Translated version

Analysis Material for 2Q, FY ending March 2024

Takamatsu Construction Group Co.,Ltd.

Securities Code: 1762

November 8, 2023

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Financial results for 2Q, FY ending March 2024

Situation of Corporate Group

Civil Engineering	Architecture	Real Estate	Main sales areas
	Takamatsu	Corporation	Tokyo • Osaka • Nagoya
	Takamatsu Techno Service		Osaka • Tokyo
		Takamatsu Estate	Osaka • Tokyo
	Suminoe Kogei		Japan(nationwide)
	Kongo Gumi Os		Osaka • Tokyo
	Nakamura Shaji		Nagoya
	Takamatsu Build		Tokyo • Kanagawa
	Taisho Kogyo Corporation		Osaka
	Asunaro Aoki Construction		Japan(nationwide)
Shimada Gumi			Japan(nationwide)
Mirai Con	struction		Japan(nationwide)
Aoki Marine			Japan(nationwide)
	M's		Metropolitan area
Toko Geotech			Japan(nationwide)
		Takamatsu House	Tokyo • Kanagawa • Saitama
		Mibu Corporation	Tokyo • Kanagawa
		Takamatsu House Kansai	Osaka • Hyogo
		TCG USA	USA
	Takamatsu Construction Group	(Pure Holding Company)	

Performance for 2Q FY ending March 2024

◆ Orders received decreased YoY, but net sales and operating profit secured an increase YoY.

(100 million yen)

Item	2Q FY ended March 2021	2Q FY ended March 2022	2Q FY ended March 2023	2Q FY ending March 2024		+/-
Orders received	1,023	1,435	1,778	•	1,635	(8.0%)
Net sales	1,366	1,259	1,288	-	1,432	+11.3%
Gross profit	166	168	176	-	192	+9.0%
Gross profit %	12.2%	13.4%	13.7%	•	13.4%	(0.3pt)
Operating profit	35	31	28	→	33	+18.0%
Operating profit %	2.6%	2.5%	2.2%	*	2.3%	+0.1pt
Ordinary profit	36	31	29	-	34	+15.4%
Ordinary profit %	2.6%	2.5%	2.3%	→	2.4%	+0.1pt
Quarterly profit attributable to owners of parent	19	16	13	•	11	(16.2%)
Quarterly profit attributable to owners of parent %	1.5%	1.3%	1.1%	•	0.8%	(0.3pt)

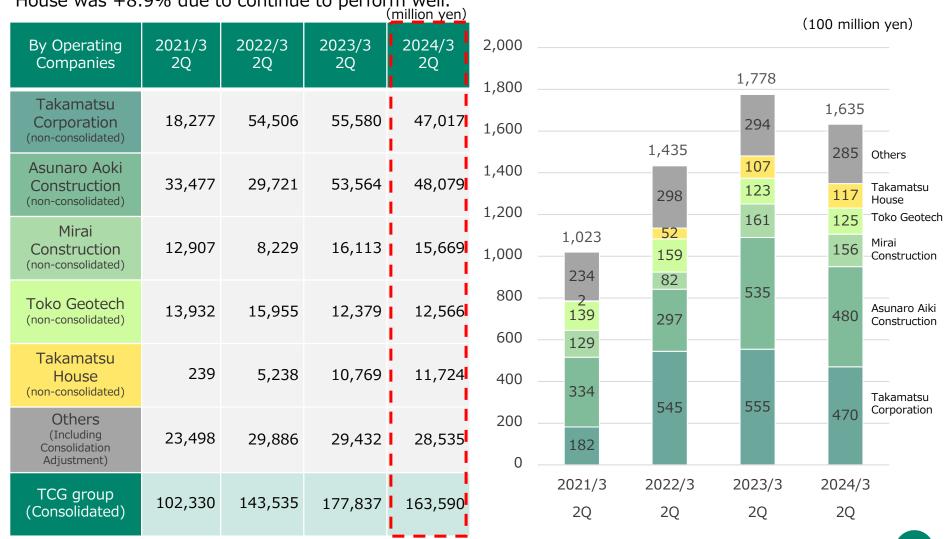
Orders received by segments

◆ Architecture was (16.9%) YoY, due to decrease in orders received of Takamatsu Corporation and Asunaro Aoki Construction. Civil engineering decreased slightly to (0.6%) YoY. Real estate was +11.9% YoY due to increase in orders received of Takamatsu House.



Orders Received by core operating companies

◆ Takamatsu Corporation was (15.4%) YoY due to decrease in orders received of rental apartments and Asunaro Aoki Construction was (10.2%) YoY due to fewer orders received for large projects compared to the same period last year. Mirai Construction was (2.8%) YoY and Toko Geotech was +1.5% YoY. Takamatsu House was +8.9% due to continue to perform well.



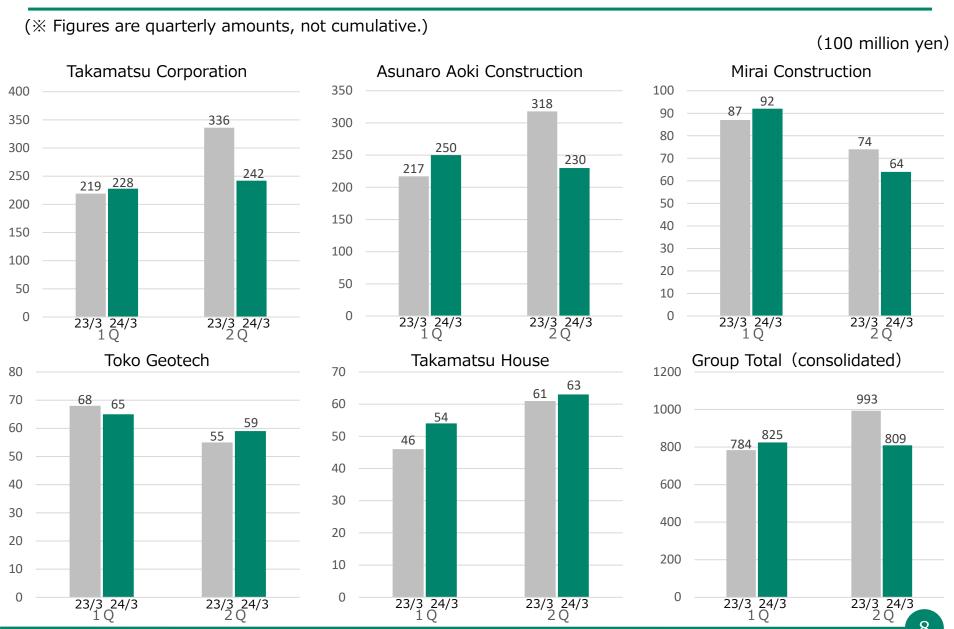
Carried forward to the next term by core operating companies

◆ Asunaro Aoki Construction was +11.2% YoY due to orders received for the Hokkaido Shinkansen in 1Q and wind power generation, etc. in 2Q. Takamatsu House was (23.2%) YoY. It was +12.7% YoY for group companies other than the core companies.

(million yen)

By Operating C	ompanies	2023/3 2Q	2024/3 2Q	Increas	se/Decrease	Increase/Decrease %
Takamatsu Corporation (non-consolidated)		195,177	208,380	*	13,203	+6.8%
	Architecture	86,493	92,447	7	5,954	+6.9%
Asunaro Aoki Construction (non-consolidated)	Civil Engineering	62,922	69,961	7	7,039	+11.2%
	Sub total	149,415	162,409	7	12,994	+8.7%
Mirai Construction (non-consolidated)		35,766	33,921		(1,845)	(5.2%)
Toko Geotech (non-consolidated)		12,568	13,110	7	542	+4.3%
Takamatsu House (non-consolidated)		4,188	3,216	\	(972)	(23.2%)
Others (Including Consolidation Adjustment)		19,882	22,407	~	2,525	+12.7%
TCG group (Consolidated)		416,996	443,443	>	26,447	+6.3%

Quarterly Orders by the 5 core companies and Group Total (Consolidated)



Takamatsu Corporation: Orders by Rental Apartments and non-Residentials

- ◆ In both Osaka and Tokyo, orders received of rental apartments fell sharply YoY, while nonresidentials orders received increased YoY. However, rental apartments failed to make up for the decline, resulting in an overall YoY decrease.
- ◆ Although the orders received ratio of rental apartments in Osaka was lower than in other years (20/3 2Q : 29.5%, 21/3 2Q : 20.1%, 22/3 2Q : 34.8%), and also this trend that the composition ratio of rental apartments for the full year will be expected to continue.

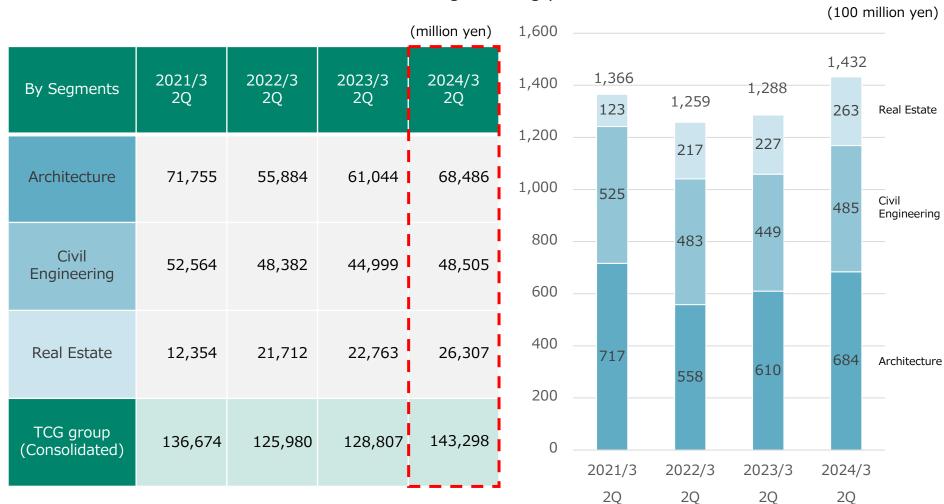
Orders received by Rental Apartments and non-Residentials

(million yen)

		Os	aka		Tokyo				
	2023/3 2Q	%	2024/3 2Q	%	2023/3 2Q	%	2024/3 2Q	%	
Rental Apartments	9,769	35.8%	1,902	6.5%	24,013	84.9%	10,920	60.9%	
non- Residentials	17,530	64.2%	27,182	93.5%	4,269	15.1%	7,013	39.1%	
Total	27,299	100%	29,084	100%	28,282	100%	17,933	100%	

Net sales by segments

◆ Architecture was +12.2% YoY due to increase of Takamatsu Corporation and Asunaro Aoki Construction. Civil engineering was +7.8% YoY due to significantly increased in net sales of Mirai Construction, despite decrease in net sales of Asunaro Aoki Construction and Toko Geotech. Real estate was +15.6% YoY because of maintaining a strong performance of Takamatsu House.



Net sales by core operating companies

◆ Takamatsu Corporation was +10.2% YoY, Asunaro Aoki Construction slightly increased by +0.8% YoY, Mirai Construction was +40.1% YoY due to recovery of orders received in the previous year and steady construction progress, Toko Geotech was (10.7%) YoY due to a lack of carryover construction and other factors, Takamatsu House continued to perform well, resulting in increase of 23.2% YoY. Group companies other than the core companies also posted a significant increase of 22.3% YoY.



Gross profit by segments

◆ Architecture was +6.4% YoY due to increase in gross profit of Takamatsu Corporation, despite decrease in gross profit of Asunaro Aoki Construction. Civil engineering was increased by 3.8% YoY due to increase in gross profit of Asunaro Aoki Construction and Mirai Construction, despite decrease in gross profit of Toko Geotech. In real estate, Takamatsu House continued to perform well, resulting in significantly increase of 25.5% YoY.



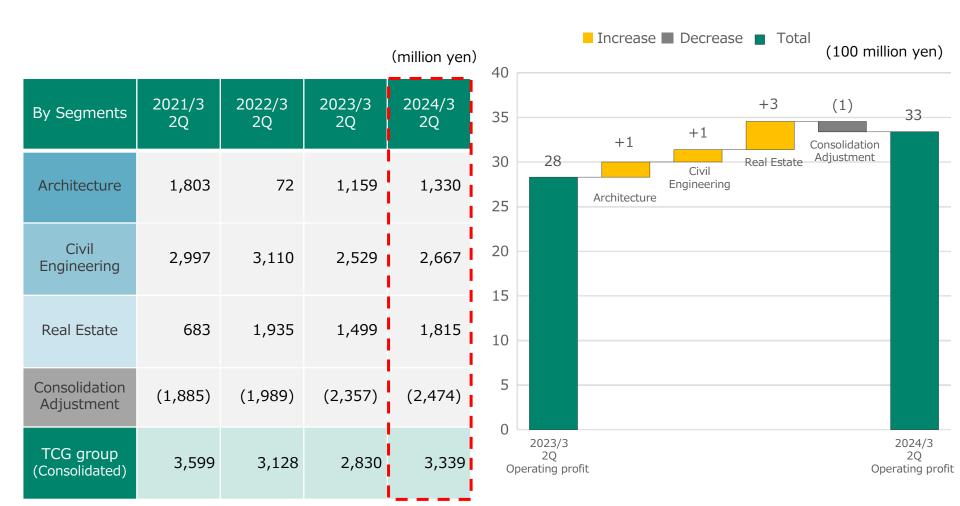
Gross profit by core operating companies

◆ Takamatsu Corporation was +12.5% YoY due to increase net sales and higher gross profit margin, Asunaro Aoki Construction was (10.7%) YoY due to lower gross profit margin mainly in architecture, Mirai Construction was +19.7% YoY due to increase net sales, Toko Geotech was (21.5%) YoY due to decrease net sales and lower gross profit margin, Takamatsu House continued to perform well, resulting in increase of 29.0% YoY. It was significantly increase of 35.1% YoY for group companies other than the core companies.



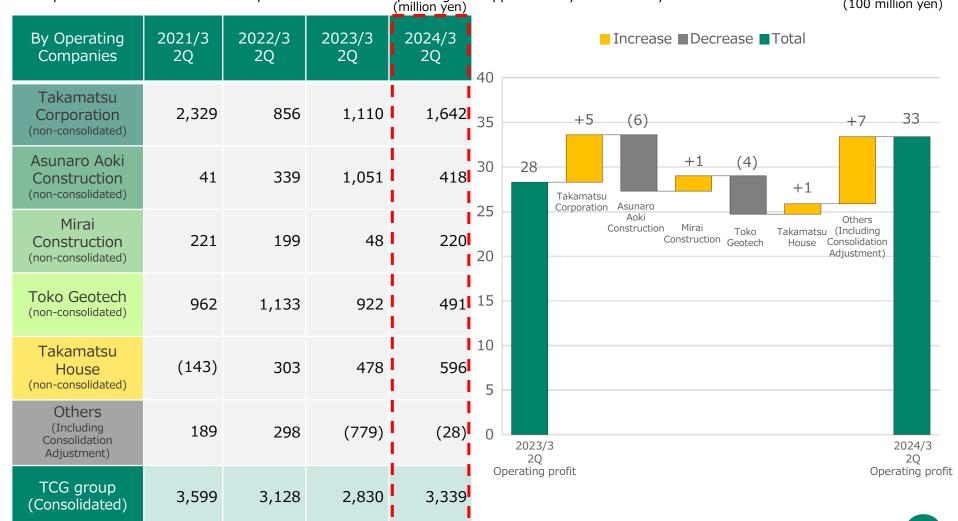
Operating profit by segments

◆ Architecture was +14.8% YoY due to increase in operating profit of Takamatsu Corporation, despite decrease in operating profit of Asunaro Aoki Construction. Civil engineering was +5.5% YoY due to increase in operating profit of Asunaro Aoki Construction and Mirai Construction despite decrease in operating profit of Toko Geotech. Real estate was +21.1% YoY due to Takamatsu House continued to perform well.



Operating profit by core operating companies

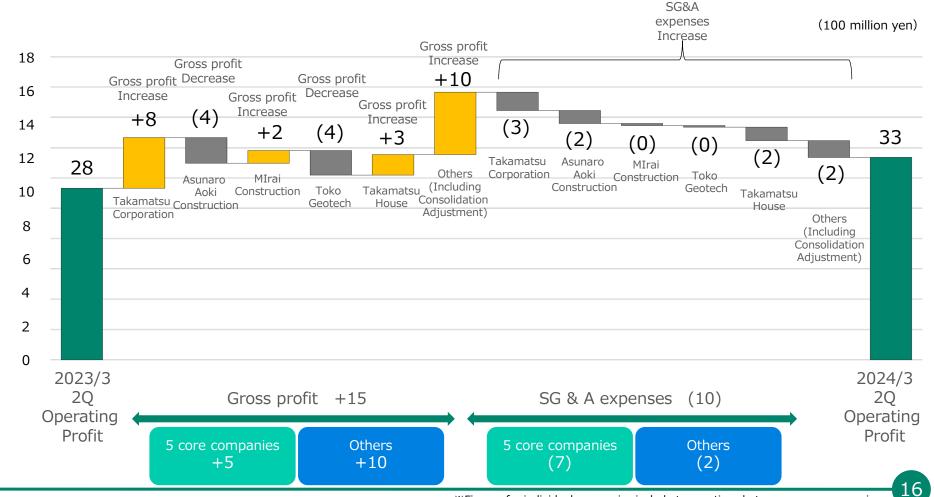
Despite an increase in SG & A expenses, Takamatsu Corporation was +47.9% YoY due to increase in net sales and higher gross profit margin. Asunaro Aoki Construction's operating profit fell sharply by 60.2% YoY, due to lower gross profit margin and increase in SG & A expenses. Mirai Construction's operating profit increased significantly by approximately 4.6 times YoY due to the increase in net sales. Toko Geotech's operating profit fell sharply by 46.7% YoY, due to decrease in net sales and lower gross profit margin. Despite an increase in SG&A expenses, Takamatsu House maintained strong operating profit of +24.6% YoY due to increase in net sales and higher gross profit margin. Group companies other than the core companies narrowed its operating loss approximately 750 million yen.



Gross profit, SG&A expenses, Analysis of Changes in Operating Profit

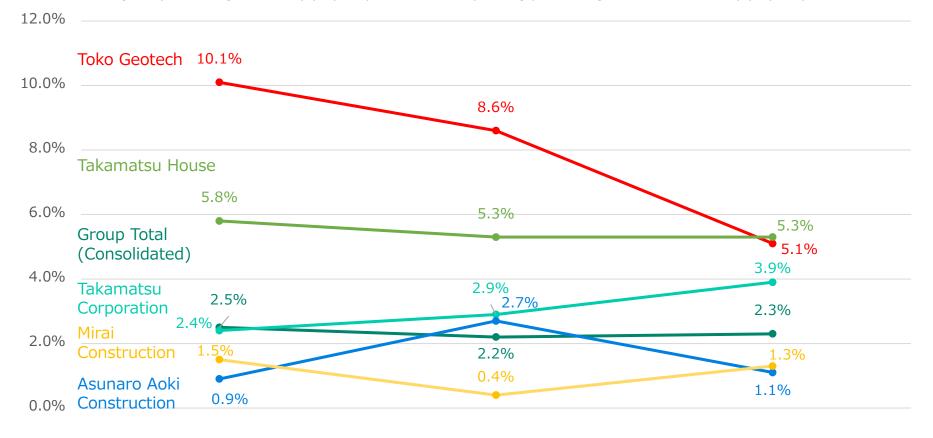
Gross profit increased approximately 1.5 billion yen YoY, mainly because gross profit increased at Takamatsu Corporation and the other core companies, which offset the decrease in gross profit from Asunaro Aoki Construction and Toko Geotech. SG&A expenses increased approximately 1 billion yen YoY, mainly due to an increase in personnel expenses at Takamatsu Corporation, Asunaro Aoki Construction and Takamatsu House, while overall operating profit increased approximately 0.5 billion yen YoY.

Analysis of Changes in Operating Profit



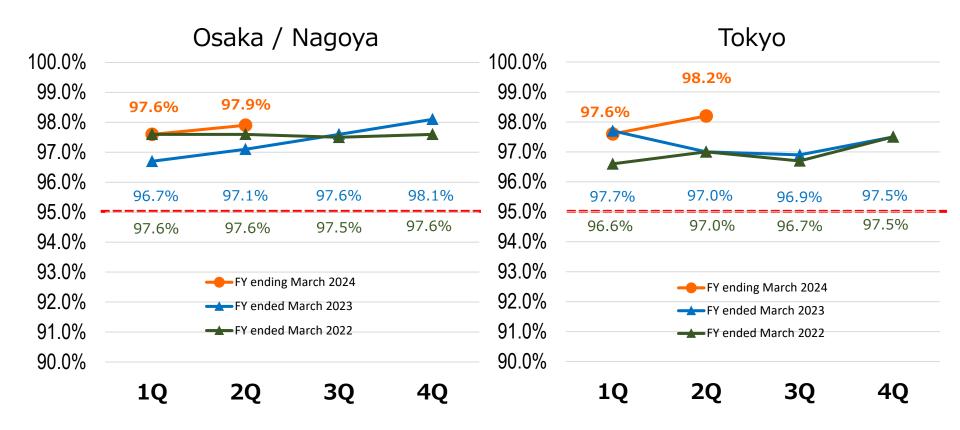
Operating profit ratio by Group Total (Consolidated) and the 5 core companies

- Gross profit margin for Takamatsu Corporation increased slightly by 0.4pt YoY and operating profit margin increased by 1pt YoY despite an increase in SG&A expenses, mainly personnel expenses, due to raising wage levels.
- Gross profit margin for Asunaro Aoki Construction was (1.2pt) YoY and operating profit margin was (1.6pt) YoY, mainly due to an increase in personnel expenses among SG&A expenses as a result of continued hiring and raising wage levels.
- Mirai Construction's gross profit margin was (1.3pt) YoY, despite personnel expenses mainly increased slightly among SG&A expenses, net sales increased and operating profit margin rose slightly by 0.9pt YoY. Takamatsu House's operating profit margin was flat YoY.
- ◆ Toko Geotech's gross profit margin fell sharply by 2.1pt YoY, and its operating profit margin also declined sharply by 3.5pt YoY.



Occupancy Rate of Properties Constructed by Takamatsu Corporation at Takamatsu Estate

◆ Occupancy rates of 95% or higher have been maintained for 2Q FY ending March 2024.



Definitions

[&]quot;Osaka/Nagoya": Osaka, Kyoto, Hyogo, and Nagoya "Tokyo": Tokyo, Kanagawa, Saitama, and Chiba

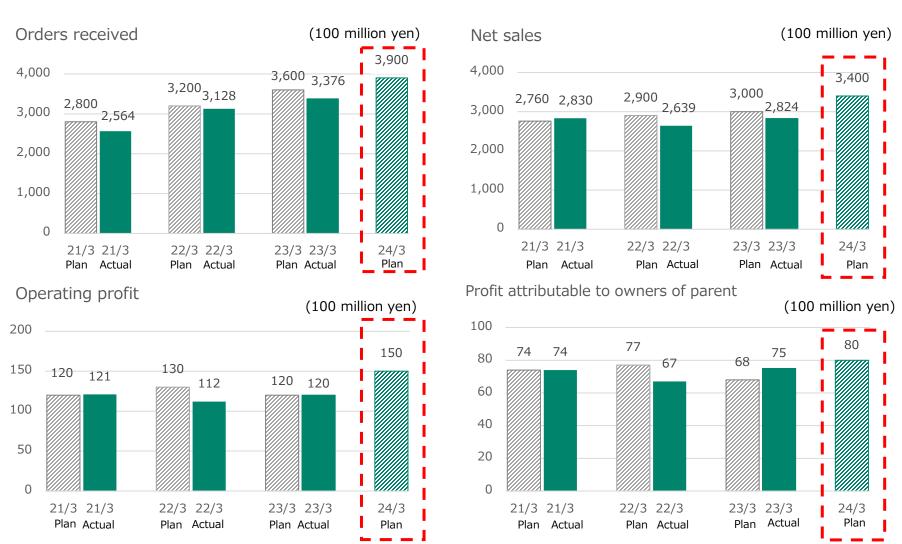
[&]quot;Occupancy rate": Number of properties constructed by Takamatsu Corporation managed by Takamatsu Estate that are occupied at the end of each quarter

total number of properties constructed by Takamatsu Corporation managed by Takamatsu Estate at the end of each quarter

Earnings Forecast & Dividend Forecast for FY ending March 2024

Earnings Forecast for FY ending March 2024

◆ For the FY ending March 2024 will be in line with the medium-term management plan. The full-year forecast remains unchanged.

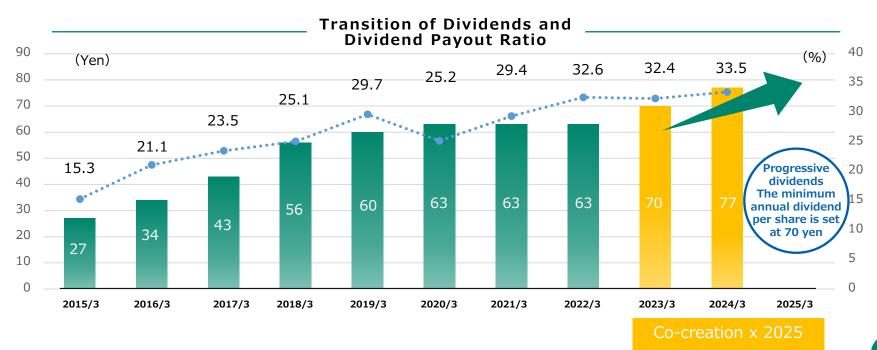


Points of Earnings Forecast for FY ending March 2024

Summary of 2nd Quarter Results for the FY Ending March 2024	 Orders and sales are progressing almost as planned, but operating income is below plan. Despite the continued high prices of raw materials and equipment, and rising labor costs, sales and operating income are up YoY.
Current business environment	 Overall, prices of raw materials, equipment, and materials have remained high, but some raw materials have continued to rise. Labor costs continue to rise, with some types of work experiencing a sharp increase. Lead times for some equipment are lengthening, and there are also shortages of installation personnel at equipment suppliers. There is a chronic shortage of construction personnel.
Outlook for the current fiscal year, initiatives, etc.	 In the construction segment, the market is expected to remain strong due to firm corporate willingness to make capital investments, but the environment for orders is becoming increasingly severe due to high raw material and equipment prices, soaring labor costs, and longer lead times for equipment procurement. In the rental condominium market, the market is expected to remain firm, but construction costs are rising due to soaring prices of raw materials, materials and equipment, and labor costs, making it necessary to be selective about orders in order to secure profits. In the real estate segment, housing prices are on an upward trend due to rising fixed interest rates on mortgage loans and soaring prices of construction materials and equipment, and the business environment is likely to slow down in the second half of the year. Raw material and equipment prices remain high, and labor costs continue to rise. While the price indexing system will be applied to public works projects in some cases, there are cases in which private-sector construction orders are affected by price hikes but are not passed on to the client, which is expected to put pressure on profits in the second half of the fiscal year.

Earnings Forecast & Dividend Forecast for FY ended March 2024

- ◆ The basic policy is to pay progressive dividends during the target years of the medium-term management plan "Co-creation x 2025" (fiscal year ended March 2023 to fiscal year ending March 2025). The minimum annual dividend per share is set at 70 yen. Profit returns will be linked to business performance.
- ◆ We have decided to increase the dividend by 7 yen from the forecast of 63 yen per share to 70 yen per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023.
- ◆ The dividend for the fiscal year ending March 2024 is planned to be 77 yen per share, an increase of 7 yen from the dividend for the fiscal year ended March 2023.



Reduction of Cross-shareholdings

- ◆ Takamatsu Construction Group sold all of its Cross-shareholdings in FY 2022.
- ◆ As for Asunaro Aoki Construction, the company with the largest balance sheet carrying amount of investment shareholdings (investment shareholdings carrying amount) among consolidated subsidiaries, approximately 3.2 billion yen in book value as of March 31, 2023, which is about 1.4% of consolidated net assets.
- ◆ In other group companies, approximately 1.1 billion yen in book value as of March 31, 2023, which is approximately 0.5% of consolidated net assets.
- ◆ The Board of Directors reviews the appropriateness of holding these shareholdings every fiscal year, taking into consideration the nature of transactions with business partners, the scale of the transactions, and the length of time the transactions have been in place, among other factors.

Takamatsu Construction Group

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