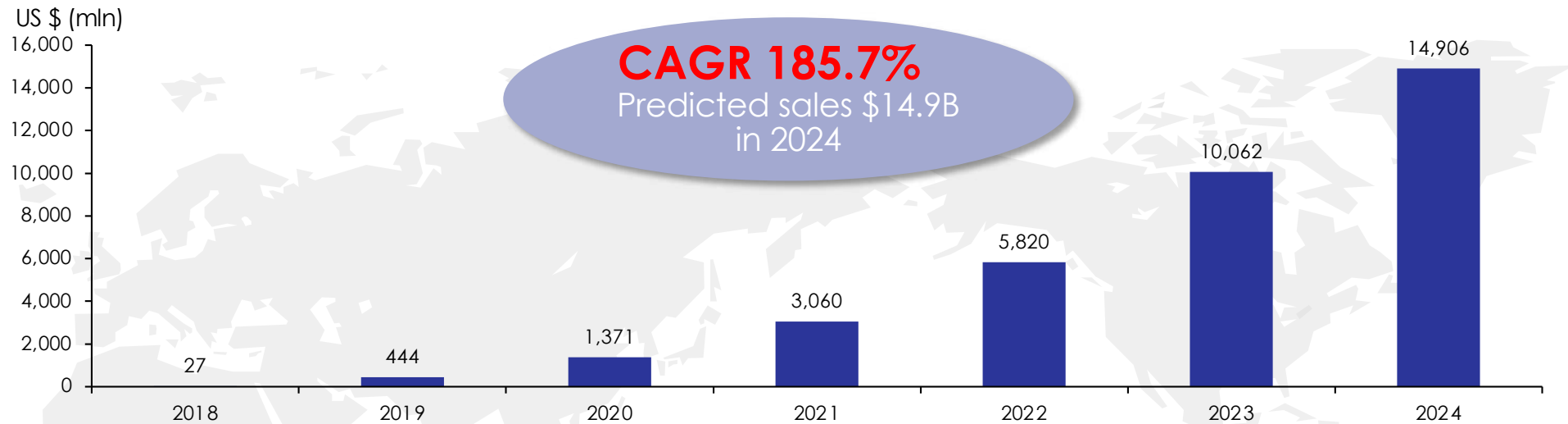


Source: The Journal of Gene Medicine (2019)

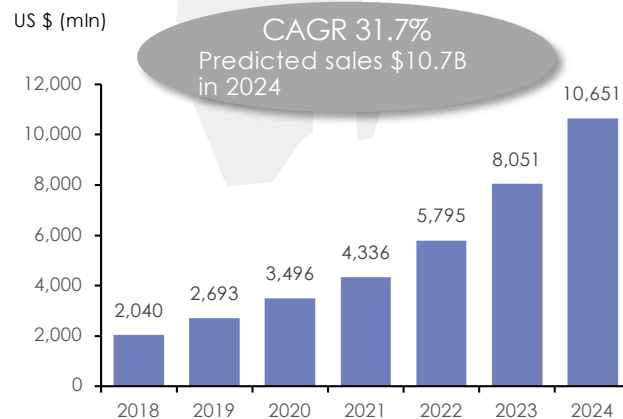
Sales growth of pharmaceutical modalities

GTx is growing faster than other modalities

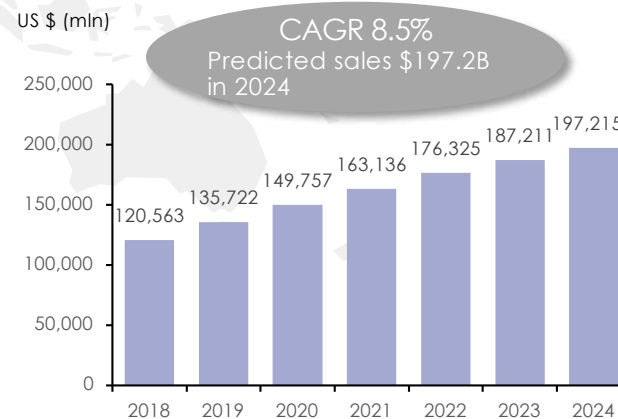
Predicted sales of Gene Therapy (WW)



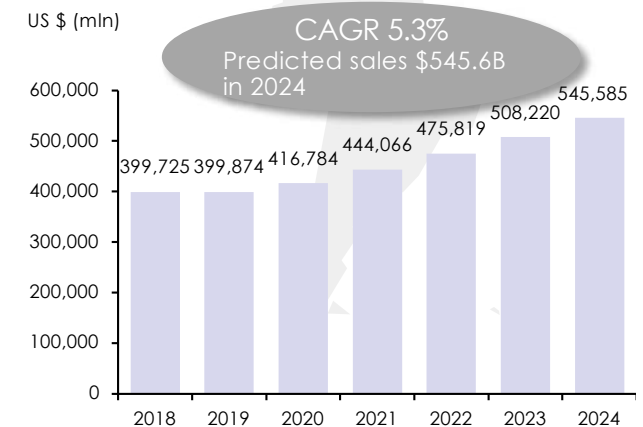
DNA&RNA therapeutics



Monoclonal antibody



Small molecule



Source : Evaluate Ltd (in Aug 2019 data) *CAGR=2018 to 2024. 2019 to 2024 are predicted sales

CRISPR is a novel gene editing technology

Faster and higher throughput due to limited variable region which is easily synthesizable as gRNA

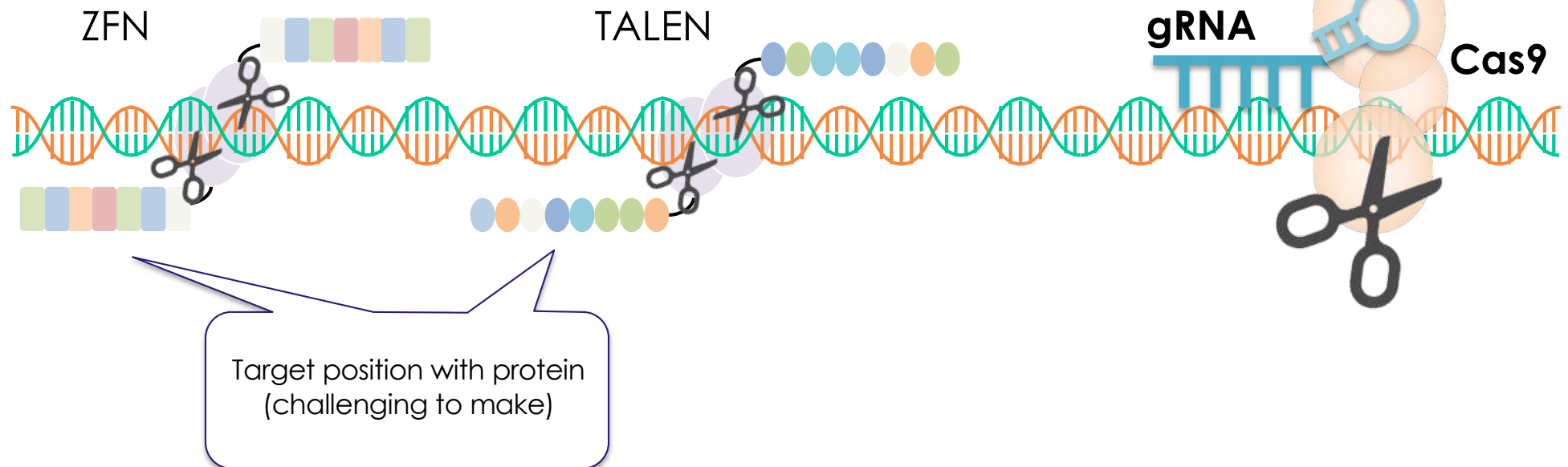
Old gene editing technologies

ZFN

TALEN

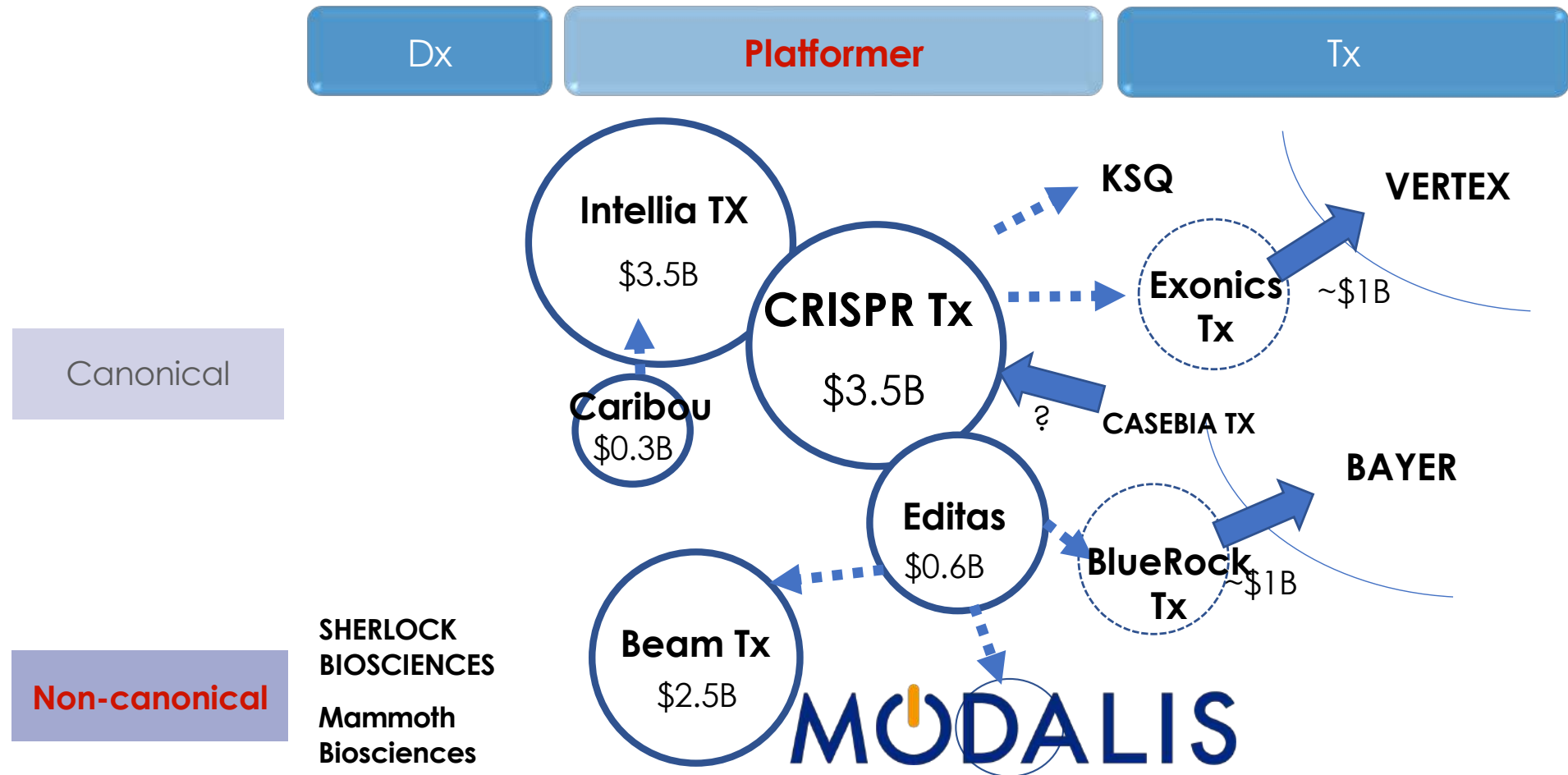
CRISPR

Targeting with RNA
(easier and faster)



Major players in CRISPR field

Modalis established unique position in CRISPR companies, most of which reached >\$1B



Source: stock info. The figures represent market cap as of Mar 14th, 2023 or value at the time of acquisition. Dotted circle represent acquired companies

Market size

Drug price and patient number of marketed gene therapies

Trade Name	cost	Indication	Manufacturer	Patient Population	US market size* (mil USD)
Kymriah	\$475k	B-ALL	Novartis	1.6 per 100,000 (6500 new cases per yr in US)	<3000
Yescarta	\$373k	NHL	Gilead (Kite Pharma)	3.8 per 100,000 (7500 new cases per yr in US)	<2800
Lxturna	\$850k	RPE65	Roche (Spark Therapeutics)	2 per 100,000	<1700
Strimvelis	\$648k	ADA-SCID	GSK	0.5-0.1 per 100,000	<324
Glybera	\$1.2M	LPLD	uniQure	0.1 per 100,000	<120
Zolgensma	\$2.1M	SMA	Novartis (Avexis)	1 in 10,000 live births (Approx. 10,000 to 25,000 in US)	<50,000
HEMGENIX	\$3.5	Hemophilia B	CSL Behring	4,500-5,000 in US	<17,500

*estimated from prevalence

market size = Drug price x patient number

As drug price is hard to be estimated until we see its clinical benefit, it is hard to estimate market size, which is the function of drug price

On the other hand, it is possible to go beyond \$1B in US or \$2B in WW unless it is ultra orphan

3. CRISPR-GNDM[®] and its advantages

Gene Modulation is CRISPR 2.0



"I think one interesting possibility is that we'll see CRISPR being used not to edit genomes, or at least not to make permanent changes to genomes, but **instead to regulate them, to control levels of human proteins that are produced from different genes**. This is a newer way of using the CRISPR technology. I think it has a lot of potential to allow control of cells that doesn't require actual permanent chemical changes being made to the DNA."

-Jennifer Doudna, Nobel Prize Winner on CRISPR
Source: "Fresh Off Her Nobel Prize Win, Jennifer Doudna Predicts What's Next for CRISPR"



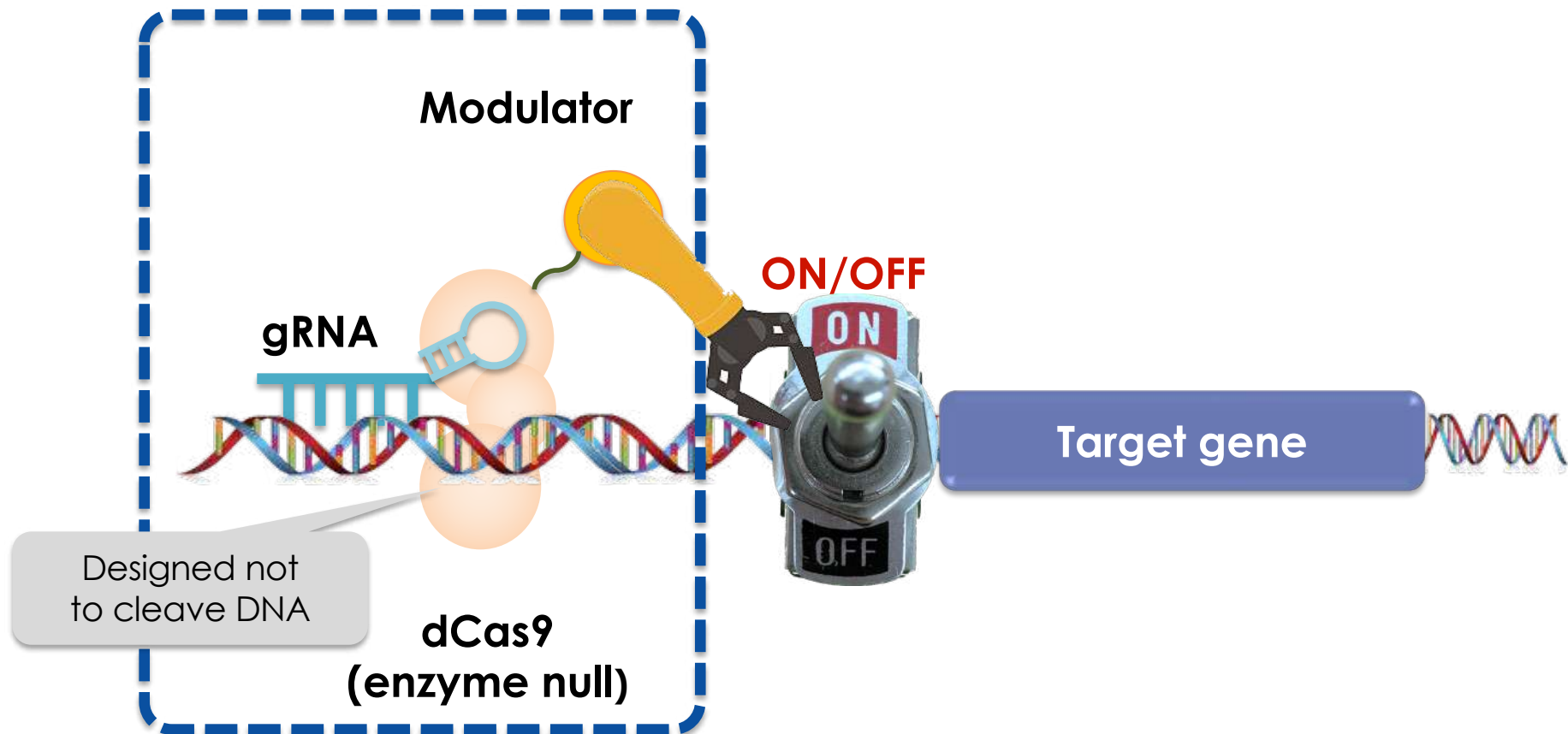
CRISPR-GNDM®

*Source: Interview on Future Human "Fresh Off Her Nobel Prize Win, Jennifer Doudna Predicts What's Next for CRISPR"

Non-cleaving CRISPR = CRISPR-GNDM®

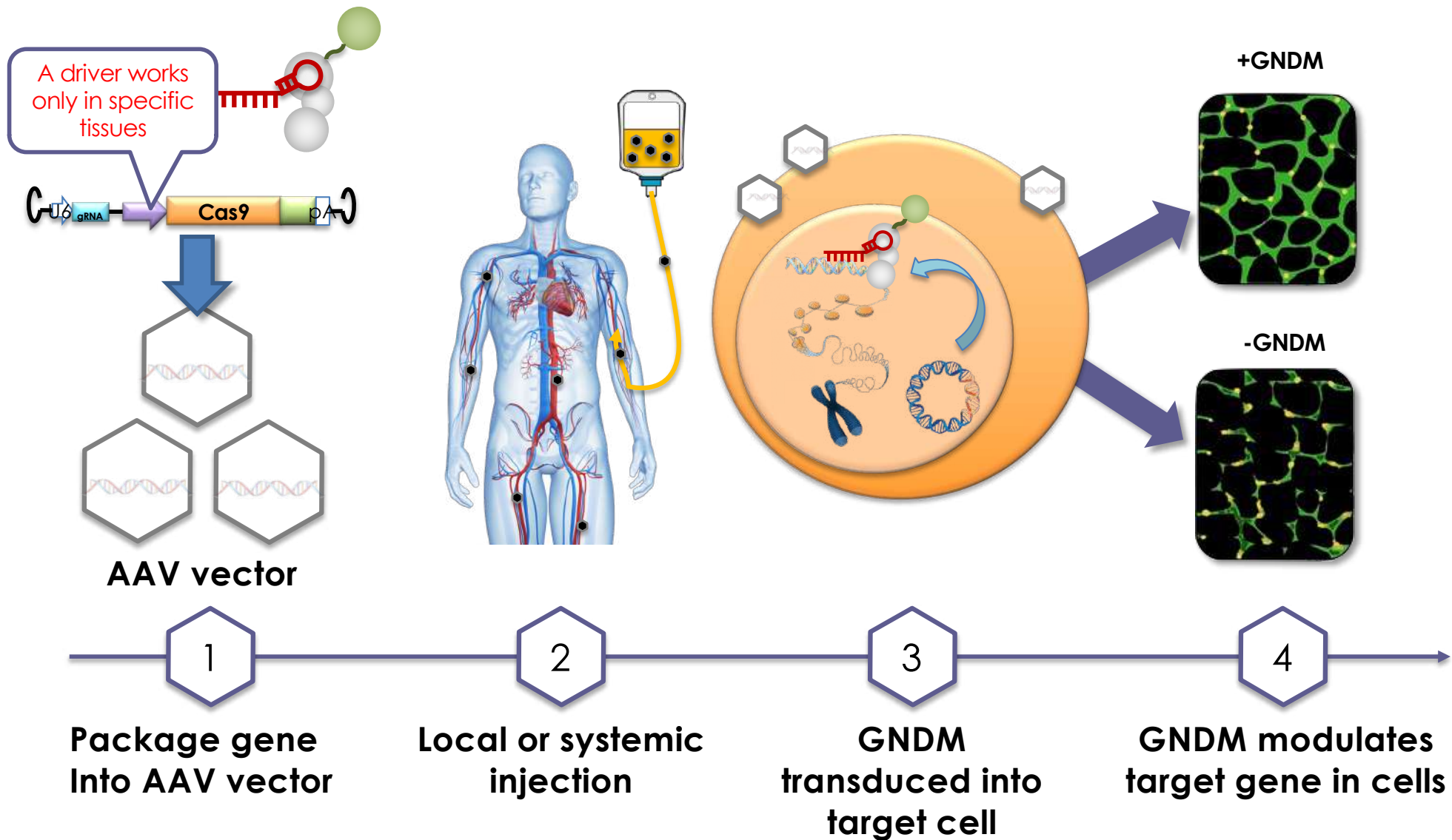
Enables treatment of genetic disorders by controlling ON/OFF switch

CRISPR-GNDM® (Guide Nucleotide-Directed Modulation) platform



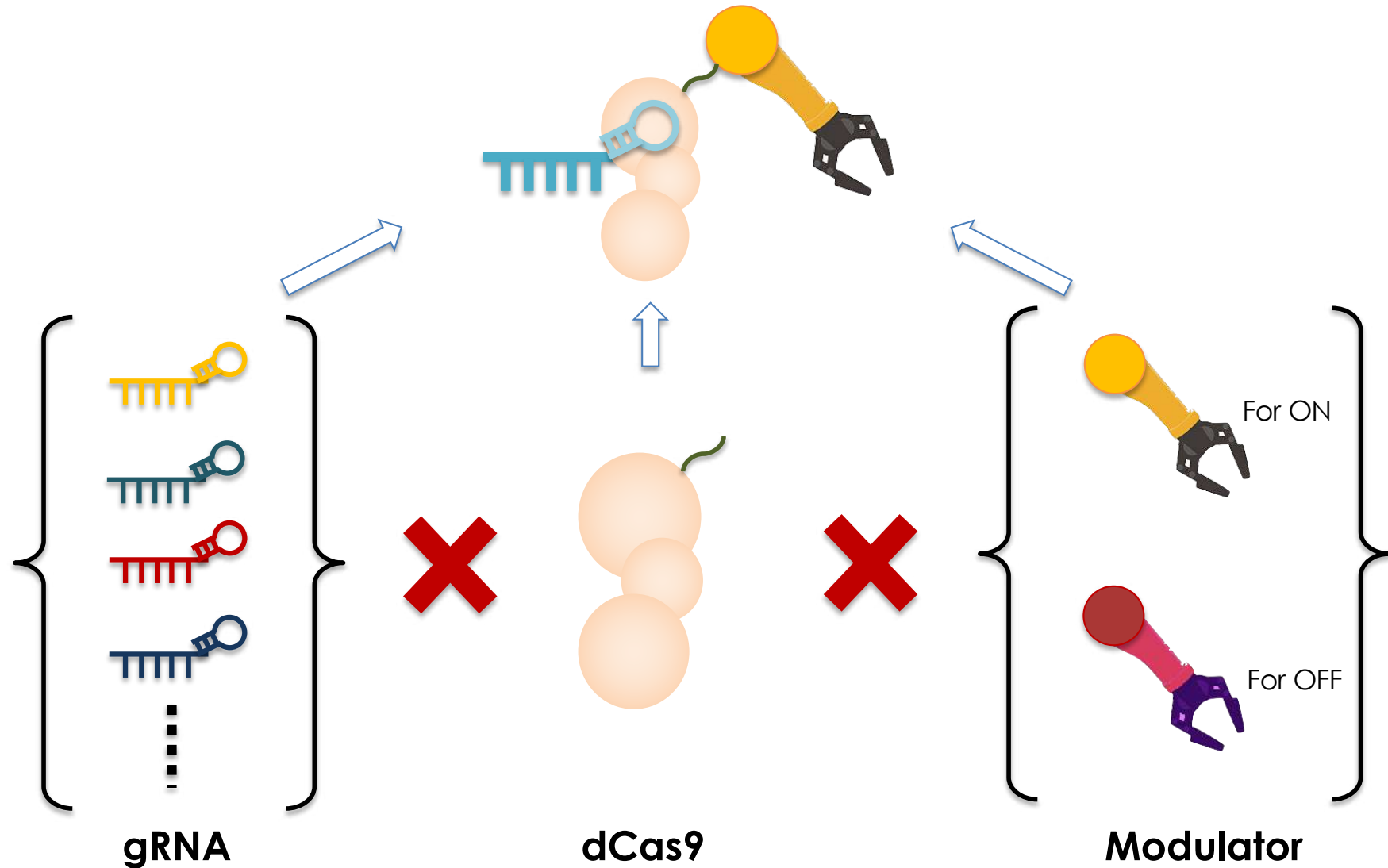
Delivery of CRISPR-GNDM® to target

Use AAV vector to deliver GNDM to target cell




Scalability of GNDM


gRNA is the only variable which is unique for each target. Other components are off-the-shelf to assemble.



Precision technologies are not *one-thing-fits-all*

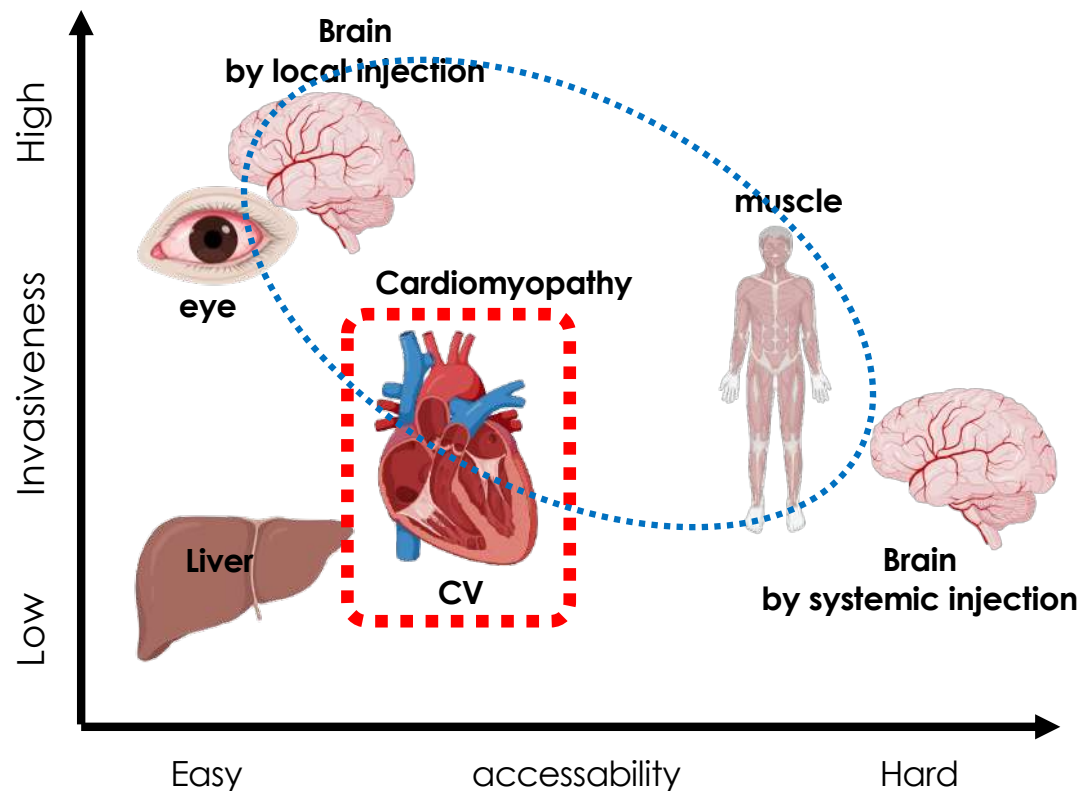
	Conventional Gene therapy	Gene Editing	ASO siRNA	 CRISPR-GNDM
Precise targeting	Yes	Yes	Delivered to off-target tissues	Yes
Durability	Years	Permanent	Require repeated injection	Years
Applications	LoF ONLY	Mostly GoF	GoF only	LoF and GoF
Target gene limitation	Limited to small size genes	Limited to a specific point of mutation	Causative tissue is limited (e.g. liver)	Size agnostic
effect on DNA	none	Causing double-strand break	none	none

Modalis is uniquely positioned within the CRISPR field

	Editing Gene base	Modulation (epigenetic editing)
CRISPR	Editas CRISPR Tx Intellia BEAM	 Tune Chroma EpicBio
Other (e.g. ZFN)	Sangamo	Encoded

Therapeutic area that Modalis targets

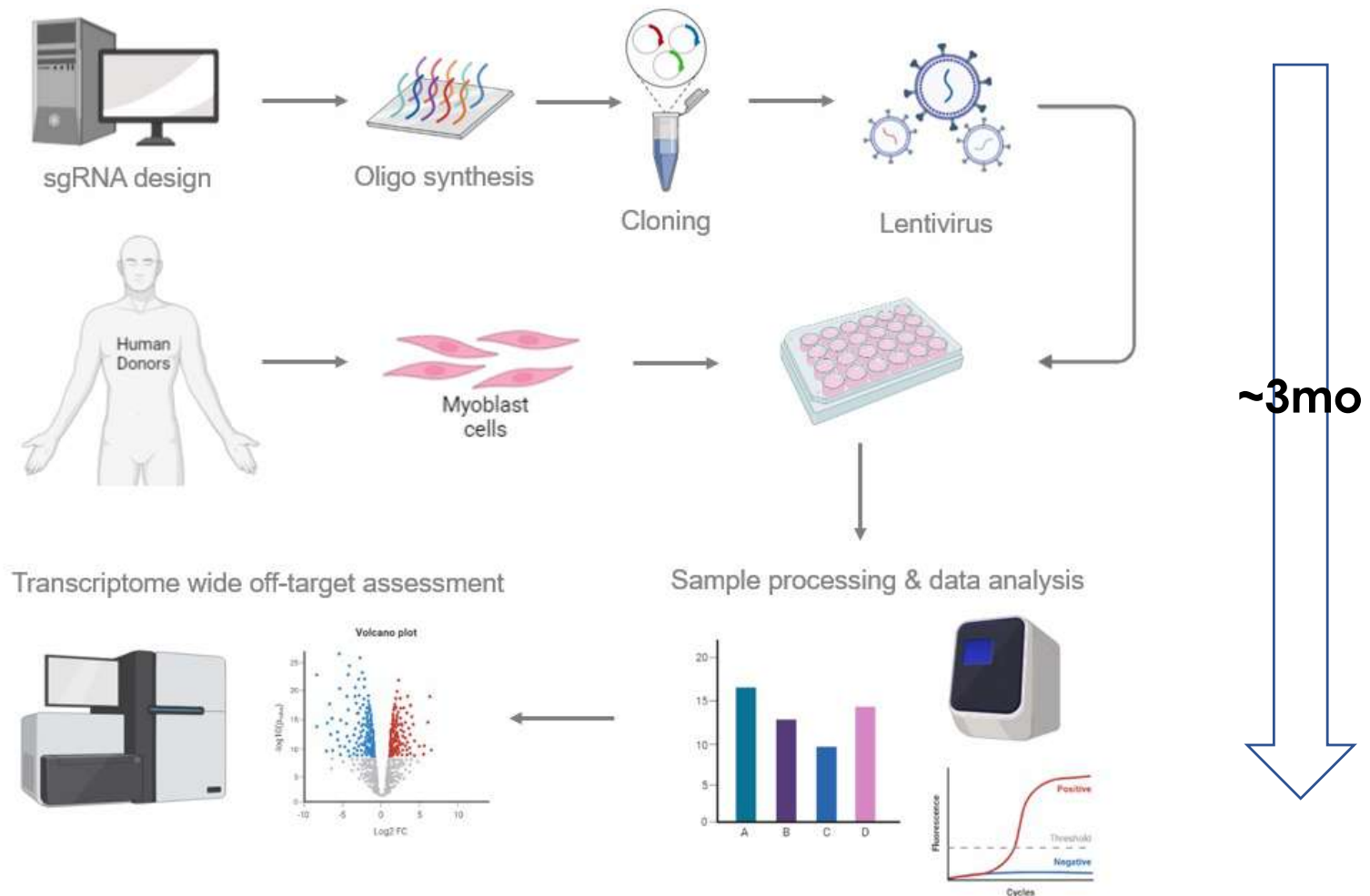
Target tissue for gene therapy



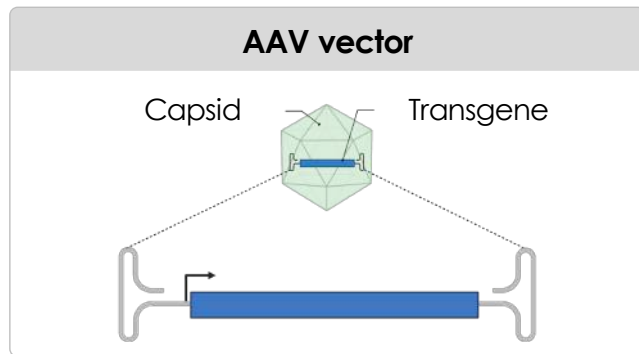
- Modalis has focused mainly on CNS and muscle disease area
- Our accumulated know how allow us to explorer new disease area
- CV is one of the reachable tissue by AAV systemic injection

CRISPR-GNDM® platform efficiently identifies optimal gRNA

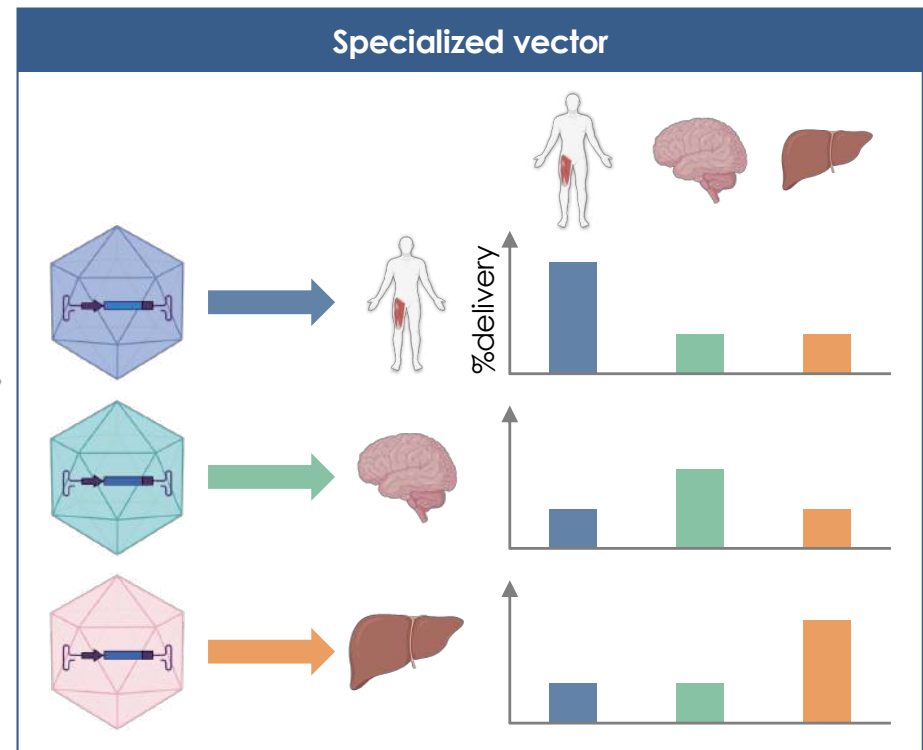
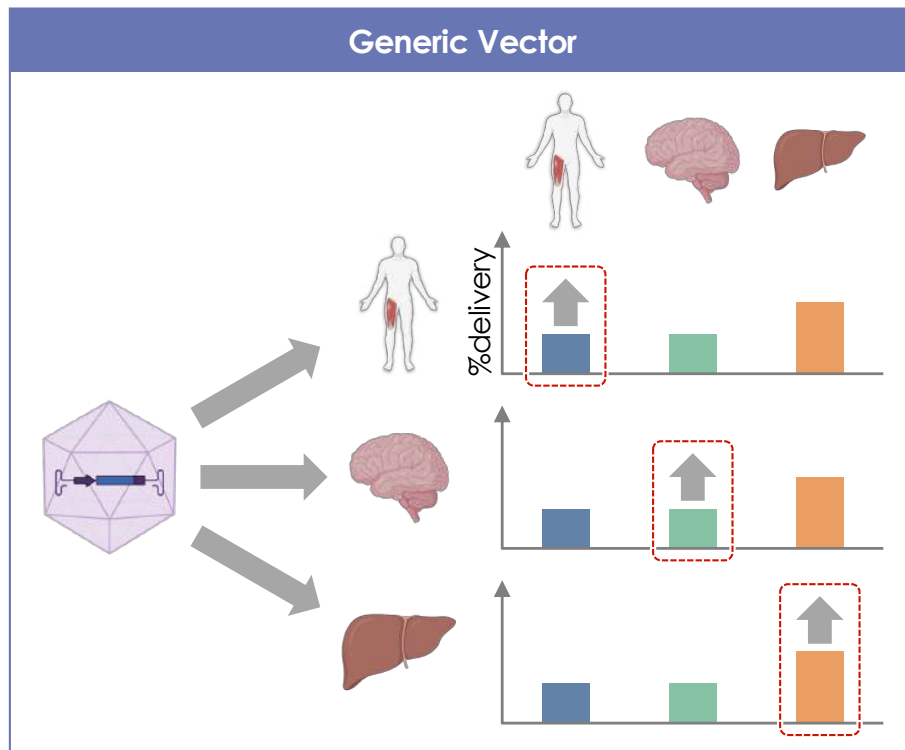
Lead candidate screening in human primary myoblast cells



Big innovations have been brought to AAV vectors recently

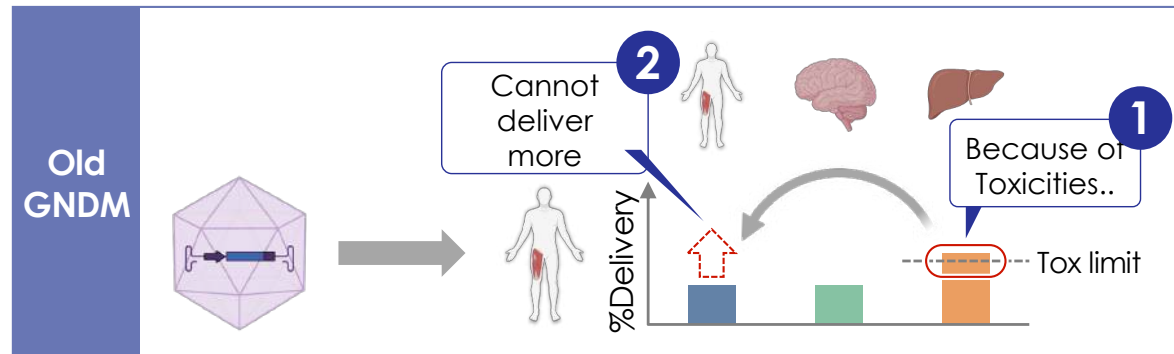


- Previously, generic vectors such as AAV2, 6, 8, and 9 were universally used for all target diseases
- Those capsids are predominantly sequestered in the liver after systemic injection, and cause hepatotoxicity which limits dose of AAVs.
- Recently developed engineered vectors have a much higher tropism to each target organ

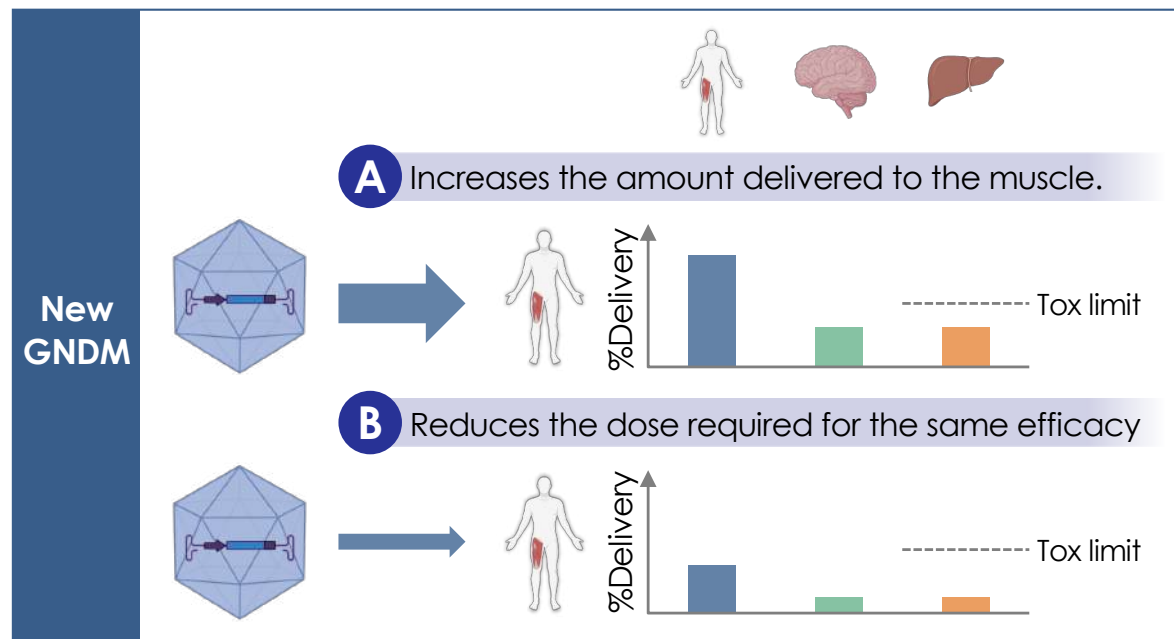


Transition to specialized capsid is the need of the field and will be beneficial in the long run

In muscular disorders like MDL-101



- Does of generic capsids were limited by the off-target toxicity of capsid itself, such as hepatotoxicity and thrombosis
- By shifting to specialized capsids, the transduction efficiency to the target organ can be increased, which can



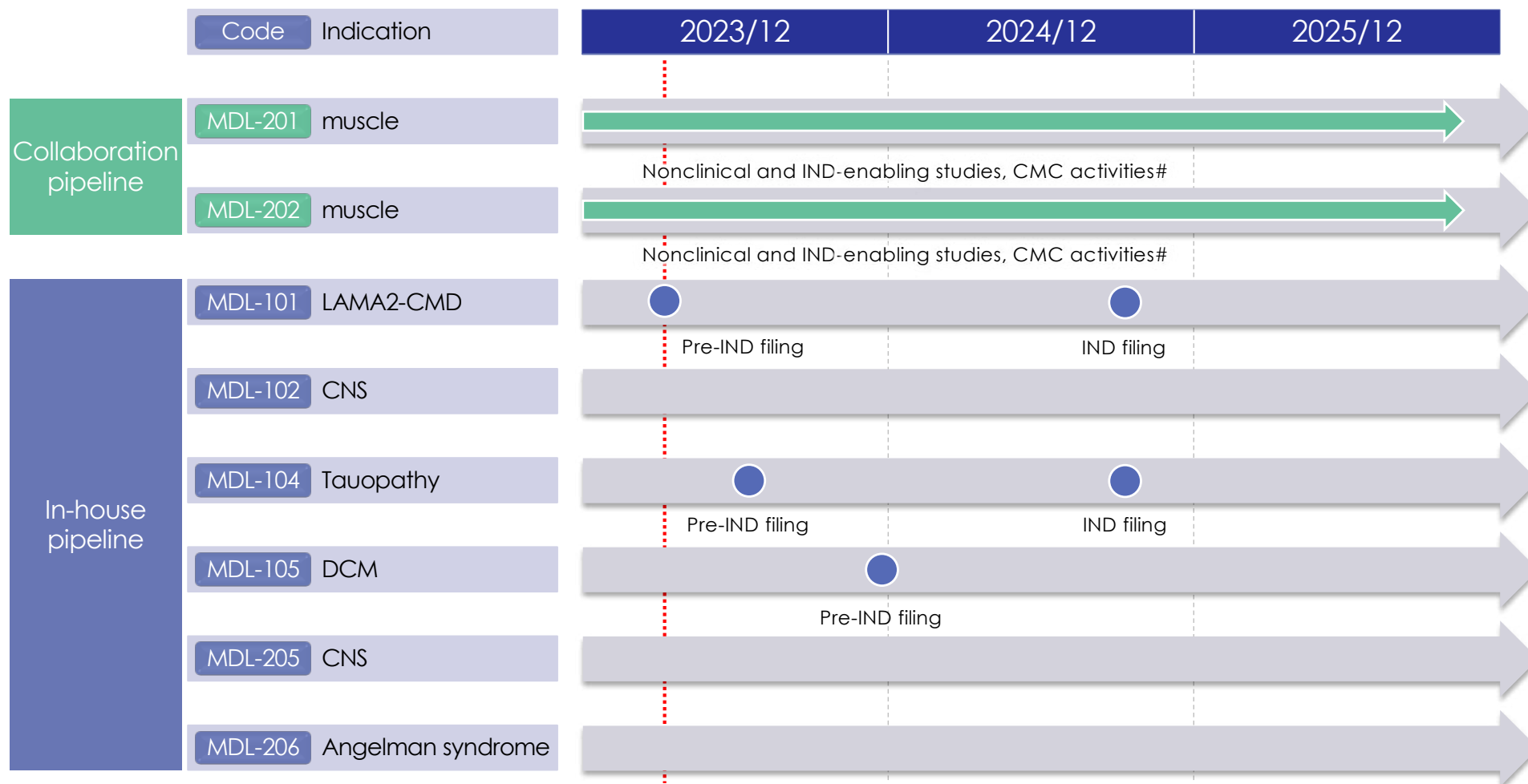
- **A** increase the amount delivered to the target organ without reaching toxic levels in other organs, or
- **B** reduce the dose required to achieve the same efficacy.
- As a result, there will be benefits in terms of costs, etc.

4. Pipeline

Pipeline Status

MDL-101 on track to file PreIND in 1H 2023

Portfolio under review for the acquisition of assets related to MDL-205



*Scheduled milestone events are informational in the future and subject to change

#The partner is taking a policy of not disclosing status of projects in preclinical or earlier

Key Progress and anticipated milestones

	2022 Achievement	Upcoming milestones
MDL-101	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ INTERACT meeting ✓ implemented specialized capsid strategy ✓ Initiated NHP study to evaluate new version of the molecule 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▣ PreIND request filing (1Q) ▣ Data presentation on NHP study (2Q)
MDL-104	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Animal PoC in 2 tauopathy mice disease models ✓ NHP biodistribution study 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▣ NHP data (2Q)
Other programs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Added MDL-105 (TTN) program as the first CV program 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▣ Animal PoC in mice models (3-4Q)
collaboration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Establish animal PoC of MDL-205 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▣ Completion of tech transfer of the 205 program
IP and others	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Data presented at ASGCT (May) and CureCMD (Jun) ✓ A patent co-filed with Astellas for treating DMD by targeting utrophin gene was granted in Japan (May, 2022) and in USA (Jun, 2022) 	

MDL-201 & MDL-202

MDL-201 & MDL-202 summary

MDL-201 and MDL-202 have already signed a license agreement, and the details are as follows. Clinical development is underway at partner Astellas Pharma Inc.

Partner	Title	Date	Contents
Astellas Pharma Inc.	Exclusive License Agreement	March 26, 2019	License Agreement for CRISPR-GNDM [®] for the treatment of muscle diseases <Term> March 26, 2019, to date of completion of all royalty payments (Royalty period: 10 years after launch or until patent expiration date)
Astellas Pharma Inc.	Exclusive License Agreement	September 12, 2019	Licensing agreement for the second CRISPR-GNDM [®] for the treatment of muscle diseases <Term> September 12, 2019, to date of completion of all royalty payments (Royalty period: 10 years after launch or until patent expiration date)

The license agreement includes upfront and milestone payments totaling more than 38 billion yen. In addition, there is a sales milestones based on sales after the product is launched, which will be earned in stages depending on the progress of development.

MDL-101 for LAMA2-CMD

LAMA2-CMD (aka CMD1a)

Severe muscular dystrophy caused by loss of function mutation in LAMA2 gene

MDL-101

Potential to be the first-in-class and the first LAMA2-CMD treatment

Prevalence	1 in 30,000* 10,000 in US	
Disease Onset	Apparent at birth or within a few months after birth	
Disease Burden	Patients do not survive past adolescence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Severe muscle weakness • Lack of muscle tone (hypotonia) • Little spontaneous movement • Joint deformities (contractures) • Heart problems and seizures
Disease Causing Gene	LAMA2 mutation	
Commercial opportunity	\$500M+	

Source: *Ophanet #Modalis assumption based on prevalence and potential

Status of Development of MDL-101

➤ Reported by 4Q/2022

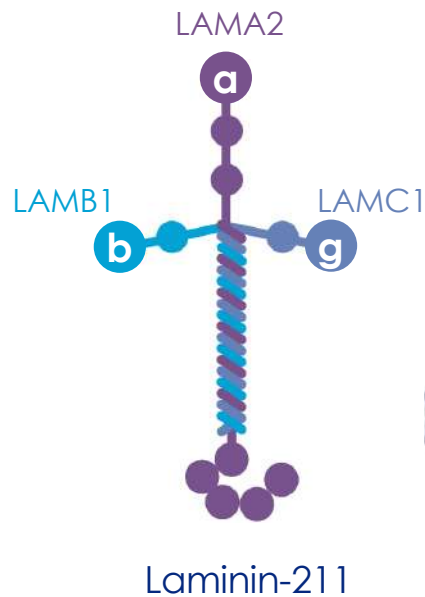
- Mouse model data in two disease strains (dy2j and dyW) and wildtype
 - Upregulation of LAMA-1 gene and protein along with GNDM expression
 - Improvement in biochemical and physiological readouts as well as prolonged survival
 - Sustained expression of GNDM in WT mice for 2 years
- pilot NHP study to explore dose and to assess immune reaction against GNDM
- Process development initiated for the GMP campaign in collaboration with a CDMO.
- INTERACT meeting with FDA (Jul)
- Changed to a muscle-specific capsid and new constructs have been evaluated in rodents and NHPs.
 - Positive results including meaningful LAMA2 expression have been obtained.
- Redesigning the manufacturing process for the new version molecule
- KOL meetings and drafting clinical synopsis and protocol
- Filing pre-IND meeting (mid-2023→Mar-2023)

➤ Next steps:

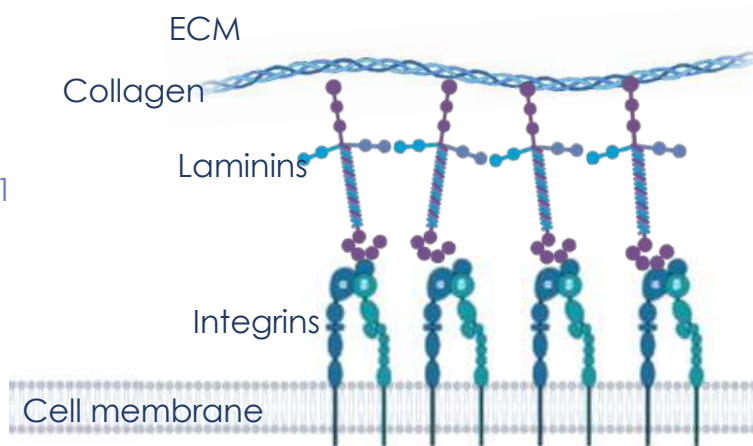
- Continue IND enabling GLP tox and PK/PD
- Continue process development and pilot productions for GMP campaign

KOL: Key Opinion Leader

Loss of LAMA2 causes congenital muscular dystrophy type 1A (LAMA2-CMD)

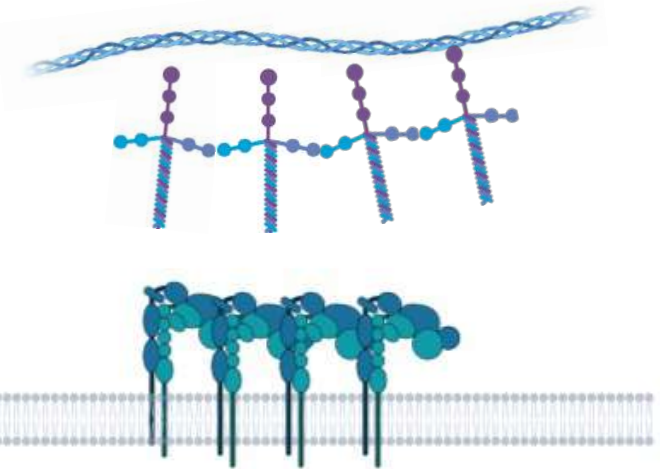


Normal LAMA2 Function



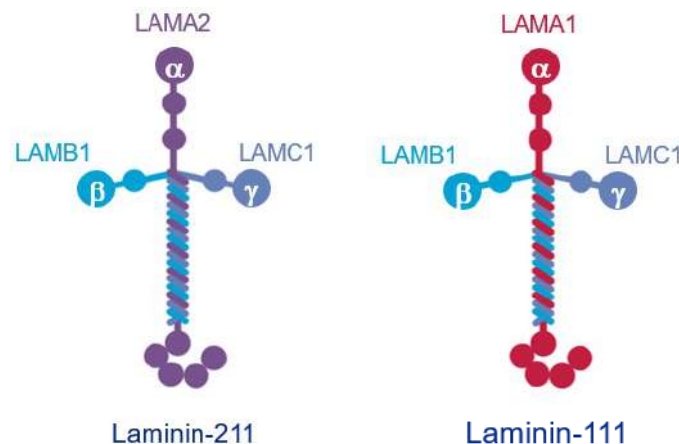
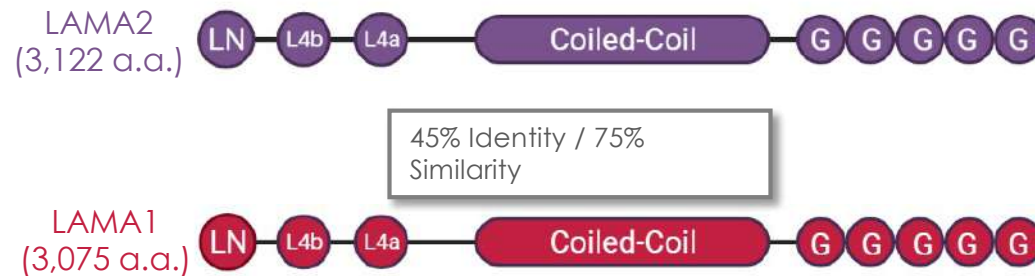
- Strongly expressed in skeletal muscle.
- Protects muscle from contraction stress.
- Influences signal transmission through dystroglycan and integrins

LAMA2 Loss-of-function



- Most **common** form of congenital muscular dystrophy.
- Currently **no cure** available.

LAMA1 can compensate the loss of LAMA2 function in vivo



Expression in
muscle tissue

High

None

Human Molecular Genetics, 2004, Vol. 13, No. 16 1775-1784
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Laminin α 1 chain reduces muscular dystrophy in laminin α 2 chain deficient mice

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and Madeleine Durbeej^{1,*}

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Laminin-111 Protein Therapy Reduces Muscle Pathology and Improves Viability of a Mouse Model of Merosin-Deficient Congenital Muscular Dystrophy

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Dean J. Burkin^{*}

LETTER

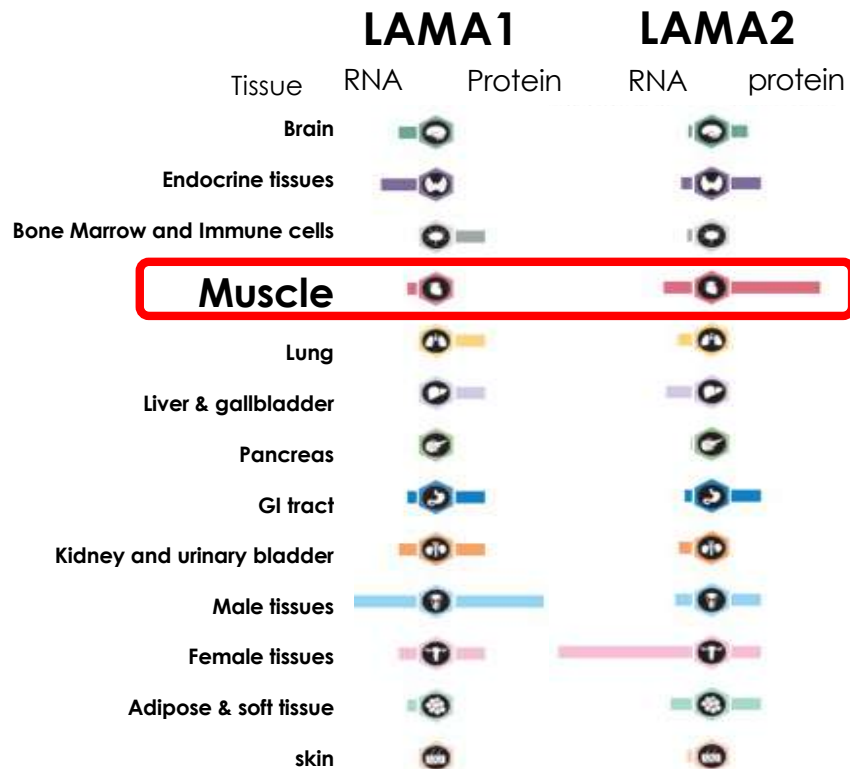
<https://doi.org/10.1038/441596-019-1430-e>

A mutation-independent approach for muscular dystrophy via upregulation of a modifier gene

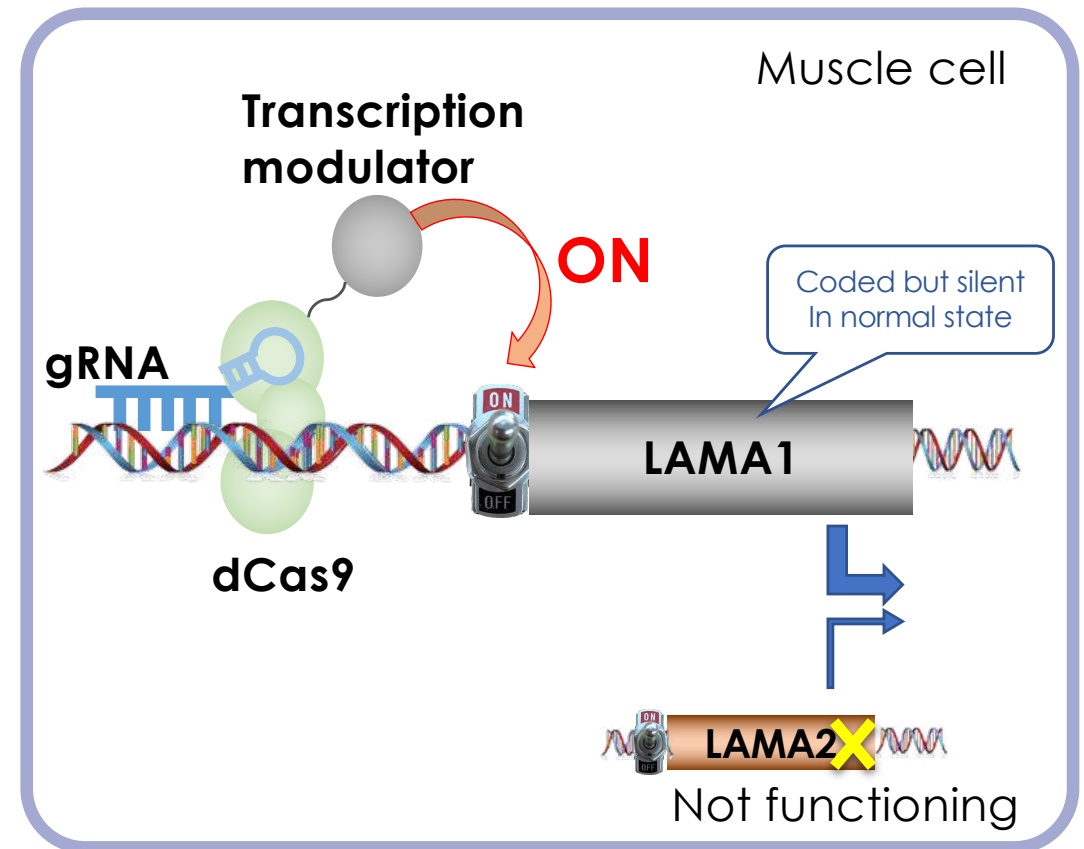
Dwi U. Komaladewi^{1,2,4}, Prabhpreet S. Bassi^{1,3,5}, Steven Erwood^{1,3}, Dheekra Al-Basha^{4,5}, Kinga I. Gawlik⁶, Kyle Lindsay¹, Elizabeth Hyatt¹, Rebekah Kember¹, Lara M. Place¹, Ryan M. Markel¹, Madeleine Durbeej⁶, Steven A. Prescott^{1,5,7}, Evgenii A. Ivakine^{1,9} & Ronald D. Cohn^{1,3,4,10,*}

By activating the sister gene, LAMA1, GNDM compensates missing function of LAMA2, which is too big to be addressed by regular GTx

Expression pattern of LAMA1 and LAMA2 by tissues

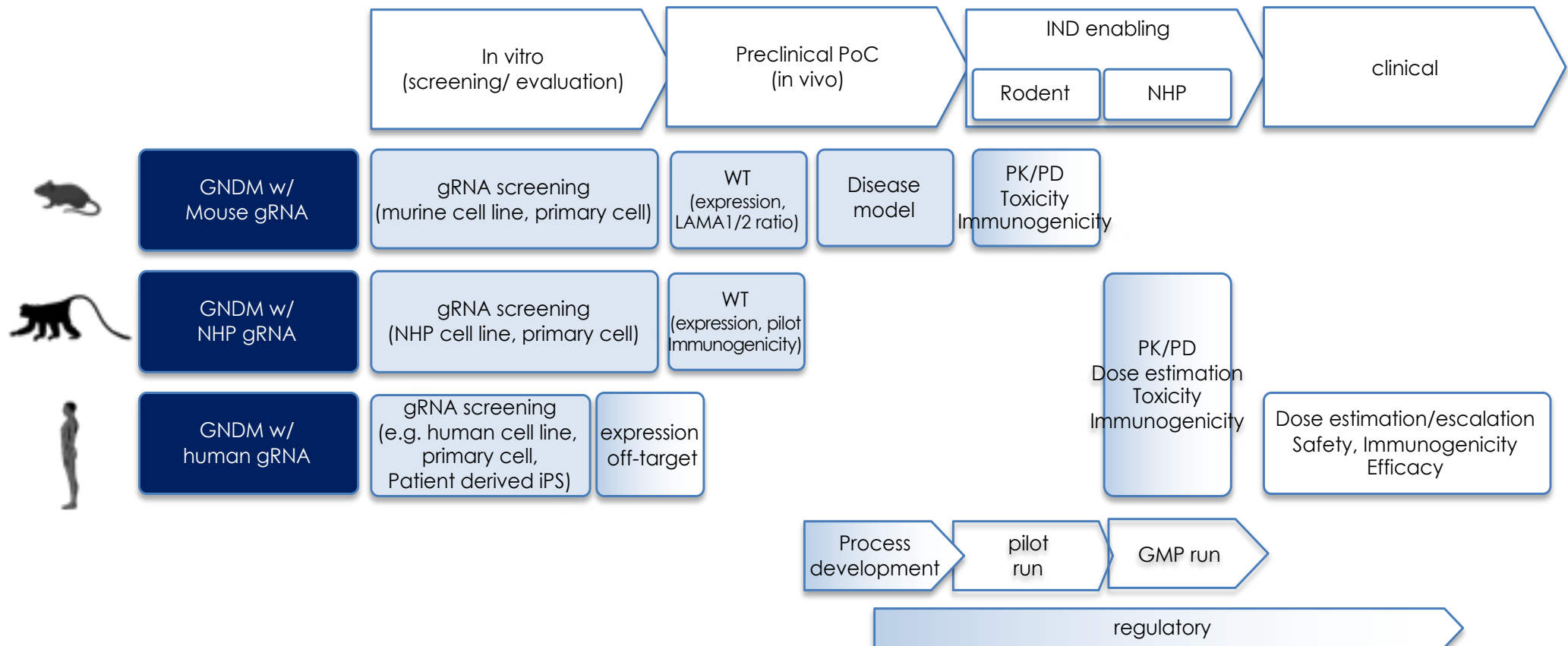


CRISPR-GNDM[®] targeting LAMA1

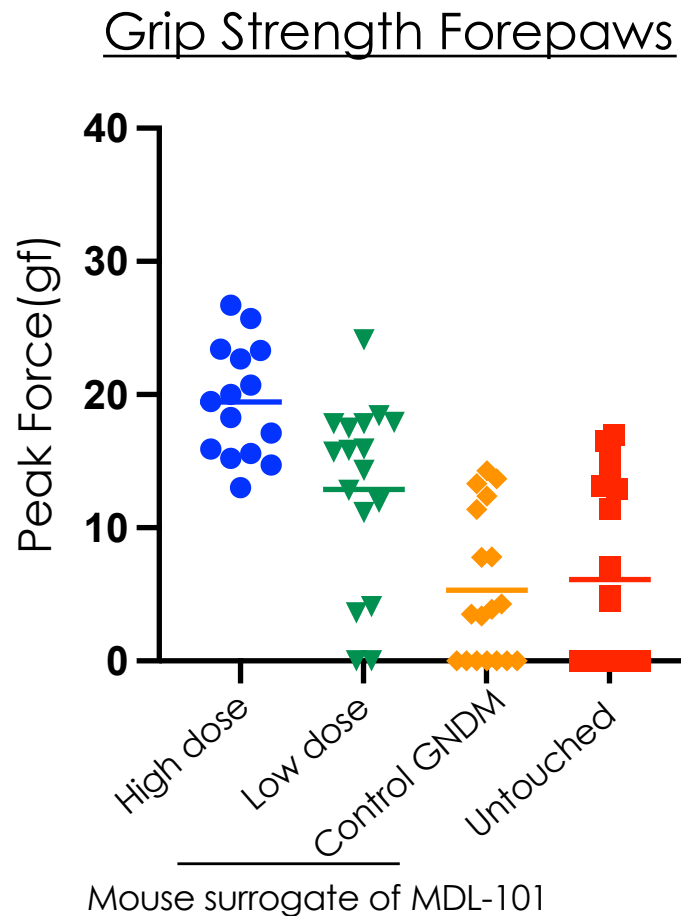


Conducting IND enabling studies as well as process development

Path to clinic for CRISPR-GNDM®



15 JULY 2004



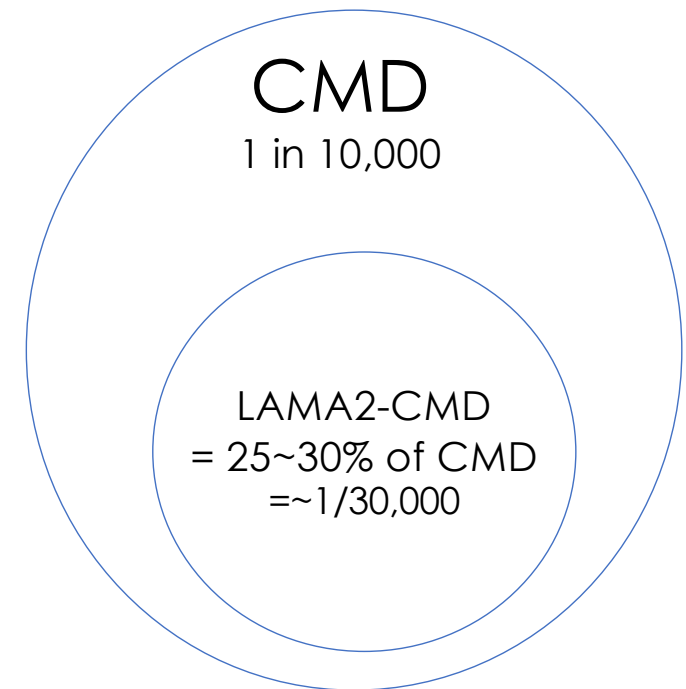
- dyW (severe MDC1a model) mice injected with GNDM (control gRNA, or active gRNA at low and high dose) compared with untouched.
- Grip strength assay on 34-day post injection.

In addition to the survival benefit, the functional improvement is confirmed

average of 3 trials

Prevalence of LAMA2-CMD

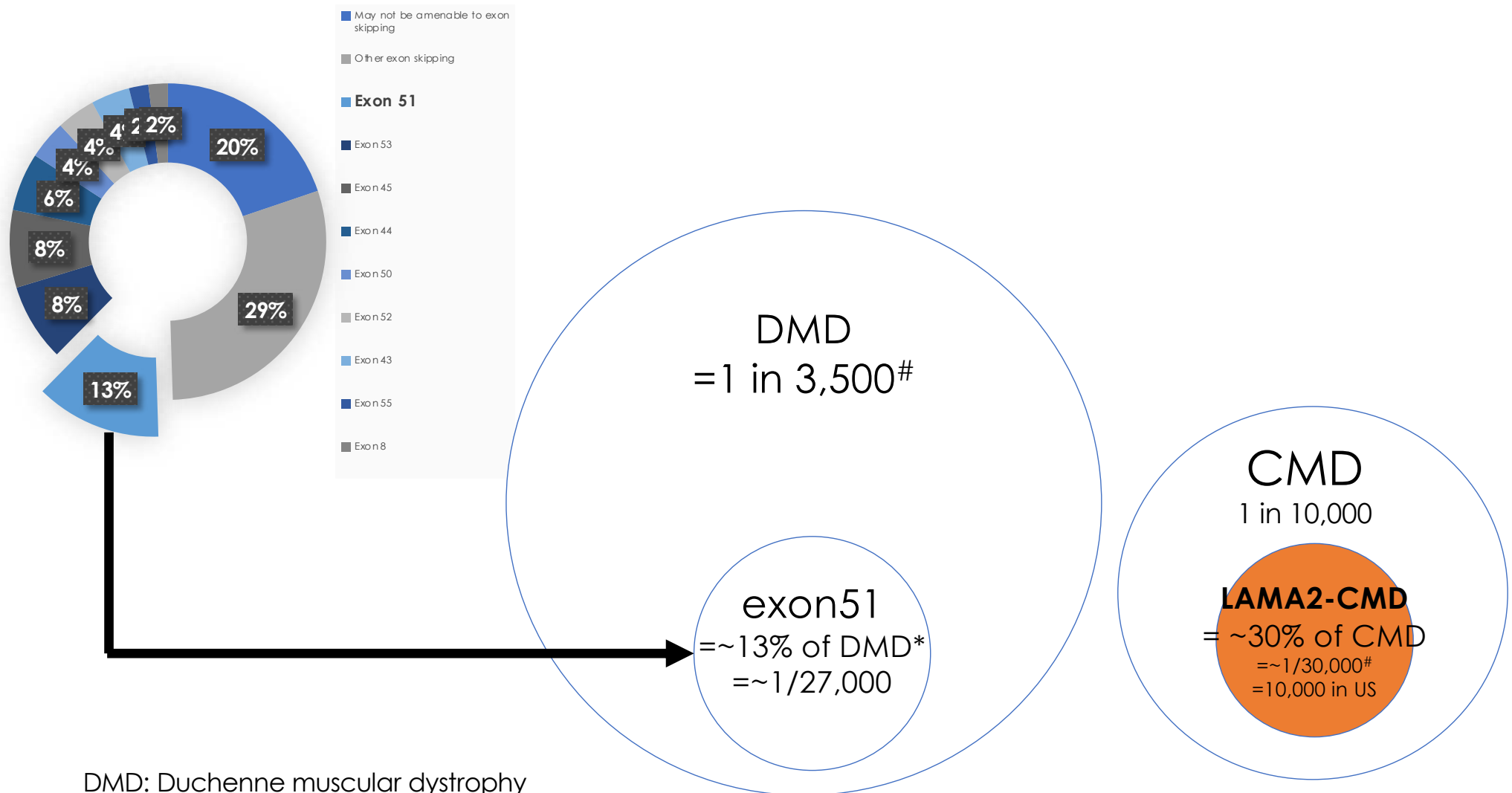
- Exact prevalence of LAMA2-CMD is still unknown but...
 - The prevalence of congenital muscular dystrophies (CMD) has been estimated between
 - 1-9/100,000
 - LAMA2-CMD is about ~30% of CMD:
 - **~1/30,000** with regional variation



CMD: congenital muscular dystrophy

Source: orpha.net

LAMA2-CMD is about the same size to DMD caused by Exon 51 mutation



DMD: Duchenne muscular dystrophy

*<https://www.cureduchenne.org/cure/exon-skipping/>

#Source: www.orpha.net

INTERACT* Meeting summary

- Held in Mid July 2022
- Non-binding
- Modalis provided development summary and questions to FDA and FDA answered to them in writing and follow them up in a web meeting.
- Primary agenda includes
 - Manufacturing process and method to assess clearance of the resulted product
 - Compatibility among samples used in animal studies and clinical trials
 - Species selection for the GLP studies
 - Using surrogate products for animal studies
- FDA responses were found to be within Modalis' expectations and under control. They did not result in significant changes to the planned studies and development strategies.

INTERACT : *Initial Targeted Engagement for Regulatory Advice on CBER Products*

MDL-104 for Tau

Tauopathy (incl. Alzheimer's Disease)

Neurodegenerative disorders caused by misfolding of the tau protein

MDL-104

Potentially best-in-class molecule by silencing Tau expression

Prevalence	1 in 9 above 65* 55 million in ww	
Disease Onset	Progressed in 6-8 yrs	
Disease Burden	progressive disease beginning with mild memory loss	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> possibly leading to loss of the ability to carry on a conversation and respond to the environment.
Disease Causing Gene	Multiple causes have been proposed but not yet known	
Commercial opportunity	\$4.2B in 2022 [#]	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Estimated to grow to \$15.6B by 2030[#]

Source: * Alz.org (for Alzheimer Disorder) #Grand View Research

Status of Development of MDL-104

➤ Status

- Evaluation of the human version molecule with hTau and humanized Tau mice
 - Robust Tau suppression is confirmed both in Cortex and Hippocampus.
- Initiation of biodistribution study in NHP
- Discussion on target indications with KOLs
 - Alzheimer's disorder (AD) and/or Frontotemporal dementia (FTD)

Decisions are based on prevalence, causative site in the brain, disease progression, and clarity of evaluation.

➤ Next steps

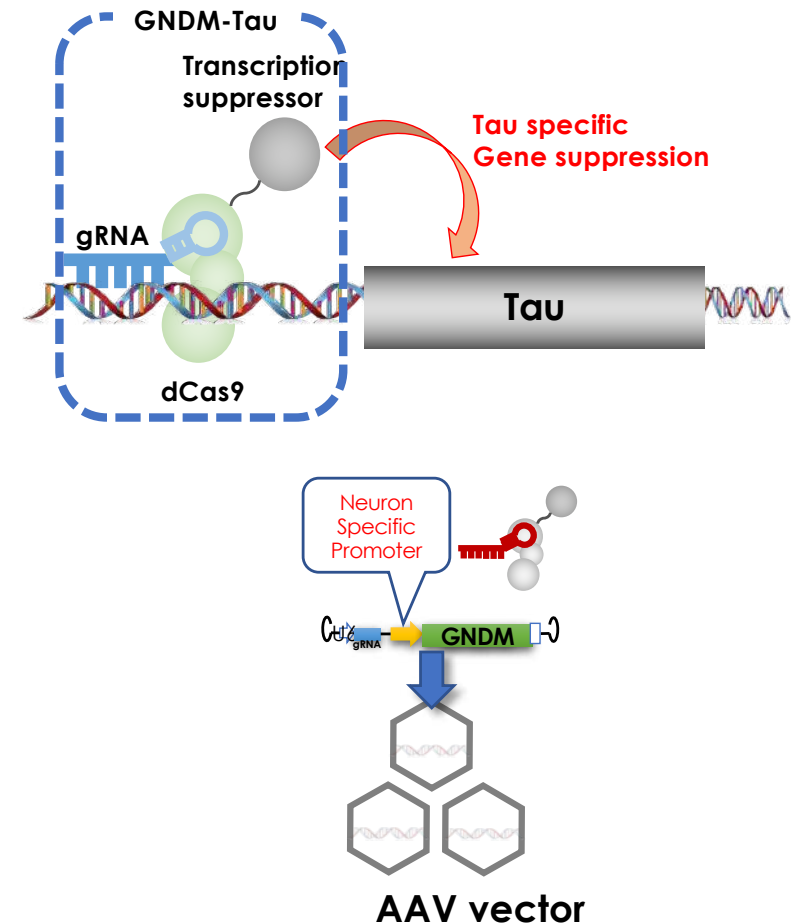
- NHP data readout (2023-2Q)

hTau mouse (mMAPT knockout, hMAPT transgenic)

humanized MAPT mouse (aka MAPT (H2.1) -GR = mouse MAPT replaced with human MAPT gene)

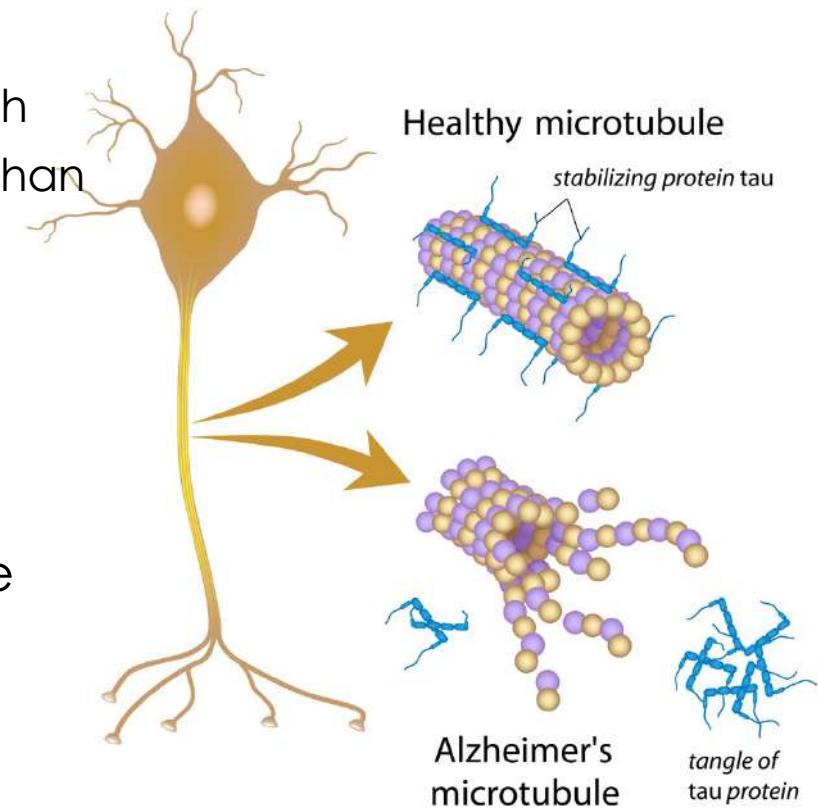
Product concept of Tau suppressor by CRISPR-GNDM®

- Reversing the pathogenic conditions of Tauopathy by partial or full suppression of Tau gene that leads to reduction of Tau protein in the brain
- GNDM-Tau, driven by neuron specific promoter delivered by AAV9 or alternative capsid
- ICM (intra-cisterna magna) injection to achieve efficient brain delivery and to avoid high-dose AAV related toxicities



Tau is a center of attention in treating Alzheimer diseases

- Tau correlates with clinical symptoms and neuronal loss in Alzheimer's disease and other primary tauopathies.
 - Tau aggregates and tangles are thought to induce neuronal degeneration, synaptic loss and cell death
 - Tauopathies include a range of high value and orphan clinical diseases
 - AD (Alzheimer's Disease)
 - FTLD (Frontal Lobar Degeneration)
 - PSP (Progressive Supranuclear Palsy)
 - CBD (Corticobasal Degeneration)
 - Pick's disease
- Tau is likely to be a better target than A β because the tau burden correlates better with clinical impairments than does the A β burden
- Tau knockout has few adverse effects
- Therefore, reducing total Tau expression is a logical therapeutic strategy



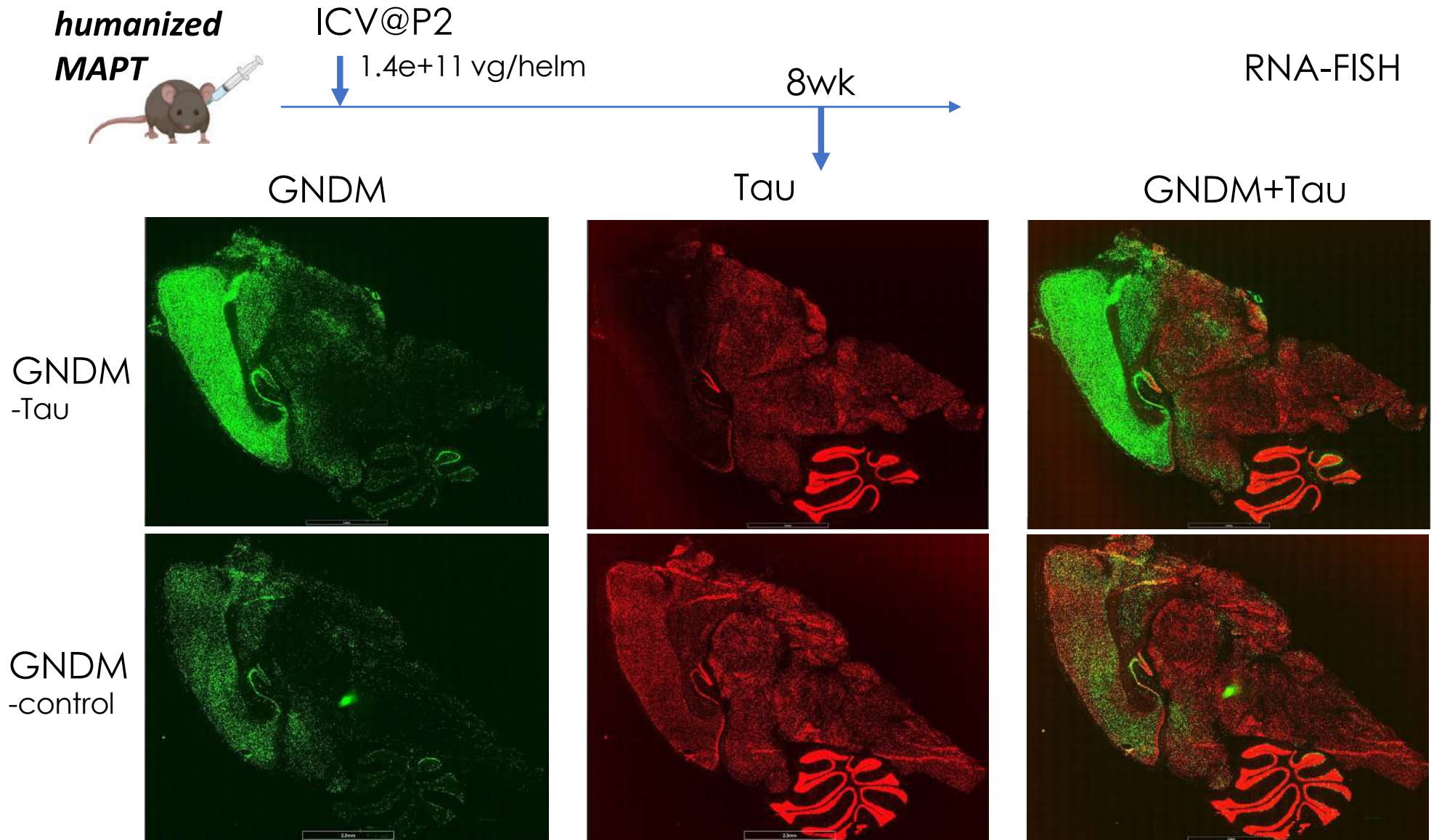
Source: Congdon EE, Nature Review Neurology 2018 "Tau-targeting therapies for Alzheimer disease"

AD and FTD are our primary choice for the initial indication but multiple potential diseases

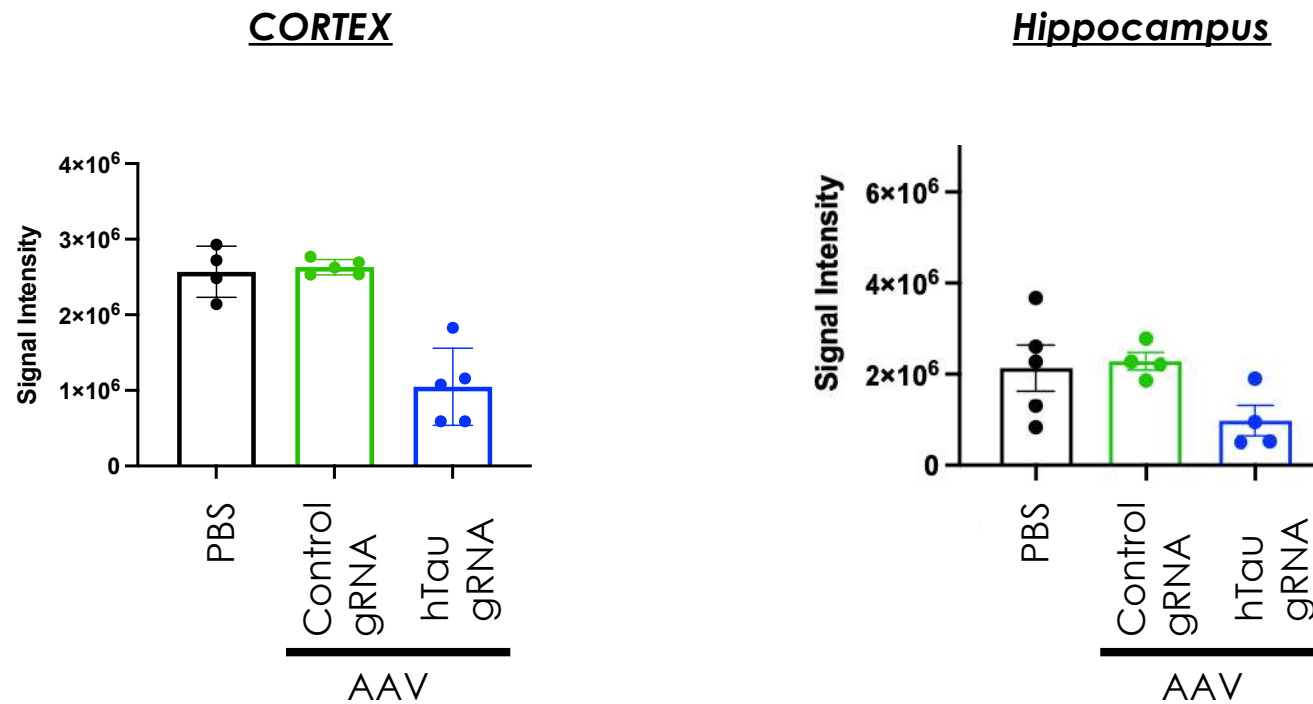
	Prevalence	Target in Brain	Major symptom	Progression
AD	1 in 9 above 65 1 in 3 above 85	cortex and hippocampus	memory, movement, language, judgment, behavior, and abstract thinking	6-8yrs
CBD	~5 in 100k low in Asian	multiple areas of the brain	Balance, Memory, muscle control, speech	6-8yrs
PSP	5-17 in 100k	Basal ganglia and brain stem	movement, control of walking (gait) and balance, speech, swallowing, eye movements and vision, mood and behavior, and thinking (Parkinson like symptom)	~7yrs
FTD	2-10% of dementia	frontal and temporal lobes	apathy, change in personality, lack of inhibition, obsessive behavior	~8yrs
AGD	18.8% to 80% of PSP 41.2% to 100% of CBD	Limbic system	cognitive decline, personality changes, urine incontinence and cachexia	3 months
Chronic traumatic encephalopathy	0.79% of population	Various	depression, explosivity, short-term memory loss, executive dysfunction and cognitive impairment	Decades
Post-encephalitic parkinsonism	Unknown	Substantia nigra	Parkinsonism	Unknown
Subacute sclerosing panencephalitis	2:10,000 people infected with measles	cortical atrophy, white matter lesions	personality changes, mood swings, depression, muscle spasms, seizures, loss of vision, and dementia	4 yrs

AD: Alzheimer's Disease
 CBD: Corticobasal degeneration
 PSP: progressive supranuclear palsy
 FTD: Frontotemporal dementia
 AGD: Argyrophilic grain disease

Tau is strongly suppressed in the brain regions that GNDM is transduced



hTau protein is suppressed to ~50% in both Cortex and Hippocampus



*P2 ICV 8wk
takedown
Jess Simple Western*

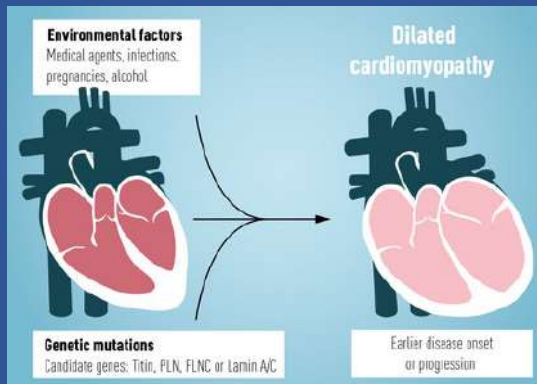
MDL-105 for DCM

Dilated Cardiomyopathy (DCM)

A condition in which the heart becomes enlarged

MDL-105

Potential first-in-class precision medicine targeting DCM caused by TTN truncated variant mutations



Prevalence 1 in 250-2,500[#]

- ~20% of DCM is estimated to be caused by TTN variant
- Half is by truncated variant

Disease Onset Middle age around 20-60 yo

Disease Burden Five-year survival rate is about 50%*

- Without treatment, the 1-year survival is 70%–75%, with a 5-year survival of as low as 50%
- Patients goes to a heart transplantation

Disease Causing Gene Mutation in **TTN**, **MYH7**, **MYBPC3**

Commercial opportunity >\$300M

- Estimated to grow at CAGR=4.1% and reach \$421M by 2027[#]

Source: picture MayoClinic *<https://doi.org/10.1111/joim.12944> #Global Industry Analysts, Inc

Status of Development of MDL-105

➤ Status

- Human gRNA screening completed
 - Filed patent
- Introduced mice disease model
 - TTN truncated variant mice
- Initiated animal PoC study
 - With muscle tropic capsids
- Discussion on the strategy with CV experts

➤ Next steps

- Mice model data readout 3-4Q
- Evaluation with patient derived iPSc

TTN is the largest human protein - which is too large for AAV packaging

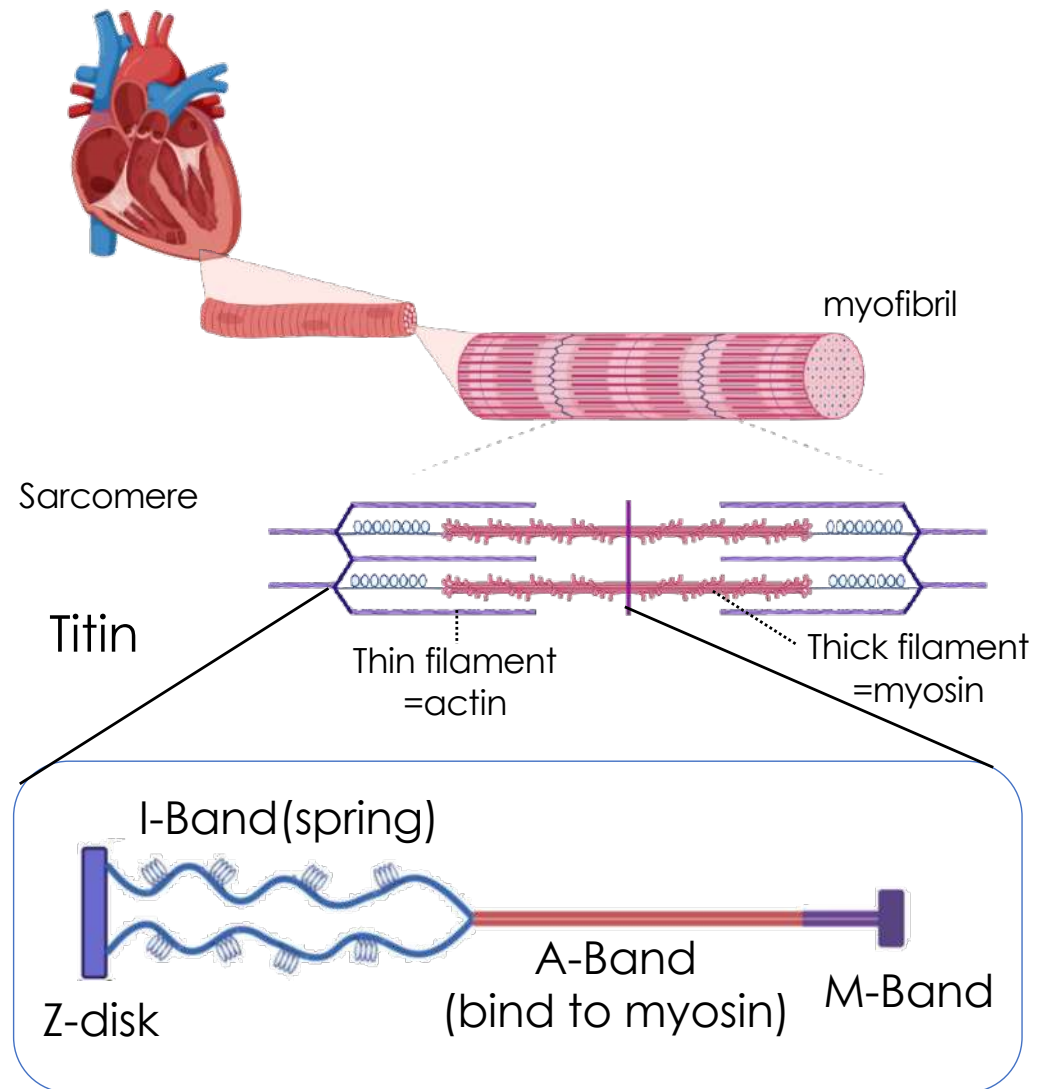
Largest human protein

- 35,000 amino acids /17kb
- 363 exons
- Acts as spring in sarcomere
- Tension during relaxation

Abundant in human body

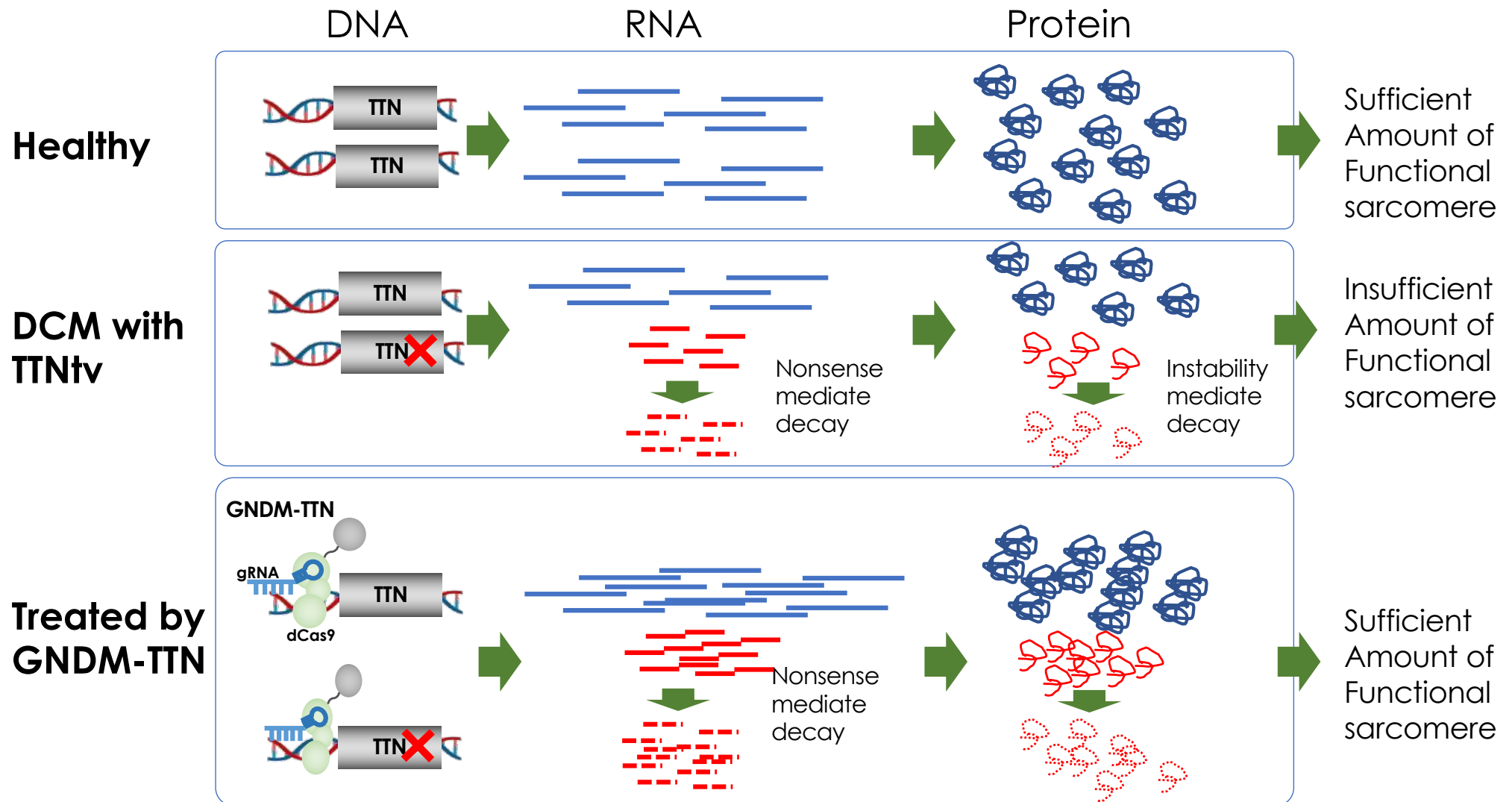
- Third most abundant protein in muscle next to myosin and actin
- Adult human contains approximately 0.5 kg of titin

~90% mutations are truncated variant (TTNtv)



Product concept: Activate TTN gene to boost TTN protein in DCM patients

Working hypothesis of GNDM based DCM therapy



Why GNDM for TTN?

- TTN mutations are “definitive” for DCM (ClinGen)
- TTN mutations are associated with 15-23% of DCM cases
- TTNtv is a haploinsufficiency rather than dominant negative
 - produce non-functional protein
- No direct approach to target TTN has been reported as too big to treat



Targeting TTN by GNDM is a unique and differentiated approach

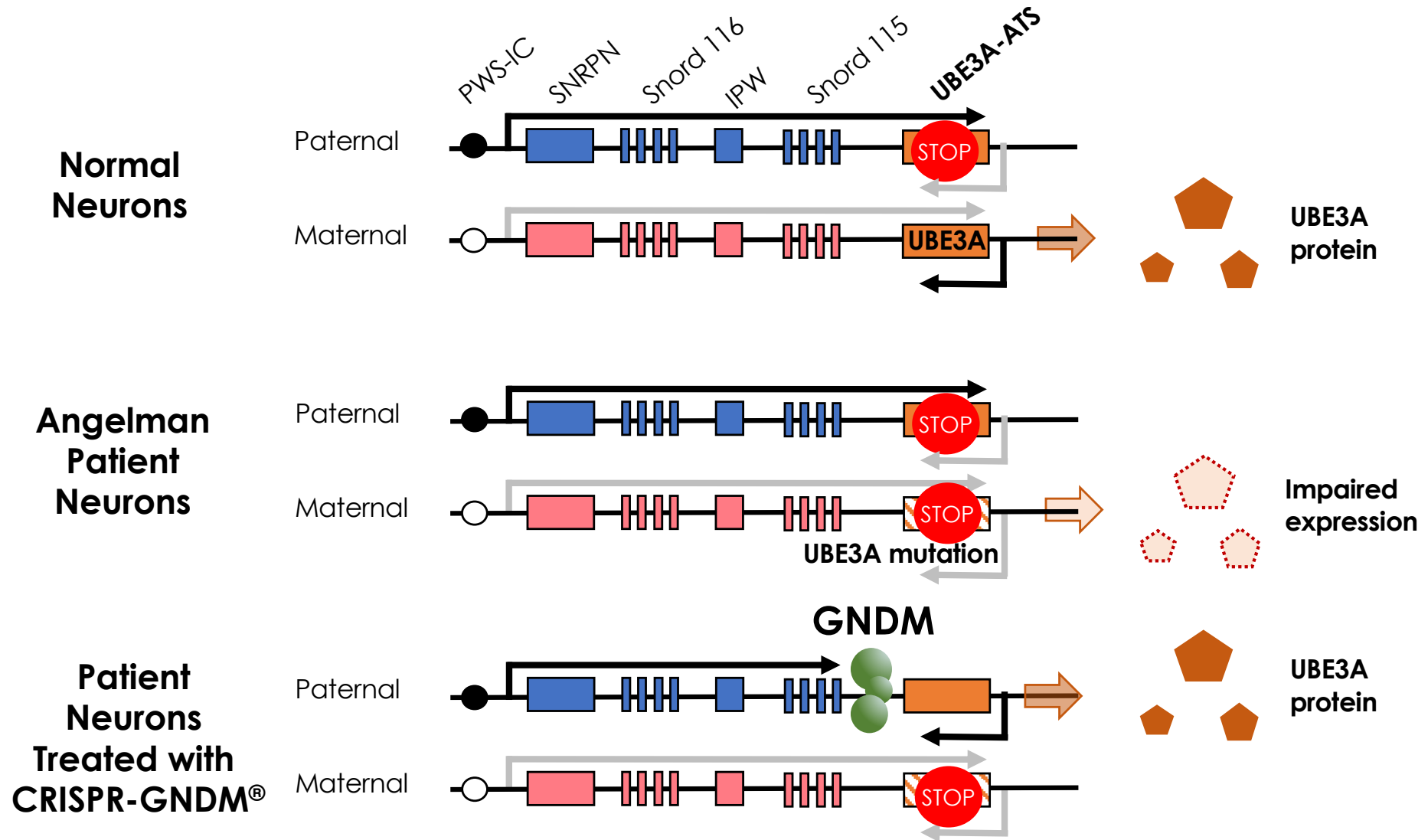
MDL-206 for Angelman Syndrome

What is Angelman syndrome

- Angelman syndrome (AS) is a rare neuro-genetic disorder that occurs in **one in 15,000 live births** or **500,000 people** worldwide.
- It is caused by a loss of function of the **UBE3A gene** in the 15th chromosome derived from the mother.
- Angelman syndrome shares symptoms and characteristics with other disorders including **autism, cerebral palsy** and **Prader-Willi syndrome**.
- People with AS have developmental problems that become noticeable by the **age of 6 – 12 months**. Other common signs and symptoms usually appear in early childhood like **walking and balance disorders, gastrointestinal issues, seizures** and **little to no speech**.

Source: Angelman Syndrome Foundation

By blocking ATS transcript, GNDM un-silences UBE3A expression



Status of Development of MDL-206

➤ status

- Animal PoC established with disease mice model
- Up-regulates the UBE3A gene by GNDM based molecule is confirmed with UBE3A heterozygous mice

➤ Next steps

- Verification of superiority over approaches using other modalities
- Planning and validation of clinical development strategies, including route of administration, capsid modifications, etc.
- In parallel, partnering efforts

5. Growth Strategy

Diversified pipeline with their own missions

Pioneer the gene modulation
With highly suitable indications

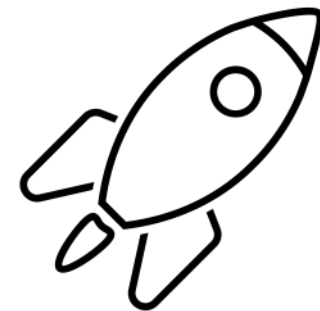
MDL-101

Expand technology opportunity with products for larger opportunity

MDL-104, 201, 202, 205

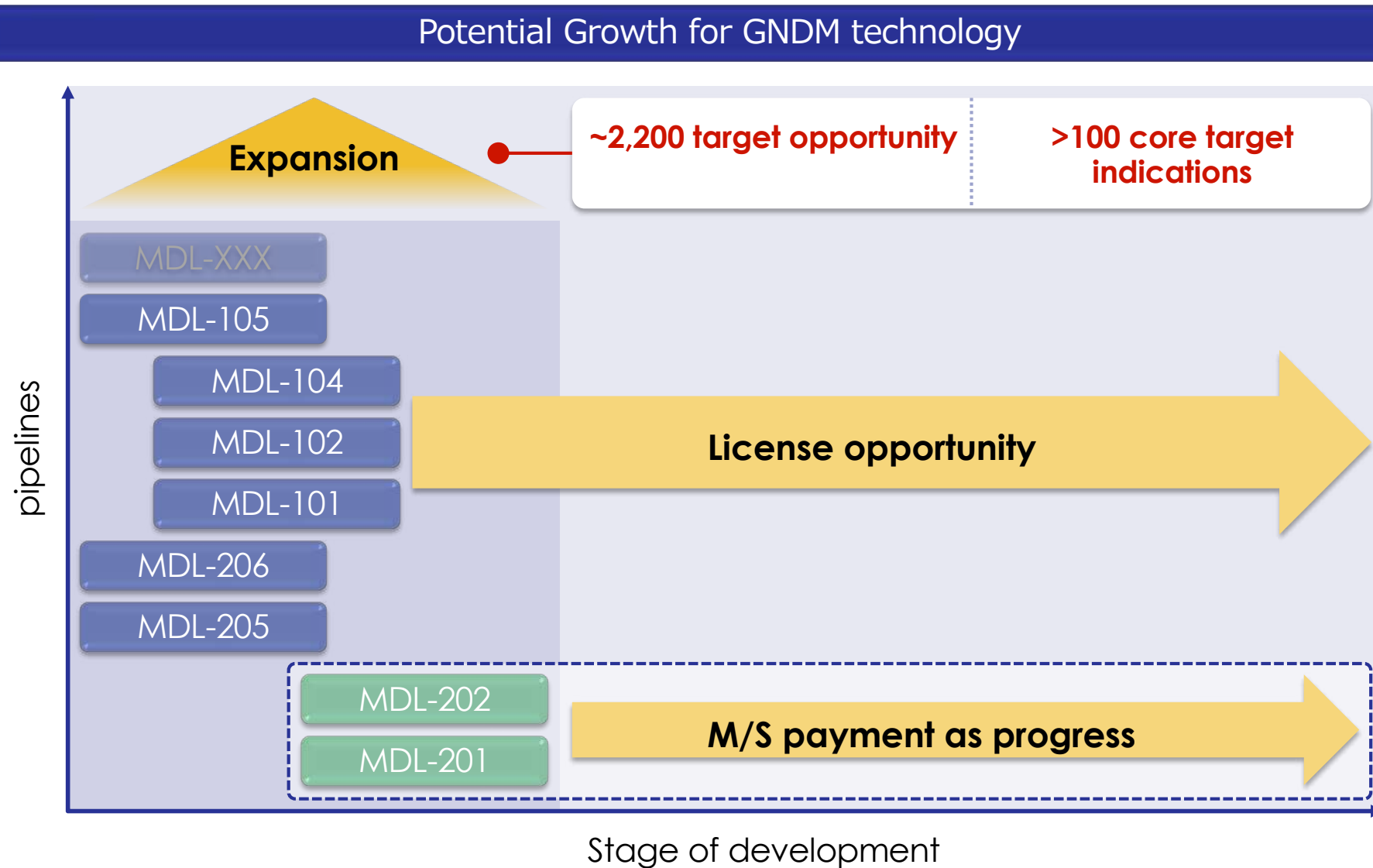
Further approach to challenging applications

MDL-102, 105, 206



Growth Strategy

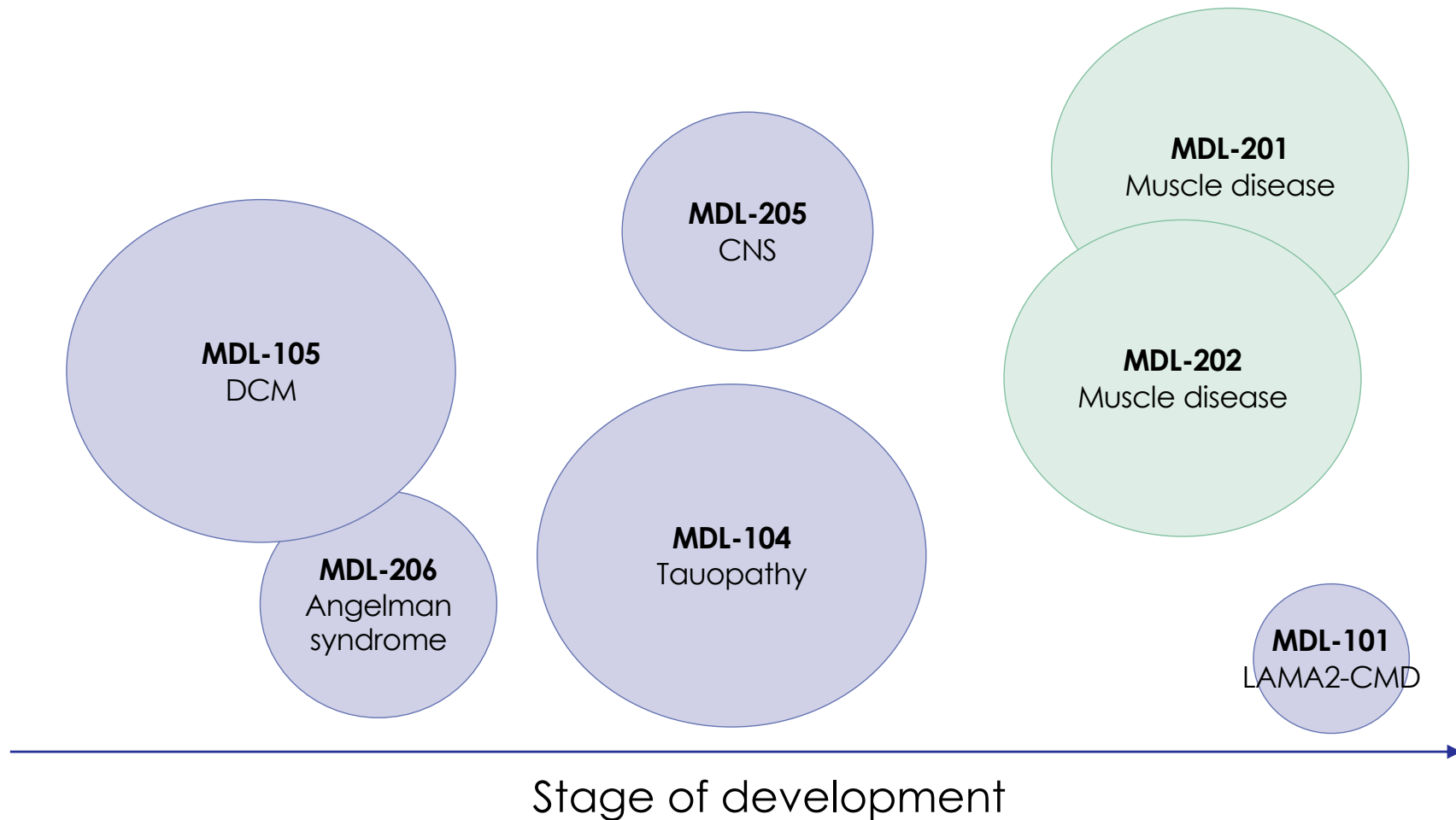
opportunity expands two dimensionally



Modalis' pipelines and market size

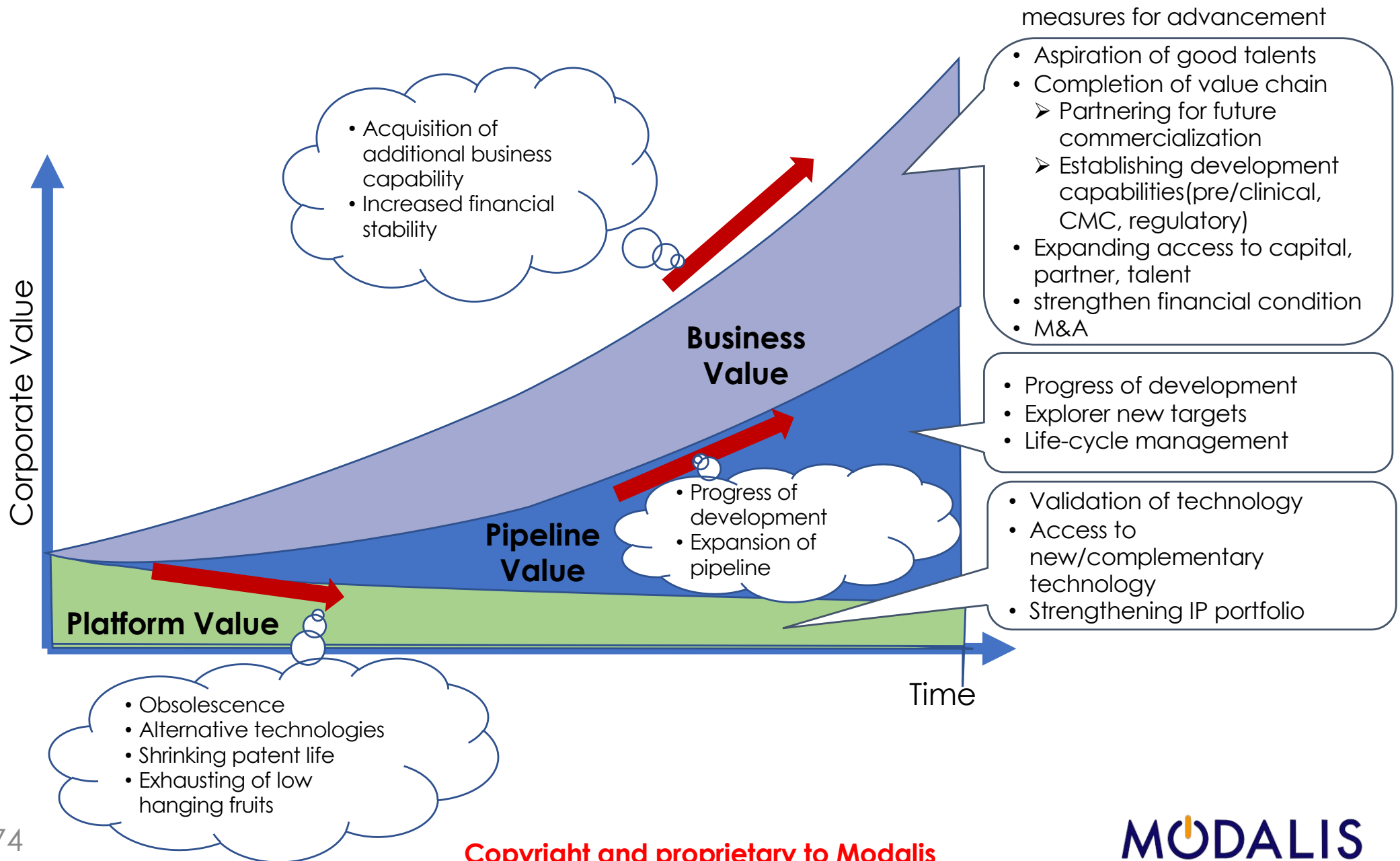
Large indication programs follow MDL-101 which paves the clinical path

Modalis' pipelines and market size

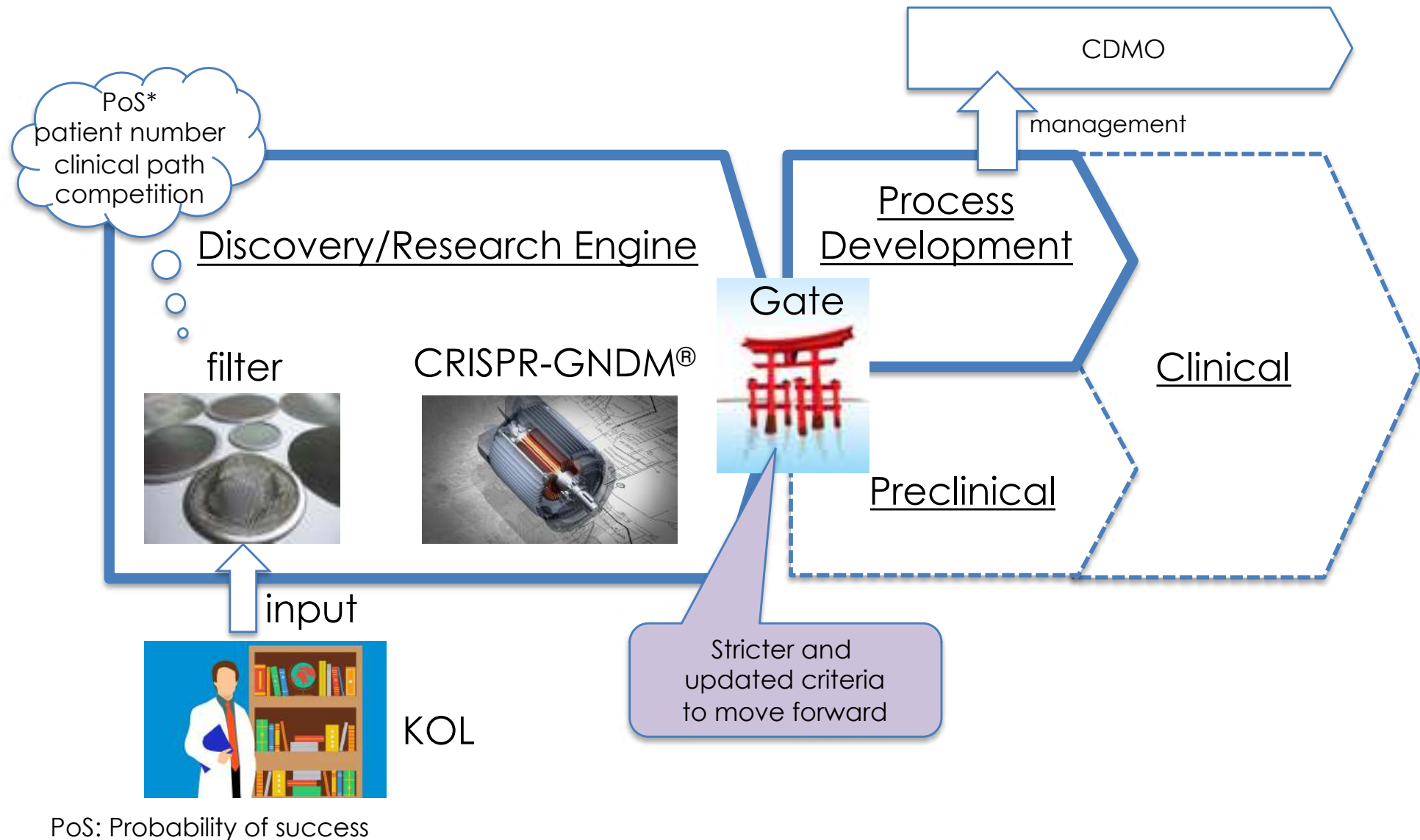


※ Size of circles represents an image of market size or patient number of each indication

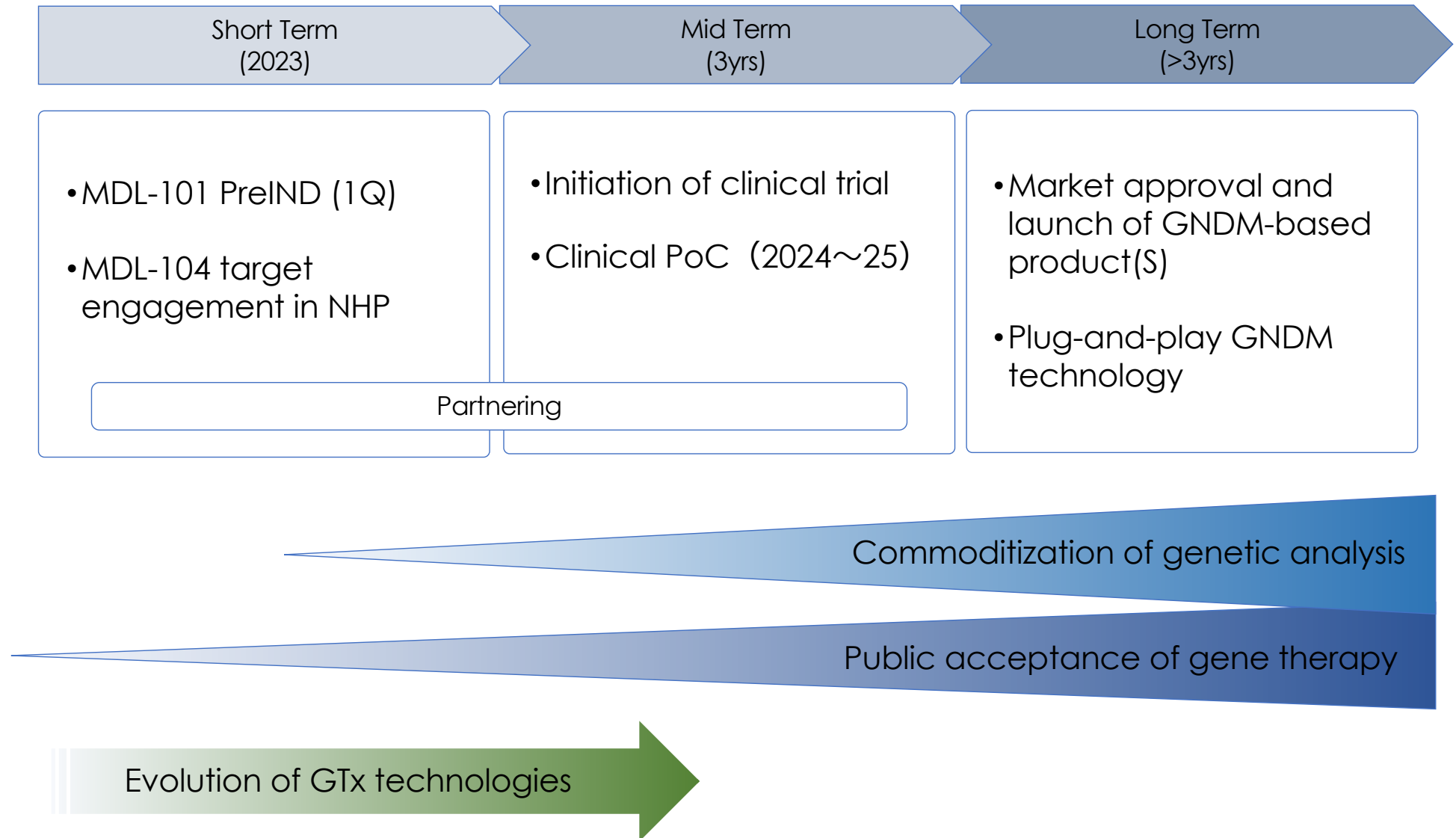
Composition of Modalis' value and measures for advance



Upon transition from R to D, which cost time and money, stricter decision is made for higher ROI and better resource allocation.

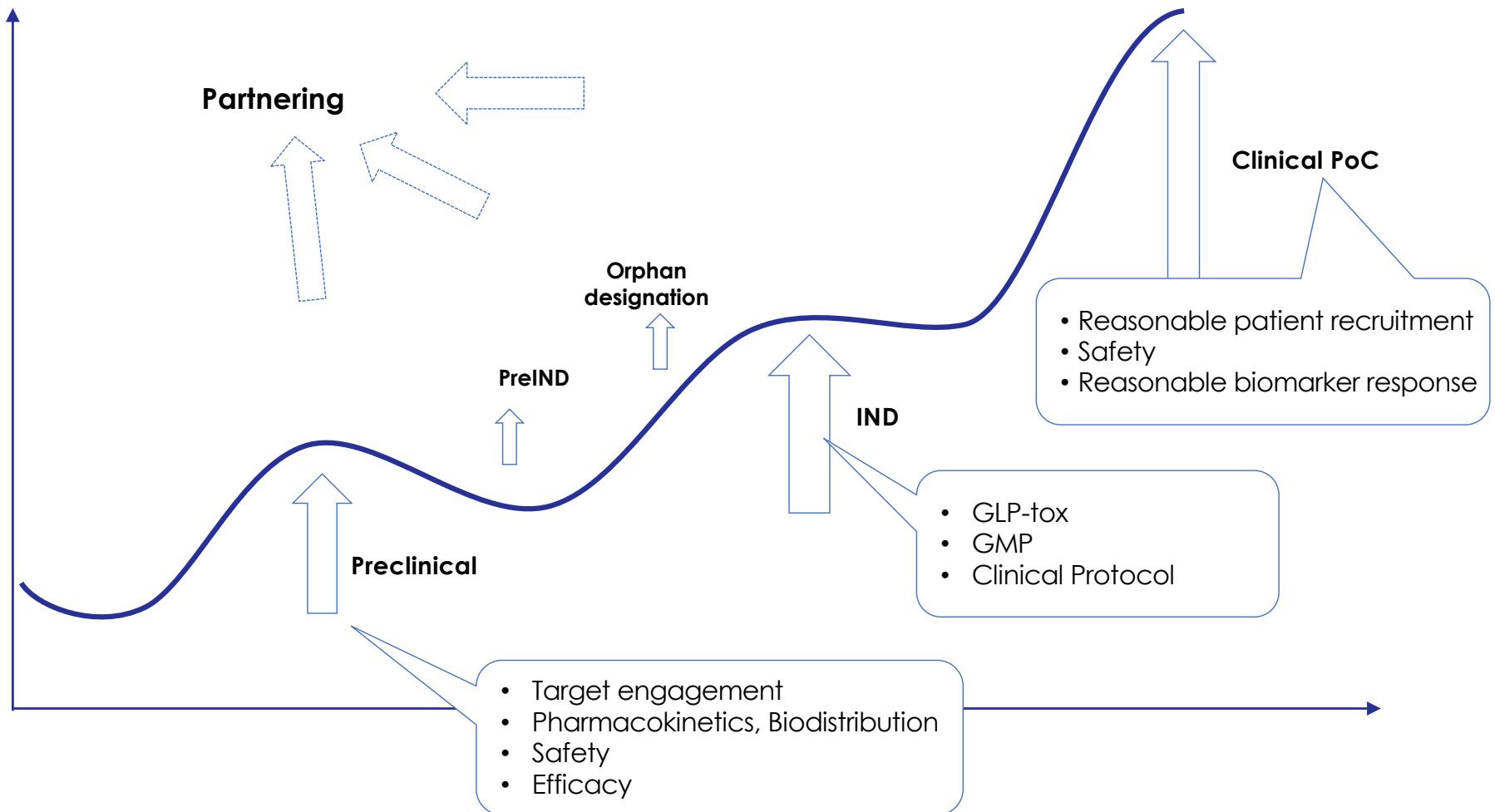


The future Modalis envisioned



Future pre-clinical and clinical trials are expected to increase the value of the company.

Expected milestone events and impact on corporate value



Partnering strategy

- We try to maximize the number of diseases that can be developed by CRISPR-GNDM®. On the other hand, given our limited resources, it is important for us to find partners with whom we can share risk/profit.
- Partnering will be undertaken when conditions and timing are deemed appropriate based on the value and business characteristics of each pipeline.
- Take an open stance on forms of partnering, including licensing, option deals, and co-development
- At the same time, we will negotiate the timing and scheme of the alliance in a manner that allows us to accumulate our own development know-how, with a view to improving the efficiency of future development and maximizing profits.

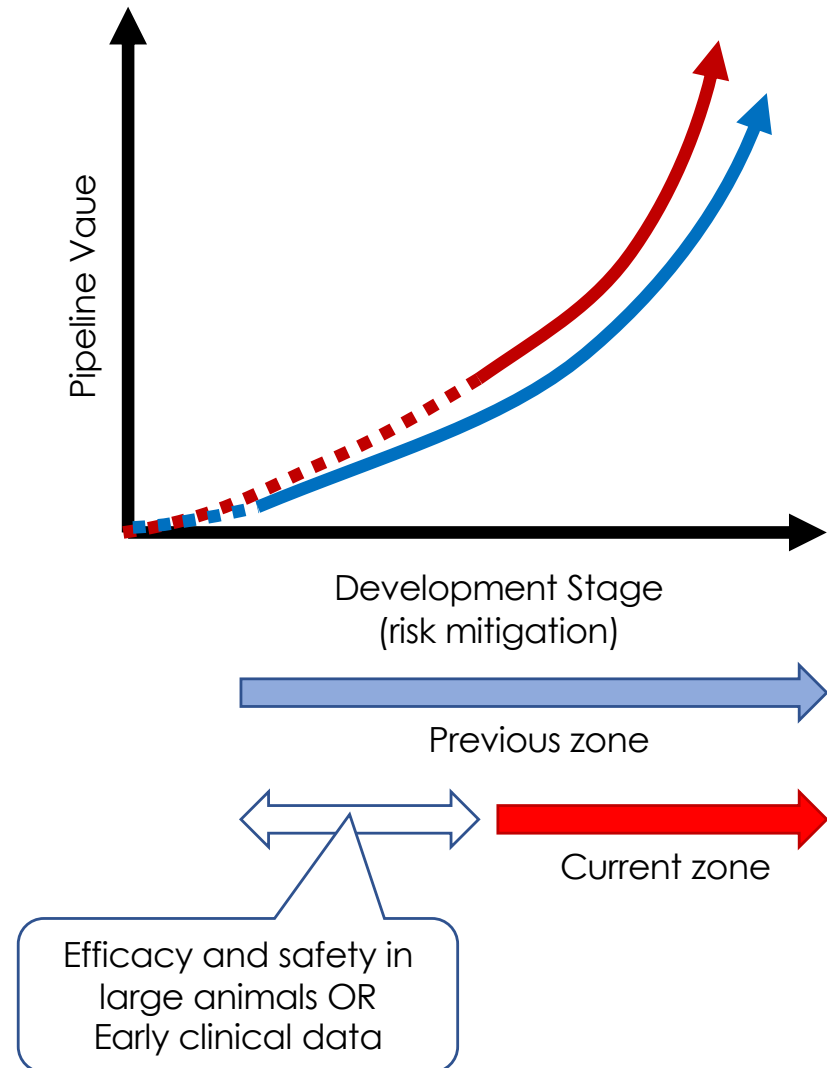
Status of partnering

Change in the partnering environment

- Value curve along with the progress of development is comparable to that of the past or is on an increasing trend.
- On the other hand, optimism about GTx receded, and a trend toward caution is obvious.

Status of wholly owned pipelines

- **MDL-101:** While conducting development to achieve clinical entry asap, also negotiating with potentials to realize partnering.
- **MDL-104, 205:** R&D is underway. Discussions for partnering in FY2022 are ongoing in parallel, and negotiations for 205 have begun pending the transfer of IP.
- **MDL-102, 105, 206:** R&D is ongoing. We plan to partner with the company when it reaches the appropriate stage of patent filing, acquisition of development data, and so on.



6. Risk Information

Known Risks and Preventative Measures (1)

Topic	Main Risks	Probability	Level of Impact	Preventative Measure(s)
(1) Risks related to the research and development of gene therapies	The risk of unforeseeable problems developing due to working with cutting-edge experimental medical treatments	Low	High	Constantly monitoring cutting-edge scientific technologies and related businesses, making pertinent judgements, taking appropriate actions
	Due to gene editing technology being a field with steady progress and rapid advancement, there is a possibility of new technologies appearing and risk of competing with other modalities	Low	High	Ensuring we are using the most up-to-date version of the underlying technologies in our research and subsequently monitoring new trends in technologies, and adopting necessary technologies as needed R&D will be carried out with priority given to pipelines with competitive advantage, and portfolio reviews such as discontinuation decisions will be made as needed for diseases for which competitive advantage cannot be maintained
(2) Risks related to the pharmaceutical industry	The risk of failure or decision to suspend development caused by a certain product or technology used in pharmaceutical development	Moderate	High	Regularly reviewing risk mitigation measures and making appropriate modifications to our portfolio when collaborating with partner companies and adding pipelines to our portfolio
(3) Risks related to execution of business activities	Due to the fact that execution and related decisions are driven by our partners, there is a possibility development is suspended and the risk of contract cancellation even if there are no failures during development	Moderate	High	Aiming to stabilize for the future and maximize profits through the stratification of our pipelines and strategically adding to our portfolio
	The risk of delays in the timeline if appropriate business coordination measures are not made regarding production that is entrusted to external parties, preclinical experiments, etc.	Low	High	Performing appropriate project management, concurrently negotiating with various candidate service providers, and securing a slot to prevent delays in the timeline

Known Risks and Preventative Measures (2)

Topic	Main Risks	Probability	Level of Impact	Preventative Measure(s)
(4) Risks related to intellectual property rights	The risk that patents other than the originally introduced license will be required while the basic patent is in a disputed state.	Low	High	Striving to secure patents for each project (including the Company's own patents) and concurrently investigating the introduction of necessary patents
(5) Risks related to business performance, financial condition, etc.	The risk that recorded profits will not be stable, since profit is strongly influenced by the license agreements, milestones, etc.	Moderate	High	Using a hybrid model to stabilize for the future and maximize profits through the stratification of our pipelines and strategically adding to our portfolio
	The risk of significant events related to the going concern assumption.	Moderate	High	Using a hybrid model to stabilize for the future and maximize profits through the stratification of our pipelines and strategically adding to our portfolio
(6) Risks related to the company structure	The risk that we are unable to secure talented individuals who possess technical knowledge or skills for scientific research and development	Low	High	To attract talent, we are engaged in R&D that appeals to potential candidates and creating a favorable working environment in addition to adopting of a restricted stock unit system to recruit competitively
	The risk that negative gossip or rumors influence the public credibility of the Company group	Low	Moderate	Misinformation and rumors are taken seriously, and the Company maintains their position by the equitable, fair, and timely disclosure of information