Dear shareholders

1-11-1, Marunouchi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. President & CEO Kazuki Morishita

Notice of Convocation of the 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

It gives us great pleasure to invite you to the 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.

If you are unable to attend the meeting, you can exercise your voting rights in writing. Please review the "Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders" and indicate your approval or disapproval for each proposal on the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise Form. Please send it back to the Company so that it reaches the Company no later than 6:00 p.m. on Wednesday, March 20, 2019 (JST).

Date and March 22, 2019 (Friday) 10:00 a.m. (Doors open at 9:00 a.m.)

Venue 3-13-1 Takanawa, Minato-ku, Tokyo
 Grand Prince Hotel New Takanawa "International Convention Center Pamir"

3. Purpose

Matters to be 1. Report on the Business Report, the Consolidated Financial Statements, and the Audit Results of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the Accounting Auditor and the Board of Corporate Auditors for the 22nd term (from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

2. Report on the Non-consolidated Financial Statements for the 22nd term (from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

Matters to be resolved

Proposal 1 Consolidation of Shares

Proposal 2 Partial Amendment of the Article of Incorporation

Proposal 3 Election of Nine (9) Directors

- \cdot Please be advised that non-shareholders such as proxies and persons accompanying shareholders are not permitted to attend the meeting.
- · When attending the meeting, please submit the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise Form at the reception.
- If the Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Business Report, the Non-consolidated Financial Statements, and the Consolidated Financial Statements are amended, the amendments will be announced on the Company's website (https://www.gungho.co.jp/english/).

Business Report

(From January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

1. Overview of the Company Group

- (1) Consolidated business performance for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018
- 1) Business progress and results

The game market in Japan grew by 13.7% from the previous year to 1.5686 trillion yen* in 2017, supported by moderate expansion in mobile games and strong growth in the console game market, and is expected to continue expanding moderately.

Meanwhile, the global game content market also grew by 21.1% from the previous year to 10.8964 trillion yen* in 2017, underpinned by the growth of the mobile game market along with the spread in popularity of smartphones and the strong console game market, and is expected to continue to further expand.

Under such circumstances, the Company has been focusing on developing games that are premised on global distribution to "create new value" and on maintaining and expanding MAU (Monthly Active Users: The number of users logging into the game at least once a month) for each game, strengthening the game brands, and launching new businesses to "maximize existing value."

As for existing games, focusing mainly on continued long-term enjoyment of "Puzzle & Dragons," we have continued to release updates and hold events, such as adding new dungeons, etc., improving game content, collaborating with popular characters from other companies, and more. In addition, we have been focusing on revitalizing MAU by carrying out various measures for the enjoyment of both existing and new users, as well as dormant users, including the "Puzzle & Dragons Thanks Fair" launched at the end of October 2018. As a result, in January 2019, the cumulative number of downloads in Japan exceeded 51 million.

As for new games, we have launched new games for smartphones such as "Yo-Kai Watch World" and "CHRONO MA:GIA", and have also been working actively on creating new value and our partner publishing business.

As for new businesses, mspo Inc. (mspo), a joint venture company invested in by our company, Yoshimoto Kogyo Co., Ltd. and CyberAgent, Inc., started providing "mspo," new services for mobile games, in September 2018.

As for the business of subsidiaries, GRAVITY Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary, began distributing "Ragnarok M: Eternal Love," a new game for smartphones, in South Korea in March 2018, and steady growth has been maintained. Furthermore, distribution of this game was launched in Southeast Asia in October 2018 and has made a good start. In January 2019, we began distribution in North America, South America, as well as Oceania.

As a result, net sales for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 amounted to 92,101 million yen, down 0.2% year-on-year. Operating profit was 26,577 million yen, down 22.7% year-on-year, ordinary profit was 26,659 million yen, down 22.4% year-on-year, and profit attributable to owners of parent came to 16,585 million yen, down 25.9% year-on-year.

* Famitsu Game White Paper 2018

2) Capital expenditure

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, capital expenditure totaled 2,456 million yen, consisting mainly of 1,988 million yen in game development expenditure.

3) Financing

No financing of importance was obtained by the Company in the consolidated fiscal year under review.

4) Acquisition and disposal of shares, equity interest or share subscription rights in other companies Not applicable

(2) Assets and income

① Consolidated

(Millions of yen)

	19th	20th	21st	22nd
Item	From January 1,	From January 1,	From January 1,	From January 1,
Tieni	2015 to December	2016 to December	2017 to December	2018 to December
	31, 2015	31, 2016	31, 2017	31, 2018
Net sales	154,329	112,457	92,306	92,101
Operating profit	72,425	46,081	34,384	26,577
Ordinary profit	72,606	46,081	34,351	26,659
Profit attributable to owners of parent	43,432	27,911	22,397	16,585
Net profit per share	41.40 yen	32.24 yen	31.49 yen	23.32 yen
Total assets	108,078	55,032	78,070	96,032
Net assets	90,356	40,984	62,412	78,110
Net assets per share	92.28 yen	54.64 yen	83.43 yen	103.59 yen

2 Non-consolidated

(Millions of yen)

	19th	20th	21st	22nd
Item	From January 1,	From January 1,	From January 1,	From January 1,
	2015 to December	2016 to December	2017 to December	2018 to December
	31, 2015	31, 2016	31, 2017	31, 2018
Net sales	148,475	105,435	76,575	62,340
Operating profit	75,541	47,629	33,991	23,906
Ordinary profit	75,557	47,700	33,987	23,981
Net profit	45,934	30,123	19,672	15,351
Net profit per share	43.78 yen	34.79 yen	27.66 yen	21.58 yen
Total assets	105,699	53,736	68,513	81,865
Net assets	90,669	43,727	61,581	75,034
Net assets per share	94.32 yen	60.88 yen	85.56 yen	104.22 yen

(3) Material parent company and subsidiaries

 Relationship with parent company Not applicable

2) Material subsidiaries

Company name	Capital stock	The Company's voting right ratio	Principal business activities
Game Arts Co., Ltd.	78 million yen	100.00%	Planning, development and sales of PC online games and consumer games
GRAVITY Co.,Ltd.	3,474 million won	59.31%	Planning, development, operation and online distribution of online PC games and smartphone games
GungHo Online Entertainment America,Inc.	US\$300,000	100.00%	Planning, development, distribution and sales of smartphone games and consumer games
ACQUIRE Corp	100 million yen	50.07%	Planning, development, distribution and sales of smartphone games and consumer games
Grasshopper Manufacture Inc.	10 million yen	100.00%	Planning and development of consumer games
SUPERTRICK GAMES,Inc.	50 million yen	100.00%	Planning and development of consumer games
GungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd.	US\$55,491 thousand	100.00%	Holding company
PlayPhone,Inc.	US\$2,000	70.00%	Provision of global billing service
GungHo Gamania Co.,Limited	US\$7,500 thousand	51.00%	Online distribution and operation of smartphone games
mspo, Inc.	490 million yen	69.14%	Operation and advertisement distribution of mobile game platform

Notes: 1. GungHo Online Entertainment America, Inc. is a company established in April 2018.

3) Specified wholly-owned subsidiaries as of the end of the fiscal year under review Not applicable

^{2.} GhM Co., Ltd. (established on March 30, 2018) was subject to a corporate split from Grasshopper Manufacture Inc. on June 1, 2018. Grasshopper Manufacture Inc. constituted the splitting company of the absorption-type split, and GhM Co., Ltd. constituted the successor company of the absorption-type split. On the same day, the trade name of Grasshopper Manufacture Inc. was changed to SUPERTRICK GAMES,Inc. and the trade name of GhM Co., Ltd. was changed to Grasshopper Manufacture Inc.

(4) Challenges to be addressed

People have been going online at an accelerating pace in recent years as the smartphones, instead of the PCs, are continuing to penetrate and expand the market on a global basis and with an internet connection being newly enabled for a variety of devices. Meanwhile, game user groups are likely to further expand globally as previous non-users are beginning to play games since devices people commonly use often in their daily lives are starting to be used for playing games with online capability added. In these circumstances, the GungHo Group has been continuing to quickly and correctly ascertain the ever-changing operating environment for the game industry, identify material challenges to be addressed and pursue a business strategy befitting the endeavors.

The following outlines our specific initiatives targeting material challenges.

1) Maximizing existing asset value

One of our corporate policies is to diversify the use of content assets, which are already established as game brands: "Ragnarok Online" is now celebrating its 16th anniversary since the launch of the service, and "Puzzle & Dragons" for smartphones will celebrate its 7th anniversary in February 2019.

Aiming for the long-term enhancement of the game brand "Puzzle & Dragons," we offer the brand's through a variety of channels including "PUZZLE & DRAGONS CROSS Kami no Sho / Ryu no Sho" for Nintendo 3DS, expansion to character-related animation, goods, comic books, and e-sports events, in order to satisfy a wide range of preference and age groups. We believe these multiple approaches will contribute to gaining loyal customers and ensuring our long-term success.

2) Venturing into new value creation

With various devices going online, the online game market is expected to receive more newcomers, or to consolidate further. Besides, a new market may be created by rapid technological evolution now and in the future with the appearance of other devices that could become game machines. GungHo Group will make maximum use of its developmental and operational knowhow and experience, as well as planning and developmental skills, which are highly evaluated in smartphone and console game fields. Our five development policies, "Instinctive," "Innovative," "Attractive," "Continuing," and "Dramatic," are the key values we promise to offer customers, targeting a wide range of platforms.

③Pursuing growth in the global market

The online game market in general, including smartphone games, is expected to grow further while the smartphone market grows on a worldwide scale.

We will develop a customized operational system of PC online games, smartphone games, and consumer games for global expansion, offer quality games to loyal customers worldwide, and enhance profitability.

(4) Strengthening corporate governance

Identifying maximization of enterprise value as one of significant business challenges for the Company, we think it is important to build a good relationship with stakeholders and continue growing steadily on a long-term basis. To achieve this goal, we will run the organization in a flexible, sound and fair manner and enhance corporate governance.

⑤ Securing consumer safety

The online game industry is required to provide an environment where every user, including young people, can play online games safely because a wide range of age groups of smartphone users can play online games due to improvement of the internet environment, spreads of smartphones and evolution of game devices.

As a member of Japan Online Game Association, the Company is fully committed to protecting consumers from any disadvantages and to resolving issues through information exchanged among industry players. We believe this should contribute to society's economic growth.

6Strengthening corporate structure including product development

The video game market has been experiencing rapid changes and technological innovations. To achieve sustainable growth, we are in the process of establishing a solid foundation for our business and a responsive operating system, while improving management efficiency. Game development capabilities, which are the source of the group's revenue, are provided with flexibility based on an amoeba development concept and appropriate personal allocation.

(5) Principal business activities (as of December 31, 2018)

- 1) Planning, development, operation and online distribution of PC online computer games and smartphone games
- 2) Planning, development, operation, distribution and sales of consumer games
- (6) Principal offices (as of December 31, 2018)
- The Company's business office Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan
- 2) Principal subsidiaries' business offices

2) i ililoipai cabolalarico bacililoco cilicoc	
Game Arts Co., Ltd.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan
GRAVITY Co.,Ltd.	Seoul Special City, South Korea
GungHo Online Entertainment America,Inc.	California, United States of America
ACQUIRE Corp.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan
Grasshopper Manufacture Inc.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan
SUPERTRICK GAMES,Inc.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan
GungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd.	Singapore
PlayPhone,Inc.	California, United States of America
GungHo Gamania Co.,Limited	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China
mspo, Inc.	Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan

(7) Employees (as of December 31, 2018)

1) Employees of the corporate group

	i, minimum and an incompanion group		
Number of employees		Change from the end of the previous consolidated fiscal year	
ľ	1,152 [141]	Increase of 109	

Note: Number of employees in the brackets denotes average number of temporary employees for the fiscal year under review

2) Employees of the Company

MITTINDELOT	Change from the end of the previous fiscal year		Average number of service years
394 [85]	Increase of 9	38 years and 9 months	6 years and 8 months

Notes:
1. Number of employees in the brackets denotes average number of temporary employees for the fiscal year under review
2. Number of employees excludes GungHo employees on loan to other companies and includes other companies' employees on loan to GungHo.

(8) Principal lenders (as of December 31, 2017)

Lender	Outstanding borrowings	
Resona Bank Limited	190 million yen	

(9) Other material matters related to the current state of the corporate group Not applicable

2. Matters relating to shares of the Company

(1) Shares (as of December 31, 2018)

1) Total number of authorized shares 3,212,000,000 shares 2) Total number of shares outstanding 952,103,160 shares

Notes: Total number of shares outstanding includes the treasury shares (240,617,438 shares).

3) Number of shareholders 97,243

4) Major shareholders

Shareholder name	Number of shares held	Shareholding ratio
Heartis Inc.	198,690,000 shares	27.92%
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	60,587,800 shares	8.51%
Taizo Son	33,850,000 shares	4.75%
SoftBank Corp.	24,840,200 shares	3.49%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	11,897,400 shares	1.67%
Son Equities K.K.	10,810,000 shares	1.51%
Kazuki Morishita	10,096,000 shares	1.41%
THE BANK OF NEW YORK 133972	9,714,100 shares	1.36%
CDSIL AS DEPOSITARY FOR OLD MUTUAL GLOBAL INVESTORS SERIES	9,386,100 shares	1.31%
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 5)	9,276,100 shares	1.30%

Note: Shareholding ratio was calculated by excluding the treasury shares (240,617,438 shares).

(2) Share subscription rights

1) Outline of share subscription rights held by the Company's Directors as of December 31, 2015

	2015 3rd share subscription rights	2016 4th share subscription rights	2017 5th share subscription rights	2018 6th share subscription rights
Date of issue	June 25, 2015	August 18, 2016	May 15, 2017	April 10, 2018
Number of share subscription rights	5,159 rights	8,361 rights	7,245 rights	4,291 rights
Number of holders The Company's Directors (excluding outside Directors)	5 persons	5 persons	5 persons	5 persons
Type and number of shares to which share subscription rights apply	Common shares 515,900 shares	Common shares 836,100 shares	Common shares 724,500 shares	Common shares 429,100 shares
Issue price of subscription rights	468 yen per share	229.39 yen per share	250.78 yen per share	340.47 yen per share
Value of capital to be contributed at the time of exercise of share subscription rights	1 yen per share	1 yen per share	1 yen per share	1 yen per share
Exercise period for share subscription rights	From June 25, 2016 to June 24, 2031	From August 18, 2017 to August 17, 2032	From May 15, 2018 to May 14, 2033	From April 10, 2019 to April 9, 2034
Main terms and conditions of exercise of share subscription rights	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)	(Note)

2) Outline of share subscription rights granted to employees of the Company during the fiscal year under review

	2018 6th share subscription rights
Date of issue	April 10, 2018
Number of share subscription rights	1,570 rights
Number of grantees The Company's Corporate Officers (excluding any Corporate Officer concurrently in service as Director of it)	5 persons
Type and number of shares to which share subscription rights apply	Common shares 157,000 shares
Issue price of share subscription rights	340.47 yen per share
Value of capital to be contributed at the time of exercise of share subscription rights	1 yen per share
Exercise period for share subscription rights	From April 10, 2019 to April 9, 2034
Main terms and conditions of share subscription rights	(Note)

Notes: 1. Any exerciser of the share subscription rights is required to be in the position of a Director, Corporate Auditor or employee of GungHo or a related company of it (referring to any of its subsidiaries and other companies having a capital relationship with GungHo) when exercising the rights in question. This, however, does not apply to cases where the exerciser resigns from GungHo due to the expiration of his/her service term or old-age retirement or if there is any other legitimate reason for the intended exercise.

^{2.} In the event of the death of a share subscription right holder, his/her inheritor is allowed to exercise the share subscription rights solely in one single bulk transaction.

- 3. No share subscription right less than one unit of the share subscription rights is allowed to be exercised.
- 4. In the event of a share subscription right holder relinquishing his/her share subscription rights, these rights are not allowed to be exercised.

3. Matters relating to Directors of the Company

(1) Director and Auditors (as of December 31, 2018)

Position	Name	Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions
President & Representative Director	Kazuki Morishita	President & Representative Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd. Executive Director of GRAVITY Co., Ltd.
Director	Kazuya Sakai	Executive General Manager of Finance Accounting Division and CFO of the Company Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd. Executive Director of GRAVITY Co., Ltd. Director of GungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. Director of GungHo Gamania Co., Limited
Director	Yoshinori Kitamura	Executive General Manager of GV business division of the company Executive Director of GRAVITY Co., Ltd.
Director	Masato Ochi	Executive General Manager of Customer Service Division of the company
Director	Koji Yoshida	Executive General Manager of Business Administration Division and CCO of the Company Director of GungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.
Director	Taizo Son	Representative Director of Belleisle K.K. Representative Director of Heartis Inc.
Director	Norikazu Oba	General Manager of the Finance Planning Department of SoftBank Group Corp. Representative Director & Vice President, CFO of J.Score CO., LTD. Director of SoftBank Group Japan Corporation
Director	Hidetsugu Onishi	Co-CEO, Integrity Partners LLC CEO, Avergence Incorporated
Director	Keiji Miyakawa	Chairman of Japan of Lincoln International
Full-time Auditor	Yoichiro Ando	Auditor of Game Arts Co., Ltd.
Auditor	Hiroto Uehara	Representative of Uehara Hiroto Certified Public Accountant Firm
Auditor	Kaba Toshiro	Representative of Shiroyama-Tower Law Office Director of TOIN GAKUEN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION Director of TOIN LAW SCHOOL Outside Auditor of CAVE Interactive CO., LTD. Outside Auditor of T-Gaia Corporation Outside Auditor of J.Score CO., LTD Outside Auditor of PIALA Inc.

Notes: 1. Hidetsugu Onishi, Director; Keiji Miyakawa, Director fell under the category of outside directors stipulated in Article 2, Item 15 of the Companies Act, and the Tokyo Stock Exchange was notified that they are independent director.

^{2.} Yoichiro Ando, Full-time Auditor; Hiroto Úehara, Auditor; and Toshiro Kaba, Auditor fell under the category of outside auditors stipulated in Article 2, Item 16 of the Companies Act, and the Tokyo Stock Exchange was notified that they are independent directors.

^{3.} Being a Certified Public Accountant, Hiroto Uehara, Auditor is equipped with a reasonable level of knowledge in finance and accounting.

^{4.} Keiji Miyakawa was newly elected and assumed office as Director at the 21st Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on March 23, 2018.

(2) Outline of liability limitation agreement

An agreement has been entered into by and between the Company and Directors, Taizo Son, Norikazu Oba, Hidetsugu Onishi and Keiji Miyakawa, and Auditors, Yoichiro Ando, Hiroto Uehara and Toshiro Kaba, Outside Auditor on limitation of damage compensation liability pursuant to Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. The upper limit of damage compensation liability under this agreement shall be the higher of 1 million yen and an amount equivalent to one stipulated as the minimum liability value in Article 425, Paragraph 1.

(3) Amounts of remunerations for Directors and Auditors

Category	Number of recipients	Amount of payment
Director	8	347 million yen
Auditor	3	29 million yen
Total	11	377 million yen

Notes:

- 1. The amounts paid for the fiscal year under review do not include employee salaries for Directors concurrently in service
- Shown below are the employee salaries for Directors concurrently in service as employees.

- Directors concurrently in service as employees: 4 persons, 155 million yen
 2. As of December 31, 2018, the number of Directors stood at 9 and that of Auditors at 3. The difference between the combined total of these numbers and the above-mentioned total number of recipients resulted from the fact that one nonremuneration Director existed.
- 3. Of the above-mentioned total remunerations, the amount of remunerations for Outside Directors totaled 10 million yen for two Director and 29 million yen for three Auditors.
- 4. The above-mentioned amounts for remuneration include the expenses (171 million yen for 5 Directors) incurred and recorded during the fiscal year under review in connection with share subscription rights granted as stock options.

(4) Matters relating to Outside Directors

- (1) Relationship between the Company and significant organization concurrently served in by Director
 - Hidetsugu Onishi, Director concurrently serves as Co-CEO of Integrity Partners LLC, CEO of Avergence Incorporated, neither of which has any particular relationship with GungHo.
 - II. Keiji Miyakawa, Director concurrently serves as Chairman of Japan of Lincoln International, neither of which has any particular relationship with GungHo.
 - III. Yoichiro Ando, Auditor concurrently serves as Outside Auditor of Game Arts Co., Ltd., which is a subsidiary of GungHo.
 - IV. Hiroto Uehara, Auditor concurrently serves as Representative of Uehara Hiroto Certified Public Accountant Firm, which doesn't have any particular relationship with GungHo.
 - V. Toshiro Kaba, Auditor concurrently serves as Representative of Shiroyama-Tower Law Office, Director of TOIN GAKUEN EDUCATIONAL ASSOCIATION, Dean of TOIN LAW SCHOOL, Outside Auditor of CAVE Interactive CO., LTD., Outside Auditor of T-Gaia Corporation, Outside Auditor of J.Score CO., LTD and Outside Auditor of PIALA Inc., neither of which has any particular relationship with GungHo.
 - 2 Relationship with specified business operators such as main business connections Yoichiro Ando, Full-time Auditor, is also an auditor of Game Arts Co., Ltd. and Acquire Corp., subsidiaries of the Company.

3 Principal activities during the fiscal year under review

a. Attendance at Board of Directors meetings and Board of Corporate Auditors meetings

	Board of Dire	ctors meeting	Board of Corp	orate Auditors
	(held 1	3 times)	meeting (he	eld 14 times)
	Number of	Attendance rate	Number of	Attendance rate
	attendances	attendance rate attendance		Allendance rate
Hidetsugu Onishi, Director	11 times	85%	- times	- %
Keiji Miyakawa, Director	10 times	100%	- times	- %
Yoichiro Ando, Auditor	13 times	100%	14 times	100%
Hiroto Uehara, Auditor	13 times	100%	14 times	100%
Toshiro Kaba, Auditor	12 times	92%	13 times	93%

Note: Keiji Miyakawa (Outside Director) has attended all ten Board of Directors meetings since his appointment in March 2018.

b. Remarks at Board of Directors meetings

Hidetsugu Onishi, Director, has sufficient experience and extensive knowledge gained mainly as a corporate executive. Keiji Miyakawa, Director, has sufficient experience and expertise gained mainly as an executive of financial service business. Yoichiro Ando, Auditor, has knowledge, wide-ranging views and sufficient experience gained mainly through his banking business activities as a former banker. Hiroto Uehara, Auditor, has sufficient experience and extensive knowledge gained mainly as a certified public accountant. Toshiro Kaba, Auditor, has sufficient experience and advanced knowledge gained as an attorney-at-law. They have provided the Company with advice and proposals from their respective viewpoints so that the legitimacy and validity of decisions made by the Board of Directors can be ensured.

These three Auditors have also made necessary remarks at the Board of Corporate Auditors meetings.

4. Accounting Auditor

(1) Name PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata LLC

(2) Fee

	Amount of fee
Fee for the Accounting Auditor for the fiscal year under review	31 million yen
Total amount of money and other compensation reward obliged to be paid to the Accounting Auditor by the Company and its subsidiaries	31 million yen

Notes:

- 1. The audit contract between the Company and the Accounting Auditor neither distinguishes between the audit fee for an audit under the Companies Act and the audit fee for an audit under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, nor is able to do so practically. Therefore, the total fee is shown above.
- 2. Bearing in mind the "Practical Guidelines on Collaboration with Accounting Auditor" published by the Japan Audit & Supervisory Board Members Association, the Board of Corporate Auditors ascertained the results of audit hours by audit item and hierarchical level under the previous fiscal year audit plan as well as the audit fee trend and the state of execution of duties by the Accounting Auditor. It then examined the reasonableness of the audit plan and fee for the fiscal year under review. As a result, the Board of Corporate Auditors consented to the fee for the Accounting Auditor pursuant to Article 399, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

(3) Policy on decision to dismiss or not reappoint the Accounting Auditor

The Board of Corporate Auditors conducts overall an assessment of the Accounting Auditor's qualifications, independence, communication with Corporate Auditors, etc. in accordance with internal assessment procedures. If considered necessary (e.g. cases where it is difficult for the Accounting Auditor to perform his/her duties), the Board of Corporate Auditors determines an agenda to dismiss or not reappoint the Accounting Auditor, and has the Board of Directors submit it to the General Meeting of Shareholders.

If any of the items of Article 340, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act is deemed to apply to the Accounting Auditor, the Board of Corporate Directors will dismiss the former after obtaining the consent of all Auditors. In such event, an Auditor selected by the Board of Corporate Auditors will report on the dismissal in question and the reason for it at the first General Meeting of Shareholders to be held after the dismissal.

5. System to secure the appropriateness of operations and an outline of the system operation

Pursuant to the Companies Act and the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations, the Company has in place a basic policy to develop a system to secure the appropriateness of its operations (the Basic Policy on Development of Internal Control System). The contents of it and an outline of its operation are as shown below.

- (1) System to secure the appropriateness of operations
 - 1) System to ensure that the execution of duties of Directors and employees adheres to laws and ordinances and the Articles of incorporation
 - a. In addition to ensuring the sharing of the corporate philosophy of the GungHo Group, we have established the GungHo Online Entertainment Group Charter, a charter that stipulates matters relating to the enhancement of its corporate governance platform and compliance, as well as the GungHo Group Compliance Code for Directors and Employees as compliance-related behavior guidelines obliged to be adhered to by all Directors and employees, as well as other relevant regulations.
 - b. The Company elects a Chief Compliance Officer (COO) as manager charged with promoting compliance.
 - c. The Company develops whistleblowing internal/external contact points (hotline) to which a compliance-related whistleblowing report can be submitted by Directors or employees and at which any of them can have the relevant consultation. Moreover, the Company ensures that no such whistleblowing or consulting members become subjected to disadvantageous treatment.
 - d. The Company's Internal Auditing Department performs an audit on the effectiveness of the organization's framework to comply with laws and ordinances and the Articles of Incorporation, and reports the audit results to the President & CEO. Moreover, the Internal Auditing Department reports the audit results to Auditors, thereby collaborating with the latter.
 - 2) System for storage and management of information related to the execution of duties of the Company's Directors
 - a. In addition to putting in place standards required for storing and managing documents, the Company develops a system to appropriately store and manage documents and other material information that are related to Directors' execution of duties, including minutes of Board of Directors meetings and approval procedure documents, pursuant to the Document Storage Management Regulations, regulations aimed to ensure the efficient operation of duties to store and manage documents.
 - b. The Company elects the Chief Information Security Officer (CISO) as an officer to lead its information security activities pursuant to the Basic Information Security Regulations. Moreover, the Company puts in place the Information Security Committee chaired by CISO, thereby pursuing its information security activities.
- 3) Regulations on and other system for management of loss risk
 - a. The Company prescribes the Regulations on Risk Management System in order to avoid, mitigate and take necessary actions against various risks for its business operation. As for risk prevention, the Company establishes, pursuant to these regulations, the Risk Management Committee as a deliberation body to address risks. Further, individual business units, each responsible for handling different types of risks, perform risk management, striving to mitigate risks and prevent them from occurring.
 - b. In the event of an unforeseen incident or an emergency, the Company will immediately establish the countermeasure headquarters pursuant to the Regulations on Risk Management System. In turn, the Chief Crisis Management Officer (CCMO), the top crisis manager under the Chairman of the headquarters (President & CEO), will lead the efforts to put in place a system to deal with the situation in a well-supervised manner.

- c. The Internal Auditing Department performs an audit on the state of the Company's risk management before reporting the audit results to President & CEO and Auditors.
- 4) System to ensure that the duties of Directors are executed efficiently

The Company has established the Regulations on Segregation of Duties and the Regulations on Official Authority, in addition to the Regulations on Board of Directors. Thus, the Company strives to clarify the scope of procedure for entity-level decision-making and that of duties required for executing operations as well as authority and responsibilities, thereby developing a system for Directors to execute their duties efficiently.

- 5) System to secure the appropriateness of operations of the corporate group comprising the Company and its subsidiaries
 - a. The Company has established the Related Company Management Regulations to secure the appropriateness of its group companies' operations under the GungHo Online Entertainment Group Charter. Moreover, the Company develops a system to manage each of its subsidiaries in a manner befitting its size and importance.
 - b. Subsidiaries of the Company prescribe to various regulations obliged to be complied with by Directors and employees, and develop a system in which, for determining a significant matter for its business management, the subsidiary engages in prior consultation with the Company while keeping the former's operational autonomy and independence respected. Each of the subsidiaries also develops a system in which its operating results and financial position are periodically reported to the Company with any significant event experienced by its operations being reported to the latter when appropriate.
 - c. The Company guides each of its subsidiaries to develop a system equivalent to the former's risk management system according to the latter's size and importance in order to avoid, mitigate and take necessary steps against risks. Further, the Company develops a system in which each subsidiary's risk management-related information is delivered to the former appropriately.
 - e. The Company installs compliance officers at each of its subsidiaries in light of its size and importance, thereby solidifying and bolstering the group's compliance platform. Moreover, the Company arranges for the subsidiary to develop its unique whistleblowing internal/external contact points (hotlines) to which a compliance-related whistleblowing report can be submitted by its Directors or employees and at which relevant consultation can be obtained by them. At the same time, the Company ensures that no such whistleblowing or consulting members become subjected to disadvantageous treatment.
 - d. The Company checks its subsidiaries with respect to the appropriateness of the financial reporting of the former and the latter, thus securing the appropriateness of the contents of the Company's Securities Report while developing its internal controls. If any internal control problem occurs, the organization will strive to develop its structure in an effort to improve the situation.
 - e. The Company's Internal Auditing Department performs an internal audit on each of its subsidiaries according to its past internal audit results and to its size and importance.
 - 6) Matters on employees obliged to assist Auditors' duties and matters on the securing of such employees' independence from Directors as well as the effectiveness of instructions issued to the employees
 - a. The Company may install employees as assistants dedicated to assisting Auditors' duties or appoint employees in the Internal Auditing Division as such assistants with regard to individual audit items upon consulting with the Internal Auditing Division.
 - b. If the Company has installed dedicated assistants for Auditors' duties or appointed such assistants with regard to individual audit items, the Company has audit duties-related directions and orders issued by Auditors, thereby securing the appropriateness of the relevant instructions. Personnel change and employee evaluation for such assistants require the consent of Auditors.
 - 7) System for reporting to Auditors and a system to ensure that no members reporting to them becomes subjected to disadvantageous treatment on account of having provided the report

- a. The Company secures a system in which Directors and employees of it and its subsidiaries report the following matters to Auditors:
- a) Material matter relating to the business management, finances and business execution of the Company and its subsidiaries;
- b) Matter that is feared to cause serious damage to the Company;
- c) Information on the state of development of internal control system;
- d) Matter breaching laws or ordinances or the Articles of Incorporation;
- e) Matter associated with compliance system and information on the state of reporting to the hotline;
- f) Internal audit results;
- g) Any matter deemed by any of Auditors necessary to be reported for the purpose of executing its duties
- b. The Company ensures that no member reporting to any Corporate Auditor as mentioned above becomes subjected to disadvantageous treatment on account of having provided the report.

8) System to ensure that Auditors' audits are carried out effectively

- a. The Company provides an opportunity for the President & CEO and Auditors to exchange opinions with each other on a periodic basis, as well as an opportunity to hold hearing sessions with subsidiary Directors and employees if deemed necessary by any Auditor. Auditors have an opportunity to exchange information with the Accounting Auditor and Auditors of significant subsidiaries of the Company, thus collaborating with them.
- b. Expenses deemed necessary for Auditors to execute their duties are borne by the Company through a prescribed procedure.

9) System for excluding anti-social forces

The GungHo Group Compliance Code for Directors and Employees declares the Company's intention to maintain a sound relationship with local communities and battle anti-social forces in a resolute manner. If the Company receives any unfair demand from an anti-social force entity, the former's relevant business unit responds to it sternly and resolutely rejects the demand by collaborating with the police and other external specialized agencies.

(2) Outline of the operation of the system to secure the appropriateness of the Company's business operations

1) Execution of Directors' duties

Pursuant to the Regulations on Board of Directors, the Company holds an Ordinary Meeting of Directors on a monthly basis and an Extraordinary Meeting of Directors as required. In this way, it makes decisions on matters stipulated in laws or ordinances or the Articles of Incorporation as well as matters for execution of significant duties while overseeing the execution of duties by Directors.

2) Compliance system

The Company periodically provides compliance training to Directors and employees to enhance their understanding and awareness about compliance. As for its whistleblowing system, the Company has in place contact points (hotlines) composed partly of outside lawyers while running the system with whistleblower protection stipulated in its relevant internal regulations.

3) Risk management

In addition to having in place the Regulations on Crisis Management System, the Company strives to reduce and prevent risks through the process of identifying risks, devising countermeasures and periodically revising them. Moreover, the Company implements a disaster scenario-based training program when appropriate.

4) Business management of subsidiaries

As for business management of the Company's subsidiaries, it arranges for its Director or employees to

be appointed as a Director or Auditor of each subsidiary, thereby securing the appropriateness of the subsidiary. Under the Related Company Management Regulations, material business management information of subsidiaries is reported to the Company's Board of Directors in an appropriate manner.

5) Auditors

Auditors periodically exchange opinions with the President & CEO and collaborate with the Accounting Auditor and the Internal Auditing Department, thus securing the effectiveness of audits. The Auditors ascertain the state of development and operation of the Company's internal controls and provide advice for securing a sounder business management structure by attending Board of Directors meetings, having Full-time Corporate Auditors attend significant meetings and having hearing sessions with Directors and employees.

6. Policy for decision on dividends from retained earnings

Believing that returning profits to shareholders is a significant managerial challenge, the GungHo Group has in place a basic policy to enhance its enterprise value and maximize its competitiveness in future. This also relates to distributing profits in a manner commensurate with its operating results and with due regard for internal reserves, intended for bolstering its business structure. The Company intends to utilize the internal reserves effectively to strengthen its financial structure and business foundation and pursue operations aggressively towards future growth.

In accordance with the above-mentioned dividend policy, the company conducts 3 yen per share as an ordinary dividend of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation provide that it may pay dividends from retained earnings by the resolution of the Board of Directors, without a resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders.

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(As of December 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Account Items	Amount	Account Items	Amount
Assets		Liabilities	
Current assets	88,376	Current liabilities	16,774
Cash and deposits	74,322	Notes and accounts payable-trade	6,725
Accounts receivable-trade	11,739	Current portion of long-term loans payable	159
Short-term investment securities	394	Income taxes payable	4,427
Merchandise	2	Provision for bonuses	7
Work in process	68	Other	5,454
Deferred tax assets	250	Non-current liabilities	1,147
Other	1,608	Long-term loans payable	132
Allowance for doubtful accounts	∆11	Other	1,014
Non-current assets	7,656	Total liabilities	17,922
Property, plant and equipment	325	Net assets	
Intangible assets	2,077	Shareholders' equity	73,850
Software	141	Capital stock	5,338
Software in progress	1,821	Capital surplus	5,487
Other	115	Retained earnings	143,051
Investments and other assets	5,252	Treasury shares	∆80,027
Investment securities	74	Accumulated other comprehensive income	∆148
Deferred tax assets	2,183	Foreign currency translation adjustment	∆148
Other	2,995	Stock option	885
		Non-controlling interests	3,522
		Total net assets	78,110
Total assets	96,032	Total liabilities and net assets	96,032

Consolidated Statements of Income

(From January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Account Items	Amo	ount
Net sales		92,101
Cost of sales		42,640
Gross profit		49,460
Selling, general and administrative expenses		22,883
Operating profit		26,577
Non-operating profit		
Interest income	91	
Other	29	120
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	5	
Foreign exchange losses	29	
Other	2	38
Ordinary profit		26,659
Extraordinary loss		
Impairment loss	1,197	
Loss on valuation of short-term investment securities	31	1,229
Profit before income taxes and minority interests		25,430
Income taxes, residential taxes and enterprise taxes-current		8,268
Income taxes and others-deferred		∆537
Profit		17,699
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		1,113
Profit attributable to owners of parent		16,585

Consolidated Changes in Net Assets

January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018

(Millions of yen)

	Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at the beginning of current period	5,338	5,474	128,609	△80,118	59,303
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends paid			∆2,133		∆2,133
Profit attributable to owners of parent			16,585		16,585
Changes of holding by selling stock of consolidated subsidiary		18			18
Subscription rights to shares		∆15		91	76
Transfer of disposal losses of treasury shares		10	∆10		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes of items during the period	-	13	14,441	91	14,546
Balance at the end of current period	5,338	5,487	143,051	Δ80,027	73,850

	Accumulated other	Otask	Non-	Total net	
	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Stock Option	controlling interests	assets
Balance at the beginning of current period	32	32	727	2,348	62,412
Changes of items during the period					
Dividends paid					∆2,133
Profit attributable to owners of parent					16,585
Changes of holding by selling stock of consolidated subsidiary					18
Subscription rights to shares					76
Transfer of disposal losses of treasury shares					ı
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	Δ180	∆180	157	1,173	1,151
Total changes of items during the period	∆180	∆180	157	1,173	15,698
Balance at the end of current period	∆148	∆148	885	3,522	78,110

Notes on consolidated financial statements

1. Significant matters serving as bases for the preparation for consolidated financial statements

18

- Matters concerning the coverage of consolidation
 - · Number of consolidated companies
 - · Major consolidated subsidiaries

GAME ARTS Co., Ltd.

GRAVITY Co.,Ltd.

ACQUIRE Corp.

Grasshopper Manufacture Inc.

SUPERTRICK GAMES, Inc.

GungHo Online Entertainment America, Inc.

GungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte.Ltd.

PlayPhone,Inc.

GungHo Gamania Co.,Limited

mspo, Inc.

- · There are no non-consolidated subsidiaries.
- (2) Matters concerning equity method
 - · Number of equity method affiliated companies

None

(3) Matters concerning consolidated subsidiaries' fiscal years, etc.

Consolidated subsidiaries have a fiscal year that ends on the same date as the consolidated financial statements.

- (4) Matters concerning accounting principles and standards
 - ① Appraisal standards and appraisal methods for principal assets
 - a. Marketable securities

Other marketable securities

Securities of market value

Stated by using the market value method based on the market price, etc. as of the last day of the consolidated fiscal period, and valuation differences are reported as a component of shareholders' equity and costs of securities sold are calculated by the moving-average method

· Securities of no market value Stated at cost by using the moving-average method, except for securities held in some of

subsidiaries overseas that are stated at cost

by using the gross average method.

b. Inventory assets

Merchandise

Stated at cost by using the specific cost method (the carrying amount on the balance sheet is reduced for decrease in profitability)

· Work in process

Stated at cost by using the specific cost method (the carrying amount on the balance sheet is reduced for decrease in profitability) Note that some overseas subsidiaries use the lower-of-cost-or-market method by the gross

average method.

- ② Methods for depreciation of significant depreciable assets
 - a. Tangible fixed assets except lease assets
- Assets acquired prior to or on March 31, 2007: The former declining-balance method is used.
- b. Assets acquired on or after April 1, 2007: The declining-balance method is used.

The straight-line method is used for some of the overseas subsidiaries.

However, the straight-line method is used for building fixtures and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016.

. Shown below are principal useful lives:

Buildings: 2 to 18 years Others: 3 to 15 years

Intangible fixed
 assets except lease assets

Stated by using primarily the straight-line method, and software for internal use is depreciated over the period from one to five years based on its availability period.

However, intangible fixed assets related to portable device games are depreciated based on expected proceeds from sales.

c. Lease assets

Lease assets are depreciated by using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the respective lease period with zero residual value. Note some overseas subsidiaries use the economic useful lives up to the lease period.

- 3 Accounting standards for significant allowances
 - a. Allowance for doubtful accounts

The Company records allowances for doubtful accounts at an estimated uncollectable amount determined based on past credit loss experiences for general debts, and in consideration of their collectability of each.

b. Provision for bonuses

To provide employees with bonuses, the Company accrues reserves at an amount subject to fiscal year 2015 based on estimated future obligation.

- AStandards for translation of principal assets and liabilities denominated in foreign-currencies into yen
 Monetary receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies were translated into yen at a spot
 exchange rate on the consolidated fiscal year settlement date and resulting exchange gains and losses
 were charged to profit (loss).
- **⑤**Accounting treatment of consumption taxes

The tax exclusion method is used for accounting treatment of consumption taxes and municipal consumption taxes.

2. Notes to consolidated balance sheets

Cumulative depreciation of property, plant and equipment 2,624 million yen

3. Notes to consolidated statement of income

(1) Total research and development expenditure

Research and development

expenditure included in general and

administrative expenses

(2) Impairment loss

For the consolidated fiscal year under review, the GungHo Group recorded an impairment loss for the following asset categories.

1,245 million yen

1) Outline of asset groups for which impairment loss was recognized

Location	Use purpose	Category
Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, Japan	Smartphone game, etc.	Software
California, United States of America	Smartphone game, etc.	Software, etc.

2) Situation that led to the recognition of impairment loss

Impairment loss was recognized regarding game titles for which service suspension and development discontinuation were determined and those with decreased profitability, and shared assets of the consolidated subsidiaries whose profitability decreased.

3) Amount of impairment loss

Asset category	Amount (millions of yen)
Software	890
Others	307
Total	1,197

4) Method for grouping assets

The GungHo Group collects together assets mainly on the basis of game title category.

5) Calculation method for recoverable value

The GungHo Group measures recoverable value on the basis of use value, which is appraised with recoverable value at zero if the future cash flow is a negative one.

5. Notes to consolidated changes in net assets

(1) Total number of shares outstanding

		Increase in the	Decrease in the	
	Number of shares	number of shares	number of shares	Number of shares
Share class	as of January 1,	for the consolidated	for the consolidated	as of December 31,
	2018 (shares)	fiscal year under	fiscal year under	2018 (shares)
		review (shares)	review (shares)	
Common	952,103,160			952,103,160
shares	952, 103, 160	_	_	952,103,100

(2) Dividends

1) Dividends from retained earnings paid out in the consolidated fiscal year under review

Resolution	Share class	Total dividends	Dividend per share	Record date	Date of coming into effect
Board of Directors meeting held on February 2, 2018	Common shares	2,133 million yen	3.00 yen	December 31, 2017	March 7, 2018

2) Dividends that would come into effect in the next fiscal year, among dividends whose record date fell in the consolidated fiscal year under review

The Board of Directors meeting held on February 1, 2019 adopted the following proposed resolution for the payment of dividends on common shares.

Total dividends
 Dividend per share
 Record date
 December 31, 2018
 Date of coming into effect
 Source of dividends
 A gata million yen
 December 31, 2018
 March 6, 2019
 Retained earnings

(3) The type and number of shares issuable upon the exercise of share subscription rights at the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review (excluding these rights whose start date of the exercise period has not yet arrived)

Common stock: 2,528,000 shares

5. Notes on financial instruments

- (1) Matters pertaining to the state of financial instruments
 - Policy on handling financial instruments
 Although essentially using internal reserves to fund operations, the GungHo Group obtains bank loans to fund some of them. It invests temporarily available excess cash mainly in financial instruments offering high stability.
 - 2) Description of financial products, risks involved and risk management platform Accounts receivable-trade representing operating receivables are exposed to credit risk associated with potential default by customers. With respect to this type of risk, the GungHo Group continues to monitor the state of its principal customers on a periodic basis, managing payment due dates and the balance of receivables on a customer-by-customer basis. Moreover, the Group strives to detect early and rein in any potential case of low recoverability due to deterioration of customer finances, among other factors. Foreign currency-denominated accounts receivable-trade are exposed to foreign exchange fluctuation risk. Marketable securities and investment securities are exposed to price fluctuation risk. To manage this type of risk, the GungHo Group continuously monitors market values and issuer companies' financial positions. Accounts payable-trade representing operating payables are mostly due within 1 year. Income taxes payable represent accrued taxes and are due within 1 year. Loans payable are chiefly intended as financing to fund operations (short term) and capital expenditure (long term). Although exposed to liquidity risk and interest fluctuation risk, loans payable are managed by creating and renewing a cash flow management plan on a timely basis.
 - 3) Supplementary information on market prices of financial instruments

 Market values of financial instruments include, in addition to those based on market prices, reasonably computed values for cases where no market price is available. With certain assumptions employed to compute market values, using different assumptions may alter the values.

(2) Information on the market prices of financial instruments

The following shows the values of financial instruments recorded on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2018, their market values on the same date and the difference between the former and latter.

(Millions of yen)

				(1)
		Value recorded on consolidated balance sheets	Market value	Difference
(1)	Cash and deposits	74,322	74,322	_
(2)	Accounts receivable-trade	11,739	11,739	_
Allowar	nce for doubtful accounts*	∆3	∆3	_
		11,736	11,736	_
(3)	Marketable securities & investment securities			
Other s	ecurities	394	394	_
	Total assets	86,453	86,453	_
(1)	Accounts payable-trade	6,725	6,725	_
(2)	Long-term loans payable within one year	159	159	_
(3)	Income taxes payable	4,427	4,427	_
(4)	Long-term loans payable	132	132	0
	Total liabilities	11,444	11,444	0

^{*} Allowance for doubtful accounts that is recorded for accounts receivable-trade is deducted.

Note 1: Information on the method for computing the market value of financial instruments and on marketable securities

Assets

(1) Cash and deposits (2) accounts receivable-trade

Market value of these accounts is stated at balance sheet value since these accounts are settled in a short period of time, making the market value almost identical to the balance sheet value.

(3) Marketable securities & investment securities

Market value of shares is stated at exchange price and that of bonds at a price quoted by counterparty financial institution. Market value of negotiable certificates of deposit is stated at balance sheet value since they are settled in a short period of time, marking the market value almost identical to the balance sheet value.

Liabilities

(1) Accounts payable-trade (2) long-term loans payable within 1 year (3) income taxes payable Market value of these accounts is stated at balance sheet value since they are settled in a short period of time, marking the market value almost identical to the balance sheet value.

(4) Long-term loans payable

Market value of long-term loans payable is stated at the present value determined by discounting the total amount of principal and interest at an interest rate expected to be applicable if the amount were newly borrowed in a comparable manner.

Note 2: Financial instruments whose market value is deemed to be very difficult to identify

(Millions of yen)

Category	Value recorded on consolidated balance sheets
Unlisted shares	74

No market price is available for unlisted shares whose market value is deemed to be very difficult to identify. Thus, they are not included in "(3) Marketable securities & investment securities."

Note 3: Values of monetary claims and securities with maturity expected to be redeemed after the consolidated closing date

(Millions of yen)

	Within 1 year	Over 1 year and within 5 years	Over 5 years and within 10 years	Over 10 years
Cash and deposits	74,322	_	_	_
Accounts receivable-trade	11,739	_	_	_
Marketable securities and investment securities				
Of other securities, those with maturity	394	_	_	_
Total	86,456	_	_	_

Note 4: Value of expected repayments of long-term loans payable after consolidated balance sheet date

(Millions of yen)

	Within 1 year	Over 1 year and within 2 years	Over 2 years and within 3 years	Over 3 years
Long-term loans payable	159	94	37	_

6. Notes on per-share information

(1) Net assets per share

103.59 yen

(2) Net income per share

23.32 yen

7. Notes on significant subsequent events

The company resolved to table a proposal regarding a share consolidation of 1 share for every 10 common shares at the forthcoming 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled for March 22, 2019 at the board of directors held on February 1, 2019, we will implement the share consolidation, which will come into effect on July 1st, 2019 on obtaining the approval of shareholders at the shareholders meeting.

Balance Sheets

(As of December 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Account Items	Amount	Account Items	Amount
Ass	ets	Liabi	lities
Current assets	70,003	Current liabilities	6,483
Cash and deposits	62,868	Notes and accounts payable-trade	302
Accounts receivable- trade	5,776	Accounts payable-other	1,758
Advance payments	640	Lease obligations	32
Deferred tax assets	250	Accrued expenses	57
Other	467	Income taxes payable	4,165
Non-current assets	11,862	Other	166
Property, plant and equipment	136	Non-current liabilities	347
Buildings	1	Lease obligations	10
Equipment	135	Asset disposal obligation	337
Intangible assets	1,424	Total liabilities	6,831
Software	49	Net as	ssets
Software in progress	1,279	Shareholders' equity	74,149
Other	95	Capital stock	5,338
Investments and other assets	10,300	Capital surplus	5,331
Stock of affiliates	1,870	Legal capital surplus	5,331
Long-term loans	4,835	Retained earnings	143,506
Long-term prepaid expenses	244	Other retained earnings	143,506
Deferred tax assets	5,173	Retained earnings brought forward	143,506
Deposit	2,361	Treasury shares	△80,027
Allowance for doubtful accounts	Δ4,185	Stock option	885
		Total net assets	75,034
Total assets	81,865	Total liabilities and net assets	81,865

Profit and Loss Statement

(From January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Account Items	Amou	nt
Net sales		62,340
Cost of sales		21,027
Gross profit on sales		41,312
Total selling, general and administrative expenses		17,406
Operating profit		23,906
Non-operating profit		
Interest income	115	
Others	8	123
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	0	
Foreign exchange losses	46	
Others	1	47
Ordinary profit		23,981
Extraordinary loss		
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	546	
Impairment loss	358	
Loss on valuation of stocks of affiliates	607	1,512
Income before income taxes		22,469
Income taxes—current		7,466
Income taxes—deferred		∆348
Net profit		15,351

Changes in Net Assets

(January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2018)

(Units: Million yen)

		Shareholders' equity						
		Capital surplus Reta			Retained e	arnings		
	Capital	Legal	Other capital surplus	Total	Other retained earnings	Total	Treasury	Total share-
	stock	capital surplus	Gains on sales of treasury shares	capital surplus	Retained earnings brought forward	retained earning	shares	holders' equity
Balance at the								
beginning of current	5,338	5,331	4	5,336	130,298	130,298	∆80,118	60,854
period								
Changes of items during the period								
Dividends paid					∆2,133	∆2,133		∆2,133
Net Income					15,351	15,351		15,351
Subscription rights to shares			∆15	∆15		10,001	91	76
Transfer of disposal losses of treasury shares			10	10	∆10	∆10		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity								
Total changes of items during the period	-	-	∆4	Δ4	13,207	13,207	91	13,294
Balance at the end of current period	5,338	5,331	-	5,331	143,506	143,506	∆80,027	74,149

	Stock option	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of current period	727	61,581
Changes of items during the period		
Dividends paid		∆2,133
Net Income		15,351
Subscription rights to shares		76
Transfer of disposal losses of treasury shares		-
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	157	157
Total changes of items during the period	157	13,452
Balance at the end of current period	885	75,034

Notes to non-consolidated financial statements

- 1. Notes on matters pertaining to significant accounting policies
- (1) Valuation standard and method for securities

Shares in subsidiaries Stated at cost by using the moving-average

method

(2) Methods for depreciation and amortization of non-current assets

1) Property, plant and equipmenta. Assets acquired prior to or on March 31, other than lease assets 2007: The former declining-balance method is

used.

b. Assets acquired on or after April 1, 2007:

The declining-balance method is used.

However, the straight-line method is used for building fixtures and structures acquired on or

after April 1, 2016

Shown below are principal useful lives:

Buildings: 3 years

Tools and fixtures: 3 to 10 years

2) Intangible non-current assetsAmortized mainly by using the straight-line other than lease assets method. Software for in-house use is

amortized based on available period (1 to 5 years); provided, however, that intangible noncurrent assets for portable device games are

amortized based on expected sales.

3) Lease assets Lease assets are depreciated by using the

straight-line method with the lease period as the useful life and with the residual value at

zero.

(3) Accounting standards of allowances

Allowance for doubtful accounts

To prepare for potential credit losses on receivables, the Company records allowances for doubtful accounts at an estimated uncollectible amount assigned based on the historical credit loss experience for general receivables, and in consideration of individual collectability for specific receivables such as doubtful receivables.

(4) Standard for translation of foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities into yen

Foreign currency-denominated monetary claims and liabilities are translated into yen by using the spot foreign exchange rate prevailing on the closing date with any translation difference accounted for as a profit or loss.

(5) Accounting treatment of consumption taxes

The tax exclusion method is used for accounting treatment of consumption taxes and municipal consumption taxes.

2. Notes on balance sheet

(1) Cumulative depreciation of property, 1,563 million yen plant and equipment

(2) Monetary claims and liabilities to related companies

Short-term monetary claims 34 million yen
Long-term monetary claims 4,835 million yen
Short-term monetary liabilities 243 million yen

3. Notes to profit and loss statement

(1) Transactions with related companies

Operating transactions (income) 25 million yen
Operating transactions (expenditure) 2,952 million yen
Non-operating transactions (income) 117 million yen

(2) Total research & development expenditures

Research & development expenditures included in general and administrative expenses

388 million yen

4. Notes to changes in net assets

Number of treasury shares as of December 31, 2016 240,617,438 shares

5. Notes on tax effect accounting

Breakdown of deferred tax assets by cause

Deferred tax assets

Enterprise taxes payable 206 million yen

Depreciation & amortization excess value

Allowance of doubtful accounts 1,281 million yen

Loss on valuation of shares in related companies

Other 461 million yen

Subtotal 5,424 million yen
Valuation provision —
Total deferred tax assets 5,424 million yen

6. Notes on transactions with interested parties Subsidiaries and affiliates

Category	Company name	Voting rights holding ratio (%)	Relationship with interested party	Transaction description	Transaction value (millions of yen)	Account	Period-end balance (millions of yen)
Subsidiary	GungHo Online Entertainment America, Inc.	100.00	Concurrent service as director Provision of loans	Provision of loans	520	Long-term loan	4,145

Terms and conditions of transaction and policy on determining terms and conditions

Notes:

- 1. Consumption taxes are not included in transaction values and period-end balances.
- 2. Provision of loans is determined upon negotiations based on the terms and conditions (loan interest rate) proposed by the Company in consideration of market interest rates.
- 3. The Company recorded 3,495 million yen as an allowance for doubtful accounts related to long-term loans to GungHo Online Entertainment America, Inc.
- 7. Notes on per-share information

(1) Net assets per share(2) Net income per share21.58 yen

8. Notes on companies to which regulation on consolidated dividend applies GungHo is a company to which regulation on consolidated dividend applies.

9. Notes on significant subsequent events

The company resolved to table a proposal regarding a share consolidation of 1 share for every 10 common shares at the forthcoming 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled for March 22, 2019 at the board of directors held on February 1, 2019, we will implement the share consolidation, which will come into effect on July 1st, 2019 on obtaining the approval of shareholders at the shareholders meeting.

Accounting Auditor's report on consolidated financial statements

Independent Auditor's Report

February 15, 2019

To the Board of Directors of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.

Designated and Engagement Partner Yoshio Chiyoda (Seal) Certified Public Accountant Designated and Engagement Partner

We have audited, pursuant to Article 444, Paragraph 4 of the Companies Act of Japan, the consolidated financial statements of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") for the consolidated fiscal year from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018, which consist of consolidated balance sheets, consolidated statements of income, consolidated statements of changes in net assets and notes to consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan. This responsibility includes development and operation of internal controls that are deemed necessary by management for preparing and fairly presenting consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility:

Our responsibility is to express, based on our audit, an opinion on these consolidated financial statements from an independent standpoint. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we formulate an audit plan and perform the audit according to the plan in order to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures are selected and applied at the auditors' judgment, based on an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. Although the purpose of the audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls, in making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate for the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating accounting policies used by management, how they were applied and accounting estimates made by management, as well as examining the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Auditors' Opinion:

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the corporate group which consists of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries for the period covered by the consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Matter to be Emphasized

As recorded in the notes on significant subsequent events, a resolution was passed at the Board of Directors meeting held on February 1, 2019 to the effect that a proposal would be tabled at the forthcoming 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled for March 22, 2019 regarding a share consolidation of one (1) share for every ten (10) common shares to go into effect on July 1, 2019.

The matter in question will not have any impact on this auditor's opinion.

Conflict of interest

We have no interest in or relationship with the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Accounting Auditor's report on non-consolidated financial statements

Independent Auditor's Report

February 15, 2019

To the Board of Directors of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.

Designated and Engagement Partner Yoshio Chiyoda (Seal) Certified Public Accountant Designated and Engagement Partner

We have audited, pursuant to Article 436, Paragraph 2, Item 1 of the Companies Act of Japan, the non-consolidated financial statements of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as the "Company") for the 22nd fiscal year from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018, which consist of non-consolidated balance sheet, non-consolidated profit and loss statement, non-consolidated statement of changes in net assets, notes to non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules.

Management's Responsibility for Non-Consolidated Financial Statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan. This responsibility includes development and operation of internal controls that are deemed necessary by management for preparing and fairly presenting non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility:

Our responsibility is to express, based on our audit, an opinion on these non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules from an independent standpoint. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we formulate an audit plan and perform the audit according to the plan in order to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules. The procedures are selected and applied at the auditors' judgment, based on an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules, whether due to fraud or error. Although the purpose of the audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls, in making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate for the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating accounting policies used by management, how they were applied and accounting estimates made by management, as well as examining the overall presentation of the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Auditors' Opinion:

In our opinion, the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the results of operations of the Company for the period covered by the non-consolidated financial statements and their supplementary schedules in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Matter to be Emphasized

As recorded in the notes on significant subsequent events, a resolution was passed at the Board of Directors meeting held on February 1, 2019 to the effect that a proposal would be tabled at the forthcoming 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled for March 22, 2019 regarding a share consolidation of one (1) share for every ten (10) common shares to go into effect on July 1, 2019.

The matter in question will not have any impact on this auditor's opinion.

Conflict of interest

We have no interest in or relationship with the Company which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Audit Report

Regarding the performance of duties by Directors for the 22nd fiscal year from January 1 to December 31, 2018, the Board of Corporate Auditors hereby submits its audit report, which has been prepared upon deliberations based on audit reports each prepared by Auditors.

- 1. Contents and Method of Audit by Auditors and the Board of Corporate Auditors
- (1) The Board of Corporate Auditors determined its auditing policy, an allocation of duties and other relevant matters, and received reports from Auditors on their audit and the results, and also received reports from Directors and the Accounting Auditors regarding the performance of their duties, and sought explanations, as required.
- (2) Auditors, in conformity to the auditing standards of Auditors established by the Board of Corporate Auditors, and obeying the auditing policy and allocation of duties, among other relevant matters, communicated with Directors and the Internal Auditing Division, other employees and any other relevant personnel, and made efforts to collect information and prepare the environment for audit, while conducting the audit by the method set forth below.
- (i) Auditors participated in Board of Directors meetings and other important meetings, received reports from Directors, employees and other relevant personnel on the performance of their duties, sought explanations as required, examined important authorization documents and associated information, and studied the operations and financial position at the head office and principal business offices. With respect to subsidiaries, Auditors communicated and exchanged information with Directors and Auditors of subsidiaries, and received business reports from the subsidiaries, as required.
- (ii) Auditors examined the system to ensure that the performance of duties by Directors stated in the Business Report conforms to applicable laws and ordinances and the Articles of Incorporation. They also examined the system prepared based on the contents of the resolutions of the Board of Directors and on such resolutions on the development of the system stipulated in Article 100, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations (internal control system), as measures required to secure the appropriateness of the operations of the corporate group comprising the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries. Auditors received regular reports from Directors, employees and other relevant personnel regarding the building and operation of the system, requested explanations as required and expressed opinions.
- (iii) With regard to matters stated in the Business Report as set forth in Article 118, Item 5 (a) of the Companies Act Enforcement Regulations and judgment and reason set forth in Article 118, Item 5 (b) of the same regulations, Auditors examined these matters in consideration of the state of deliberations at Board of Directors meetings and other meetings.
- (iv) In addition to monitoring and verifying whether the Accounting Auditor maintained its independence and implemented appropriate audits, Auditors received reports from the Accounting Auditor on the performance of its duties and sought explanations as required. Moreover, we received a notice from the Accounting Auditor stating that the "system for ensuring that duties are performed properly" (matters set forth in the items of Article 131 of the Company Accounting Regulations) was developed in accordance with the "Audit Quality Control Standards" (Business Accounting Council, October 28, 2005), etc., and sought explanations, as required.

Based on the above method, we examined the Business Report, its supplementary schedules, non-consolidated financial statements (non-consolidated balance sheet, non-consolidated profit and loss statement, non-consolidated statement of changes in net assets and notes to non-consolidated financial statements) and their supplementary schedules for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, as well as consolidated financial statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statements of income, consolidated statement of changes in net assets and notes to consolidated financial statements) for the same fiscal year.

2. Results of Audit

- (1) Results of Audit of Business Report and Other Relevant Documents
 - 1) In our opinion, the Business Report and its supplementary schedules fairly represent the Company's situation in conformity to applicable laws and ordinances and the Articles of Incorporation.
 - 2) Our audit did not discover any wrongful act or any material breach of applicable laws or ordinances or the Articles of Incorporation with respect to the performance of duties by Members of the Board of Directors.
 - 3) In our opinion, the resolutions of the Board of Directors for the Company's internal control system are appropriate. We did not discover any matter required to be pointed out concerning the contents of the Business Report and the execution of duties by Members of the Board of Directors with respect to the internal control system.
 - 4) Our audit did not discover any matter required to be pointed out with regard to any conscious effort made not to harm the Company's interests when engaging in such transactions with the parent and other relevant entity as are specified in the Business Report, and concerning judgment by the Board of Directors on whether any of such transactions would harm the Company's interests as well as the reason for the judgment.
- (2) Results of Audit of Non-Consolidated Financial Statements and Supplementary Schedules In our opinion, the audit method employed by PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata and the audit results are fair and reasonable.
- (3) Results of Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

In our opinion, the audit method employed by PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata and the audit results are fair and reasonable.

February 19, 2019

Yoichiro Ando
Full-time Auditor
Hiroto Uehara
Auditor
Toshiro Kaba
Auditor
Board of Corporate Auditors
GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.

Note: Yoichiro Ando, Auditor, Hiroto Uehara, Auditor and Toshiro Kaba, Auditor are all external auditors stipulated in Article 2, Item 16 and Article 335, Paragraph 3 of the Companies Act of Japan.

Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders

Proposals and Reference Materials

Proposal 1: Consolidation of Shares

1. Reason of the consolidation

The company implemented share splits between 2013 to 2014 to improve liquidity of shares and broaden investor base in consideration of the company's share price and investment unit. As a result, the total number of outstanding shares by the Company was 952,103,160 as of December 31, 2018, but this is approximately 6.6 times the average for companies listed on the first section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange. The majority of other companies in the same industry that are listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange have an total number of outstanding shares of fewer than 150,000,000, in comparison to which the number of the Company's shares issued is extremely high.

With regard to the share price, the smallest unit of change for the share price (1 yen) results in a relatively large percentage change, and its status as a target for speculation tends to result in large fluctuations in the share price. We recognize that this can have a significant effect on general shareholders. Moreover, the current share price level is below the lower end of the investment unit range of 50,000 yen to 500,000 yen designated as desirable by the Tokyo Stock Exchange's Securities Listing Regulations.

In order to rectify this situation, the Company has decided to implement a share consolidation of 1 share for every 10 shares, conditional on obtaining the approval of shareholders at the AGM. With regard to the share price, because external factors such as market conditions are also involved it is not possible to make definitive statements, but in theory a consolidation of shares would be expected to result in an increase in the share price proportional to the consolidation ratio. Accordingly, this would resolve the issue of the large percentage changes in the share price for every 1-yen move, which could be expected to result in a more appropriate evaluation of the Company's shares in the stock market, in addition to which we anticipate that it would be easier to compare the Company's share price and per-share indicators (profit, net assets, etc.) with those of other companies. Moreover, the share price level after the consolidation is predicted to fall within the investment unit range of 50,000 yen to 500,000 yen designated as desirable by the Tokyo Stock Exchange's Securities Listing Regulations.

2. Consolidation ratio

The Company will implement a share consolidation of 1 share for every 10 shares regarding common stock. In the event that fractions of less than 1 share are generated as a result of the consolidation of shares, the Company shall dispose of such fractions all together, or purchase them as treasury shares, and distribute the proceeds to the shareholders for which fractions arose, in proportion to the incidence of those fractions.

- 3. Date on which the consolidation of shares comes into effect July 1st, 2019
- 4. Total number of shares authorized to be issued after consolidation 321,200,000 shares

5. Other

The share consolidation to which this proposal pertains shall be conducted on the condition that Proposal 2 (Partial Amendment of the Article of Incorporation) is subject to approval at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. Please note that the Company would like to leave any matters required in terms of other procedures to the Board of Directors of the Company.

Note: The share consolidation will result in a decrease of the total number of shares outstanding to 1/10th of the current number. However, net assets and other such figures will not fluctuate as a result, meaning that the amount of net assets per share will increase ten-fold. There will be no fluctuations seen in terms of asset value for shares of the Company owned by shareholders other than fluctuations resulting from other factors,

such as fluctuations seen in stock market conditions.

[Reference]

1. As contained in a press release published by the Company on February 1, 2019, an acquisition of treasury shares will be conducted on the condition that approval is obtained for this proposal concerning a consolidation of shares.

If we exclude factors such as changes in market conditions, this consolidation of shares will not affect the asset value of shares of the Company owned by its shareholders, but because it will result in the occurrence of shares amounting to less than one trading unit, a certain number of shares may be disposed of in the market, for which reason the Company will, in addition to acquiring treasury shares, seek to improve capital efficiency and to raise the shareholder value per share, with the aim of improving returns to shareholders.

2. Details of matters relating to the acquisition

(1) Type of shares to be acquired(2) Total number of shares to be acquiredTo be decided

(3) Total purchase amount 5,000 million yen (upper limit)

(4) Period of acquisition To be decided

*The total number of shares to be acquired and the period of acquisition are scheduled to be decided by resolution at a meeting of the Board of Directors to be held after approval for the consolidation of shares has been obtained at the 22nd Annual General Meeting of Shareholders on March 22, 2019.

Proposal 2: Partial Amendment of the Article of Incorporation

- 1. Reason for amending the Articles of Incorporation
- 1) The amendment to Article 6 of the current Articles of Incorporation ("Total number of shares authorized to be issued") is proposed in order to reduce the total number of shares authorized to be issued in accordance with the consolidation of shares ratio of Proposal 1: Consolidation of Shares.
- *The amendment to Article 6 of the current Articles of Incorporation ("Total number of shares authorized to be issued"), shall be contingent on Proposal 1 for the consolidation of shares, being approved, and shall be effected on the date on which the consolidation of shares comes into force (July 1, 2019).
- 2) In order to put in place a system for the additional purchase of shares amounting to less than one trading unit, the proposed amendments require the addition of a new Paragraph 4 to Article 8 ("Rights pertaining to shares amounting to less than one trading unit"), and Article 9 ("Additional purchase of shares amounting to less than one trading unit").
- 3) In addition to the above, the article numbers will be shifted downward in accordance with the establishment of new provisions.
- *The proposed amendments for the addition of a new Paragraph 4 to Article 8 ("Rights pertaining to shares amounting to less than one trading unit"), and Article 9 ("Additional purchase of shares amounting to less than one trading unit"), as well as the downward shift in the article numbers, are conditional upon approval being obtained for the proposal related to the consolidation of shares, and shall come into force at the point at which approval is gained at the AGM.

2. Details of the amendments Changes are as follows.

Current Articles Of Incorporation	Proposed amendment
(Total number of shares authorized to be issued)	(Total number of shares authorized to be issued)
Article 6	Article 6
The total number of shares authorized to be issued by	The total number of shares authorized to be issued by
the Company shall be 3,212,000,000 shares.	the Company shall be 321,200,000 shares.
(Rights pertaining to shares amounting to less than one	(Rights pertaining to shares amounting to less than one
trading unit)	trading unit)
Article 8	Article 8
A shareholder of the Company may not exercise any	A shareholder of the Company may not exercise any
rights with respect to shares amounting to less than	rights with respect to shares amounting to less than
one trading unit owned by said shareholder, except for	one trading unit owned by said shareholder, except for
the following:	the following:
(1) - (3) (Article text omitted)	(1) - (3) (Unchanged)
(Newly established)	(4)The right to make a request pursuant to the
	provisions of the following article

Proposal 3: Election of Nine (9) Directors

The terms of office of all nine (9) Directors will expire at the close of this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. Thus, it is proposed that nine (9) Directors.

The candidates for Directors are as follows:

No.	Name (Date of Birth)		Career Summary, Position, Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions	Number of Company Shares Held	
		April 1994	Joined PALTEK CORPORATION		
		July 1996	Joined SOFTCREATE CORP		
		March 2000	Director of Dolphin Net Corporation		
		December 2000	Director of Kickers Network, Inc.		
		May 2001	General Manager of E Service Department of ONSale Co., Ltd (currently, GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.)		
	1. 1. 1. 1.	August 2002	COO of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.	10,096,000	
1	Kazuki Morishita (September 16, 1973)	January 2004	President & CEO of the Company (to present)	shares	
	(ocptember 10, 1979)	December 2005	Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd.		
		March 2008	President & Representative Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd. (to present)		
		(Significant Co	oncurrent Positions)		
		President & F	Representative Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd.		
		Executive Dir	ector of GRAVITY Co., Ltd.		

No.	Name (Date of Birth)		Career Summary, Position, Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions	Number of Company Shares Held
2	Kazuya Sakai (January 28, 1965)	Director of Ga Executive Dire	Director and General Manager of Administration Division of Expression Tools, Inc. Vice President of Expression Tools, Inc. Chief Executive Officer of Expression Tools, Inc. Representative Liquidator of Expression Tools, Inc. Joined GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. as General Manager of Management Division and CFO Director of the Company (to present) Executive General Manager of Management Division and CFO of the Company General Manager of Financial Strategy Division and CFO of the Company General Manager of Business Administration Division and CFO of the Company Managing Executive Officer of the Company Executive General Manager of Finance & Accounting Division and CFO of the Company Managing Executive Officer and Executive General Manager of Finance & Accounting Division and CFO of the Company Managing Executive Officer and Executive General Manager of Finance & Accounting Division and CFO and IRO of the Company Executive General Manager of Finance Accounting Division and CFO and IRO of the Company Executive General Manager of Finance Accounting Division and CFO and IRO of the Company Executive General Manager of Finance Accounting Division and CFO and IRO of the Company Executive General Manager of Finance Accounting Division and CFO of the Company (to present) Director of Game Arts Co., Ltd. (to present)	1,000,000 shares
			ngHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd. ngHo Gamania Co.,Limited Director	

Candid ate No.	Name (Date of Birth)		Career Summary, Position, Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions	Number of Company Shares Held
3	Yoshinori Kitamura (June 11, 1968)	September 1999 January 2002 February 2003 January 2006 March 2006 July 2007 October 2009 March 2012 October 2015	Joined Gakusei Engokai Co., Ltd. (currently, PERSOL CAREER CO., LTD.) Joined Rothmans Japan Joined ICC Co. Ltd. Joined NC Japan K.K. Joined GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. as General Manager of Marketing Division Executive General Manager of Marketing Division of the Company Director of the Company (to present) Executive General Manager of International Business Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and Executive General Manager of International Division of the Company Executive General Manager of International Division of the Company (to present) Executive General Manager of GV business Division of the Company (to present) Executive General Manager of GV business Division of the Company (to present)	400,000 shares
4	Masato Ochi (December 17, 1968)	April 1987 January 1992 October 1995 May 2000 December 2000 February 2002 February 2007 July 2007 April 2008 October 2009 March 2010 July 2010 January 2011 January 2012 March 2012	Joined Ebisho Co. Ltd. Joined Daiichi Takachiho Corporation Joined SOFTCREATE CORP Director of Dolphin Net Corporation as Director Joined Kickers Network, Inc. Joined GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. General Manager of Marketing Division No. 3 of the Company Executive General Manager of Publishing Division of the Company Senior Executive Officer and General Manager of Online Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and General Manager of Game Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and General Manager of Game Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and General Manager of Game Division and Executive General Manager of Business Administration Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and General Manager of Game Division of the Company Managing Executive Officer and Senior General Manager of Online Division of the Company Senior General Manager of Online Division of the Company Executive General Manager of System/CustomerService Division of the Company	50,000 shares

				T
Candid ate No.	Name (Date of Birth)		Career Summary, Position, Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions	Number of Company Shares Held
		April 1977	Joined ARABIAN OIL COMPANY, LTD.	
		May 2000	Joined Nintendo Co., Ltd.	
		January 2002	General Manager of General Affairs Division of Nintendo Co., Ltd.	
		October 2005	Executive General Manager of General Affairs Division of Nintendo Co., Ltd.	
		June 2006	Director of Nintendo Co., Ltd.	
5	Koji Yoshida (November 27, 1953)	April 2011	Joined GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. as Assistant to Executive General Manager of Business Administration Division	10,000 shares
		July 2011	Executive General Manager of Business Administration	
		March 2012	Division and CCO of the Company (to present) Director of the Company (to present)	
		(Significant Co	ncurrent Positions)	
		` •	ungHo Online Entertainment Asia Pacific Pte. Ltd.	
			President and Representative Director of Indigo Corporation	
		April 2000	Director of SoftBank E-Commerce Corp. (currently, SoftBank Corp.)	
		August 2000	President and Representative Director of ONSale Co., Ltd. (currently, GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.)	
6	Taizo Son	January 2004	Chairman of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc.	33,850,000
	(September 29, 1972)	March 2016	Director of GungHo Online Entertainment, Inc. (to present)	shares
		(Significant Co	oncurrent Positions)	
		Representat	ive Director of Belleisle K.K.	
		Representat	ive Director of Heartis Inc.	
		April 1989	Joined The Mitsubishi Bank, Ltd. (currently, The Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd.)	
		December 2006	Group Manager of Finance Planning, Finance Department of SoftBank Corp. (currently, SoftBank Group Corp.)	
_	Norikazu Oba	June 2008	Senior Executive Officer and Executive General Manager of Financial Strategy Division of GungHo Online Entertainment,	
7	(August 27, 1966)	March 2011	Inc. (seconded from SoftBank Corp.) Director of the Company (to present)	
		(Significant Co	ncurrent Positions)	
			ger of the Finance Planning Department of SoftBank Group Corp e Director & Vice President and CFO of J.Score CO., LTD.	

Candid ate No.	Name (Date of Birth)	Career Summary, Position, Assignment, and Significant Concurrent Positions		Number of Company Shares Held
8	Hidetsugu Onishi (March 7, 1964)	April 1986 December	Joined Fuji Bank, Ltd. (currently Mizuho Bank) Investment officer, Fuji Capital Management Co., Ltd. (currently	
		1999	Mizuho Capital Partners Co., Ltd.)	
		February 2002	Director and CFO, Link Theory Holdings Co., Ltd. (currently Link Theory Japan Co., Ltd.)	
		September 2009	Executive Officer & CFO, FAST RETAILING CO., LTD.	
		November 2011	Outside Director, Karita and Company, Inc. (to present)	7,300 shares
		September 2013	Outside Director, beauty experience Inc. (to present)	
		March 2016	Director of the Company (to present)	
		(Significant Concurrent Positions)		
		Co-CEO, Integrity Partners LLC		
		CEO, Avergence Incorporated		
9		April, 1982	Joined Japan External Trade Organization	
		July, 1988	Joined Bankers Trust (currently Deutsche Securities Inc.)	
		July, 1999	Head of M&A Group of Deutsche Securities Inc.	
		November, 2006	Vice Chairman, Global Banking Group of Deutsche Securities Inc.	
		September, 2009	Chairman of Japan of Lincoln International	
	Keiji Mlyakawa	June, 2012	Outside Auditor of ASICS Corporation	5,000
	(November 5, 1958)	June, 2013	Outside Director of ASICS Corporation	shares
		March, 2016	Auditor of ASICS Corporation (to present)	
		March, 2018	Director of the Company (to present)	
		January, 2019	Senior Advisor of Japan of Lincoln International (to present)	
		(Significant Concurrent Positions) Senior Advisor of Japan of Lincoln International		

(Note)

- . The candidates proposed to serve as Directors do not have any special interests in the Company.
- 2. Mr. Hidetsugu Onishi and Mr. Keiji Miyakawa are outside director candidates.
- 3. The reason that an outside director candidate Mr. Hidetsugu Onishi and Mr. Keiji Miyakawa elected as the outside director candidate are as follows.
 - (1) It will be proposed that Mr. Onishi be elected as Outside Director because, given the wealth of experience and extensive knowledge he has in corporate business administration, the Company intends to obtain his advice on its overall business administration, thereby striving to further enhance its corporate governance platform, grow the organization continuously and improve its enterprise value further. Please note that the term of office for this individual as an Outside Director of the Company will be three years starting at the end of this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.
 - (2) It will be proposed that Mr. Keiji Miyakawa be elected as Outside Director because, given the wealth of experience and expertise he has as a financial services executive, the Company intends to obtain his advice on its overall business administration, thereby striving to further enhance its corporate governance platform, grow the organization continuously, and further improve its enterprise value. Please note that the term of office for this individual as an Outside Director of the Company will be one year starting at the end of this Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.
- 4. A liability limitation agreement has been entered into by and between the Company and Directors, Mr. Taizo Son, Mr. Norikazu Oba, Mr. Hidetsugu Onishi and Mr. Keiji Miyakawa. If the elections of director candidates are approved, the Company will enter into a liability limitation agreement. Regarding outline of liability agreement, please refer to page10.