# 1Q of FY2024 <br> Presentation Materials 

Aug. 2, 2023


H2O RETAILING CORPORATION

## Digest of Financial Results

## ■ $1 Q$ (Apr.-Jun.) Results

<Consolidated>

- Continued strong performance in Department Store business, with net sales and operating profit growing from the previous year.
- Operating profit increased in Supermarket business and Shopping Center business, and consolidated operating profit exceeded plans as of May.
<By Segment>
- [Department Store] Increase sales and operating profit

Both domestic and inbound sales exceeded those of pre-COVID-19 (1Q of FY2019)
SG\&A expenses were lower than planned, despite an increase in sales related expenses.

- [Supermarket] Increase sales and operating profit

Existing store sales exceeded the previous year's level due to a rise in unit prices in line with price hike.
SG\&A expenses to be kept down even from the previous year and the plan

- [Shopping Center] Increase operating profit

Hotel operated by Oi Development achieved high occupancy (over $90 \%$ ) thanks to flexible pricing measures under recovery of business and travel activities.

## ■ Forecast of FY2024

- Upward revision to forecast based on strong 1Q performance at Department Store business

Considering certain risks of a slowdown in Department Store sales, which are positively impacted by the exchange rate and booming stock market

## I . Consolidated Financial Results

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1. Consolidated Financial Results

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## I-1. Consolidated Financial Results

- In Department Store business, urban stores continued to perform well, to be driven by high-end items.

Furthermore, sales increased due to the fashion including cosmetics being favorable, with the recovery from the impact of COVID-19.

- Operating profit recovered due to cost control efforts despite sales increased.

COVID-19 was downgraded to common infectious disease, and economic activity normalized at a high pace that exceeded expectations.
Department store and Shopping Center business outperformed than expected.

|  | 1 Q |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (Unit: 100 million yen) |  | YoY |
| Gross sales | 2,447 | $107.4 \%$ |
| Net sales | 1,548 | $103.7 \%$ |
| Operating profit | 48 | +41 |
| Ordinary profit | 52 | +33 |
| Extraordinary income | 7 |  |
| Extraordinary loss | 4 | +27 |
| Profit | 34 |  |

## I-2. Results by Segment

Department Store Domestic sales grew in all categories due to the expansion of consumer needs resulting from the downgrading of COVID-19 and strong sales of high-end items.

Inbound sales exceeded pre-COVID-19 due to the impact of exchange rates and rapid increase in sales, especially in Taiwan, South Korea and Hong Kong.
-Supermarket
Shopping Center
Existing-store sales exceeded the previous year, SG\&A expenses were lower than expected, and operating profit recovered.
Decrease in sales due to closure of shopping center stores, but operating profit increased due to high occupancy rates at Oi Development business-hotel.

Other

|  | Gross sales |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| (Unit: 100 million <br> yen) | 1 Q | YoY |
| Department Store | 1,235 | $113.6 \%$ |
| Supermarket | 1,031 | $101.8 \%$ |


| Shopping Center | 81 | $88.7 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Other | 100 | $113.5 \%$ |
| Consolidation <br> adjustment | 2,447 | $107.4 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |

Operating profit

| 1 Q | YoY |
| :---: | ---: |
|  | 33 |


| 18 | +14 |
| ---: | ---: |


| 10 | +4 | (Unit: 100 million yen) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | +29 | H2O non-consolidated | YoY |
|  |  | Operating profit | +25 |
| - 36 | A 28 | Within the group Dividend income | +25 |
|  |  | (Elimination) |  |
| 48 | +41 |  |  |

## I-3. Department Store Business

Recovery in numbers of customers due the recovery from the impact of COVID-19, sales growth in all categories Sales of jewelry and watches and luxury brands were strong, including inbound demand.

- Increase in expenses, such as utility expenses and sales related expenses, were kept down compared to the plan
- Operating profit recovered sharply, exceeding plan as of May.

Hankyu Hanshin Department Store

| (Unit: 100 million yen) | 1Q | YoY |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Sales by store | Yoy |
| Gross sales | 1,227 | 113.5\% | Urban store | 117\% |
|  |  |  | Hankyu Main Store Hanshin Umeda Main Store | 116\% |
| Gross profit | 276 | 113.0\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | Suburban stores | 102\% |
| Gross profit / Gross sales | 22.49\% | ⓪.10\% | (Unit: 100 million yen) |  |
| Other operating revenue | 10 | 122.7\% |  |  |
|  |  |  | Breakdown of changes in SG\&A expenses | YoY |
| SG\&A | 253 | +13 | Increase in rent and depreciation (ex. Hanshin Umeda main store) | +4 |
|  |  |  | Increase in utility expenses | +2 |
| Operating profit | 33 | +21 | Increase in sales related expenses | +3 |

[^0]
## I-3. Department Store Business-Sales of each category

- Sales of all categories increased from the previous year, clothing recovered due to the recovery from the impact of COVID-19.
- Sales of accessories and general merchandise, including luxury items, continue to trend favorably
- Gross profit margin declined due to growth in sales share of high-end items.

Sales of each category (All Stores)

| (Unit: 100 million yen) | 1Q | YoY | Share | YoY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clothing | 277 | 110.7\% | 21.7\% | - $0.6 \%$ |
| Accessories, bags and others | 290 | 121.4\% | 22.7\% | 1.4\% |
| Household merchandise | 35 | 118.3\% | 2.7\% | 0.1\% |
| Foods | 323 | 107.2\% | 25.3\% | -1.6\% |
| Restaurants \& cafes | 31 | 111.9\% | 2.4\% | 0.0\% |
| General merchandise | 262 | 116.2\% | 20.5\% | 0.4\% |
| Service | 6 | 131.8\% | 0.4\% | 0.1\% |
| Other | 53 | 121.6\% | 4.1\% | 0.3\% |
| Total | 1,277 | 113.9\% | 100\% |  |

## I-3. Department Store Business-Existing Store Sales (vs pre-COVID-19 [1Q FY2019])

- Domestic sales and inbound sales exceeded the result of 1Q FY2019.

Existing store sales were $111 \%$ of the FY2019 level for the cumulative 1Q (Domestic sales: $111 \%$, Inbound sales: $114 \%$ )

- Inbound sales recovered from May pre-COVID-19, and the average spend per customer was 1.5 times that of pre-COVID-19 due to strong sales of high-end items, partly due to the impact of exchange rates.
- Inbound sales at Hankyu Umeda Main store, which has been strengthening its luxury, jewelry and watches, increased 20\% from the pre-COVID-19.



## I-3. Department Store Business-Inbound Sales Trends

- Inbound sales exceeded results of 1Q FY2019 due to higher sales of high-end items as in domestic sales.
- Sales rose sharply in Taiwan, South Korea and Hong Kong since Oct. 2022, and China is recovering steadily.

Trends in inbound sales by country (all stores)


Inbound sales share by country (all stores)

|  | FY19.1Q | 22.1 Q | 23.1 Q |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| China | $76 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $43 \%$ |
| Taiwan <br> KoreaHong <br> Kong | $16 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $40 \%$ |
| Other | $7 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $17 \%$ |

Inbound sales by month (all stores)


Inbound sales by month (all stores) compared to FY2019

|  | Apr. | May. | Jun. * | 1 1Q |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| China | $32 \%$ | $61 \%$ | $105 \%$ | $64 \%$ |
| Taiwan | $235 \%$ | $248 \%$ | $342 \%$ | $272 \%$ |
| South Korea <br> Hong Kong | $82 \%$ | $106 \%$ | $156 \%$ | $113 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |  |  |

*Due to the impact of 2018 Osaka earthquake in Jun. 2018

## I-4. Supermarket Business

Existing store sales exceeded the previous year due to higher average spend per customer and sales and profits increased.
We assume the unit price will continue to exceed the previous year's level. Consumers will continue to increase defensive spending patterns by price hike.

- Izumiya • Hankyu Oasis increased $¥ 1.0$ bn. year-on-year due to sales increase, gross profit improvement, and cost reduction.

Sales fell short of plan, but cost reductions from chain operations progressed more than expected

- Sales and profits of Kansai Super Market increased due to strong sales at existing stores.
- In food manufacturing companies, although sales at specialty stores were strong, sales declined by controlling in group outpacks.

Profit increased due to a reduction in loss and other factors offsetting the impact of utility expenses and high raw material costs.

|  | Gross sales |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (Unit: 100 million yen) | 1 Q | YoY |
| Supermarket | 919 | $102.2 \%$ |
| Izumiya <br> Hankyu Oasis | 598 | $102.0 \%$ |
| Kansai Super <br> Market | 321 | $102.7 \%$ |
| Food <br> Manufacturing | 79 | $96.5 \%$ |


| Operating profit |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1 Q$ | YoY |
| 21 | +14 |
| 13 | +10 |
| 9 | +4 |
| $\mathbf{\Delta 0} 0$ | +0 |


| Existing store YoY |  | Number of Customers | Average spend per customer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supermarket | 103.6\% | 99.5\% | 104.1\% |
| Izumiya • <br> Hankyu Oasis | 103.5\% | 99.8\% | 103.7\% |
| Kansai Super Market | 103.7\% | 99.0\% | 104.7\% |

## I-5. Shopping Center Business

- Occupancy rates at business hotels operated by Oi Development exceeded 90\% in Apr.-Jun.

Maintained high occupancy rates due to the success of profit-conscious pricing measures (dynamic pricing, price competition with competitors) under recovering demand for business travel and tourism.
Record profit pace due to the renewal of the company's website and reservation system, and the effect of measures for more efficient operations.


## II. Forecast of FY2024

- Upward revision to forecast based on strong 1Q performance at Department Store business
- Considering certain risks of a slowdown in Department Store sales, which are positively impacted by the exchange rate and booming stock market

|  |  | 1 H |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| (Unit: 100 million yen) | Plan <br> (as of May) | Revision <br> plan | Difference with <br> the May plan |  |
| Gross sales | 4,960 | 4,960 | - |  |
| Net sales | 3,220 | 3,220 |  |  |
| Operating profit | 48 | 70 | + |  |
| Ordinary income | 45 | 67 | +22 |  |
| Profit | 5 | 20 | +15 |  |


| FY2024 |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Plan <br> (as of May) | Revision <br> plan | Difference with <br> the May plan | Difference with <br> Mid-term <br> Plan |
| 10,400 | 10,400 | - | $111.8 \%$ |
| 6,750 | 6,750 | - | - |
| 170 | 190 | +20 | +20 |
| 165 | 185 | +20 | +45 |
| 80 | 95 | +15 | - |

## II. Forecast of FY2024

- Gross sales: No change because sales of 1Q as planned
- Operating profit: Revised 1H forecasts for Department Store Business, which exceeded plan in 1Q

| (Unit: 100 million yen) | Gross sales |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revision plan | Difference with the May plan | YoY |
| Department Store | 5,450 | - | 110.8\% |
| Supermarket | 4,220 | - | 101.4\% |
| Shopping Center | 370 | - | 104.0\% |
| Other | 360 | - | 99.5\% |
| Consolidation adjustment |  |  |  |
| Total | 10,400 | - | 106.2\% |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Plan } \\ \text { (as of May) } \end{gathered}$ | Revision plan | Difference with the May plan | YoY | $\begin{gathered} \text { Difference } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { Mid-term Plan } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 123 | 144 | +21 | +41 | +9 |
| 84 | 84 | - | +29 | +22 |
| 24 | 24 | - | +6 | +6 |
| © 16 | A16 | - | +15 | +4 |
| -45 | -46 | -1 | -15 | - 21 |
| 170 | 190 | +20 | +76 | +20 |

[^1]
[^0]:    * Non-consolidated results shown above are reclassified on the basis before the application of "Accounting Standards for Revenue Recognition

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