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Corporate Governance Report

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FINDEX Inc.

Last Update: April 4, 2023
Company: FINDEX Inc.
Representative: Teruo Aibara

President &CEO

TSE Code: 3649

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Finance & Investor Relations

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The corporate governance of FINDEX Inc. (the "Company") is described below.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views

The Company regards corporate governance as a management governance function to maximize corporate value for stakeholders and recognizes that strengthening corporate governance is an important management responsibility.

In order to respond appropriately and flexibly to changes in economic conditions and the market environment, the Company will strive to strengthen corporate governance by enhancing the functions of the Board of Directors, monitoring and supervising business execution, and further enhancing internal controls, while striving to disclose timely and appropriate information to stakeholders and respecting the rights of shareholders.

Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code

Updated

[Supplementary Principle 4.8.2]

Each of the Independent Outside Directors has a high professionalism, knowledge, and a wide range of experience, and is expected to provide advice from an independent standpoint. However, the Company does not believe that it is necessary to have a lead independent outside director, as this could lead to the development of a sense of hierarchy and dependency.

Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code

Updated

[Principle 1.4]

The Company does not hold any cross-shareholdings. When the Company holds any cross-shareholdings in the future, the Board of Directors will examine the rationale for holding them, such as business alliances and maintaining and strengthening business transactions and will confirm the rationale for cross-shareholdings at the end of the fiscal year.

[Principle 1.7]

When a director executes a transaction with the Company, the Company monitors the transaction by establishing a structure that requires a factual explanation and approval resolution by the Board of Directors in advance regarding the rationality of the transaction and its terms and conditions, in accordance with laws and regulations and the Related Party Transaction Management Regulations.

In the event that such transactions are executed, the facts of such transactions are required to be reported to the Board of Directors.

With respect to the existence of transactions between related parties and the Company, a quarterly documented interview survey is conducted with all directors, and the existence of such transactions is verified through cross-checking with the transaction data of the accounting department.

Furthermore, the Audit Committee monitors and verifies whether or not there are any facts that violate the directors' duty of prudence and duty of loyalty with regard to conflict-of-interest transactions and competing business transactions.

[Supplementary Principle 2.4.1]

In recent corporate management, there is an urgent need to build an organization that respects diversity.

The scope of such efforts is not limited to the conventional promotion of women's activities, but also covers a wide range of issues such as dealing with nationality, religion, and sexual minorities.

The Company will take seriously the challenges of the new era and fulfill its social responsibility as a company that protects people's mental and physical health through building and maintaining a diversity-friendly work environment and promoting inclusive recruitment.

In the area of human resources development, the Company actively recruits employees for key positions, regardless of gender, nationality, or age, in accordance with their past achievements and preferences.

In addition, the transfer of authority is actively carried out, providing many opportunities to take on new challenges, such as considering new business opportunities and exploring new business fields.

Approximately 98% of our directors and managers are mid-career professionals. The ratio of mid-career professionals to management positions may decrease in the future as more experienced employees are promoted to management positions, but it is expected to remain high, and therefore the Company has not set a goal for the voluntary and measurable promotion of mid-career professionals to management positions.

With regard to the recruitment of foreign management professionals, the Company recognizes that it will be an upcoming issue to recruit foreign nationals as needed, as well as to promote them to management positions and set voluntary and measurable goals, in consideration of the future business development of the Company.

With regard to the promotion of women to management positions, the Company has formulated an action plan based on the Law for the Act on the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life, as well as disclosed the plan below.

https://findex.co.jp/company/actionplan.html

Our action plan based on the Law for the Act on the Promotion of Women's Active Engagement in Professional Life sets a target of increasing the ratio of women in management positions to 9% by 2026 and 18% by 2030 (3.8% as of December 31, 2022).

Starting in March 2023, the Company will measure the effectiveness of these measures annually and achieve the targets while promoting specific measures, such as providing training and learning opportunities for female employees who wish to be promoted to managerial positions.

In addition to increasing the ratio of female managers, the Company are aiming for "Kurumin" and "Eruboshi" certification to ensure diversity and to publicize the Company as a as a worker-friendly company.

[Principle 2.6]

Currently, the Company has no corporate pension fund plan.

When adopting the plan, the Company will take appropriate measures in both personnel and management to fulfill its expected functions as an asset owner and will disclose this information.

The Company will also appropriately manage any conflicts of interest between the beneficiaries of the corporate pension fund plan and the Company that may arise during the management of the plan.

[Principle 3.1]

- (i) Corporate philosophy, management policy, mid- and long-term initiatives, business strategies, etc. are described on the Company's website.
- (ii) Basic policy on corporate governance is described on the Company's website and also included in the Corporate Governance Report.
- (iii) The policy regarding the remuneration of directors is described in this report "II.1.[Director Remuneration] Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and the Calculation Methods Thereof ".
- (iv) For greater fairness and transparency, nominations of director candidates are deliberated by Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (chaired by the Representative Director and consisting of three independent outside directors), a majority of which are composed of outside directors, and the final selection is made by the Board of Directors, respecting the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee.
- (v) Reasons for the nomination of outside directors are described in the Notice of Annual General Meeting of shareholders as well as their brief CVs. For internal directors, brief CVs are provided to enable recognition of their career paths in the Company and their areas of expertise, thereby providing the reasons for their nomination.

[Supplementary Principle 3.1.3]

Regarding the ESG and SDGs in the basic policy on sustainability initiatives, The Sustainability Committee, headed by a chairperson appointed by the Board of Directors, has been established, and the committee formulates and publishes on the

Company's website. The Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) and the Company's approach to human capital are described in the Annual Securities Report.

In addition, as a software company, the Company recognizes that human capital and intellectual property are core assets and has been actively investing in these areas for a long time. Accordingly, the Company has been investing aggressively in these areas.

[Supplementary Principle 4.1.1]

The Board of Directors discusses matters stipulated by law and the Articles of Incorporation as well as important matters of the Company and decides the major direction of the Company's management. Specific execution of matters decided by the Board of Directors is delegated to Representative Director and Executive Directors, and the Board of Directors supervises the execution of such matters.

Also, the Board of Directors Regulations, Organization Regulations, Segregation of Duties Regulations, Administrative Authority Regulations, and Approval Rules clarify the matters to be resolved by the Board of Directors and the administrative authority of President, Executive Directors, and each department.

[Principle 4.9]

The Company shall make decisions regarding the nomination of independent outside directors by taking into consideration Article 2, Item 15 of the Companies Act and the criteria for determining independence as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

When nominating outside directors, the Company selects candidates who have a high level of expertise and knowledge as well as a wealth of experience, and who are able to actively engage in discussions at the Board of Directors meetings. Specific skills and experience will be described in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, beginning with the Annual General Meeting in March 2022.

[Supplementary Principle 4.10.1]

The Company has established Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (chaired by the Representative Director and consisting of three independent outside directors), the majority of which are composed of outside directors, to consult and report on drafts regarding the nomination and remuneration of senior management, including directors. (Succession planning is also included.)

Nominations of directors and others are decided by respecting the Board of Directors' report. The remuneration of directors must be decided by the Representative Director in accordance with the contents of the report.

It is our policy that the majority of the members of the committee shall be independent outside directors and that the committee shall consist of all independent outside directors in order to incorporate diverse opinions rather than nominating a specific independent outside director.

In principle, the Committee meets in April (Remuneration) and December (Evaluation of Human Resources and the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole), and as necessary on an ad hoc basis.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.1]

After identifying the skills that each director should possess relative to the management strategy, a skills matrix listing the knowledge, experience, and abilities of each director will be prepared and disclosed in the Notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, beginning with the Annual General Meeting in March 2022. The Board of Directors is well balanced in order to fulfill its supervisory function and to ensure healthy and sustainable growth. The policies and procedures for the nomination of directors are as described in Principle 3-1 (iv). Independent outside directors include persons with management experience at other companies.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.2]

The Company discloses the status of directors' concurrent positions every year through the Notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the Securities Report, and the Corporate Governance Report. Directors who concurrently serve at other listed companies are limited to the extent that it does not interfere with their attendance at Board of Directors meetings.

[Supplementary Principle 4.11.3]

The Company evaluates the effectiveness of the Board of Directors through analysis of the attendance ratio at Board of Directors meetings and the comments of each director. In addition, Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (chaired by the Representative Director and consisting of three independent outside directors), the majority of which are composed of outside directors, discusses the effectiveness of the Board of Directors and points for improvement, and provides advice to enhance the effectiveness of the Board of Directors.

Currently, the Board of Directors meetings are highly attended and have appropriate agendas, allowing sufficient time (One to two hours per meeting) for discussion and active proposals from directors, including outside directors. Therefore, the Company evaluates that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors meetings is sufficiently ensured.

[Supplementary Principle 4.14.2]

New directors elected from outside the Company are briefed by Representative Director or other directors regarding the Company's overview and issues. Newly elected directors appointed from within the Company are encouraged to actively

utilize outside seminars to acquire the knowledge required to perform the role of a director.

[Principle 5.1]

The Board of Directors has decided to respond to requests for communication from shareholders in a reasonable and positive manner and to engage in active and constructive communication. Also, President and CEO is responsible for responding to meetings with shareholders, and It is the policy of top management to actively engage in communication with shareholder.

[Supplementary Principle 5.1.2]

The Company has traditionally emphasized communication with shareholders in order to build a trustful relationship, and the Representative Director who is in charge of investor relations actively engage in communication and interviews with shareholders.

For analysts, the Company holds on-line financial results briefings on a semi-annual basis.

For institutional investors, small meetings and individual meetings are held sequentially.

Opinions and concerns of shareholders identified through communication are reported to the Board of Directors and the Management Committee, and appropriate actions are taken by the Committee in a timely manner.

In addition, the Company has established insider trading management rules and conducts periodic training sessions to ensure the management of insider information.

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio Updated Less than 10%

Status of Major Shareholders Updated

Name or Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
Teruo Aibara	7,707,600	29.89
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2,061,100	7.99
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Securities Custody Trust 0700068	1,440,000	5.58
Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. Securities Custody Trust 0700067	1,440,000	5.58
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1,008,800	3.91
EHIME BANK, LTD.	967,200	3.75
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON 140040 (Standing Proxy: Settlement Sales Division, Mizuho Bank, Ltd.)	497,600	1.92
Keiji Takemura	491,200	1.90
NOMURA SECURITIES CO., LTD. Self-Directing Account	410,374	1.59
NOMURA SECURITIES CO., LTD.	346,470	1.34

Supplementary Explanation

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Exchange and Market Segment Prime Market

Fiscal Year-End	December
Business Sector	Information & Communication
Number of Employees (Consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	100 or more and fewer than 500
Net Sales (Consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	Less than ¥10 billion
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	Fewer than 10

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

5. Other Special Circumstances which May have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Directors

Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	12
Directors' Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	1 year
Chairperson of the Board	President
Number of Directors	8
Election of Outside Directors	Elected
Number of Outside Directors	3
Number of Independent Directors	3

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1)

Nama	Attributes		Relationship with the Company*									
Name			b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Takashi Kitada	From another company								Δ			
Akira Yamada	From another company											
Akira Ono	From another company											

^{*}Categories for "Relationship with the Company".

(Use "○" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; "△" when the director fell under the category in the past; "●" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category; and "▲" when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past.)

- a. Person who executes business of the Company or a subsidiary
- b. Person who executes business or a non-executive director of a parent company
- c. Person who executes business of a fellow subsidiary

- d. Person/entity for which the Company is a major client or a person who executes business for such person/entity
- e. Major client of the Company or a person who executes business for such client
- f. Consultant, accounting expert, or legal expert who receives large amounts of cash or other assets in addition to director/Audit and Supervisory Board Member compensation from the Company
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (in cases where the shareholder is a corporation, a person who executes business of the corporation)
- h. Person who executes business for a client of the Company (excluding persons categorized as any of d, e, or f above) (applies to self only)
- i. Person who executes business for another company holding cross-directorships/cross-auditorships with the Company (applies to self only)
- j. Person who executes business for an entity receiving contributions from the Company (applies to self only)
- k. Other

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2)

Updated

Name	Membership of Audit and Supervisory Committee	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Applicable Relationship	Reasons for Appointment
Takashi Kitada	0	0	N/A	As of the date of submission of this report, Mr. Kitada holds 1,000 shares of the Company's stock, but there are no personal or other interests between him and the Company. The Company has elected him as an outside director based on his professional knowledge of finance and accounting as a certified public accountant, as well as his ability to appropriately execute the duties of an outside director.
Akira Yamada	0	O	N/A	As of the date of submission of this report, there are no personal or other interests between the Company and Mr. Yamada. He has long work experience at a medical institution and possesses expertise and broad insight as a company manager in the nursing care business. Accordingly, his diverse perspectives and appropriate advice and recommendations will strengthen the corporate governance of our group, hence he has been nominated for the position.
Akira Ono		0	N/A	As of the date of submission of this report, there are no personal or other interests between the Company and Mr. Ono. He has extensive insight into industrial policy, enterprise advancement, and international business affairs. The Company has nominated him for the position as he will be able to provide appropriate advice and supervision to the management of the Group from the perspectives of both governance and business promotion.

Audit and Supervisory Committee

Composition of Supervisory Committee and Attributes of the Chairperson

	All Committee Members	Full-time Members	Inside Directors	Outside Directors	Committee Chair
Audit and Supervisory Committee	3	1	1	2	Inside Director

Appointment of Directors and/or Staff to Support the Audit and Supervisory Committee

Not Appointed

Matters Concerning Independence of Said Directors and/or Employees from Executive Officers

In the event that the Audit and Supervisory Committee requests the appointment of directors and employees to assist in the performance of its duties, appropriate assistants will be assigned. The Company will determine the assignment of assistants after listening to the opinions of the Audit and Supervisory Committee. The assistant shall be subject to the instructions and orders of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, shall assist Audit and Supervisory Committee in its duties in accordance with instructions of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, and shall have the authority to conduct investigations (including monitoring) necessary for such duties.

Status of Coordination between Audit and Supervisory Committee, Accounting Auditor, and Internal Audit Department

The Audit and Supervisory Committee conducts audits of the effectiveness of internal controls, observes internal audits, exchanges opinions with the account auditors, and listens to audit results to enhance the effectiveness of audits.

Voluntary Established Committee(s)

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) equivalent to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Established

Status of Voluntarily Established Committee(s), Attributes of Members Constituting the Committee and the Committee Chair (Chairperson)

	Committee's Name	All Members	Full-time Members	Inside Directors	Outside Directors	Outside Experts	Other	Chairperson
Voluntarily Established Committee Equivalent to Nomination Committee	Human Resources and Remuneration Committee	4	i	1	3	0	0	Inside Director
Voluntarily Established Committee Equivalent to Remuneration Committee	Human Resources and Remuneration Committee	4	1	1	3	0	0	Inside Director

Supplementary Explanation Updated

The Company has established Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (chaired by the Representative Director and consisting of three independent outside directors), the majority of which are composed of outside directors, to consult and report on drafts regarding the nomination and remuneration of senior management, including directors. (Succession planning is also included.)

Nominations of directors and others are decided by respecting the Board of Directors' report. The remuneration of directors must be decided by the Representative Director in accordance with the contents of the report.

It is our policy that the majority of the members of the committee shall be independent outside directors and that the committee shall consist of all independent outside directors in order to incorporate diverse opinions rather than nominating a specific independent outside director.

In principle, the Committee meets in April (Remuneration) and December (Evaluation of Human Resources and the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole), and as necessary on an ad hoc basis.

Matters Concerning Independent Directors

Number of Independent Directors

3

Other Matters Concerning Independent Directors

Incentives

Implementation Status of Measures related to Incentives Granted to Directors

Other

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

Updated

The Company introduced a restricted stock compensation plan for Directors excluding those who are members of the Audit Committee and outside directors with incentives to continuously enhance the Company's corporate value and to further promote value sharing with shareholders.

Persons Eligible for Stock Options Updated

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

Updated

Director Remuneration

Status of Disclosure of Individual Directors

No Disclosure for any Directors

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

The total amount of remuneration for executive directors and the Audit and Supervisory Committee members has been disclosed respectively.

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and the Calculation Methods Thereof

Established

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and the Calculation Methods Thereof

The Company's basic policy is to link the remuneration of directors to shareholder's profit in order to functions as an incentive to continuously increase corporate value, and to set the remuneration of individual directors at an appropriate level based on their respective responsibilities in determining their remuneration.

Specifically, remuneration for executive directors consists of a fixed and consists of base remuneration and stock-based compensation, while outside directors and audit committee members, who are responsible for supervisory functions, are paid only base remuneration in consideration of their duties.

The basic remuneration of the Company's Directors is a fixed monthly amount, which is determined by the Board of Directors based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee (chaired by the Representative Director and consisting of three independent outside directors), after comprehensively considering the Company's business performance, position, responsibilities, and their time in office.

However, the remuneration for directors who are members of the Audit Committee is determined through discussions among members of the Audit Committee.

The base remuneration is a fixed remuneration as compensation for "fulfillment of responsibilities" and to stabilize the basis of livelihood, and the amount divided by 12 shall be paid in monetary terms at the end of each month.

The base remuneration is reviewed every year by April, and the reviewed base remuneration is applied from the payment in April.

Non-monetary compensation, etc. consists of restricted stock, which in principle is granted every year. In addition to the number of non-monetary compensation shares is determined by the Board of Directors based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee after comprehensively considering the Company's performance, position, responsibilities, and their time in office.

The Human Resources and Remuneration Committee considers the ratio of remuneration for each type of executive director based on the Company's performance level and the remuneration levels of benchmarks set by other companies of the same type and size as the Company.

The Board of Directors respects the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee and determines the details of individual remuneration for each director based on the types of proposed remuneration described in the report.

As for the ratio of each type of remuneration, for full-time directors, in principle, monetary remuneration is 80% to 90% and non-monetary remuneration is 10% to 20%. The ratio is determined by the Board of Directors based on the report of the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee after comprehensively considering the Company's performance, position, responsibilities, and their time in office.

In addition, regarding the details of individual directors' remuneration etc.,. the Board of Directors consults the Human Resources and Remuneration Committee for drafts, and the Board of Directors decides the details based on the Committee's report.

Support System for Outside Directors

Head of Administration reports in advance on the date of the Board of Directors' meeting, agenda items, and details of the meeting as well as the executive directors provide sufficient information to enable a more rapid exchange of information and opinions on business conditions.

2. Matters Concerning Functions of Business Execution, Auditing and Supervision, Nomination, and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) Updated

Business Execution

The Board of Directors, the management decision-making entity, consists of eight (8) directors and holds twice a month in principle. The Board of Directors reviews the progress of sales activities and budgets, examines earnings forecasts and implements other measures as necessary, and actively discusses important management matters in order to invigorate the Board of Directors and ensure mutual checks and balances.

Audit & Supervisory

The Company is a company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee, and the Audit and Supervisory Committee consists of one internal director and two outside directors. The Audit and Supervisory Committee members participate in important meetings such as the Board of Directors meetings and exchange information with each other at the monthly Audit and Supervisory Committee meetings in order to further enhance the audit function.

Internal Audits

In order to strengthen the compliance system, the Company has established an Internal Audit Department under the direct control of the Representative Director and appoints a manager of the Internal Audit Department and a person in charge of auditing from other divisions in accordance with the contents of the audit. The manager of the Internal Audit Department and the person in charge of auditing conduct audits of all departments from the perspective of whether business is being conducted efficiently and whether internal controls are functioning effectively in accordance with laws and regulations and the rules established by the Company. Audit results are reported to the Representative Director and recommendations, advice, etc. are made as necessary to contribute to the improvement of business activities and appropriate management. In addition, the Company conducts more effective audits by cooperating with Audit and Supervisory Committee members and accounting auditors as necessary.

Financial Audit

The Company has appointed Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC as its accounting auditor to conduct accounting audits in accordance with the provisions of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, and to provide consultation and exchange opinions as necessary. There are no interests between the Company and Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

The Company has introduced a company with an Audit and Supervisory Committee, and two of the three directors are outside directors, who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee .The Board of Directors, which is the management decision-making body consists of eight directors, including three outside directors, and meets twice a month in principle.

In addition, the Board of Directors actively discusses regarding the important management matters that considering the business outlook and taking necessary measures along with confirming the sales activities and the progress of budgets. The Company has introduced the current system because the Company believes that this is the management system to ensure fairness and transparency attempting mutual check-and-balance or activation by asking outside directors to monitor the Company's business execution from an objective perspective.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Facilitate Exercise of Voting Rights Updated

Supplementary Explanation

Early Posting of Notice of the General The Company keeps in mind to send out the notice of General Meeting

Shareholders Meeting	of Shareholders approximately three weeks prior to the date of the General Meeting of Shareholders to ensure that shareholders have sufficient time to consider the agenda, as well as post it early on the Company website and Tokyo Stock Exchange website, etc.
Scheduling of the General Shareholders Meeting During Non-Peak Days	The Company is a fiscal year ending December 31, which avoids a concentration of shareholder meetings.
Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights	The Company accepts voting rights both in writing and via the Internet in order to allow as many shareholders as possible to exercise their voting rights.
Participation in a Platform for the Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights and Other Initiatives to Enhance Environment for Institutional Investors to Exercise Voting Rights	The Company participates in the "electronic exercise of voting rights platform operated by ICJ, Inc.
Provision of Notice (or Summary of Notice) of the General Shareholders Meeting in English	The Company posts the English translation, which is a summarized version of the Japanese on the Company website and the Tokyo Stock Exchange website at nearly the same time.

2. Status of IR-related Activities Updated

	Supplementary Explanation	Explanation by a representative director or a representative executive officer
Formulation and Publication of Disclosure Policies	IR policies including basic policy are posted on the Company website. (https://findex.co.jp/en/ir/policy/index.html)	
Regular Investor Briefings held for Analysts and Institutional Investors	Holding financial results briefings for analysts and institutional investors twice a year	Held
Online Disclosure of IR Information	Financial results, Annual Securities Reports, and other timely disclosure materials are disclosed on the Company website. (https://findex.co.jp)	
Establishment of Department and/or Placement of a Manager in Charge of IR	Finance & Investor Relations Strategy Dept has been established within the Business Strategy Department.	

3. Status of Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders Updated

	Supplementary Explanation
Establishment of Internal Rules Stipulating Respect for the Position of Stakeholders	Under the management philosophy of "Enriching Society with Technologies and Creation", the Company contributes to society by creating "what is needed in the world" and "new ideas and technologies that do not yet exist in the world" and constantly providing them as innovative systems. In addition, fulfilling our responsibilities as a corporation supporting the mental and physical wellbeing of people, through Concentration of Management Resources, Acceleration of R&D and Human Capital Investment.
Implementation of Environmental Preservation Activities and CSR Activities, etc.	The Company has been conducting CSR activities by outsourcing some of operations to a "Support for continuous employment - Type B services", which provides support for job training of light work for those who have difficulty working under a regular employment contract due to disabilities or other reasons since 2013. Other initiatives to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are posted on the Company website.

Formulation of Policies, etc. on Provision of Information to Stakeholders

From the perspective of stakeholder protection and fairness of transactions, the Company's basic policy on information disclosure is to comply with applicable laws and regulations and the rules on timely disclosure stipulated by stock exchanges and disclose information that forms the basis for investment decisions in a timely and appropriate manner.

IV. Matters Concerning the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and Status of Development

(1) System to ensure that the execution of duties by directors and employees complies with laws and regulations as well as the Articles of Incorporation

The Company's directors and employees are required to perform their duties with a high sense of ethics and conscience, and to comply with laws, regulations, and internal rules and regulations, as well as to behave in a responsible manner in accordance with social norms. In addition, the Company has established an internal reporting system that allows employees to directly provide information on violations of laws, regulations, and internal rules and regulations, and is making efforts to enhance a more substantive control system.

(2) System for storage and management of information related to execution of duties by directors

The Company's directors appropriately store and manage important information, such as minutes of general meeting of shareholders and board of directors' meetings, in accordance with their respective duties and internal regulations. In addition, other important information and documents related to the execution of duties by directors are appropriately stored and managed in accordance with the Document Management Regulations and are maintained in a condition that allows access as necessary.

(3) Rules and other systems for managing risk of loss

The Company manages risks within the authority granted to each department, and cross-company risks are managed by the Administration Department. The Company takes necessary measures to prevent the occurrence of risks and eliminates and mitigates business risks after investigation and deliberation. In the unlikely event of the occurrence of a risk that could have a significant impact on the company overall, a management-level risk task force chaired by the Representative Director has been established and a system is in place to ensure that a prompt and appropriate response is implemented.

(4) System to ensure that the duties of the directors are being carried out efficiently

To ensure the efficiency and appropriateness of the Board of Directors, the Company has established regulations regarding the operation of the Board of Directors. In order to better monitor, supervise, and execute business operations, the Board of Directors delegates duties to CEO, executive directors, and corporate officers, and makes necessary decisions on matters to which it has delegated business execution decisions, in accordance with the organization or procedures stipulated in internal rules and regulations. In principle, the Board of Directors reviews the rules and regulations as necessary for the revision or abolition of laws and regulations and for the improvement of efficiency in the execution of duties.

(5) System to ensure the properness of business operations of the corporate group composed of the Company and its subsidiaries

The Company manages and operates its subsidiaries in accordance with the "Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Company".

The Company's subsidiaries are required to be audited by the Company's Internal Audit Department.

The Company has a system in place to ensure that important matters affecting the Company and its group companies are reviewed from multiple perspectives at the Executive Committee before being deliberated by the Board of Directors of the Company.

As a system for reporting to the Company on the execution of duties by directors of subsidiaries, the Company requires subsidiaries to report to the Company on a regular and ad hoc basis, including prior discussions on important matters. The Company requires subsidiaries to submit important management matters to the Board of Directors of the Company in advance in accordance with the "Regulations for Management of Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Company".

The Audit and Supervisory Committee members, either by themselves or through the Audit and Supervisory Committee, have established an appropriate system, including close cooperation with the accounting auditor and the Internal Audit Department of the Company, to monitor and audit the Company's subsidiaries efficiently and appropriately.

(6) Matters related to employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee in the event that the Audit and Supervisory Committee requests the appointment of such employees to assist the Audit and Supervisory Committee in the performance of its duties, Matters related to ensuring the effectiveness of instructions given by the Audit and Supervisory

Committee to such employees and matters related to the independence of such employees from directors

(Excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee)

In the event that the Audit and Supervisory Committee assigns employees to assist it in the performance of its duties, to ensure the effectiveness of the Audit and Supervisory Committee's instructions to such employees, the employees shall not be subject to the direction or orders of directors (excluding directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) or other employees, etc. in the performance of their duties. In addition, the Company has a system in place to take necessary measures to ensure independence, such as requiring the consent of the Audit and Supervisory Committee for the transfer, evaluation, and disciplinary action of employees who provide support services.

(7) System for Directors (excluding Directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and Employees to Report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee and Other systems for reporting to the Audit and Supervisory Committee and systems to ensure that persons reporting to the Audit and Supervisory Committee will not be treated unfavorably because of such reporting.

The Company's Representative Director and executive directors shall report at Board of Directors meetings on the execution of business operations under their responsibility as well as important matters concerning the Group at appropriate times.

If any violation of laws or ordinances, etc. or any other fact that may cause material damage to the Company or the Group is discovered, the Company's directors (excluding directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and employees, etc. are required to immediately report such violation to the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

Directors, corporate auditors, and employees of the Company's subsidiaries are required to immediately report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee any violations of laws and regulations or other facts that may cause material damage to the Group.

In addition, with regard to the status of internal control over financial reporting and accounting standards, etc., a system is maintained to enable directors (excluding directors who are members of the Audit and Supervisory Committee) and employees to respond appropriately to requests for explanations from the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Furthermore, the Company ensures that persons who report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee are not subjected to any disadvantageous treatment in terms of personnel affairs because of such reports.

(8) Other systems to ensure that audits by the Audit and Supervisory Committee are conducted effectively and Matters related to the policy for the treatment of expenses or debts incurred in the execution of duties by Audit Committee members

The Audit and Supervisory Committee participates in important meetings, conducts audits of the effectiveness of internal controls, attends internal audits, exchanges opinions with auditing firms, and listens to audit results in order to enhance its auditing activities.

In the event that an Audit and Supervisory Committee member requests advance payment or reimbursement of expenses incurred in the performance of their duties, the Company will pay such expenses, unless the payment is deemed unnecessary for the Audit and Supervisory Committee member's duties.

2. Basic Views on Measures for Eliminating Anti-Social Forces and Status of Development

The Company and its group recognize that the elimination of anti-social forces is an important management issue from the perspective of corporate social responsibility and corporate defense.

The Company and its group shall reject all relationships, including business transactions and support, with anti-social forces. The Company shall not accept any unreasonable requests from anti-social forces and shall take resolute action in cooperation with the police and other relevant agencies in the event of interference with management activities, slander, or other damage. In addition, in order to prevent and restrain transactions with anti-social forces, the Company has defined a clause for the elimination of organized crime groups to reject any relationship with such groups, and regularly educates its directors, officers, and employees to ensure that they are fully aware of this clause.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Not Adopted

Supplementary Explanation for Applicable Items

Currently, the Company has not adopted any anti-takeover measures.

2. Other Matters Concerning the Corporate Governance System

Corporate Governance System



