(Translation)

Kao Corporation

Corporate Governance

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Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views

The Company's basic stance on measures related to corporate governance is to implement the necessary policies and fulfill its accountability by setting up and operating a management structure and internal control system in order to rapidly realize efficient, sound, fair and highly transparent management with the aim of continuously increasing corporate value and achieving the long-term targets and mid-term plan. This is positioned as one of its most important management tasks. The Company conducts annual reviews and implements appropriate measures while integrating social trends and responding to the requests of our shareholders and all other stakeholders.

[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

Disclose Business Plans (Principle 3.1(i))

The Company is currently formulating K20, a mid-term plan that will begin in fiscal 2017, with a targeted direction as follows.

In order to fulfill the role of a leading company and increase corporate value,

- 1. Insist on sustainable growth
- · Continuously increase net sales and profits
- · Prioritize profits over sales expansion
- · Advance the post-deflation growth model and proactively invest in M&A
- · Create and propose profitable businesses
- 2. Provide sustainable returns to stakeholders
- · To employees: Continuously increase compensation and benefits
- $\cdot\,$ To society: Pay taxes, provide employment and conduct social contribution activities

· To shareholders: Continuously increase cash dividends

Ensure Adequate Coordination with External Accounting Auditor and Outside Directors (Principle 3.2.2 (iii))

The Company expects Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, to fulfill the role of coordination with the external Accounting Auditor as contact points on the Company's side, and the external Accounting Auditor's views, issues and other matters are shared with the members of the Board of Directors, including the Outside Directors, through the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. In the course of such information sharing, if the members of the Board of Directors judge it necessary, they ensure efficiency and adequate coordination by establishing opportunities for direct exchange of information with the external Accounting Auditor.

Regular Exchange of Information Solely among Independent Outside Directors (Principle 4.8.1)

To promote discussions from diverse perspectives, independent Outside Directors hold meetings exclusively for independent Outside Directors on their own initiative at intermissions of Meetings of the Board of Directors or by setting up separate opportunities to exchange information and share awareness of issues related to the Company's management and the activities of the Board of Directors, development of future Senior Management, and other matters. Given the current situation of having good communications, ad hoc meetings among Outside Directors/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members are considered more appropriate for such communication than regular meetings scheduled by the Company.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code][Updated]

Information below are updated.

 "10. Details of Current Efforts to Effectively Use Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc."

• "11. Analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of the Board of Directors taken as a whole and summary of the results thereof"

• "15. Policies for Cross-Shareholdings and Standards for Exercise of Voting Rights"

<Definitions>

As used in these matters to be disclosed, the definitions of the following terms shall be as follows:

- "Management" means Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers.
- "Senior Management" means Executive Officers with titles.

1. Corporate philosophy (Principle3.1(i))

The "Kao Way" has been prescribed as a corporate philosophy which constitutes the foundation of the business activities of the Kao Group.

(1) Mission

Our mission is to strive for the wholehearted satisfaction and enrichment of the lives of people globally and to contribute to the sustainability of the world, with products and brands of excellent value that are created from the consumer's and customer's perspective. This commitment is embraced by all members of the Kao Group as we work together with passion to share joy with consumers and customers in our core domains of cleanliness, beauty, health and chemicals.

(2) Vision

We aim to be the global group of companies that is closest to the consumers and customers in each market, earning the respect and trust of all stakeholders.

(3) Values

1) Yoki-Monozukuri (The Company defines "Yoki-Monozukuri" as "a strong commitment by all members to provide products and brands of excellent value for consumer satisfaction.")

- 2) Innovation
- 3) Integrity

(4) Principles

1) Consumer Driven

2) Genba-ism (The Company defines "Genba-ism" as the importance of observing things "on-site," in the actual location and environment, both internally and externally, in order to maximize our understanding of the business and optimize our performance.)

- 3) Respect & Teamwork
- 4) Global Perspective

(For further details regarding the "Kao Way," please see

http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_about/kaoway.html.)

2. Long-term Business Strategy (Principle 3.1(i))

(1) Long-term Targets

As its target for 2020 based on the above corporate philosophy, the Company will work for both "profitable growth" and "contribution to the sustainability of the world" as it aims to become "a company with a global presence." To achieve this vision, the Company will promote the further reinforcement of the existing businesses that are its strength and the creation of new markets from a global perspective utilizing the R&D capabilities that will create value for the future, in addition to implementing basic measures to further raise the level of safety and security.

(2) Three Megatrends for Global Growth and the Company's Response The Company has selected the following three items as important megatrends for global growth.

· A shift in the center of the economy from mature countries to emerging countries

 \cdot The emergence of new consumers such as consumers who use digital media and the growing elderly population in advanced countries

Rising awareness of environmental issues

The Company views these megatrends as good opportunities, and focuses on developing its products, services, and marketing and sales methods tailored to markets and consumers by using its ability to analyze consumer needs and its R&D and other capabilities which are its strengths, not only to enhance the markets where it already does business, but also to proactively advance into markets it has not yet entered and create new markets where it can use these strengths. The Company also works to develop innovative technologies to deal with environmental issues, and particularly promotes the development of products that conserve resources throughout the product lifecycle from manufacture to use and final disposal by the consumer, and the development, procurement and other use of renewable raw materials and raw materials that are not in competition with food resources. In addition to proactively publicizing these measures and other efforts for the environment, the Company promotes the establishment of its corporate brand as a company that contributes to "the wholehearted satisfaction and enrichment" of the lives of people globally in the domains of cleanliness, beauty and health.

(3) Issues for Global Growth

To realize global growth, the Company intends to build and strengthen an

integrated management system and nurture personnel to fully utilize and maximize the Kao Group's assets globally.

(4) Contribution to the Sustainability of World

The Company's basic stance is to contribute to the sustainability of the world through Yoki-Monozukuri. Making value offerings through new approaches to help resolve the social issues of the environment, health, the aging society and hygiene in particular will lead not only to social contributions but also to business expansion.

(For further details regarding worldwide trends and the Company's response, please see pages 12 to 19 of the "Highlights for FY 2009" http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/imgs/presentations_fy2009_01.pdf)

(For further details regarding contributions to sustainability, please see http://www.kao.co.jp/corp/sustainability-reports/en/)

3. Mid-term business plan (Principle 3.1(i))

To realize the long-term targets set forth above, the Kao Group has developed, and disclosed in February 2013, the "Kao Group Mid-term Plan 2015 (K15)," specifying the Kao Group's desired state in 2015. The mid-term targets are:

- 1. Breaking previous records for net sales and profits
- 2. Achieving numerical management targets for FY2015
 - Consolidated net sales: 1.4 trillion yen
 - Consolidated operating income: 150 billion yen
 - Overseas sales ratio: 30% or more

Three growth strategies of K15 to achieve mid-term targets set forth above:

1. Expand the Consumer Products Business globally

 2. Further reinforce the Fabric and Home Care Business, and accelerate profitable growth in the Beauty Care and Human Health Care Businesses
 3. Reinforce the Chemical Business

3. Reinforce the Chemical Business

(For further details regarding K15, please see pages 7 to 16 of the "A review the Kao Group's activities in FY2014, the progress of Kao Group Mid-term Plan 2015 and initiatives for the future":

http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/imgs/shareholders_04.pdf.)

< Current condition>

With regard to Kao Group Mid-term Plan 2015 (K15), which started in fiscal 2013,

please note that the Company has achieved all of its targets and completed the plan by fiscal 2015, the final year of the plan.

<u>4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance (Principle 3.1(ii), Principle</u> <u>4.9)</u>

(1) Basic position on corporate governance

The Company's basic stance on measures related to corporate governance is to implement the necessary policies and fulfill its accountability by setting up and operating a management structure and internal control system in order to rapidly realize efficient, sound, fair and highly transparent management with the aim of continuously increasing corporate value and achieving the long-term targets and mid-term plan (hereafter, the "Business Strategies".) This is positioned as one of its most important management tasks. The Company conducts annual reviews and implements appropriate measures while integrating social trends and responding to the requests of our shareholders and all other stakeholders.

(2) Roles and Duties of the Board of Directors, etc. (Effective Utilization of the Diversity of Members of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers)

In order to properly carry out the formulation of the Business Strategies including the improvement of profitability and capital efficiency, their execution, and the supervision and audit of execution, it is extremely important to place persons with the diverse experience and knowledge, high level of expertise and insight necessary for these purposes in a well-balanced fashion as the Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members who attend the Board of Directors meetings and as the Management that lead execution. By doing so, the Company believes it can raise the level of management by enabling each to properly fulfill their respective roles and duties as follows:

1. The members of Management, who have diverse experience and knowledge regarding the operation of each of the Kao Group's businesses and divisions, conduct discussions based on their understanding of the business environment in which the Company operates and the strengths and issues of the Kao Group to create proposals for the Business Strategies. In the event that consideration from more diverse perspectives, including evaluation of risks, is appropriate when planning and otherwise dealing with Business Strategies, the members of Management strive to utilize external experts.

2. Inside Directors and Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members who are familiar with the status of the Kao Group's management and businesses, its

strengths and issues, and other matters, and Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members with diverse experience and knowledge of business and other areas, a high level of expertise and insight, and a neutral, objective perspective deliberate from their diverse perspectives, including evaluating risks, at Board of Directors meetings and make decisions on proposed Business Strategies submitted by the Management.

3. The members of Management quickly and properly execute the Business Strategies utilizing their respective diverse experience and knowledge.

4. Each year, the members of Management ascertain changes in the business environment that forms the premises of the Business Strategies, consider the status of progress of the strategies, issues in their achievement and response to such issues, the necessity of changes to the strategies and other matters and report to the Board of Directors.

5. In response to the above report from the members of Management, the Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members through their diverse perspectives supervise and audit whether the Business Strategies have been executed properly and makes decisions on the necessity of changing the Business Strategies and other matters at the Board of Directors meetings.

(3) Effective Utilization of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc. (Principle 4.10.1)

The Company uses a structure with the appropriate number of independent Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members who satisfy the "Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Corporate Auditors of Kao Corporation" (hereafter, the "Standards for Independence") to provide a check on the status of deliberations of the Board of Directors from an objective perspective independent of the Company's Management so that the Company's management judgment is not biased toward the logic of persons inside the Company. To conduct examinations from an objective perspective independent from the Management, the Committee for the Examination of the Nominees for the Members of the Board of Directors, which examines candidates for Director, including for President and Chief Executive Officer, and the Compensation Advisory Committee, which examines the compensation system and remuneration levels of Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers, both include all independent Directors and independent Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members (hereafter, the "Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc.").

(For further details regarding the Standards for Independence, please see http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_imgs/corp_info/governance_002.pdf.)

(For information concerning appointment of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc., please see "Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2)" in "Directors" below, as well as "Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Relationship with the Company (2)" in "Audit & Supervisory Board Members" below.)

(4) Non-executive Director as Chairperson of the Board of Directors (Principle 4.6) To more thoroughly separate execution and supervision, the Company uses a structure in which a non-executive Director serves as Chairperson of the Board of Directors.

(5) Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board

The Company has chosen to be a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board for the following reasons.

1. In addition to Outside Directors that include people with management experience, Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members that include lawyers, certified public accountants and people with academic experience further increase the diversity of the Board of Directors by expressing opinions with a high level of expertise and insight and are useful for proper deliberation and supervision and audit of execution.

(For the Company's stance on nomination of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, please see "7. Stance on Balance among Knowledge, Experience and Skills, and on Diversity and Size of the Board of Directors" below.)

2. Unlike in companies with a nominating committee and other committees or an audit committee, Audit & Supervisory Board Members with an independent perspective who do not concurrently serve as Directors enable objective audits of the execution of duties because they do not have the right to vote at Board of Directors meetings. In particular, independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members enable audits from a perspective that is more independent from the Management.

3. Ability of Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members to Collect Necessary Information for Audits

The Company ensures cooperation on information collected by the Audit &

Supervisory Board Members so that it is reported to the Outside Directors as necessary, in addition to audit reports to the Board of Directors.

(6) Promoting communications with shareholders

In order to improve its corporate value, the Company considers it important to communicate with shareholders and other stakeholders, thereby having better understanding of mutual views and positions, and taking appropriate measures based on the same. The Company will develop a structure to promote constructive communications with shareholders, and create opportunities to communicate with institutional investors and individual shareholders. In communication with shareholders, the members of Management participate to the extent possible in order to reflect the opinions of the shareholders in management properly. Pertaining to information of the Kao Group which is the basis for communication with stakeholders, the Company established Disclosure Guidelines, and is committed to timely, accurate and fair disclosure of information and proactively discloses information of social relevance as well as information which it is obligated to release publicly.

(For further details regarding IR Related Activities, etc., please see "14. Policy Concerning Measures and Organizational Structures to Promote Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" and "2. IR Activities" in "III Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" below.)

(For further details regarding Disclosure Guidelines, please see http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/disclosure.html)

(7) Basic Strategy for Capital Policy

The Company's capital policy follows a basic strategy of securing a sound financial structure to make investments for sustainable growth and tolerate the related risks, and to make stable, continuous returns to shareholders. To realize this policy, the Company uses EVA®, a management indicator that takes capital cost into account, as its main indicator, and works to enhance its corporate value by improving EVA®. The Company intends to optimize capital cost from the viewpoint of safety and capital efficiency. For equity, the Company aims for a streamlined and sound structure from a medium-to long-term perspective with efficiency in mind and, while maintaining interest-bearing liabilities at a moderate level, aims to obtain high credit ratings, which will allow it to procure capital for large-scale investments. Although the Company emphasizes shareholder returns, it realizes that investment for growth will meet the expectations of its stakeholders, and therefore prioritizes such investment. In addition to providing stable dividends, the Company aims to continuously increase dividends to reflect improvement in business results.

The Company also uses surplus funds to flexibly conduct share repurchases. In addition to making returns to shareholders, the Company retains the capital necessary to conduct investments for growth in a timely fashion and to ensure sufficient soundness to deal with situations that exceed assumptions while improving EVA®.

* EVA® is a registered trademark of Stern Stewart & Co.

5. Scope of Matters Delegated to the Management (Principle 4.1.1)

The Company has established the regulations of the Board of Directors and deliberation and reporting standards for the Board of Directors and the Management Committee to clearly set forth the matters to be deliberated on and reported at Board of Directors meetings and the matters to be delegated to the Management Committee, which is the highest executive decision-making body.

As set forth in 4-(2) above, the purpose of these regulations and standards is to realize the separation of supervision and execution by mainly having the Board of Directors conduct deliberations from various perspectives, including evaluation of risks, and deciding on the medium-to-long-term direction of management in the Business Strategies and, regarding the execution of the Business Strategies, delegate wide-ranging authority to the Management Committee, which is mainly composed of members with the position of Managing Executive Officer or higher who have abundant experience in business execution as persons responsible for core businesses or divisions, to accelerate decision-making and management. The Management Committee, in turn, is expected to conduct proper supervision by making clear the matters to be reported to the Board of Directors.

For example, the following matters have been set forth as requiring deliberations by the Board of Directors.

-Direction of management, etc.: Basic management policies, basic business strategies, key investment strategies, mid-to-long-term plans and annual budgets -Nomination or dismissal of key employees: Nomination or dismissal of Executive Officers, key persons in charge of organizations for which such Executive Officers are responsible, and key chairpersons of companywide committees in charge of corporate governance, compliance or other matters

Purchases of assets through merger and acquisition, investment or other means and large debts including borrowings and the issuance of corporate bonds are decided by the Management Committee, in principle. However, among these matters, extremely important items or items involving large outlays are submitted to the Board of Directors.

6. Policy on Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and Senior Management (Principle 3.1(iv))

The Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members who attend the Board of Directors meetings deliberate on the appropriateness of the Business Strategies, the risks related to their realization and other matters in an objective and multifaceted fashion. They also supervise and audit the status of execution. To conduct these tasks, the Company considers it important that parties from inside and outside the Company with a greater diversity of experience, knowledge, expertise and insight conduct examinations through joint contributions of opinions from various perspectives. Consequently, the Company nominates the appropriate Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to realize this objective.

In addition, to promote sharing of the knowledge and information obtained related to the Company's management and businesses from predecessor to successor, the Company sets staggered terms of office for Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

Senior Management are nominated with emphasis on their understanding of the business environment and of the status of the Kao Group's businesses and management in order to deal with such environment necessary to plan the Business Strategies, and on their experience and ability to display strong leadership in quickly and properly executing the Business Strategies set by the Board of Directors.

7. Stance on Balance among Knowledge, Experience and Skills, and on Diversity and Size of the Board of Directors (Principle 4.11.1, Principle 2.4) In accordance with the above policy on nomination, the Company ensures diversity and a balance among the knowledge, experience and skills of the Board of Directors as a whole as follows. In addition, the Company sets the appropriate size of the Board of Directors in consideration of the simplification of the Board of Directors to accelerate decision-making for dealing with business expansion and other matters, and the balance of diverse personnel required to conduct the proper deliberations and supervision of execution, premised on the delegation of responsibility to appropriately placed Executive Officers.

Inside Directors are nominated with emphasis on their experience of the operation, including global operation, of R&D, marketing, sales, production and other divisions related to Yoki-Monozukuri and the operation of divisions related to corporate functions that support these divisions, as well as their understanding of

the business environment in which the Company operates and the Company's strengths and issues for dealing with it, necessary for the appropriate planning and deliberation of Business Strategies.

Outside Directors are nominated with emphasis on diverse experience, their knowledge and high level of insight obtained from such experience that cannot be obtained from Inside Directors alone in deliberations on Business Strategies, together with consideration for their independence. Examples include experience, including global experience, managing a company that provides products and services in a different field from the Company, and consulting or academic experience. In addition, the Company aims to have Outside Directors comprise approximately half of the Board of Directors to ensure its diversity and influence.

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members are nominated with emphasis on the balance of business experience of each person to date and the knowledge gained therefrom, experience working overseas, and qualities that can ensure independence from persons executing business. The nominees are selected from inside the Company from persons involved in corporate management of accounting and finance, operation of business, the supply chain from R&D to production and sales and persons with overseas and other business experience.

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members are nominated with emphasis on a high level of expertise and insight from their experience as an lawyers, certified public accountant, academic or other profession, and their legal qualification in terms of being outside the Company and their independence. In addition, to increase the independence and neutrality of the Audit & Supervisory Board, a majority are Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members who meet the Standards for Independence. When nominating Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company emphasizes experience, disposition, expertise and other characteristics necessary for deliberation, etc. of the Business Strategies.

Moreover, the Company recognizes that, in addition to knowledge, experience and ability, the diverse perspectives of women, non-Japanese and others contribute to the promotion of business, global expansion and proper supervision and auditing, and promotes the appointment of such diverse personnel as Members of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers.

(For further details of the active participation of women, please see "Others Measures" in "Other" in "3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders" in "III Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" below.)

8. Procedures for the Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and the Appointment of Senior Management (Principle 3.1(iv))

To objectively confirm that all Director candidates, including candidates for the Director who will become President and Chief Executive Officer, conform with the above policy and stance, the Company has a Committee for the Examination of the Nominees for the Members of the Board of Directors, composed exclusively of all Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc. This committee also deliberates as necessary on the above nomination policies and other related matters.

With regard to nominees for Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Audit & Supervisory Board, which includes three (3) independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members as its members, examines the appropriateness and qualifications, etc. of each nominee, based on its independent and objective perspective and in accordance with the above-described policy and the policy of nominating nominees for Audit & Supervisory Board Members established by the Audit & Supervisory Board. Furthermore, with the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board, the Board of Directors determines such nominees as the nominees for Audit & Supervisory Board Members to be presented in a proposal for the General Meeting of Shareholders.

With regard to Senior Management, the titles and responsibilities of all nominees of Executive Officers are reported to the Committee for the Examination of Nominees for Members of the Board of Directors and decisions are subsequently made by the Board of Directors.

(For further information concerning the Committee for the Examination of Nominees for Members of the Board of Directors, please see, in "Supplementary Explanation" in "Directors" in "1. Organizational Composition and Operation" in "II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management" below.)

<u>9. Explanations with Respect to Individual Nominations and Appointments of</u> <u>Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Senior Management, and</u> <u>Status of Concurrent Duties of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory</u> <u>Board Members (Principle 3.1(v), Principle 4.11.2)</u>

In line with the above nomination policy, the Company has nominated and appointed its current Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Senior

Management as follows.

Inside Directors have abundant experience and knowledge of R&D, marketing, sales and other central functions of Yoki-Monozukuri, respectively, including their global operation. In addition, they are familiar with the global competitive environment in which the Company operates, stakeholders' expectations of the Company including environmental preservation and other issues, and the corresponding strengths and issues, etc. of the Company. They are nominated and appointed with the expectation that they will utilize this experience and knowledge in the planning and deliberation of the Business Strategies and in the supervision of their execution at the Board of Directors.

Outside Directors have abundant experience and a high level of insight as the top management of a manufacturing company, the top management of a financial institution, and a management consultant, respectively, including global operations, and are nominated and appointed with the expectation that they will utilize such experience and insight in deliberation, etc., of the Business Strategies.

Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members are nominated and appointed with the expectation that they will utilize their experience in R&D and the operation of business or other areas and their overseas experience, etc., in audits and will conduct audits independent of persons who execute business.

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members are nominated and appointed with the expectation that they will conduct audits from an independent standpoint utilizing perspectives based on their high level of expertise as a certified public accountant, a university professor and a lawyer, respectively, and their abundant auditing experience and knowledge.

Every Audit & Supervisory Board Member is nominated with the expectation that he/she will utilize his/her experience, qualification and expertise in deliberation of Business Strategies and audit of execution.

For Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the Company will confirm that they would be able to devote sufficient time and effort to appropriately fulfill their respective roles and responsibilities despite their concurrent positions.

(For the reasons for nomination of each of the Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, please see, in "II. Business Administration Organization for Managerial Decision-Making, Execution and Supervision, and Other Corporate Governance Structure" below, the section entitled "1. Organization Structure, Organizational Management, etc.," more specifically, the subsections "Relationship with the Company (2)" in "Matters Related to Members of the Board of Directors" and "Relationship with the Company (2)" in "Matters Related to Audit & Supervisory Board Members."

(For the status of concurrent positions held by Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and for the reasons for nomination of each of the Inside Directors, please see "Proxy Statement" and "Business Report" of "Convocation Notice of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders" at http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/imgs/shareholders_01.pdf.)

<u>10. Details of Current Efforts to Effectively Use Independent Directors and Audit &</u> <u>Supervisory Board Members, etc.</u>

(1) Status of Appointment of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc.

Three of the seven Directors are Outside Directors, all of whom satisfy the Standards for Independence. Three of the five Audit & Supervisory Board Members are Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, all of whom satisfy the Standards for Independence.

(2) Chairperson of the Board of Directors (Principle 4.6)

In the current structure, an independent Outside Director acts as Chairperson of the Board of Directors as a measure to further increase the neutrality and independence of the Board of Directors.

(3) Communication and Cooperation among Independent Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Management (Principle 4.8.2) The Chairperson of the Board of Directors takes the role of promoting communication and cooperation with members of Management and Audit & Supervisory Board Members. In addition, all the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including the independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and the Representative Directors hold meetings to exchange opinions multiple times during the year.

<u>11. Analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of the Board of Directors taken as a</u> <u>whole and summary of the results thereof</u>

On at least an annual basis, the effectiveness of the Board of Directors is evaluated by all of the Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board

Members at meetings of the Board of Directors, and discussions are held based on such evaluation, by those present at the meeting, in order to make improvements aimed at enhancing the effectiveness of the Board of Directors.

At meetings of the Board of Directors held in May and June 2015, each of the three Outside Directors and the three Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members presented their opinions on the activities of the Board of Directors including the following four perspectives particularly expected of boards of directors in the Corporate Governance Code.

(1) Discussion of the broad direction of corporate strategy (General Principle 4)(2) Establishing an environment where appropriate risk-taking by the senior management is supported (General Principle 4)

(3) Carrying out effective oversight of directors and the management from an independent and objective standpoint (General Principle 4)

(4) Constructive communication with shareholders and investors (General Principles 3 and 5)

Based on these opinions, the Board of Directors, with the participation of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, conducted a self-evaluation of its effectiveness, centered on these four perspectives. The following is a summary.

(1)After explicitly sharing the vision of the kind of company Kao intends to be, medium-to-long-term management strategies are being discussed while setting specific numerical targets. The Board of Directors, with the participation of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, shares annual themes for deliberation, and at the start of the Board of Directors meeting each month, the President and Chief Executive Officer and other representative directors share immediate and medium-to-long-term matters of concern in execution to appropriately link recent actions with the broad direction. The Board of Directors should work further to constantly enhance this point.

(2)In addition to the enhanced compliance organization, evaluations by using EVA® are effectively being utilized, one of the management indicators, in deliberations on investment items. Outside Directors function in a manner that enables the forward-looking expression of judgments on the pros and cons of making investments, while confirming preparations for taking on risk.

(3)An independent Outside Director who is a non-executive Director acts as Chairman and conducts the proceedings, and lively discussions are undertaken that transcend the boundaries separating internal and external perspectives. Inside Directors are aware of and strive to incorporate these discussions. As a result, supervision of important points is conducted based on objective opinions that arise from the diverse experiences of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(4)The Management, including the President and Chief Executive Officer, proactively conducts IR activities, and the Board of Directors receives feedback on the details of such activities, which enables interactive communication with investors. Constructive communication between shareholders and officers is conducted through question and answer sessions at the General Meeting of Shareholders and shareholder visits to Kao Group facilities.

(5)Medium-to-long-term growth strategies, strategies for global expansion and personnel strategies are future issues for the Board of Directors, and it was proposed that, above all, the Board of Directors spare more time in the future for discussion of these matters.

An evaluation of the auditing effectiveness of the Audit & Supervisory Board was also conducted.

At an Audit & Supervisory Board meeting held in February 2016, after conducting a recap of auditing in FY 2015, the attendees discussed and evaluated the activities of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members during the fiscal year. The opinion was expressed that, as a result of having numerous opportunities for information exchange with the Accounting Auditor and the promotion of cooperation with internal auditing divisions such as the Department of Internal Audit to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of auditing during the year, such efficiency and effectiveness increased to a certain extent. In addition, it was confirmed that the Company would consider measures to further strengthen the auditing system by deepening coordination between the Accounting Auditor and internal auditing divisions in the future.

12. Measures for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to improve understanding and knowledge required to fulfill their roles and duties (Principle 4.14.2 "Training Policy for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members) The Company provides Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members with opportunities to improve their understanding of the Company's business and business environment and knowledge about corporate governance, etc and pays expenses which are required to fulfill their respective roles and duties. In particular, the Company provides Inside Directors and Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Members with basic training as top management and auditors, knowledge regarding the Companies Act, corporate governance and related issues, useful information for observance of laws and regulations and for management, and other matters. Also, to deepen the understanding of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the details and current status and other matters regarding the Kao Group's business strategies and businesses, the Company explains these matters at the time of inauguration and thereafter conducts tours of factories and business sites, explanations by the relevant officer and other measures as necessary.

< Details of Current Efforts >

-As future candidates for Director or Audit & Supervisory Board Member, participation by Executive Officers in training programs held by external institutions to acquire the skills and knowledge and attain the deep discernment required of top management

-Explanation of the Companies Act, corporate governance and related issues upon inauguration

-Explanation of the Business Strategies, details of businesses, operating structure and other matters upon inauguration

-Visits to main factories and major business sites, etc.

-Lectures to foster well-rounded character and insight as a top management -Lectures on the Companies Act, corporate governance and other matters by experts and lectures on useful information regarding management by top management of other companies and knowledgeable persons -Briefings on compliance, including prevention of insider trading

<u>13. Policy and Procedures for Determining Remuneration for Members of the</u> <u>Board of Directors and Senior Management</u>

In order to ensure remuneration for Directors and Officers is an effective incentive, etc. for achieving business plans, the Company's fundamental position on remuneration of Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers is as follows: (1) a compensation system which attracts a diverse range of excellent candidates in order to establish and improve competitive advantages; (2) compensation which promotes continuous improvement of corporate value and shares interests in common with shareholders; and (3) a highly objective and transparent decision-making process regarding compensation.

The Company has a Compensation Advisory Committee composed of all the Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc. and all the Representative Directors to examine and evaluate whether the compensation system and remuneration levels for Directors and Executive Officers adequately match the abovementioned basic stance. The Company also deliberates as necessary on the abovementioned basic stance.

In addition, the Company will consider the appropriate global remuneration system for officer, managers and employees to promote global business expansion.

(For further information, please see "Disclosed Details of Policy for Determining Amount and Calculation Method of Remuneration" in "Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors" in "II. Business Administration Organization for Managerial Decision-Making, Execution and Supervision, and Other Corporate Governance Structure" below.)

<u>14. Policy Concerning Measures and Organizational Structures to Promote</u> <u>Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders (Principle 5.1)</u>

The Company considers its shareholders and investors to be important stakeholders. It emphasizes constructive dialogue to raise corporate value, and considers it important to deepen mutual understanding of stances and standpoints and to adopt proper responses based on such understanding.

To contribute to realizing constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors to raise corporate value, the Company proactively discloses socially useful information about the Kao Group in addition to disclosures required by law. The Company established rules on information disclosure and the prevention of insider trading, conducts information disclosures fairly without selective disclosure to specified persons, clarified the obligation to maintain confidentiality of insider information, as well as regularly conducts education for their thorough implementation.

An investor relations division is in charge of measures for dialogue with institutional investors, and in addition to routine meetings with institutional investors inside and outside Japan, it conducts briefings and other presentations on summaries and the progress of the Business Strategies, the status of operating results and businesses, shareholder returns and other matters. The President and Chief Executive Officer and Management participate to the extent possible in order to have opportunities for direct conversations with institutional investors that enable dialogue for increasing corporate value from a long-term perspective, and to make it easier to reflect the results of the dialogues in management.

The content of questions and opinions received from institutional investors and other matters from the abovementioned briefings and other presentations are reported as required at meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Officers for utilization in the future management of the Company.

A shareholder relations division is primarily in charge of measures for dialogue with individual shareholders, and conducts tours of factories and facilities that introduce details of the Company's businesses so that individual investors understand such details and hold the Company's stock with a longer-term perspective. Moreover, when conducting these initiatives, the members of Management participate to the extent possible in order to have opportunities for dialogue with shareholders. In addition, the Company regards the operation of the General Meeting of Shareholders as an opportunity for dialogue with its valued and important shareholders, and secures sufficient time for questions, among other measures.

In the future, in addition to explaining financial information, the Company intends to further enhance its explanation of non-financial information including its stance on corporate governance. To promote constructive dialogue with shareholders, relevant divisions including the investor relations division, accounting and finance division, legal and compliance division, and corporate strategy division will cooperate to consider and implement methods for explaining non-financial information such as publication on the Company's website and holding presentations, an organizational structure for dealing with dialogue with shareholders and other matters. Managers in charge of the investor relations division, the shareholder relations division and the corporate communications division, which integrates public relations, sustainability and other areas, will work together to integrate and promote these activities.

(For further details regarding IR Related Activities, etc., please see, in "III. Status of Measures Taken in Respect to Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" below, the section entitled "2. Status of IR Related Activities.")

<u>15. Policies for Cross-Shareholdings* and Standards for Exercise of Voting Rights</u> (Principle 1.4)

The Kao Group holds the shares of other listed companies only in cases where it considers such shareholdings, including the number of shares held, to be reasonable in consideration of their necessity in terms of business activities such as maintaining and strengthening business alliances and transactions, trends in the issuing companies' stock, and other matters. These cross-shareholdings are subject to the impact of trends in stock markets and the business environment in which the Company operates. However, each year the Board of Directors ascertains the reasonableness of cross-shareholdings and reviews their continuance and the number of shares held.

The Company exercises the voting rights of cross-shareholdings after comprehensively determining whether the proposals contribute to the establishment of a proper corporate governance system and to increasing the medium-to-long-term corporate value of the issuing company, as well as their impact on the Company. The Company engages in dialogue with the issuing company on the details of the proposals and other matters as necessary.

< Details of Current Efforts >

Under the above policy, the Company has reviewed the purpose and size of its shareholdings for each issue of stock it holds, and worked to revise its holdings while engaging in dialogues and negotiations with business partners and others. As a result, the number of issues of cross-shareholdings the Company holds as of December 31, 2015 decreased to 74 from 83 as of December 31, 2014 (the total amount on the balance sheet increased from ¥9,384 million to ¥10,349 million due to an increase in share prices).

All voting rights at annual general meetings of shareholders held during 2015 by companies in which the Company holds shares were used to approve proposals, because there were no proposals that raised concerns of damage to the corporate value of the relevant company.

The above details were reported at the meeting of the Board of Directors.

*Cross-Shareholdings: There are cases where listed companies hold the shares of other listed companies for reasons other than pure investment purposes, for example, to strengthen business relationships. Cross-shareholdings here include not only mutual shareholdings but also unilateral ones.

16. Procedures for Approval of Related Party Transactions (Principle 1.7)

To obligate Members of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Executive Officers and employees of the Kao Group to act with priority on the interests of the Kao Group, the Company has established the "Kao Guidelines on Preventing Conflicts of Interest" after their approval by the Board of Directors. In cases where Directors and Officers, managers and employees of the Kao Group engage in transactions with the Kao Group on behalf of themselves or of a third party, these guidelines provide that a notification be submitted to the Compliance Committee Secretariat and that, depending on the details of the notification, the Compliance Committee Secretariat shall require notification of or approval from the Board of Directors, the Management Committee or the Compliance Committee Secretariat Meeting.

In addition to these guidelines, Directors obtain the approval of the Board of Directors in cases of self-dealing or transactions involving conflicts of interest pursuant to the Companies Act.

Because the Company has no major shareholders who hold 10% of more of its stock, the Kao Group has not established procedures for approval of transactions with major shareholders.

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio: More than 30%

[Status of Major Shareholders]		
Name / Company Name	Number of Shares	Percentage (%)
	Owned	
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust	34,018,000	6.75
Account)		
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust	32,956,800	6.54
Account)		
JP Morgan Chase Bank 380055	22,182,796	4.40
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505223	16,206,947	3.22
Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co.,	8,442,074	1.68
Ltd.		
State Street Bank West Client-Treaty 505234	8,152,699	1.62
The Bank of New York Mellon SA/NV 10	7,602,825	1.51
State Street Bank and Trust Company 505225	7,189,734	1.43
Nippon Life Insurance Company	6,691,215	1.33
National Mutual Insurance Federation of	6,524,000	1.29
Agricultural Cooperatives		

[Status of Major Shareholders]

Controlling Shareholders (except for Parent Company)	None
Parent Company	None

Supplementary Information

1. BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and 6 other companies submitted a copy of their Large Shareholdings Report dated September 4, 2014 that stated their shareholdings as of August 29, 2014 were as shown below. However, these shareholdings were not included in the above list of major shareholders because Kao Corporation could not confirm the number of beneficial shares held as of June 30, 2015.

[Number of shares held (thousands) / Percentage of shares held to the total number of outstanding shares]

BlackRock Japan Co., Ltd. and 6 other companies / 25,864 / 5.01

2. Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and 2 other companies submitted a copy of their Change Report dated February 5, 2015 that stated their shareholdings as of January 30, 2015 were as shown below. However, these shareholdings were not included in the above list of major shareholders because Kao Corporation could not confirm the number of beneficial shares held as of June 30, 2015.

[Number of shares held (thousands) / Percentage of shares held to the total number of outstanding shares]

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, Limited and 2 other companies / 30,810 / 6.11

3. Corporate Attributes

Listed Stock Market and Market Section	Tokyo Stock Exchange, First Section
Fiscal Year-End	December 31
Type of Business	Chemicals
Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the	More than 1,000
End of the Previous Fiscal Year	
Sales (consolidated) as of the End of the	More than ¥1 trillion
Previous Fiscal Year	
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the	From 50 to less than 100
End of the Previous Fiscal Year	

4. Policy on Measures to Protect Minority Shareholders in Conducting Transactions with Controlling Shareholder

None

5. Other Special Circumstances which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

None

II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and

Oversight in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Organization Form	Company with Audit & Supervisory Board
	Members

Details of the information about Audit & Supervisory Board Members are reported on the Japan Audit & Supervisory Board Members Association's website. http://www.kansa.or.jp/support/el009_130711_2.pdf

[Directors]

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	0 (Not stipulated)
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of	1 year
Incorporation	
Chairperson of the Board	Outside Director
Number of Directors[Updated]	7
Number of Outside Directors	3
Number of Independent Directors[Updated]	3

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1)[Updated]

Name	Attributes	Relationship with the Company (*)		(*)								
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k
Sonosuke	From another company											
Kadonaga	From another company											
Toru Nagashima	From another company								\bigcirc			
Masayuki Oku	From another company					\triangle						

*Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* " \bigcirc " when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

" \triangle " when the director fell under the category in the past;

* "●" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

" \blacktriangle " when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past

- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof

f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director

g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)

h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)

i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside

directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)

j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the

Company (the director himself/herself only)

k. Others

Outside Directors'	Relationship	with the	Company (2)	[Undated]
	Relationship		Company (2)	[Upualeu]

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Explanation of the Relationship	Reasons of Appointment
Sonosuke Kadonaga	0		(i) Mr. Sonosuke Kadonaga has expertise in relation to international corporate management gleaned from his considerable experience at a foreign-affiliated consulting company. In addition, as a measure to enhance the neutrality and independence of the Board of Directors, Mr. Kadonaga, as an Independent Outside Director, has chaired the meetings of the Board of Directors since March 2014, and has thereby contributed to enabling active discussions at such meetings without any distinction between Inside/Outside

			Directore In view of these
			Directors. In view of these
			facts, the Company expects
			Mr. Kadonaga to supervise
			the management of the
			Company as an Independent
			Outside Director.
			(ii) The Company determined
			that none of the requirements
			for prior discussion as
			provided in Section III.5(3)2
			of the "Guidelines
			Concerning Listed Company
			Compliance, etc." of the TSE
			applies to Mr. Sonosuke
			Kadonaga, and also that Mr.
			Sonosuke Kadonaga has the
			necessary independence
			based on the "Standards for
			Independence of
			Outside Directors/Audit &
			Supervisory Board Members
			of Kao Corporation"
			established by the Company
			in line with the above
			guidelines.
Toru		Mr. Toru Nagashima	(i) Mr. Toru Nagashima has
Nagashima		previously had executive	considerable experience and
0		authority at Teijin Limited	expertise in relation to
		but after assuming office as	management of a global
		Chairman of the Board of	company, gleaned from being
		Teijin Limited in June 2008,	a manager of a
		he has been principally	manufacturing company
	\bigcirc	involved in the execution of	operating in various countries
		external affairs for, and has	around the world. Mr.
		not been directly involved in	Nagashima has been actively
		the execution of internal	presenting opinions and
		affairs for, Teijin Limited.	proposals in deliberations of
		Although the Company	the Board of Directors
		engages in transactions	concerning material matters
			-
		with Teijin Limited in terms	in the management of the

Γ		
	of purchasing goods, the amounts involved in such transactions account for less than 0.1% of the Company's net sales and less than 1% of Teijin Limited's net sales for the latest fiscal year, respectively. Mr. Toru Nagashima served as Vice Chairman of the Japan Association of Corporate Executives (JACE), but he resigned in April 2014. Although, the Company engages in transactions with the JACE in terms of the payment of membership fees, the amounts involved in such transactions account for less than 1% of the Company's net sales and the JACE's current income for the latest fiscal year, respectively. Mr. Toru Nagashima served as Chairman of the Japan Overseas Enterprises Association (JOEA), but he resigned in June 2013. Although, the Company engages in transactions with the JOEA in terms of the payment of membership	Company, based on his considerable experience and expertise. In view of these facts, the Company expects Mr. Nagashima to supervise the management of the Company as an Independent Outside Director. (ii) The Company determined that none of the requirements for prior discussion as provided in Section III.5(3)2 of the "Guidelines Concerning Listed Company Compliance, etc." of the TSE applies to Mr. Toru Nagashima, and also that Mr. Toru Nagashima has the necessary independence based on the "Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Kao Corporation" established by the Company in line with the above guidelines.
	Association (JOEA), but he resigned in June 2013.	
	with the JOEA in terms of	
	fees, the amounts involved in such transactions	
	account for less than 0.1% of the Company's net sales and less than 2% of the	
	JOEA's current income for	

	the latest fiscal year	
	respectively. Mr. Toru	
	Nagashima served as	
	Chairman of the Japan	
	Chemical Fibers	
	Association (JCFA), but he	
	resigned in July 2007.	
	Although, the Company	
	engages in transactions	
	with the JCFA in terms of	
	attendance at seminars held	
	by JCFA, the amounts	
	involved in such	
	transactions account for	
	less than 0.1% of the	
	Company's net sales and	
	JCFA's gross income for the	
	latest fiscal year,	
	respectively. Furthermore,	
	Mr. Toru Nagashima serves	
	as Director of the Japan	
	Corporate Governance	
	Network (JCGN), and	
	although the Company	
	engages in transactions	
	with the JCGN in terms of	
	attendance at seminars held	
	by JCGN, the amounts	
	involved in such	
	transactions account for	
	less than 0.1% of the	
	Company's net sales and	
	JCGN's gross income for	
	the latest fiscal year,	
	•	
Magayuki Oku	respectively.	Mr. Magayuki Oku bag played
Masayuki Oku	Mr. Masayuki Oku had	Mr. Masayuki Oku has played
	executive authority at	an active role internationally
	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	in the fields of finance and
	Corporation (SMBC), but no	financial affairs, such as
	longer has such authority	being a manager of a major

 1	1
since April 2011 in SMBC.	financial institution, and has
The Company conducts	considerable experience and
regular bank transactions	expertise in relation to global
with SMBC and the	corporate management. Mr.
Company has loans of 20	Oku has been actively
billion yen from SMBC.	presenting opinions and
	proposals in deliberations of
	the Board of Directors
	concerning material matters
	in the management of the
	Company, based on his
	considerable experience and
	expertise. In view of these
	facts, the Company expects
	Mr. Oku to supervise the
	management of the Company
	as an Independent Outside
	Director.
	(ii) The Company determined
	that none of the requirements
	for prior discussion as
	provided in Section III.5(3)2
	of the "Guidelines
	Concerning Listed Company
	Compliance, etc." of the TSE
	applies to Mr. Masayuki Oku,
	and also that Mr. Masayuki
	Oku has the necessary
	independence based on the
	"Standards for Independence
	of Outside Directors/Audit &
	Supervisory Board Members
	of Kao Corporation"
	established by the Company
	in line with the above
	quidelines.
	guidelines.

Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) Corresponding to	Established
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Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Committee's Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson

	Committee Corresponding to Nomination Committee	Committee Corresponding to Remuneration Committee
Committee's Name	Committee for the Examination of the Nominees for the Members of the Board of Directors	Compensation Advisory Committee
All Committee Members	6	9
Full-time Members	0	0
Inside Directors	0	3
Outside Directors	3	3
Outside Experts	0	0
Other	3	3
Chairperson	Outside Director	Outside Director

Supplementary Explanation[Updated]

The Company has established the Committee for the Examination of the Nominees for the Members of the Board of Directors and the Compensation Advisory Committee which fulfill functions similar to the nominating committee and compensation committee of a "company with committees."

To incorporate an independent and objective perspective, the Committee for the Examination of the Nominees for the Members of the Board of Directors consists exclusively of all Outside Directors and all Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members (five males and one female), with the chairman chosen by the members, and in FY 2015 an Independent Outside Director held the position. Prior to the election or re-election of Members of the Board of Directors (including Representative Directors), the Committee conducts examinations and submits its opinions of the nominees' appropriateness to the Board of Directors. The Chairman of the Board of Directors(the Chairman of the Board of Directors has been absent since the Board of Directors meeting held on March 28, 2014) and the President and Chief Executive Officer contribute by submitting necessary and sufficient documents for an examination (including a summary of the new management structure, incorporating a classification of duties of the Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers, in addition to materials related to the subjects of the examination) to each member of the Committee and work to enhance the examination by making arrangements such as creating opportunities

for the Director nominees and the Committee members to meet beforehand. The Committee met three times in FY 2015, and in addition to examining the appropriateness of Director nominees, it discussed the composition and diversity of the Board of Directors, including the proportion of Inside Directors and Outside Directors, and the gualities and abilities required of the Chief Executive Officer and Members of the Board of Directors of the Company, among other issues, and reported the results of its examination to the meeting of the Board of Directors. The Compensation Advisory Committee consists of the Chairman of the Board of Directors and all Representative Directors to deepen the members' understanding of the Company's compensation system and responsibilities of each position, and all Outside Directors and all Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members to incorporate an independent and objective perspective (eight males and one female), with the chairman chosen by the members, and in FY 2015 an Independent Outside Director held the position. The Committee conducts examinations by soliciting opinions on the compensation system and compensation standards for Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers, and met three times in FY 2015, including reconfirming and revising its basic stance on compensation for revisions in fiscal 2016. The results of the examination were reported at the meeting of the Board of Directors.

[Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

Establishment of Audit & Supervisory	Established
Board	
Maximum Number of Audit &	
Supervisory Board Members	0 (Not stipulated)
Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	
Number of Audit & Supervisory Board	5
Members	

Cooperation among Audit & Supervisory Board Members, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Departments

Cooperation between Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Accounting Auditor

At the start of the accounting audit for each fiscal year, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members receive from the Accounting Auditor an audit plan describing matters such as the fundamental audit policy, the major items and sites to be audited and the main contents of the audit. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members also exchange views with the Accounting Auditor regarding the contents of the audit plan.

In each quarterly settlement of accounts, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members receive from the Accounting Auditor, in the course of the quarterly audit conducted by the Accounting Auditor, reports on the main content of the audit and whether any material problem has been found in the audit so far conducted, and also exchange views with the Accounting Auditor. At the time when the Accounting Auditor submits a quarterly audit report to the Board of Directors of the Company, a quarterly audit report meeting is held, where the quarterly summary of the audit results are reported to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members by the Accounting Auditor.

Similarly, in the settlement of accounts for each fiscal year, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members have opportunities to mutually discuss with the Accounting Auditor the contents of their audits, in the course of the audit conducted by the Accounting Auditor. Furthermore, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members receive an audit report from the Accounting Auditor within the time frame prescribed by law, as well as a summary of the audit results, which are later used by the Board of Audit & Supervisory Board Members in preparing its audit report. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members also contact the Accounting Auditor whenever necessary to cooperate in forming their respective audit opinions.

□ Cooperation between Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Internal Auditing Divisions

Audit & Supervisory Board Members regularly meet, on a quarterly or semiannual basis, with Global Internal Audit and the Legal and Compliance Department, as well as the internal auditing divisions of the Company concerned with environment and safety, product quality management, risk management, and other areas, to hear about their activities and to exchange views. When necessary, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and these divisions provide each other with the information they have, which serves to deepen the cooperation and raise the levels of their respective audit activities.

Appointment of Outside Audit & Supervisory	Appointed
Board Members	
Number of Outside Audit & Supervisory Board	3
Members	
Number of Independent Audit & Supervisory	3

Board Members

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' Relationship with the Company (1) [Updated]

Name	Attribute	Relationship with the Company (*)												
		а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	Ι	m
Norio Igarashi	Professor										\triangle			
Yumiko	Attorney-at-law										^			
Waseda											\bigtriangleup			
Toraki Inoue	СРА													

*Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

* " \bigcirc " when the Audit & Supervisory Board Member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

" \triangle " when the Audit & Supervisory Board Member fell under the category in the past;

* "●" when a close relative of the Audit & Supervisory Board Member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

"▲" when a close relative of the Audit & Supervisory Board Member fell under the category in the past

a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiary

b. Non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries

c. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company

d. An Audit & Supervisory Board Member of a parent company of the Company

e. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company

f. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof

g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof

h. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as an Audit & Supervisory Board Member

i. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)

j. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of f, g, or h) (the Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

k. Executive of a company, between which and the Company outside directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Member are mutually appointed (the an Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

I. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the an Audit & Supervisory Board Member himself/herself only)

m. Others

Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	' Relationship with the Company (2) [Updated]
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Name	Designation as	Supplementary	
Name	Independent Audit	Explanation of	
	& Supervisory	the	Reasons of Appointment
	Board Member	Relationship	
Norio Igarashi	Board member	Mr. Norio	(i)The Company expects that Mr.
literio iguiaem		Igarashi had	Norio Igarashi will effectively use
		executive	his highly professional skills as a
		authority at	certified public accountant and
		Pricewaterhouse	professor, and his considerable
		Coopers Aarata,	experience and knowledge in the
		but no longer has	auditing of the Company
		such authority	(ii) The Company determined that
		since April 2007.	none of the requirements for prior
		Although the	discussion as provided in Section
		Company	III.5(3)2 of the "Guidelines
		engages in	Concerning Listed Company
		transactions with	Compliance, etc." of the TSE
		Pricewaterhouse	applies to Mr. Norio Igarashi, and
		Coopers Aarata	also that Mr. Norio Igarashi has
		in terms of the	the necessary independence
	0	entrustment of	based on the "Standards for
		services, the	Independence of Outside
		amount involved	Directors/Audit & Supervisory
		in the Company's	Board Members of Kao
		transactions with	Corporation" established by the
		Pricewaterhouse	Company in line with the above
		Coopers Aarata	guidelines.
		accounts for less	
		than 0.1% of	
		both the	
		Company's net	
		sales and	
		Pricewaterhouse	
		Coopers Aarata's	
		gross income for	
		the latest fiscal	
		year,	

		respectively.	
Yumiko Waseda		Ms. Yumiko Waseda belonged to Mori Hamada & Matsumoto (MHM), but resigned from the office in March 2013. Although the Company engages in transactions with MHM, in terms of legal consultation, the amount involved in such transactions accounts for less than 0.1% of the Company's net sales and MHM's net sales for the latest fiscal year, respectively.	 (i) The Company expects that Ms. Yumiko Waseda will effectively use her highly professional skills as an attorney-at-law, and her considerable experience and knowledge in the auditing of the Company. (ii) The Company determined that none of the requirements for prior discussion as provided in Section III.5(3)2 of the "Guidelines Concerning Listed Company Compliance, etc." of the TSE applies to Ms. Yumiko Waseda, and also that Ms. Yumiko Waseda has the necessary independence based on the "Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Kao Corporation" established by the Company in line with the above guidelines.
Toraki Inoue	0		The Company expects that Mr. Toraki Inoue will effectively use his highly professional skills as a certified public accountant, and his expertise, including in relation to fields such as the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), which the Company employs from FY2016, as well as his experience as a corporate

	accounting consultant based thereon, in the auditing of the Company. (ii) The Company determined that none of the requirements for prior discussion as provided in Section III.5(3)2 of the "Guidelines Concerning Listed Company Compliance, etc." of the TSE applies to Mr. Toraki Inoue, and also that Mr. Toraki Inoue has the necessary independence based on the "Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Kao Corporation" established by the Company in line with the above guidelines.
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[Independent Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

Number of Independent Directors/Audit &	6
Supervisory Board Members[Updated]	

Matters relating to Independent Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members

All Outside Directors and all Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company meet qualification for Independence and the Company has reported these members to the TSE as Independent Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

□ The Company's Policy for Independence of Outside Directors/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members

The Company has adopted at a meeting of its Board of Directors the "Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Kao Corporation", with the unanimous consent of its Audit & Supervisory Board Members. The purpose of establishing these Standards is to provide clear criteria for an outside director/Audit & Supervisory Board Member to qualify as an independent director/Audit & Supervisory Board Member. Please read these Standards on the Company's website. http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_imgs/corp_info/governance_002.pdf

[Incentives]		
Incentive Policies for Directors	Performance-linked Remuneration / Stock Options	

Supplementary Ex	alanatian
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It is described in following "Disclosed Details of Policy for Determining Amount and Calculation Method of Remuneration" in Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors.

Recipients of	Inside Directors and Executive Officers
Stock	
Options[Updated]	

Supplementary Explanation

The Company grants stock options to applicable stock option grantees for the purpose of further increasing the Company's corporate value by aligning the interests of the stock option grantees with those of the shareholders of the Company. The Company selects as stock option grantees Inside Directors and Executive Officers, who are in charge of management and conform to this purpose.

[Director Remuneration]		
Disclosure of Individual Directors'	Selected Director	
Remuneration[Updated]		

Supplementary Explanation [Updated]

The remuneration, etc., paid to the members of the Board of Directors for FY2015 (ended December 31, 2015) is as follows:

Measures taken in respect to remuneration, etc., to the members of the Board of Directors include: implementing a stock option plan for the purpose of aligning the interests of the members of the Board of Directors with those of the shareholders of the Company; clarifying the link between bonus amounts and corporate performance, based on EVA and other factors Aggregate amount of remuneration, etc. paid to members of the Board of Directors for FY2015:

To 6 members of the Board of Directors: 270 million yen (including 51 million yen paid to 3 Outside Directors)

<u>Notes</u>

- 1. The aggregate amount of remuneration, etc., paid to members of the Board of Directors includes the following amounts:
 - (i) The amount to be paid as the bonuses for this fiscal year to Members of the Board

70 million yen to 3 members of the Board of Directors

(ii) The amount of remuneration, etc., as stock acquisition rights allotted as stock options, based on the resolution of the meeting of the Board of Directors held on April 23, 2015.

73 million yen to 6 members of the Board of Directors (including 23 million yen paid to 3 Outside Directors)

- 2. The maximum aggregate amount of remuneration, etc., to be paid to the members of the Board of Directors is as follows:
 - An annual amount of 630 million yen (resolved at the 101st Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 28, 2007)

This amount includes 100 million yen (resolved at the 110th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 25, 2016) for Outside Directors and does not include remuneration to be paid to members of the Board of Directors who also serve as employees of the Company, for their services as employees.

 (ii) An annual amount of 200 million yen (resolved at the 100th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 29, 2006) This amount was approved as the maximum amount of stock acquisition rights to be allotted as stock options, apart from the amount in (i) above.

The above information has been disclosed in the Company's business reports and the securities report which are on the Company's website.

Policy on Determining Remuneration	
Amounts and Calculation	Established
Methods[Updated]	

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

Policy on determining remuneration Amounts for 2016, as below, is determined after reviewing at the Compensation Advisory Committee held in 2015,

The Company's compensation system for Members of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers is aimed at (1) securing and retaining diverse and excellent personnel to establish and improve competitive advantages; (2) promoting prioritized measures for lasting increases in corporate value; and (3) sharing interests in common with shareholders.

Remuneration of Members of the Board of Directors, other than Outside Directors, and Executive Officers consists of base salary, a bonus as short-term incentive compensation, and stock options as long-term incentive compensation, and is designed to provide an impetus for continuing annual improvement in business results and medium-to-long-term growth. Linkage of remuneration to business results increases with rank, based on the responsibility for duties and business results of each position. An overview of the components of remuneration is as shown below.

(1) Base salary

Paid as fixed monthly remuneration in an amount determined in accordance with duties as an Executive Officer and rank.

(2) Bonus as short-term incentive compensation

When the full amount is paid, the bonus is set at 50% of base salary for the President and Chief Executive Officer, 40% of base salary for the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers with titles other than the Chief

Executive Officer, and 30% of base salary for other Executive Officers. The rate of payment of the bonus is set within a range of 0-200%, depending on the degree of achievement of targets for net sales and income (gross profit less selling, general and administrative expenses), the degree of their improvement from the previous year, and the degree of achievement of the target for Economic Value Added (EVA), the Company's main management metric, which takes capital cost into account.

(3) Stock options as long-term incentive compensation Set at around 30% of base salary for each position.

Compensation for Outside Directors, who are independent from the execution of business operations, consists of fixed monthly remuneration only.

The compensation system and compensation standards for Members of the Board of Directors and Executive Officers are examined by the Compensation Advisory Committee, which is chaired by an Outside Director, and determined by resolution of the Board of Directors from the standpoint of ensuring the objectivity and transparency of the determination process. The Compensation Advisory Committee is composed of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, all Representative Directors, all Outside Directors and all Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members. Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members constitute a majority of the members of the committee, which meets at least once a year during the remuneration adjustment period.

Compensation for Audit & Supervisory Board Members consists of fixed monthly remuneration. Compensation standards are determined at meetings of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

Compensation standards for Members of the Board of Directors, Executive Officers and Audit & Supervisory Board Members are determined after ascertaining standards at other major manufacturers of a similar size, industry category and business type to the Company each year using officer compensation survey data from an external survey organization.

The Company has no retirement bonus system for Directors or Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

[Supporting System for Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members]

To allow for active discussions at meetings of the Board of Directors, the Board

of Directors Secretariat provides Outside Directors with sufficient explanations by distributing materials on matters such as the background, purposes, and content of the respective agenda items, as necessary, prior to the meeting of the Board of Directors as necessary.

Furthermore, under this support system, administrative divisions such as Global Internal Audit, and the Legal and Compliance Department provide the Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members with assistance upon the Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members' request.

2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System) [Updated]

□ Outline of the Current Corporate Governance Structure

The Company has introduced, within the framework of a "Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board*," the Executive Officer system in order to separate the supervision function from the execution function. Following the conclusion of the 110th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in March 2016, the Company has: seven (7) members of the Board of Directors, including three (3) Outside Directors (seven (7) out of seven (7) are male); five (5) Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including three (3) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members (four (4) out of five (5) are male and one (1) is female); and twenty-seven (27) Executive Officers, including five (5) Executive Officers, with the title of Senior Managing Executive Officer or Managing Executive Officer and without concurrent positions in the Board of Directors (twenty-five (25) out of twenty-seven (27) are male and two (2) are female). All Outside Directors and all Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members maintain their neutrality, independent from the Company's management. In order to improve the transparency and other aspects of discussions in the Board of Directors, an Independent Outside Director has become the chairman of the Board after the 108th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in March 2014. The term of office for Directors and Executive Officers is one year.

*For information concerning reasons for adopting a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board, please see "(5) Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board" in "4.Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in "Matters to be disclosed based on each principle of the Corporate Governance Code" in "1.Basic Position on Corporate Governance" in "Basic Position on Corporate

Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Attributes and Other Basic Information" above.

□ Activity for strengthening the auditing function of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

For improving the auditing effectiveness and strengthening the auditing function, the Company increased the number of its outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member by one from the 107th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in March 2013. Five Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including three Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members who are independent from Kao's management, exchange opinions regularly with Representative Directors, attend the meeting of Board of Directors, the Management Committee and other important meetings, participate in regular Conferences by Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Domestic Group Companies, and share auditing information with the internal auditing division and the Company's Accounting Auditor. Audit & Supervisory Board Members also conduct hearings with internal divisions and our subsidiaries regularly or as necessary.

In addition, the accounting firm, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC as the Company's Accounting Auditor, ensures, in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, etc., that none of its employees who become involved in the audits of the Company will be involved in such audit for more than 7 accounting periods. The Company executed an audit contract with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC with respect to audits required under the Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, and pays remuneration to the accounting firm in accordance with this contract. To ensure the reliability of disclosed information relating to the Company's financial results and audit quality, the Accounting Auditor formulates an audit plan and secures necessary and sufficient time for audits. In addition, the Accounting Auditor conducts sufficient coordination, including holding regular meetings and exchange of information with the Executive Officer in charge of accounting and finance, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Department of Internal Audit, respectively.

The names of the certified public accountants (CPA) who engaged in the audit for FY2015 (ended December 31, 2015) and the composition of the assistants in the audit are as follows:

• Name of the CPAs engaged in the audit:

Designated Limited Liability Partner/Engagement Partner: Hiroshi Yoshida, Shigeo Kawashima, Yasushi Suzuki and Kenichiro Shiga

• Composition of assistants in the audit:

16 CPAs and 21 others

The election, reappointment and dismissal of the Accounting Auditor are appropriately evaluated and decided at the Audit & Supervisory Board meeting, after collecting information from the Company's finance and management divisions, internal auditing divisions and the Accounting Auditor, based on evaluation criteria established by the Audit & Supervisory Board, taking into account factors such as the existence of a cooperative network with partner auditors overseas made up of multiple accounting firms and the quality, expertise and independence of proposals and advice for resolving issues, accelerating the settlement of accounts and increasing audit efficiency. As a result, the Audit & Supervisory Board confirmed the suitability of the audit methods and results of the current Accounting Auditor, and resolved at a meeting in January to reappoint the current Accounting Auditor. This resolution was reported at the meeting of the Board of Directors in February.

□ Summary of liability limitation agreements

According to Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act and Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the Company entered into an agreement with each Outside Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member to effect that the liability of each Outside Director or Audit & Supervisory Board Member under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act will be limited to the higher of: 10 million yen; or any amount prescribed by applicable laws and regulations.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System [Updated]

The Company has made continuous efforts to improve its corporate governance structure. The Company will continue to examine the issue of corporate governance structure improvement as part of its managerial challenges. The Company considers it appropriate to make efforts to improve its corporate governance structure through establishing the Committee for the Examination of the Nominees and the Compensation Advisory Committee , on the basis of its current structure as a "Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board*" which has the Board of Directors (consists of four (4) Inside Directors and three (3) Outside Directors) and the Audit & Supervisory Board (consists of two (2) Inside Audit & Supervisory Board Members and three (3) Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.)

*For information concerning reasons for adopting a company with an Audit & Supervisory Board, please see "(5) Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board" in "4.Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in "Matters to be disclosed based on each principle of the Corporate Governance Code" in "1.Basic Position on Corporate Governance" in "Basic Position on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Attributes and Other Basic Information" above.

□ Matters Related to Outside Directors (Roles and Functions of Outside Directors)

The Outside Directors are expected to share, in the course of management of the Company, their considerable experience and expertise as a manager of a global manufacturing company or a major financial institution or a management consultant, and the Outside Directors fulfill the checking functions from neutral positions, independent of the Company's management, to ensure that the managerial decisions of the Company are not biased by the views of its internal members. Also, an Independent Outside Director has become the chairman of the Board.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights[Updated]

	Supplementary Explanations	
Early	To provide shareholders with sufficient time to examine agenda items, the	
Notification of	Company sends a convocation notice approximately one month prior to the	
General	Annual General Meeting of Shareholders every year. The Company posted	
Shareholder	the convocation notice for the 110th Annual General Meeting of	
Meeting	Shareholders on the online Timely Disclosure Network of the Tokyo Stock	
	Exchange and on its website on February 24, 2016 before the date of	
	dispatching. It was dispatched on February 29, 2016, 25 days before the	
	date of the meeting (March 25.)	

Allowing	The exercise of voting rights by electromagnetic means was started at the
Electronic	100 th Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held in 2006.
Exercise of	
Voting Rights	
Participation in	The use of an electronic voting right exercise system for institutional
Electronic Voting	investors ("Platform" operated by ICJ, Inc.) was also started at the Annual
Platform	General Meeting of Shareholders held in 2006. Furthermore in order to
	encourage the exercise of voting rights by the foreign shareholders, who
	hold close to 50% of the Company's total shares, the Company conducts
	surveys on shareholders who actually own the shares and provides them
	with the summary of the notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders
	in English. The Company also encourages the exercise of voting rights by
	Japanese Institutional Investors at analyst meeting and interviews for
	full-year financial results.
Providing	English translation (summary) of the convocation notice is published on the
Convocation	Company's website on the same day as Japanese.
Notice in English	
Other	< Determination of an Appropriate Date for the Annual General Meeting of
	Shareholders>
	The Company decides on a date for its Annual General Meeting of
	Shareholders within the three-month period after the fiscal year-end by
	designing a schedule premised on providing sufficient time for deliberation
	by shareholders who have received a convocation notice and ensuring a
	sufficient number of days for an audit of the financial statements by the
	Accounting Auditor then considering factors including securing an
	assembly hall with the capacity to hold the attendees and days when
	members of the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board
	Members, including Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members,
	and Executive Officers can attend.
	<providing appropriate="" information="" shareholders="" to=""></providing>
	The Company works to enhance the content of its convocation notices for
	Annual General Meetings of Shareholders by conducting regular revisions
	to proactively incorporate information considered conducive to appropriate
	judgments by shareholders, in addition to items required by law. Also, it
	provides institutional investors and others with explanation as necessary.
	At the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, the Company provides
	shareholders with easy-to-understand explanations of the main parts of the
	business report, major issues and the medium-to-long-term outlook using
	projected images (an approximately 40-minute explanation in the previous

fiscal year) and a thorough question-and-answer session (questions from 13 persons in an approximately 90-minute session in the previous fiscal year). The Company also provides opportunities for shareholders who desire to make the acquaintance of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers to do so after the close of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.
<response a="" against<br="" are="" cast="" considerable="" event="" in="" number="" of="" the="" votes="">a Proposal by the Company> For proposals against which a considerable number of votes have been cast at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, after conducting an analysis of the causes, including confirmation of matters such as benchmarks for the exercise of voting rights by institutional investors, the Company works to gain understanding of its stance through explanations to institutional investors by sending letters or conducting direct dialogues. In addition, the Company takes the advice and opinions of institutional investors seriously, and uses them to reconsider and improve items related</response>
to such proposals against which votes were cast. <delegation annual="" general="" meeting="" of="" powers="" shareholders="" the="" to<br="">the Board of Directors> The Company enables the delegation of certain powers of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, such as issuing an interim dividend and exempting members of the Board of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members from liability, to the Board of Directors. Such delegation is premised on the attendance at Meetings of the Board of Directors (seven members of the Board of Directors and five Audit & Supervisory Board Members) of the six outside members, who consist of three Outside Directors, including three Independent Outside Directors, and the three independent Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members, representing half of attendees, thus maintaining a structure for conducting checks from the perspective of shareholders.</delegation>

2. IR Activities

		Explanation by
	Supplementary Explanations	Representative(s)
		of the Company
Preparation	The Company has established Disclosure Guidelines	

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and Publication of Disclosure Policy	which set forth its commitment to strict compliance with the Companies Act, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, and other applicable laws and regulations, as well as the rules set down by the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE), particularly through the timely disclosure of information falling under the scope of TSE's	
	"Securities Listing Regulations." The Company's Disclosure Guidelines are published on the Company's website. http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/disclosure.html	
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	Financial results briefings are held twice a year, on the date of the announcement of full-year and interim financial results. A business management overview and management policy are reported and explained by the President and CEO, and the actual and expected corporate performance are reported and explained by the Senior Vice President of the accounting and finance management department. As part of a constructive dialogue with a view to enhance the corporate value, small meetings between the President and CEO and analysts and institutional investors are held regularly. Furthermore, plant tours and business operation seminars are held whenever appropriate.	Yes
Regular Investor Briefings for Overseas Investors	To hold constructive dialogues with a view to enhance the corporate value and to facilitate the exercise of voting rights, the President and CEO visits North America and Europe once a year, respectively, and also visits to hold dialogues with various institutional investors whenever appropriate. Members of the management visit Asia adequately to hold seminars, and they explained the Company's management policy, as well as matters such as the managerial environment and business performance and outlook, and answered questions subsequently asked by investors.	Yes
Posting of IR Materials on Website	Reports of financial results, quarterly reports, annual securities reports, quarterly securities reports, notices of convocation of shareholders meetings, summary of resolutions at shareholder meetings, annual reports, shareholders' reports (year-end and interim) and	

	presentation materials at shareholders meetings and financial results briefing sessions (held twice a year) are published on the Company's website. Furthermore, reports of financial results, summaries of quarterly reports, summary of resolutions at shareholders meetings, presentation materials at shareholders meetings and financial results briefing sessions are translated into English and published on the Company's website on the days that they are announced. Information in Japanese available at: http://www.kao.com/jp/corp_ir/investors.html Information in English available at: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/investors.html
Establishment	Corporate Strategy performs IR functions, aiming to
of Department	reinforce strategic disclosure of information. A total of
and/or	Four members respond to IR issues at the head of one
Manager in	Vice President.
Charge of IR	
Other	 (Measures aimed at individual shareholders) The Company sends shareholders' reports (year-end and interim) to shareholders every March and August. Furthermore, a "Kao Museum Tour", a "Kao Kawasaki Plant Tour" and "Kao Eco-Lab Museum Tour" are held for shareholders who own one unit share or more. The tours included explanations from Management of Kao's performance, mid-term management plan and status of shareholder returns as well as subsequent question and answer sessions with shareholders. (Measures aimed at institutional investors) The Company had an exchange of opinions with multiple institutional investors on how to promote constructive dialogues, and makes use to improve information disclosure and daily IR activities. Also, the Company conducted a meeting (6 companies and 6 institutional investors attended the meeting) regarding corporate governance.

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders[Updated]

	Supplementary Explanations
Stipulation of	The Kao Way, an essence of the Company's corporate philosophy,
Internal Rules for	declares, "Our mission is to strive for the wholehearted satisfaction and
Respecting the	enrichment of the lives of people globally and to contribute to the
Position of	sustainability of the world, with products and brands of excellent value
Stakeholders	that are created from the consumer's and customer's perspective." The "Vision" section of the Kao Way further states, "We aim to be the global group of companies that is closest to the consumers and customers in each market, earning the respect and trust of all stakeholders."
	each market, earning the respect and trust of an stakeholders.
	Furthermore, the Principles of Corporate Ethics in "Kao's Business
	Conduct Guidelines" state, "Kao Corporation seeks to be an honest and
	exemplary company, guided by sensible and fair actions and driven by a
	fundamental adherence to ethical principles that go beyond mere
	compliance with laws to earn the true respect of all stakeholders. The
	Business Conduct Guidelines also give specific guidance about
	respecting the standpoint of stakeholders.
Implementation of	In 1998, the Company first issued a report which shows the Company's
Environmental	approach to the environment, and from 2005, it started disclosing
Activities, CSR	information as the "CSR Report."
Activities etc.	In the same year, the Company announced support for the UN Global
	Compact. It started CSR procurement from 2006, and joined the
	non-profit international Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil (RSPO) in 2007.
	In 2009, to respond to changes in the global business environment
	surrounding the Company, the Company announced the "Kao
	Environmental Statement," which states as its goal to position ecology
	at the core of management as outlined in its medium- and long-term
	strategy. At the same time, the Company changed its corporate
	message to "Enriching lives, in harmony with nature," and established a new corporate identity (CI).
	The "Kao Environmental Statement" is published on the Company's
	website.
	http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_news/2009/pdf/20090617_002_01.pdf
	From April 2010, the Company added to its mission, "to contribute to the
	sustainability of the world," in order to clarify its intention to promote the
	Company's operations with its focus on creating "corporate value" and
	"social value." Along with this change, the Company changed the name
	of the "CSR Committee" to the "Sustainability Committee," and has
	continued discussions regarding the direction of sustainability

	promotion. In 2013, the Company formulated the "Kao Sustainability
	Statement," in order to clarify its sustainability policy and key areas of
	activities and goals, and will further promote sustainability initiatives.
	The "Kao Sustainability Statement" is published on the Company's
	website.
	http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_csr/csr_action_00.html
	In addition, by establishing the "Eas Strategy Committee" under the
	In addition, by establishing the "Eco-Strategy Committee" under the Sustainability Committee and the "SAICM Promotion Committee" under
	the Eco-Strategy Committee, the Company is promoting activities to
	achieve goals stated in the "Kao Environmental Statement."
	Furthermore, CSR activities relating to, among others, environment and
	safety, risk management, quality, compliance and procurement are
	being enhanced by the appropriate departments.
	Details of the information above are reported in the "Sustainability
	Report" published on the Company's website.
	http://www.kao.co.jp/corp/sustainability-reports/en/
	"RSPO": Roundtable on Sustainable Palm Oil. It was established to
	address challenges relating to palm oil production, including
	eco-system destruction through the logging of tropical rainforest and
	poor plantation labor conditions.
Development of	The Company has established Disclosure Guidelines which set forth its
Policies on	commitment to timely, accurate, and impartial disclosure of information
Information	to shareholders, investors, and all stakeholders in strict compliance
Provision to	with the Companies Act, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law,
Stakeholders	and other applicable laws and regulations, as well as the rules set down
	by the Tokyo Stock Exchange (TSE) where the Company's shares are
	listed, particularly through the timely disclosure of information falling
	under the scope of TSE's "Securities Listing Regulations."
	The Company's Disclosure Guidelines are published on the Company's
	website.
	http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/disclosure.html
Other	(Measures to promote the active participation of women)
	The Company stresses the respect for diversity, which includes culture,
	nationality, belief, race, gender, etc, in "the Kao Way," the Company's
	corporate philosophy, and clearly states in "Kao Sustainability
	Statement" that the Company will focus on the respect for "Diversity &

Inclusion." The Company has been promoting cultivation and appointment of employees in accordance with their motivation and ability. On the other hand, the Company started activities for promoting the appointment of female employees from the early stage. In 1990, the Company appointed a responsible person for the female ability development, and through 2000-2005, at a committee consisted of members from cross-sectional divisions, the Company strengthened the female career development and has been continuously improving support systems to create various working styles of females. As a result, job categories of female employees have expanded, and the ratio of female leaders is increasing. In 2010, the Company announced their official support for "Women's Empowerment Principles-Equality Means Business," a set of guidelines promoting gender equality and empowerment of women in the workplace. The United Nations Development Fund for Women joined forces with the United Nations Global Compact to draw up the document. The President and CEO signed the CEO Statement of Support for the initiative.

The ratio of male employees to female employees is almost equal in the areas of marketing and product development of consumer products, customer lifestyle research, customer communications and product public relations and so on. Also, many female employees are now playing leading roles, and the ratio of female leaders (manager or higher) is about 21.3% in these divisions.

To accomplish the Company's mission globally, the realization of diversity is required, so the Company is now striving to increase the number of female executive managers by encouraging female employees to participate in training programs which cultivate executive managers and other measures. As a result, two (2) female employees have become Executive Officers.

The ratio of female employees and that of female leaders as of December 31, 2015 is as shown below.

[The ratio of female employees] Kao Corporation: 22.3% Kao Group in Japan: 54.9% The Entire Kao Group: 52.5%

[The ratio of female leaders] Kao Corporation: 8.7% Kao Group in Japan: 10.8%

The Entire Kao Group: 27.6%
Due to the positive evaluation of the Company's principle of respecting diversity and inclusion, its measures to promote it, and its organizational culture where employees can play an active role regardless of gender, the Company was selected as a "Nadeshiko Brand*" in 2013 and 2015. Also, the Company was selected as a "Diversity Management Selection 100*" in March 2013.
*"Nadeshiko Brand": The Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry jointly select and publicize enterprises listed on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange that are exceptional in encouraging women's success in the workplace from 2013.
*"Diversity Management Selection 100":The Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry selects enterprises that create innovation and conduct business which leads to creation of value, by utilizing various human resources and by giving them opportunities to fully show their competence from 2013.
(Measures to promote the health of employees) In 2008, the Company published "the Kao Group Health Declaration" based on the principle that without healthy employees, the Company cannot achieve its objective of Yoki-Monozukuri, which allows the Group to grow and contribute to society. Currently, with the goal of increasing the number of employees with high health literacy, the Company is engaged in "health management" which uses a PDCA cycle to increase employee health levels. As part of the initiatives, the Company compiled health data since fiscal 2008 in "the Kao Group Health White Paper" to identify issues and examine measures, and then formulated its mid-term plan for health in 2010. To promote employees' health, the Company has been involved in organizational initiatives such as establishing a cooperative framework by an employer, the health insurance union, industrial healthcare staff and external specialists.
Due to the positive evaluation of the Company's measures and results, the Company was selected as a "Health and productivity management brand*" in 2015 and 2016.

*"Health and productivity management brand": The Tokyo Stock Exchange and the Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry jointly select enterprises which set the management of employee health as a corporate management issue and actively implement relevant strategies.

IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development

[Basic Policy Regarding the Internal Control System]

The Company has established an Internal Control Committee chaired by the President and CEO. An important task of the committee is to develop a management structure, organization and system that facilitates legally compliant, efficient, sound and highly transparent management that aims to consistently increase corporate value, and for this objective, the Company implements the following systems:

(1) A system to ensure that execution of duties of Members of the Board and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries conforms to laws and the Articles of Incorporation

Members of the Board, Executive Officers and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries (Kao Group) should act with integrity based on "Kao's Business Conduct Guidelines (BCG)," which govern compliance with laws, the Articles of Incorporation, internal rules and social ethics. The Compliance Committee, chaired by the Member of the Board in charge of compliance, promotes Kao Group's compliance as a whole. On the basis of the provision of BCG which declares Kao's position to reject any relationship with anti-social forces, the Company promotes cooperation with governmental agencies etc. and collection and management of information regarding anti-social forces and establishes and maintains its internal system. Monitoring by the Department of Internal Audit as well as notices and reports to the Compliance Reporting Hotline from concerned parties in and outside the Company enable Kao to quickly gauge the state of compliance, work to quickly resolve any issues that arise, and take appropriate steps to prevent the recurrence of similar cases. (2) A system for retention and management of information concerning Members of the Board's execution of their duties

Information (minutes, decision records and their relevant materials, account books and records, and other information and the like) related to the Members of the Board's execution of their duties is properly retained and managed according to the document retention and management policies and other related policies. The Members of the Board, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and employees designated by them may access such information at any time.

(3) Rules and other systems concerning management of risk of losses by the Company and its subsidiaries

With regard to the risk of losses, the Company regards potential negative impact on management targets and business activities as "risks" and the manifestation of such risks as a "crisis," and has established systems for appropriate risk and crisis management. Based on the Risk and Crisis Management Policy, the Risk & Crisis Management Committee, chaired by the member of the Board of Directors or Executive Officer in charge of risk and crisis management, ascertains the progress of cross-divisional Company-wide risk management and establishes a plan for the preparation and application of risk and crisis management activities. Based on this policy and plan, departments concerned with risk or subsidiaries and affiliates appropriately manage risk by ascertaining and assessing risks, formulating and implementing necessary countermeasures, and other activities. In addition, after deliberation by the Management Committee, the President and Chief Executive Officer specifies major Company-wide risks as corporate risk and appoints a person to appropriately manage such risk. When a crisis occurs, the Company responds promptly by establishing an organization for countermeasures centered on this person in charge for corporate risk, and on departments concerned with risk or subsidiaries and affiliates for other types of risk. In addition, depending on the magnitude of the impact on the Group as a whole, the Company also establishes a countermeasures headquarters with the President and Chief Executive Officer or other person as its general manager. Management of the abovementioned risks and crises is reported to and discussed at the Meeting of the Board of Directors or the Management Committee on a regular basis as well as in a timely fashion whenever necessary.

(4) A system to ensure that Members of the Board of the Company and its subsidiaries efficiently execute their duties

After determining the direction to be focused on in a mid-term business plan, the Board of Directors reflects such direction in the mid-term plans of each department and subsidiary. The mid-term plans are reviewed annually by the Board of Directors and the Management Committee, and necessary adjustments are made in response to the progress of the plans and changes in the business environment. The Management Committee reviews, monthly or whenever appropriate, the progress of the revenue and expenditure plan and other important business plans of each division and subsidiary, extracts the main issues and then implements measures in response. In order to separate supervision and execution functions and to ensure the effectiveness of these functions and to accelerate execution, the decision rules for the Board of Directors and the Management Committee including items that arise from subsidiaries are established and reviewed as necessary.

(5) A system to ensure the appropriateness of business operations in the Company and its subsidiaries

The Internal Control Committee and related committees promote various policies to make sure that the business activities of the Kao Group conform to laws and the respective Articles of Incorporation. In addition, they promote and monitor efforts to ensure the appropriateness and efficiency of business operations throughout the Kao Group, and report regularly to the Board of Directors. Representative Directors, Members of the Board and Executive Officers in charge of business operations provide guidance for the development of appropriate internal control systems for subsidiaries, according to their respective duties.

(6) A system concerning reporting to the Company regarding execution of duties of Members of the Board of the Company's subsidiaries

The Company applies the Group Management rules to all subsidiaries, which require prior approvals of or reporting to the Company. The Company requires them to gain prior approvals or make a report on important management matters to the Board of Directors, Management Committee or an executive officer who are in charge of the subsidiary in accordance with such rules as well as the decision and reporting rules for the Board of Directors and Management Committee, In addition, Members of the Board of the Company's subsidiaries, regularly or as necessary, discuss or report to the periodic meetings held every month in principle and established by each business area or functional area which supports business. Also, Department of Internal Audit and responsible divisions, regularly or as necessary, monitor the state of implementation of prior approvals or reporting based on the rules.

(7) A system to ensure the reliability of financial reports

In order to ensure the reliability of financial reports, the Company evaluates, improves and documents in writing the state of the Company's internal control system and the process of business operations based on the principles of the Internal Control Committee and the Board of Directors confirms these activities regularly.

(8) Employees to be assigned if Audit & Supervisory Board Members request staff to assist in their duties

In the event that a request is made by Audit & Supervisory Board Members for the assignment of staff to provide assistance to conduct their audits effectively, the Members of the Board should assign employees after discussing the selection of specific personnel with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

(9) Independence of employees in the preceding paragraph from Members of the Board and ensuring effectiveness of instruction by Audit & Supervisory Board Members to such employees

In assignment, evaluation, transfer and disciplinary action of or to employees who assist in the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, the prior consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board should be obtained. Instructions by the Audit & Supervisory Board to such employees should not be restricted unreasonably, and such employees must follow the instructions.

(10) A system for Members of the Board, Executive Officers and employees of the Company and Members of the Board, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and employees, etc of the Company's subsidiaries to report to Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company

Audit & Supervisory Board Members may attend meetings of the Management Committee, the Internal Control Committee and related committees, and may access the minutes, decision records and other documents of important meetings at any time. They may also receive activity reports from the head of each division and subsidiary regularly or as necessary, and have periodic exchanges of views with Representative Directors of the Company and major subsidiaries and exchanges of views with Representative Directors of the Company's subsidiaries when conducting an audit. In addition, members of the Board of Directors, Executive Officers and employees of the Company and members of the Board of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and employees of subsidiaries, etc should promptly report to Audit & Supervisory Board Members when any fact that may potentially cause significant harm to the Company or to its subsidiaries or any fact of a serious violation of laws or the Articles of Incorporation occurred or when those fact were reported. Compliance Committee reports information delivered to Compliance Hotline and Department of Internal Audit reports audit results to Audit & Supervisory Board Members regularly or as necessary. Audit & Supervisory Board Members of subsidiaries share audit results with Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company at the meeting of Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Domestic Kao Group held periodically.

(11) A system to ensure that those who made such reports in the preceding paragraph shall not receive any disadvantageous treatment due to his/her submission of the reports Members of the Board and employees of Kao Group who made reports to Compliance Hotline or to Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc shall not receive any disadvantageous treatment due to his/her submission of the

receive any disadvantageous treatment due to his/her submission of the reports and the Company stipulates prohibiting any disadvantageous treatment in Kao Business Conduct Guideline and ensures compliance of this rule.

(12) Policy concerning payment or reimbursement of expenses pertaining to execution of duties by Audit & Supervisory Board Members including advance payment of expenses and reimbursement procedure, etc.

In the event of requests for appropriation to the fiscal year budget for the payment of expenses and other expenditures arising in the execution of the duties of Audit & Supervisory Board Members, a budget is accordingly provided. When expenses provided for in the budget arise, or when the necessity arises for the execution of non-budgeted emergency or additional auditing or other duties and Audit & Supervisory Board Members charge expenses pertaining to execution of their duties or debt disposal, the Company shall promptly accept such requests, except in the cases set forth in Article 388 of the Companies Act.

(13) A system to ensure that audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members are conducted effectively

To conduct efficient and effective audits, Audit & Supervisory Board Members maintain a close cooperative relationship, which includes the exchange of information, with the Accounting Auditor and the internal audit functional departments such as Department of Internal Audit, as well as Audit & Supervisory Board Members and internal audit departments of subsidiaries. In addition, Audit & Supervisory Board Members may independently receive support from outside specialists such as lawyers and certified public accountants when necessary.

(14) Implement of a system to ensure the appropriateness of business operations

The Board of Directors conducts periodic reviews of implemente of a system to ensure the appropriateness of Kao Group's business operations, and includes the summary of state of implement in the business report.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

The Company has made the following declaration in Kao's Business Conduct Guidelines, as well as stating establishment of system in above Basic Policy Regarding the Internal Control System. The Company has familiarized all employees of Kao Group companies with this policy and posted Kao's Business Conduct Guidelines on the Company's website.

We shall not engage in any activities which are detrimental to society. Furthermore, we shall resolutely resist pressure by any individual, group or organization to support such activities.

- We shall maintain a resolute attitude against activities which are unlawful or contrary to the public welfare.
- We shall not participate in any activities that are illegal or contrary to the public welfare regardless of any competing pressure to do so.
- We shall reject any relationship with groups that act contrary to the public welfare, and shall not yield to any attempt of blackmail or threat. We shall not involve ourselves in any activities or conduct which offends social norms or morality, such as money laundering, offers of illegal interest, etc.

On the basis of provision above, the Company promotes cooperation with governmental agencies etc. and collection and management of information regarding anti-social forces and establishes and maintains its internal system under normal circumstances. Please see the reference material "Status of Corporate Governance System" in the "Appendices" at the end of this policy.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption Measures	of	Anti-Takeover	Not Adopted
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Supplementary Explanation

The Company has not submitted a proposal for anti-hostile takeover measures to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. However, the Company considers the adoption of anti-hostile takeover measures to be a crucial management issue and is giving ongoing consideration to preparations for a hostile takeover with a close attention to the legal system, public trends and other matters.

The Company wants its shareholders to hold its stock for the long term, and therefore believes that it should provide profit to long-term shareholders by raising its corporate value over the long term through vigorous business activities that increase EVA® as well as by enhancing shareholder returns through dividends and other measures. The Company believes that by increasing corporate value and enhancing shareholder returns, it will raise its stock price and market capitalization, thus making it difficult to conduct a hostile takeover that is counter to shareholder profit.

The Company believes that concurrently increasing trust in its Management by gaining understanding from all stakeholders of its contributions to society through activities for sustainability and other measures is a major deterrent to hostile takeovers.

In addition, in the event of a tender offer for the Company's stock, the Company will request an explanation of measures for improving the corporate value of the Kao Group from the tender offer or and disclose its own stance to shareholders.

2. Other Matters Concerning to Corporate Governance System

□ Outline of Organization for Timely Disclosure

Internal policies regarding timely disclosure of the Company's information is as follows:

1. Basic Position of Timely Disclosure

To earn the trust and support of society, the Company is committed to timely, accurate and fair disclosure of information to its shareholders, investors and all other stakeholders. The Company strictly adheres to the Japanese Companies Act and the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law and other regulations, as well as the regulations set down by Tokyo Stock Exchange(TSE), Inc., and promptly discloses information in accordance with the Securities Listing Regulations. In addition, the Company proactively discloses information of social relevance pertaining to the Kao Group.

2. Internal System of Timely Disclosure

The Company has established a system which the secretariat of Disclosure Committee consolidates the management of material corporate information including all the decisions, occurrence of material facts and earnings information of the Company and of the Company's subsidiaries. The Disclosure Committee reviews whether certain material corporate information should be disclosed pursuant to the Securities Listing Regulations of TSE in consultation with relevant divisions such as Accounting & Finance, Legal, Public Relations, R&D and Production. If necessary, the Committee decides the contents, time and methods of disclosure after getting an approval of Representative Director and CEO, or if absent, one of the other Representative Directors or Corporate Information Handling Officer registered at TSE.

In principle, Representative Director or its assignees discloses information by TDnet, and press conference and posting of news release if necessary, in accordance with the decision by the Committee. The information registered at TDnet will also be promptly posted on the Kao website. The Public Relations manages the disclosed information.

The system for the secretariat of Disclosure Committee to collect material corporate information is as follows:

(1) Decisions by the Company

The secretariat shall be informed of all proposals and reports at the meetings of Management Committee and Board of Directors of the Company. All decisions that are required to be disclosed shall always be made at the meetings of Management Committee and Board of Directors of the Company. Therefore, the secretariat is aware of all the decisions.

(2) Occurrence of Material Fact

Immediately after any of the officers and employees of the Company has the

knowledge of occurrence of a material fact or the possibility thereof, he or she is required to inform the secretariat of such information.

(3) Earnings Information

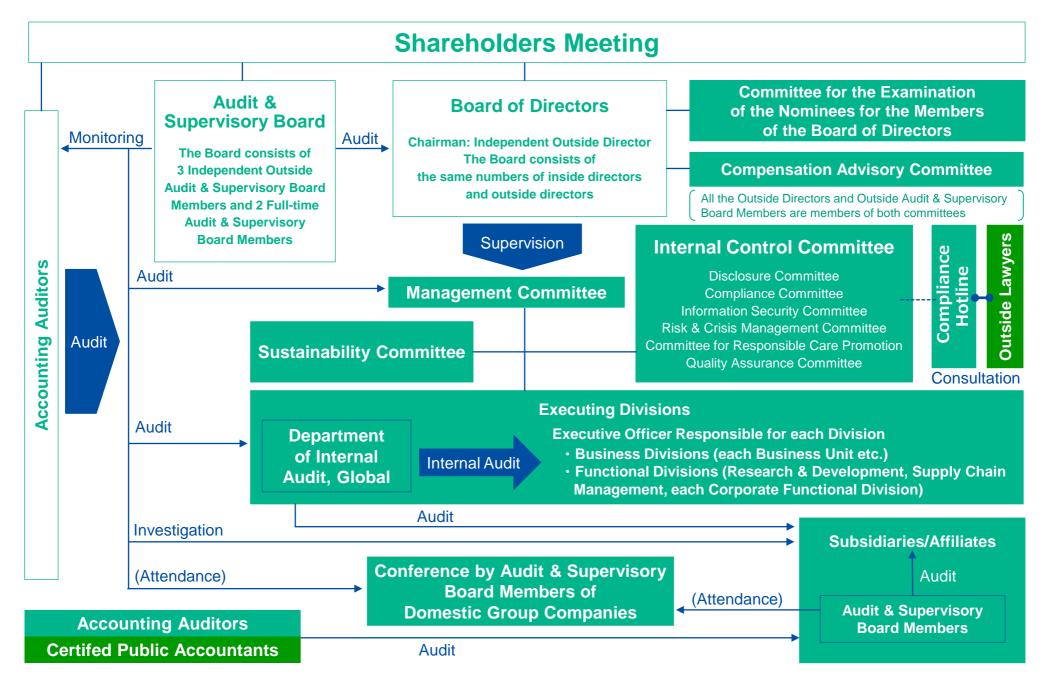
Accounting and Finance Division prepares earnings information of the Company, which is concurrently audited by the Accounting Auditor of the Company. Management Committee and Board of Directors of the Company deliberate earnings information and its main items with analytic data before disclosure thereof.

Burden of the end of term audit by Accounting Auditor is reduced by conducting interim audit, which enables the Company to accurately and timely disclose earnings information.

(4) Information regarding Subsidiaries

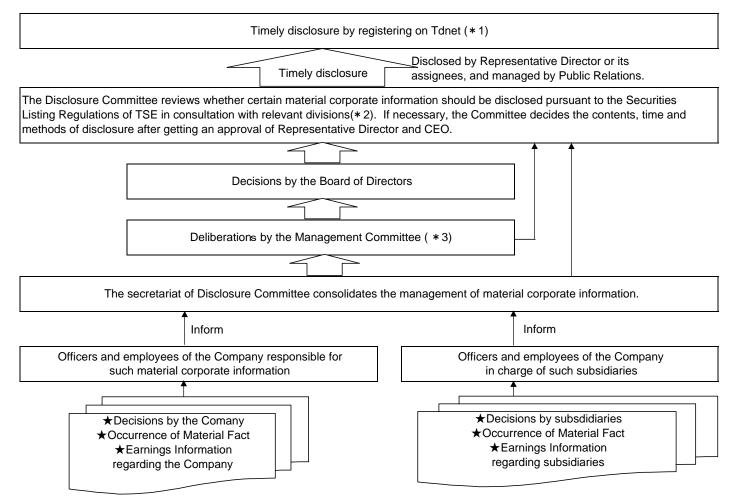
Immediately after any of the officers and employees of the Company in charge of subsidiaries has the knowledge of occurrence of a material fact or the possibility thereof regarding subsidiaries for which he or she is responsible, he or she is required to inform the secretariat of such information.

Chart Regarding Corporate Governance Including Internal Control



Note: Our policy is to ask experts, such as lawyers, for their advice as reference in making business judgements, if necessary, concerning business management and daily operations.

Chart regarding Timely Disclosure



* 1: Disclosure by press conference and posting of news release, if necessary, in addition to registering at TDnet and posting on the Kao website.

* 2: Relevant divisions consulted by Disclosure Committee are Accounting & Finance, Legal, Public Relations, R&D and Production etc.

* 3: The Management Committee is a board which deliberates the most important issues other than the Board of Directors.

		e Governance Code		Implementa		Correspoinding articles in the report or on the Company's website
Genaral Principle	Princip	ble	Supple- mentary	Comply	Explain	() means the Company respects and complies the code.
Thepic			Principles -	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
	1.1	Securing the Rights of Shareholders	1.1.1	•		"Other" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
			1.1.2	•		"Other" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
			1.1.3	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
			-	•		"1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
			1.2.1	•		"Other" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
	1.2	Exercise of Shareholder Rights at General Shareholder	1.2.2	•		"Early Notification of General Shareholder Meeting" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
Section 1: Securing the		Meetings	1.2.3	•		"Other" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
Rightsand Equal Treatmentof Shareholders			1.2.4	•		"Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights", "Participation in Electronic Voting Platform" and "Providing Convocation Notice in English" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
			1.2.5	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
	1.3	Basic Strategy for Capital Policy	-	•		"(7) Basic Strategy for Capital Policy" in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	1.4	Cross- Shareholdings	-	•		"15. Policies for Cross-Shareholdings and Standards for Exercise of Voting Rights" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in "I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	1.5	Anti-Takeover Measures	- 1.5.1	•		"1.Adoption of Anti-takeover Measures" in "V. Other" in the report "1.Adoption of Anti-takeover Measures" in "V. Other" in the report
	1.6	Capital Policy that May Harm Shareholder Interests	-	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
	1.7	Related Party Transactions	-	•		"16. Procedures for Approval of Related Party Transactions" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
Section 2:	2.1	Business Principles as the Foundation of Corporate Value Creation Over the Mid- to Long-Term	-	•		"1. Corporate philosophy" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
Appropriate Cooperation with	2.2	Code of Conduct	-	•		"Kao Business Conduct Guidelines" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_imgs/corp_info/compliance_all.pdf
Stakeholders Other Than			2.2.1	•		"Kao Business Conduct Guidelines" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_imgs/corp_info/compliance_all.pdf
Shareholders	2.5	Sustainability Issues, Including	-	•		"Kao Sustainability Statement" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_csr/csr_action_00.html
	2.3	3 Social and Environmental Matters	2.3.1	•		"Kao Sustainability Statement" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_csr/csr_action_00.html

С	orporat	e Governance Code		Implement	ation Status	Correspoinding articles in the report or on the Company's website
Genaral Principle	Princip	le	Supple- mentary Principles	Comply	Explain	() means the Company respects and complies the code.
	2.4	Ensuring Diversity, Including Active Participation of Women		•		"Respect & Teamwork" in "Principles" in "Kao Way" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_about/kaoway_03.html •"7. Stance on Balance among Knowledge, Experience and Skills, and on Diversity and Size of the Board of Directors" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"Other" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
	2.5	Whistleblowing	-	•		"Compliance Hotlines" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_info/compliance_02.html
	2.5	whiste blowing	2.5.1	•		"Compliance Hotlines" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_info/compliance_02.html
			-	•		"Disclosure Guidelines" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_ir/disclosure.html
			(i)		•	[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			(ii)	•		"4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			(iii)	•		"13. Policy and Procedures for Determining Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	3.1	Full Disclosure	(iv)	•		"6. Policy on Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and Senior Management" and "8. Procedures for the Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and the Appointment of Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
Section 3: Ensuring Appropriate Information Disclosure			(v)	•		"9. Explanations with Respect to Individual Nominations and Appointments of Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Senior Management, and Status of Concurrent Duties of Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in "I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
and Transparency			3.1.1	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
			3.1.2	•		The Company's website : http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp/
			-	•		"Activity for strengthening the auditing function of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in "Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)" in " II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"
	3.2	External Auditors	3.2.1	•		"Activity for strengthening the auditing function of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in "Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)" in "II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"
			3.2.2	•	•	•"Activity for strengthening the auditing function of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in "Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)" in "I Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management" • [Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report

	Corpora	te Governance Code		Implementation Status		Correspoinding articles in the report or on the Company's website	
enaral inciple	Princi	ple	Supple- mentary Principles	Comply	Explain	() means the Company respects and complies the code.	
			-	•		•"(2) Roles and Duties of the Board of Directors, etc." in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
	4.1	Roles and Responsibilities of	4.1.1	•		"5. Scope of Matters Delegated to the Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corpora Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
		the Board (1)	4.1.2	•		"3. Mid-term business plan" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
			4.1.3	•		"Supplementary Explanation" in "Committee's Name, Composition, and Attributes of Chairperson" in I Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"	
	4-2.	Roles and Responsibilities of the Board (2)	-	•		•"(2) Roles and Duties of the Board of Directors, etc." in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in "I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"13. Policy and Procedures for Determining Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in "I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
			4.2.1	•		"13. Policy and Procedures for Determining Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors and Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
		Polos and	-	•		•"8. Procedures for the Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates ar the Appointment of Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"Kao Sustainability Report 2015" on the Company's website:: http://www.kao.co.jp/corp/sustainability-reports/en/governance/governance/	
	4.3	Roles and Responsibilities of the Board (3)	4.3.1	•		"8. Procedures for the Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and the Appointment of Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report	
			4.3.2	•		"Kao Sustainability Report 2015" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.co.jp/corp/sustainability-reports/en/governance/governance/	
			-	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)	
	4.4	Roles and Responsibilities of Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board	4.4.1	•		"Activity for strengthening the auditing function of the Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in "2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)" in "I Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"	
	4.5	Fiduciary Responsibilities of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members	-	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)	

C	orporat	e Governance Code		Implementa	ation Status	Correspoinding articles in the report or on the Company's website
Genaral Principle	Princip	le	Supple- mentary Principles	Comply	Explain	() means the Company respects and complies the code.
	4.6	Business Execution and Oversight of the Management	-	•		•"(4) Non-executive Director as Chairperson of the Board of Directors" in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"10. Details of Current Efforts to Effectively Use Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc." in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	4.7	Roles and Responsibilities of Independent Directors	-	•		"(3) Effective Utilization of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc." in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			-	•		"10. Details of Current Efforts to Effectively Use Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc." in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
Section 4: Responsibilitie s of the Board	4.8	Effective Use of Independent Directors	4.8.1		•	[Reasons for Non-compliance with the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			4.8.2	•		"10. Details of Current Efforts to Effectively Use Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc." in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	4.9	Independence Standards and Qualification for Independent Directors	-	•		•"4.(3) Effective Utilization of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc."in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"Standards for Independence of Outside Directors/Audit & Supervisory Board Members of Kao Corporation" on the Company's website: http://www.kao.com/jp/en/corp_imgs/corp_info/governance_002.pdf
			-	•		"Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) Corresponding to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee" in "I Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"
	4.10	Use of Optional Approach	4.10.1	•		•"(3) Effective Utilization of Independent Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members, etc." in "4. Basic position and policy on corporate governance" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in "I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"Voluntary Establishment of Committee(s) Corresponding to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee" in "I Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"
		Preconditions for Board and Audit & Supervisory Board Effectiveness	-	•		•"7. Stance on Balance among Knowledge, Experience and Skills, and on Diversity and Size of the Board of Directors" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report •"11. Analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of the Board of Directors taken as a whole and summary of the results thereof"in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	4.11		4.11.1	•		"7. Stance on Balance among Knowledge, Experience and Skills, and on Diversity and Size of the Board of Directors" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report

		oorate Governance Code Implementation Stati			Correspoinding articles in the report or on the Company's website	
Genaral rinciple	Princip	ble	Supple- mentary Principles	Comply	Explain	() means the Company respects and complies the code.
			4.11.2	•		"8. Procedures for the Nomination of Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Member Candidates and the Appointment of Senior Management" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			4.11.3	•		"11. Analysis and evaluation of effectiveness of the Board of Directors taken as a whole and summary of the results thereof"in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			-	•		(The Company respects and complies the code)
	4.12	Active Board Deliberations	4.12.1	•		"Supporting System for Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members" in 1. Organizational Composition and Operation" in "II Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business, and Oversight in Management"
			-	•		(10),(11) and (12) in "Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development" in "IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System"
	4.13	Information Gathering and	4.13.1	•		(10) in "Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development" in "IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System"
		Support Structure	4.13.2	•		(12) and (13) in "Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development" in "IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System"
			4.13.3	•		(13) in "Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development" in "IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System"
			-	•		"12. Measures for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to improve understanding and knowledge required to fulfill their roles and duties" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	4.14	Director and Audit & Supervisory Board Members Training	4.14.1	•		"12. Measures for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to improve understanding and knowledge required to fulfill their roles and duties" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			4.14.2	•		"12. Measures for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members to improve understanding and knowledge required to fulfill their roles and duties" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			-	•		"14. Policy Concerning Measures and Organizational Structures to Promote Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
	5.1	Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders	5.1.1	•		"14. Policy Concerning Measures and Organizational Structures to Promote Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
Section 5: Dialogue with Shareholders			5.1.2	•		"14. Policy Concerning Measures and Organizational Structures to Promote Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report
			5.1.3	•		"Participation in Electronic Voting Platform" in "1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights" in "III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders" in the report
	5.2	Establishing and Disclosing Business Strategy and Business Plan	-	•		"2. Long-term Business Strategy" and "3. Mid-term business plan" in [Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code] in " I Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information" in the report