[Provisional Translation Only]

This English translation of the original Japanese document is provided solely for information purposes.

Should there be any discrepancies between this translation and the Japanese original, the latter shall prevail.

Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: November 8, 2019

Wacom Co., Ltd.

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Securities Code: 6727

https://investors.wacom.com/en-jp/index.html

The corporate governance of Wacom Co., Ltd. ("the Company") is described below.

I. Basic Views on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Views

The Company believes that it is a foundation for sustainable growth of corporate value, to fulfill social responsibilities as well as its compliance to legislations as a listed company conducting business globally, and to enhance transparency of management and reliabilities of disclosure, which will bring benefit to its shareholders, customers, and other stakeholders. Therefore, the Company believes that its most important responsibilities of every business group are to fully commit to compliance that can realize "Vision, Mission and Value" as its basic policy for corporate activities, and to establish and operate an effective internal control system that should continuously enhance corporate governance.

[Disclosure Based on the Principles of the Corporate Governance Code]

(Principle 1-4 Cross-Shareholdings)

The Company may engage in cross-shareholdings if it finds positive synergy effect from the viewpoint of business strategies and economic rationale when it mainly looks into possibility of meaningful opportunities to realize for its future businesses. However, the Company shall not hold shares only for the purpose of short-term dividends nor capital gains. If the Company engages in cross-shareholdings, it shall regularly check business relation with the issuer and proceed to examination on sale of shares held in case it concludes that the cross-shareholding does not contribute to enhancement of the business relation. Regarding the exercise of voting rights pertaining to cross-shareholdings, the Company shall take into account whether each proposal will contribute to improve corporate value of the Company, not solely depend on the business relation with the issuer.

(Supplementary Principle 1-4①② Cross-Shareholdings)

When the shareholder engaged in cross-shareholding with the Company conveys its intention to sell the shares issued by the Company, it shall not enforce holding the shares by inducing to change

business conditions against the shareholder. The Company shall regularly check business relation with the shareholder and ensure that no unfair trade attributable to the cross-shareholding has been conducted.

(Principle 1-7 Related Party Transactions)

Regarding transactions with related parties conducted by members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall make resolution on whether to approve the transactions through careful deliberation in accordance with the Japanese Companies Act and other legislations. The Company has established a structure to properly monitor the transactions approved by the Board of Directors, enforcing report to the Board of Directors on the member engaged in the transactions. For the resolution, the Board of Directors shall make a careful decision not to be against the common interests of the shareholders in light of duty of diligence and loyalty.

(Principle 2-6 Roles of Corporate Pension Funds as Asset Owners) It is not applicable due to no corporate pension plan in the Company.

(Principle 3-1 Full Disclosure)

(i)Corporate vision, business strategy, and business plan

The Company's corporate vision, business strategies, and business plan are stated in the Annual Report, in which "Wacom Chapter 2: Medium-Term Business Plan" (from FY 3/2019 to FY 3/2022)" announced in May 2018 is featured. Explanatory presentation material of Wacom Chapter 2 is also referable.

Annual Report 2019 (refer to p.3-5)

https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2019-english/2019 annual report wacom final.pdf

Medium-Term Business Plan: Wacom Chapter 2 (Explanatory material) https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2018-english/180511 mtp presentation e final.pdf

(ii)Basic view and basic polity of corporate governance based on each principle of the concerned code (draft)

The Company believes that it is a foundation for sustainable growth of corporate value, to fulfill social responsibilities as well as its compliance to legislations as a listed company conducting business globally, and to enhance transparency of management and reliabilities of disclosure, which will bring benefit to its shareholders, customers, and other stakeholders. Therefore, the Company believes that its most important responsibilities of every business group are to fully commit to compliance that can realize "Vision, Mission and Value" as its basic policy for corporate activities, and to establish and operate an effective internal control system that should continuously enhance corporate governance.

(iii) The Board of Directors' policies and procedures in determining the compensation for the senior management and directors

The Company believes the compensation should be equivalent to contribution to growth of corporate value, and determined to reflect its business performance and trend of compensation level observed in similar industries.

Compensation for members of the Board of Directors is composed of performance-linked and non-performance-linked portion, and proportion is determined by each position and distributed within 20 to 40% for performance linked and 60 to 80% for non-performance-linked, as follows:

 Performance-linked compensation is applied to members of the Board of Directors excluding outside directors and directors who are members of Audit Committee, and composed of "shortterm incentive" and "long-term incentive." "Short-term incentive" is designed to reflect attainment of financial target of the Company and individual performance for a single financial year, and paid once a year.

"Long-term incentive" is designed to reflect middle-to-long term financial target and stock price of the Company to share common interests with shareholders. Whether to execute this program shall be determined by comprehensive examination on factors including actual financial performance of the Company for the prior fiscal year.

- Indicators for the performance-linked compensation shall be proposed by the Compensation Committee to the Board of Directors for resolution every year.
- Non-performance-linked compensation is fixed, paid monthly, and applied to all members of the Board of Directors.
- (iv) The Board of Directors' policies and procedures in appointment and dismissal of the senior management, and in nominating candidate of director

Regarding representative director and directors of the Board of Directors, and executive managers, the Nominating Committee headed by an outside director set the criteria for selecting candidate and shall make a proposal to the Board of Directors for nomination. To select candidate, the Board of Directors comprehensively takes into main account understanding and sympathy for corporate vision and strategies, leadership and its qualification, ability of business execution and its expertise, and job experience in listed company or global company.

If representative director, a director, or an executive manager no longer satisfies the criteria for candidate selection, or violate criteria for dismissal of representative director set by the Nominating Committee, the Committee shall make a proposal to the Board of Directors for dismissal of the said person .

(v) Explanation on the individual appointment, dismissal, and nomination, when the Board of Directors make appointment or dismissal of senior management, and appointment of candidate for director, based on (iv).

When the Board of Directors make appointment of candidate for director or proposal for dismissal of director in office, the Company shall make explanation of the said person in the Notice of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting. Concerning important executive managers, the Company shall post their names on its website once appointed.

"Notice of the 36th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting": https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2019-english/1906 notice of the 36th ordinary shareholders meeting 2019 e.pdf

(Supplementary Principle 4-1① Roles and Responsibilities of the Board(1))

While the Board of Directors makes resolutions in accordance with the Japanese Companies Act, etc., it also conducts efficient management by delegating its authority of business execution to group CEO (Chief Executive Officer) and responsible person of each department, based on the rules of the Board of Directors and the basic policy of internal controls, etc. Regarding the scope of authority, the Company controls business execution by clarifying the authority in the Delegation of Authority which it reviews regularly. (For the internal control system, please refer "Reference material: Schematic of Internal Control System and Risk Management System" in this "Corporate Governance Report").

(Supplementary Principle 4-13) Roles and Responsibilities of the Board(1))

In April 2017, the Board of Directors established the Nominating Committee, which set the selection criteria for the qualifications and figures of representative director, selected a candidate to succeed representative director upon the criteria, and proposed to the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall decide a candidate of succeeding representative director through thorough discussion upon proposal by the Nominating Committee.

The Company continues examination on establishing premeditated successor training for the future.

(Supplementary Principle 4-21) Roles and Responsibilities of the Board(2))

In November 2018, the Company established the Compensation Committee of which an outside director takes office as a chairperson. The Company shall be engaged in review and institutional design of the compensation scheme for directors of the Board of Directors and take into consideration adoption of the performance-linked compensation utilizing treasury stock.

(Supplementary Principle 4-323 Roles and Responsibilities of the Board(3))

In April 2017, the Company established the Nominating Committee of which an outside director takes office as a chairperson, and engaged in selection of a candidate to succeed representative director. The current representative director assumed office in April 2018.

The Nominating Committee formulated standards and procedures for dismissal of representative director mainly from the viewpoints of qualifications, legislations, compliance, and financial performance. In the event representative director is in violation of the dismissal criteria, upon proposal from the Nominating Committee, the Board of Directors shall proceed to dismissal of the said representative director in accordance with predetermined procedures.

(Principle 4-8 Effective Use of Independent Directors)

The Company's Directors consists of eight directors, four of whom meet the requirements of independent directors set by the Tokyo Stock Exchange. Four of independent outside directors are composed of persons with high experience in listed companies, professional knowledge and experience as a lawyer. The reasons for the appointment are described in detail in "II. Business Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems for Decision-Making, Business Execution, and Management Oversight" of this Corporate Governance Report.

Four of independent outside directors have sufficient qualifications in the light of purpose of this system. The Company believes that these independent outside directors can contribute to medium-and long- term improvement of corporate value.

Each chairperson of the Audit Committee, the Nominating Committee, and the Compensation Committee is serving as an independent outside director.

(Principle 4-9 Standards for Independence and Qualifications of Independent Directors)
The Company has established the independence standards of Outside Directors as follows, and appoints Outside Directors through judgement their independency from the Company.

- ① Director (excluding outside director), corporate auditor (excluding outside corporate auditor), executive officer or employee of the Company or its subsidiaries in the ten years before taking office.
- 2 Major shareholder, or director, auditor, accounting advisor, executive officer, manager or employee of the Company or its subsidiary, if shareholder is corporation or owns(owned) 10% or more its voting rights in the present or the past five years.
- 3 The business partner that has made payment equivalent to 2% or more of the Company's annual consolidated net sales in the most recent fiscal year or the past three fiscal years, or, director, auditor, accounting advisor, executive officer, manager or employee of the business partner.
- The business partner that has received payment equivalent to 2% or more of the Company's annual consolidated net sales in the most recent fiscal year or the past three fiscal years, or, director, auditor, accounting advisor, executive officer, manager or employee of the business partner.
- ⑤ Partner or employee of audit corporation appointed by the Company in the past three years.
- 6 Lawyer, certified public accountant, certified tax accountant or other consultant who has received money or other financial benefit of ten million yen or more per year on average for the past three years besides executive compensation.
- Person who has belonged to the organization such as corporation or union which has received donation of ten million yen or more from the Company in the past three years.

8 The above $1 \sim 7$'s spouse, relative within the second degree, or relative living together.

(Supplementary Principle 4-10① Utilization of Optional Structure)

In April 2017, the Company established the Nominating Committee which shall advise and make proposal to the Board of Directors in accordance with selection criteria of candidate for representative director, directors of the Board of Directors and important executive managers.

In November 2018, the Company established the Compensation Committee which shall advise and make proposal for formulation of compensation policy for representative director and directors of the Board of Directors, institutional design of compensation scheme, and others.

Each committee is chaired by outside director.

(Supplementary Principle 4-11 ① Preconditions for ensuring the effectiveness of the Board of Directors)

The Company set the policy to select the most suitable candidate for director based on the standard of "person who can understand and promote corporate vision, management policy and values, and contribute to future-growth of corporate value from a long-term perspective", regardless of nationality or sex, whether they are internal or external.

Each of current directors has significant business experiences abroad.

One of the directors and Audit Committee members is a lawyer who is familiar with corporate legal affairs

The Company conducts evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors on a regular basis once a year in a questionnaire format, in order to improve its functionalities.

(Supplementary Principle 4-11② Preconditions for ensuring the effectiveness of the Board of Directors)

The Company designates a full-time director out of directors who are Audit Committee members, so that the said person shall be able to focus time and effort on duties necessary to execute roles and responsibilities properly. If a director concurrently serves as a director or equivalents of another listed company, the Company considers that the number of concurrent offices should be limited to the extent where the said director can ensure attendances at the Board of Directors of the Company, and shall disclose the status of concurrent offices and the number of attendances at the Board of Directors in the Notice of Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of the Company.

"Notice of the 36th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting": https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2019-english/1906 notice of the 36th ordinary shareholders meeting 2019 e.pdf

(Supplementary Principle 4-11③ Preconditions for ensuring the effectiveness of the Board of Directors)

The attendance rate of directors at the Board of Directors is nearly 100%, where each attendee proactively expresses opinions and enters into discussions. In addition, the Company makes efforts to make the Board of Directors be effective through ensuring directors to have careful examination on material related to each agenda in advance.

The Company has posted overview including result of self-evaluation on the effectiveness of the Board of Directors conducted in 2019 on its website.

"Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors": https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2019-english/190624 evaluation of the effectiveness of the bod e final.pdf

(Supplementary Principle 4-142) Director and Auditor Training)

The Board of Directors is working to give its members the opportunity to attend beneficial trainings and workshops. Also, it provides its directors and Audit Committee members with necessary

trainings and materials related to the contents which they should know in common. Furthermore, it exchanges information on other companies' information and management practices at the Board of Directors. It shall make an annual training plan in the future, aiming for much better effectiveness.

(Principle 5-1 Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders)

The Company has posted "Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders" on its website.

"Policy for Constructive Dialogue with Shareholders":

https://investors.wacom.com/media/files/investor-relations/2019-english/policy for constructive dialogue with shareholders final.pdf

(Principle 5-2 Formulation and Announcement of Corporate Strategies and Business Plan)

The Company has set the target of consolidated return on capital (ROE) in its corporate strategies and business plan, as an indicator of profitability and capital efficiency, in consideration of assumed shareholders' equity cost. Regarding the allocation of important management resources such as capital expenditures and R&D, the Company is working on business management with hurdle rate in mind as the constituent elements of assumed shareholders' equity cost.

Based on the above policy, the Company shall work to sustainably improve shareholders' value through constructive dialogue with shareholders.

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	Over 30%
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[Status of Major Shareholders]

Name / Company Name	Number Owned	of	Shares	Percentage (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)		13,1	157,000	8.10
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON 140051		12,2	211,700	7.51
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)		9,9	931,900	6.11
SAMSUNG ASIA PTE. LTD.		8,3	398,400	5.17
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account9)		6,5	547,500	4.03
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON (INTERNATIONAL)		5,0	009,800	3.08
LIMITED 131800				
Wilnau Co.		4,8	840,000	2.97
Masahiko Yamada		3,7	768,000	2.31
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account5)		2,9	902,900	1.78
NORTHERN TRUST CO. (AVFC) RE GIC PRIVATE		2,7	716,800	1.67
LIMITED				

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company)	N/A
Parent Company	N/A

Supplementary Explanation

- 1. The status of the above major shareholders is as of September 30, 2019.
- 2. The percentage in the above table is calculated excluding treasury stocks (4,121,301 shares).
- 3. Invesco Asset Management (Japan) Limited and its co-owner, hold 18, 386, 100 shares (11.04%) as of February 19, 2018, according to the Report of Possession of Large Volume (the Change Report) dated February 23, 2018, which is available for public inspection. However, the Company

- excludes the above shareholdings from the above 'Status of Major Shareholders', since it cannot confirm the number and the percentage of real owned shares in its substantial shareholders list as of September 30,2019.
- 4. M&G Investment Management Limited holds 6,693,100 shares (4.02 %) as of March 30, 2018, according to the Report of Possession of Large Volume (the Change Report) dated April 3, 2018, which is available for public inspection. However, the Company excludes the above shareholdings from the above 'Status of Major Shareholders', since it cannot confirm the number and the percentage of real owned shares in its substantial shareholders list as of September 30,2019.
- 5. BNY Mellon Asset Management Japan Limited and its co-owners hold 9,692,311 shares (5.82%) as of April 9, 2018, according to the Report of Possession of Large Volume dated April 12, 2018, which is available for public inspection. However, the Company excludes the above shareholdings from the above 'Status of Major Shareholders', since it cannot confirm the number and the percentage of real owned shares in its substantial shareholders list as of September 30,2019.
- 6. Baillie Gifford & Co. and its co-owner hold 14,822,700 shares (8.90%) as of February 28, 2019, according to the Report of Possession of Large Volume (the Change Report) dated March 5, 2019, which is available for public inspection. However, the Company excludes the above shareholdings from the above 'Status of Major Shareholders', since it cannot confirm the number and the percentage of real owned shares in its substantial shareholders list as of September 30,2019.
- 7. Asset Management One Co., Ltd. holds 6,757,100 shares (4.06%) as of September 13, 2019, according to the Report of Possession of Large Volume (the Change Report) dated September 24, 2019, which is available for public inspection. However, the Company excludes the above shareholdings from the above 'Status of Major Shareholders', since it cannot confirm the number and the percentage of real owned shares in its substantial shareholders list as of September 30,2019.

3. Corporate Profile

Listed Stock Market and Market Section	Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section	
Fiscal Year-End	March	
Type of Business	Electric Appliances	
Number of Employees (consolidated) as	Mara than 1000	
of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1000	
Sales (consolidated) as of the End of the	From ¥10 billion to less than ¥100 billion	
Previous Fiscal Year		
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as	0	
of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	9	

4.	Policy o	n Measure	s to	Protect	Minority	Shareholders	in	Conducting	Transactions	with
	Controlli	ing Shareho	oldei	•						

N/A	

5. Other Special Circumstances which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance

N/A

II. Business Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems for Decision-Making, Business Execution, and Management Oversight

1. Organizational Structure

Organization Form	Company with Audit Committee
organization romin	Company warrada Committee

[Directors]

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	14
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	1 year
Chairperson of the Board	President
Number of Directors	8
Appointment of Independent Directors	Yes
Number of Outside Directors	4
Number of Independent Directors	4

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1)

Name	Attribute		Relationship with the Company*										
Name			b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	
Ken Inazumi	From another company												
Takashi Kamura	Lawyer												
Shigeki Higashiyama	From another company												
Osamu Hosokubo	From another company												

^{*} Categories for "Relationship with the Company"

- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Non-executive director or executive of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of a fellow subsidiary company of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof
- f. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a director/kansayaku
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (or an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- h. Executive of a client or supplier company of the Company (which does not correspond to any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
- i. Executive of a company, between which and the Company Outside Directors/kansayaku are mutually appointed (the director himself/herself only)
- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Others

^{* &}quot;o" when the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

[&]quot;△" when the director fell under the category in the past

^{* &}quot;•" when a close relative of the director presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

[&]quot;▲"when a close relative of the director fell under the category in the past

			Supple mentary	
	Memb ership	Designa ted as Indepen	Explana	
Name	of		tions of	Reason of Appointment
	Audit Commi	dent	the	
	ttee	Director	Relation	
			ship	
Ken Inazumi	No	Yes		Mr. Inazumi accumulated his experience as executives including representative director and president at business corporations. Currently, he has been leading business execution as a director and senior executive managing officer of business corporation. The Company appointed him as an outside director, judging that he can give advice and guidance to its executive directors of the Company with his knowledge experience in the IT industry. The Company also appointed him as an independent director, judging that he does not fall under any reason defined in the listing management guidelines of Tokyo Stock Exchange, and has no potential conflict of interests with general shareholders.
Takashi Kamura	Yes	Yes		Mr. Kamura has legal knowledge and considerable experience as a lawyer. He had been an auditor of the Company from 2002 and has been a member of Audit Committee after the transition to the Company with Audit Committee in 2015. In addition, he acts as a chairperson of the Nominating Committee after the establishment in April 2017. The Company appointed him as an outside director who is a member of Audit Committee, judging that he can carry out duties properly with his considerable experience and knowledge as a lawyer, the Company's auditor, and director who is a member of Audit Committee, although he has never been directly involved in management in any other way than being an outside director and an outside auditor. The Company also appointed him as an independent director, judging that he does not fall under any reason defined in the listing management guidelines of Tokyo Stock Exchange, and has no potential conflict of interests with general shareholders.
Shigeki Higashiyama	Yes	Yes		Since Mr. Higashiyama joined Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. in 1982, he had been responsible for various department such as planning and personnel affairs. He has also considerable experience of overseas work and global business. The Company appointed him as an outside director who is a member of Audit Committee, judging that he can carry out duties properly with his experience and considerable knowledge in management. In addition,

			he acts as chairperson of the Compensation Committee after the establishment in November 2018. The Company also appointed him as an independent director, judging that he does not fall under any reason defined in the listing management guidelines of Tokyo Stock Exchange, and has no potential conflict of interests with general shareholders.
Osamu Hosokubo	Yes	Yes	Mr. Hosokubo assumed President & CEO, after serving as Executive Director at Japan Asia Investment Co., Ltd., which invests in and provides business support for domestic and overseas venture companies. After retirement, he founded and assumed CEO of Great Asia Capital & Consulting LLC, which conducts the same type of business. The Company appointed him as an outside director who is a member of Audit Committee, judging that he can carry out duties properly with his experience and abundant knowledge in investment and business support for domestic and overseas companies, as well as management as outside director at operating companies. The Company also appointed him as an independent director, judging that he does not fall under any reason defined in the listing management guidelines of Tokyo Stock Exchange, and has no potential conflict of interests with general shareholders.

[Audit Committee]

Committee Composition and Chairperson

	All Committee Members	Full-time Members	Internal Directors	Outside Directors	Chairperson
Audit Committee	3	1	0	3	Outside Director

Appointment of Directors and/or Employees	
Appointment of Directors and/or Employees	l No
to Support the Audit Committee	INO
I to Support the Addit Committee	

Reasons for Adopting the Current Structure

The Company does not appoint a specific employee for the Committee, because practical assistance in auditing is carried out by Internal Audit Department and other assistance is carried out by Corporate Administration Department.

Collaboration between the Audit Committee, Accounting Auditors, and Internal Audit

The Audit Committee members shall collaborate with the accounting auditor, Internal Audit Department and Corporate Administration Department through information exchanges. They also interview and exchange opinions with departments which have been audited, and attend the meeting for the representative director to have reporting from the accounting auditor.

[Voluntary Establishment of Nomination/Compensation Committee]

Voluntary Establishment of Committees	
Corresponding to Nomination Committee	Yes
or Compensation Committee	

Committee Composition and Chairperson

	All Committee Members	Full-time Members	Internal Directors	Outside Directors	Outside Experts	Other	Chairperson
Nominating Committee	5	0	1	4	0	0	Outside Director
Compensation Committee	5	0	1	4	0	0	Outside Director

Supplementary Explanation

The role of the Nominating Committee is to set the criteria for selection of a candidate for representative director, directors of the Board of Directors, and other important executive managers, and to make proposal on selection to the Board of Directors

The Committee examined to select a candidate for the succeeding representative director who would be able to lead corporate vision from global perspective, realize sound corporate governance, and improve corporate value. After thorough examination, the Committee proposed Mr. Nobutaka Ide as a candidate for the succeeding representative director to the Board of Directors. On October 2, 2017, the Board of Directors resolved that Mr. Ide would take office as President & CEO on April 1, 2018, as a result of deliberation.

In November 26, 2018, the Company established the Compensation Committee which shall advise and make proposal for formulation of compensation policy for representative director and directors of the Board of Directors, institutional design of compensation scheme, and others. The Committee is in examination mainly on designing of the institutional compensation scheme and implementation of performance-linked compensation utilizing treasury stocks.

[Independent Directors]

Number of Independent Directors	4
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Matters relating to Independent Directors

All outside directors who qualify for independent director have been designated to independent director.

[Incentives]

Incentive Policies for Directors	Performance-linked Compensation
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Supplementary Explanation

Compensation for members of the Board of Directors is composed of performance-linked and non-performance-linked portion, and proportion is determined by each position and distributed within 20 to 40% for performance linked and 60 to 80% for non-performance-linked.

Performance-linked compensation is applied to members of the Board of Directors excluding outside directors and directors who are members of Audit Committee, and composed of "short-term incentive" and "long-term incentive" as follows:

- "Short-term incentive" is designed to reflect attainment of financial target of the Company for a single financial year, and paid once a year.
- "Long-term incentive" is designed to reflect middle-to-long term financial target and stock price of the Company to share common interests with shareholders. Whether to execute this program shall be determined by comprehensive examination on factors including actual financial performance of the Company for the prior fiscal year.

Indicators for the performance-linked compensation shall be proposed by the Compensation Committee every year to the Board of Directors for resolution.

Recipients of Stock Options	-
Supplementary Explanation	
-	

[Compensation for Directors]

Disclosure of Individual Directors'	N/A
Compensation	N/A

Supplementary Explanation

The Company has reported total amount of compensation for directors who are not Audit Committee members, and for directors who are Audit Committee members, in the Securities Report "yuukashouken houkokusho" (pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act) and the Business Report "jigyou houkoku" (pursuant to the Companies Act) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019 (both are Japanese only) as follows:

Total amount of compensation for

- 7 directors who were not outside directors: 144,641 thousand yen (composed of fixed salary, 111,620 thousand yen, and bonus 33,021 thousand yen)
- 2 outside directors who were not Audit Committee members: 12,956 thousand yen (all fixed salary)
- 4 outside directors who were Audit Committee members: 23,392 thousand yen (all fixed salary)

The abolition of the retirement benefits system for directors and auditors (then) of the Board of Directors was resolved at the Board of Directors held on April 30, 2010. Following this resolution, the lump-up payment resulting from the abolishment was resolved at the 27th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 24, 2010.

Policy on Determining Compensation	Yes
Amounts and Calculation Methods	res

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Compensation Amounts and Calculation Methods

President & representative director of the Board of Directors and chairperson of the Compensation Committee shall decide individual amount of compensation for directors (excluding Audit Committee member) within the total amount of compensation approved at Shareholders' Meeting. This decision has to be made according to the calculation method which was proposed by the Compensation Committee (not statutorily required to establish, composed of three or more directors of which more than half are outside directors) and resolved at the Board of Directors. The Audit Committee shall

decide individual amount of compensation for Audit Committee members within the total amount of compensation approved at Shareholder's Meeting.

The authorized persons to decide the amount of compensation for directors of the Company, or the policy to decide calculation method of individual amount of compensation are as follows:

- The Shareholders' Meeting is authorized for total amount of compensation.
- The Board of Directors is authorized for calculation method of individual amount of compensation.
- President & representative director and chairperson of the Compensation Committee who are delegated by the Board of Directors are authorized for individual amount of compensation.

Compensation for members of the Board of Directors is composed of performance-linked and non-performance-linked portion, and proportion is determined by each position and distributed within 20 to 40% for performance linked and 60 to 80% for non-performance-linked, as follows:

- Performance-linked compensation is applied to members of the Board of Directors excluding outside directors and directors who are members of Audit Committee, and composed of "short-term incentive" and "long-term incentive."
 - "Short-term incentive" is designed to reflect attainment of financial target of the Company and individual performance for a single financial year, and paid once a year.
 - "Long-term incentive" is designed to reflect middle-to-long term financial target and stock price of the Company to share common interests with shareholders. Whether to execute this program shall be determined by comprehensive examination on factors including actual financial performance of the Company for the prior fiscal year.
 - Indicators for the performance-linked compensation shall be proposed by the Compensation Committee to the Board of Directors for resolution every year.
- Non-performance-linked compensation is fixed, paid monthly, and applied to all members of the Board of Directors.

Actions taken in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019:

- Multiple financial indices were set for the short-term incentive, centered on consolidated operating profit, as the Company recognizes its importance for management KPI to "focus on profitability." The amount of short-term compensation was determined to reflect attainment of each financial target, according to approved calculation method.
- The long-term incentive was not carried out.

[Administrative Support for Independent Directors]

The Company provides outside directors with administrative support such as lending PC and preparing IT network environment to access its network for smooth communication so that they can look into proposed bills for the Board of Directors and agendas for the Executive Committee with related materials in advance. In addition, the Company shall conduct explanations of the bills or agendas for them in advance as needed.

[Status of retired from Representative Director and President etc.]

Name of Advisors ("sodanyaku", "komon", etc.) who have retired from Representative Director and President, etc.

Name	Title/position tle/position	Activity Description	Working arrangement/conditions (full time/part time, paid/unpaid, etc)	Date of retirement from President etc.	Term
-	-	-	-	-	-

The number of Advisors ("sodany	aku","komon", etc.)	0
who have retired from Representa	ative Director and President, etc.	U

Others

The Company has institutionally no Advisors ("sodanyaku" nor "komon," etc.)

Mr. Masahiko Yamada, the former Representative Director, President & CEO, retired from representative director, president and CEO as of March 31, 2018. His term of office as a director of the Company expired at the conclusion of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 22, 2018, and he entirely left the Company.

2. Matters on Functions such as Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination, and Compensation Decisions (Overview of Current Corporate Governance System)

The Company adopts a Company with Audit Committee (from June 2015), and makes prompt and appropriate decisions covering whole range of corporate management at the Board of Directors held monthly in general.

The eight directors of the Company, including three Audit Committee members, are responsible for supervising the performance of management by examining the determination of management policy, the establishment of execution plan and the progress of implementation. In addition, the Company appoints representative director of the Company as group CEO and assigns responsible person to each business unit to accelerate speed of business execution and enhance its responsiveness to changes in business environment. The Company regularly holds the Executive Committee, and examines progress of the business plan of each business unit together with individual issues related to business execution from the practical perspective for necessary actions. Responsible person assigned to each affiliated company establishes and operates internal control system at each affiliated company, ensuring the appropriateness of doing businesses and its approval processes.

Each Audit Committee member attends important meetings such as the Board of Directors to monitor execution of duties by directors. In addition, the Audit Committee annually formulates program and policies for audit and discusses with group CEO. In order to realize high transparency and fairness in management of the Company, it enhances clarification of responsibilities in the management to shareholders by setting the term of director who is not an Audit Committee member as one year.

In April 2017, the Company established the Nominating Committee, of which an outside director takes office as a chairperson, to formulate selection criteria of candidate for representative director, directors of the Board of Directors and important executive managers, and make proposal to the Board of Directors. Concerning selections of candidate for appointment, the Company's policy stands on no discriminations such as gender and nationality, however the current Board of Directors consists of all males.

In November 26, 2018, the Company established the Compensation Committee, of which an outside director takes office as a chairperson, to advise and make proposal for formulation of compensation policy for representative director and directors of the Board of Directors, institutional design of

compensation scheme, and others. The Committee is in examination mainly on designing of the institutional compensation scheme and implementation of performance-linked compensation utilizing treasury stocks.

3. Reasons for Adoption of Current Corporate Governance System

In June 2015, the Company changed to a Company with Audit Committee from a Company with Corporate Auditors. The Audit Committee members participate in resolution as a director at the Board of Directors, holding authority for auditing as Corporate Auditors. The reason to change was to enhance supervisory function and accelerate speed of decision-making of the Board of Directors.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize Shareholders' Meetings and Promote the Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary Explanation
Early Notification of Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting	The Company dispatches the Notice of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting approximately three weeks in advance of the date of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for shareholders to find the date and venue of and matters to be reported and resolved at the Meeting earlier, and to have sufficient time to execution of the exercise voting rights. Regarding the 36 th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 21, 2019, Friday, the Company dispatched the Notice on May 30, 2019, Thursday. In addition, the Company disclosed the Notice and its abridged English version on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange on May 27, 2019, Monday, prior to the dispatch.
Scheduling the Meeting to Maximize Attendance	The Company strives to set the date of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting in consideration of shareholders' convenience for many shareholders to attend.
Allowing Electronic Exercise of Voting Rights	The Company allows electronic voting via the Internet for shareholders' convenience, in order to reflect their intent as many as possible, expecting improvement of voting ratio.
Participating in Electronic Voting Platform □	From the 26 th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for the fiscal year ended March 2009, the Company has been participating in an electronic voting platform operated by ICJ, Inc., by which nominal shareholders (including standing proxies) such as trust banks can exercise the voting rights.
Providing Convocation Notice in English	From the 34 th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for the fiscal year ended March 2017, the Company discloses abridged English version of the Notice on the website of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
Other	The Company has improved operating environment through venue changes. Since the 27the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting for the fiscal year ended March 2010, the venue had been changed to Otemachi Sankei Plaza Hall (Otemachi, Chiyodaku, Tokyo) from the former venue, Aioi Sompo Shinjuku Building (Yoyogi, Shibuya-ku, Tokyo). Since the 29th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting ,the venue has been changed to Bersalle Shinjuku Grand (Nishi Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo). At the 35th (for the fiscal year ended March 2018) and 36th (for the fiscal year ended March 2019) Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting, the Company held briefing session focused on business strategies after the conclusion of the Meeting.

2. IR Activities

	O alama antama Familan atiama	Presentation
	Supplementary Explanations	by President
Preparation and Publication of Disclosure Policy	The Company discloses Japanese and English texts in "IR information" and "Investor Relations" for its shareholders and investors in its website.	
Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors	In the fiscal year ended March 2019, the Company held seven times of briefings for Individual investors in total. Main events were seminars hosted by securities companies in several cities, Nagoya, Fukuoka, Hiroshima and Saitama. The Company also participated in IR events hosted by IR support companies, in cities of both Tokyo (twice) and Osaka. In addition, the Company conducted financial statements for its employees as individual investors. In the fiscal year ending March 2020, the Company held three times of briefings for Individual investors in total by September 30, 2019. Main events were seminars hosted by securities companies in several cities, Machida in Tokyo, Kyoto and Sapporo. In addition, the Company conducted financial statements for its employees as individual investors.	Yes
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	The Company regularly holds briefing sessions for the first half and the full-year financial results, for analysts and institutional investors. For the fiscal year ended March 2019, the Company held both briefing sessions on the day of the financial results announcement.	Yes
Regular Investor Briefings for Overseas Investors	The Company attends an IR event for overseas institutional investors hosted by a securities company in Tokyo. In the fiscal year ended March 2019, the Company participated in the "Daiwa Invest Conference Tokyo" in March, hosted by Daiwa Securities Group Inc. In the fiscal year ending March 2020, the Company participated in the "Nomura Investment Forum Asia 2019" held in Singapore in May, hosted by Nomura Securities Co., Ltd.	Yes
Posting of IR Materials on Website	In addition to posting timely disclosure materials (English and Japanese), financial results (English and Japanese), business reports (Japanese), annual reports (English), financial data (English and Japanese), and financial indicators (English and Japanese), the Company discloses video (Japanese) and summary of Q&A (English and Japanese) of briefing session for financial results on its web site (Japanese on the day of the briefing and English in a few days later). The Company has distributed IR newsletter (monthly edition and special edition in English and Japanese) since July 2013 (English version started from August 2013.)	
Establishment of Department and/or Manager in Charge of IR	Representative director and president, and CFO are the management in charge of investor relations. Department in charge of investor relations is established, and its head is assigned for official contact point for the Tokyo Stock Exchange.	

Other	As part of overseas IR activities, representative director and president, CFO, and employees in charge of investor relations visit overseas institutional investors mainly for one-on-one meetings. In the fiscal year ended March 2019, as a non-deal road show, we visited shareholders and institutional investors in the UK in May, in Singapore, Hong Kong and the U.K. in November. In addition, the Company received the 1st "Disclosure Newcomer Award" from Tokyo Stock Exchange in 2006, the 16 th "Disclosure Award" from Tokyo Stock Exchange in	
	2011, "Best IR Award for Small & Medium Cap. Companies" from Japan Investor Relations Association in	
	2012, and was selected as "IR Keizoku Kigyo" as one of the good companies that have continued IR activities by Japan Investor Relations Association in 2018.	

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

	Supplementary Explanations
Implementation of Environmental Activities, CSR Activities etc.	We have acquired ISO 14001 (Environmental Management System) certification.
Others	In response to disclosure requirements related ESG (Environment, Society, Governance), the Company launched "Social Initiatives" web pages on October 30, 2019, and posted its norms, policies and organizations related to sustainability. https://www.wacom.com/ja-jp/about-wacom/social-initiatives (Note) The above web pages are available in Japanese only as of October 30, 2019, and to be followed by English later.

IV. Internal Control System

1. Basic Views on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development
The system to ensure that the execution of duties by directors and employees
complies with the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation

The Company shall develop the system to ensure the appropriateness (hereinafter referred to as the "internal control"), based on the Companies Act and the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act, as follows:

- 1. The system to ensure that the execution of duties by directors and employees complies with the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation
- (Article 362, Paragraph 4, Item 6 of the Companies Act, Article 100, Paragraph 1, Item 4 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)
- (1) The Company shall set forth "vision / mission / our values" as a basic policy for our business activities, while abiding by the laws, regulations and social ethics as well as CSR as a premise of our business activities, and shall ensure such as a business foundation of our culture. Our entire Company's group activities, being led by the group CEO, who is the Representative Director, shall address on such establishment and promotion.
- (2) The Company shall establish the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee as the Company organization. The Board of Directors shall be operated, based on the Board of Directors regulations, and shall have responsibilities on construction and promotion of the internal control, formulation and implementation of management policies and business plans that conform to the laws and regulations of the Articles of Incorporation. The Audit Committee shall be operated, based on the Audit Committee regulations, and shall monitor the decision making and business operations of the directors.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall ensure that the directors and employees abide by the laws and regulations and other rules, establish Wacom Code of Ethics and Business Conduct, fulfill their duties under a sound social norm, and shall ensure especially that they do not have any relationships with anti-social forces and groups, which threaten social order and the sound activities of business, with a resolute attitude.
- (4) The Board of Directors shall elect the Representative Director as the persons with the highest responsibility for executing business, and the Representative Director shall serve concurrently as the group CEO who supervises the entire group company. The group CEO shall have responsibilities on planning management strategy and planning and implementing management plans for the group company, and on promoting and strengthening internal control, under the policies of the Board of Directors.
- (5) The Company shall place responsible person of each department for group management, clarifying the responsibilities for business operations and for aiming to improve efficiency. Each responsible person of each department shall support the group CEO and shall contribute on planning and implementing management strategies. Each responsible person of each department shall promote "vision / mission / our values," and shall have responsibilities on promoting and strengthening the internal control, along with responsibilities in business operations of the department in charge.
- (6) Corporate Administration shall maintain the overall internal control system abiding by Japanese Companies Act and Financial Instruments and Exchange Act to promote internal control of the group.
- (7) The Company shall establish the internal audit as a division under the group CEO, and the internal audit shall monitor whether the members of the Company and business operations are abiding by the laws, the Articles of Incorporation, rules and regulations. The internal audit shall also

grasp the challenges of internal control, recommend and instruct such challenges to each applicable department for improving business, and shall report to the group CEO.

- (8) Each representative of the affiliate, shall promote and strengthen the internal control of each affiliate.
- (9) The Company shall hold an executive committee, which is the advisory organization of the group CEO, regularly, and shall review the progress on business plans and the challenges on business operations, and shall cope with necessary responses. The executive committee shall formulate strategies for achieving the fiscal year target, along with maintaining and promoting the vision, mission, values and brands of the Company group.
- (10) The Company shall establish the Policy Process and Controls Committee with the group CEO being the chairperson, and shall develop regulations such as policies, develop business processes, and shall grasp and deliberate material challenges on information security, J-SOX and other material challenges on the internal control, and shall implement countermeasures, according to the results, or shall implement necessary notices or instructions to the directors and employees.
- (11) The Company shall establish Wacom Speak-up Line being operated by the external third party organization in each group company, as a contact location for reporting or notifying, in an event where directors and employees find issues and other matters related to compliance, aiming for maintaining the internal control and for improving the self-purging process. Notification may be conducted anonymously, and the Company shall ensure that such informer shall not have any disadvantages for such notification.
- (12) The Company shall establish the Human Resource Committee with the group CEO being the chairperson, and such Committee shall investigate employees conducting any violation of the laws, the Articles of Incorporation, rules and regulations. The Committee shall properly proceed with appropriate disciplinary actions based on the employment regulations and rewards aiming to prevent from a recurrence.
- (13) The group CEO shall promptly report to the Board of Directors and the Audit Committee, regarding laws and regulations violations by the directors, and shall follow the directive decision of the Board of Directors.
- 2. The system concerning the preservation and management of information executed by the directors:

(Article 100, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)

- (1) The Company shall set forth the regulations on document management, and shall preserve the documents set forth in the following items (including electromagnetic records. The same shall apply hereinafter) with the relevant documents.
- ① General Meeting of Shareholders Minutes
- ② Board of Directors Minutes
- ③ Executive Committee Minutes
- ④ Policy Process and Controls Committee Minutes
- ⑤ Compliance and Risk Committee Minutes
- 6 Human Resource Committee Minutes
- ① Internal Audit Report
- ® Other documents as set forth in laws and regulations, document management regulations
- (2) The storage period and storage division for the above-mentioned documents shall be subjected to each document type, as set forth in the document management regulations, unless otherwise specified in the laws and regulations.

- (3) The storage location and storage methods for the above-mentioned documents shall be set forth in the document management regulations, and directors may view these documents at all times.
- 3. Regulations or other systems concerning the management of risk of loss: (Article 100, Paragraph 1, Item 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)
- (1) The Company shall clarify the process and authority on business settlements with the Delegation of Authority (DOA) and other regulations, and shall strive to reduce risks by checks and balances.
- (2) The internal audit as set forth in the internal audit charter shall audit whether the business activities of the Company group are governed by the laws, the Articles of Incorporation, rules and regulations. The internal audit shall also grasp the challenges on internal control, recommend and instruct such challenges to each relevant department for improving business, and shall report to the group CEO.
- (3) The Policy Process and Controls Committee shall develop regulations such as policies, develop business processes, and shall grasp and deliberate material challenges on information security, J-SOX and other material challenges on internal control periodically, and shall plan and implement countermeasures, according to the results. The Committee shall also implement necessary notices or instructions to the directors and employees.
- (4) The Compliance and Risk Committee shall conduct global risk analysis, formulation of plans on disaster response, develop an emergency network and respond to other risk management issues.
- 4. The system for ensuring that the execution of duties by directors shall be effective: (Article 100, Paragraph 1, Item 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)
- (1) The Company group shall transfer the business operation authorities of directors to the responsible person of each department. Directors shall concentrate on management functions, including streamlining of management and strengthening supervisory functions, to ensure such transfer shall progress business structural reform promptly and efficiently.
- (2) The Board of Directors meeting shall be held once a month in principle, and shall review the planning and progress on management policy decisions and their implementation plans. The Board shall also decide mid-term management plans, shall approve business plans and budgets per business department on a quarterly basis, and shall manage performances and progresses per month and quarter.
- (3) The Company shall hold an executive committee, which is the advisory organization of the group CEO, once a month in principle, and shall review the progress on business plans and the challenges on the business operations, and shall cope with necessary responses. The executive committee shall formulate strategies and take the lead for realizing the Company group's mid-and-long term growth and for achieving the fiscal year's target, along with maintaining and promoting the vision, mission, values and brands of the Company group.
- 5. The system for ensuring proper business actions/transactions in any entity comprised of the registered stock company that includes the parent company and subsidiaries (Article 100, Paragraph 1, Item 5 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act. Article

24-4-4 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act)

- (1) The group CEO, responsible person of each department and responsible person of each affiliate shall promote the "Vision / Mission / Our Values" to the entire Company, and shall ensure that the entire Company is abiding by the laws, regulations and Wacom Code of Ethics and Business Conduct as well as CSR as a premise of our business activities.
- (2) The group CEO and responsible person of each department shall have the responsibilities for establishing and operating internal controls, which secures the appropriateness of each department's business operations.

- (3) The representative of each affiliate shall aim to establish and operate internal controls, and shall secure the appropriateness of business and business settlements.
- (4) The group CEO shall construct the internal control system for securing the appropriateness of the Company group's financial report, and shall assess such development and operation.
- (5) The Audit Committee members shall audit the affiliates on a timely basis, based on the laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and shall support and advise on recommendations, instructions and implementation for improvement measures on internal control, according to the results.
- (6) The internal audit shall audit the affiliates on a timely basis, following the directions of the group CEO, and shall support and advise on instructions and implementation for improvement measures on internal control, according to the results.
- 6. Matters relating to the directors and the employees to assist with the duties of the Board of Directors:
- (Article 110-4, Paragraph 1, Item 1 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)
 The internal audit will be implemented when requested by the Audit Committee members, , and shall report the results to the Audit Committee.
- 7. Matters for being independent from the directors (excluding audit committee members) for the employees in the preceding item
- (Article 110-4, Paragraph 1, Item 2 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act) An employee who receives an order necessary for conducting an audit from the audit committee members shall make such order a priority, compared to orders from directors or the internal audit responsible person. The group CEO and responsible person of each department shall coordinate and support businesses necessary for the smooth implementation of the audit business.
- 8. The scheme regarding the system for the directors and employees to report to the audit committee and other pertinent for the audit committee (Article 110-4, Paragraph 1, Item 4 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act)
- Directors and employees shall promptly report to the Board of Directors, regarding matters that may have material impact on the Company group, such as matters challenging internal control which have been reviewed at the internal audit or Policy Process and Controls Committee, in addition to legal matters.
- 9. Matters on policies related to the claim for advance of fees or reimbursement processes or debt processing that arise from the execution of duties by the audit committee members (Article 110-4, Paragraph 1, Item 6 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act) The Company shall respond promptly, if the audit committee members make a claim for advances on costs or reimburse for performing their duties.
- 10. The system to ensure that other audits of the Board of Directors will be effective (Article 110-4, Paragraph 1, Item 7 of the Companies Act)
- The Audit Committee shall formulate a fiscal strategy for the audit plan and audit policy, and shall consult with the group CEO. The Committee shall also coordinate with the internal audit personnel on key audit details, and shall aim to improve audit efficiency. The Audit Committee shall hold a meeting periodically to exchange ideas with the group CEO and audit corporations, respectively.

This is a translation for the reference purpose. The Japanese original takes priority.

2. Basic Policies against Anti-Social Forces

1.Responsible Departments and Persons

The Compliance Risk Committee is held regularly and efforts to grasp the current situation and problems and to solve it are being implemented.

2. Cooperation and Coordination with External Experts

We have contracts with a consulting company specializing in risk management and we hold regular meetings with police and others.

3. Collection and Management of Information on Anti-Social Forces

We are exchanging information with the organizations listed in the preceding paragraph, shareholder register manager (trust bank), etc. In addition, information is gathered from time to time as a result of participation in related seminars.

Among the collected information, important items are shared by the Compliance Risk Committee and others.

4. Status of preparation of correspondence manual

We set up a compliance guide inside our company and prohibit acts that have antisocial forces and relationships with organizations.

5. Training against Anti-Social Forces

When joining a company including mid-career entry, we always implement compliance education through risk management of corporate administration. In addition, all employees are alerted to compliance problems inherent in the company.

V. Other

1. Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures	N/A
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Supplementary Explanation

At the Board of Directors held on May 10, 2019, The Company resolved to discontinue and abolish the "Measures to Prevent Largescale Purchases of the Company's shares (Takeover Defense Measures)" ('the Plan") at the conclusion of the 36th Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting held on June 21, 2019.

If a large-scale purchase of the Company's shares is made subsequent to the discontinuance and abolition of the Plan, then the Company shall endeavor – to the extent permitted by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the Companies Act, and other relevant laws and regulations – to actively collect all information deemed necessary and sufficient to make an appropriate decision regarding said large-scale purchase; to disclose the opinion of the Company board of directors; and to take all appropriate measures deemed necessary to secure sufficient information and time for shareholders to consider any such purchase. The Company is committed to securing and enhancing its corporate value and the common interests of shareholders.

2. Other Corporate Governance Issues

The Company's internal structure related to timely disclosure of corporate information is as follows.

(Basic Policy on Timely and Appropriate Disclosure)

The Company shall comply with the Timely Disclosure Rule of the Tokyo Stock Exchange ("TSE Timely Disclosure Rules"), the Japanese Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, the relevant rules and regulations, and endeavor to collect information to be disclosed and make judgements for timely and fair disclosure.

(Collection of Information)

The information managers of timely disclosure (responsible person of each department) shall promptly report to CFO on the material information stipulated by the bylaws of the above rules, in order to comprehensively collect timely disclosure information.

(Judgement and Reporting of Information)

CFO shall verify and judge whether the material information reported by the information managers is applicable to the above rules, and If applicable, shall prepare timely disclosure materials as accurate, clear, and sufficiently informative for investment decision.

CFO shall ask the Board of Directors for deliberation and approval, together with the prepared disclosure materials, if the above-mentioned material information is applicable to corporate decisions or financial results information stipulated by the TSE Timely Disclosure Rules. CFO shall also promptly report such information to group CEO, if the above material information is occurrence of material fact stipulated by TSE Timely Disclosure Rules.

(Timing of Disclosure)

The Company shall promptly disclose corporate decisions or financial results information upon deliberation and approval by the Board of Directors, and promptly disclose occurrence of material fact after reporting to group CEO.

(Department In charge of Timely Disclosure)

Investor Relations shall disclose timely disclosure information in accordance with instructions by CFO.

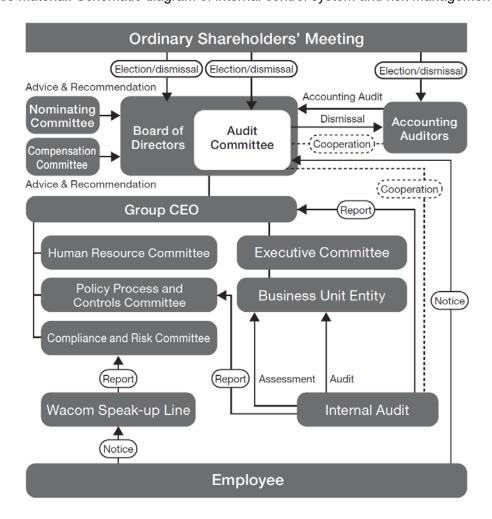
(Education and Training, etc.)

CFO shall conduct educational measures on TSE Timely Disclosure Rules and the relevant rules and regulations to the information managers of timely disclosure for dissemination.

(Audit)

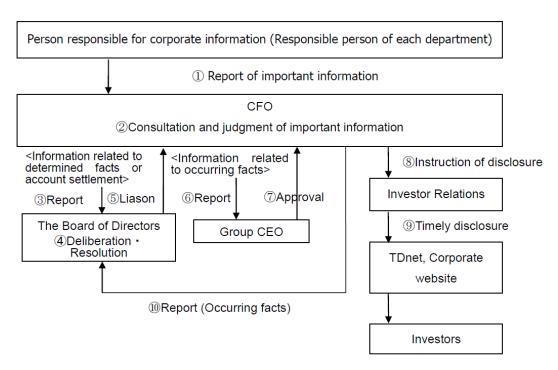
Internal Audit shall appropriately audit whether timely disclosure system functions properly.

[Reference material: Schematic diagram of internal control system and risk management system]



(Note) It is described as of the date of submission.

[Reference material: timely disclosure system and business flow chart]



- · Education and training to persons responsible for corporate information by CFO
- · Audit of internal system of timely disclosure by Internal Audit