

Japan Display Inc. Group Japan Display Inc.

Fiscal Year 2013 Consolidated Financial Results

May 15, 2014

Disclaimer

This document is written solely for the purpose of disclosing relevant information regarding Japan Display Inc. ("JDI"). This document does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any security in the United States. The securities of JDI have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration or an applicable exemption from registration requirements.

The information in this presentation is subject to change without prior notice. Neither this presentation nor any of its contents may be disclosed to or used by any other party for any purpose without the prior written consent of JDI. Any investment decision with respect to the shares should be made solely upon the basis of the information contained in the offering memorandum relating to the shares.

Any information related to market trends or industries mentioned in this document is based on information available at present and JDI does not guarantee that this information is accurate or complete.

Any plan, estimation, calculation, quotation, evaluation, prediction, expectation or other forward-looking information in this document is based on the current assumptions and beliefs of JDI in light of the information currently available to it, and involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause JDI's actual results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include, without limitation: economic conditions and individual consumption trends in Japan and overseas, currency exchange rate movements, trends in the market for smartphones and other electronic equipment, the management policies of our major business partners and fluctuations in the price of raw materials.

Agenda

- 1. FY2013 Q4 and Full Year Results
- 2. FY2014 Financial Forecast
- 3. Small- Medium Display Market Environment and JDI's Strategy

On April 1, 2013, Japan Display Inc. ("former JDI") was merged with its wholly-owned subsidiaries Japan Display East Inc. ("JDE"), Japan Display West Inc., Japan Display Central Inc., and Japan Display East Products, Co., Ltd. JDE was the surviving entity, and all other entities merged into JDE were dissolved after the merger. JDE subsequently changed its name to Japan Display, Inc. ("JDI"). The financial results for FY2012 noted above are the consolidated financial results of the pre-merger JDE, not the results of former JDI.

Agenda

- 1. FY2013 Q4 and Full Year Results
- 2. FY2014 Financial Forecast
- 3. Small- to Medium Display Market Environment and JDI's Strategy

Q4-FY2013 Consolidated Results of Operations

Net sales and operating income decreased QoQ in Q4-FY2013 due mainly to seasonal factors but improved YoY. EBITDA increase was significant.

| (Billion yen) | Q4-FY13 | Q4-FY12 | YoY (%) | Q3-FY13 | QoQ (%) |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Net sales | 131.8 | 108.0 | 22.0% | 161.8 | -18.5% |
| Gross profit | 15.6 | 10.0 | 57.4% | 19.4 | -19.3% |
| Operating income | 5.5 | -0.2 | - | 8.2 | -32.9% |
| Ordinary income | 0.4 | 2.5 | -83.1% | 9.0 | -95.1% |
| Net income | 4.3 | -0.6 | - | 6.9 | -93.7% |
| EBITDA | 23.4 | 10.2 | 129.0% | 24.4 | -4.1% |
| | | | | | |
| Depreciation ⁽¹⁾ | 18.0 | 10.8 | 67.3% | 17.4 | 3.9% |
| R&D expenses ⁽²⁾ | 3.5 | 5.0 | -29.9% | 4.3 | -19.3% |
| Avg. FX rate (JPY/USD) | 102.7 | 92.4 | - | 100.5 | - |
| Mobile sales ratio ⁽³⁾ | 73% | 65% | - | 78% | - |

Notes: (1) Depreciation cost includes amortization of goodwill and non-operating depreciation cost.

⁽²⁾ R&D expenses are a total of expenses booked in COGS and SG&A.

⁽³⁾ Mobile sales ratio is the ratio of sales of displays for mobile devices (including smartphones and tablets) to total net sales.

FY2013 Original Forecast vs. Actual Results

| | | Changes | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| (Billion yen) | Forecast as of Mar 19 (A) | Revised Forecast as of Apr 28 | Actual Results (B) | (B-A) | (%) |
| Net sales | 623.4 | 614.2 | 614.6 | (8.8) | -1.4% |
| Operating income | 30.4 | 27.2 | 27.6 | (2.8) | -9.2% |
| Ordinary income | 22.6 | 19.3 | 19.1 | (3.5) | -15.9% |
| Net income | 36.6 | - | 33.9 | (2.7) | -7.4% |
| EBITDA | 93.0 | - | 90.3 | (2.7) | -2.9% |

At the end of the consolidated fourth quarter, JDI experienced reduced purchases at customer request as well as reduced purchases of certain products due to difficult price negotiations in light of a decline in market prices for displays for medium pricerange smartphones.

FY2013 Consolidated Results of Operations

FY 2013 net sales and profits increased largely from last year due to increase in shipments of Full HD mainly produced at the Mobara G6 line which started production in June 2013.

| (Billion yen) | FY2013 | | FY2012 | | Increase/ Decrease | YoY (%) |
|---|------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| Net sales | 614.6 | 100.0% | 457.4 | 100.0% | +157.2 | +34.4% |
| Gross profit | 71.3 | 11.6% | 47.0 | 10.3% | +24.3 | +51.7% |
| SG&A | 43.7 | 7.1% | 45.2 | 9.9% | (1.5) | -3.4% |
| Operating income | 27.6 | 4.5% | 1.8 | 0.4% | +25.8 | - |
| Ordinary income | 19.1 | 3.1% | 5.5 | 1.2% | +13.5 | +244.1% |
| Net income | 33.9 | 5.5% | 3.9 | 0.9% | +30.0 | +772.2% |
| EBITDA | 90.3 | 14.7% | 38.7 | 8.5% | +51.5 | +133.2% |
| Depreciation ⁽¹⁾ R&D expenses ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ Avg. FX rate (JPY/USD) Mobile sales ratio ⁽⁴⁾ | 64.2 15.7 100.2 77% | | 38.1 17.2 82.9 64% | | +26.1 (1.5) | +68.6% -8.9% |

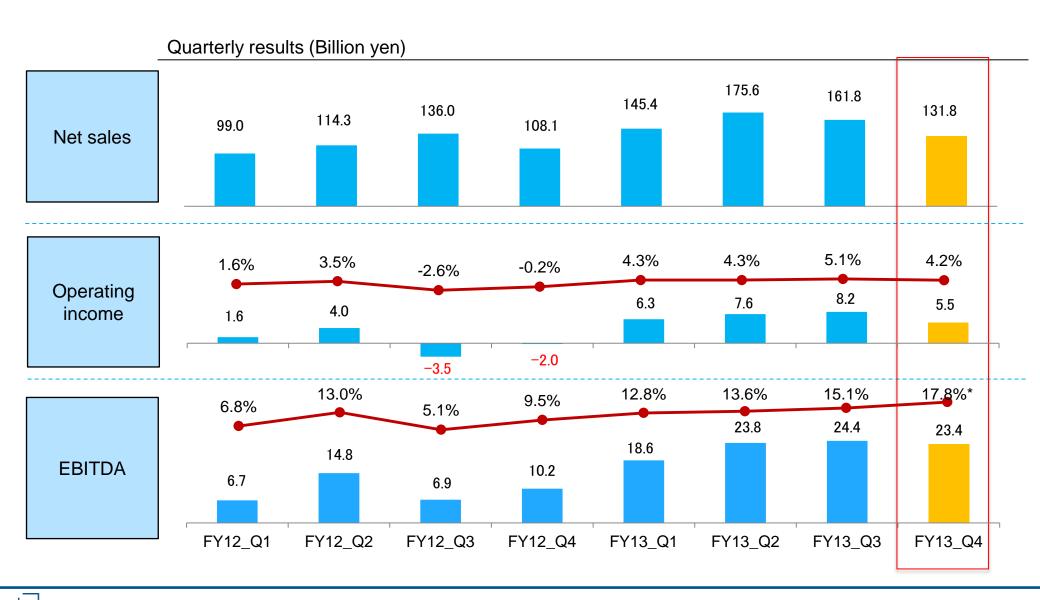
Notes: (1) Depreciation cost includes amortization of goodwill and non-operating depreciation cost.

⁽²⁾ R&D expenses are a total of expenses booked in COGS and SG&A.

⁽³⁾ In FY2012 the pre-merger companies each used different methods to calculate R&D expenses. In same-same terms, however, FY2013 and FY2012 were about the same.

⁽⁴⁾ Mobile sales ratio is the ratio of sales of displays for mobile devices (including smartphones and tablets) to total net sales.

Summary Results of 8 Quarters



FY2013 Balance Sheet

| (Billion yen) | 3/2014 | 3/2013 | 12/2013 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|
| Cash and deposits | 141.4 | 69.9 | 40.2 |
| Accounts receivable | 97.1 | 95.4 | 120.1 |
| Inventories | 90.6 | 62.9 | 82.0 |
| Total current assets | 378.5 | 284.1 | 308.0 |
| Property plant and equipment | 343.8 | 289.2 | 342.6 |
| Total assets | 759.0 | 615.1 | 689.4 |
| Accounts payable | 101.6 | 115.8 | 132.7 |
| Interest-bearing debt | 102.5 | 66.2 | 113.5 |
| Advance payments | 66.8 | 86.7 | 71.8 |
| Total liabilities | 353.8 | 363.0 | 396.9 |
| Total net assets | 405.1 | 2,521 | 292.6 |
| Object to be belowed a south a seath | F0 F0/ | 44.007 | 40.40/ |
| Shareholders' equity ratio | 53.5% | 41.0% | 42.4% |
| Net debt to equity ratio | -9.5% | -1.4% | 25.1% |

Inventory Level

Inventory reduction is an important challenge

| (Billion yen) | 3/2014 | 3/2013 | 12/2013 | |
|--------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--|
| Inventory (amount) | | | | |
| Merchandise and finished goods | 25.3 | 31.1 | 33.1 | |
| Work in process | 48.3 | 16.2 | 32.3 | |
| Raw materials and supplies | 16.9 | 15.6 | 16.6 | |
| Total inventory | 90.6 | 62.9 | 82.0 | |
| Other receivables (1) | 23.4 | 45.0 | 38.4 | |
| Inventory + Other receivables | 114.0 | 107.9 | 120.4 | |
| Inventory days (days) (2) | | | | |
| Total inventory | 62 | 52 | 46 | |
| Other receivables | 16 | 37 | 21 | |
| Inventory + Other receivables | 78 | 90 | 67 | |

Notes: (1) Majority of other receivables is from paid supply to JDI's back-end subcontractors.

(2) Inventory days = inventory at the end of period / quarterly net sales X 90 days

FY2013 Cash flow

| (Billion yen) | FY2013 | FY2012 | Increase/ decrease |
|---|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | 39.7 | (29.7) | 69.4 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | (122.9) | (155.4) | 32.5 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | 152.0 | 8.3 | 143.7 |
| Other, net | 2.8 | 3.6 | (0.8) |
| Ending balance, cash and cash equivalents | 141.4 | 69.9 | 71.5 |
| | | | |
| Free cash flow (1) | (83.2) | (185.1) | 101.9 |

(1) Free cash flow: Cash flow from operating activities + Cash flow from investing activities

11

FY2013 Achievements and Issues

Achievements

- 4 companies merged on April 1, 2013 with Japan Display East Inc. as the surviving company; IT systems and personnel management systems were unified. Integration and reconfiguration was done for business functions and personnel.
- Mass production started at Mobara G6 line (J1) in June 2013. Investment decision was made for 50K sheets/month expansion
- Taiwan Display Inc. (TDI) founded to prepare for entering into China's medium price-range smartphone market (volume zone)
- Automotive display productions were consolidated into Tottori Plant; Ishikawa G3 a-Si line closed in March 2014
- Production equipment was installed in a new OLED pilot line in Ishikawa
- Shipments of Full HD and higher resolution displays for mobile increased
- Reflective LCD shipments started
- IPO and Tokyo Stock Exchange listing

Issues

- Delayed response to medium price-range smartphone market → Working for recovery in 2H-FY2014
- Lack of speed in recovering a slump in sales from large customers and new products
- Significant manufacturing yield losses generated in ramping up Mobara G6 (J1) line

Agenda

1. FY2013 Q4 and Full Year Results

2. FY2014 Financial Forecast

3. Small- to Medium Display Market Environment and JDI's Strategy

FY2014 Earnings Forecast

| (Billion yen) | 1H-FY2014 (Forecast) | | FY2014 (Forecast) | | FY2013 (Results) | | Increase/ decrease | YoY (%) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|--------|---------------------|--------|-----------------------|------------|
| Net sales | 310.0 | 100.0% | 750.0 | 100.0% | 614.6 | 100.0% | +135.4 | +22.0% |
| Operating income | 1.0 | 0.3% | 40.0 | 5.3% | 27.6 | 4.5% | +12.4 | +44.8% |
| Ordinary income | (3.2) | -1.0% | 31.5 | 4.2% | 19.1 | 3.1% | +12.4 | +65.2% |
| Net income | (3.2) | -1.0% | 26.8 | 3.6% | 33.9 | 5.5% | -7.1 | - 21.0% |
| EBITDA | 37.3 | 12.0% | 118.4 | 15.8% | 90.3 | 14.7% | +28.1 | +31.2% |
| Depreciation ⁽¹⁾ | 38.3 | | 78.4 | | 64.2 | | | |
| R&D expenses ⁽²⁾ | - | | 22.9 | | 15.7 | | | |
| Avg. FX rate (JPY/USD) | 101.0 | | 101.0 | | 100.2 | | | |
| Mobile sales ratio ⁽³⁾ | 77% | | 81% | | 77% | | | |

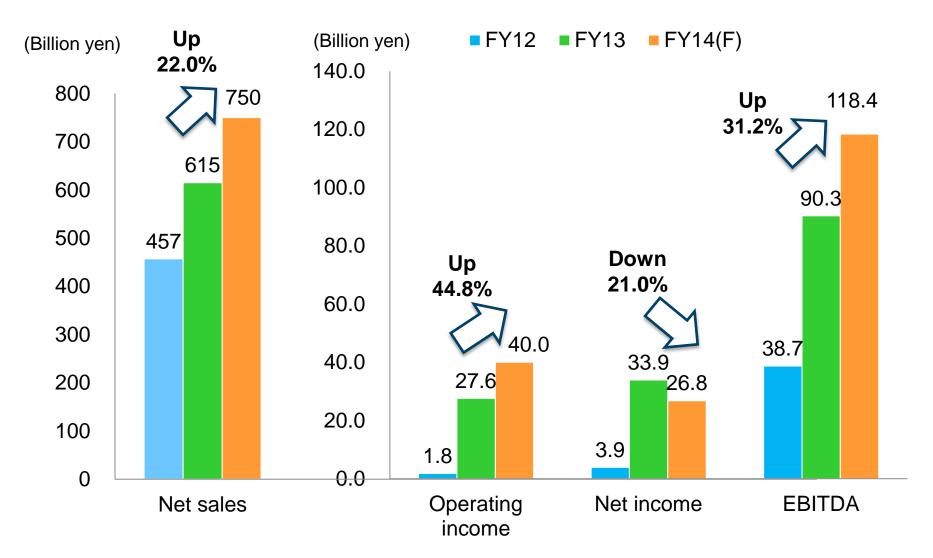
FX sensitivity (full-year):

Impact of 5.5 billion yen to net sales and 1.6 billion yen to operating income is estimated for 1 yen change against the U.S. dollar.

Notes: (1) Depreciation cost includes amortization of goodwill and non-operating depreciation cost.

- (2) R&D expenses are a total of expenses booked in COGS and SG&A.
- (3) Mobile sales ratio is the ratio of sales of displays for mobile devices (including smartphones and tablets) to total net sales.

3-Year Performance



^{*} JDI recognized an income tax benefit of 175 billion yen due mainly to recognizing deferred tax assets related to tax losses carried forward.

Assumptions for FY 2014 Financial Forecast

FY2014:

- Factor in such risks as losses on new product starts, speed of TDI launch
- Estimate rapid YoY growth (4x) in Pixel Eyes™ shipment volume
- Sales growth to back estimated sales of 180bn yen (up 2.7-fold YoY) in China market

1Q:

- Estimated sales of no more than 120bn yen on lower demand (seasonal factors) & lower shipments to US & European customers.
- Lower marginal profit ratio due to price declines & shipments of low-profit products, resulting in estimated 10bn yen-plus operating loss

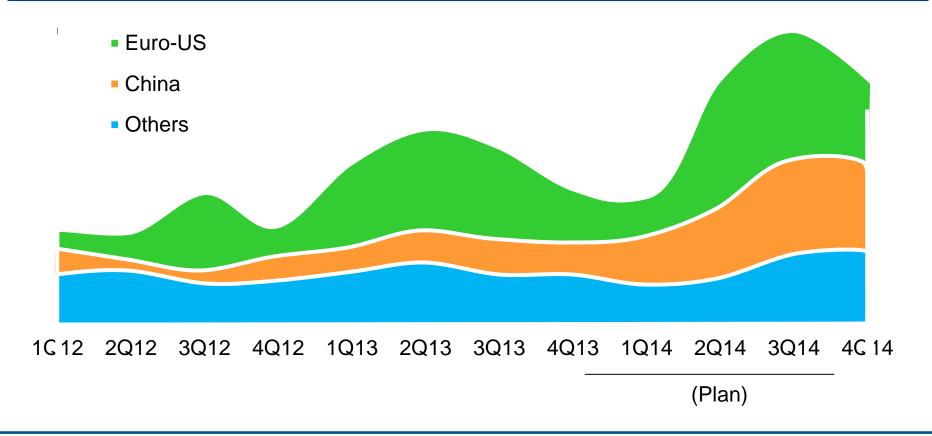
2Q onward:

- New product production, growth in shipments to US & EUR customers brings expected higher sales from 2Q onward
- 2H intro of Pixel Eyes[™] products results in increased shipments of semicustomized products to China market. With back-end & procurement cost improvements and recovery of marginal profit ratio, much higher operating income expected

Quarterly Sales Trend

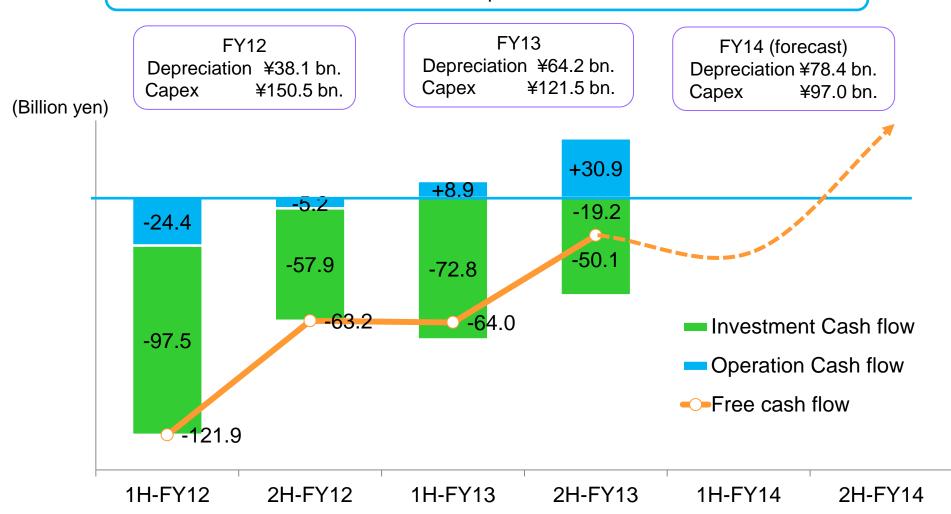
Expect higher shipments to US/European customers to contribute from Q2 onward. With customer development in China and cost reductions now underway, shipments to grow from 2H onward

Quarterly mobile display sales by customer area



Cash Flow Estimate

EBITDA improvements will result in FY2014 free cash flow improvements. Positive free cash flow is expected in the 2H of FY2014



Agenda

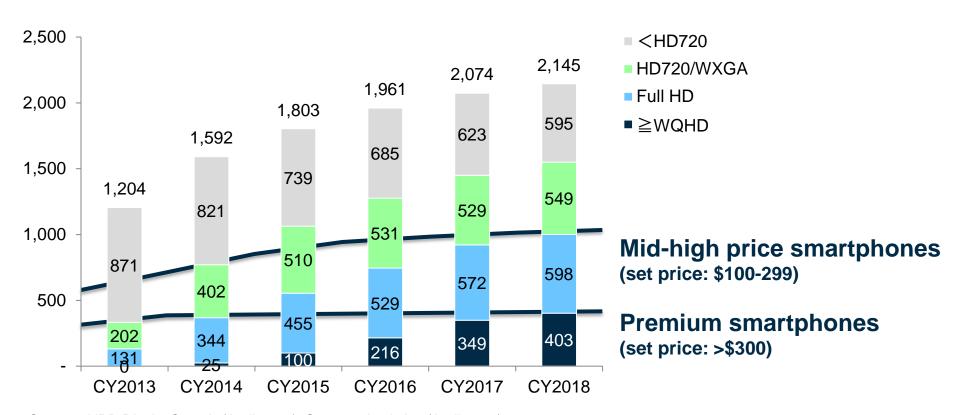
- 1. FY2013 Q4 and Full Year Results
- 2. FY2014 Financial Forecast
- 3. Small- to Medium Display Market Environment and JDI's Strategy

Understanding the Business Environment & JDI's Strategy

- Smartphone market achieving higher resolutions in line with JDI expectations
 - Expect move to WQHD for premium smartphones, FHD for mid-high price set
 (From yield standpoint a-Si fab will have difficulties in maintaining cost competitiveness.)
 - Accelerating TDI strategy, pushing hard on cost innovations in medium price-range smartphone area
- With industry's largest LTPS capacity, JDI will use "unique strength" of its cost solutions to quickly recover
 - Unique strength 1: Industry's largest LTPS capacity
 - Unique strength 2: Competitive LTPS yields in high-resolution (e.g., FHD)
 - Unique strength 3: Cutting-edge system integration technology (e.g., Pixel Eyes)
- The above strengths are the core of JDI's mobile market strategy. We will also tackle the automotive/other stable markets

Smartphone Market Trend

Display market for smartphones (Units, M pcs)



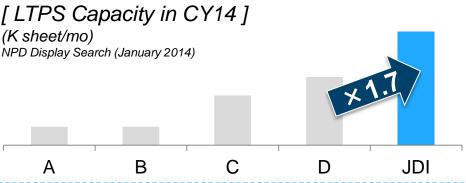
Source: NPD DisplaySearch (April 2014), Strategy Analytics (April 2014)

Smartphone market is shifting to high-resolution consistent with JDI's estimates. Mid-high price range smartphones expected to shift to Full HD class where cost competitiveness of LTPS can be maximized

JDI's Advantages in Capturing Smartphone Market

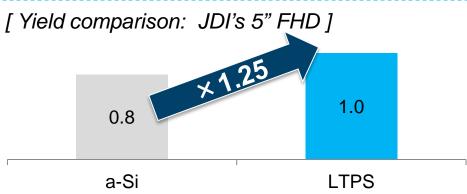
1. World's largest LTPS capacity

1.7 times larger capacity than 2nd place competitor (NPD DisplaySearch estimate)



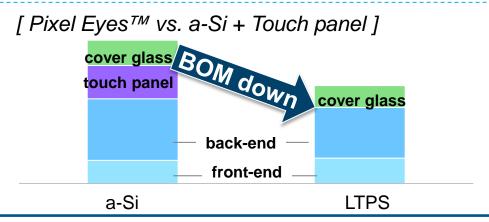
2. Competitive high manufacturing yield in high-resolution display production

LTPS is superior to a-Si in the highresolution area due to yield advantage



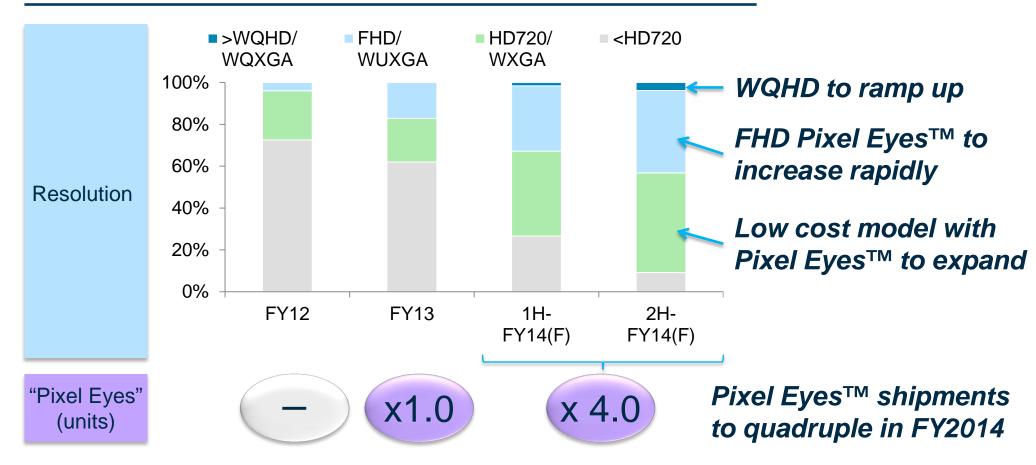
3. Drastic cost reduction in-cell technology: Pixel Eyes™

Reduce touch panel, a large % of costs
* JDI believes its in-cell solution is superior to on-cell
solution due to yield advantage related to sensor patterning



Progress in JDI's Strategy

JDI's shipment unit breakdown by resolution for smartphones (%)



JDI is on track for capturing smartphone market by accelerating product development strategy. JDI believes it can become competitive in the medium price range smartphone market.

Pursued Business Portfolio with a Core of Mobile

