This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between these translated documents and the Japanese originals, the original shall prevail. The Company assumes no responsibility for this translation or for direct, indirect or any other forms of damages arising from the translation.

### Disclosure on the Internet accompanying the Notice of the 71st Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

System to Ensure Proper Execution of Business and Status of Operation of the System	Page 1
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	Page 5
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	Page 6
Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	Page 19
Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements	Page 20

The aforementioned content is posted on the website of TOHO HOLDINGS ("the Company") (https://ir.tohohd.co.jp/en/Stock/Meeting.html) and is provided to the shareholders via the Internet, pursuant to laws and regulations and Article 14 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company.

# TOHO HOLDINGS CO., LTD.

### System to Ensure Proper Execution of Business and Status of Operation of the System

The following descriptions outline the decisions made with respect to the system to ensure that the Directors' execution of duties complies with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and other systems to ensure the proper execution of business of the Company.

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, the Company has established the following "Basic Policies for the Internal Control System," and will faithfully comply with the Basic Policies in order to ensure the legality and efficiency of the Company's business and to manage risks. In response to changes in social and economic conditions and other environments surrounding the Company, the Company will review the Basic Policies and seek to improve and enhance the Basic Policies.

(1) System to ensure that the Directors execute their duties in compliance with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

1) Under the "Kyoso Mirai Group Ethical Code" (hereinafter referred to as the "Ethical Code"), the Company has formulated the ethical standards and a code of conduct that must be followed in compliance with laws and regulations, as well as social norms. All employees (including Directors, Corporate Officers and employees) of the Kyoso Mirai Group act in accordance with this Ethical Code.

2) Pursuant to the provisions of laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors Rules, etc., the Board of Directors makes decisions on the Company's execution of business and monitors and supervises the execution of business of group companies.

3) In order to ensure that the execution of duties of each Director will be supervised by the Board of Directors, each Director properly reports to the Board of Directors on the status of business execution by the Company and group companies and the Directors mutually monitor and supervise each other's execution of duties.
4) By executing duties in compliance with laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors Rules, Decision-Making (*Ringi*) Rules, etc., the Directors ensure proper decision-making and the execution of duties.

5) Pursuant to the provisions of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the Directors establish and continuously operate and assess the system in which internal control over financial reporting of group companies is effectively and appropriately conducted, and ensure the reliability and appropriateness of the financial reporting of the Company group.

6) In order to ensure that the execution of duties by each Director of the Company group will follow laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, and various rules, the Company has established a whistle-blowing desk to receive whistleblowers' reports internally (Toho Hotline) and externally, and ensures that whistleblowers will not be treated disadvantageously.

(2) System to ensure that the execution of duties by employees will be in compliance with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

1) In order to ensure that employees execute their duties while always being conscious of compliance, the Company strives so that the Ethical Code will be practically and fully applied under the control and supervision of the Group Management Committee. In particular, the Company makes efforts for maintaining and strengthening the system to ensure compliance with laws and regulations related to pharmaceutical affairs, laws and regulations for securing fair competition such as the Antimonopoly Act, strict control of corporate information and personal information, etc., and for providing employees with education and enlightening employees about the system.

2) The Company fully ensures that the business will be executed and managed in a proper manner through the office organization. If any problem arises, the Company will make a disposition in a proper and strict manner in accordance with the rules of employment and immediately take measures to prevent any recurrence of such problem.

3) In order to ensure that the execution of duties by employees of the Company group complies with laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, and various rules, the Company has established a whistle-blowing desk to receive whistleblowers' reports internally (Toho Hotline) and externally, and ensures that whistle-blowers will not be treated disadvantageously. Through these efforts, the Company tries to ensure that the whistle-blowing system will be effectively and smoothly operated.

4) By periodically conducting internal audits, the Company checks whether the execution of duties by employees of the Company group complies with laws and regulations, the Articles of Incorporation, and various rules, and maintains and strengthens the proper execution of duties.

(3) System to preserve and control information concerning the Directors' execution of their duties 1) The Company properly preserves and controls the documents (including electronic records) related to the Directors' execution of their duties and other important information in accordance with laws and regulations and the "Document Handling Rules."

2) By undergoing audits conducted by the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members, the Company ensures the appropriateness of the creation, preservation, and control of information concerning the Directors' execution of duties.

(4) Rules and other systems related to the control of the risk of loss

 Pursuant to the "Risk Management Basic Rules," the Company promotes the establishment of the Company group's risk management system, and makes efforts for early detection and understanding of any actual or potential risks that come to exist within the Company group, and for taking proper measures for such risks.
 Through the Group Compliance Risk Management Committee, Group Disaster Countermeasure Committee, etc., the Company provides the Group Management Committee with risk information, and makes efforts for maintaining and improving the risk management system by taking appropriate measures.
 If any unexpected circumstance occurs to the Company group, a task force will be established at the Company or a business operating company. The task force will be directed by the President (or a person appointed by the President) and take swift actions to organize a system to minimize damage and to maintain and establish the supply system for pharmaceuticals.

4) In order to maintain the normal operation of the computer processing systems, the Company introduced a back-up system by maintaining multiple data centers and has properly established a system in preparation for accidents.

(5) System to ensure that the Directors execute their duties in an efficient manner

 As the basis for the system to ensure the Directors execute their duties in an efficient manner, the Company holds the Board of Directors meeting on a specified date each month, and extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors as necessary. The Board of Directors meeting deliberates important issues related to business management, passes resolutions for such issues, and supervises the Directors' execution of their duties, etc.
 The Group Management Committee sufficiently examines in advance any matters to be discussed and reported to the Board of Directors, so that the Company will be able to maintain the efficient and practical operation of the Board of Directors meeting.

3) In order to ensure that the Directors execute their duties in an efficient manner, the Company stipulates the "Organizational Rules," "Rules on Division of Duties," and "Rules on Duties and Authorities," appoints a person in charge of each set of rules, and formulates procedures for the enforcement of each set of rules.
4) Through the Board of Directors meeting, the Company periodically checks the progress of the Company group's business activities based on a medium-term management plan and an annual management plan.

(6) System to ensure the proper business execution of the Company group

1) System under which the Directors, etc., of subsidiaries report to the Company about matters related to the execution of their duties

The Company has established decision-making standards for business execution by subsidiaries. Any business execution that is considered important under the standards will be discussed at and reported to the Group Management Committee, and where necessary, discussed at and reported to the Board of Directors meeting. Subsidiaries are required to make reports pursuant to the "Affiliates Management Rules," for the purpose of subsidiary management.

2) Rules and other systems concerning the management of the risk of loss of subsidiaries

In order to properly address the "management risk" referred to in the "Risk Management Basic Rules," the Company has established the Group Compliance Risk Management Committee, for the purpose of promoting group-wide risk management.

3) System to ensure that the Directors, etc., of subsidiaries execute their duties in an efficient manner Pursuant to the basic policies stipulated in the "Affiliates Management Rules," the Company has established the reporting system for the purpose of subsidiary management, and the Group Management Committee discusses important issues related to subsidiaries.

4) System to ensure that the Directors, etc., and employees of subsidiaries execute their duties in compliance with laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

a. For the purpose of securing proper business execution, the Company ensures that subsidiaries will fully comply with the rules of conduct in accordance with the ethical standards prescribed in the Ethical Code.

b. Through internal audits periodically conducted by the Company, the Company audits the business of subsidiaries in order to ensure the proper business execution of subsidiaries.

(7) System related to certain employees to be assigned to assist with the duties of the Audit and Supervisory Committee

1) Where necessary, the Company appoints certain employees to be assigned to assist with the duties of the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

2) When the Company appoints certain employees to be assigned to assist with the duties of the Audit and Supervisory Committee, matters related to the appointment, transfer, and other personnel affairs of such employees will be determined through discussion with the Audit and Supervisory Committee or with the Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member.

(8) Matters concerning reports to the Audit and Supervisory Committee

1) The Audit and Supervisory Committee Members attend important decision-making meetings including the Board of Directors meetings or inspect minutes and other materials thereof as necessary, and receive reports on important matters from the Directors and employees of the Company group.

2) If there is any significant event that may cause considerable damage to the Company, such as a violation of laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, the Directors and any equivalent employees will immediately report such event to the Audit and Supervisory Committee or to the Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member.

3) Decision-making documents (*Ringi* documents) are forwarded to the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members immediately after the final decision has been made on the decision-making documents.

(9) System to ensure that any person who has made a report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee will not be treated disadvantageously on the grounds of having made such report

When any of the officers and employees of the Company group has made a report to the Audit and Supervisory Committee or to the Full-time Audit and Supervisory Committee Member, it is prohibited to treat him/her disadvantageously on the grounds of having made such report, and all the officers and employees of the Company will be fully familiarized with such prohibition.

(10) Matters related to the advance payment or reimbursement procedures for expenses incurred for the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members' execution of their duties, and other policies concerning the processing of expenses or obligations incurred for the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members' execution of their duties

1) The Company bears the expenses necessary for the audits conducted by the Audit and Supervisory Committee, including expenses for lawyers, certified public accounts, consultants, etc., exclusively hired by the Audit and Supervisory Committee.

2) In addition to the expenses described above, the Company also bears any other expenses necessary for the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members' execution of their duties.

(11) Other systems to ensure that the Audit and Supervisory Committee will conduct the audits in an effective manner

1) The Representative Director exchanges opinions and communicates with the Audit and Supervisory Committee, by holding periodical meetings with the Audit and Supervisory Committee to discuss various issues, including issues to be addressed by the Company, the status of improvement of the environment for the Audit and Supervisory Committee's audits, and important issues related to the audits.

2) The Audit and Supervisory Committee periodically receives reports from the Accounting Auditors about plans, methods and results of the accounting audits, and exchanges information with the Accounting Auditors, for the purpose of conducting audits in an efficient manner.

3) The Internal Audit Division provides the Audit and Supervisory Committee with internal audit results, internal audit information and other necessary information, and maintains close collaboration with the Audit and Supervisory Committee. Furthermore, the Audit and Supervisory Committee may request investigation on audit matters and other relevant issues to the Internal Audit Division as necessary.

4) The Company assures the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members that the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members are entitled to conclude a consultancy contract with lawyers who are dedicated to the Audit and Supervisory Committee, in addition to the corporate lawyers hired by the Company.

The following outlines the operational status of the internal control system, pursuant to the basic policies described above, during the fiscal year under review.

(1) Efforts to ensure the properness and efficiency of business execution

The Company holds the Board of Directors meeting, in principle once a month, and the Group Management Committee meeting, in principle twice a month, in order to sufficiently deliberate business plans and other important management-related issues from the perspective of properness and efficiency. Out of the 17 Directors (excluding those who are Audit and Supervisory Committee Members) of the Company, 3 Directors are Outside Directors, and out of the 3 Directors (Audit and Supervisory Committee Members). The Outside Directors are Outside Directors (Audit and Supervisory Committee Members). The Outside Directors and Outside Audit and Supervisory Committee Members). The Outside Directors and Outside Audit and Supervisory Committee Members attend important meetings, including the meetings referred to above, and express their opinions, etc., where necessary and on a timely basis. In addition, the Company has established rules which require important issues to be reported to the Audit and Supervisory Committee Member and operates the framework under which the decision-making documents (*Ringi* documents) are forwarded to the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members and other information necessary for audits is transmitted to the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members.

### (2) Compliance promotion and risk management system

The Company has established the "Risk Management Basic Rules." The Group Compliance Risk Management Committee, which is chaired by the person appointed by the President, deliberates important issues related to compliance promotion and risk management within the Company and the Company's group companies, and makes decisions on the policies concerning such issues.

In the context of compliance promotion, the Company implements education, training and enlightenment activities using the "Ethical Code," and makes efforts for the improvement of awareness and knowledge, as well as for enlightenment activities for the Company's affiliates.

In the context of risk management, the Company periodically conducts interviews within the Company and the Company's group companies with respect to the status of risks that may affect business activities, reports on the interview results to the Group Compliance Risk Management Committee and the Group Management Committee in order to take proper measures.

With the purpose of ensuring early detection and prevention of any violation of laws and regulations, unlawful acts, etc., and improving the self-cleansing mechanism, the Company also introduced the whistle-blowing system internally and has established internal and external whistle-blowing desks.

#### (3) Group management system

In terms of the management of the Company's group companies, the Company organizes the reporting system for the management of subsidiaries, and has established the system in which important issues are discussed with the Group Management Committee, pursuant to the "Affiliates Management Rules." The Group Audit Office, as the Company's internal audit division, conducts internal audits of group companies, in accordance with audit plans.

### (4) Efforts to ensure the effectiveness of audits

The Company's Audit and Supervisory Committee Members, including the Outside Directors, attend important meetings such as the Board of Directors meetings and the Group Management Committee meetings, to obtain information regarding business execution and management and information relevant to the effectiveness of the internal control system. Furthermore, in order to ensure the effectiveness of audits, the Company has ensured close cooperation, including a system where the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members receive reporting on a periodical and occasional basis from, and exchange opinions with, the Accounting Auditor and the Group Audit Office, as well as a system where the Audit and Supervisory Committee Members periodically hold meetings and exchange opinions with the Representative Director, the head of each division and other employees.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

(April 1,	2018 -	March 31,	2019)
-----------	--------	-----------	-------

(In millions of yen)

		Shareholders' equity					
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury stock	Total shareholders' equity		
Balance as of April 1, 2018	10,649	47,874	140,317	-16,612	182,228		
Changes of items during the consolidated fiscal year							
Dividends from surplus			-2,025		-2,025		
Profit attributable to owners of parent			13,863		13,863		
Purchase of treasury stock				-10,002	-10,002		
Disposal of treasury stock		692		6,357	7,050		
Change of scope of consolidation			-384		-384		
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land			173		173		
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity during the consolidated fiscal year							
Total changes of items during the consolidated fiscal year		692	11,626	-3,644	8,673		
Balance as of March 31, 2019	10,649	48,566	151,943	-20,257	190,902		

	Accumula	ted other comprehens			
	Valuation difference on available-for sale securities	Revaluation reserve for land	Total accumulated other comprehensive income	Subscription rights to shares	Total net assets
Balance as of April 1, 2018	29,708	-4,333	25,374	168	207,772
Changes of items during the consolidated fiscal year					
Dividends from surplus					-2,025
Profit attributable to owners of parent					13,863
Purchase of treasury stock					-10,002
Disposal of treasury stock					7,050
Change of scope of consolidation					-384
Reversal of revaluation reserve for land					173
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity during the consolidated fiscal year	-2,422	-173	-2,596	-0	-2,596
Total changes of items during the consolidated fiscal year	-2,422	-173	-2,596	-0	6,076
Balance as of March 31, 2019	27,285	-4,507	22,777	168	213,848

(Note) Reported amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

# **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

## 1. Basis for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Scope of consolidation

- 1) Consolidated subsidiaries
  - Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 18
  - Names of principal consolidated subsidiaries:

TOHO PHARMACEUTICAL Kyushu Toho SAYWELL Koyo SQUARE-ONE Toho System Service Pharma Cluster Pharma-Daiwa J. Mirai Medical Shimizu Pharmacy Pharma Mirai Seiko Medical Brain **VEGA PHARMA** Cure Aobado Kosei Tokyo Research Center of Clinical Pharmacology ALF

- 2) Non-consolidated subsidiaries
  - Names of principal non-consolidated subsidiaries: Nextit Research Institute, Inc.
  - Reason for exclusion from the scope of consolidation:

The non-consolidated subsidiary is excluded from the scope of consolidation, because its business size is small, it does not have a significant impact on the total assets, net sales, consolidated net income or loss, and retained earnings, etc., and its overall impact is negligible.

### (2) Application of the equity method

#### 1) Number of affiliates to which the equity method is applied: 1

- Names of principal companies: SAKAI Inc.
- 2) Non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates to which the equity method is not applied:
  - Names of principal non-consolidated subsidiaries:

Nextit Research Institute, Inc.

• Names of principal affiliates:

Wakaba

• Reason for exclusion from the scope of application of the equity method:

The non-consolidated subsidiary and affiliate to which the equity method is not applied is excluded from the scope of application of the equity method, because it does not have a significant impact on the consolidated net income or loss, and retained earnings, etc., and they are overall negligible.

(3) Fiscal year, etc. of consolidated subsidiaries

The last day of the fiscal year of consolidated subsidiaries is the same as the day of the consolidated settlement.

#### (4) Accounting standards

1) Standards and methods for the valuation of securities

Held-to-maturity bonds: Amortized cost method (Straight-line method)

Other securities

- Securities with fair value: The fair value method based on the market price, etc., as of the last day of the consolidated fiscal year (All valuation differences are reported as a component of net assets, with the cost of securities sold calculated according to the moving-average method.)
- Securities without fair value: The cost method using the moving-average method. As for investments in limited liability investment partnerships and other similar partnerships (considered as securities according to Article 2, Paragraph 2 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act), the net amount equivalent to equity based on the most recent available financial report of the partnership, according to the reporting date stipulated in the partnership contract, is recorded.
- 2) Valuation standards and valuation method for inventories: The cost method using the moving-average method is used for the 4 consolidated subsidiaries (TOHO PHARMACEUTICAL, Kyushu Toho, SAYWELL and Koyo) (The method of writing down the book value due to decreased profitability). The cost method using the last cost method is used for other consolidated subsidiaries (The method of writing down the book value due to decreased profitability).

- 3) Depreciation method for fixed assets
  - i) Property, plant and equipment (excluding lease assets)

The fixed-rate method is applied (However, the straight-line method is applied for buildings (excluding auxiliary facilities of buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998 and for auxiliary facilities of buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016).

Principal useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures:	8-50 years
Vehicles and transport equipment:	4-6 years
Others:	5-15 years

ii) Intangible assets (excluding lease assets)

The straight-line method. However, the straight-line method over the internal useful life (five years) is used for computer software for internal use.

iii) Lease assets

Lease assets pertaining to finance lease transactions, without transferring the ownership of the leased assets to the lessee.

The straight-line method with no residual value is applied and the lease term is considered to be the useful life.

- 4) Standards for reporting significant allowances and provisions
  - i) Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is provided to cover bad-debt losses on accounts receivable, loans, etc. In cases of ordinary receivables, the amount calculated using the loan loss ratio is provided, and in cases of specific receivables such as doubtful accounts, the recoverability is individually assessed and the estimated irrecoverable amount is provided.

ii) Provision for bonuses

The reserve for the payment of bonuses to employees and officers who perform duties as employees is provided, based on the estimated amount of bonuses payable for the consolidated fiscal year under review.

iii) Provision for directors' bonuses

The reserve for the payment of bonuses to directors is provided, based on the estimated amount of bonuses payable for the consolidated fiscal year under review.

iv) Provision for sales returns

The estimated amount of losses associated with future sales returns is provided to cover possible losses on sales returns.

- 5) Other significant matters for preparation of consolidated financial statements
  - i) Accounting treatment method for retirement benefits

When calculating retirement benefit obligations and costs, seven consolidated subsidiaries (SQUARE-ONE, Pharma-Daiwa, J. Mirai Medical, Pharma Mirai, VEGA PHARMA, Tokyo Research Center of Clinical Pharmacology and ALF) are subject to the application of the simplified method, under which the hypothetical amount required to be paid for all employees upon their retirement for personal reasons as of the end of the fiscal year is considered to be the amount of retirement benefit obligations.

In line with the full transition to the defined contribution pension system, the Company and two consolidated subsidiaries (TOHO PHARMACEUTICAL and Toho System Service) have introduced an interim measure for compulsory retirees, who were employed at the time of the transition. Under the interim measure, part of the retirement benefits payable for past services rendered by the employees is paid as a retirement lump-sum payment. Accordingly, the retirement benefit obligations as of the end of March 2019 are provided to cover the payment of the retirement benefits for the employees. Because the actuarial differences are minor, they are treated as costs in each year when actuarial differences arise.

ii) Depreciation method and period of goodwill and negative goodwill

Goodwill, and negative goodwill that comes to exist by March 31, 2010, are evenly depreciated over 5 or 10 years.

iii) Accounting treatment method of consumption taxes, etc.

For the accounting treatment of consumption taxes, etc., the tax-exclusion method is adopted.

### 2. Notes to Change in Accounting Policy

(Adoption of Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting)

The Company has adopted the "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018), beginning with the consolidated fiscal year under review. The Company is in the process of updating the deferred taxes recognized as temporary differences in income arising from investments in subsidiaries in non-consolidated financial statements. No retroactive adjustment has been made in relation to this matter because its impact is minimal.

#### 3. Notes to Change in the Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(Changes associated with the adoption of "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting")

The Company has adopted the "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018) starting from the beginning of the consolidated fiscal year under review. As a result, deferred tax assets have been reclassified in investments and other assets, and deferred tax liabilities have been reclassified in noncurrent liabilities.

### 4. Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheet

(1) Accumulated depreciation of property, p	plant and equipment	51,044 million yen
(2) Assets provided as security and obligati		
1) Assets provided as security		
Fixed-term deposits	165 million yen	
Buildings	1,733 million yen	
Land	4,203 million yen	
Investment securities	3,860 million yen	
Total	9,962 million yen	
2) Obligations pertaining to security		
Notes payable and accounts payable	21,688 million yen	
Long-term loans payable (including those t	o be reimbursed within 1 ye	ear) 1,124 million yen
Total	22,812 million yen	

(3) Land revaluation

Pursuant to the "Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No. 34 of March 31, 1998) and the "Act for Partial Revision of the Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No. 19 of March 31, 2001), land for business use has been revaluated, and the amount obtained by deducting the "deferred tax liabilities pertaining to revaluation" from the revaluation differences is reported as the "revaluation reserve for land" in the net assets section.

Revaluation method

The calculation is based on the land tax ledger referred to in Article 2, Item (3) of the "Order for Enforcement of the Act on Revaluation of Land" (Cabinet Order No. 119 of March 31, 1998).

Date of revaluation

March 31, 2002

The difference between the fair value of the revaluated land as of the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review and the book value after the revaluation of the revaluated land

1,289 million yen

# 5. Notes to the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Type of shares	Number of shares at the beginning of the fiscal year under review	Number of increased shares during the fiscal year under review	Number of decreased shares during the fiscal year under review	Number of shares at the end of the fiscal year under review
Shares issued				
Common stocks	78,270 thousand shares	_	_	78,270 thousand shares
Total	78,270 thousand shares	_	_	78,270 thousand shares
Treasury shares				
Common stocks (Notes)	9,767 thousand shares	3,549 thousand shares	3,196 thousand shares	10,120 thousand shares
Total	9,767 thousand shares	3,549 thousand shares	3,196 thousand shares	10,120 thousand shares

(1) Types and total number of shares issued, and types and number of treasury shares

(Notes) 1. The treasury shares of common stocks increased by 3,549 thousand shares, consisting of an increase of 3,548 thousand shares based on a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors and an increase of 1 thousand shares due to purchase of common stocks representing less than unit amount.
2. The treasury shares of common stocks decreased by 3,196 thousand shares due to exercise of the subscription rights to shares options as Euro-yen convertible corporate bonds due 2019 with subscription rights to shares.

(2) Subscription rights to shares, etc.

Company	Breakdown	Type of	Number of targ	Number of target shares (Thousand shares)			
name		target	Beginning of	Increase	Decrease	End of the	the end of the
		shares	the			consolidated	consolidated
			consolidated			fiscal year	fiscal year
			fiscal year			under review	under review
			under review				(Million yen)
Filing	Euro-yen	Common	6,784	16	3,196	3,604	—
company	convertible	stocks					
	corporate						
	bonds due						
	2019 with						
	subscription						
	rights to						
	shares (Notes						
	1, 2, 3 and 4)						
	Euro-yen	Common	_	5,973	—	5,973	—
	convertible	stocks					
	corporate						
	bonds due						

2023 with						
subscription						
rights to						
shares						
(Notes 1 and						
2)						
Share	Common	82	—	0	82	168
acquisition	stocks					
rights as						
stock options						
(Notes 5)						

(Notes) 1. The above number of the target shares of share acquisition rights is the number of shares calculated based on the presumption that the subscription rights to shares options have been exercised.

2. For the convertible bonds with share subscription rights, the all-inclusive method is used.

3. The increase of 16 thousand shares in the number of target shares of Euro-yen convertible corporate bonds due 2019 with share subscription rights is attributable to adjustment of the conversion price pursuant to the provisions for conversion price adjustment in the bond requirements.

4. The decrease of 3,196 thousand shares in the number of target shares of Euro-yen convertible corporate bonds due 2019 with share subscription rights is attributable to exercise of share acquisition rights.

5. The decrease of 0 thousand shares in the number of target shares of share acquisition rights as stock options is attributable to exercise of the rights.

### (3) Dividends from surplus

1) Dividends from surplus, paid during the consolidated fiscal year under review

Resolution	Types of shares	Total amount of dividends		Record date	Effective date
Meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 9, 2018	Common stocks	1,027 million yen	15 yen	March 31, 2018	June 8, 2018
Meeting of the Board of Directors held on November 7, 2018	Common stocks	998 million yen	15 yen	September 30, 2018	December 7, 2018

2) Dividends for which the record date falls during the consolidated fiscal year under review but for which the effective date is in the next consolidated fiscal year

Resolution	Types of shares	Total amount of dividends	Dividends per share	Record date	Effective date
Meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 9, 2019	Common stocks	1,022 million yen	15 yen	March 31, 2019	June 7, 2019

It is planned that retained earnings will be the divided resource.

### 6. Notes to Financial Instruments

1. Status of financial instruments

(1) Policies toward financial instruments

According to the Company group's policy, only the products with a high level of safety, such as fixed-term deposits, are used for its fund management, and bank loans are used as its primal means of fund procurement. The Company group enters into derivative transactions for the purpose of hedging the risk of interest rate fluctuations, and not for speculative purposes.

(2) Contents and risks of financial instruments and risk management system

Notes and accounts receivable, which are trade receivables, are exposed to customer credit risk. With respect to such risk, the Company group maintains the system in which the schedule and balance are managed for each trade partner and the credit status of major trade partners is monitored where necessary, pursuant to the Company group's accounts receivable management rules.

Regarding the shares considered as investment securities by the Company group, the shares are mainly those of the companies with which the Company group has a business relationship. Although the shares are exposed to the risk of market price fluctuations, the finance division periodically checks the market prices in order to control the risk.

The notes and accounts payable, which are trade payables, will become due within one year.

Regarding borrowings, the Company group uses a short-term borrowing method mainly for the purpose of procuring funds for business transactions, or as a short-term bridge loan to be borrowed until investment funds are procured by means of long-term loans payable; the Company group uses the long-term loans payable method mainly for the purpose of making capital investments. Borrowings made with a variable interest rate are exposed to the risk of interest rate fluctuations. In order to avoid the risk of interest rate fluctuations and stabilize the interest due with respect to some of long-term loans payable, the Company group uses derivative transactions (interest rate swap transaction) as a hedging method for individual contracts. Regarding the method to assess the validity of hedging methods, the validity assessment is omitted, since the requirements for the special treatment of interest swaps are satisfied and the validity assessment is substituted by the determination on whether the requirements are satisfied.

The finance division is responsible for the execution and management of derivative transactions, and when executing a derivative transaction, approval is obtained in advance pursuant to internal rules for the execution of derivative transactions, as well as hedged borrowing. The Company group enters into derivative transactions only with financial institutions with a high credit rating, in order to reduce the credit risk.

Trade payables and borrowings are exposed to liquidity risk. The Company group controls the risk by ensuring that each company prepares monthly cash flow plans, and by taking other measures.

(3) Supplementary information on the fair value, etc., of financial instruments

Regarding the amounts of contracts, etc., pertaining to derivative transactions in "2. Fair value, etc., of financial instruments," the amounts themselves do not represent the market risk related to derivative transactions.

2. Fair value, etc., of financial instruments

The amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheet, fair values, and differences between them as of March 31, 2019 are as follows. The following table excludes any items for which the fair values are extremely difficult to identify (See (Note 2)).

		(Unit:	Million yen)
	Amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet	Fair value	Difference
(1) Cash and deposits	79,607	79,607	—
(2) Notes and accounts receivable-trade	287,205	287,205	—
(3) Purchase rebates receivable	13,993	13,993	—
(4) Investment securities Other securities	63,861	63,861	_
(5) Notes and accounts payable-trade	374,322	374,322	—
(6) Bonds payable	28,039	30,677	2,638
(7) Long-term loans payable	5,902	5,906	3
(8) Derivatives	—		—

(Note 1) Method for calculating fair values of financial instruments and matters concerning investment securities and derivatives

(1) Cash and deposits, (2) Notes and accounts receivable-trade, and (3) Purchase rebates receivable

Because these items are settled on a short-term basis and their fair values are almost equal to the book values, the book values are used as fair values.

(4) Investment securities

The fair values of shares are based on the prices on exchanges, and the fair values of bonds are based on the prices on exchanges or prices presented by financial institutions.

The notes to the securities for each holding purpose are as follows.

## 1) Other securities

				(Unit: Million yen)
Category	Туре	Acquisition cost	Amount reported	Difference
			in the consolidated	
			balance sheet	
Item for which the	Shares	23,798	62,859	39,061
amount reported in	Government	_	_	_
the consolidated	bonds, municipal			
balance sheet	bonds, etc.			
exceeds the	Corporate bonds	_	_	_
acquisition cost	Others	11	18	6
	Subtotal	23,810	62,878	39,068
Item for which the	Shares	1,083	982	-100
amount reported in	Government	_	_	_
the consolidated	bonds, municipal			
balance sheet is no	bonds, etc.			
more than the	Corporate bonds	_	_	_
acquisition cost	Others	_	_	_
	Subtotal	1,083	982	-100
	Total	24,893	63,861	38,967

(Notes) 1. The acquisition cost for the consolidated fiscal year under review is presented after deducting the amount of impairment loss of 12 million yen.

2. If the fair value as of the end of the consolidated fiscal year decreases by approximately 50% or more of the acquisition cost, an impairment loss is reported. If the fair value decreases by approximately 30-50% of the acquisition cost, the average of the fair values at the end of each month during the past one year is calculated, and if the average fair value decreases by 30% or more of the acquisition cost, an impairment loss is reported.

2) Other securities sold during the consolidated fiscal year (From April 1, 2018 to March 31, 2019)

(Unit: Million yen)

Category	Sales value	Total profit on sales	Total loss on sales
Shares	2	0	—
Bonds		_	
Others		_	
Total	2	0	_

(5) Notes and accounts payable-trade

Because these items are settled on a short-term basis and their fair values are almost equal to the book values, the book values are used as fair values.

(6) Corporate bonds

The fair values of corporate bonds are calculated based on their market prices.

(7) Long-term loans payable

The fair values of long-term loans payable are calculated by the method in which the total amount of the principal and interest is discounted by an assumed interest rate that would be applicable to a new equivalent borrowing.

Long-term loans payable with a variable interest rate are subject to the special treatment of interest swaps (See (8) 2) below). The fair value of long-term loans payable with a variable interest is calculated by the method in which the total amount of the principal and interest that is treated in combination with the interest swap is discounted by a reasonably-estimated interest rate that would be applicable to an equivalent borrowing.

(8) Derivatives

1) Derivatives to which hedge accounting is not applied: There are no such derivatives.

2) Derivatives to which hedge accounting is applied: The contract amount or amount equivalent to the principal, etc., specified in contracts as of the consolidated settlement date, with respect to each hedge accounting method, is as follows.

(Unit: Million yen)

Hedge	Type of	Principal hedge	Contract a	mount, etc.	Fair value
accounting	derivative, etc.	target		Those with a	
method				period of more	
				than 1 year	
				included	
				therein	
Special	Interest swap	Long-term	—	—	(*)
treatment of	transactions	loans payable			
interest swap	paid with a				
	fixed interest				
	rate and				
	received with a				
	variable interest				
	rate				

(\*) The derivatives subject to the special treatment of interest swaps are treated in combination with hedged Long-term loans payable. The fair values of such derivatives are included in the fair values of such Long-term loans payable (See (7) above).

16

(Note 2) Financial instruments for which the fair values are extremely difficult to identify

(Unit: Million yen)

	(Chit: Million yen)
Category	Amount
Unlisted stocks, etc.	16,815

The above financial instruments are not included in "(4) Investment securities" because it is extremely difficult to identify their fair values as no quoted market price is available and it is impossible to estimate their future cash flows.

(Note 3) The reimbursement schedule of monetary claims and securities with a maturity date, after the consolidated settlement date

				(Unit: Million yen)
Category	Within 1 year	More than 1 year	More than 5 years	More than 10 years
		and within 5 years	and within 10	
			years	
Deposits	78,884	_		_
Notes and accounts	287,205	—	—	—
receivable-trade				
Category	Within 1 year	More than 1 year	More than 5 years	More than 10 years
		and within 5 years	and within 10	
			years	
Purchase rebates	13,993	_	_	—
receivable				
Securities and				
investment				
securities				
Held-to-maturity	—	10	_	_
bonds				
Other securities	_		1	

(Note 4) The reimbursement schedule of corporate bonds, long-term loans payable, lease obligations and other interest-bearing debts, after the consolidated settlement date

(Unit: Million yen) Category Within 1 year More than 1 year More than 5 years More than 10 years and within 5 years and within 10 years Corporate bonds 7,950 20,000 Long-term loans 308 4,798 243 552 payable

# 7. Notes to Rental Real Property

Notes are omitted because the total amount of rental real property has little significance.

# 8. Notes to Per Share Information

(1) Net assets per share:	3,135.45 yen
(2) Net income per share:	207.71 yen

# 9. Notes to Significant Subsequent Events

Not applicable.

# Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

# (April 1, 2018 - March 31, 2019)

# (In millions of yen)

	Shareholders' Equity											
		Capital surplus Retained earnings										
							Othe	r retai	ned earn	ings		
	Capital	Legal	Othe	er	Total	Legal	Reserve for			Retain	ed	Total
	stock	capital	capit		capital	retained	reduction		eneral	earning	0	retained
		surplus	surpl	us	surplus	earnings	entry of land	re	serve	brougl forwa		earnings
Balance as of April 1, 2018	10,649	46,177	2,5	541	48,718	664	1,589		6,336	54,70		63,297
Changes of items during the fiscal		,	,		,		,		,	,		
year												
Dividends from surplus										-2,02	25	-2,025
Net income										10,23	38	10,238
Reversal of reserve for reduction							-9				9	
entry of land												
Purchase of treasury stock				602	600						_	
Disposal of treasury stock Reversal of revaluation reserve			(	692	692							
for land										17	73	173
Net changes of items other than												
shareholders' equity during the												
fiscal year												
Total changes of items during the fiscal year			6	692	692		-9			8,39	96	8,386
Balance as of March 31, 2019	10,649	46,177	3,2	233	49,410	664	1,579		6,336	63,10	04	71,684
Balance as of March 31, 2019	10,649	46,177	3,2	233	49,410	664	1,579		6,336	63,10	04	71,684
Balance as of March 31, 2019	1	46,177 olders' Equi			,	664 nd translation	,		6,336	63,10	04	71,684
Balance as of March 31, 2019	1	,		Va Va	Valuation a luation		,		6,336	63,10	04	71,684
Balance as of March 31, 2019	1	,	ty	Va Va	Valuation a luation ference	nd translation	adjustments		Subscr	iption		
Balance as of March 31, 2019	1	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho	ty al olders'	Va Va difi	Valuation a luation ference on	nd translation Revaluation	adjustments Total valu and transl	ation ation	,	iption		71,684
Balance as of March 31, 2019	Shareh	olders' Equi	ty al olders'	Va Va difi ava	Valuation a luation ference on	nd translation	adjustments Total valu	ation ation	Subscr	iption		
Balance as of March 31, 2019	Shareh	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho	ty al olders'	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable-	nd translation Revaluation	adjustments Total valu and transl	ation ation	Subscr	iption		
Balance as of April 1, 2018	Shareh	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ	ty al olders'	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- pr-sale	nd translation Revaluation	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation	Subscr	iption		
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ	ty al olders' ity	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ 52 10	ty al olders' ity 06,013	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ 52 10	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus Net income	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ 52 10	ty al olders' ity 06,013	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot ock shareho equ 52 10	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus Net income Reversal of reserve for reduction	Shareh Treasury sto	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025
Balance as of April 1, 2018         Changes of items during the fiscal year         Dividends from surplus         Net income         Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 1 1 002 -1	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus Net income Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land Purchase of treasury stock	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 1 1 002 -1	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 0,002 7,050	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002 7,050
Balance as of April 1, 2018 Changes of items during the fiscal year Dividends from surplus Net income Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land Purchase of treasury stock Disposal of treasury stock Reversal of revaluation reserve for land	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 1 1 002 -1	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 -0,002	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002
Balance as of April 1, 2018         Changes of items during the fiscal year         Dividends from surplus         Net income         Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land         Purchase of treasury stock         Disposal of treasury stock         Reversal of revaluation reserve for land         Net changes of items other than	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 1 1 002 -1	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 0,002 7,050	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- pr-sale curities 35,135	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar -4,310	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme 0 30	ation ation ents .824	Subscr	iption shares 168		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002 7,050 173
Balance as of April 1, 2018         Changes of items during the fiscal year         Dividends from surplus         Net income         Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land         Purchase of treasury stock         Disposal of revaluation reserve for land         Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity during the	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 1 1 002 -1	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 0,002 7,050	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- or-sale curities	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme 0 30	ation ation ents	Subscr	iption shares		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002 7,050
Balance as of April 1, 2018         Changes of items during the fiscal year         Dividends from surplus         Net income         Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land         Purchase of treasury stock         Disposal of revaluation reserve for land         Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity during the fiscal year	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6: 	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 10 02 -1 57	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- pr-sale curities 35,135	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar -4,31(	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme 0 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	ation ation ents .824	Subscr	iption shares 168 -0		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002 7,050 173 -2,523
Balance as of April 1, 2018         Changes of items during the fiscal year         Dividends from surplus         Net income         Reversal of reserve for reduction entry of land         Purchase of treasury stock         Disposal of revaluation reserve for land         Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity during the	Shareh Treasury sto -16,6:	olders' Equi Tot shareho equ 52 10 52 10 10 02 -1 57	ty al olders' ity 06,013 -2,025 0,238 0,002 7,050	Va Va difi ava fo	Valuation a luation ference on ailable- pr-sale curities 35,135	nd translation Revaluation reserve for lar -4,310	adjustments Total valu and transl adjustme 0 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	ation ation ents .824	Subscr	iption shares 168		l net assets 137,006 -2,025 10,238 -10,002 7,050 173

(Note) Reported amounts are rounded down to the nearest million yen.

# **Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements**

#### 1. Notes to Significant Accounting Policies

(1) Standards and methods for the valuation of securities

Shares of subsidiaries and affiliates: The cost method using the moving-average method.

Other securities

• Securities with fair value: The fair value method based on the market price, etc., as of the last day of the fiscal year (All valuation differences are reported as a component of net assets, with the cost of securities sold calculated according to the moving-average method.)

• Securities without fair value: The cost method using the moving-average method.

For investments in an investment limited partnership or other similar partnerships (Securities as defined in Article 2, paragraph 2 of the Securities Exchange Law), the Company books the net value of proportional holdings based on the most recent available financial report of the association, according to the financial settlement date stipulated in the association contract.

#### (2) Depreciation method for fixed assets

1) Property, plant and equipment (excluding lease assets)

The fixed-rate method is applied (However, the straight-line method is applied for buildings (excluding auxiliary facilities of buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998 and for auxiliary facilities of buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016).

Principal useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and structures:	8-50 years
Apparatus and equipment:	5-15 years

2) Intangible assets

The straight-line method. However, the straight-line method over the internal useful life (five years) is used for computer software for internal use.

3) Lease assets

Lease assets pertaining to finance lease transactions, without transferring the ownership of the leased assets to the lessee.

The straight-line method with no residual value is applied and the lease term is considered to be the useful life.

4) Long-term prepaid expenses

Evenly depreciated.

#### (3) Standards for reporting significant allowances and provisions

1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided to cover bad-debt losses on accounts receivable, loans, etc. In cases of ordinary receivables, the amount calculated using the loan loss ratio is provided, and

in cases of specific receivables such as doubtful accounts, the recoverability is individually assessed and the estimated irrecoverable amount is provided.

2) Provision for bonuses

The reserve for the payment of bonuses to employees and officers who perform duties as employees is provided, based on the estimated amount of bonuses payable for the fiscal year under review.

3) Provision for directors' bonuses

The reserve for the payment of bonuses to directors is provided, based on the estimated amount of bonuses payable for the fiscal year under review.

4) Provision for retirement benefits

In line with the full transition to the defined contribution pension system in April 2005, the Company has introduced an interim measure for compulsory retirees, who were employed at the time of the transition. Under the interim measure, part of the retirement benefits payable for past services rendered by the employees is paid as a retirement lump-sum payment. Accordingly, the retirement benefit obligations as of the end of March 2019 are provided to cover the payment of the retirement benefits for the employees. Because the actuarial differences are minor, they are treated as costs in each year when actuarial differences arise.

(4) Accounting treatment method of consumption taxes, etc.

For the accounting treatment of consumption taxes, etc., the tax-exclusion method is adopted.

# 2. Notes to Change in Accounting Policy

(Adoption of Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting)

The Company has adopted the "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018), beginning with the fiscal year under review. The Company is in the process of updating the deferred taxes recognized as temporary differences in income arising from investments in subsidiaries in non-consolidated financial statements. No retroactive adjustment has been made in relation to this matter because its impact is minimal.

# 3. Notes to Change in the Presentation of Consolidated Financial Statements

(Changes associated with the adoption of "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting")

The Company has adopted the "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28 on February 16, 2018) starting from the beginning of the fiscal year under review. As a result, deferred tax assets have been reclassified in investments and other assets, and deferred tax liabilities have been reclassified in noncurrent liabilities.

17,108 million yen

### 4. Notes to the Non-consolidated Balance Sheet

(1) Accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment:

(2) Assets provided as security and obligations pertaining to security

Assets provided as security

Buildings	189 million yen
Land	553 million yen
Total	742 million yen

Obligations pertaining to security Long-term loans payable (including those to be reimbursed within 1 year) - million yen Total - million yen

The following assets are provided as security pertaining to notes payable and accounts payable-trade of subsidiaries including TOHO PHARMACEUTICAL.

Fixed-term deposits	165 million yen
Buildings	414 million yen
Land	1,925 million yen
Investment securities	3,859 million yen
Total	6,365 million yen
(3) Guarantee obligations	
Guarantee obligations to banks	4,736 million yen

(4) Monetary receivables and monetary obligations to affiliates

Guarantee obligations to accounts payable

Short-term monetary receivables	902 million yen
Long-term monetary receivables	6,334 million yen
Short-term monetary obligations	9,150 million yen

#### (5) Land revaluation

Pursuant to the "Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No. 34 of March 31, 1998) and the "Act for Partial Revision of the Act on Revaluation of Land" (Act No. 19 of March 31, 2001), land for business use has been revaluated, and the amount obtained by deducting the "deferred tax liabilities pertaining to revaluation" from the revaluation differences is reported as the "revaluation reserve for land" in the net assets section.

148 million yen

Revaluation method

The calculation is based on the land tax ledger referred to in Article 2, Item (3) of the "Order for Enforcement of the Act on Revaluation of Land" (Cabinet Order No. 119 of March 31, 1998).

Date of revaluation

The difference between the fair value of the revaluated land as of the end of the fiscal year under review and the book value after the revaluation of the revaluated land.

1,330 million yen

13,297 million yen

282 million yen

March 31, 2002

### 5. Notes to the Non-consolidated Profit and Loss Statement

Amount of transactions with affiliates

Amount of business transactions

Business revenue

Amount of transactions other than business transactions

### 6. Notes to the Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Number of treasury shares

	Number of shares at the beginning of the fiscal year under review		Number of decreased shares during the fiscal year under review	Number of shares at the end of the fiscal year under review
Common stocks	9,755 thousand	3,549 thousand	3,196 thousand	10,108 thousand
(Notes)	shares	shares	shares	shares

(Notes) 1. The treasury shares of common stocks increased by 3,549 thousand shares, consisting of an increase of 3,548 thousand shares based on a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors and an increase of 1 thousand shares due to purchase of common stocks representing less than unit amount.
2. The treasury shares of common stocks decreased by 3,196 thousand shares due to exercise of the subscription rights to shares options as Euro-yen convertible corporate bonds due 2019 with subscription rights to shares.

### 7. Notes to Deferred Tax Accounting

Breakdown of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities by major cause

	(Millions of yen)
Deferred tax assets	
Accrued enterprise tax	48
Provision for bonuses	23
Allowance for doubtful accounts	775
Investment securities	765
Stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates	1,465
Other noncurrent liabilities	59
Impairment loss	118
Asset retirement obligations	93
Stock options	35
Restricted stock compensation	17
Net operating loss carryforwards	112
Others	27
Subtotal of deferred tax assets	3,543
Valuation reserve	-3,543
Total of deferred tax assets	-
Deferred tax liabilities	
Reserve for reduction entry of land	-696
Valuation differences on available-for-sale of securities	-14,607
Valuation differences of securities resulting from merger of	420
subsidiaries	-429
Asset retirement obligations	-66
Investment securities returned from retirement benefit trust	-147
Others	-7
Total of deferred tax liabilities	-15,954
Net amount of deferred tax liabilities	-15,954

## 8. Notes concerning Related Party Transactions

Subsidiaries and affiliates, etc.

Attribute	Company name, etc.	Owner ship ratio of voting rights, etc. (%)	Relationship with related party	Transaction content	Transac tion amount (million yen)	Item	Balance as of the end of the fiscal year (million yen)
Subsidiary	PHARMACEUTICAL s	PHARMACEUTICAL ship bu Direct ma 100.0 co % Fin su Le rea pro Int	Conclusion of business	Deposit of funds	538	Deposit s (CMS deposit s)	538
			100.0 contract % Financial support Leasing of	Interest due (Notes 1)	39		
			real estate properties Interlocking	Business advisory fee (Notes 2)	1,160		
	officers	officers	Real estate rental income (Notes 3)	2,066			
			Dividend income (Notes 4)	9,417			
Subsidiary	SQUARE-ONE Owner ship Direct 100.0 %	ship	support ect	Lending of funds	-80	Loans	2,095
		100.0		Interest income (Notes 1)	21		
			Debt guarantees (Notes 5)	4,736			
Subsidiary	Pharma Cluster	Owner ship Direct 100.0 %	Financial support Interlocking officers	Deposits of funds Interest due (Notes 1)	-206 75	Deposits (CMS deposits)	8,452

(Notes) Terms of transactions and the policy for determining the terms of transactions

1. Interest rates are determined through discussion pursuant to the Company's rules, taking into consideration market interest rates, etc. A transaction amount represents a net increase or net decrease during the fiscal year.

2. The amount of business advisory fee is determined based on the costs associated with business advisory.

- 3. The amount of the real estate rental income is determined through discussion based on current conditions of transactions in the neighboring areas.
- 4. The amount of the dividend income is determined based on prescribed dividend standards.
- 5. The Company has provided debt guarantees for borrowings from banks.

# 9. Notes to Per Share Information

(1) Net assets per share	2,050.25 yen
(2) Net income per share	153.38 yen

# **10.** Notes to Significant Subsequent Events

Not applicable.