Fiscal Year Ending December 2023

Consolidated Financial Report for the Second Quarter

August 7, 2023



Securities Code 5563

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1. Four Core Businesses



Securing stable earnings from the ferroalloy business, the company's funding business. Promoting corporate growth and addressing social issues through the businesses of functional materials, environment, and electric power.

Ferroalloys

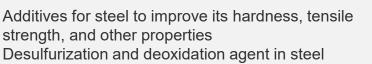
- Top domestic manganese ferroalloy supplier. Consistent supply of high-quality ferroalloys with outstanding global competitiveness
- Green ferroalloy production using hydroelectric power (overseas affiliates)

Main
Products

High-carbon ferromanganese SLP ferromanganese Silicomanganese, Ferrosilicon



Additives for steel to improve its hardness, tensile strength, and other properties





High-carbon ferromanganese

Facility: Tokushima Plant, Pertama Ferroalloys Sdn. Bhd. (overseas affiliates)

Functional Materials

- Providing materials for several advanced components supporting a decarbonization and digitalization society
- Distinctive material lineup, such as "No.1" and "Only One" products

Main Products Zirconium oxide / Boron oxide / Manganese inorganic chemical products / Ferroboron / Metal hydride alloys / Cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries

Main **Applications**

Ceramic capacitors / Glass substrates for displays / Additives for electronic components / Neodymium magnets / Anode materials for HVs' nickel-hydride batteries / Cathode materials for EVs' lithium-ion batteries



Zirconium oxide

Facility: Toyama Plant (Imizu and Takaoka area), Myoka Plant, Tokushima Plant

Environment

Environmental recycling systems

Contribute to the realization of circular economy and carbon-neutral society through our wastewater purification and pure water production technology and services

Main
Products

Wastewater treatment equipment Pure water production system

Main **Applications** Treatment of industrial wastwater Production of pure water for hydrogen stations, etc. Facility: Koriyama Plant

Melting and solidification of incineration ash

Contribute to a recycling society through our perfect incineration ash recycling

Main Products

ECOLAROCK (Slag by melting and solidification of incineration ash)

Recycling of valuable metals

Main Applications Construction materials such as roadbed materials Return valuable metals to nonferrous smelter and refiner

Facility: Chuo Denki Kogyo (Kashima City)

Electric Power

- Stable sale of electricity by utilizing renewable energy Feed-In Tariff system (FIT)
- Stable supply of green electricity through the largest private-sector owned dams
- Introducing the environmental advantages of green electricity





Horomangawa Hydroelectric Power Plants

2-1. FY2023 Business Environment & Projection 1

Global Economy

Inflationary concerns resulting in a monetary tightening in the United States and Europe

China's delayed economic recovery due to downside in GDP growth rate

Russia's invasion of Ukraine continues

Business Environment

Decline in global ferroalloy market prices

Persistent high prices of electricity

Decline in domestic crude steel demand

Our Key Initiatives

Leverage the capacities of newly invested facilities

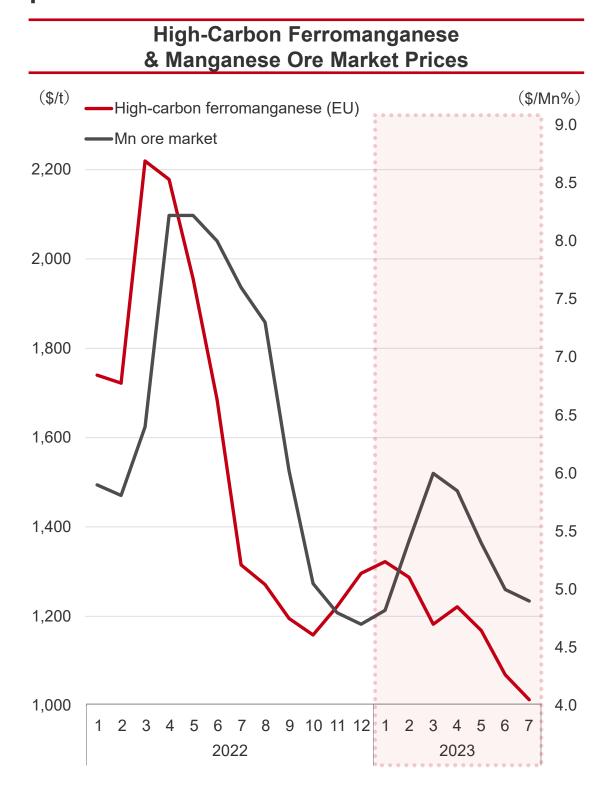
Pass on higher electricity prices to selling prices

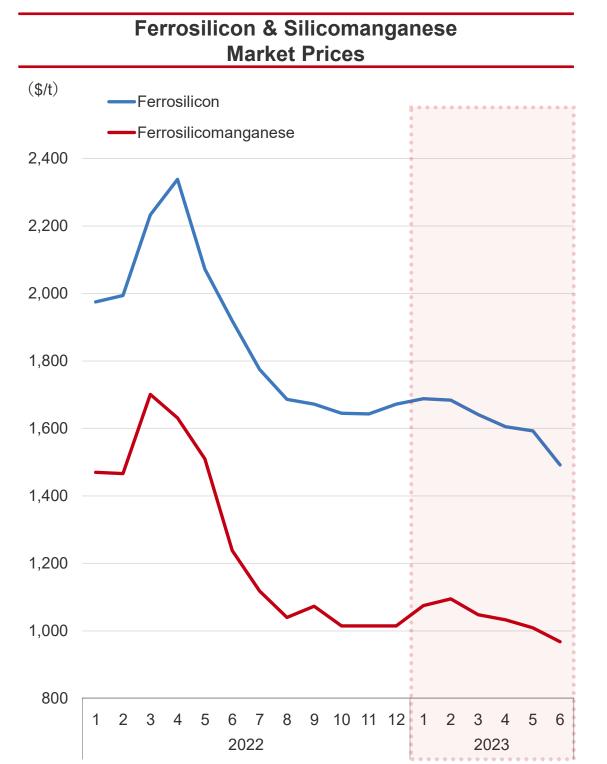
Continue stable production and promote measures to strengthen the structure

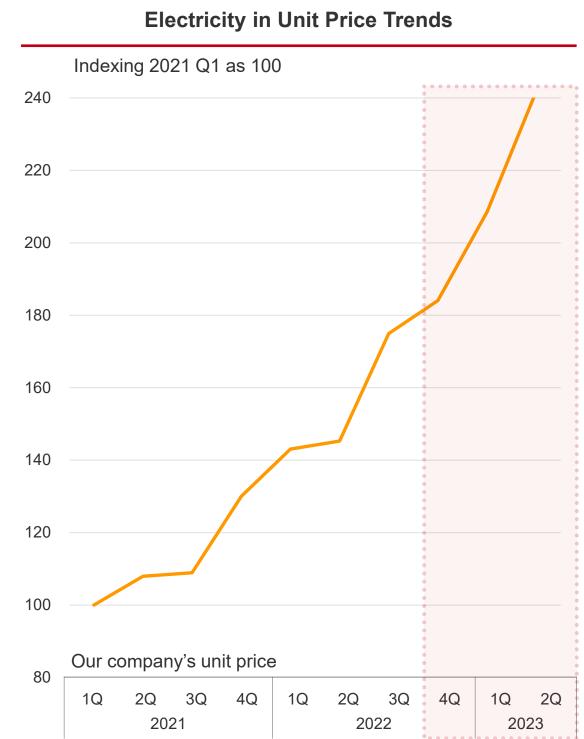
Despite our efforts to secure profit and take advantage of the price scheme, we anticipate a substantial decrease in profitability due to falling manganese ore market prices and inventory impact.

2-2. FY2023 Business Environment & Projection ②

The current business environment remains challenging with the continued decline in the ferroalloy market and consistent high electricity prices.







2-3. FY2023 Consolidated Earnings Projection

- The ferroalloy market has deteriorated even further since the earnings forecast announcement in May.
 - ⇒ Earnings forecast revised downward (ordinary profit 4.0 billion yen ⇒ 2.5 billion yen)
- On a positive note, when excluding the inventory impact and other factors, the projection for our underlying ordinary profit (5.7 billion yen) remains in line with the previous year.
- Profit attributable to owners of parent and annual dividends remains unchanged.

(bil. yen)

	FY2022	FY2023 P	rojection	
	Results	Announced on May 11, 2023	Announced on Aug. 7, 2023	YoY
Net sales	79.3	78.0	78.0	-1.3
Ordinary profit	10.4	4.0	2.5	-7.9
Ordinary profit (underlying profit base)	5.6	_	5.7	0.1
Ordinary profit margin (%)	13	5	3	-10
Profit attributable to owners of parent	7.9	3.0	3.0	-4.9
Earnings per share (yen)	54.5	21.7	21.8	-32.7
Cash dividends per share (yen)	17	7	7	-10
ROE (%)	12	-	4	-8
Exchange rate (Yen / \$ US)	130	_	140	_

Projection

2-4. FY2023 Consolidated Earnings Projection (by Segment)

		FY2022	Full-year projections (announced on Aug. 7, '23)	YoY	
	Net sales		58.4	54.0	-4.4
Farraellava		Domestic	7.2	1.0	-6.2
Ferroalloys	Ordinary profit	Overseas	1.9	-1.4	-3.3
	pront		9.1	-0.4	-9.5
Functional	Net sales		11.3	14.0	2.7
Materials	Ordinary profit		0.3	1.8	1.5
Environment	Net sales		5.9	7.0	1.1
	Ordinary profit		0.3	0.7	0.4
Electric	Net sales		1.7	1.4	-0.3
Power	Ordinary profit		0.5	0.3	-0.2
Othor	Net sales		2.1	1.6	-0.5
Other	Ordinary profit		0.2	0.1	-0.1
Total	Net sales		79.3	78.0	-1.3
Total	Ordinary profit		10.4	2.5	-7.9

(bil. yen)						
(Ref.) underlying profit base						
FY2022	Full-year projections	YoY				
_	-	-				
2.5	2.6	0.1				
1.2	-0.1	-1.3				
3.7	2.5	-1.2				
-	-	-				
0.5	2.1	1.6				
-	-	-				
0.7	0.7	0.0				
_	-	-				
0.5	0.3	-0.2				
-	-	-				
0.2	0.1	-0.1				
-	-	-				
5.6	5.7	0.1				

2-5. FY2023 Consolidated 1H Results vs. 2H Projections (by segment)

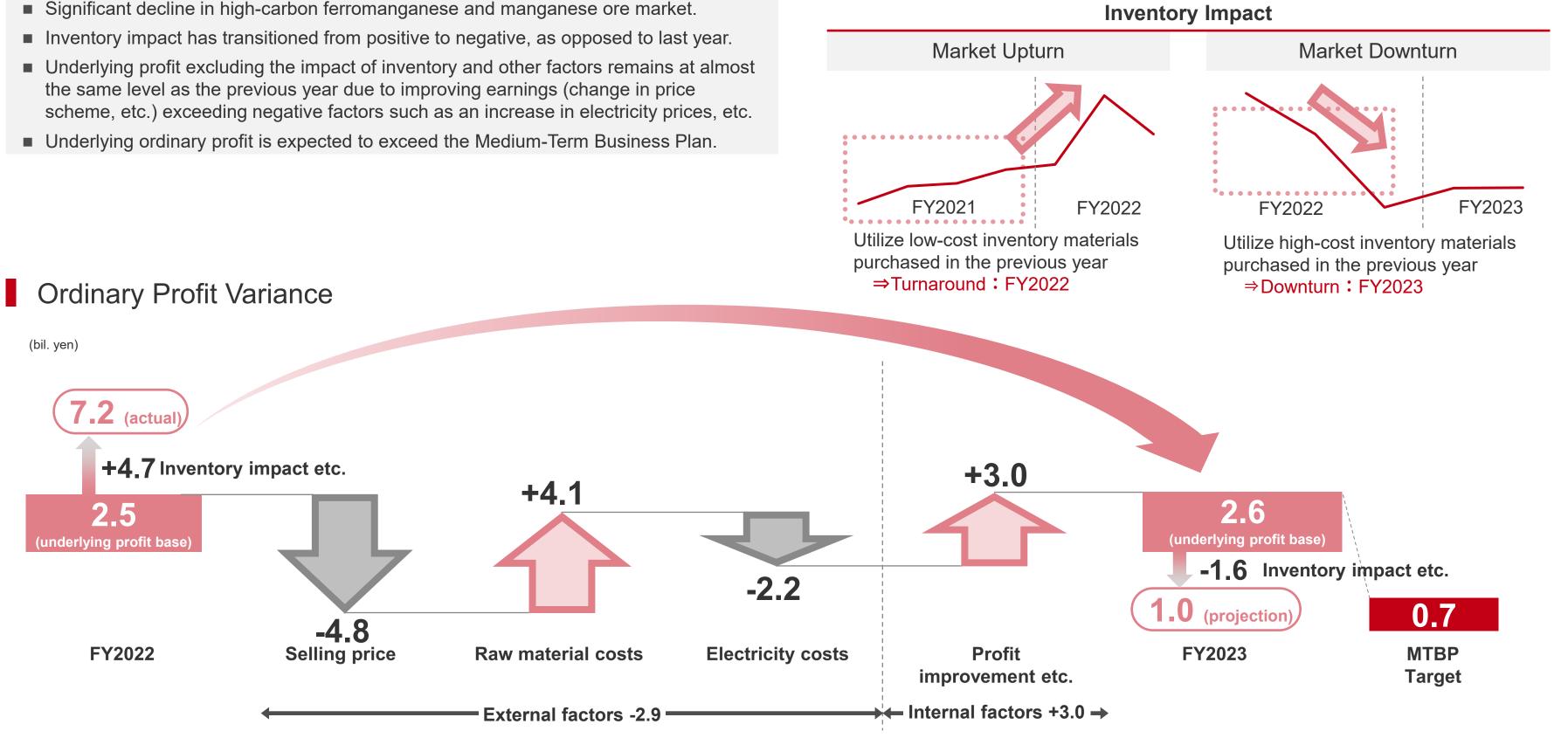
Projection

bil	/en	

				FY2023	(bil. yei	
			1H results	2H projections	Difference in 1H and 2H	Factors
	Net sales		28.5	25.5	-3.0	Domestic Due to implementation of planned furnace maintenance
Formodlovo		Domestic	1.2	-0.2	-1.4	(renewal of refractories, approximately 90 days), a significant decline in profits is anticipated.
Ferroalloys	Ordinary profit	Overseas	-0.9	-0.5	0.4	Overseas Narrowing of the negative gap is anticipated in the 2H due to
	•		0.3	-0.7	-1.0	decrease in the effect of inventory; however, an ordinary profit loss is expected due to further market decline.
Functional	Net sales		6.3	7.7	1.4	Full fledged contribution from consoity expansion in the 2H
Materials	Ordinary profit		0.5	1.3	0.8	Full-fledged contribution from capacity expansion in the 2H.
Environment	Net sales		3.2	3.8	0.6	Due to the progress in selling price improvement, profit is
Environment	Ordinary profit		0.2	0.5	0.3	expected to increase in the 2H.
Electric	Net sales		0.6	0.8	0.2	
Power	Ordinary profit		0.1	0.2	0.1	
Other	Net sales		0.8	0.8	0.0	
Other	Ordinary profit		0.0	0.1	0.1	
Total	Net sales		39.4	38.6	-0.8	
	Ordinary	profit	1.1	1.4	0.3	

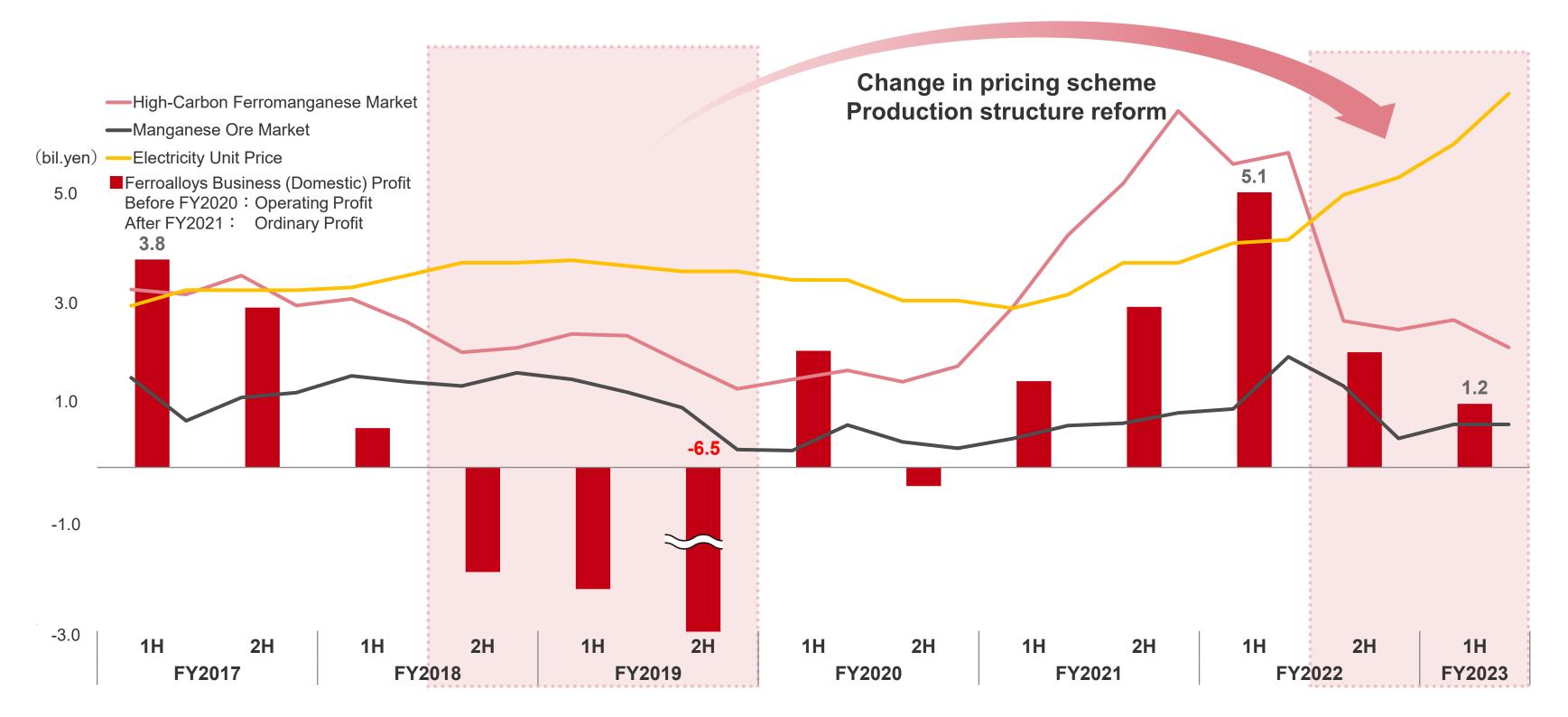
2-6. Business Summary (Domestic Ferroalloys Business) 1

■ Significant decline in high-carbon ferromanganese and manganese ore market.



2-7. Business Summary (Domestic Ferroalloys Business) ②

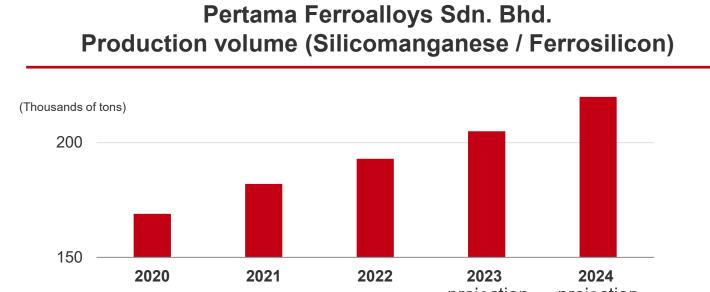
■ By revising the pricing scheme for our major customers and the production structure reform, we established a system that ensures stable profit even in the face of fluctuating electricity costs and a downturn in the market enabling us to avoid downside risks.

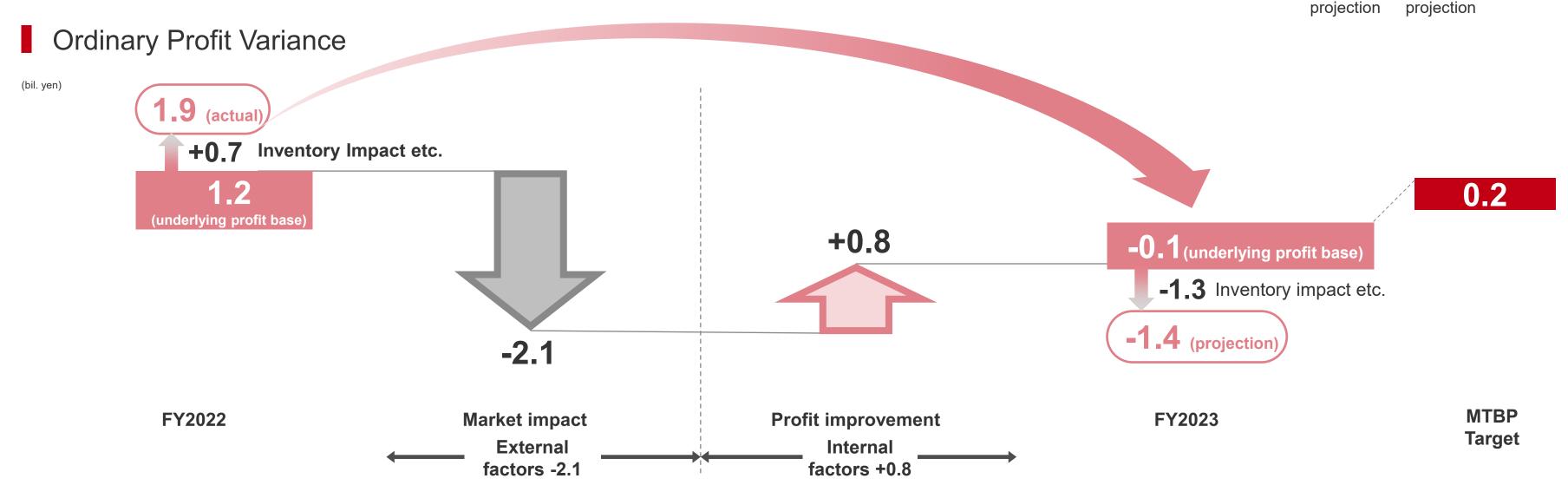


2-8. Business Summary (Overseas Ferroalloys Business)

(Pertama Ferroalloys Sdn. Bhd.: ownership ratio 25% Kudumane Investment Holding Ltd.: ownership ratio 25%)

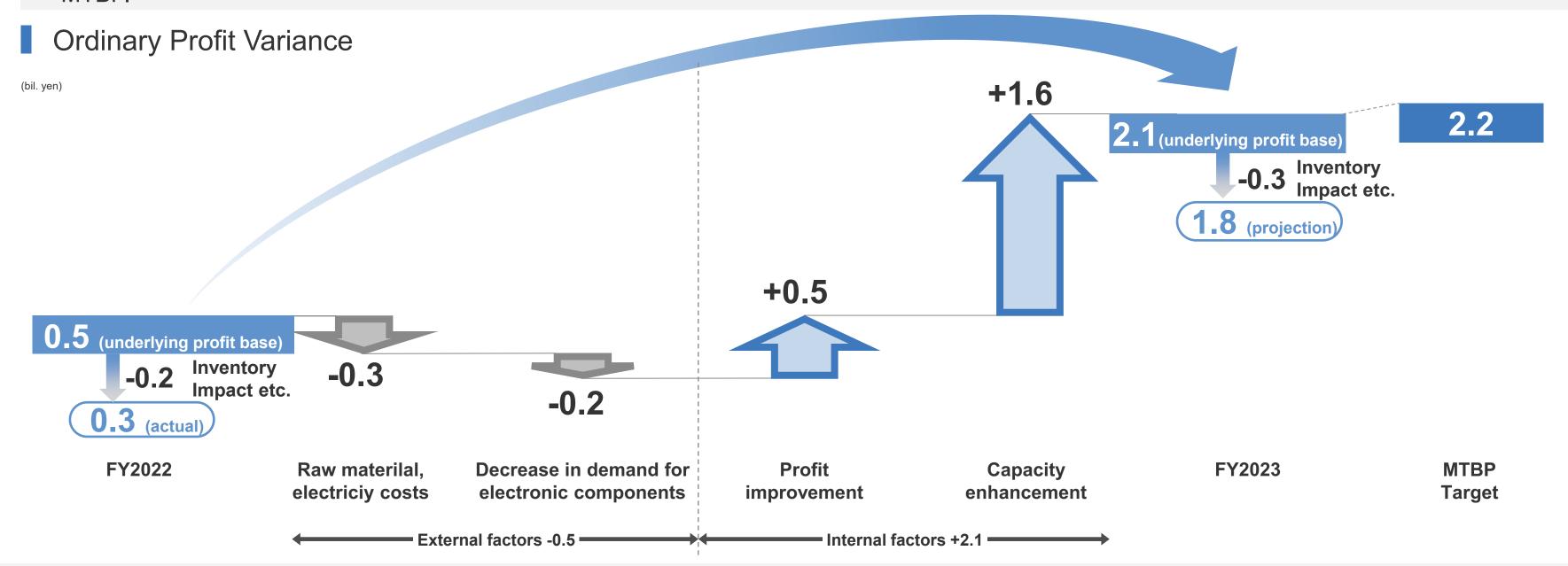
- Significant negative YoY mainly due to the unfavorable silicomanganese and ferrosilicon market and the inventory impact etc.
- Steady improvement in manufacturing capabilities through the realization of stable production at Pertama Ferroalloys Sdn. Bhd.
- Aiming to achieve underlying profitability by establishing a manufacturing system in FY2024.





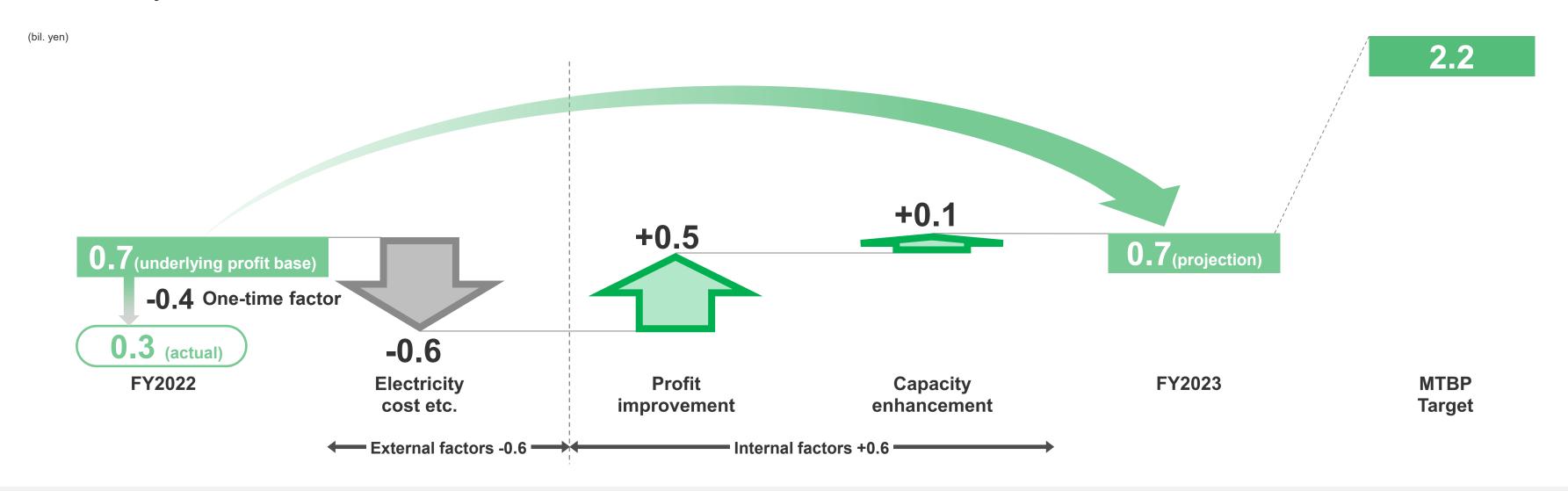
2-9. Business Summary (Functional Materials)

- Ordinary profit significantly increases YoY due to the restarting of ferroboron production and the expansion of cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries production capacity.
- In response to rising electricity costs, we are working on passing on these increases to selling prices.
- Sales of zirconium oxide decreased due to a delay in demand recovering for automotive electronic components. Sales volume expects to recover after FY2024.
- Underlying basis ordinary profit is expected to increase significantly from the previous fiscal year and remain at almost the same level as the MTBP.



2-10. Business Summary (Environment)

- **■** Environmental systems
 - · Increase in electricity and raw material costs passed on to selling prices.
- Melting & solidification of incineration ash
 - Increase in electricity costs partially passed on to the customers.
- Secure an underlying profit similar to the previous year. However, the performance is expected to fall significantly short of its MTBP targets, primarily due to delays in collecting incineration ash caused by the financial difficulties faced by municipalities as a result of the impact of COVID-19 as well as halfway progress in passing on the increased electricity costs.
- Ordinary Profit Variance



2-11. Consolidated Cash Flows

Consolidated Cash Flows

(bil. yen)

	FY2023 Projection	FY2021 - FY2023
Profit before income taxes + Depreciation	6.4	28.0
Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method (non-cash items)	1.4	-0.3
Other (changes in working capital, etc.)	0.7	-7.7
Cash flows from operating activities	8.5	20.0
Cash flows from investing activities	-6.2	-13.0
Free cash flows	2.3	7.0
Increase (decrease) in borrowings	-1.1	8.0
Cash dividends	-1.7	-6.0
Acquisition of treasury shares	-1.0	-4.0
Cash flows from financing activities	-3.8	-9.2
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	8.9	9.6
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	7.4	7.4
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-1.5	-2.2

Consolidated Cash Flows Summary

Appropriate distribution of cash flows generated during the period of the MTBP

Operating Cash Flow: ¥ 20.0 billion

Borrowings
Cash on hand

¥ 0.8 billion

¥ 2.2 billion

Total ¥ 23.0 billion





Proactive investment in fixed assets, which form the core of profit generation

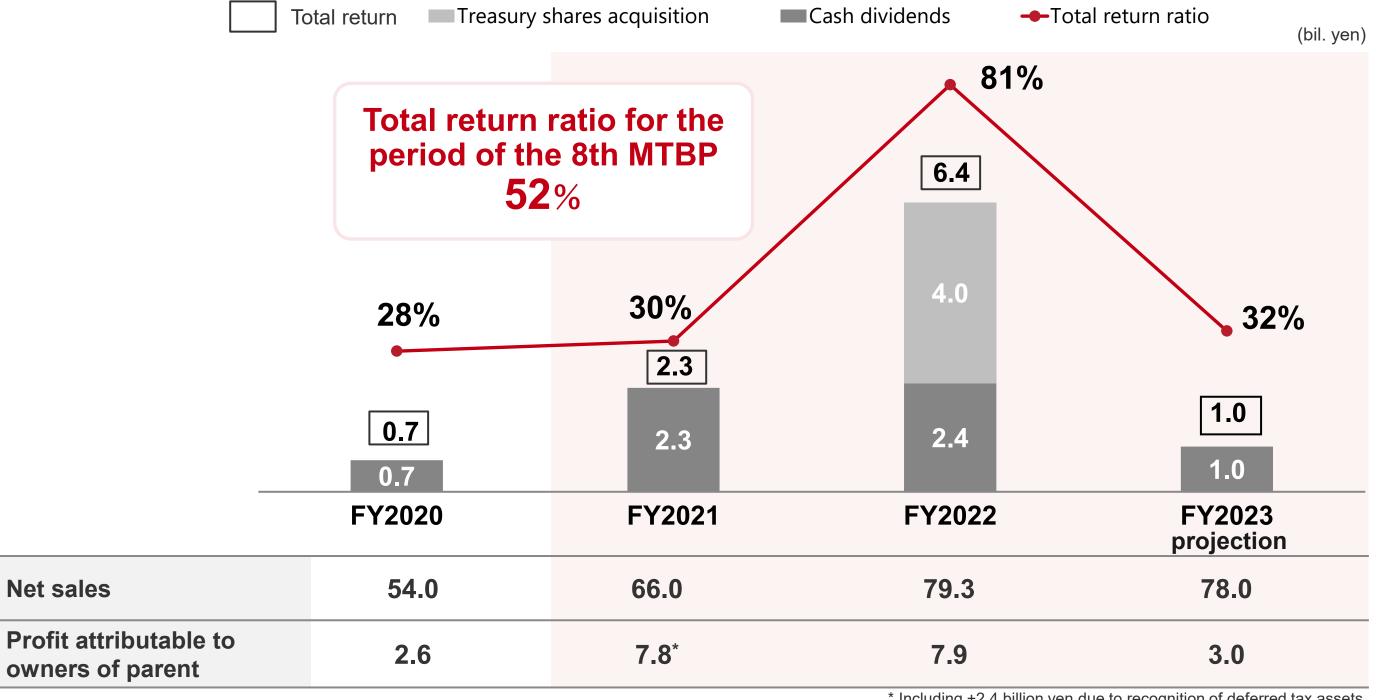
¥ 13.0 billion

Acquired treasury shares (¥4 billion) in addition to dividends (¥6 billion) in accordance with dividend policy

¥ 10.0 billion

2-12. Shareholder Return

- Dividend for FY2023: Scheduled to be implemented in accordance with the dividend policy (interim ¥3, year-end ¥4 per share) Maintaining the dividend forecast disclosed in May.
- Total return ratio for the MTBP period: 52%



* Including +2.4 billion yen due to recognition of deferred tax assets.

Dividend Policy

Consol. dividend payout ratio Targeting annual ratio of approx. 30%

Treasury Shares Acquisition Policy

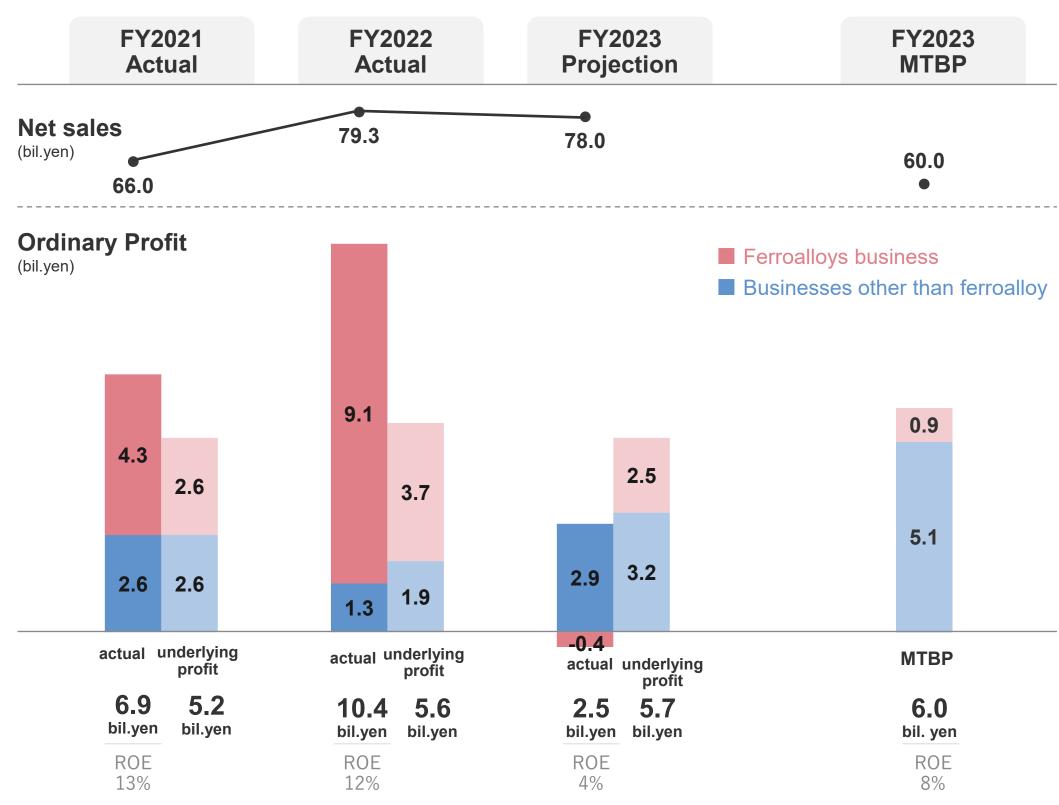
Comprehensively considered and examined of;

- future business development
- investment plan
- level of retained earnings
- financial results trends etc.

3-1. Progress of the Eighth Medium-Term Business Plan (1)



Ordinary profit trend



Summary

- Steady implementation of various measures of the MTBP and pass on the cost increases, such as raw materials and electricity costs.
- However, during the MTBP, we faced challenging business environment due to the impact of "COVID-19," "The Russian invasion of Ukraine," and "Continued monetary tightening in the United States and Europe." etc. The sales of electronic materials and battery materials have declined due to production cutbacks in EVs, the collection of incineration ash decreased due to the deterioration of municipal fiscal finances, and the inventory impact caused by a significant decline in the ferroalloy market.
- In ordinary profit, the MTBP target for 2023 is expected to almost achieved based on underlying profit excluding the pact of inventory, etc.

Status Update

■ Ferroalloys business

- Achieved stable earnings through two measures for domestic operations: consolidating the production site and revising the price scheme
- •Overseas production and sales volumes increased steadily due to an improvement in the production system, despite the significant impact of market conditions.

Businesses other than ferroalloy (functional materials and environmental)

Despite the challenging business environment in FY2023, we are striving to increase revenues by expanding capacity in zirconium oxide and boron oxide, constructing a new incinerator ash No. 4 melting furnace, and restarting ferroboron production. Additionally, we will pass on the higher electricity costs to the selling prices.

(Underlying profit base: profit excluding inventory impact)

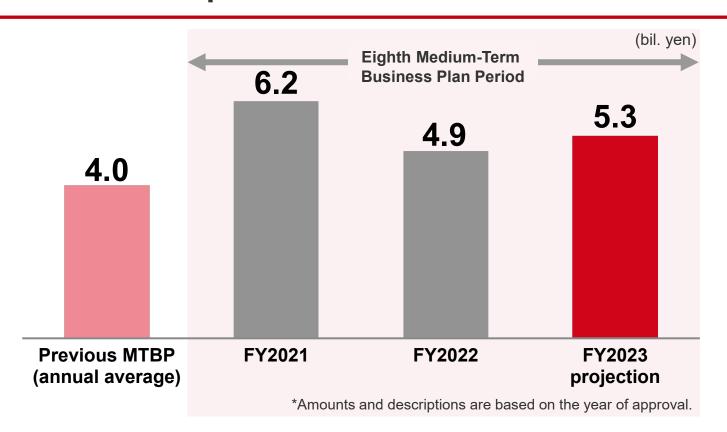
■ Accomplishments to date and future measures

- Accomp	disnments to da	te and rutu	ie ilieasures		
		2021	2022	2023 1H (Jan. to Jun.)	2023 2H Jul. \sim
	Ferroalloys	 High-carbon ferror Consolidate product 	ility in the ferroalloy business nanganese furnace shutdown (Kashima / Dec. '21) ction to Tokushima ew price scheme (Jul. '21)	Pass the increase in electricity prices on to the selling prices (Apr. '23)	 Consider green ferroalloy expansion using hydroelectric power generated by Pertama Ferroalloys Sdn. Bhd.
Strengthening Existing Businesses	Functional Materials	Expansion of zirco	al materials and environmental businesses nium oxide manufacturing capacity (Tokushima / Sept. '21) oxide manufacturing capacity (Tokushima / Sept. '21) Expansion of boron oxide manufacturing facilities (Toyama / Feb. '22) Restart ferroboron manufacturing (Toyama / Nov. '22)	 Expansion for OEM batteries (Cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries) (May '23) 	Ramping up the sales by developing new customers and leveraging the new production capacity
	Environment		■ Establishment of the No.4 incineration ash melting furnace (EM4) (CDK / Oct. '22)		■ Full operation of EM4 by volume expantion of incinerator ash
Tackling New Businesses	R&D	Strengthening the	ment and strengthen R&D activities R&D structure (Jan. '21) arch with universities, research institutes, and cutting-edge 21-)	 Developing new ion-exchanged inorganic crystals through joint research with Shinshu University (Mar. '23) 	 Developing and practical application of water treatment circulation equipment utilizing new Ion exchange inorganic crystals
Busillesses	Exploring Opportunities to Generate Synergies	•	evelopment of new fields and markets vigorously stems business development center established (Jul. '21)	Investing in venture capital (Apr. '23)	 Exploration of opportunities for generating synergies between the invested fund's companies and Nippon Denko
	Taking on Challenges to Achieve Carbon Neutrality in 2050		 Installation of solar power generation facilities (Koriyama / Feb. '22) Endorsement of the GX League (Mar. '22) 	 Strong promotion of energy conservation in production activities Endorsement of the GX League (May '23) 	 Promotion of carbon-free ferroalloy production process (Investigation of carbon-neutral energy-saving technologies for ferromanganese production)
Strengthening the Corporate Structure to Adapt to the Changing Business Environment	Providing Products, Technology, and Services that Contribute to a Sustainable Society	production reinforce Contribute to the a Boror	lectrification and automation of automobiles: Zirconium oxide ement work (Tokushima / Sept. '21) dvancement of information infrastructures: n oxide production reinforcement work (Tokushima / Sept. '21) insion of boron oxide production facilities (two-production site) (Toyama / Feb. '22) Contribution to a recycling-based society: Establishment of the No.4 incineration ash melting furnace (EM4) (CDK / Oct. '22) Contribution to strengthening the domestic supply chain: Restarting ferroboron production (Toyama / Nov. '22)	 Contributing to a carbon-free society: Expanding cathode materials for lithium-ion battery OEM (Myoko / May '23) Contributing to the domestic supply chain through stable ferroboron manufacturing 	
	D&I- and Human Capital- Oriented Management Fair & Equitable Purchasing that Also Takes Human Rights & the Environment into Consideration	■ Kurumin (2nd certi	 Introduction of a system to extend the mandatory retirement age of 65 (Mar. '22) Formulation of Basic Policy on Human Rights (Oct. '22) Establishment of Sustainable Procurement Policy (Oct. '22) 		 Establishment of a Junior Board (A quasi-executive committee of mid-level and young employees) Implementation of human rights due diligence
	Other		■ Website renewal (Nov. '22)	Issuerance of Integrated Report (Mar. '23)	
	Promotion of DX		 Introduction of facility management system (Jul. '22) Formulation of DX vision / Roadmap (Oct. '22) 	 Introduction data analysis management system (Feb. '23) Introduction purchasing control system. (Koriyama, CDK, Jun. '23) 	 Introduction of core systems (from Jan. '24 to phase-in) Introduction purchasing control system (Toyama, Myoko, Hidaka)

3-3. Capital Investment / Research and Development

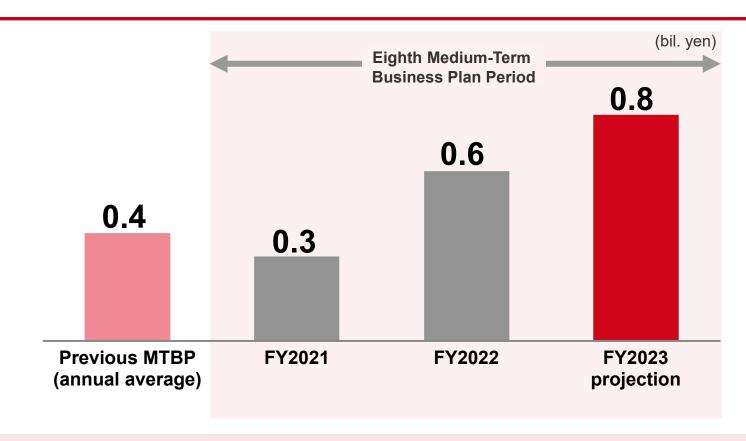


Capital Investment Trend



- Expansion of production capacity and investment in energy-saving provisions made up to last year are going smoothly and contributing to business performance.
 - ① Newly established No.4 incineration ash melting furnace (EM4) (Chuo Denki Kogyo Co., Ltd.)
 - 2 Resumed Ferroboron Production
 - 3 Dual-base production bases of Boron oxide (Toyama Plant, Imizu area)
 - 4 Production capacity expansion for cathode materials for lithium-ion batteries (Myoko Plant)
 - **(5)** Self-consumption solar power generation system (Koriyama Plant)
- Actively promote investments in energy efficiency and decarbonization towards achieving carbon neutrality.
 - ① Business Classification Evaluation System under the Energy Conservation Act: Continue to qualify for S-Class evaluation
 - Inverterization of large dust collectors, more efficient transformers, etc.
 - 2 Promoting the transition from fossil fuels to non-fossil energy sources and electricity.
 - · Electrification is being examined for calcination furnaces for producing functional materials.

R&D Trend



- Accelerate development of new products and technologies.
- Promote collaborative research with universities and research institutes with advanced technologies
- Patents for our developed products and technologies: 2 applications filed, 7 applications in preparation

[Cooperation with external organizations (as of the end of Jun. 2023)]

Field	# of cases
High functional materials related	7
Carbon neutrality related	9

- Measures for energy saving and decarbonization toward carbon neutrality.
- Adopted in FS survey phase of the 2023 NEDO public offering business

"Study on Carbon Neutral Energy Conservation Technologies in Ferromanganese Manufacturing"

3-4. Long-term Business Strategy to Achieve a PBR over 1.0

The next MTBP (from 2024) is scheduled to be announced by the end of 2023



Management Philosophy: To help create an affluent future through sustainable growth by developing and providing distinctive products, technologies, and services.

Basic Policy:

To achieve the dual aims of "contributing to the resolution of societal issues through our business activities" and "increasing our corporate

value through sustainable growth."

⇒Aiming to improve trust and reputation by providing value to a broad range of stakeholders.

Driving PBR 1.0x Growth: Propelling the Four Pillars



1 Growth Strategy

Expand business by aggressively investing in growth fields that contribute to a sustainable society

- Ferroalloys: : Production increase by Pertama Ferroalloys (Green Ferroalloys + Global Supply Base)
- Functional materials : Investments in production expansion, development and commercialization of new products in response to the electrification of automobiles, etc.
- Environmental systems: Expand sales of hydrogen-related pure water production system and expand business domains for
- Melting and solidification of incineration ash: Significant business expansion (Perfect recycling into social infrastructure)



Restructure business portfolio by aggressively investing in growth areas



2 Improve and Stabilize Profitability

To establish a stable and highly profitable structure

3 Financial Strategy

Transforming to a financial structure that realizes long-term strategies and improves profitability

- Reinforce non-current assets as a source of profits
- Expand financial leverage to the appropriate scope
- Proactive profit returns to shareholders

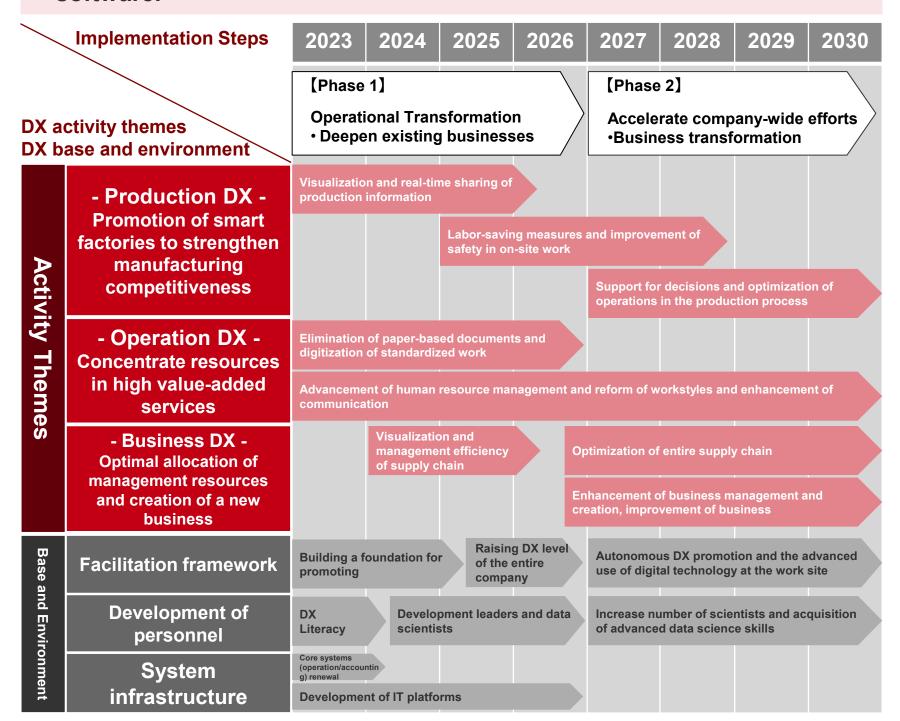
4 Sustainability-Related Measures

Promoting sustainability measures linked to long-term business strategy

- Human capital management: Investing in human capital and talent recruitment, realizing DE&I, enhancing engagement
- GX: Wood coke, conversion from fossil fuels to electricity, introducing renewable power generations, etc.
- DX: Innovating manufacturing and operational systems through smart factories, etc., and developing DX human resources
- Sustainability procurement: Green procurement, human rights DD, geopolitical risk aversion, supplier selection
- Information disclosure: Proactive disclosure of human capital-related, environmental-related, etc., and strengthening of dialogue with shareholders

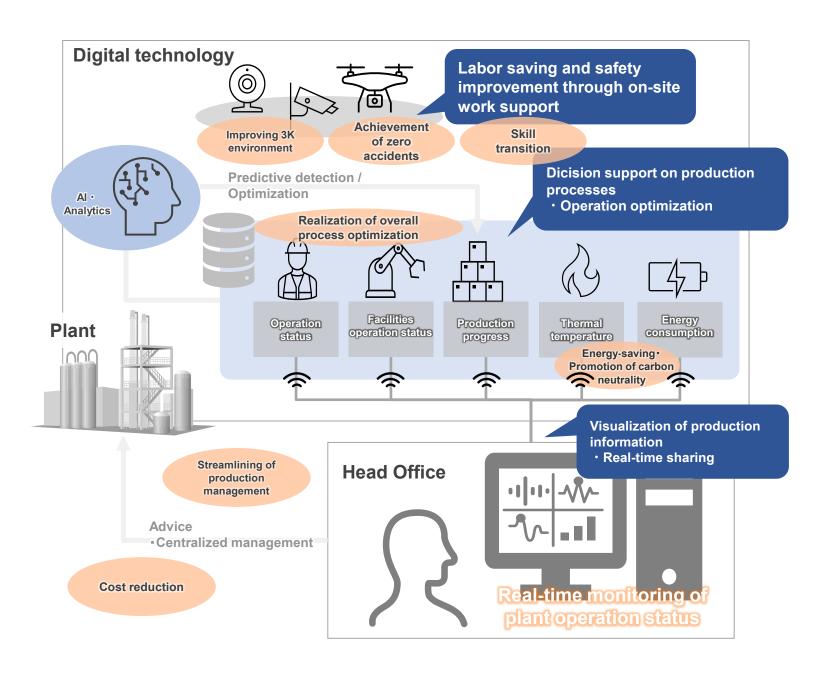
DX Roadmap (2023-2030)

Supporting the manufacturing sites digitization in line with DX vision toward 2030. Promoting the company-wide installment of IoT base and software.



Smart Factory (Tokushima Plant Functional Materials)

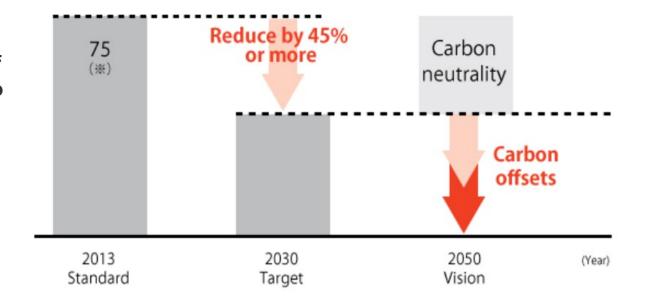
- Build a system to visualize on-site data and, share and utilize it in an integrated manner.
- Realizing optimal manufacturing and creation of new value through digital transformation.



Measures to energy saving and decarbonization toward carbon neutrality.

Scenarios for reducing CO2 emissions

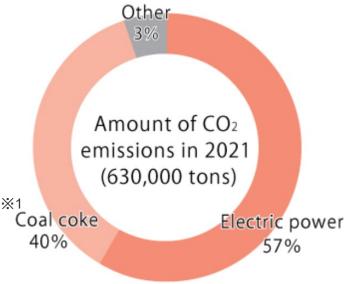
(1) CO2 emissions of the Nippon Denko Group (10,000 tons/year)



Scenarios: Scope 1, Scope 2

Note: The applicable year of the CO2 emission factor for general electricity utilities has changed (form document published on March 29, 2022)

(2)
CO2 emissions ratio by
energy source of the
Nippon Denko Group



X1: Reducing agent for manganese ore mainly in ferroalloy manufacturing

Energy conservation activities

Efforts to reduce energy consumption unit and achievement under the Agency for Natural Resources and Energy's Business Classification Evaluation System based on the Energy Conservation Act, the Nippon Denko is recognized as an

"S Class Excellent Operator" for the third consecutive year.

Adopted in FS survey phase of the 2023 NEDO public offering business

Theme: Study on Carbon Neutral Energy Conservation
Technologies in Ferromanganese Manufacturing

Widely exploring new reduction techniques to replace coal coke. Survey processes capable of decarbonization and expected high energy-saving effects.

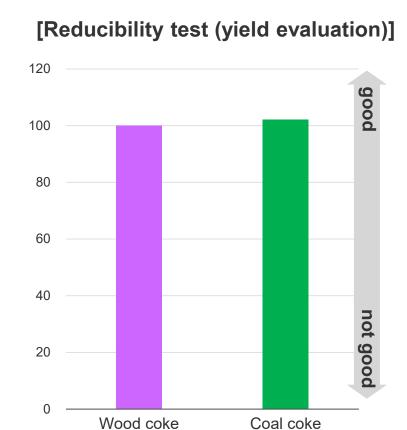
[Candidates for manganese ore's new reduction techniques]

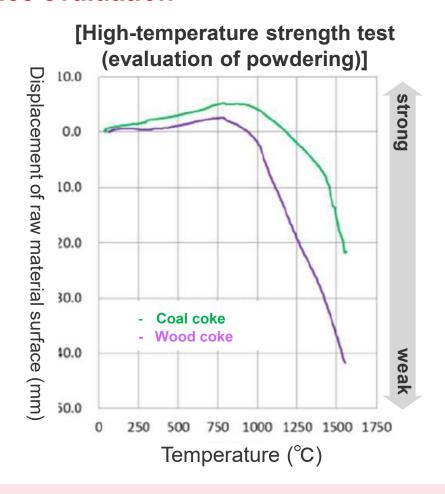
- 1 Sustainable wood coke reduction
- ② Hydrogen reduction (including HYDROGRAPHY PLASMA REDUCTION)
- 3 Green methane reduction
- 4 Green synthetic carbon reduction
- (5) Electrolytic reduction of molten oxide (electroreduction)

3-7. Carbon Neutrality 2

Research and development on reducing the use of wood coke

Performance evaluation

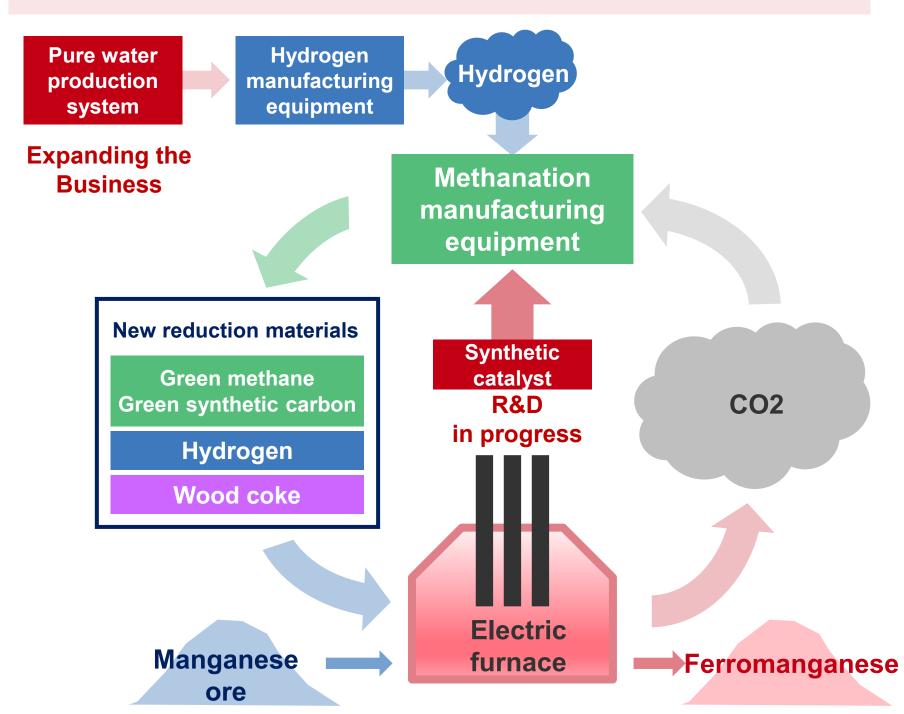




- In the reducibility performance test of manganese ore, there is no significant difference between wood coke and coal coke: Great potential for substitution for wood coke.
- However, wood coke has low strength at high temperatures: Operation in an actual furnace is a major issue.
- Therefore, two approaches, namely, improvement of wood coke and technological improvement at the time of operation of an actual reactor, are adopted.

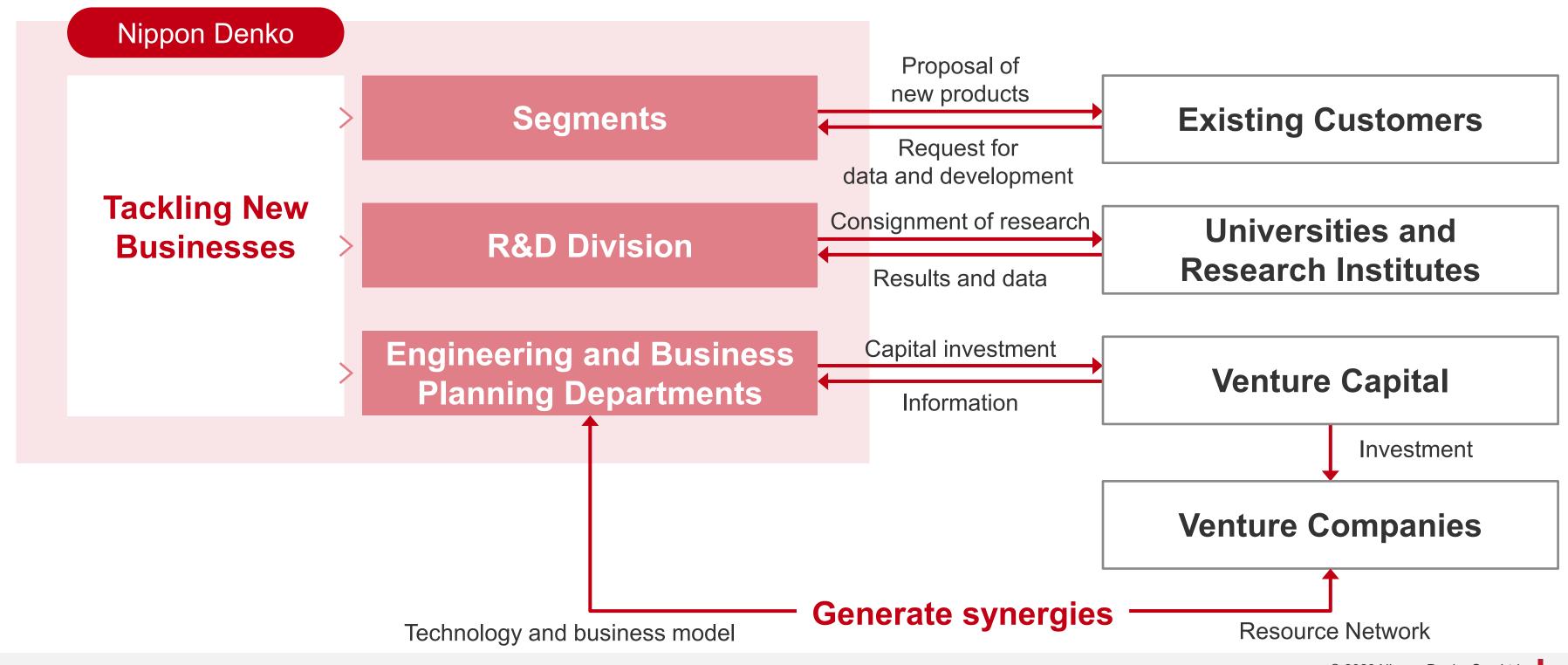
Image of CO2 zero emissions in ferromanganese production

In parallel with the investigation and development of manganese ore's new reduction technique, Nippon Denko aims to build a sustainable cycle that utilizes our established products and technologies.



3-8. Tackling New Businesses 1

- Trilateral external collaboration to expand our business and create business synergies
 - · Adding a new system for creating synergies with venture companies, the Nippon Denko will further accelerate the application and expansion of our technology and knowledge.



3-9. Tackling New Businesses 2-1

Development of New Ion-Exchange Inorganic Crystals

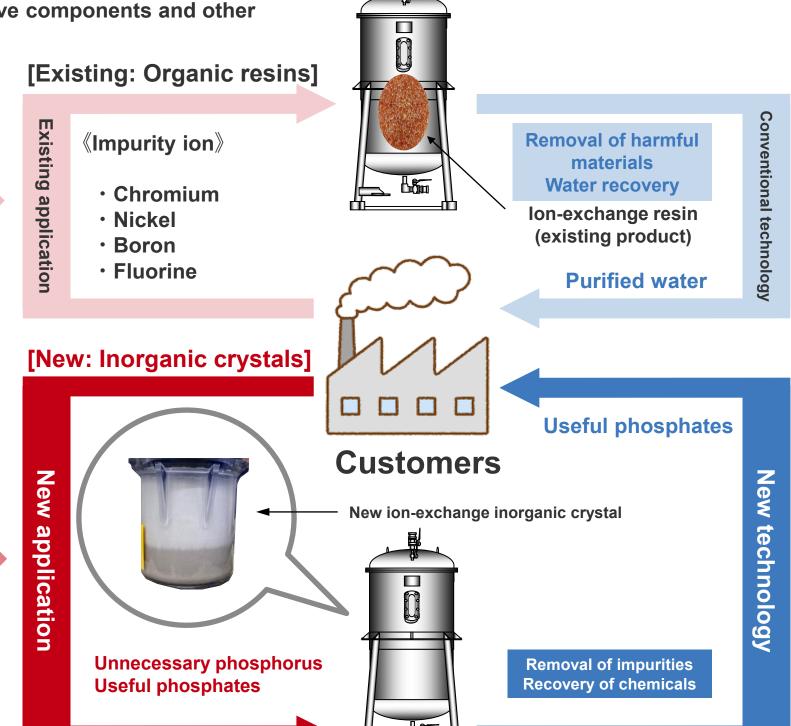
Nippon Denko has collaborated with Verne Crystal Inc. (a venture company of Shinshu University) and Shinshu University to develop a new ion-exchange inorganic crystal with water treatment functions that ion-exchange resins cannot. Our achievement lies in enabling long-lasting durability of plating solutions used in automotive components and other applications, making a significant contribution to the advancement of the circular economy.

Ion-exchange resin (existing product)

- An organic material that removes all impurity ions contained in water.
- Used for purification of factory wastewater such as chromium, boron, nickel, etc. and equipment for pure water production.

Ion-exchange inorganic crystals (new product)

- An inorganic material that can selectively and efficiently remove specific impurity ions.
- It can selectively adsorb unwanted ions (phosphorous acid) contained in electroless nickel plating effluent, leaving useful ions (hypophosphorous acid), and can reuse effluent.
- Patent processing: Developed a water treatment circulatory system utilizing ion-exchange inorganic crystals, aiming for commercialization in two years.





Venture capital fund investments

Explore opportunities to generate synergies with venture companies through fund investments.

- Invested in "EEI Fund 5 Innovation and Impact Investment", which is a fund specializing in the environmental energy field, in April 2023.
- Aiming to develop new businesses through collaboration with venture companies that have new technologies and business models.

	Outline of "EEI Fund 5 Innovation and Impact Investment"					
Operating Company	Energy & Environment Investment, Inc.					
Investment Period	2022 to 2032 (extended for up to 2 years)					
Investment Targets	Venture companies with business models and technologies that contribute to the realization of a sustainable society, with a focus on decarbonization.					
	■ Venture companies with business models and technologies that contribute to drastic innovation with the aim of achieving carbon-neutrality in 2050.					

4-1. FY2023 First Half Consolidated Financial Results

Appendix

(bil. yen)

	FY2022			FY2023			YoY
	Q1	Q2	1H	Q1	Q2	1H	101
Net sales	19.8	18.6	38.4	20.7	18.7	39.4	1.0
Operating profit	3.7	2.2	5.9	1.4	0.5	1.9	-4.0
Ordinary profit	4.1	3.0	7.1	0.5	0.6	1.1	-6.0
Ordinary profit margin (%)	21	16	18	2	1	3	_
Profit attributable to owners of parent	3.1	2.5	5.6	0.1	0.7	0.8	-4.8
Earnings per share (yen)	20.8	17.0	37.8	1.1	4.7	5.8	-32.0

4-2. FY2023 First Half Consolidated Financial Results (by Segment)

Appendix

(bil. yen)

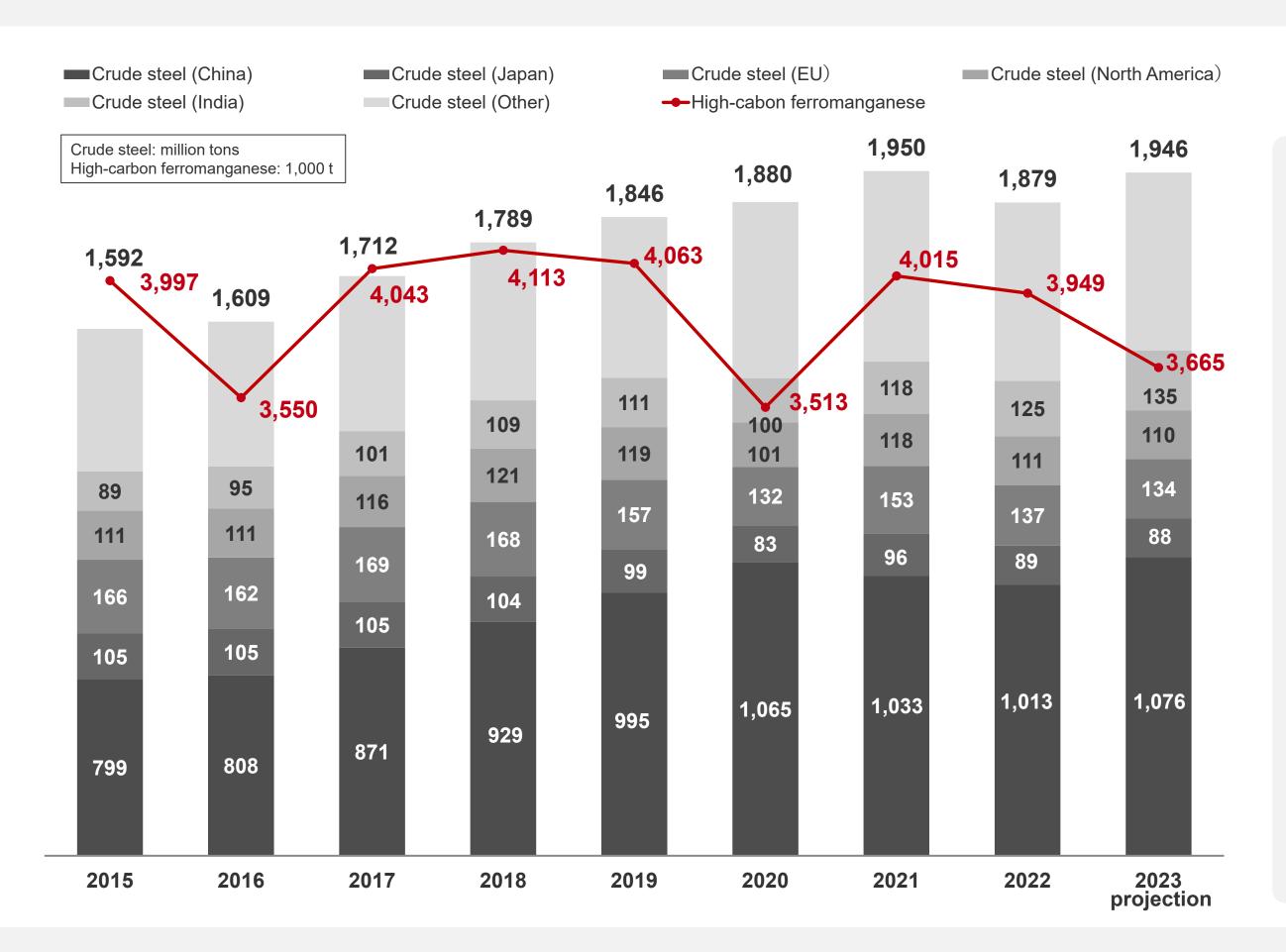
		FY2022			FY2023			(bii. yeii)
		Q1	Q2	1H	Q1	Q2	1H	YoY
Ferroalloys	Net sales	14.9	13.1	28.0	15.9	12.6	28.5	0.5
	Ordinary profit	3.8	2.3	6.1	0.5	-0.2	0.3	-5.8
Functional Materials	Net sales	3.0	2.9	5.9	2.7	3.6	6.3	0.2
	Ordinary profit	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.5	-0.0
Environment	Net sales	1.4	1.4	2.8	1.6	1.6	3.2	0.4
	Ordinary profit	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.2	-0.1
Electric Power	Net sales	0.2	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.6	-0.1
	Ordinary profit	-0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.1	0.2	0.1	-0.0
Other	Net sales	0.4	0.6	1.0	0.4	0.4	0.8	-0.2
	Ordinary profit	-0.0	0.1	0.1	-0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.1
Total	Net sales	19.8	18.6	38.4	20.7	18.7	39.4	1.0
	Ordinary profit	4.1	3.0	7.1	0.5	0.6	1.1	-6.0

4-3. Management Indicators

(mil. yen)

	2015	2016	004=					
		2010	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Net sales	82,902	58,486	71,346	73,944	70,477	54,004	65,978	79,341
Operating profit	2,046	1,717	9,639	1,701	-5,572	5,434	8,436	8,815
Ordinary profit	211	1,614	9,239	1,947	-6,426	3,063	6,870	10,367
Profit attributable to owners of parent	-14,181	-116	7,988	2,352	-14,240	2,615	7,768	7,949
Total assets (end of FY)	92,827	84,563	98,447	99,786	85,224	86,171	95,888	104,943
Shareholder equity (end of FY)	63,596	61,232	70,702	69,009	54,206	56,367	64,256	69,187
Interest-bearing debt (end of FY)	10,630	7,891	7,230	12,749	18,704	19,354	17,759	21,052
Equity-to-asset ratio (end of FY)	68.5%	72.4%	71.8%	69.2%	63.6%	65.4%	67.0%	65.9%
Total number of issued shares (Thousands of shares)	146,741	146,741	146,741	146,741	146,568	146,776	146,853	146,931
Treasury shares (Thousands of shares)	306	306	308	309	1	2	8	7,092
Net assets per share (yen)	434.30	418.16	482.83	471.28	369.84	384.04	437.58	494.76
Basic earnings per share (yen)	-96.84	-0.80	54.55	16.06	-97.20	17.83	52.91	54.45
Dividends per share (yen)	5.00	5.00	13.00	5.00	-	5.00	16.00	17.00
Return on equity (ROE)	-20.0%	-0.2%	12.1%	3.4%	-23.1%	4.7%	12.9%	11.9%
Return on assets (ROA)	-15.3%	-0.1%	8.1%	2.4%	-16.7%	3.0%	8.1%	7.6%
Return on sales (ROS)	0.3%	2.8%	13.0%	2.6%	-9.1%	6.5%	10.4%	13.1%
Highest share price during the period (yen)	329	266	545	528	249	320	410	459
Lowest share price during the period (yen)	207	145	242	193	148	108	263	272

4-4. Crude Steel & High-Carbon Ferromanganese Production Trend



FY2023 1H Overview

■ Global crude steel (1H)

- Global crude steel production remained flat yearon-year.
- India and China increased year-on-year due to brisk infrastructure investment.

■ Domestic crude steel (1H)

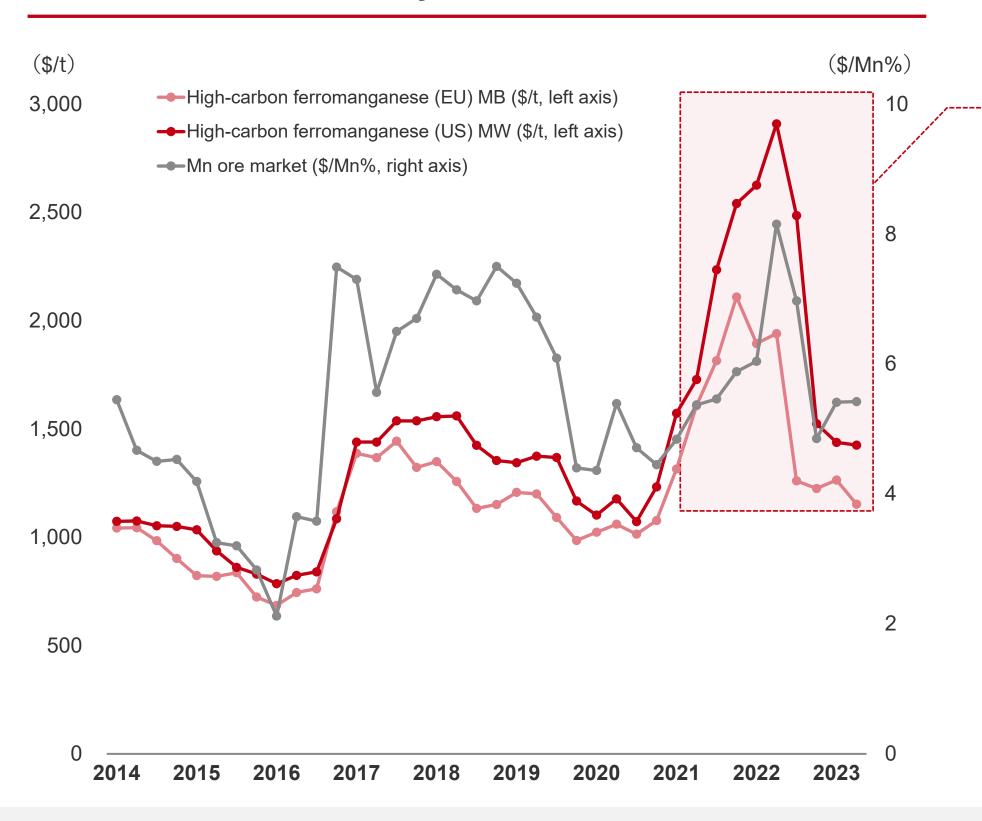
 Automotive production is on a recovery trend due to the easing of the shortfall of semiconductors, but the construction sector remains sluggish, which resulted in a year-on-year decrease of 4.7%.

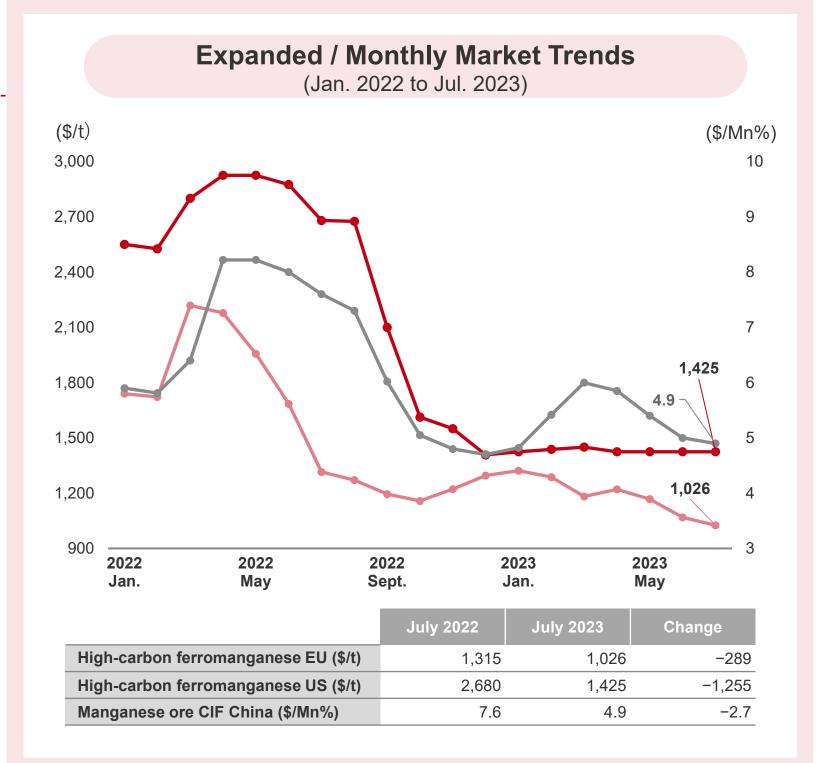
Global high-carbon ferromanganese production

- While the market is on a downward trend, India continues to produce at the same level as the previous year. However, there has been a decrease in production globally.
- Possibility of global production adjustment from the 2H of the fiscal year on the background of weakening global market conditions and rising production costs.

4-5. High-Carbon Ferromanganese / Manganese Ore Market Prices

Quarterly Market Trends







General Affairs Department, Nippon Denko Co., Ltd.

TEL	03-6860-6800
Website	https://www.nippondenko.co.jp/en/

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